TAX REVISIONS
2011 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee recommended this bill.
The Utah Tax Review Commission recommended this bill.
Membership: 6 legislators 9 non-legislators
Legislative Vote: 3 voting for 0 voting against 3 absent
General Description:
This bill amends the Property Tax Act, the Individual Income Tax Act, and related
provisions to address procedures related to the property tax residential exemption, the
determination of domicile for individual income tax purposes, and the taxation of a
pass-through entity.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>requires a property owner to provide certain notice to the county board of</li> </ul>
equalization and make a declaration on the property owner's individual income tax
return if the property owner is no longer eligible to receive a property tax residential
exemption for the property owner's primary residence;
<ul> <li>allows the State Tax Commission to provide information to a county on a property</li> </ul>
owner's declaration on an individual income tax return that the property owner is no
longer eligible to receive a property tax residential exemption for the property
owner's primary residence;

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8	<ul> <li>addresses the determination of domicile for purposes of Title 59, Chapter 10,</li> </ul>
9	Individual Income Tax Act;
)	<ul> <li>modifies the definition of "pass-through entity"; and</li> </ul>
1	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
2	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
3	None
4	Other Special Clauses:
5	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
6	Utah Code Sections Affected:
7	AMENDS:
8	59-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 6 and 67
9	59-2-103.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
)	59-10-103.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 84
1	59-10-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 312
2	ENACTS:
3	<b>59-10-136</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
4 5	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
6	Section 1. Section <b>59-1-403</b> is amended to read:
7	59-1-403. Confidentiality Exceptions Penalty Application to property tax.
3	(1) (a) Any of the following may not divulge or make known in any manner any
9	information gained by that person from any return filed with the commission:
)	
	(i) a tax commissioner;
1	
1 2	(i) a tax commissioner;
	<ul><li>(i) a tax commissioner;</li><li>(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or</li></ul>
2	<ul> <li>(i) a tax commissioner;</li> <li>(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or</li> <li>(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or</li> </ul>
2 3	<ul> <li>(i) a tax commissioner;</li> <li>(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or</li> <li>(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or town.</li> </ul>
2 3 4	<ul> <li>(i) a tax commissioner;</li> <li>(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or</li> <li>(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or</li> <li>town.</li> <li>(b) An official charged with the custody of a return filed with the commission is not</li> </ul>
2 3 4 5	<ul> <li>(i) a tax commissioner;</li> <li>(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or</li> <li>(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or town.</li> <li>(b) An official charged with the custody of a return filed with the commission is not required to produce the return or evidence of anything contained in the return in any action or</li> </ul>

59	(A) this title; or
60	(B) other law under which persons are required to file returns with the commission;
61	(iii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding to which the commission
62	is a party; or
63	(iv) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the report or
64	facts shown by the return are directly involved in the action or proceeding.
65	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), a court may require the production of, and may
66	admit in evidence, any portion of a return or of the facts shown by the return, as are specifically
67	pertinent to the action or proceeding.
68	(2) This section does not prohibit:
69	(a) a person or that person's duly authorized representative from receiving a copy of
70	any return or report filed in connection with that person's own tax;
71	(b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the
72	identification of particular reports or returns; and
73	(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the
74	report or return of any taxpayer:
75	(i) who brings action to set aside or review a tax based on the report or return;
76	(ii) against whom an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under
77	this title; or
78	(iii) against whom the state has an unsatisfied money judgment.
79	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and for purposes of administration, the
80	commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
81	Rulemaking Act, provide for a reciprocal exchange of information with:
82	(i) the United States Internal Revenue Service; or
83	(ii) the revenue service of any other state.
84	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and for all taxes except individual income tax and
85	corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G,
86	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, share information gathered from returns and
87	other written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political
88	subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, except as limited by
89	Sections 59-12-209 and 59-12-210, if the political subdivision, other state, or the federal

90 government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.

- 91 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and for all taxes except individual income tax and
  92 corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
  93 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for the issuance of information concerning the
  94 identity and other information of taxpayers who have failed to file tax returns or to pay any tax
  95 due.
- 96 (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide to the Solid and
  97 Hazardous Waste Control Board executive secretary, as defined in Section 19-6-102, as
  98 requested by the executive secretary, any records, returns, or other information filed with the
  99 commission under Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act, or Section 19-6-410.5
  100 regarding the environmental assurance program participation fee.
- (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), at the request of any person the commission shall
   provide that person sales and purchase volume data reported to the commission on a report,
   return, or other information filed with the commission under:
- 105 return, or other mormation med with the commission
- 104

(i) Chapter 13, Part 2, Motor Fuel; or

- 105 (ii) Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel.
- (f) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), upon request from a tobacco product manufacturer,
  as defined in Section 59-22-202, the commission shall report to the manufacturer:
- (i) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the
  manufacturer and reported to the commission for the previous calendar year under Section
  59-14-407; and
- (ii) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the
  manufacturer for which a tax refund was granted during the previous calendar year under
  Section 59-14-401 and reported to the commission under Subsection 59-14-401(1)(a)(v).
- (g) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall notify manufacturers,
  distributors, wholesalers, and retail dealers of a tobacco product manufacturer that is prohibited
  from selling cigarettes to consumers within the state under Subsection 59-14-210(2).
- 117
- (h) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may:
- (i) provide to the Division of Consumer Protection within the Department of
- 119 Commerce and the attorney general data:
- 120 (A) reported to the commission under Section 59-14-212; or

121	(B) related to a violation under Section 59-14-211; and
122	(ii) upon request, provide to any person data reported to the commission under
123	Subsections 59-14-212(1)(a) through (c) and Subsection 59-14-212(1)(g).
124	(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall, at the request of a committee
125	of the Legislature, Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, or Governor's Office of Planning
126	and Budget, provide to the committee or office the total amount of revenues collected by the
127	commission under Chapter 24, Radioactive Waste Facility Tax Act, for the time period
128	specified by the committee or office.
129	(j) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall make the directory required
130	by Section 59-14-603 available for public inspection.
131	(k) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may share information with
132	federal, state, or local agencies as provided in Subsection 59-14-606(3).
133	(1) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide the Office of
134	Recovery Services within the Department of Human Services any relevant information
135	obtained from a return filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, regarding a taxpayer
136	who has become obligated to the Office of Recovery Services.
137	(ii) The information described in Subsection (3)(l)(i) may be provided by the Office of
138	Recovery Services to any other state's child support collection agency involved in enforcing
139	that support obligation.
140	(m) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), upon request from the state court
141	administrator, the commission shall provide to the state court administrator, the name, address,
142	telephone number, county of residence, and Social Security number on resident returns filed
143	under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
144	(ii) The state court administrator may use the information described in Subsection
145	(3)(m)(i) only as a source list for the master jury list described in Section 78B-1-106.
146	(n) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall at the request of a
147	committee, commission, or task force of the Legislature provide to the committee, commission,
148	or task force of the Legislature any information relating to a tax imposed under Chapter 9,
149	Taxation of Admitted Insurers, relating to the study required by Section 59-9-101.
150	(o) (i) As used in this Subsection (3)(o), "office" means the:
151	(A) Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst; or

152	(B) Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
153	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and except as provided in Subsection (3)(0)(iii),
154	the commission shall at the request of an office provide to the office all information:
155	(A) gained by the commission; and
156	(B) required to be attached to or included in returns filed with the commission.
157	(iii) (A) An office may not request and the commission may not provide to an office a
158	person's:
159	(I) address;
160	(II) name;
161	(III) Social Security number; or
162	(IV) taxpayer identification number.
163	(B) The commission shall in all instances protect the privacy of a person as required by
164	Subsection (3)(o)(iii)(A).
165	(iv) An office may provide information received from the commission in accordance
166	with this Subsection (3)(o) only:
167	(A) as:
168	(I) a fiscal estimate;
169	(II) fiscal note information; or
170	(III) statistical information; and
171	(B) if the information is classified to prevent the identification of a particular return.
172	(v) (A) A person may not request information from an office under Title 63G, Chapter
173	2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or this section, if that office received the
174	information from the commission in accordance with this Subsection (3)(o).
175	(B) An office may not provide to a person that requests information in accordance with
176	Subsection $(3)(0)(v)(A)$ any information other than the information the office provides in
177	accordance with Subsection (3)(o)(iv).
178	(p) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide to the governing
179	board of the agreement or a taxing official of another state, the District of Columbia, the United
180	States, or a territory of the United States:
181	(i) the following relating to an agreement sales and use tax:
182	(A) information contained in a return filed with the commission;

183	(B) information contained in a report filed with the commission;
184	(C) a schedule related to Subsection (3)(p)(i)(A) or (B); or
185	(D) a document filed with the commission; or
186	(ii) a report of an audit or investigation made with respect to an agreement sales and
187	use tax.
188	(q) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide information
189	concerning a taxpayer's state income tax return or state income tax withholding information to
190	the Driver License Division if the Driver License Division:
191	(i) requests the information; and
192	(ii) provides the commission with a signed release form from the taxpayer allowing the
193	Driver License Division access to the information.
194	(r) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide to the Utah [State]
195	911 Committee the information requested by the Utah [State] 911 Committee under Subsection
196	53-10-602(3).
197	(s) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide to the Utah
198	Educational Savings Plan information related to a resident or nonresident individual's
199	contribution to a Utah Educational Savings Plan account as designated on the resident or
200	nonresident's individual income tax return under Section 59-10-1313.
201	(t) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide an eligibility worker
202	with the Children's Health Insurance Program with the adjusted gross income of an individual
203	if:
204	(i) an eligibility worker with the Children's Health Insurance Program requests the
205	information from the [Utah State Tax Commission] commission; and
206	(ii) the eligibility worker has complied with the identity verification and consent
207	provisions of Section 26-40-105.
208	(u) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide to a county, as
209	determined by the commission, information declared on an individual income tax return in
210	accordance with Section 59-10-103.1 that relates to eligibility to claim a residential exemption
211	authorized under Section 59-2-103.
212	(4) (a) Reports and returns shall be preserved for at least three years.
213	(b) After the three-year period provided in Subsection (4)(a) the commission may

214	destroy a report or return.
215	(5) (a) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
216	(b) If the person described in Subsection (5)(a) is an officer or employee of the state,
217	the person shall be dismissed from office and be disqualified from holding public office in this
218	state for a period of five years thereafter.
219	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a) or (b), an office that requests information in
220	accordance with Subsection (3)(o)(iii) or a person that requests information in accordance with
221	Subsection (3)(o)(v):
222	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
223	(ii) is not subject to:
224	(A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (5)(b); or
225	(B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (5)(b).
226	(6) Except as provided in Section 59-1-404, this part does not apply to the property tax.
227	Section 2. Section <b>59-2-103.5</b> is amended to read:
228	59-2-103.5. Procedures to obtain an exemption for residential property
229	Procedure if property owner or property no longer qualifies to receive a residential
229 230	exemption.
230	exemption.
230 231	exemption. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by
230 231 232	exemption. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in
230 231 232 233	exemption. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the
<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> </ul>	exemption. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement:
<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> <li>235</li> </ul>	exemption. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement: (a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;
<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> <li>235</li> <li>236</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exemption.</li> <li>(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement: <ul> <li>(a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;</li> <li>(b) signed by all of the owners of the residential property;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> <li>235</li> <li>236</li> <li>237</li> <li>238</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exemption.</li> <li>(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement: <ul> <li>(a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;</li> <li>(b) signed by all of the owners of the residential property;</li> <li>(c) certifying that the residential property is residential property; and</li> <li>(d) containing other information as required by the commission by rule.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> <li>235</li> <li>236</li> <li>237</li> <li>238</li> <li>239</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exemption.</li> <li>(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement: <ul> <li>(a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;</li> <li>(b) signed by all of the owners of the residential property;</li> <li>(c) certifying that the residential property is residential property; and</li> <li>(d) containing other information as required by the commission by rule.</li> <li>(2) (a) Subject to Section 59-2-103 and except as provided in Subsection (3), a county</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> <li>235</li> <li>236</li> <li>237</li> <li>238</li> <li>239</li> <li>240</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exemption.</li> <li>(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement: <ul> <li>(a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;</li> <li>(b) signed by all of the owners of the residential property;</li> <li>(c) certifying that the residential property is residential property; and</li> <li>(d) containing other information as required by the commission by rule.</li> <li>(2) (a) Subject to Section 59-2-103 and except as provided in Subsection (3), a county board of equalization shall allow an owner described in Subsection (1) a residential exemption</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>230</li> <li>231</li> <li>232</li> <li>233</li> <li>234</li> <li>235</li> <li>236</li> <li>237</li> <li>238</li> <li>239</li> <li>240</li> <li>241</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>exemption.</li> <li>(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the county board of equalization a statement: <ul> <li>(a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;</li> <li>(b) signed by all of the owners of the residential property;</li> <li>(c) certifying that the residential property is residential property; and</li> <li>(d) containing other information as required by the commission by rule.</li> <li>(2) (a) Subject to Section 59-2-103 and except as provided in Subsection (3), a county board of equalization shall allow an owner described in Subsection (1) a residential exemption for the residential property described in Subsection (1) if:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

245	(b) A county board of equalization may require an owner of the residential property
246	described in Subsection (1) to file the statement described in Subsection (1) only if:
247	(i) that residential property was ineligible for the residential exemption authorized
248	under Section 59-2-103 during the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year for
249	which the owner is seeking to claim the residential exemption for that residential property;
250	(ii) an ownership interest in that residential property changes; or
251	(iii) the county board of equalization determines that there is reason to believe that that
252	residential property no longer qualifies for the residential exemption in accordance with
253	Section 59-2-103.
254	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), if a county legislative body does not enact an
255	ordinance requiring an owner to file a statement in accordance with this section, the county
256	board of equalization:
257	(a) may not require an owner to file a statement for residential property to be eligible
258	for a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103; and
259	(b) shall allow a residential exemption for residential property in accordance with
260	Section 59-2-103.
261	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
262	the commission shall make rules providing:
263	(i) the form for the statement described in Subsection (1); and
264	(ii) the contents of the form for the statement described in Subsection (1).
265	(b) The commission shall make the form described in Subsection (4)(a) available to
266	counties.
267	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), if a property owner no longer qualifies to
268	receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property owner's
269	primary residence, the property owner shall:
270	(a) file a written statement with the county board of equalization of the county in which
271	the property is located:
272	(i) on a form provided by the county board of equalization; and
273	(ii) notifying the county board of equalization that the property owner no longer
274	qualifies to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property
275	owner's primery residence; and

275 <u>owner's primary residence; and</u>

276	(b) declare on the property owner's individual income tax return under Chapter 10,
277	Individual Income Tax Act, for the taxable year for which the property owner no longer
278	qualifies to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property
279	owner's primary residence, that the property owner no longer qualifies to receive a residential
280	exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property owner's primary residence.
281	(6) A property owner is not required to file a written statement or make the declaration
282	described in Subsection (5) if the property owner:
283	(a) changes primary residences;
284	(b) qualified to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for
285	the residence that was the property owner's former primary residence; and
286	(c) qualifies to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for
287	the residence that is the property owner's current primary residence.
288	Section 3. Section <b>59-10-103.1</b> is amended to read:
289	59-10-103.1. Information to be contained on individual income tax returns or
290	booklets.
291	(1) The commission shall print the phrase "all state income tax dollars fund education"
292	on:
293	$\left[\frac{(1)}{(1)}\right]$ (a) the first page of $\left[\frac{(1)}{(1)}\right]$ an individual income tax return; and
294	[(2)] (b) the cover page of [the] an individual income tax forms and instructions
295	booklet.
296	(2) The commission shall include on an individual income tax return a statement for a
297	property owner to declare that the property owner no longer qualifies to receive a residential
298	exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property owner's primary residence.
299	Section 4. Section <b>59-10-136</b> is enacted to read:
300	59-10-136. Domicile Temporary absence from state.
301	(1) An individual is considered to have domicile in this state if:
302	(a) a dependent with respect to whom the individual or the individual's spouse claims a
303	personal exemption on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual income tax
304	return is enrolled in a public kindergarten, public elementary school, or public secondary
305	school in this state; or
306	(b) the individual or the individual's spouse is a resident student in accordance with

307	Section 53B-8-102 who is enrolled in an institution of higher education described in Section
308	53B-2-101 in this state.
309	(2) There is a rebuttable presumption that an individual is considered to have domicile
310	in this state if:
311	(a) the individual or the individual's spouse claims a residential exemption in
312	accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for that individual's or individual's spouse's
313	primary residence:
314	(b) the individual or the individual's spouse is registered to vote in this state in
315	accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration; or
316	(c) the individual or the individual's spouse asserts residency in this state for purposes
317	of filing an individual income tax return under this chapter, including asserting that the
318	individual or the individual's spouse is a part-year resident of this state for the portion of the
319	taxable year for which the individual or the individual's spouse is a resident of this state.
320	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), if the requirements of Subsection (1) or (2) are not
321	met for an individual to be considered to have domicile in this state, the individual is
322	considered to have domicile in this state if:
323	(i) the individual or the individual's spouse has a permanent home in this state to which
324	the individual or the individual's spouse intends to return after being absent; and
325	(ii) the individual or the individual's spouse has voluntarily fixed the individual's or the
326	individual's spouse's habitation in this state, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the
327	intent of making a permanent home.
328	(b) The determination of whether an individual is considered to have domicile in this
329	state under Subsection (3)(a) shall be based on the preponderance of the evidence, taking into
330	consideration the totality of the following facts and circumstances:
331	(i) whether the individual or the individual's spouse has a driver license in this state;
332	(ii) whether a dependent with respect to whom the individual or the individual's spouse
333	claims a personal exemption on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual
334	income tax return is a resident student in accordance with Section 53B-8-102 who is enrolled
335	in an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 in this state;
336	(iii) the nature and quality of the living accommodations that the individual or the
337	individual's spouse has in this state as compared to another state;

338	(iv) the presence in this state of a spouse or dependent with respect to whom the
339	individual or the individual's spouse claims a personal exemption on the individual's or
340	individual's spouse's federal individual income tax return;
341	(v) the physical location in which earned income as defined in Section 32(c)(2).
342	Internal Revenue Code, is earned by the individual or the individual's spouse;
343	(vi) the state of registration of a vehicle as defined in Section 59-12-102 owned or
344	leased by the individual or the individual's spouse;
345	(vii) whether the individual or the individual's spouse is a member of a church, a club,
346	or another similar organization in this state;
347	(viii) whether the individual or the individual's spouse lists an address in this state on
348	mail, a telephone listing, a listing in an official government publication, other correspondence,
349	or another similar item;
350	(ix) whether the individual or the individual's spouse lists an address in this state on a
351	state or federal tax return;
352	(x) whether the individual or the individual's spouse asserts residency in this state on a
353	document, other than an individual income tax return filed under this chapter, filed with or
354	provided to a court or other governmental entity; or
355	(xi) the failure of an individual or the individual's spouse to obtain a permit or license
356	normally required of a resident of the state for which the individual or the individual's spouse
357	asserts to have domicile.
358	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) through (3) and subject to the other provisions
359	of this Subsection (4), an individual is not considered to have domicile in this state if the
360	individual meets the following qualifications:
361	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A), the individual and the individual's
362	spouse are absent from the state for at least 730 consecutive days; and
363	(ii) during the time period described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), neither the individual nor
364	the individual's spouse:
365	(A) return to this state for more than 30 days in a calendar year;
366	(B) claim a personal exemption on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal
367	individual income tax return with respect to a dependent who is enrolled in a public
368	kindergarten, public elementary school, or public secondary school in this state;

369	(C) are resident students in accordance with Section 53B-8-102 who are enrolled in an
370	institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 in this state;
371	(D) claim a residential exemption in accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for
372	that individual's or individual's spouse's primary residence; or
373	(E) assert that this state is the individual's or the individual's spouse's tax home for
374	federal individual income tax purposes.
375	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), an individual that meets the qualifications of
376	Subsection (4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state may elect to be considered
377	to have domicile in this state by filing an individual income tax return in this state as a resident
378	individual.
379	(c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), an absence from the state:
380	(i) begins on the later of the date:
381	(A) the individual leaves this state; or
382	(B) the individual's spouse leaves this state; and
383	(ii) ends on the date the individual or the individual's spouse returns to this state if the
384	individual or the individual's spouse remains in this state for more than 30 days in a calendar
385	year.
386	(d) An individual shall file an individual income tax return or amended individual
387	income tax return under this chapter and pay any applicable interest imposed under Section
388	<u>59-1-402 if:</u>
389	(i) the individual did not file an individual income tax return or amended individual
390	income tax return under this chapter based on the individual's belief that the individual has met
391	the qualifications of Subsection (4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state; and
392	(ii) the individual or the individual's spouse fails to meet a qualification of Subsection
393	(4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state.
394	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e)(ii), an individual that files an individual
395	income tax return or amended individual income tax return under Subsection (4)(d) shall pay
396	any applicable penalty imposed under Section 59-1-401.
397	(ii) The commission shall waive the penalties under Subsections 59-1-401(2), (3), and
398	(5) if an individual who is required by Subsection (4)(d) to file an individual income tax return
399	or amended individual income tax return under this chapter:

400	(A) files the individual income tax return or amended individual income tax return
401	within 105 days after the individual fails to meet a qualification of Subsection (4)(a) to not be
402	considered to have domicile in this state; and
403	(B) within the 105-day period described in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), pays in full the tax
404	due on the return, any interest imposed under Section 59-1-402, and any applicable penalty
405	imposed under Section 59-1-401, except for a penalty under Subsection 59-1-401(2), (3), or
406	<u>(5).</u>
407	(5) (a) If an individual is considered to have domicile in this state in accordance with
408	this section, the individual's spouse is considered to have domicile in this state.
409	(b) For purposes of this section, an individual is not considered to have a spouse if:
410	(i) the individual is legally separated or divorced from the spouse; or
411	(ii) the individual and the individual's spouse claim married filing separately filing
412	status for purposes of filing a federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
413	(c) For purposes of this section, an individual's filing status on a federal individual
414	income tax return or a return filed under this chapter may not be considered in determining
415	whether an individual has a spouse.
416	(6) For purposes of this section, whether or not an individual or the individual's spouse
417	claims a property tax residential exemption under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for the
418	residential property that is the primary residence of a tenant of the individual or the individual's
419	spouse may not be considered in determining domicile in this state.
420	Section 5. Section <b>59-10-1402</b> is amended to read:
421	<b>59-10-1402.</b> Definitions.
422	As used in this part:
423	(1) "Addition, subtraction, or adjustment" means:
424	(a) for a pass-through entity taxpayer that is classified as a C corporation for federal
425	income tax purposes, under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes:
426	(i) an addition to unadjusted income described in Section 59-7-105; or
427	(ii) a subtraction from unadjusted income described in Section 59-7-106;
428	(b) for a pass-through entity taxpayer that is classified as an individual, partnership, or
429	S corporation for federal income tax purposes:
430	(i) an addition to or subtraction from adjusted gross income described in Section

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431 59-10-114; or 432 (ii) an adjustment to adjusted gross income described in Section 59-10-115; or 433 (c) for a pass-through entity taxpayer that is classified as an estate or a trust for federal 434 income tax purposes: 435 (i) an addition to or subtraction from unadjusted income described in Section 436 59-10-202; or 437 (ii) an adjustment to unadjusted income described in Section 59-10-209.1. 438 (2) "Business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the 439 regular course of a pass-through entity's trade or business and includes income from tangible 440 and intangible property if the acquisition, management, and disposition of the property 441 constitutes integral parts of the pass-through entity's regular trade or business operations. 442 (3) "C corporation" is as defined in Section 1361, Internal Revenue Code. 443 (4) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or business 444 of a business entity is directed or managed. (5) "Derived from or connected with Utah sources" means: 445 446 (a) if a pass-through entity taxpayer is classified as a C corporation for federal income 447 tax purposes, derived from or connected with Utah sources in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 448 3, Allocation and Apportionment of Income - Utah UDITPA Provisions; or 449 (b) if a pass-through entity or pass-through entity taxpayer is classified as an estate, 450 individual, partnership, S corporation, or a trust for federal income tax purposes, derived from 451 or connected with Utah sources in accordance with Sections 59-10-117 and 59-10-118. 452 (6) "Nonbusiness income" means all income of a pass-through entity other than 453 business income. 454 (7) "Nonresident business entity" means a business entity that does not have its 455 commercial domicile in this state. 456 (8) "Nonresident pass-through entity taxpayer" means a pass-through entity taxpayer 457 that is a: 458 (a) nonresident individual; or 459 (b) nonresident business entity. 460 (9) [(a)] "Pass-through entity" means a business entity that is: 461 (i) (a) the following if classified as a partnership for federal income tax purposes:

462	[ <del>(A)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> a general partnership;
463	[ <del>(B)</del> ] <u>(ii)</u> a limited liability company;
464	[ <del>(C)</del> ] (iii) a limited liability partnership; or
465	[(D)] (iv) a limited partnership;
466	[(ii)] (b) an S corporation; [or]
467	(c) an estate or trust with respect to which the estate's or trust's income, gain, loss,
468	deduction, or credit is divided among and passed through to one or more pass-through entity
469	taxpayers; or
470	[(iii)] (d) a business entity similar to [Subsection] Subsections (9)(a)[(i) or (ii)] through
471	<u>(c)</u> :
472	[(A)] (i) with respect to which the business entity's income, gain, loss, deduction, or
473	credit is divided among and passed through to one or more pass-through entity taxpayers; and
474	[(B)] (ii) as defined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
475	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
476	[(b) "Pass-through entity" does not include an estate or trust that is classified as an
477	estate or trust for federal income tax purposes.]
478	(10) "Pass-through entity taxpayer" means a resident or nonresident individual, a
479	resident or nonresident business entity, or a resident or nonresident estate or trust:
480	(a) that is:
481	(i) for a general partnership, a partner;
482	(ii) for a limited liability company, a member;
483	(iii) for a limited liability partnership, a partner;
484	(iv) for a limited partnership, a partner;
485	(v) for an S corporation, a shareholder; [or]
486	(vi) for an estate or trust, a beneficiary; or
487	[(vi)] (vii) for a business entity described in Subsection (9)[(a)(iii)](d), a member,
488	partner, shareholder, or other title designated by the commission by rule made in accordance
489	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
490	(b) to which the income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of a pass-through entity is
491	passed through.
492	(11) "Resident business entity" means a business entity that is not a nonresident

493	business entity.
494	(12) "Resident pass-through entity taxpayer" means a pass-through entity taxpayer that
495	is a:
496	(a) resident individual; or
497	(b) resident business entity.
498	(13) "Return" means a return that a pass-through entity taxpayer files:
499	(a) for a pass-through entity taxpayer that is classified as a C corporation for federal
500	income tax purposes, under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; or
501	(b) for a pass-through entity taxpayer that is classified as an estate, individual,
502	partnership, S corporation, or a trust for federal income tax purposes, under this chapter.
503	(14) "S corporation" is as defined in Section 1361, Internal Revenue Code.
504	(15) "Share of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of a pass-through entity" means:
505	(a) for a pass-through entity except for a pass-through entity that is an S corporation:
506	(i) for a resident pass-through entity taxpayer, the resident pass-through entity
507	taxpayer's distributive share of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of the pass-through
508	entity as determined under Section 704 et seq., Internal Revenue Code; and
509	(ii) for a nonresident pass-through entity taxpayer, the nonresident pass-through entity
510	taxpayer's distributive share of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of the pass-through
511	entity:
512	(A) as determined under Section 704 et seq., Internal Revenue Code; and
513	(B) derived from or connected with Utah sources; or
514	(b) for an S corporation:
515	(i) for a resident pass-through entity taxpayer, the resident pass-through entity
516	taxpayer's pro rata share of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of the S corporation, as
517	determined under Sec. 1366 et seq., Internal Revenue Code; or
518	(ii) for a nonresident pass-through entity taxpayer, the nonresident pass-through entity
519	taxpayer's pro rata share of income, gain, loss, deduction, or credit of the S corporation:
520	(A) as determined under Section 1366 et seq., Internal Revenue Code; and
521	(B) derived from or connected with Utah sources.
522	Section 6. Effective date.
523	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel