PROPERTY TAX REQUIREMENTS
2023 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Kera Birkeland
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies property tax provisions.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
► limits the amount of property tax owed by senior homeowners under a certain
income; and
• establishes penalties for providing false information to or failing to notify a county
related to an application to limit a senior's property tax.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides retrospective operation.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-2-1801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 242
ENACTS:
59-2-1806 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
59-2-1807 , Utah Code Annotated 1953



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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

28	Section 1. Section 59-2-1801 is amended to read:
29	59-2-1801. Definitions.
30	As used in this part:
31	(1) "Abatement" means a tax abatement described in Section 59-2-1803.
32	(2) "Consumer price index housing" means the Consumer Price Index - All Urban
33	Consumers, Housing United States Cities Average, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics
34	of the United States Department of Labor.
35	[(2)] (3) "Deferral" means a tax deferral described in Section 59-2-1802.
36	[(3)] (4) "Eligible owner" means an owner of an attached or a detached single-family
37	residence:
38	(a) who is 75 years old or older on or before December 31 of the year in which the
39	individual applies for a deferral under this part;
40	(b) whose household income does not exceed 200% of the maximum household
41	income certified to a homeowner's credit described in Section 59-2-1208; and
42	(c) whose household liquid resources do not exceed 20 times the amount of property
43	taxes levied on the owner's residence for the preceding calendar year.
44	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> "Household" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-1202.
45	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6) "Household income" means the same as that term is defined in Section
46	59-2-1202.
47	[(6)] (7) "Household liquid resources" means the following resources that are not
48	included in an individual's household income and held by one or more members of the
49	individual's household:
50	(a) cash on hand;
51	(b) money in a checking or savings account;
52	(c) savings certificates;
53	(d) stocks or bonds; and
54	(e) lump sum payments.
55	[(7)] (8) "Indigent individual" [is] means a poor individual as described in Utah
56	Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, Subsection (4), who:
57	(a) (i) is at least 65 years old; or
58	(ii) is less than 65 years old and:

H.B. 454

59	(A) the county finds that extreme hardship would prevail on the individual if the
60	county does not defer or abate the individual's taxes; or
61	(B) the individual has a disability;
62	(b) has a total household income, as defined in Section 59-2-1202, of less than the
63	maximum household income certified to a homeowner's credit described in Section 59-2-1208;
64	(c) resides for at least 10 months of the year in the residence that would be subject to
65	the requested abatement or deferral; and
66	(d) cannot pay the tax assessed on the individual's residence when the tax becomes due.
67	[(8)] (9) "Property taxes due" means the taxes due on an indigent individual's property:
68	(a) for which a county granted an abatement under Section 59-2-1803; and
69	(b) for the calendar year for which the county grants the abatement.
70	[(9)] (10) "Property taxes paid" means an amount equal to the sum of:
71	(a) the amount of property taxes the indigent individual paid for the taxable year for
72	which the indigent individual applied for the abatement; and
73	(b) the amount of the abatement the county grants under Section 59-2-1803.
74	[(10)] (11) "Relative" means a spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother,
75	sister, parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, first cousin, or a
76	spouse of any of these individuals.
77	[(11)] (12) "Residence" means real property where an individual resides, including:
78	(a) a mobile home, as defined in Section 41-1a-102; or
79	(b) a manufactured home, as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
80	Section 2. Section 59-2-1806 is enacted to read:
81	59-2-1806. Limitation on property tax increases for senior property owners.
82	(1) A homeowner who meets the requirements described in Subsection (2) shall pay
83	property taxes equal to the lesser of:
84	(a) the taxes calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-103; or
85	(b) the amount that is 5% higher than the taxes the homeowner paid for the previous
86	calendar year.
87	(2) A homeowner is eligible for the tax relief described in Subsection (1) if the
88	homeowner:
89	(a) (i) is 70 years old or older on or before December 31 of the year the taxes are due;

90	(ii) has household income of \$50,000 or less;
91	(iii) resides in the same residence as the previous calendar year;
92	(iv) owns the residence for the entire calendar year; and
93	(v) has not made any physical improvement to the residence or the property on which
94	the residence is located if, solely as a result of the physical improvement, the fair market value
95	of the physical improvement equals or exceeds 5% of the fair market value of the real property;
96	<u>or</u>
97	(b) is a trust described in Section 59-2-1805 if the grantor of the trust meets the
98	requirements of Subsection (2)(a).
99	(3) (a) For the first year in which a homeowner seeks relief under this section, a
100	homeowner shall submit an application before September 1 to the county in which the
101	residence for which the homeowner is seeking relief is located.
102	(b) The county may not require an application for each continuing consecutive year that
103	the homeowner is eligible for relief under this section.
104	(c) The homeowner shall notify the county if the homeowner is no longer eligible for
105	tax relief under this section.
106	(4) The tax relief provided under this section is in addition to any other relief for which
107	the homeowner may be eligible.
108	(5) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2024, the commission shall
109	increase or decrease the household income eligibility amount under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) by a
110	percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price index housing for the
111	preceding calendar year and the consumer price index housing for calendar year 2022.
112	Section 3. Section 59-2-1807 is enacted to read:
113	59-2-1807. False information or failure to report Penalties and interest.
114	If a county determines that a homeowner provided false information to the county
115	related to a requirement under Section 59-2-1806 or failed to report that the homeowner is no
116	longer eligible for the tax relief described in Section 59-2-1806, the county shall:
117	(1) deny the homeowner's application to limit the homeowner's property tax liability to
118	5% higher than the taxes the homeowner paid in the previous calendar year; and
119	(2) recover by assessment:
120	(a) the difference between the amount of the taxes that the homeowner owed without

the limitation described in Section 59-2-1806 and the amount of taxes paid for the tax year; and

(b) interest that accrues at a rate of 1% per month beginning the day on which the

homeowner provided the false information or failed to report that the homeowner is no longer

eligible.

Section 4. Retrospective operation.

H.B. 454

02-13-23 10:29 AM