1	CLEARANCE FOR DIRECT PATIENT ACCESS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Bradley G. Last
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act within the Utah
0	Health Code, the Utah Human Services Code, and the Juvenile Court Act of 1996.
1	Highlighted Provisions:
2	This bill:
3	amends Department of Health duties;
4	repeals provisions requiring a background check of:
5	 certain individuals who provide direct patient care in certain health care
6	facilities and other settings; and
7	 certain other individuals residing in a residential setting where care is provided;
8	 creates a new part, "Clearance for Direct Patient Access," in the Health Care Facility
9	Licensing and Inspection Act;
20	provides definitions;
21	requires the department to grant, deny, or revoke clearance for an individual to have
22	direct patient access;
23	 authorizes the department to limit the circumstances under which a covered
24	individual granted clearance may have direct patient access;
25	requires the department to adopt rules:
26	• specifying the information sources the department reviews to determine whether



an individual should be granted or retain clearance;

27

28	 specifying criteria to evaluate the information it reviews initially and on an
29	ongoing basis; and
30	• specifying the personal identification information that must be submitted to the
31	department;
32	 requires the Department of Public Safety, the Administrative Office of the Courts,
33	the Department of Human Services, the Division of Occupational and Professional
34	Licensing, and any other state agency or political subdivision of the state to allow
35	the Department of Health to review at no charge the information it is required to
36	review to grant, deny, or revoke clearance;
37	authorizes the Department of Health to establish fees;
38	 requires the Department of Public Safety to notify the Department of Health of
39	information that becomes available about any individual who has applied for
40	clearance;
41	 requires certain providers and contractors to apply for clearance of individuals they
42	engage who may have direct patient access;
43	 requires a residential setting provider to apply for clearance for certain individuals,
44	other than residents, residing in the residential setting;
45	 prohibits a residential setting provider from allowing certain individuals without
46	clearance, other than residents, to reside in the residential setting;
47	 allows individuals to apply for clearance to have direct patient access;
48	requires the Department of Health to create a database that allows certain providers
49	and contractors to determine whether an individual has clearance to have direct
50	patient access;
51	 authorizes the department to establish fees for use of the database by certain
52	contractors;
53	provides an exemption from civil liability;
54	makes conforming changes; and
55	makes technical corrections.
56	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
57	None
58	Other Special Clauses:

59	None
60	Utah Code Sections Affected:
61	AMENDS:
62	26-21-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 169
63	62A-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 267
64	78A-6-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 111 and renumbered and
65	amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
66	78A-6-323, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 111 and renumbered and
67	amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
68	ENACTS:
69	26-21-100 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	26-21-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	26-21-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
72	26-21-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73	26-21-204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	26-21-205 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	26-21-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76	26-21-207 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
77	26-21-208 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78	26-21-209 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
79	26-21-210 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
80	REPEALS:
81	26-21-9.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 366
82	
83	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
84	Section 1. Section 26-21-6 is amended to read:
85	26-21-6. Duties of department.
86	(1) The department shall:
87	(a) enforce rules established pursuant to this chapter;
88	(b) authorize an agent of the department to conduct inspections of health care facilities
89	pursuant to this chapter;

90	(c) collect information authorized by the committee that may be necessary to ensure
91	that adequate health care facilities are available to the public;
92	(d) collect and credit fees for licenses as free revenue;
93	(e) collect and credit fees for conducting plan reviews and fees established under
94	Chapter 21, Part 2, Clearance for Direct Patient Access, as dedicated credits;
95	(f) designate an executive secretary from within the department to assist the committee
96	in carrying out its powers and responsibilities;
97	(g) establish reasonable standards for criminal background checks by public and
98	private entities;
99	(h) recognize those public and private entities [which] that meet the standards
100	established [in] pursuant to Subsection (1)(g); and
101	(i) provide necessary administrative and staff support to the committee.
102	(2) The department may:
103	(a) exercise all incidental powers necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter;
104	(b) review architectural plans and specifications of proposed health care facilities or
105	renovations of health care facilities to ensure that the plans and specifications conform to rules
106	established by the committee; and
107	(c) make rules as necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter, except as
108	authority is specifically delegated to the committee.
109	Section 2. Section 26-21-100 is enacted to read:
110	<u>26-21-100.</u> Reserved.
111	Reserved
112	Section 3. Section 26-21-201 is enacted to read:
113	Part 2. Clearance for Direct Patient Access
114	26-21-201. Definitions.
115	As used in this part:
116	(1) "Clearance" means approval by the department under Section 26-21-203 for an
117	individual to have direct patient access.
118	(2) "Covered body" means a covered provider, covered contractor, or covered
119	employer.
120	(3) "Covered contractor" means a person that supplies covered individuals, by contract

121	to a covered employer or covered provider.
122	(4) "Covered employer" means an individual who:
123	(a) engages a covered individual to provide services in a private residence to:
124	(i) an aged individual, as defined by department rule; or
125	(ii) a disabled individual, as defined by department rule;
126	(b) is not a covered provider; and
127	(c) is not a licensed health care facility within the state.
128	(5) "Covered individual":
129	(a) means an individual:
130	(i) whom a covered body engages; and
131	(ii) who may have direct patient access;
132	(b) includes:
133	(i) a nursing assistant, as defined by department rule;
134	(ii) a personal care aide, as defined by department rule;
135	(iii) an individual licensed to engage in the practice of nursing under Title 58, Chapter
136	31b, Nurse Practice Act;
137	(iv) a provider of medical, therapeutic, or social services, including a provider of
138	laboratory and radiology services;
139	(v) an executive;
140	(vi) administrative staff, including a manager or other administrator;
141	(vii) dietary and food service staff;
142	(viii) housekeeping and maintenance staff; and
143	(ix) any other individual, as defined by department rule, who has direct patient access:
144	<u>and</u>
145	(c) does not include a student, as defined by department rule, directly supervised by a
146	member of the staff of the covered body or the student's instructor.
147	(6) "Covered provider" means:
148	(a) an end stage renal disease facility;
149	(b) a long-term care hospital;
150	(c) a nursing care facility;
151	(d) a small health care facility;

152	(e) an assisted living facility;
153	(f) a hospice;
154	(g) a home health agency; or
155	(h) a personal care agency.
156	(7) "Direct patient access" means for an individual to be in a position where the
157	individual could, in relation to a patient or resident of the covered body who engages the
158	individual:
159	(a) cause physical or mental harm;
160	(b) commit theft; or
161	(c) view medical or financial records.
162	(8) "Engage" means to obtain one's services:
163	(a) by employment;
164	(b) by contract;
165	(c) as a volunteer; or
166	(d) by other arrangement.
167	(9) "Long-term care hospital":
168	(a) means a hospital that is certified to provide long-term care services under the
169	provisions of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395tt; and
170	(b) does not include a critical access hospital, designated under 42 U.S.C. Sec.
171	<u>1395i-4(c)(2).</u>
172	(10) "Patient" means an individual who receives health care services from one of the
173	following covered providers:
174	(a) an end stage renal disease facility;
175	(b) a long-term care hospital;
176	(c) a hospice;
177	(d) a home health agency; or
178	(e) a personal care agency.
179	(11) "Personal care agency" means a health care facility defined by department rule.
180	(12) "Resident" means an individual who receives health care services from one of the
181	following covered providers:
182	(a) a nursing care facility;

183	(b) a small health care facility;
184	(c) an assisted living facility; or
185	(d) a hospice that provides living quarters as part of its services.
186	(13) "Residential setting" means a place provided by a covered provider:
187	(a) for residents to live as part of the services provided by the covered provider; and
188	(b) where an individual who is not a resident also lives.
189	(14) "Volunteer" means an individual, as defined by department rule, who provides
190	services without pay or other compensation.
191	Section 4. Section 26-21-202 is enacted to read:
192	26-21-202. Clearance required.
193	(1) A covered provider may engage a covered individual only if the individual has
194	<u>clearance.</u>
195	(2) A covered contractor may supply a covered individual to a covered employer or
196	covered provider only if the individual has clearance.
197	(3) A covered employer may engage a covered individual who does not have clearance
198	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) and (2), if a covered individual does not have
199	clearance, a covered provider may engage the individual or a covered contractor may supply
200	the individual to a covered provider or covered employer:
201	(i) if clearance for the individual has never been denied or revoked, or under other
202	circumstances specified by department rule; and
203	(ii) only while an application for clearance for the individual is pending.
204	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), an application is pending if the following have
205	been submitted to the department for the individual:
206	(i) an application for clearance;
207	(ii) the personal identification information specified by the department under
208	Subsection 26-21-204(3)(b); and
209	(iii) any fees established by the department under Subsection 26-21-204(8).
210	Section 5. Section 26-21-203 is enacted to read:
211	26-21-203. Department authorized to grant, deny, or revoke clearance
212	Department may limit direct patient access.
213	(1) As provided in Section 26-21-204, the department may grant, deny, or revoke

214	clearance for an individual, including a covered individual.
215	(2) The department may limit the circumstances under which a covered individual
216	granted clearance may have direct patient access, based on the relationship the factors under
217	Subsection 26-21-204(3)(a) and other mitigating factors may have to patient and resident
218	protection.
219	Section 6. Section 26-21-204 is enacted to read:
220	<u>26-21-204.</u> Clearance.
221	(1) The department shall determine whether to grant clearance for each applicant for
222	whom it receives:
223	(a) the personal identification information specified by the department under
224	Subsection 26-21-204(3)(b); and
225	(b) any fees established by the department under Subsection 26-21-204(8).
226	(2) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
227	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that specify the information sources it will review to
228	determine whether an individual should be granted or retain clearance, which may include:
229	(a) Department of Public Safety arrest, conviction, and disposition records described in
230	Title 53, Chapter 10, Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Act;
231	(b) Juvenile Court arrest, adjudication, and disposition records, as allowed under
232	Section 78A-6-209;
233	(c) federal criminal background databases available to the state;
234	(d) the Department of Human Services' Division of Child and Family Services
235	Licensing Information System described in Section 62A-4a-1006;
236	(e) child abuse or neglect findings described in Section 78A-6-323;
237	(f) the Department of Human Services' Division of Aging and Adult Services
238	vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation database described in Section 62A-3-311.1;
239	(g) registries of nurse aids described in 42 C.F.R. Sec. 483.156;
240	(h) licensing and certification records of individuals licensed or certified by the
241	Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing under Title 58, Occupations and
242	<u>Professions;</u>
243	(i) the List of Excluded Individuals and Entities database maintained by the United
244	States Department of Health and Human Services' Office of Inspector General: and

245	(j) other sources.
246	(3) The department shall adopt rules that:
247	(a) specify the criteria the department will use to determine whether an individual is
248	granted or retains clearance:
249	(i) based on an initial evaluation and ongoing review of information under Subsection
250	(2); and
251	(ii) including consideration of the relationship the following may have to patient and
252	resident protection:
253	(A) warrants for arrest;
254	(B) arrests;
255	(C) convictions, including pleas in abeyance;
256	(D) pending diversion agreements;
257	(E) adjudications by a juvenile court of committing an act that if committed by an adult
258	would be a felony or misdemeanor, if the individual is over 28 years of age and has been
259	convicted, has pleaded no contest, or is subject to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for
260	a felony or misdemeanor, or the individual is under 28 years of age; and
261	(F) any other findings under Subsection (2); and
262	(b) specify the personal identification information that must be submitted by an
263	individual or covered body with an application for clearance, including:
264	(i) the applicant's Social Security number; and
265	(ii) except for applicants under 18 years of age, fingerprints.
266	(4) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), the department shall classify a crime committed
267	in another state according to the closest matching crime under Utah law, regardless of how the
268	crime is classified in the state where the crime was committed.
269	(5) The Department of Public Safety, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the
270	Department of Human Services, the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing, and
271	any other state agency or political subdivision of the state:
272	(a) shall allow the department to review the information the department is required to
273	review under Subsection (2); and
274	(b) may not charge the department for access to the information.
275	(6) The department shall adopt measures to protect the security of the information it

276	reviews under Subsection (2) and strictly limit access to the information to department
277	employees responsible for processing an application for clearance.
278	(7) The department may disclose personal identification information specified under
279	Subsection (3)(b) to the Department of Human Services to verify that the subject of the
280	information is not identified as a perpetrator or offender in the information sources described in
281	Subsections (2)(d) through (2)(f).
282	(8) The department may establish fees, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, for an
283	application for clearance, which may include:
284	(a) the cost of obtaining and reviewing information under Subsection (2);
285	(b) a portion of the cost of creating and maintaining the Direct Access Clearance
286	System database under Section 26-21-209; and
287	(c) other department costs related to the processing of the application and the ongoing
288	review of information pursuant to Subsection (3)(a) to determine whether clearance should be
289	retained.
290	Section 7. Section 26-21-205 is enacted to read:
291	26-21-205. Department of Public Safety Retention of information Notification
292	of Department of Health.
293	The Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division within the Department of
294	Public Safety shall:
295	(1) retain, separate from other division records, personal information, including any
296	fingerprints, sent to it by the Department of Health pursuant to Subsection 26-21-204(2)(a);
297	<u>and</u>
298	(2) notify the Department of Health upon receiving notice that an individual for whom
299	personal information has been retained is the subject of:
300	(a) a warrant for arrest;
301	(b) an arrest;
302	(c) a conviction, including a plea in abeyance; or
303	(d) a pending diversion agreement.
304	Section 8. Section 26-21-206 is enacted to read:
305	26-21-206. Covered providers and covered contractors required to apply for
306	clearance of certain individuals

307	(1) As provided in Subsection (2), each covered provider and covered contractor
308	operating in this state shall:
309	(a) collect from each covered individual it engages, and each individual it intends to
310	engage as a covered individual, the personal identification information specified by the
311	department under Subsection 26-21-204(3)(b); and
312	(b) submit to the department an application for clearance for the individual, including:
313	(i) the personal identification information; and
314	(ii) any fees established by the department under Subsection 26-21-204(8).
315	(2) Clearance granted for an individual pursuant to an application submitted by a
316	covered provider or a covered contractor is valid until the later of:
317	(a) two years after the individual is no longer engaged as a covered individual; or
318	(b) the covered provider's or covered contractor's next license renewal date.
319	(3) (a) For a covered individual whom a covered provider or covered contractor
320	engages beginning on or after May 8, 2012, Subsection (1) applies beginning May 8, 2012.
321	(b) For a covered individual whom a covered provider or covered contractor engages
322	before May 8, 2012, Subsection (1) applies:
323	(i) beginning January 1, 2013, if the renewal date for the covered provider's or covered
324	contractor's license under this chapter is on or after January 1, 2013; or
325	(ii) in all other cases, beginning on the 181st day after the license renewal date.
326	Section 9. Section 26-21-207 is enacted to read:
327	26-21-207. Covered providers required to apply for clearance for certain
328	individuals other than residents residing in residential settings Certain individuals
329	other than residents prohibited from residing in residential settings without clearance.
330	(1) A covered provider that provides services in a residential setting shall:
331	(a) collect the personal identification information specified by the department under
332	Subsection 26-21-204(3)(b) for each individual 12 years of age or older, other than a resident,
333	who resides in the residential setting; and
334	(b) submit to the department an application for clearance for the individual, including:
335	(i) the personal identification information; and
336	(ii) any fees established by the department under Subsection 26-21-204(8).
337	(2) A covered provider that provides services in a residential setting may allow an

338	individual 12 years of age or older, other than a resident, to reside in the residential setting only
339	if the individual has clearance.
340	Section 10. Section 26-21-208 is enacted to read:
341	26-21-208. Application for clearance by individuals.
342	(1) An individual may apply for clearance by submitting to the department an
343	application, including:
344	(a) the personal identification information specified by the department under
345	Subsection 26-21-204(3)(b); and
346	(b) any fees established by the department under Subsection 26-21-204(8).
347	(2) Clearance granted to an individual who makes application under Subsection (1) is
348	valid for two years unless the department determines otherwise based on its ongoing review
349	under Subsection 26-21-204(3)(a).
350	Section 11. Section 26-21-209 is enacted to read:
351	26-21-209. Direct Access database Contents Use.
352	(1) The department shall create and maintain a Direct Access Clearance System
353	database, which:
354	(a) includes the names of individuals for whom the department has received an
355	application for clearance; and
356	(b) indicates for each applicant whether an application is pending and whether
357	clearance has been granted and retained.
358	(2) (a) The department shall allow covered providers and covered contractors to access
359	the database electronically.
360	(b) Data accessible to a covered provider or covered contractor is limited to the
361	information under Subsection (1) for:
362	(i) covered individuals engaged by the covered provider or covered contractor; and
363	(ii) individuals:
364	(A) whom the covered provider or covered contractor could engage as covered
365	individuals; and
366	(B) who have provided the covered provider or covered contractor with sufficient
367	personal identification information to uniquely identify the individual in the database.
368	(c) (i) The department may establish fees, in accordance with Section 63I-1-504, for

369	use of the database by a covered contractor.
370	(ii) The fees may include, in addition to any fees established by the department under
371	Subsection 26-21-204(8), an initial set-up fee, an ongoing access fee, and a per-use fee.
372	Section 12. Section 26-21-210 is enacted to read:
373	26-21-210. No civil liability.
374	A covered body is not civilly liable for submitting to the department information
375	required under this part or refusing to employ an individual who does not have clearance to
376	have direct patient access under Section 26-21-203.
377	Section 13. Section 62A-3-305 is amended to read:
378	62A-3-305. Reporting requirements Investigation Immunity Violation
379	Penalty Nonmedical healing.
380	(1) $[Any]$ \underline{A} person who has reason to believe that $[any]$ \underline{a} vulnerable adult has been the
381	subject of abuse, neglect, or exploitation shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services
382	intake or the nearest law enforcement agency. When the initial report is made to law
383	enforcement, law enforcement shall immediately notify Adult Protective Services intake. Adult
384	Protective Services and law enforcement shall coordinate, as appropriate, their efforts to
385	provide protection to the vulnerable adult.
386	(2) When the initial report or subsequent investigation by Adult Protective Services
387	indicates that a criminal offense may have occurred against a vulnerable adult:
388	(a) Adult Protective Services shall notify the nearest local law enforcement agency
389	regarding the potential offense; and
390	(b) the law enforcement agency may initiate an investigation in cooperation with Adult
391	Protective Services.
392	(3) [Anyone] A person who in good faith makes a report or otherwise notifies a law
393	enforcement agency or Adult Protective Services of suspected abuse, neglect, or exploitation is
394	immune from civil and criminal liability in connection with the report or other notification.
395	(4) (a) $[Any]$ A person who willfully fails to report suspected abuse, neglect, or
396	exploitation of a vulnerable adult is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
397	(b) A covered [health care facility] provider or covered contractor, as defined in
398	[Section 26-21-9.5] Subsection 26-21-201, that knowingly fails to report suspected abuse or
399	neglect, as required by this section, is subject to a private right of action and liability for the

abuse or neglect of another person that is committed by the individual who was not reported to Adult Protective Services in accordance with this section.

- (5) Under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section 76-8-508, a person who threatens, intimidates, or attempts to intimidate a vulnerable adult who is the subject of a report, a witness, the person who made the report, or any other person cooperating with an investigation conducted pursuant to this chapter is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (6) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the reason that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in lieu of medical care.
 - Section 14. Section **78A-6-209** is amended to read:

78A-6-209. Court records -- Inspection.

- (1) The court and the probation department shall keep records as required by the board and the presiding judge.
 - (2) Court records shall be open to inspection by:
- (a) the parents or guardian of a child, a minor who is at least 18 years of age, other parties in the case, the attorneys, and agencies to which custody of a minor has been transferred;
- (b) for information relating to adult offenders alleged to have committed a sexual offense, a felony or class A misdemeanor drug offense, or an offense against the person under Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person, the State Office of Education for the purpose of evaluating whether an individual should be permitted to obtain or retain a license as an educator or serve as an employee or volunteer in a school, with the understanding that the office must provide the individual with an opportunity to respond to any information gathered from its inspection of the records before it makes a decision concerning licensure or employment;
- (c) the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division, established in Section 53-10-103, for the purpose of a criminal history background check for the purchase of a firearm and establishing good character for issuance of a concealed firearm permit as provided in Section 53-5-704;
- (d) the Division of Child and Family Services for the purpose of Child Protective Services Investigations in accordance with Sections 62A-4a-403 and 62A-4a-409 and

administrative hearings in accordance with Section 62A-4a-1009; [and]

(e) for information related to a juvenile offender who has committed a sexual offense, a felony, or an offense [which] that if committed by an adult would be a misdemeanor, the Department of Health[7] for the purpose of evaluating under the provisions of Subsection 26-39-404(3) whether a licensee should be permitted to obtain or retain a license to provide child care, with the understanding that the department must provide the individual who committed the offense with an opportunity to respond to any information gathered from its inspection of records before it makes a decision concerning licensure[7]; and

- (f) for information related to a juvenile offender who has committed a sexual offense, a felony, or an offense that if committed by an adult would be a misdemeanor, the Department of Health to determine whether an individual meets the background screening requirements of Title 26, Chapter 21, Part 2, Clearance for Direct Patient Access, with the understanding that the department must provide the individual who committed the offense an opportunity to respond to any information gathered from its inspection of records before it makes a decision under that part.
- (3) With the consent of the judge, court records may be inspected by the child, by persons having a legitimate interest in the proceedings, and by persons conducting pertinent research studies.
- (4) If a petition is filed charging a minor 14 years of age or older with an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, the court shall make available to any person upon request the petition, any adjudication or disposition orders, and the delinquency history summary of the minor charged unless the records are closed by the court upon findings on the record for good cause.
- (5) Probation officers' records and reports of social and clinical studies are not open to inspection, except by consent of the court, given under rules adopted by the board.
- (6) (a) Any juvenile delinquency adjudication or disposition orders and the delinquency history summary of any person charged as an adult with a felony offense shall be made available to any person upon request.
- (b) This provision does not apply to records that have been destroyed or expunged in accordance with court rules.
 - (c) The court may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs associated with retrieving

402	a requested record that has been archived.
463	Section 15. Section 78A-6-323 is amended to read:
464	78A-6-323. Additional finding at adjudication hearing Petition Court
465	records.
466	(1) Upon the filing with the court of a petition under Section 78A-6-304 by the
467	Division of Child and Family Services or any interested person informing the court, among
468	other things, that the division has made a supported finding that a person committed a severe
469	type of child abuse or neglect as defined in Section 62A-4a-1002, the court shall:
470	(a) make a finding of substantiated, unsubstantiated, or without merit;
471	(b) include the finding described in Subsection (1)(a) in a written order; and
472	(c) deliver a certified copy of the order described in Subsection (1)(b) to the division.
473	(2) The judicial finding under Subsection (1) shall be made:
474	(a) as part of the adjudication hearing;
475	(b) at the conclusion of the adjudication hearing; or
476	(c) as part of a court order entered pursuant to a written stipulation of the parties.
477	(3) (a) Any person described in Subsection 62A-4a-1010(1) may at any time file with
478	the court a petition for removal of the person's name from the Licensing Information System.
479	(b) At the conclusion of the hearing on the petition, the court shall:
480	(i) make a finding of substantiated, unsubstantiated, or without merit;
481	(ii) include the finding described in Subsection (1)(a) in a written order; and
482	(iii) deliver a certified copy of the order described in Subsection (1)(b) to the division.
483	(4) A proceeding for adjudication of a supported finding under this section of a type of
484	abuse or neglect that does not constitute a severe type of child abuse or neglect may be joined
485	in the juvenile court with an adjudication of a severe type of child abuse or neglect.
486	(5) If a person whose name appears on the Licensing Information system prior to May
487	6, 2002 files a petition during the time that an alleged perpetrator's application for clearance to
488	work with children or vulnerable adults is pending, the court shall hear the matter and enter a
489	final decision no later than 60 days after the filing of the petition.
490	(6) For the purposes of licensing under Sections [26-21-9.5,] 26-39-402[,] and
491	62A-1-118, and for the purposes described in Section 62A-2-121 and Title 26, Chapter 21, Part
492	2, Clearance for Direct Patient Access:

493	(a) the court shall make available records of its findings under Subsections (1) and (2):
494	(i) for [licensing] those purposes[7]; and
495	(ii) only to those with statutory authority to access also the Licensing Information
496	System created under Section 62A-4a-1006; and
497	(b) any appellate court shall make available court records of appeals from juvenile
498	court decisions under Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4):
499	(i) for [licensing] those purposes[7]; and
500	(ii) only to those with statutory authority to access also the Licensing Information
501	System.
502	Section 16. Repealer.
503	This bill repeals:
504	Section 26-21-9.5, Criminal background check and Licensing Information System
505	check.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-15-12 4:06 PM

02-16-12 2:18 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 497

- 17 -