#### Senator Curtis S. Bramble proposes the following substitute bill:

<b>AMENDMENTS</b> 2021 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH
STATE OF UTAH
<b>Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble</b>
House Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill allows a physician assistant to specialize in mental health care and defines the
requirements and scope of practice for this specialization.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>amends the Mental Health Professional Practice Act to allow a physician assistant</li> </ul>
who specializes in mental health to engage in the practice of mental health therapy;
<ul> <li>describes the qualifications for a physician assistant to specialize in mental health</li> </ul>
care;
<ul> <li>defines the additional scope of practice for a physician assistant specializing in</li> </ul>
mental health care; and
<ul> <li>makes technical and corresponding changes.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a coordination clause.



26	Utah Code Sections Affected:
27	AMENDS:
28	58-60-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 16 and 123
29	58-60-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
30	58-60-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 16
31	58-70a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 309
32	58-70a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 37
33	ENACTS:
34	58-70a-501.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	58-70a-501.2, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
37	58-70a-307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	58-70a-501.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section <b>58-60-102</b> is amended to read:
42	58-60-102. Definitions.
42 43	<b>58-60-102.</b> Definitions. In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
43	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
43 44	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or
43 44 45	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's
43 44 45 46	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity.
43 44 45 46 47	<ul> <li>In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:</li> <li>(1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or</li> <li>interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's</li> <li>professional capacity.</li> <li>(2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual</li> </ul>
43 44 45 46 47 48	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of
43 44 45 46 47 48 49	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of the client or patient, which is:
<ol> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>50</li> </ol>	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of the client or patient, which is: (a) (i) transmitted between the client or patient and an individual licensed under this
<ul> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>50</li> <li>51</li> </ul>	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of the client or patient, which is: (a) (i) transmitted between the client or patient and an individual licensed under this chapter in the course of that relationship; or
<ul> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>50</li> <li>51</li> <li>52</li> </ul>	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of the client or patient, which is: (a) (i) transmitted between the client or patient and an individual licensed under this chapter in the course of that relationship; or (ii) transmitted among the client or patient, an individual licensed under this chapter, and individuals who are participating in the diagnosis or treatment under the direction of an individual licensed under this chapter, including members of the client's or patient's family; and
<ul> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>50</li> <li>51</li> <li>52</li> <li>53</li> </ul>	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of the client or patient, which is: (a) (i) transmitted between the client or patient and an individual licensed under this chapter in the course of that relationship; or (ii) transmitted among the client or patient, an individual licensed under this chapter, and individuals who are participating in the diagnosis or treatment under the direction of an
<ul> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>50</li> <li>51</li> <li>52</li> <li>53</li> <li>54</li> </ul>	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter: (1) "Client" or "patient" means an individual who consults or is examined or interviewed by an individual licensed under this chapter who is acting in the individual's professional capacity. (2) "Confidential communication" means information obtained by an individual licensed under this chapter, including information obtained by the individual's examination of the client or patient, which is: (a) (i) transmitted between the client or patient and an individual licensed under this chapter in the course of that relationship; or (ii) transmitted among the client or patient, an individual licensed under this chapter, and individuals who are participating in the diagnosis or treatment under the direction of an individual licensed under this chapter, including members of the client's or patient's family; and

57	persons other than those individuals:
58	(i) present to further the interest of the client or patient in the consultation,
59	examination, or interview;
60	(ii) reasonably necessary for the transmission of the communications; or
61	(iii) participating in the diagnosis and treatment of the client or patient under the
62	direction of the mental health therapist.
63	(3) "Hypnosis" means, when referring to individuals exempted from licensure under
64	this chapter, a process by which an individual induces or assists another individual into a
65	hypnotic state without the use of drugs or other substances and for the purpose of increasing
66	motivation or to assist the individual to alter lifestyles or habits.
67	(4) "Individual" means a natural person.
68	(5) "Mental health therapist" means an individual who is practicing within the scope of
69	practice defined in the individual's respective licensing act and is licensed under this title as:
70	(a) a physician and surgeon, or osteopathic physician engaged in the practice of mental
71	health therapy;
72	(b) an advanced practice registered nurse, specializing in psychiatric mental health
73	nursing;
74	(c) an advanced practice registered nurse intern, specializing in psychiatric mental
75	health nursing;
76	(d) a psychologist qualified to engage in the practice of mental health therapy;
77	(e) a certified psychology resident qualifying to engage in the practice of mental health
78	therapy;
79	(f) a physician assistant specializing in mental health care under Section 58-70a-501.1;
80	[(f)] (g) a clinical social worker;
81	[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) a certified social worker;
82	[(h)] (i) a marriage and family therapist;
83	[(i)] (j) an associate marriage and family therapist;
84	[(j)] (k) a clinical mental health counselor; or
85	[(k)] (l) an associate clinical mental health counselor.
86	(6) "Mental illness" means a mental or emotional condition defined in an approved
87	diagnostic and statistical manual for mental disorders generally recognized in the professions of

88	mental health therapy listed under Subsection (5).
89	(7) "Practice of mental health therapy" means treatment or prevention of mental illness,
90	whether in person or remotely, including:
91	(a) conducting a professional evaluation of an individual's condition of mental health,
92	mental illness, or emotional disorder consistent with standards generally recognized in the
93	professions of mental health therapy listed under Subsection (5);
94	(b) establishing a diagnosis in accordance with established written standards generally
95	recognized in the professions of mental health therapy listed under Subsection (5);
96	(c) prescribing a plan for the prevention or treatment of a condition of mental illness or
97	emotional disorder; and
98	(d) engaging in the conduct of professional intervention, including psychotherapy by
99	the application of established methods and procedures generally recognized in the professions
100	of mental health therapy listed under Subsection (5).
101	(8) "Remotely" means communicating via Internet, telephone, or other electronic
102	means that facilitate real-time audio or visual interaction between individuals when they are not
103	physically present in the same room at the same time.
104	(9) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-60-109.
105	(10) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-60-110, and
106	may be further defined by division rule.
107	Section 2. Section <b>58-60-103</b> is amended to read:
108	58-60-103. Licensure required.
109	(1) (a) An individual shall be licensed under:
110	(i) this chapter;
111	(ii) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
112	(iii) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
113	(iv) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
114	(v) Chapter 61, Psychologist Licensing Act;
115	(vi) Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act; or
116	(vii) exempted from licensure under this chapter [in order to:].
117	(b) Only an individual described in Subsection (1)(a) may:
118	[(a)] (i) engage in, or represent that the individual will engage in, the practice of mental

119	health therapy, clinical social work, certified social work, marriage and family therapy, or
120	clinical mental health counseling; or
121	[(b)] (ii) practice as, or represent that the individual is, a mental health therapist,
122	clinical social worker, certified social worker, marriage and family therapist, clinical mental
123	health counselor, psychiatrist, psychologist, registered psychiatric mental health nurse
124	specialist, certified psychology resident, associate marriage and family therapist, or associate
125	clinical mental health counselor.
126	(2) An individual shall be licensed under this chapter or exempted from licensure under
127	this chapter in order to:
128	(a) engage in, or represent that the individual is engaged in, practice as a social service
129	worker; or
130	(b) represent that the individual is, or use the title of, a social service worker.
131	(3) An individual shall be licensed under this chapter or exempted from licensure under
132	this chapter in order to:
133	(a) engage in, or represent that the individual is engaged in, practice as a substance use
134	disorder counselor; or
135	(b) represent that the individual is, or use the title of, a substance use disorder
136	counselor.
137	(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection 58-1-307(1)(c), an individual shall be
138	certified under this chapter, or otherwise exempted from licensure under this chapter, in order
139	to engage in an internship or residency program of supervised clinical training necessary to
140	meet the requirements for licensure as:
141	(a) a marriage and family therapist under Part 3, Marriage and Family Therapist
142	Licensing Act; or
143	(b) a clinical mental health counselor under Part 4, Clinical Mental Health Counselor
144	Licensing Act.
145	Section 3. Section <b>58-60-107</b> is amended to read:
146	58-60-107. Exemptions from licensure.
147	(1) Except as modified in Section 58-60-103, the exemptions from licensure in Section
148	58-1-307 apply to this chapter.
149	(2) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following

150	may engage in acts included within the definition of practice as a mental health therapist,
151	subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this chapter:
152	(a) the following when practicing within the scope of the license held:
153	(i) a physician and surgeon or osteopathic physician and surgeon licensed under
154	Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
155	(ii) an advanced practice registered nurse, specializing in psychiatric mental health
156	nursing, licensed under Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act; [and]
157	(iii) a psychologist licensed under Chapter 61, Psychologist Licensing Act; and
158	(iv) a physician assistant licensed under Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act,
159	and specializing in mental health care under Section 58-70a-501.1;
160	(b) a recognized member of the clergy while functioning in a ministerial capacity as
161	long as the member of the clergy does not represent that the member of the clergy is, or use the
162	title of, a license classification in Subsection 58-60-102(5);
163	(c) an individual who is offering expert testimony in a proceeding before a court,
164	administrative hearing, deposition upon the order of a court or other body having power to
165	order the deposition, or a proceeding before a master, referee, or alternative dispute resolution
166	provider;
167	(d) an individual engaged in performing hypnosis who is not licensed under this title in
168	a profession which includes hypnosis in its scope of practice, and who:
169	(i) (A) induces a hypnotic state in a client for the purpose of increasing motivation or
170	altering lifestyles or habits, such as eating or smoking, through hypnosis;
171	(B) consults with a client to determine current motivation and behavior patterns;
172	(C) prepares the client to enter hypnotic states by explaining how hypnosis works and
173	what the client will experience;
174	(D) tests clients to determine degrees of suggestibility;
175	(E) applies hypnotic techniques based on interpretation of consultation results and
176	analysis of client's motivation and behavior patterns; and
177	(F) trains clients in self-hypnosis conditioning;
178	(ii) may not:
179	(A) engage in the practice of mental health therapy;
180	(B) use the title of a license classification in Subsection 58-60-102(5); or

(C) use hypnosis with or treat a medical, psychological, or dental condition defined in
generally recognized diagnostic and statistical manuals of medical, psychological, or dental
disorders;

(e) an individual's exemption from licensure under Subsection 58-1-307(1)(b)
terminates when the student's training is no longer supervised by qualified faculty or staff and
the activities are no longer a defined part of the degree program;

(f) an individual holding an earned doctoral degree or master's degree in social work, marriage and family therapy, or clinical mental health counseling, who is employed by an accredited institution of higher education and who conducts research and teaches in that individual's professional field, but only if the individual does not engage in providing or supervising professional services regulated under this chapter to individuals or groups regardless of whether there is compensation for the services;

(g) an individual in an on-the-job training program approved by the division whileunder the supervision of qualified persons;

(h) an individual providing general education in the subjects of alcohol, drug use, orsubstance use disorders, including prevention;

(i) an individual providing advice or counsel to another individual in a setting of their
association as friends or relatives and in a nonprofessional and noncommercial relationship, if
there is no compensation paid for the advice or counsel; and

(j) an individual who is licensed, in good standing, to practice mental health therapy or
 substance use disorder counseling in a state or territory of the United States outside of Utah
 may provide short term transitional mental health therapy remotely or short term transitional
 substance use disorder counseling remotely to a client in Utah only if:

(i) the individual is present in the state or territory where the individual is licensed topractice mental health therapy or substance use disorder counseling;

206 (ii) the client relocates to Utah;

207 (iii) the client is a client of the individual immediately before the client relocates to208 Utah;

(iv) the individual provides the short term transitional mental health therapy or short
term transitional substance use disorder counseling remotely to the client only during the 45
day period beginning on the day on which the client relocates to Utah;

212	(v) within 10 days after the day on which the client relocates to Utah, the individual
213	provides written notice to the division of the individual's intent to provide short term
214	transitional mental health therapy or short term transitional substance use disorder counseling
215	remotely to the client; and
216	(vi) the individual does not engage in unlawful conduct or unprofessional conduct.
217	Section 4. Section <b>58-70a-102</b> is amended to read:
218	58-70a-102. Definitions.
219	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
220	(1) "Board" means the Physician Assistant Licensing Board created in Section
221	58-70a-201.
222	(2) (a) "Delegation of services agreement" means written criteria jointly developed by a
223	physician assistant's supervising physician and substitute supervising physicians and the
224	physician assistant, that permits a physician assistant, working under the direction or review of
225	the supervising physician, to assist in the management of common illnesses and injuries.
226	(b) The agreement defines the working relationship and delegation of duties between
227	the supervising physician and the physician assistant as specified by division rule and shall
228	include:
229	(i) the prescribing of controlled substances;
230	(ii) the degree and means of supervision;
231	(iii) the frequency and mechanism of quality review, including the mechanism for
232	review of patient data and documentation of the review, as determined by the supervising
233	physician and the physician assistant;
234	(iv) procedures addressing situations outside the scope of practice of the physician
235	assistant; and
236	(v) procedures for providing backup for the physician assistant in emergency situations.
237	(3) "Direct supervision" means the supervising physician is:
238	(a) physically present at the point of patient treatment on site where the physician
239	assistant he is supervising is practicing; and
240	(b) immediately available for consultation with the physician assistant.
241	(4) "Mental health therapist" means the same as that term is defined in Section
242	<u>58-60-102.</u>

243	[(4)] (5) "Practice as a physician assistant" means:
244	(a) the professional activities and conduct of a physician assistant, also known as a PA,
245	in diagnosing, treating, advising, or prescribing for any human disease, ailment, injury,
246	infirmity, deformity, pain, or other condition, dependent upon and under the supervision of a
247	supervising physician or substitute supervising physician in accordance with a delegation of
248	services agreement; and
249	(b) the physician assistant acts as the agent of the supervising physician or substitute
250	supervising physician when acting in accordance with a delegation of services agreement.
251	(6) "Practice of mental health therapy" means the same as that term is defined in
252	Section <u>58-60-102</u> .
253	[(5)] (7) "Substitute supervising physician" means an individual who meets the
254	requirements of a supervising physician under this chapter and acts as the supervising physician
255	in the absence of the supervising physician.
256	[(6)] (8) "Supervising physician" means an individual who:
257	(a) is currently licensed to practice under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice
258	Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
259	(b) acts as the primary supervisor of a physician assistant and takes responsibility for
260	the professional practice and conduct of a physician assistant in accordance with this chapter;
261	and
262	(c) is not an employee of the physician assistant whom the individual supervises.
263	[(7)] (9) "Supervision" means the supervising physician is available for consultation
264	with the physician assistant, either personally or by other means permitting direct verbal
265	communication between the physician and the physician assistant.
266	[(8)] (10) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is $[as]$ defined in Sections
267	58-1-501 and 58-70a-502.
268	[(9)] (11) "Unprofessional conduct" [is] means "unprofessional conduct":
269	(a) as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-70a-503; and [as may be further defined by
270	rule.]
271	(b) as further defined by the division by rule.
272	Section 5. Section 58-70a-201 is amended to read:
273	58-70a-201. Board.

274	(1) There is created the Physician Assistant Licensing Board, which consists of seven
275	members:
276	(a) three licensed physicians[ <del>, at least two of whom are individuals who are supervising</del>
277	or who have supervised a physician assistant], including at least one board certified
278	psychiatrist, who currently work or have previously worked collaboratively with a physician
279	assistant;
280	(b) three physician assistants, one of whom is involved in the administration of an
281	approved physician assistant education program within the state; and
282	(c) one person from the general public.
283	(2) The board shall be appointed and serve in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
284	(3) The duties and responsibilities of the board are in accordance with Sections
285	58-1-202 and 58-1-203. In addition, the board shall designate one of its members on a
286	permanent or rotating basis to:
287	(a) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or
288	unprofessional conduct of a licensee; and
289	(b) advise the division in its investigation of these complaints.
290	(4) A board member who has, under Subsection (3), reviewed a complaint or advised
291	in its investigation may be disqualified from participating with the board when the board serves
292	as a presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint. The board
293	member may be disqualified:
294	(a) on the member's own motion, due to actual or perceived bias or lack of objectivity;
295	or
296	(b) upon challenge for cause raised on the record by any party to the adjudicative
297	proceeding.
298	Section 6. Section <b>58-70a-501.1</b> is enacted to read:
299	58-70a-501.1. Qualifications for a physician assistant specializing in mental health
300	care Rulemaking.
301	(1) A physician assistant specializing in mental health care under this section shall:
302	(a) hold a valid license as a physician assistant under this chapter;
303	(b) obtain and maintain a Certification of Added Qualification in psychiatry issued by
304	the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants:

305	(c) complete:
306	(i) an accredited doctorate level academic program for physician assistants approved by
307	the division in collaboration with the board;
308	(ii) a post-graduate certificate program for physician assistants to practice within
309	psychiatric and mental health care that is approved by the division in collaboration with the
310	board; or
311	(iii) a post-graduate residency in psychiatry and additional clinical practice or
312	coursework in accordance with requirements approved by the division in collaboration with the
313	board; and
314	(d) complete the clinical practice requirement described in Subsection (4).
315	(2) The division, in collaboration with the board, may approve a program under
316	Subsections (1)(c)(i) and (ii), if the program:
317	(a) is an accredited doctoral level or post-graduate academic program;
318	(b) includes at least 1,600 hours of accredited instructional hours that results in:
319	(i) a doctorate degree or equivalent; or
320	(ii) a graduate level certification in psychiatric mental health; and
321	(c) provides graduate level instruction in:
322	(i) at least 2 credit hours or equivalent of neuroscience;
323	(ii) health care law and ethics;
324	(iii) health care delivery;
325	(iv) evidence-based mental health medicine;
326	(v) evidence-based mental health research;
327	(vi) at least 3 credit hours or equivalent of psychotherapy;
328	(vii) psychiatric assessment;
329	(viii) crisis intervention;
330	(ix) group and family therapy;
331	(x) suicide risk assessment;
332	(xi) violence risk assessment;
333	(xii) at least 3 credit hours or equivalent of psychopharmacology;
334	(xiii) a comprehensive review of mental disorders as characterized by the current
335	Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, including diagnostic criteria and

336	prevalence; and
337	(xiv) medical and therapeutic management of each condition across the lifespan in
338	diverse populations and in a variety of clinical settings.
339	(3) The division, in collaboration with the board, may:
340	(a) approve and accept the completion of a post-graduate residency in psychiatry under
341	Subsection (1)(c)(iii) if the residency includes clinical and academic training that is
342	substantially equivalent to the training described in Subsections (2)(b) and (c); and
343	(b) require the completion of additional coursework or clinical hours for an individual
344	who meets the training requirement under Subsection (1)(c) through a post-graduate residency
345	in psychiatry.
346	(4) (a) A physician assistant specializing in mental health care under this section shall
347	complete 10,000 hours of clinical practice in mental health.
348	(b) The clinical practice hours described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be completed after
349	the individual passes the Physician Assistant National Certifying Exam administered by the
350	National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.
351	(c) Up to 1,000 hours of clinical practice under Subsection (4)(a) may be completed as
352	part of an approved education program in mental health if the clinical practice hours meet the
353	requirements described in Subsection (4)(d).
354	(d) (i) At least the first 4,000 hours of the clinical practice hours described in
355	Subsection (4)(a) shall be completed under the supervision of a psychiatrist.
356	(ii) At least 2,000 hours of the clinical practice hours described in Subsection (4)(a)
357	shall be completed in psychotherapy under the supervision of a mental health therapist or a
358	psychiatrist who has been trained in and has at least two years of practice experience in
359	psychotherapy.
360	(iii) The remaining clinical practice hours required under Subsection (4)(a) and not
361	received under Subsections (4)(d)(i) and (ii) shall be completed in collaboration with a
362	psychiatrist.
363	(5) The division, in collaboration with the board, shall establish continuing education
364	requirements for a physician assistant specializing in mental health care under this section.
365	Section 7. Section <b>58-70a-501.2</b> is enacted to read:
366	58-70a-501.2. Scope of practice for a physician assistant specializing in mental

367	health care.
368	(1) (a) A physician assistant specializing in mental health care under Section
369	58-70a-501.1 may engage in the practice of mental health therapy consistent with the physician
370	assistant's education, experience, and competence.
371	(b) Section 58-70a-501 applies to a physician assistant specializing in mental health
372	care in addition to this Section 58-70a-501.2.
373	(2) A physician assistant specializing in mental health care is responsible for meeting
374	the local standards of care in the provision of services, including mental health therapy and
375	psychopharmacology.
376	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a physician assistant specializing in
377	mental health care may administer a behavioral health screening instrument.
378	(b) A physician assistant specializing in mental health care may not perform a
379	psychological or neuropsychological assessment or evaluation, including:
380	(i) an intellectual assessment;
381	(ii) a forensic assessment or evaluation; and
382	(iii) administration of a psychological or neuropsychological test or instrument that
383	requires qualification level B or qualification level C under the Standards for Educational and
384	Psychological Testing approved as policy by the American Psychological Association.
385	(4) (a) A physician assistant may not administer neurostimulation or neuromodulation.
386	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to neurostimulation or neuromodulation
387	administered by a physician assistant:
388	(i) in a health care facility; and
389	(ii) under supervision of a physician whose usual scope of practice includes
390	neurostimulation or neuromodulation.
391	(5) As a condition of probation or reinstatement of a license, the division may require
392	that, for a specified duration, a physician assistant specializing in mental health care
393	collaborate with or practice under the supervision of a physician who is board certified in
394	psychiatry.
395	(6) A physician assistant who is in the process of completing the clinical training
396	requirement in Subsection 58-70a-501.1(1)(d), may engage in the practice of mental health
397	therapy if the physician assistant:

398	(a) meets the requirements described in Subsections <u>58-70a-501.1(1)(a)</u> through (c);
399	(b) engages in the practice of mental health therapy under the supervision of:
400	(i) a mental health therapist who has been trained in and has at least two years of
401	practice experience in psychotherapy; or
402	(ii) a physician who is board certified in psychiatry; and
403	(c) engages in the practice of mental health therapy in accordance with rules made by
404	the division regarding the supervision described in Subsection (6)(b).
405	Section 8. Coordinating S.B. 28 with S.B. 27 Omitting substantive changes
406	Substantive amendments.
407	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that this S.B. 28 shall only take effect if S.B. 27,
408	Physician Assistant Act Amendments, passes and becomes law.
409	(2) If this S.B. 28 and S.B. 27, Physician Assistant Act Amendments, both pass and
410	become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that:
411	(a) Subsection 58-70a-307(2)(c) shall be amended to read:
412	"(c) except as provided in Section 58-70a-501.1(4)(d) for a physician assistant
413	specializing in mental health care, engage in collaboration with a physician for the first 4,000
414	hours of the physician assistant's post-graduate clinical practice experience.";
415	(b) Subsection 58-70a-307(3)(a) shall be amended to read:
416	"(3) (a) Except as provided in Section 58-70a-501.1(4)(d) for a physician assistant
417	specializing in mental health care, a physician assistant who has more than 4,000 hours of
418	practice experience and less than 10,000 hours of practice experience shall enter into a written
419	collaborative agreement with:
420	(i) a physician; or
421	(ii) a licensed physician assistant with more than 10,000 hours of practice experience in
422	the same specialty as the physician assistant."; and
423	(c) Subsection <u>58-70a-501.1(4)(d)(iii)</u> shall be amended to read:
424	"(iii) The remaining clinical practice hours required under Subsection (4)(a) and not
425	received under Subsections (4)(d)(i) and (ii) shall be completed in collaboration as defined in
426	Section 58-70a-307 with a psychiatrist.";
427	(d) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepare the Utah Code
428	database for publication in accordance with Subsections (1) and (2) of this coordination clause.