UTAH ENERGY ACT AMENDMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill makes changes to the qualifications for certain energy related tax credits.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 prohibits a taxpayer, claimant, estate, or trust from claiming or carrying forward a
renewable energy system tax credit and an alternative energy development tax credit
in the same taxable year.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides retrospective operation.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-7-614, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 274
59-7-614.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
59-10-1029, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280
59-10-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 280, 374

27 Section 1. Section **59-7-614** is amended to read:

28	59-7-614. Renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions Certification
29	Rulemaking authority.
30	(1) As used in this section:
31	(a) (i) "Active solar system" means a system of equipment that is capable of:
32	(A) collecting and converting incident solar radiation into thermal, mechanical, or
33	electrical energy; and
34	(B) transferring a form of energy described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) by a separate
35	apparatus to storage or to the point of use.
36	(ii) "Active solar system" includes water heating, space heating or cooling, and
37	electrical or mechanical energy generation.
38	(b) "Biomass system" means a system of apparatus and equipment for use in:
39	(i) converting material into biomass energy, as defined in Section 59-12-102; and
40	(ii) transporting the biomass energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
41	(c) "Commercial energy system" means a system that is:
42	(i) (A) an active solar system;
43	(B) a biomass system;
44	(C) a direct use geothermal system;
45	(D) a geothermal electricity system;
46	(E) a geothermal heat pump system;
47	(F) a hydroenergy system;
48	(G) a passive solar system; or
49	(H) a wind system;
50	(ii) located in the state; and
51	(iii) used:
52	(A) to supply energy to a commercial unit; or
53	(B) as a commercial enterprise.
54	(d) "Commercial enterprise" means an entity, the purpose of which is to produce:
55	(i) electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy for sale from a commercial energy system;
56	or
57	(ii) hydrogen for sale from a hydrogen production system.
58	(e) (i) "Commercial unit" means a building or structure that an entity uses to transact

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59	business.
60	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i):
61	(A) with respect to an active solar system used for agricultural water pumping or a
62	wind system, each individual energy generating device is considered to be a commercial unit;
63	or
64	(B) if an energy system is the building or structure that an entity uses to transact
65	business, a commercial unit is the complete energy system itself.
66	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that
67	enables the direct use of geothermal energy to meet energy needs, including heating a building,
68	an industrial process, and aquaculture.
69	(g) "Geothermal electricity" means energy that is:
70	(i) contained in heat that continuously flows outward from the earth; and
71	(ii) used as a sole source of energy to produce electricity.
72	(h) "Geothermal energy" means energy generated by heat that is contained in the earth.
73	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that:
74	(i) enables the use of thermal properties contained in the earth at temperatures well
75	below 100 degrees Fahrenheit; and
76	(ii) helps meet heating and cooling needs of a structure.
77	(j) "Hydroenergy system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable
78	of:
79	(i) intercepting and converting kinetic water energy into electrical or mechanical
80	energy; and
81	(ii) transferring this form of energy by separate apparatus to the point of use or storage.
82	(k) "Hydrogen production system" means a system of apparatus and equipment, located
83	in this state, that uses:
84	(i) electricity from a renewable energy source to create hydrogen gas from water,
85	regardless of whether the renewable energy source is at a separate facility or the same facility
86	as the system of apparatus and equipment; or
87	(ii) uses renewable natural gas to produce hydrogen gas.
88	(1) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
89	(m) (i) "Passive solar system" means a direct thermal system that utilizes the structure

- H.B. 528 90 of a building and the structure's operable components to provide for collection, storage, and 91 distribution of heating or cooling during the appropriate times of the year by utilizing the 92 climate resources available at the site. 93 (ii) "Passive solar system" includes those portions and components of a building that 94 are expressly designed and required for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy. 95 (n) "Photovoltaic system" means an active solar system that generates electricity from 96 sunlight. 97 (o) (i) "Principal recovery portion" means the portion of a lease payment that 98 constitutes the cost a person incurs in acquiring a commercial energy system. 99 (ii) "Principal recovery portion" does not include: 100 (A) an interest charge; or 101 (B) a maintenance expense. 102 (p) "Renewable energy source" means the same as that term is defined in Section 103 54-17-601. 104 (q) "Residential energy system" means the following used to supply energy to or for a 105 residential unit: 106 (i) an active solar system; 107 (ii) a biomass system; 108 (iii) a direct use geothermal system; 109 (iv) a geothermal heat pump system; 110 (v) a hydroenergy system; 111 (vi) a passive solar system; or 112 (vii) a wind system. 113 (r) (i) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, apartment, or similar dwelling 114 unit that: 115 (A) is located in the state; and 116 (B) serves as a dwelling for a person, group of persons, or a family. 117 (ii) "Residential unit" does not include property subject to a fee under:
- 118 (A) Section 59-2-405;
- 119 (B) Section 59-2-405.1;
- 120 (C) Section 59-2-405.2;

121	(D) Section 59-2-405.3; or
122	(E) Section 72-10-110.5.
123	(s) "Wind system" means a system of apparatus and equipment that is capable of:
124	(i) intercepting and converting wind energy into mechanical or electrical energy; and
125	(ii) transferring these forms of energy by a separate apparatus to the point of use, sale,
126	or storage.
127	(2) A taxpayer may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in this section
128	against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year.
129	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a taxpayer may claim a
130	nonrefundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a residential unit the taxpayer
131	owns or uses if:
132	(i) the taxpayer:
133	(A) purchases and completes a residential energy system to supply all or part of the
134	energy required for the residential unit; or
135	(B) participates in the financing of a residential energy system to supply all or part of
136	the energy required for the residential unit; and
137	(ii) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
138	Subsection (8).
139	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (iv) and, as applicable, Subsection
140	(3)(c) or (d), the tax credit is equal to 25% of the reasonable costs of each residential energy
141	system installed with respect to each residential unit the taxpayer owns or uses.
142	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs.
143	(iii) A taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) for the taxable year in
144	which the residential energy system is completed and placed in service.
145	(iv) If the amount of a tax credit under this Subsection (3) exceeds a taxpayer's tax
146	liability under this chapter for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the
147	tax credit exceeding the liability for a period that does not exceed the next four taxable years.
148	(c) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) for a
149	residential energy system, other than a photovoltaic system, may not exceed \$2,000 per
150	residential unit.
151	(d) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (3) for a

152	photovoltaic system may not exceed:
153	(i) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2018, but on or before December 31,
154	2020, \$1,600;
155	(ii) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2021, but on or before December 31,
156	2021, \$1,200;
157	(iii) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2022, but on or before December 31,
158	2022, \$800;
159	(iv) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2023, but on or before December 31,
160	2023, \$400; and
161	(v) for a system installed on or after January 1, 2024, \$0.
162	(e) If a taxpayer sells a residential unit to another person before the taxpayer claims the
163	tax credit under this Subsection (3):
164	(i) the taxpayer may assign the tax credit to the other person; and
165	(ii) (A) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim
166	the tax credit under this section as if the other person had met the requirements of this section
167	to claim the tax credit; or
168	(B) if the other person files a return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the
169	other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-10-1014 as if the other person had met
170	the requirements of Section 59-10-1014 to claim the tax credit.
171	(4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a taxpayer may claim a
172	refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
173	(i) the commercial energy system does not use:
174	(A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a
175	total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or
176	(B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity;
177	(ii) the taxpayer purchases or participates in the financing of the commercial energy
178	system;
179	(iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
180	commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
181	(B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy
182	system as a commercial enterprise;

183	(iv) the taxpayer has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (7)
184	for hydrogen production using electricity for which the taxpayer claims a tax credit under this
185	Subsection (4); and
186	(v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
187	Subsection (8).
188	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(b)(ii) through (iv), the tax credit is equal to 10% of
189	the reasonable costs of the commercial energy system.
190	(ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (4) may include installation costs.
191	(iii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) for the taxable
192	year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service.
193	(iv) The total amount of tax credit a taxpayer may claim under this Subsection (4) may
194	not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit.
195	(c) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(c)(ii) and (iii), a taxpayer that is a lessee of a
196	commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this
197	Subsection (4) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax
198	credit.
199	(ii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim as a tax credit under this
200	Subsection (4) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments.
201	(iii) A taxpayer described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit under this
202	Subsection (4) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the day on which the
203	lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement.
204	(5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a taxpayer may claim a
205	refundable tax credit under this Subsection (5) with respect to a commercial energy system if:
206	(i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass
207	equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity;
208	(ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by
209	commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or
210	(B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy
211	system as a commercial enterprise;
212	(iii) the taxpayer has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (7)
213	for hydrogen production using electricity for which the taxpayer claims a tax credit under this

- 214 Subsection (5); and 215 (iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 216 Subsection (8). 217 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) is equal to 218 the product of: 219 (A) 0.35 cents; and 220 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year. 221 (ii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) for production 222 occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial 223 energy system is placed in commercial service. 224 (c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial 225 unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor 226 irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit. 227 (6) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (6), a taxpayer may claim a 228 refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (6) if: 229 (i) the taxpayer owns a commercial energy system that uses solar equipment capable of 230 producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; 231 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 232 commercial units owned or used by the taxpayer; or 233 (B) the taxpayer sells all or part of the energy produced by the commercial energy 234 system as a commercial enterprise; 235 (iii) the taxpayer does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4) and has not claimed 236 and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (7) for hydrogen production using electricity 237 for which a taxpayer claims a tax credit under this Subsection (6); and 238 (iv) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with 239 Subsection (8). 240 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6) is equal to 241 the product of: 242 (A) 0.35 cents; and 243 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year.
- 244 (ii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) for production

245	occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the commercial
246	energy system is placed in commercial service.
247	(c) A taxpayer that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial
248	unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6) if the taxpayer confirms that the lessor
249	irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit.
250	(7) (a) A taxpayer may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (7)
251	if:
252	(i) the taxpayer owns a hydrogen production system;
253	(ii) the hydrogen production system is completed and placed in service on or after
254	January 1, 2022;
255	(iii) the taxpayer sells as a commercial enterprise, or supplies for the taxpayer's own
256	use in commercial units, the hydrogen produced from the hydrogen production system;
257	(iv) the taxpayer has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under Subsection (4),
258	(5), or (6) or Section 59-7-626 for electricity or hydrogen used to meet the requirements of this
259	Subsection (7); and
260	(v) the taxpayer obtains a written certification from the office in accordance with
261	Subsection (8).
262	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (7)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (7)
263	is equal to the product of:
264	(A) \$0.12; and
265	(B) the number of kilograms of hydrogen produced during the taxable year.
266	(ii) A taxpayer may not receive a tax credit under this Subsection (7) for more than
267	5,600 metric tons of hydrogen per taxable year.
268	(iii) A taxpayer is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (7) for production
269	occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the hydrogen
270	production system is placed in commercial service.
271	(8) (a) Before a taxpayer may claim a tax credit under this section, the taxpayer shall
272	obtain a written certification from the office.
273	(b) The office shall issue a taxpayer a written certification if the office determines that:
274	(i) the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax credit; and
275	(ii) the residential energy system, the commercial energy system, or the hydrogen

276	production system with respect to which the taxpayer seeks to claim a tax credit:
277	(A) has been completely installed;
278	(B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
279	(C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the residential
280	energy system, the commercial energy system, or the hydrogen production system uses the
281	state's renewable and nonrenewable energy resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
282	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
283	office may make rules:
284	(i) for determining whether a residential energy system, a commercial energy system,
285	or a hydrogen production system meets the requirements of Subsection (8)(b)(ii); and
286	(ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3) or (4), establishing the reasonable
287	costs of a residential energy system or a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of
288	energy production.
289	(d) A taxpayer that obtains a written certification from the office shall retain the
290	certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records under
291	Section 59-1-1406.
292	(e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
293	(i) the name and identifying information of each taxpayer to which the office issues a
294	written certification; and
295	(ii) for each taxpayer:
296	(A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and
297	(B) the date the renewable energy system was installed.
298	(9) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
299	commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
300	(10) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
301	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
302	(11) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in this section in
303	a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section
304	<u>59-7-614.7.</u>
305	Section 2. Section 59-7-614.7 is amended to read:
306	59-7-614.7. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.

307 (1) As used in this section:

308 (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section309 79-6-502.

310 (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section311 79-6-502.

312 (c) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.

313 (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
 314 claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.

315 (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
316 tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 79, Chapter 6, Part 5, Alternative Energy
317 Development Tax Credit Act, to the alternative energy entity for the taxable year.

318 (4) An alternative energy entity may carry forward a tax credit under this section for a319 period that does not exceed the next seven taxable years if:

320 (a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a321 taxable year; and

322 (b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability323 under this chapter for that taxable year.

(5) (a) In accordance with Section 59-7-159, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.

(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by
this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office,
to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means:

(A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity foreach taxable year;

(B) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;

333 (C) the information contained in the office's latest report under Section 79-6-505; and

334

(D) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.

(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.

337 (B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting

338	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
339	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
340	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all alternative
341	energy entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
342	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
343	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
344	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
345	office under Subsection (5)(b).
346	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the
347	recommendations described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
348	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
349	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
350	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.
351	(6) A taxpayer may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in Subsection (2)
352	in a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries forward a tax credit under Section
252	50.7.614
353	<u>59-7-614.</u>
353 354	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read:
354	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read:
354 355	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit.
354 355 356	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section:
354 355 356 357	 Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
354 355 356 357 358	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502.
354 355 356 357 358 359	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section
 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502.
 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (c) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (c) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401. (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may
 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (c) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401. (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section.
 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 	Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (c) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401. (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section. (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a
 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 	 Section 3. Section 59-10-1029 is amended to read: 59-10-1029. Nonrefundable alternative energy development tax credit. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Alternative energy entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (b) "Alternative energy project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 79-6-502. (c) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401. (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, an alternative energy entity may claim a nonrefundable tax credit for alternative energy development as provided in this section. (3) The tax credit under this section is the amount listed as the tax credit amount on a tax credit certificate that the office issues under Title 79, Chapter 6, Part 5, Alternative Energy

369	(a) the alternative energy entity is allowed to claim a tax credit under this section for a
370	taxable year; and
371	(b) the amount of the tax credit exceeds the alternative energy entity's tax liability
372	under this chapter for that taxable year.
373	(5) (a) In accordance with Section 59-10-137, the Revenue and Taxation Interim
374	Committee shall study the tax credit allowed by this section and make recommendations
375	concerning whether the tax credit should be continued, modified, or repealed.
376	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of the study required by
377	this Subsection (5), the office shall provide the following information, if available to the office,
378	to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by electronic means:
379	(A) the amount of tax credit that the office grants to each alternative energy entity for
380	each taxable year;
381	(B) the new state revenues generated by each alternative energy project;
382	(C) the information contained in the office's latest report under Section 79-6-505; and
383	(D) any other information that the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst requests.
384	(ii) (A) In providing the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i), the office shall
385	redact information that identifies a recipient of a tax credit under this section.
386	(B) If, notwithstanding the redactions made under Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), reporting
387	the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) might disclose the identity of a recipient of a
388	tax credit, the office may file a request with the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee to
389	provide the information described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) in the aggregate for all alternative
390	energy entities that receive the tax credit under this section.
391	(c) As part of the study required by this Subsection (5), the Office of the Legislative
392	Fiscal Analyst shall report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee a summary and
393	analysis of the information provided to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by the
394	office under Subsection (5)(b).
395	(d) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall ensure that the
396	recommendations described in Subsection (5)(a) include an evaluation of:
397	(i) the cost of the tax credit to the state;
398	(ii) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credit; and
399	(iii) the extent to which the state benefits from the tax credit.

400	(6) A claimant, estate, or trust $\hat{H} \rightarrow [may not claim] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ may not claim or carry forward a
400a	tax
401	credit described in Subsection (2) in a taxable year during which the taxpayer claims or carries
402	forward a tax credit under Section 59-10-1106.
403	Section 4. Section 59-10-1106 is amended to read:
404	59-10-1106. Refundable renewable energy systems tax credits Definitions
405	Certification Rulemaking authority.
406	(1) As used in this section:
407	(a) "Active solar system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
408	59-10-1014.
409	(b) "Biomass system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
410	(c) "Commercial energy system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
411	59-7-614.
412	(d) "Commercial enterprise" means the same as that term is defined in Section
413	59-7-614.
414	(e) "Commercial unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-7-614.
415	(f) "Direct use geothermal system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
416	59-10-1014.
417	(g) "Geothermal electricity" means the same as that term is defined in Section
418	59-10-1014.
419	(h) "Geothermal energy" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014.
420	(i) "Geothermal heat pump system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
421	59-10-1014.
422	(j) "Hydroenergy system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
423	59-10-1014.
424	(k) "Hydrogen production system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
425	59-7-614.
426	(1) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.
427	(m) "Passive solar system" means the same as that term is defined in Section
428	59-10-1014.
429	(n) "Principal recovery portion" means the same as that term is defined in Section
430	59-10-1014.

431 (o) "Wind system" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-1014. 432 (2) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim an energy system tax credit as provided in 433 this section against a tax due under this chapter for a taxable year. 434 (3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a claimant, estate, or trust 435 may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (3) with respect to a commercial 436 energy system if: 437 (i) the commercial energy system does not use: (A) wind, geothermal electricity, solar, or biomass equipment capable of producing a 438 439 total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; or 440 (B) solar equipment capable of producing 2,000 or more kilowatts of electricity; 441 (ii) the claimant, estate, or trust purchases or participates in the financing of the 442 commercial energy system; 443 (iii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 444 commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or 445 (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the 446 commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; 447 (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under 448 Subsection (6) for hydrogen production using electricity for which the claimant, estate, or trust 449 claims a tax credit under this Subsection (3); and 450 (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 451 accordance with Subsection (7). 452 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(b)(ii) through (iv), the tax credit is equal to 10% of 453 the reasonable costs of the commercial energy system. 454 (ii) A tax credit under this Subsection (3) may include installation costs. 455 (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (3) 456 for the taxable year in which the commercial energy system is completed and placed in service. 457 (iv) The total amount of tax credit a claimant, estate, or trust may claim under this 458 Subsection (3) may not exceed \$50,000 per commercial unit. 459 (c) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(c)(ii) and (iii), a claimant, estate, or trust that is a 460 lessee of a commercial energy system installed on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit 461 under this Subsection (3) if the claimant, estate, or trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably

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462 elects not to claim the tax credit. 463 (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim as a tax 464 credit under this Subsection (3) only the principal recovery portion of the lease payments. 465 (iii) A claimant, estate, or trust described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) may claim a tax credit 466 under this Subsection (3) for a period that does not exceed seven taxable years after the day on 467 which the lease begins, as stated in the lease agreement. 468 (4) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (4), a claimant, estate, or trust 469 may claim a refundable tax credit under this Subsection (4) with respect to a commercial 470 energy system if: 471 (i) the commercial energy system uses wind, geothermal electricity, or biomass 472 equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; 473 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 474 commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or 475 (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the 476 commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; 477 (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under 478 Subsection (6) for hydrogen production using electricity for which the claimant, estate, or trust 479 claims a tax credit under this Subsection (4): and 480 (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 481 accordance with Subsection (7). 482 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (4) is equal to 483 the product of: 484 (A) 0.35 cents; and 485 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year. 486 (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) 487 for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the 488 commercial energy system is placed in commercial service. 489 (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed 490 on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (4) if the claimant, estate, or 491 trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit. 492 (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (5), a claimant, estate, or trust

493 may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this Subsection (5) if: 494 (i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a commercial energy system that uses solar 495 equipment capable of producing a total of 660 or more kilowatts of electricity; 496 (ii) (A) the commercial energy system supplies all or part of the energy required by 497 commercial units owned or used by the claimant, estate, or trust; or 498 (B) the claimant, estate, or trust sells all or part of the energy produced by the 499 commercial energy system as a commercial enterprise; 500 (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust does not claim a tax credit under Subsection (3): (iv) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under 501 502 Subsection (6) for hydrogen production using electricity for which a taxpayer claims a tax 503 credit under this Subsection (5); and 504 (v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in 505 accordance with Subsection (7). 506 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a tax credit under this Subsection (5) is equal to 507 the product of: 508 (A) 0.35 cents; and 509 (B) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced and used or sold during the taxable year. 510 (ii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) 511 for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the 512 commercial energy system is placed in commercial service. 513 (c) A claimant, estate, or trust that is a lessee of a commercial energy system installed 514 on a commercial unit may claim a tax credit under this Subsection (5) if the claimant, estate, or 515 trust confirms that the lessor irrevocably elects not to claim the tax credit. 516 (6) (a) A claimant, estate, or trust may claim a refundable tax credit as provided in this 517 Subsection (6) if: 518 (i) the claimant, estate, or trust owns a hydrogen production system; 519 (ii) the hydrogen production system is completed and placed in service on or after 520 January 1, 2022; 521 (iii) the claimant, estate, or trust sells as a commercial enterprise, or supplies for the 522 claimant's, estate's, or trust's own use in commercial units, the hydrogen produced from the 523 hydrogen production system;

524	(iv) the claimant, estate, or trust has not claimed and will not claim a tax credit under
525	Subsection (3), (4), or (5) for electricity used to meet the requirements of this Subsection (6);
526	and
527	(v) the claimant, estate, or trust obtains a written certification from the office in
528	accordance with Subsection (7).
529	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (6)(b)(ii) and (iii), a tax credit under this Subsection (6)
530	is equal to the product of:
531	(A) \$0.12; and
532	(B) the number of kilograms of hydrogen produced during the taxable year.
533	(ii) A claimant, estate, or trust may not receive a tax credit under this Subsection (6) for
534	more than 5,600 metric tons of hydrogen per taxable year.
535	(iii) A claimant, estate, or trust is eligible to claim a tax credit under this Subsection (6)
536	for production occurring during a period of 48 months beginning with the month in which the
537	hydrogen production system is placed in commercial service.
538	(7) (a) Before a claimant, estate, or trust may claim a tax credit under this section, the
539	claimant, estate, or trust shall obtain a written certification from the office.
540	(b) The office shall issue a claimant, estate, or trust a written certification if the office
541	determines that:
542	(i) the claimant, estate, or trust meets the requirements of this section to receive a tax
543	credit; and
544	(ii) the commercial energy system or the hydrogen production system with respect to
545	which the claimant, estate, or trust seeks to claim a tax credit:
546	(A) has been completely installed;
547	(B) is a viable system for saving or producing energy from renewable resources; and
548	(C) is safe, reliable, efficient, and technically feasible to ensure that the commercial
549	energy system or the hydrogen production system uses the state's renewable and nonrenewable
550	resources in an appropriate and economic manner.
551	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
552	office may make rules:
553	(i) for determining whether a commercial energy system or a hydrogen production
554	system meets the requirements of Subsection (7)(b)(ii); and

555	(ii) for purposes of a tax credit under Subsection (3), establishing the reasonable costs
556	of a commercial energy system, as an amount per unit of energy production.
557	(d) A claimant, estate, or trust that obtains a written certification from the office shall
558	retain the certification for the same time period a person is required to keep books and records
559	under Section 59-1-1406.
560	(e) The office shall submit to the commission an electronic list that includes:
561	(i) the name and identifying information of each claimant, estate, or trust to which the
562	office issues a written certification; and
563	(ii) for each claimant, estate, or trust:
564	(A) the amount of the tax credit listed on the written certification; and
565	(B) the date the commercial energy system or the hydrogen production system was
566	installed.
567	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
568	commission may make rules to address the certification of a tax credit under this section.
569	(9) A tax credit under this section is in addition to any tax credits provided under the
570	laws or rules and regulations of the United States.
571	(10) A purchaser of one or more solar units that claims a tax credit under Section
572	59-10-1024 for the purchase of the one or more solar units may not claim a tax credit under this
573	section for that purchase.
574	(11) A claimant, estate, or trust may not claim or carry forward a tax credit described in
575	this section in a taxable year during which the claimant, estate, or trust claims or carries
576	forward a tax credit under Section $\hat{H} \rightarrow [59-7-1029] 59-10-1029 \leftarrow \hat{H}$.
577	Section 5. Retrospective operation.
578	This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1,
570	2022

579 <u>2023.</u>