1	APPROPRIATIONS PROCEDURES JOINT RESOLUTION
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jefferson Moss
5	Senate Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This resolution enacts joint rules governing requests for appropriation and actions on
10	proposed budget items.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This resolution:
13	 defines "request for appropriation";
14	 with certain exceptions, prohibits inclusion of a request for appropriation in
15	legislation unless certain requirements are met;
16	 allows a legislator to file a request for appropriation after the request deadline if the
17	request is presented by a member of the Executive Appropriations Committee; and
18	 makes conforming amendments.
19	Special Clauses:
20	None
21	Legislative Rules Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	JR3-2-101
24	JR3-2-701
25	JR3-2-702
26	JR3-2-703
27	JR3-2-704
28	JR3-2-810
29	

30	Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. JR3-2-101 is amended to read:
32	JR3-2-101. Definitions.
33	As used in this chapter:
34	(1) "Accountable process budget" means a budget that is created by starting from zero
35	and adding line items and programs recommended through an accountable budget process.
36	(2) "Accountable budget process" means a review of a line item or program in a simple
37	base budget to determine whether or the extent to which to recommend the line item or
38	program be included in a budget for the upcoming fiscal year.
39	(3) "Base budget" means:
40	(a) an accountable process budget; or
41	(b) for a line item or program that was not the subject of an accountable process budget
42	analysis during the immediately preceding interim, a simple base budget.
43	(4) "Chair" means:
44	(a) the chair of an appropriations subcommittee or the Executive Appropriations
45	Committee; or
46	(b) a member of a joint appropriations subcommittee or the Executive Appropriations
47	Committee member who is authorized to act as chair under JR3-2-303.
48	(5) "Committee" means a joint appropriations subcommittee or the Executive
49	Appropriations Committee.
50	(6) "Majority vote" means a majority of a quorum as provided in JR3-2-404.
51	(7) "Original motion" means a non-privileged motion that is accepted by the chair
52	when no other motion is pending.
53	(8) "Pending motion" refers to a motion starting when a chair accepts a motion and
54	ending when the motion is withdrawn or when the chair calls for a vote on the motion.
55	(9) (a) "Privileged motion" means a procedural motion to adjourn, set a time to
56	adjourn, recess, end debate, extend debate, or limit debate.
57	(b) "Privileged motions" are not substitute motions.

58	(10) (a) "Proposed budget item" means any funding item under consideration [by an
59	appropriations committee] for inclusion in an appropriations bill.
60	(b) "Proposed budget item" includes a request for appropriation.
61	(11) "Request for appropriation" means a legislator request to:
62	(a) obtain funding for a project or program that has not previously been funded;
63	(b) significantly expand funding for an existing project or program; or
64	(c) obtain separate funding for a project or program.
65	[(11)] (12) (a) "Simple base budget" means amounts appropriated by the Legislature
66	for each line item for the current fiscal year that:
67	(i) are not designated as one-time in an appropriation, regardless of whether the
68	appropriation is covered by ongoing or one-time revenue sources; and
69	(ii) were not vetoed by the governor, unless the Legislature overrode the veto.
70	(b) "Simple base budget" includes:
71	(i) any changes to those amounts approved by the Executive Appropriations
72	Committee; and
73	(ii) amounts appropriated for debt service.
74	[(12)] (13) "Substitute motion" means a non-privileged motion that is made when a
75	non-privileged motion is pending.
76	[(13)] (14) "Under consideration" means the time starting when a chair opens a
77	discussion on a subject or an appropriations request that is listed on a committee agenda and
78	ending when the committee disposes of the subject or request, moves on to another item on the
79	agenda, or adjourns.
80	Section 2. JR3-2-701 is amended to read:
81	JR3-2-701. Request for appropriation Contents Timing.
82	(1) (a) A legislator [wishing to obtain funding for a project or program that has not
83	previously been funded, or to obtain additional or separate funding for a project or program,
84	shall] intending to file a request for appropriation shall file the request for appropriation with
85	the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst in accordance with this rule.

86	(b) Except for an amendment to a proposed budget item described in JR3-2-703, a
87	committee may not adopt, recommend, or prioritize a request for appropriation that is not filed
88	or generated in accordance with this rule.
89	[(b)] (c) A legislator may not file a request for appropriation if the request is intended
90	to fund the fiscal impact of legislation.
91	[(c)] (d) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall automatically generate a
92	request for appropriation to fund the fiscal impact of legislation if:
93	(i) the legislation has an expenditure impact of \$1,000,000 or more from the General
94	Fund or the Education Fund; and
95	(ii) the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst knows the fiscal impact of the
96	legislation before the deadline described in Subsection (3)(a).
97	(2) (a) A legislator may file a request for appropriation beginning 60 days after the day
98	on which the Legislature adjourns its annual general session sine die.
99	(b) A legislator-elect may file a request for appropriation beginning on:
100	(i) the day after the day on which the election canvass is complete; or
101	(ii) if the legislator-elect's election results have not been finalized as of the canvass
102	date, the day after the day on which the election results for the legislator-elect's race are final.
103	(c) An incumbent legislator may not file a request for appropriation as of the date that
104	the legislator:
105	(i) fails to file to run for reelection;
106	(ii) resigns or is removed from office; or
107	(iii) is ineligible to be included on the ballot for the election in which the legislator
108	would have sought an additional term.
109	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a legislator may not file a request for
110	appropriation with the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst after noon on the 11th day of the
111	annual general session.
112	(b) After the date established by this Subsection (3), a legislator may file a request for
113	appropriation if:

114	(i) for a request by a House member, the representative makes a motion to file a request
115	for appropriation and that motion is approved by a constitutional majority of the House; [or]
116	(ii) for a request by a senator, the senator makes a motion to file a request for
117	appropriation and that motion is approved by a constitutional majority vote of the Senate[-]; or
118	(iii) a member of the Executive Appropriations Committee has presented the request at
119	a public meeting of the Executive Appropriations Committee.
120	(4) A legislator who files a request for appropriation:
121	(a) is the chief sponsor; and
122	(b) shall provide the following information related to the project or program that is the
123	subject of the request for appropriation:
124	(i) the name and a description of the project or program;
125	(ii) the statewide purpose of the project or program;
126	(iii) if applicable, the legislator's designee who is knowledgeable about and responsible
127	for providing pertinent information while the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst processes
128	the request;
129	(iv) the state funding source from which the legislator proposes to fund the project or
130	program;
131	(v) the amount of the request and whether the amount is to be appropriated one-time,
132	ongoing, or a combination of one-time and ongoing;
133	(vi) an itemized budget for the project or program;
134	(vii) the state agency that has jurisdiction over the project or program;
135	(viii) if the request is for pass through funding that a state agency will distribute, the
136	type of entity or organization the legislator intends to receive the funding;
137	(ix) the scalability of the project or program; and
138	(x) one or more outcomes the legislator expects the project or program to achieve.
139	Section 3. JR3-2-702 is amended to read:
140	JR3-2-702. Review and referral of requests for appropriation.
141	(1) (a) The legislative fiscal analyst shall review each request for appropriation.

142	(b) If the request for appropriation requires that a statute be enacted, amended, or
143	repealed, the legislative fiscal analyst shall immediately transfer the request to the Office of
144	Legislative Research and General Counsel as a request for legislation.
145	(c) If the request for appropriation contains each item described in JR3-2-701(4) and
146	does not require that a statute be enacted, amended, or repealed, the legislative fiscal analyst
147	shall number, title, and refer the request for appropriation to:
148	(i) the House chair of the Executive Appropriations Committee, if the sponsor is a
149	House member; or
150	(ii) the Senate chair of the Executive Appropriations Committee, if the sponsor is a
151	Senate member.
152	(2) The House or Senate chair of the Executive Appropriations Committee shall refer
153	the request for appropriation to the joint appropriations subcommittee with oversight
154	responsibility or to the Executive Appropriations Committee.
155	(3) Each joint appropriations subcommittee that receives a request for appropriation
156	shall:
157	(a) allow the sponsor to present and discuss the request <u>for appropriation</u> with the
158	subcommittee;
159	(b) discuss the request for appropriation; and
160	(c) do one of the following:
161	(i) include all or part of the [requested appropriation] request for appropriation in the
162	budget recommendation made by the subcommittee or the Executive Appropriations
163	Committee;
164	(ii) reject the request for appropriation; or
165	(iii) recommend to the Executive Appropriations Committee that all or part of the
166	requested appropriation be placed on a funding prioritization list.
167	Section 4. JR3-2-703 is amended to read:
168	JR3-2-703. Amending proposed budget items Amendments must be germane.
169	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and if recognized by the chair, a

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170	committee member may make a motion to amend a proposed budget item [or request for
171	appropriation] that is under consideration.
172	(b) (i) A committee member may propose a verbal amendment to a proposed budget
173	item [or request for appropriation] under consideration if the amendment contains 15 or fewer
174	words.
175	(ii) Before proposing a motion to amend, a committee member shall ensure that a
176	proposed amendment that contains more than 15 words is printed and distributed to committee
177	staff and to all committee members present.
178	(2) (a) A committee member may only make a motion to amend that is germane to the
179	proposed budget item [or request for appropriation] under consideration.
180	(b) A committee member who believes that an amendment is not germane to the
181	subject of the proposed budget item [or request for appropriation] may make a point of order or
182	appeal as described in JR3-2-806.
183	Section 5. JR3-2-704 is amended to read:
184	JR3-2-704. Reconsideration of action.
185	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and if recognized by the chair, a committee
186	member may make a motion to reconsider the committee's action on a proposed budget item
187	[or request for appropriation] if the proposed budget item [or request for appropriation] is:
188	(a) assigned to the committee; and
189	(b) listed on the committee agenda as required by Utah Code Title 52, Chapter 4, Open
190	and Public Meetings Act.
191	(2) A committee may not reconsider its action:
192	(a) more than once in a meeting; and
193	(b) until the committee has considered other committee business.
194	Section 6. JR3-2-810 is amended to read:
195	JR3-2-810. Repeating defeated motion.
196	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a motion that is defeated may not be made by
197	a committee member until the committee has considered other committee business.

- 198 (2) A motion to postpone a proposed budget item [or a request for appropriation] to a
- 199 day certain, if defeated, may not be made again by any committee member during the same
- 200 committee meeting.