	WORKERS' COMPENSATION AND UNINCORPORATED
	ENTITIES AMENDMENTS
	2011 THIRD SPECIAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Michael T. Morley
	Senate Sponsor: Karen Mayne
LO	ONG TITLE
Co	mmittee Note:
	The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill amends the Workers' Compensation Act to address workers' compensation
req	uirements for unincorporated entities.
Hig	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>addresses workers' compensation coverage requirements for unincorporated entities;</li> </ul>
and	
	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming amendments.</li> </ul>
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Otl	her Special Clauses:
	This bill provides an immediate effective date.
	This bill provides retrospective operation to July 1, 2011.
Uta	nh Code Sections Affected:
AM	MENDS:
	<b>34A-2-103</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 328 and 413



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28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
29	Section 1. Section <b>34A-2-103</b> is amended to read:
30	34A-2-103. Employers enumerated and defined Regularly employed
31	Statutory employers.
32	(1) (a) The state, and each county, city, town, and school district in the state are
33	considered employers under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
34	(b) For the purposes of the exclusive remedy in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
35	Occupational Disease Act prescribed in Sections 34A-2-105 and 34A-3-102, the state is
36	considered to be a single employer and includes any office, department, agency, authority,
37	commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, or other instrumentality of the
38	state.
39	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), each person, including each public utility
40	and each independent contractor, who regularly employs one or more workers or operatives in
41	the same business, or in or about the same establishment, under any contract of hire, express or
42	implied, oral or written, is considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
43	Occupational Disease Act.
44	(b) As used in this Subsection (2):
45	(i) "Independent contractor" means any person engaged in the performance of any work
46	for another who, while so engaged, is:
47	(A) independent of the employer in all that pertains to the execution of the work;
48	(B) not subject to the routine rule or control of the employer;
49	(C) engaged only in the performance of a definite job or piece of work; and
50	(D) subordinate to the employer only in effecting a result in accordance with the
51	employer's design.
52	(ii) "Regularly" includes all employments in the usual course of the trade, business,
53	profession, or occupation of the employer, whether continuous throughout the year or for only a
54	portion of the year.
55	(3) (a) The client under a professional employer organization agreement regulated
56	under Title 31A, Chapter 40, Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act:
57	(i) is considered the employer of a covered employee; and
58	(ii) subject to Section 31A-40-209, shall secure workers' compensation benefits for a

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59 covered employee by complying with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules.

- (b) The division shall promptly inform the Insurance Department if the division has reason to believe that a professional employer organization is not in compliance with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules.
- (4) A domestic employer who does not employ one employee or more than one employee at least 40 hours per week is not considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
  - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5):
- (i) (A) "agricultural employer" means a person who employs agricultural labor as defined in Subsections 35A-4-206(1) and (2) and does not include employment as provided in Subsection 35A-4-206(3); and
  - (B) notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), only for purposes of determining who is a member of the employer's immediate family under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), if the agricultural employer is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, "agricultural employer" means an officer, director, or partner of the business entity;
- 74 (ii) "employer's immediate family" means:
- 75 (A) an agricultural employer's:
- 76 (I) spouse;

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- 77 (II) grandparent;
- 78 (III) parent;
- 79 (IV) sibling;
- 80 (V) child;
- 81 (VI) grandchild;
- 82 (VII) nephew; or
- 83 (VIII) niece;
- (B) a spouse of any person provided in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A)(II) through (VIII); or
- 85 (C) an individual who is similar to those listed in Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) or (B) as 86 defined by rules of the commission; and
  - (iii) "nonimmediate family" means a person who is not a member of the employer's immediate family.
    - (b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an

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H.B. 3003 90 agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a member of the employer's immediate 91 family. 92 (c) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an 93 agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if: 94 (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all 95 nonimmediate family employees was less than \$8,000; or 96 (ii) (A) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll 97 for all nonimmediate family employees was equal to or greater than \$8,000 but less than 98 \$50,000; and 99 (B) the agricultural employer maintains insurance that covers job-related injuries of the 100 employer's nonimmediate family employees in at least the following amounts: 101 (I) \$300,000 liability insurance, as defined in Section 31A-1-301; and

- (II) \$5,000 for health care benefits similar to benefits under health care insurance as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
  - (d) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if:
- (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all nonimmediate family employees is equal to or greater than \$50,000; or
- (ii) (A) for the previous year the agricultural employer's total payroll for nonimmediate family employees was equal to or exceeds \$8,000 but is less than \$50,000; and
- (B) the agricultural employer fails to maintain the insurance required under Subsection (5)(c)(ii)(B).
- (6) An employer of agricultural laborers or domestic servants who is not considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, may come under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, by complying with:
  - (a) this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and
- (b) the rules of the commission.
- (7) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(a), "employer" includes any of the following persons that procures work to be done by a contractor notwithstanding whether or not the person directly employs a person:
- (A) a sole proprietorship;

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- 121 (B) a corporation;
- 122 (C) a partnership;

- 123 (D) a limited liability company; or
- (E) a person similar to one described in Subsections (7)(a)(i)(A) through (D).
  - (ii) If an employer procures any work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor over whose work the employer retains supervision or control, and this work is a part or process in the trade or business of the employer, the contractor, all persons employed by the contractor, all subcontractors under the contractor, and all persons employed by any of these subcontractors, are considered employees of the original employer for the purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
  - (b) Any person who is engaged in constructing, improving, repairing, or remodelling a residence that the person owns or is in the process of acquiring as the person's personal residence may not be considered an employee or employer solely by operation of Subsection (7)(a).
  - (c) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the employer who procures work to be done by the partnership or sole proprietorship obtains and relies on either:
  - (i) a valid certification of the partnership's or sole proprietorship's compliance with Section 34A-2-201 indicating that the partnership or sole proprietorship secured the payment of workers' compensation benefits pursuant to Section 34A-2-201; or
  - (ii) if a partnership or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship, a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued by an insurer pursuant to Part 10, Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, stating that:
  - (A) the partnership or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
  - (B) the partner or owner personally waives the partner's or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership or sole proprietorship.
  - (d) A director or officer of a corporation is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection

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152	34A-2-104(4).
153	(e) A contractor or subcontractor is not an employee of the employer under Subsection
154	(7)(a), if the employer who procures work to be done by the contractor or subcontractor obtains
155	and relies on either:
156	(i) a valid certification of the contractor's or subcontractor's compliance with Section
157	34A-2-201; or
158	(ii) if a partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a
159	partner of the partnership, officer of the corporation, or owner of the sole proprietorship, a
160	workers' compensation coverage waiver issued by an insurer pursuant to Part 10, Workers'
161	Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, stating that:
162	(A) the partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an
163	independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
164	(B) the partner, corporate officer, or owner personally waives the partner's, corporate
165	officer's, or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
166	Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership's, corporation's, or sole
167	proprietorship's enterprise under a contract of hire for services.
168	(f) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (7)(f), "eligible employer" means a person who:
169	(A) is an employer; and
170	(B) procures work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor,
171	including:
172	(I) all persons employed by the contractor;
173	(II) all subcontractors under the contractor; and
174	(III) all persons employed by any of these subcontractors.
175	(ii) Notwithstanding the other provisions in this Subsection (7), if the conditions of
176	Subsection (7)(f)(iii) are met, an eligible employer is considered an employer for purposes of
177	Section 34A-2-105 of the contractor, subcontractor, and all persons employed by the contractor
178	or subcontractor described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(B).
179	(iii) Subsection (7)(f)(ii) applies if the eligible employer:

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(A) under Subsection (7)(a) is liable for and pays workers' compensation benefits as an original employer under Subsection (7)(a) because the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply with Section 34A-2-201;

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183	(B) (I) secures the payment of workers' compensation benefits for the contractor or
184	subcontractor pursuant to Section 34A-2-201;
185	(II) procures work to be done that is part or process of the trade or business of the
186	eligible employer; and
187	(III) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
188	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
189	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
190	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
191	which the eligible employer procures work; and
192	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
193	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program; or
194	(C) (I) obtains and relies on:
195	(Aa) a valid certification described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) or (7)(e)(i);
196	(Bb) a workers' compensation coverage waiver described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii) or
197	(7)(e)(ii); or
198	(Cc) proof that a director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection
199	34A-2-104(4);
200	(II) is liable under Subsection (7)(a) for the payment of workers' compensation benefits
201	if the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply with Section 34A-2-201;
202	(III) procures work to be done that is part or process in the trade or business of the
203	eligible employer; and
204	(IV) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
205	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
206	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
207	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
208	which the eligible employer procures work; and
209	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
210	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program.
211	(8) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (8), "unincorporated entity" means an entity
212	organized or doing business in the state that is not:
213	(i) an individual:

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214	(ii) a corporation; or
215	(iii) publicly traded.
216	(b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an
217	unincorporated entity that is required to be licensed under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah
218	Construction Trades Licensing Act, is [considered] presumed to be the employer of each
219	individual who holds, directly or indirectly, an ownership interest in the unincorporated entity.
220	Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(c) and Subsection 34A-2-104(3), the unincorporated entity
221	shall provide the individual who holds the ownership interest workers' compensation coverage
222	under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act unless the presumption is
223	rebutted under Subsection (8)(c).
224	(c) Pursuant to rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
225	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, an unincorporated entity may rebut the presumption
226	under Subsection (8)(b) for an individual by establishing by clear and convincing evidence that
227	the individual:
228	(i) is an active manager of the unincorporated entity;
229	(ii) directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest in the unincorporated
230	entity; or
231	(iii) is not subject to supervision or control in the performance of work by:
232	(A) the unincorporated entity; or
233	(B) a person with whom the unincorporated entity contracts.
234	(d) As part of the rules made under Subsection (8)(c), the commission may define:
235	(i) "active manager";
236	(ii) "directly or indirectly holds at least an 8% ownership interest"; and
237	(iii) "subject to supervision or control in the performance of work."
238	Section 2. Effective date.
239	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
240	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
241	Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
242	the date of veto override.
243	Section 3. Retrospective operation.
244	This bill has retrospective operation to July 1, 2011.

Legislative Review Note as of 9-27-11 3:39 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel