1	HOUSE RULES RESOLUTION - TECHNICAL
2	CORRECTIONS
3	2021 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Timothy D. Hawkes
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This resolution modifies provisions of House legislative rules to make technical
10	corrections.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This resolution:
13	<ul> <li>modifies parts of House legislative rules to make technical corrections, including</li> </ul>
14	eliminating references to repealed rules provisions, eliminating redundant or
15	obsolete language, making minor wording changes, and correcting errors.
16	Special Clauses:
17	None
18	Legislative Rules Affected:
19	AMENDS:
20	HR1-1-101
21	HR1-5-301
22	HR2-2-106
23	HR2-4-103
24	HR2-5-101
25	HR3-1-102
26	HR3-2-312
27	HR3-2-401



28 HR3-2-405 29 HR3-2-406 30 HR4-1-101 31 HR4-3-301 32 HR4-4-202 33 HR4-7-101 34 HR4-8-101 35 HR4-9-101 36 37 *Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the state of Utah:* 38 Section 1. **HR1-1-101** is amended to read: 39 HR1-1-101. Adoption, amendment, or suspension of House Rules. 40 (1) The House of Representatives shall adopt House rules, by a constitutional 41 two-thirds vote, at the beginning of each new Legislature convening in odd-numbered years. 42 (2) Except as provided in this [section] rule: 43 (a) (i) during an annual general session held in an even-numbered year, rules adopted by the House of Representatives during the immediately preceding general session, as amended 44 during that general session and any intervening session, apply to the conduct of the House; and 45 46 (ii) during any special session, House rules apply as provided in JR2-1-101. 47 (b) for a session described in this Subsection (2), the chief clerk shall announce to the House that the previously adopted rules apply to the newly convened session. 48 49 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), additional rules may be adopted and existing 50 rules may be suspended, amended, or repealed by a majority vote, except the following, which 51 require a two-thirds vote to adopt, suspend, amend, or repeal: 52 (a) rules governing limitation of debate; 53 (b) rules governing a motion to end debate (call the previous question); 54 (c) rules governing motions for lifting tabled legislation from committee; 55 (d) rules governing consideration of legislation during the last three days of a session; 56 and 57 (e) rules governing voting in Title 4, Chapter 7, Voting. 58 (4) (a) A rule that includes a voting requirement of more than a constitutional majority

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must be adopted and may only be amended, suspended, or repealed by a constitutional two-thirds vote of all representatives.

- (b) If the suspension of any House rule is governed by the Utah Constitution or Utah statutes, the House may suspend that rule only as provided by that constitutional or statutory provision.
- (5) If a motion to adopt the rules under Subsection (1) meets or exceeds a majority vote but fails to reach a constitutional two-thirds vote:
- (a) rules adopted by the House of Representatives during the immediately preceding general session, as amended during that general session and any intervening session, apply to the conduct of the House; and
- (b) the chief clerk shall announce to the House that the previously adopted rules apply to the newly convened Legislature.
  - Section 2. **HR1-5-301** is amended to read:

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## HR1-5-301. Special order of business -- Time certain.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a representative may make a motion, or the House Rules committee may recommend, that a piece of legislation become a special order of business on the time certain calendar.
- (b) If the motion is approved by a majority of the members present, the chief clerk shall place the legislation on the time certain calendar.
- (2) A motion to place a piece of legislation as a special order of business on the time certain calendar may not be made if the legislation has not yet been placed on the third reading calendar <u>or the consent calendar</u>.
- (3) At the time set for consideration of the legislation, the presiding officer shall place the legislation before the House.
  - Section 3. **HR2-2-106** is amended to read:

## HR2-2-106. Smoking and electronic cigarettes prohibited.

- (1) As used in this [section] <u>rule</u>, "electronic cigarette" means any device, other than a combustible cigarette or cigar, intended to deliver vapor containing nicotine into a person's respiratory system.
- 88 (2) A person may not smoke or use an electronic cigarette in the House chamber or other house controlled areas.

90	(3) The sergeant-at-arms shall enforce this rule.
91	Section 4. HR2-4-103 is amended to read:
92	HR2-4-103. Prohibitions on lobbying and fundraising.
93	(1) As used in this [section] rule, "fundraising" means:
94	(a) the solicitation of a monetary contribution for any purpose; or
95	(b) the announcement or promotion of an event that has as one of its purposes the
96	collection of funds by means of a monetary contribution.
97	(2) Lobbying is prohibited on the House floor as provided under HR2-4-101.2.
98	(3) (a) Distribution of literature or any other information that announces or promotes
99	fundraising is prohibited on the House floor.
100	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a verbal announcement that involves or relates
101	to fundraising is permitted on the House floor if the announcement is:
102	(i) publicly made to all members on the House floor; and
103	(ii) an official announcement from the third house or authorized by the speaker of the
104	House.
105	Section 5. <b>HR2-5-101</b> is amended to read:
106	HR2-5-101. Representatives may request and sponsor legislation Substituting a
107	sponsor Withdrawing as a cosponsor.
108	(1) A representative may request and sponsor legislation as provided in Joint Rules
109	Title 4, Bills and Resolutions.
110	(2) (a) After a piece of legislation has been introduced, the chief representative sponsor
111	of the legislation may withdraw from sponsoring the legislation by:
112	(i) finding another representative to act as chief sponsor of the legislation; and
113	(ii) filing a substitution of sponsorship form with the chief clerk before final passage of
114	the legislation in the House.
115	(b) A representative seeking to withdraw as the chief sponsor need not obtain
116	permission from the House to withdraw.
117	(3) (a) [Before] During a general session, before final passage of [the] a piece of
118	legislation in the House, a representative cosponsor of [a bill] the legislation may withdraw as a
119	cosponsor [of that legislation].
120	(b) A representative seeking to withdraw as a cosponsor need not:

121	(i) obtain permission from the House to withdraw; or
122	(ii) provide a substitute cosponsor for the legislation.
123	Section 6. HR3-1-102 is amended to read:
124	HR3-1-102. House Rules Committee Assignment duties.
125	(1) The presiding officer shall submit all legislation introduced in the House of
126	Representatives to the House Rules Committee.
127	(2) For all legislation not specified in HR3-1-103 that is referred to the House Rules
128	Committee, the committee shall examine the legislation referred to it for proper form,
129	including fiscal note and committee note, if any, and either:
130	(a) refer the legislation to the House with a recommendation that the legislation be:
131	(i) referred to a standing committee for consideration; or
132	(ii) read the second time and placed on the third reading calendar if:
133	(A) the bill has received a favorable recommendation from a House standing
134	committee;
135	(B) the bill is exempted from the House standing committee review requirements under
136	HR3-2-401;
137	(C) the bill has received a favorable recommendation from the House Rules Committee
138	meeting as a standing committee as permitted under HR3-1-101;
139	(D) if the legislation is a nonbinding resolution as defined in HR3-2-405, read the
140	second time and placed on the consent calendar; or
141	(E) the legislation was approved by a unanimous vote of the members present at an
142	interim committee meeting and met the posting requirements of JR7-1-602.5; or
143	(b) hold the legislation.
144	(3) If the chair of the House Rules Committee receives a summary report from the
145	Occupational and Professional Licensure Review Committee related to newly regulating an
146	occupation or profession within the two calendar years immediately preceding the session in
147	which a piece of legislation is introduced related to the regulation by the Division of
148	Occupational and Professional Licensing of that occupation or profession:
149	(a) the chair of the House Rules Committee shall ensure that the House Rules
150	Committee is informed of the summary report before the House Rules Committee takes action
151	on the legislation; and

152	(b) if the House Rules Committee refers the legislation to the House as provided for in
153	Subsection (2)(a):
154	(i) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall make the summary
155	report reasonably available to the public and to legislators; and
156	(ii) if the legislation is referred to a standing committee, the House Rules Committee
157	shall forward the summary report to the standing committee.
158	(4) In carrying out its functions and responsibilities under this rule, the House Rules
159	Committee may not:
160	(a) table legislation without the written consent of the sponsor;
161	(b) report out any legislation that has been tabled by a standing committee;
162	(c) amend legislation without the written consent of the sponsor; or
163	(d) substitute legislation without the written consent of the sponsor.
164	(5) The House Rules Committee may recommend a time certain for floor consideration
165	of any legislation when it is reported out of the House Rules Committee, or at any other time.
166	(6) When the committee is carrying out its functions and responsibilities under this
167	rule, the committee shall:
168	(a) when the Legislature is in session, give notice of its meetings according to the
169	requirements of HR3-1-106;
170	(b) when the Legislature is not in session, post a notice of meeting at least 24 hours
171	before the meeting convenes;
172	(c) have as its agenda all legislation in its possession for assignment to committee or to
173	the House calendars; and
174	(d) prepare minutes that include a record, by individual representative, of votes taken.
175	(7) [Rules committee] House Rules Committee meetings are open to the public, but
176	comments and discussion are limited to members of the committee and the committee's staff.
177	Section 7. <b>HR3-2-312</b> is amended to read:
178	HR3-2-312. Chair to accept all motions that are in order Once accepted, the
179	motion is pending.
180	(1) The chair shall accept a motion requested by a member of a standing committee
181	who has been properly recognized unless the motion is prohibited by this chapter or by
182	parliamentary procedure.

183	(2) To properly accept a motion, the chair shall:
184	(a) restate each verbal motion;
185	(b) identify the number of each written motion to amend or substitute legislation; and
186	(c) [distribute copies of] ensure a copy of each written amendment or substitute [to
187	members of the committee] is available online.
188	(3) When a chair properly accepts a motion under Subsection (2), the motion is
189	pending.
190	Section 8. <b>HR3-2-401</b> is amended to read:
191	HR3-2-401. Standing committee review required Exceptions.
192	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the House of Representatives may not pass a
193	bill, joint resolution, or concurrent resolution during the annual general session unless a House
194	standing committee has given a favorable recommendation to the legislation.
195	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:
196	(a) a resolution regarding legislative rules or legislative personnel;
197	(b) legislation that has been approved by a unanimous vote of the members present an
198	interim committee meeting;
199	(c) the revisor's statute; or
200	(d) if the legislation was reviewed and approved by the Executive Appropriations
201	Committee, legislation that:
202	(i) exclusively appropriates money;
203	(ii) amends Utah Code Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding Minimum School
204	Program;
205	(iii) amends Utah Code Title 67, Chapter 22, State Officer Compensation; or
206	(iv) authorizes the issuance of general obligation or revenue bonds.
207	Section 9. <b>HR3-2-405</b> is amended to read:
208	HR3-2-405. Consent calendar Nonbinding resolutions Committee
209	recommendations Licensure review reports.
210	(1) As used in this [section] rule, "nonbinding resolution":
211	(a) means a resolution that:
212	(i) is primarily for the purpose of recognizing, honoring, or memorializing an
213	individual, group, or event;

214	(ii) requests, rather than compels, action or awareness by an individual or group; or
215	(iii) is informational or promotional in nature; and
216	(b) does not mean:
217	(i) a rules resolution;
218	(ii) a resolution for a constitutional amendment; or
219	(iii) any resolution that approves or authorizes any action, requires any substantive
220	action to be taken, or results in a change in law, policy, or funding.
221	(2) (a) A nonbinding resolution shall be placed on the consent calendar.
222	(b) A nonbinding resolution may be moved to the time certain calendar or other
223	calendar by a majority vote of those present.
224	(3) A standing committee may recommend that legislation in [its] the standing
225	committee's possession be placed on the consent calendar if:
226	(a) the committee approves a motion, by a unanimous vote of those present, to give the
227	legislation a favorable recommendation;
228	(b) immediately subsequent to that action, the committee approves a separate motion,
229	by a unanimous vote of those present, to recommend that the legislation be placed on the
230	consent calendar; and
231	(c) the legislation has a fiscal note that is less than \$10,000.
232	(4) If, in accordance with HR3-1-102, the House Rules Committee forwards a
233	summary report from the Occupational and Professional Licensure Review Committee in
234	conjunction with legislation referred to a standing committee, the chair shall ensure that the
235	summary report is read orally to the committee before action is taken by the committee on the
236	legislation that is related to the summary report.
237	Section 10. HR3-2-406 is amended to read:
238	HR3-2-406. Amending legislation Verbal amendments Amendments must be
239	germane.
240	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (2) and HR3-2-306, and if recognized by the chair during
241	the sponsor presentation phase or the committee action phase, a committee member may make
242	a motion to amend the legislation that is under consideration.
243	(b) (i) A committee member may propose a verbal amendment to the legislation under
244	consideration if the amendment contains 15 or fewer words.

245	(ii) [Before] Unless the amendment contains 15 or fewer words, before proposing a
246	motion to amend, a committee member shall ensure that a copy of the proposed amendment
247	[that contains more than 15 words is printed and distributed to committee staff and to all
248	committee members present] is available online.
249	(iii) Each word inserted shall count as one of the 15 words permitted under a verbal
250	amendment, except that:
251	(A) numbering shall not be counted as a word;
252	(B) instructions to delete a word or words shall not count as a word; and
253	(C) a word or an exact phrase that is inserted in multiple locations shall only be
254	counted for the first insertion.
255	(2) (a) A committee member may only make a motion to amend that is germane to the
256	subject of the legislation under consideration.
257	(b) A committee member who believes that an amendment is not germane to the
258	subject of the legislation may make a point of order or appeal as described in HR3-2-506.
259	Section 11. HR4-1-101 is amended to read:
260	HR4-1-101. Definitions.
261	As used in this title:
262	(1) "Appropriations bill" means a bill that appropriates money and makes no change to
263	statute.
264	(2) "Constitutional majority vote" means that the matter requires at least 38 votes to
265	pass on the House floor.
266	(3) "Constitutional two-thirds vote" means that the matter requires at least 50 votes to
267	pass on the House floor.
268	(4) "Majority vote" means that the matter requires the votes of at least a majority of a
269	quorum to pass on the House floor.
270	(5) "Two-thirds vote" means that the matter requires the vote of at least two-thirds of a
271	quorum to pass on the House floor.
272	(6) "Point of order" means a question raised by a representative about whether or not
273	there has been a breach of order, a breach of rules, or a breach of established parliamentary
274	practice.

(7) "Presiding officer" means the person presiding over the Utah House of

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276	Representatives and includes:
277	(a) the speaker;
278	(b) the speaker pro tempore; and
279	(c) any representative presiding under HR1-3-103.
280	(8) "Quorum" means that at least 38 members of the House of Representatives are
281	present.
282	Section 12. HR4-3-301 is amended to read:
283	HR4-3-301. Amendments in order on third reading 15 word rule Passage of
284	amendments by a majority vote.
285	(1) A motion to amend a piece of legislation is in order on third reading.
286	(2) (a) A representative may verbally propose an amendment to legislation if the
287	amendment contains 15 or fewer words [or less].
288	(b) [A] Unless the amendment contains 15 or fewer words, before a representative
289	makes a motion to amend, the representative shall ensure that a copy of the proposed
290	amendment [containing more than 15 words is printed on pink paper and available to the chief
291	clerk and each representative present before the motion to amend is made] is available online.
292	(c) Each word inserted shall count as one of the 15 words permitted under a verbal
293	amendment, except that:
294	(i) numbering shall not be counted as a word;
295	(ii) instructions to delete a word or words shall not count as a word; and
296	(iii) a word or an exact phrase that is inserted in multiple locations shall only be
297	counted for the first insertion.
298	(3) A constitutional amendment, resolution, or bill requiring a constitutional two-thirds
299	vote for final passage, may be amended by a majority vote.
300	(4) When legislation is amended by the House, the chief clerk shall:
301	(a) for each page of the legislation modified by a House amendment, cause a new page
302	to be printed that clearly identifies each House amendment to that page; and
303	(b) print that new page on lilac-colored paper.
304	Section 13. HR4-4-202 is amended to read:
305	HR4-4-202. Disposition of legislation voted on third reading.
306	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the chief clerk or the chief clerk's designee

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307	shall:
308	(a) for a piece of House legislation passed by the House on third reading but not yet
309	acted upon by the Senate, transmit the House legislation to the Senate for its further action;
310	(b) for a piece of House legislation that fails to pass the House on third reading, file the
311	legislation;
312	(c) for a piece of House legislation that has passed both houses, follow the procedures
313	and requirements of [ <del>JR4-6-101(1)(b)</del> ] <u>JR4-5-101</u> ;
314	(d) for a piece of Senate legislation passed by the House on third reading and not
315	amended or substituted in the House, transmit the Senate legislation to the presiding officer of
316	the House for the presiding officer's signature and return the legislation to the Senate for the
317	signature of the president of the Senate;
318	(e) for a piece of Senate legislation passed by the House on third reading that was
319	amended or substituted in the House, transmit the legislation to the Senate with the
320	amendments or substitute for further action by the Senate; and
321	(f) for a piece of Senate legislation that fails to pass the House on third reading,
322	transmit the legislation to the Senate with notice of the House's action.
323	(2) (a) The chief clerk shall ensure that the House retains possession of a piece of
324	legislation for no more than one legislative day when:
325	(i) a representative gives notice of intention to move for reconsideration to the chief
326	clerk;
327	(ii) a representative requests that the chief clerk hold the legislation; or
328	(iii) the House passes a motion to retain possession of the legislation.
329	(b) When a representative moves for reconsideration or requests a hold under

- (b) When a representative moves for reconsideration or requests a hold under Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii), the chief clerk shall give notice of the action to the speaker and to the sponsor of the legislation.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), a piece of legislation may be released earlier than 24 hours if the hold is released.
- 334 Section 14. **HR4-7-101** is amended to read:
- 335 HR4-7-101. Definitions.
- 336 As used in this chapter:

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(1) "Electronic vote" means that those representatives present vote using an electronic

338	system that records and fallies their votes.
339	(2) "Roll call vote" means a verbal voting process where:
340	(a) the chief clerk or the chief clerk's designee verbally calls the name of each
341	representative alphabetically, except the speaker, who is called last;
342	(b) each representative present votes "aye" or "no" when the representative's name is
343	called;
344	(c) the chief clerk or the chief clerk's designee:
345	(i) tallies the vote;
346	(ii) records those representatives who are absent or not voting; and
347	(iii) gives a copy of the tally to the presiding officer; and
348	(d) the presiding officer announces the result of the vote.
349	(3) "Voice vote" means a verbal voting process where the presiding officer:
350	(a) poses the question to be voted upon in this form: "Those in favor (of the question)
351	say aye." and "Those opposed, say no."; and
352	(b) based upon the representative's responses, announces that the question either passed
353	or failed.
354	Section 15. <b>HR4-8-101</b> is amended to read:
355	HR4-8-101. Definitions.
356	["Call] As used in this chapter, "call of the House" means the process by which the
357	House may compel absent representatives to be present in the House chamber.
358	Section 16. <b>HR4-9-101</b> is amended to read:
359	HR4-9-101. Motion to reconsider.
360	(1) As used in this [section] rule, "legislative day" means a day when the House of
361	Representatives convenes in the House chamber and conducts House business.
362	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), when a question has been decided on the
363	floor of the House, a representative voting with the prevailing side may move for
364	reconsideration after intervening business.
365	(b) If the motion to reconsider is to reconsider passage of a piece of legislation, the
366	representative making the motion shall include the number and short title of the legislation as
367	part of the motion.
368	(c) If a motion for reconsideration is made on the floor of the House after a piece of

369	legislation has left the possession of the House, the chief clerk shall request that the legislation
370	be returned to the House.
371	(d) The presiding officer shall rule a motion for reconsideration out of order unless the
372	motion is made:
373	(i) before the 43rd legislative day;
374	(ii) before the House adjourns on the legislative day after the legislative day on which
375	the action sought to be reconsidered occurred; and
376	(iii) by a representative who previously served notice.
377	(3) A representative may not make a motion to reconsider after the 42nd day of the

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annual general session of the Legislature.