24

25

2627

2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
5	Senate Sponsor: Michael S. Kennedy
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Election Code and the authority of the lieutenant
10	governor over elections.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	► defines terms;
14	<ul> <li>modifies and describes the supervisory and oversight authority of the lieutenant</li> </ul>
15	governor over elections;
16	<ul> <li>provides the lieutenant governor with access to records, facilities, equipment, staff,</li> </ul>
17	and meetings to assist the lieutenant governor in fulfilling the supervisory and
18	oversight authority described above;
19	<ul> <li>provides a process and method for the lieutenant governor to enforce compliance</li> </ul>
20	with the provisions of election law;
21	<ul> <li>requires the lieutenant governor to provide, and certain election administrators and</li> </ul>
22	employees to complete, training relating to conducting elections;
23	<ul> <li>addresses requirements for audits of election processes;</li> </ul>

modifies publication dates for certain ballot statistics;

grants rulemaking authority to the lieutenant governor in relation to:

• requires certain studies relating to elections;

**ELECTION CHANGES** 



training;

28	• audits;
29	<ul> <li>maintaining and updating the statewide voter registration system and database;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>conducting elections;</li> </ul>
31	<ul> <li>signature comparison and verification;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>alternative methods of identity verification; and</li> </ul>
33	<ul> <li>chain of custody and ballot reconciliation;</li> </ul>
34	<ul> <li>modifies provisions relating to the statewide voter registration system and database</li> </ul>
35	including requirements relating to maintenance and updates;
36	• establishes requirements to ensure accessibility of the election system in relation to
37	a person with a disability;
38	<ul> <li>modifies ballot curing requirements;</li> </ul>
39	<ul> <li>enacts ballot chain of custody and reconciliation requirements;</li> </ul>
40	<ul> <li>requires uniformity of certain election processes and records; and</li> </ul>
41	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
42	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
43	None
44	Other Special Clauses:
45	None
46	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
47	AMENDS:
48	<b>20A-1-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 170
49	20A-2-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 64
50	20A-2-300.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 117
51	20A-3a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 18, 121 and 156
52	20A-3a-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 392
53	20A-3a-401.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 100
54	20A-3a-405, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 380
55	20A-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
56	20A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15
57	53-18-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 367
58	67-1a-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 18

```
59
     ENACTS:
60
            20A-1-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
61
            20A-1-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
62
            20A-1-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
63
            20A-2-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
64
            20A-2-507, Utah Code Annotated 1953
65
            20A-3a-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
66
            20A-3a-401.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
67
            20A-3a-402.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            20A-4-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
68
69
     RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
70
            20A-2-502, (Renumbered from 20A-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018,
71
     Chapter 19)
72
            20A-2-503, (Renumbered from 20A-2-304.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
73
     Chapter 52)
74
            20A-2-504, (Renumbered from 20A-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
75
     Chapter 121)
76
            20A-2-505, (Renumbered from 20A-2-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
77
     Chapter 121)
78
            20A-2-506, (Renumbered from 20A-2-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
79
     Chapter 156)
80
     REPEALS:
81
            20A-1-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 1
82
83
     Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
84
            Section 1. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
            20A-1-102. Definitions.
85
86
            As used in this title:
87
            (1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive
88
     voter by the county clerk.
```

(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines

- and counts votes recorded on ballots and tabulates the results.
- 91 (3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, including a paper, mechanical, or electronic 92 storage medium, that records an individual voter's vote.
  - (b) "Ballot" does not include a record to tally multiple votes.
  - (4) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
    - (a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
- 97 (b) a constitutional amendment;
- 98 (c) an initiative;

94

95

96

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

- 99 (d) a referendum;
- (e) a bond proposition;
- (f) a judicial retention question;
- 102 (g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
- (h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
  - (5) "Bind," "binding," or "bound" means securing more than one piece of paper together using staples or another means in at least three places across the top of the paper in the blank space reserved for securing the paper.
  - (6) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
  - (7) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
  - (8) "Business reply mail envelope" means an envelope that may be mailed free of charge by the sender.
  - (9) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election results by the board of canvassers.
  - (10) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at the canvass.
  - (11) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
- 119 (12) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.

	02-13-23 7:23 AM H.B. 44
121	(13) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in
122	charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
123	(14) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during
124	election day.
125	(15) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room for use
126	by the poll workers and counting judges to count ballots.
127	(16) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be
128	elected.
129	(17) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
130	(a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election
131	occurs; and
132	(b) does not include:
133	(i) deadlines established for voting by mail, military-overseas voting, or emergency
134	voting; or
135	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early
136	Voting.
137	(18) "Elected official" means:
138	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303 or Chapter 4, Part 6,
139	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;
140	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
141	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
142	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with
143	Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(b)(ii).
144	(19) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a
145	statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal
146	primary election, and a local district election.
147	(20) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by the Help

- 148 America Vote Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-252.
- 149 (21) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to 150 file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
- 151 (22) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:

152 (a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place; 153 (b) act as the presiding election judge; or 154 (c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge. 155 (23) "Election officer" means: 156 (a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections; 157 (b) the county clerk for: 158 (i) a county ballot and election; and 159 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 160 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; 161 (c) the municipal clerk for: 162 (i) a municipal ballot and election; and 163 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 164 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5: 165 (d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for: 166 (i) a local district ballot and election; and 167 (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 168 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or 169 (e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for: 170 (i) a school district ballot and election; and (ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section 171 172 20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5. 173 (24) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker. 174 (25) "Election results" means: 175 (a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and 176 the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or 177 (b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond 178 proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request. 179 (26) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, the military and overseas absentee voter 180 registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed ballots, all counted 181 ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and

182

the total votes cast form.

- 02-13-23 7:23 AM H.B. 448 183 (27) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to 184 or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign 185 the record. 186 (28) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who is listed as inactive by a county 187 clerk under Subsection [<del>20A-2-306(4)(c)(i) or (ii)</del>] 20A-2-505(4)(c)(i) or (ii). (29) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer. 188 189 (30) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county 190 court judge. 191 (31) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose 192 Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title 193 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act. 194 (32) "Local district officers" means those local district board members that are required 195 by law to be elected. 196 (33) "Local election" means a regular county election, a regular municipal election, a
  - municipal primary election, a local special election, a local district election, and a bond election.
  - (34) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a local school district.
  - (35) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may vote.
  - (36) "Manual ballot" means a paper document produced by an election officer on which an individual records an individual's vote by directly placing a mark on the paper document using a pen or other marking instrument.
  - (37) "Mechanical ballot" means a record, including a paper record, electronic record, or mechanical record, that:
    - (a) is created via electronic or mechanical means; and
- 210 (b) records an individual voter's vote cast via a method other than an individual directly 211 placing a mark, using a pen or other marking instrument, to record an individual voter's vote.
  - (38) "Municipal executive" means:

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

212

213 (a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102;

214	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
215	10-3b-103(7); or
216	(c) the chair of a metro township form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102.
217	(39) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and, as
218	applicable, local districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each
219	odd-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
220	(40) "Municipal legislative body" means:
221	(a) the council of the city or town in any form of municipal government; or
222	(b) the council of a metro township.
223	(41) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
224	(42) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
225	elected.
226	(43) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
227	municipal office.
228	(44) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township.
229	(45) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer for voters to
230	record their votes.
231	(46) "Official endorsement" means the information on the ballot that identifies:
232	(a) the ballot as an official ballot;
233	(b) the date of the election; and
234	(c) (i) for a ballot prepared by an election officer other than a county clerk, the
235	facsimile signature required by Subsection 20A-6-401(1)(a)(iii); or
236	(ii) for a ballot prepared by a county clerk, the words required by Subsection
237	20A-6-301(1)(b)(iii).
238	(47) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the
239	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
240	(48) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
241	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation
242	and Procedures.
243	(49) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an
244	election, voting, or counting votes.

245	(b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.
246	(c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.
247	(50) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to
248	cast votes.
249	(51) "Polling place" means a building where voting is conducted.
250	(52) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot
251	in which the voter marks the voter's choice.
252	(53) "Presidential Primary Election" means the election established in Chapter 9, Part
253	8, Presidential Primary Election.
254	(54) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions held during the year
255	of the regular general election.
256	(55) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:
257	(a) is built into a voting machine; and
258	(b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
259	(56) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or
260	interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the
261	contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section
262	20A-5-400.1.
263	(57) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:
264	(a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;
265	(b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or
266	(c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker.
267	(58) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by
268	Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to
269	verify a person's legal right to vote.
270	(59) (a) "Public figure" means an individual who, due to the individual being
271	considered for, holding, or having held a position of prominence in a public or private capacity
272	or due to the individual's celebrity status, has an increased risk to the individual's safety.
273	(b) "Public figure" does not include an individual:
274	(i) elected to public office; or

(ii) appointed to fill a vacancy in an elected public office.

276 (60) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the 277 duties of the position for which the individual was elected. 278 (61) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the 279 official register at a polling place and provides the voter with a ballot. 280 (62) "Registration form" means a form by which an individual may register to vote 281 under this title. 282 (63) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot. 283 (64) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first 284 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes 285 established in Section 20A-1-201. 286 (65) "Regular primary election" means the election, held on the date specified in 287 Section 20A-1-201.5, to nominate candidates of political parties and candidates for nonpartisan 288 local school board positions to advance to the regular general election. 289 (66) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah. 290 (67) "Return envelope" means the envelope, described in Subsection 20A-3a-202(4), 291 provided to a voter with a manual ballot: (a) into which the voter places the manual ballot after the voter has voted the manual 292 293 ballot in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote; and 294 (b) that includes the voter affidavit and a place for the voter's signature. 295 (68) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot, 296 published as provided in Section 20A-5-405. 297 (69) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-203. 298

- (70) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
- 299 (a) is spoiled by the voter;

300

301

302

303

304

305

- (b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or
- (c) lacks the official endorsement.
- (71) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
- (72) "Tabulation system" means a device or system designed for the sole purpose of tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
  - (73) "Ticket" means a list of:

307	(a) political parties;
308	(b) candidates for an office; or
309	(c) ballot propositions.
310	(74) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the
311	counting center.
312	(75) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by
313	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation,
314	or other cause.
315	(76) "Valid voter identification" means:
316	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
317	include:
318	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
319	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
320	(A) the state; or
321	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
322	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
323	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
324	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
325	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
326	photograph of the voter:
327	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
328	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
329	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
330	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (76)(a) or (b) but that bear
331	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
332	may include:
333	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
334	election;
335	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
336	(iii) a certified birth certificate;
337	(iv) a valid social security card;

338	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
339	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
340	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
341	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;
342	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
343	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
344	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
345	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
346	(A) a local government within the state;
347	(B) an employer for an employee; or
348	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the
349	state; or
350	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
351	(77) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
352	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
353	(78) "Vote by mail" means to vote, using a manual ballot that is mailed to the voter, by
354	(a) mailing the ballot to the location designated in the mailing; or
355	(b) depositing the ballot in a ballot drop box designated by the election officer.
356	(79) "Voter" means an individual who:
357	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
358	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
359	(c) is registered to vote; and
360	(d) is listed in the official register book.
361	(80) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
362	20A-2-102.5.
363	(81) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
364	machines, and ballot box.
365	(82) "Voting booth" means:
366	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
367	of ballots, including the voting enclosure or curtain; or
368	(b) a voting device that is free standing.

369	(83) "Voting device" means any device provided by an election officer for a voter to
370	vote a mechanical ballot.
371	(84) "Voting precinct" means the smallest geographical voting unit, established under
372	Chapter 5, Part 3, Duties of the County and Municipal Legislative Bodies.
373	(85) "Watcher" means an individual who complies with the requirements described in
374	Section 20A-3a-801 to become a watcher for an election.
375	(86) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
376	(87) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for an individual, whose name is not printed or
377	the ballot, in accordance with the procedures established in this title.
378	Section 2. Section <b>20A-1-105</b> is enacted to read:
379	Part 1. Elections: General Provisions and Election Oversight
380	20A-1-105. Chief election officer of the state Duties, authority, and
381	enforcement.
382	(1) The lieutenant governor:
383	(a) is the chief election officer of the state;
384	(b) is responsible to oversee, and generally supervise, all elections and functions
385	relating to elections in the state; and
386	(c) shall ensure that each election officer complies with all legal requirements relating
387	to elections, including:
388	(i) Public Law 103-31, the National Voter Registration Act of 1993;
389	(ii) Public Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002;
390	(iii) all other applicable provisions of federal law and rule relating to elections;
391	(iv) state law relating to elections;
392	(v) the requirements of this title; and
393	(vi) rules made under this title.
394	(2) To the extent that the lieutenant governor determines the following is useful in
395	fulfilling the responsibilities described in Subsection (1), the lieutenant governor and the
396	lieutenant governor's staff have:
397	(a) full access to closely observe, examine, and copy all records, documents,
398	recordings, and other information in the custody or control of an election officer or a board of
399	canvassers;

400	(b) full access to closely observe, examine, and copy all voter registration records,
401	ballots, ballot envelopes, vote tallies, canvassing records, and other election returns in the
402	custody or control of an election officer or a board of canvassers;
403	(c) full access to closely observe and examine all facilities, storage areas, equipment,
404	and materials in the custody or control of an election officer or a board of canvassers;
405	(d) full access to all staff, including full-time, part-time, and volunteer staff of an
406	election officer or a board of canvassers;
407	(e) full access to closely observe, examine, and copy all records and information
408	relating to election audits that are conducted, directed, or commissioned by a county clerk;
409	(f) the right to attend any meeting, including a closed meeting, relating to a matter
410	within the scope of authority or responsibility of the lieutenant governor described in this
411	chapter or Subsection 67-1a-2(2); and
412	(g) the right to closely observe and examine any work or other process relating to a
413	matter within the scope of authority or responsibility of the lieutenant governor described in
414	this chapter or Subsection 67-1a-2(2).
415	(3) An election officer and an election officer's staff shall fully assist, and cooperate
416	with, the lieutenant governor and the lieutenant governor's staff in:
417	(a) fulfillment, by the lieutenant governor, of the responsibilities described in
418	Subsection (1); and
419	(b) obtaining the access and exercising the rights described in Subsection (2).
420	(4) If the lieutenant governor or a member of the lieutenant governor's staff determines
421	that an election officer is in violation of a law or rule described in Subsection (1)(c), the
422	lieutenant governor or the lieutenant governor's staff shall, in an effort to remedy the violation
423	and bring the election officer into compliance with the law or rule:
424	(a) consult with the election officer; and
425	(b) provide training and other assistance to the election officer to the extent the
426	lieutenant governor or the lieutenant governor's staff determines warranted.
427	(5) If a violation continues after the lieutenant governor or the lieutenant governor's
428	staff complies with Subsection (4), the lieutenant governor shall issue a written order to the
429	election officer that:
430	(a) describes the violation;

431	(b) describes the action taken under Subsection (4) to remedy the violation and bring
432	the election officer into compliance with the law or rule;
433	(c) directs the election officer to remedy and cease the violation;
434	(d) describes the specific actions the election officer must take to comply with the
435	order;
436	(e) states the deadline for the election officer to comply with the order; and
437	(f) describes the actions the election officer must take to verify compliance with the
438	order.
439	(6) (a) An order described in Subsection (5) has the force of law.
440	(b) An election officer shall fully comply with an order described in Subsection (5)
441	unless the election officer obtains a court order rescinding or modifying the order in accordance
442	with Subsections (7) through (9).
443	(7) An election officer desiring to seek a court order described in Subsection (6) shall
444	file an action seeking a court order within 10 days after the day on which the lieutenant
445	governor issues the order described in Subsection (5).
446	(8) A court may not rescind or modify an order described in Subsection (5) unless, and
447	only to the extent that:
448	(a) the order is arbitrary or capricious;
449	(b) the court finds that the violation alleged by the lieutenant governor did not occur; or
450	(c) the court determines that the violation alleged by the lieutenant governor is not a
451	violation of law or rule.
452	(9) An election officer who files an action described in Subsection (7) has the burden
453	of proof.
454	(10) This section does not prohibit the lieutenant governor from bringing a legal action.
455	at any time, to compel an election officer to comply with the law and rules described in
456	Subsection (1).
457	Section 3. Section <b>20A-1-106</b> is enacted to read:
458	20A-1-106. Elections training Training required Reimbursement.
459	(1) As used in this section, "election administrator" means:
460	(a) a county clerk; and
461	(b) if the county clerk employs one or more individuals who assist with elections:

462	(i) the most senior employee who assists with elections; or
463	(ii) if more than one employee qualifies as the most senior employee under Subsection
464	(1)(b)(i), one of those employees, as designated by the election officer.
465	(2) The lieutenant governor shall, in accordance with this section:
466	(a) design and provide training to election officers and government workers who
467	perform functions relating to elections; and
468	(b) provide the training described in this section without charge to the officers and
469	workers described in Subsection (2)(a).
470	(3) The training shall include:
471	(a) a course designed for election administrators:
472	(i) that consists of five sessions, with two courses for each session; and
473	(ii) for which the lieutenant governor may require live attendance; and
474	(b) a course designed for government workers, who perform functions relating to
475	elections, that consists of modules relating to individual election processes.
476	(4) (a) An election administrator who was elected, appointed, or hired before May 3,
477	2023, shall:
478	(i) begin the first session of a course described in Subsection (3)(a) before July 1, 2024;
479	<u>and</u>
480	(ii) complete all five sessions within four years after the election administrator takes
481	the first session.
482	(b) An election administrator who is elected, appointed, or hired on or after May 3,
483	2023, shall:
484	(i) begin the first session of a course described in Subsection (3)(a) within one year
485	after the day on which the election administrator is elected, appointed, or hired; and
486	(ii) complete all five sessions within four years after the election administrator takes
487	the first session.
488	(c) The lieutenant governor may waive the requirement that an election administrator
489	take the training described in Subsection (3)(a), or a certain portion of the training described in
490	Subsection (3)(a), if the election administrator has completed another training course that:
491	(i) is approved by the lieutenant governor;
492	(ii) covers the training, or the portion of the training, waived;

493	(111) is developed in conjunction with an institution of higher education located in Utah;
494	<u>and</u>
495	(iv) focuses primarily on elections conducted in Utah.
496	(5) The lieutenant governor:
497	(a) shall reimburse an election administrator who is required under this section to
498	attend the training described in Subsection (3)(a) per diem and travel expenses for attending the
499	training, in accordance with:
500	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
501	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
502	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
503	63A-3-107; and
504	(b) is not required to reimburse an election administrator for attending alternate
505	training under Subsection (4)(c).
506	(6) An individual may not perform an election process for which the lieutenant
507	governor has developed an online training module described in Subsection (3)(b), unless the
508	individual has completed the training module developed for that election process.
509	(7) The director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make
510	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
511	establishing requirements for:
512	(a) complying with the training requirements described in this section; and
513	(b) supplemental or refresher training that the lieutenant governor determines is needed
514	to ensure the integrity of elections in the state.
515	Section 4. Section <b>20A-1-107</b> is enacted to read:
516	<b>20A-1-107.</b> Audits Studies relating to elections.
517	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2):
518	(a) the director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
519	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
520	establishing requirements and procedures for an audit described in this title; and
521	(b) an election officer shall ensure that, when an audit is conducted of work done
522	during ballot processing, the individual who performs the audit does not audit the individual's
523	own work

524	(2) Subsection (1) does not relate to an audit conducted by the legislative auditor
525	general or the lieutenant governor.
526	(3) The lieutenant governor shall keep the Government Operations Interim Committee
527	informed of advances in election technology that the committee may want to study for use in
528	<u>Utah's elections.</u>
529	(4) The lieutenant governor shall:
530	(a) study methods to improve post-election audits to confirm that the election correctly
531	identified the winning candidates, including evaluating:
532	(i) different risk-limiting audit methods; and
533	(ii) other confirmation methods; and
534	(b) at or before the last 2023 meeting of the Government Operations Interim
535	Committee, report to the committee on:
536	(i) the methods studied; and
537	(ii) recommendations for post-election audit requirements.
538	(5) The Driver License Division shall, in cooperation with the lieutenant governor:
539	(a) study:
540	(i) the options for improving the quality of signatures collected by the Driver License
541	Division that are used for signature verification in an election; and
542	(ii) the technology needs and costs associated with the options described in Subsection
543	(5)(a)(i); and
544	(b) at or before the last 2023 meeting of the Government Operations Interim
545	Committee, report to the committee on:
546	(i) the options, technology needs, and costs described in Subsection (5)(a); and
547	(ii) recommendations regarding the options described in Subsection (5)(a)(i).
548	Section 5. Section <b>20A-2-206</b> is amended to read:
549	20A-2-206. Electronic registration.
550	(1) The lieutenant governor shall create and maintain an electronic system that is
551	publicly available on the Internet for an individual to apply for voter registration or
552	preregistration.
553	(2) An electronic system for voter registration or preregistration shall require:
554	(a) that an applicant have a valid driver license or identification card, issued under Title

- 02-13-23 7:23 AM 555 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act, that reflects the applicant's current principal place 556 of residence; 557 (b) that the applicant provide the information required by Section 20A-2-104, except 558 that the applicant's signature may be obtained in the manner described in Subsections (2)(d) 559 and [(4)] (5); (c) that the applicant attest to the truth of the information provided; and 560 561 (d) that the applicant authorize the lieutenant governor's and county clerk's use of the 562 applicant's: 563 (i) driver license or identification card signature, obtained under Title 53, Chapter 3, 564 Uniform Driver License Act, for voter registration purposes; or 565 (ii) signature on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database 566 developed under Section [20A-2-109] 20A-2-502. (3) Notwithstanding Section 20A-2-104, an applicant using the electronic system for 567 568 voter registration or preregistration created under this section is not required to complete a
  - printed registration form.
  - (4) A system created and maintained under this section shall provide the notices concerning a voter's presentation of identification contained in Subsection 20A-2-104(1).
    - (5) The lieutenant governor shall:

570

571

572

573

574

575

576 577

578

579

580

581

582

583

584

- (a) obtain a digital copy of the applicant's driver license or identification card signature from the Driver License Division; or
- (b) ensure that the applicant's signature is already on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section [20A-2-109] 20A-2-502.
- (6) The lieutenant governor shall send the information to the county clerk for the county in which the applicant's principal place of residence is found for further action as required by Section 20A-2-304 after:
  - (a) receiving all information from an applicant; and
  - (b) (i) receiving all information from the Driver License Division; or
- (ii) ensuring that the applicant's signature is already on file in the lieutenant governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section [20A-2-109] 20A-2-502.
- (7) The lieutenant governor may use additional security measures to ensure the accuracy and integrity of an electronically submitted voter registration.

586	(8) If an individual applies to register under this section no later than 11 calendar days
587	before the date of an election, the county clerk shall:
588	(a) accept and process the voter registration form;
589	(b) unless the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote:
590	(i) enter the applicant's name on the list of registered voters for the voting precinct in
591	which the applicant resides; and
592	(ii) notify the individual that the individual is registered to vote in the upcoming
593	election; and
594	(c) if the individual named in the form is preregistering to vote, comply with Section
595	20A-2-101.1.
596	(9) If an individual applies to register under this section after the deadline described in
597	Subsection (8), the county clerk shall, unless the individual is preregistering to vote:
598	(a) accept the application for registration; and
599	(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-2-207(6), if possible, promptly inform the
600	individual that the individual will not be registered to vote in the pending election, unless the
601	individual registers to vote by provisional ballot during the early voting period, if applicable, or
602	on election day, in accordance with Section 20A-2-207.
603	(10) The lieutenant governor shall provide a means by which a registered voter shall
604	sign the application form.
605	Section 6. Section <b>20A-2-300.6</b> is amended to read:
606	Part 3. Voter Registration Responsibilities
607	20A-2-300.6. Voter registration activities Coordination among local, state, and
608	federal officials.
609	[(1) The lieutenant governor is Utah's chief elections officer. (2)] The lieutenant
610	governor shall:
611	[(a) oversee all of Utah's:]
612	[(i) voter registration activities; and]
613	[(ii) other responsibilities established by:]
614	[(A) Public Law 103-31, the National Voter Registration Act of 1993; and]
615	[(B) Public Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002; and]
616	(1) oversee, manage, and coordinate all voter registration activities in the state; and

02-13-23 7:23 AM H.B. 448

617	[(b)] (2) coordinate with local, state, and federal officials to ensure compliance with
618	state and federal election laws.
619	[(3) The lieutenant governor, in cooperation with the county clerks, shall develop a
620	general program to obtain change of address information in order to remove the names of
621	ineligible voters from the official register.]
622	Section 7. Section <b>20A-2-501</b> is enacted to read:
623	<b>20A-2-501.</b> Definitions.
624	As used in this part:
625	(1) "Annual maintenance utility" means a tool within the system that:
626	(a) is designed to comply with Section 20A-2-305;
627	(b) a county clerk is required to run on an annual basis; and
628	(c) identifies each inactive voter and each voter to be removed from the voter
629	registration database.
630	(2) "Database" means the statewide voter registration database, described in Subsection
631	20A-2-502(1)(a) that:
632	(a) is maintained and updated via the system; and
633	(b) uses information relative to voter registration and voting, including information that
634	is obtained from a voter, a governmental entity, as defined in Section 63G-2-103, or another
635	state.
636	(3) "Duplicate voter utility" means a tool within the system that runs a set of queries to
637	identify potential duplicate voter records.
638	(4) "System" means the statewide voter registration system described in Subsection
639	20A-2-502(1)(a), including the database and all information within the system or database.
640	(5) "Voter identification verification tool" means a tool within the system that
641	compares data in a voter registration record to Driver License Division data and Social Security
642	Administration data to verify voter identification.
643	Section 8. Section 20A-2-502, which is renumbered from Section 20A-2-109 is
644	renumbered and amended to read:
645	[ <del>20A-2-109</del> ]. <u>20A-2-502.</u> Statewide voter registration system
646	Maintenance and update of system Record security List of incarcerated felons
647	Public document showing compliance by county clerks.

648	(1) [ <del>(a) (i)</del> ] The lieutenant governor shall:
649	(a) develop, operate, and maintain a statewide voter registration [database.] system to
650	be used by the lieutenant governor and county clerks to maintain an updated statewide voter
651	registration database in accordance with this section and rules made under Section 20A-2-507;
652	(b) regularly update the system with information relevant to voter registration, as
653	<u>follows:</u>
654	(i) on at least a weekly basis, information received from the Driver License Division in
655	relation to:
656	(A) voter registration;
657	(B) a registered voter's change of address; or
658	(C) a registered voter's change of name;
659	(ii) on at least a weekly basis, the information described in Subsection 26-2-13(11)
660	from the state registrar, regarding deceased individuals;
661	(iii) on at least a monthly basis, the information described in Subsection (3), received
662	from the Department of Corrections regarding incarcerated individuals;
663	(iv) on at least a monthly basis, information received from other states, including
664	information received under an agreement described in Subsection (2); and
665	(v) within 31 days after receiving information relevant to voter registration, other than
666	the information described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v);
667	(c) regularly monitor the system to ensure that each county clerk complies with the
668	requirements of this part and rules made under Section 20A-2-507;
669	[(ii) (A) The lieutenant governor may compare the information in the statewide voter
670	registration database with information submitted by a registered voter to a state agency to
671	identify a change in a registered voter's principal place of residence or name.]
672	[(B)] (d) [The lieutenant governor shall] establish matching criteria and security
673	measures for identifying a change described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a)(ii)(A)}{(1)(b)}]$ to ensure the
674	accuracy of a voter registration record[-]; and
675	[(C)] (e) [The lieutenant governor shall] on at least a monthly basis:
676	(i) use the matching criteria and security measures described in Subsection (1)(d) to
677	compare information in the database to identify duplicate data, contradictory data, and changes
678	in data;

02-13-23 7:23 AM H.B. 448

679	(ii) notify the applicable county clerk of the data identified; and
680	(iii) notify the county clerk of the county in which [the] a voter's principal place of
681	residence is located of [the change in the] a change in a registered voter's principal place of
682	residence or name.
683	[(b) Each county clerk shall utilize the statewide voter registration database when
684	recording or modifying voter registration records.]
685	[(2) (a) The lieutenant governor shall establish and implement a procedure to maintain
686	the accuracy of the statewide voter registration database by using information available from:]
687	[ <del>(i) a voter;</del> ]
688	[(ii) a governmental entity, as defined by Section 63G-2-103; or]
689	[(iii) another state.]
690	(2) [(b)] (a) Subject to Subsection [(2)(c)] (2)(b), the lieutenant governor may
691	cooperate or enter into an agreement with a governmental entity or another state to share
692	information [to implement the procedure established under Subsection (2)(a)] and increase the
693	accuracy of the database.
694	[(c)] (b) For a record shared under Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (2)(a), the lieutenant governor
695	shall ensure:
696	(i) that the record is only used to maintain the accuracy of [a voter registration] the
697	database;
698	(ii) compliance with Section 63G-2-206; and
699	(iii) that the record is secure from unauthorized use by employing data encryption or
700	another similar technology security system.
701	(3) (a) The lieutenant governor shall maintain a current list of all incarcerated felons in
702	Utah.
703	(b) [(i)] The Department of Corrections shall provide the lieutenant governor's office
704	with [a list of]:
705	(i) the name and last-known address of each [person] individual who:
706	(A) was convicted of a felony in a Utah state court; and
707	(B) is currently incarcerated for commission of a felony[7]; and
708	[(ii) The lieutenant governor shall establish the frequency of receipt of the information
709	and the method of transmitting the information after consultation with the Department of

/10	Corrections:	
711	[(c) (i)] (ii) [The Department of Corrections shall provide the lieutenant governor's	
712	office with a list containing] the name of each convicted felon who has been released from	
713	incarceration.	
714	[(ii) The lieutenant governor shall establish the frequency of receipt of the information	
715	and the method of transmitting the information after consultation with the Department of	
716	Corrections.]	
717	(4) The lieutenant governor shall maintain on the lieutenant governor's website a	
718	document that:	
719	(a) describes the utilities and tools within the system that a county clerk is required to	
720	run;	
721	(b) describes the actions, if any, that a county clerk is required to take in relation to the	
722	results of running a utility or tool;	
723	(c) lists, by date, the recurring deadlines by which a county clerk must comply with	
724	Subsection (4)(a) or (b); and	
725	(d) indicates, by county:	
726	(i) whether the county clerk timely complies with each deadline described in	
727	Subsection (4)(c); and	
728	(ii) if the county clerk fails to timely comply with a deadline described in Subsection	
729	(4)(c), whether the county clerk subsequently complies with the deadline and the date on which	
730	the county clerk complies.	
731	Section 9. Section 20A-2-503, which is renumbered from Section 20A-2-304.5 is	
732	renumbered and amended to read:	
733	[ <del>20A-2-304.5</del> ]. <u>20A-2-503.</u> County clerk's responsibilities Updating voter	
734	registration.	
735	(1) (a) Each county clerk shall use the system to record or modify all voter registration	
736	records.	
737	(b) A county clerk shall:	
738	(i) at the time the county clerk enters a voter registration record into the system, run the	
739	system's voter identification verification tool in relation to the record; and	
740	(ii) in accordance with rules made under Section 20A-2-507, regularly report to the	

741	lieutenant governor the in	nformation described in	1 Subsection 20A-2-502	<u>(4).</u>	
742	$\left[\frac{(1)}{2}\right]$ (2) A count	y clerk who receives no	otification from the lieu	tenant governo	or, as
743	provided in Subsection [2	<del>20A-2-109(1)</del> ] <u>20A-2-</u> 5	502(1)(e), of a change in	n a registered v	oter's
744	principal place of residen	ice or name may verify	the change with the reg	sistered voter.	
745	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Unless t	he county clerk verifie	s that a change describe	d in Subsection	n [ <del>(1)</del> ] <u>(2)</u>
746	is incorrect, the county cl	lerk shall:			
747	(a) change the vo	oter registration record	to show the registered v	oter's current r	name and
748	address; and				
749	(b) notify the reg	istered voter of the cha	inge to the voter registra	tion record.	
750	(4) A county cler	k shall, in accordance	with rules made under S	Section 20A-2-	<u>507:</u>
751	(a) on at least a n	nonthly basis, run the d	luplicate voter utility an	d take the action	<u>on</u>
752	required to resolve poten	tial duplicate data iden	tified by the utility; and		
753	(b) every Decem	ber, run the annual mai	ntenance utility.		
754	$[\frac{(3)}{(5)}]$ (a) If a v	oter does not vote in a	ny election during the p	eriod beginnin	g on the
755	date of any regular genera	al election and ending	on the day after the date	of the next reg	gular
756	general election, and the	county clerk has not se	nt the voter a notice des	scribed in Sect	ion
757	[ <del>20A-2-306</del> ] <u>20A-2-505</u>	during the period, the	county clerk shall, withi	n 14 days after	the
758	period, send to the voter	a preaddressed return f	form in substantially the	following form	n:
759	"VOTER REGIS"	TRATION ADDRESS	"		
760	To ensure the add	lress on your voter regi	stration is correct, pleas	se complete and	d return
761	this form if your address	has changed. What is y	our current street addre	ess?	
762					
763	Street	City	County	State	ZIP
764					
765	Signature of Voter				
766	(b) The county cl	lerk shall mail the form	described in Subsectio	n [ <del>(3)(a)</del> ] <u>(5)(a</u>	<u>ı)</u> with a
767	postal service that will no	otify the county clerk if	the voter has changed t	the voter's add	ress.
768	Section 10. Secti	on <b>20A-2-504</b> , which i	s renumbered from Sec	tion 20A-2-30:	5 is
769	renumbered and amended	d to read:			
770	[20A-2-305].	20A-2-504. Rem	oving names from the	official regist	er
771	General requirements.				

(1) The county clerk may not remove a voter's name from the official register <u>solely</u> because the voter has failed to vote in an election.

- (2) The county clerk shall remove a voter's name from the official register if:
- (a) the voter dies and the requirements of Subsection (3) are met;
- (b) the county clerk, after complying with the requirements of Section [<del>20A-2-306</del>] 20A-2-505, receives written confirmation from the voter that the voter no longer resides within the county clerk's county;
- 778 the county elerk's county,

772

773

774

775

779

784

785

786

787

788

789

790

791

792

793

794

795

796

797

798

799

800

801

802

- 780 (c) (i) [obtained] the county clerk obtains evidence that the voter's residence has changed;
- 782 (ii) [mailed] the county clerk mails notice to the voter as required [by] under Section
  783 [20A-2-306] 20A-2-505;
  - (iii) the county clerk:

(c) the county clerk has:

- (A) [received] receives no response from the voter; or
- (B) [not received] does not receive information that confirms the voter's residence; and
- (iv) the voter [has failed to] does not vote or appear to vote in an election during the period beginning on the date of the notice described in Section [20A-2-306] 20A-2-505 and ending on the day after the date of the second regular general election occurring after the date of the notice;
- (d) the voter requests, in writing, that the voter's name be removed from the official register;
- (e) the county clerk receives notice that a voter has been convicted of any felony or a misdemeanor for an offense under this title and the voter's right to vote has not been restored as provided in Section 20A-2-101.3 or 20A-2-101.5; or
- (f) the county clerk receives notice that a voter has registered to vote in another state after the day on which the voter registered to vote in this state.
- (3) The county clerk shall remove a voter's name from the official register within five business days after the day on which the county clerk receives confirmation from the [Department of Health's Bureau] Office of Vital Records that the voter is deceased.
- (4) No later than 90 days before each primary and general election, the county clerk shall update the official register by reviewing the official register and taking the actions

803	permitted or required by law under this section, Section [ <del>20A-2-304.5</del> ] <u>20A-2-503</u> , and Section
804	[20A-2-306] $20A-2-505$ .
805	Section 11. Section 20A-2-505, which is renumbered from Section 20A-2-306 is
806	renumbered and amended to read:
807	[ <del>20A-2-306</del> ]. <u>20A-2-505.</u> Removing names from the official register
808	Determining and confirming change of residence.
809	(1) A county clerk may not remove a voter's name from the official register on the
810	grounds that the voter has changed residence unless the voter:
811	(a) confirms in writing that the voter has changed residence to a place outside the
812	county; or
813	(b) (i) [has not voted] does not vote in an election during the period beginning on the
814	date of the notice [required by] described in Subsection (3), and ending on the day after the
815	date of the second regular general election occurring after the date of the notice; and
816	(ii) [has failed to] does not respond to the notice [required by] described in Subsection
817	(3).
818	(2) (a) [When a] Within 31 days after the day on which a county clerk obtains
819	information that a voter's address has changed, [and] if it appears that the voter still resides
820	within the same county, the county clerk shall:
821	(i) change the official register to show the voter's new address; and
822	(ii) send to the voter, by forwardable mail, the notice [required by] described in
823	Subsection (3) [printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form].
824	(b) When a county clerk obtains information that a voter's address has changed and it
825	appears that the voter now resides in a different county, the county clerk shall verify the
826	changed residence by sending to the voter, by forwardable mail, the notice [required by]
827	described in Subsection (3), printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form.
828	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall use substantially the following form to notify voters
829	whose addresses have changed:
830	"VOTER REGISTRATION NOTICE
831	We have been notified that your residence has changed. Please read, complete, and
832	return this form so that we can update our voter registration records. What is your current
833	street address?

834 835 City Zip Street County State 836 What is your current phone number (optional)? 837 What is your current email address (optional)? 838 If you have not changed your residence or have moved but stayed within the same 839 county, you must complete and return this form to the county clerk so that it is received by the 840 county clerk before 5 p.m. no later than 30 days before the date of the election. If you fail to 841 return this form within that time: 842 - you may be required to show evidence of your address to the poll worker before being 843 allowed to vote in either of the next two regular general elections; or 844 - if you fail to vote at least once from the date this notice was mailed until the passing 845 of two regular general elections, you will no longer be registered to vote. If you have changed 846 your residence and have moved to a different county in Utah, you may register to vote by contacting the county clerk in your county. 847 848 849 Signature of Voter 850 PRIVACY INFORMATION 851 Voter registration records contain some information that is available to the public, such 852 as your name and address, some information that is available only to government entities, and 853 some information that is available only to certain third parties in accordance with the 854 requirements of law. 855 Your driver license number, identification card number, social security number, email 856 address, full date of birth, and phone number are available only to government entities. Your 857 year of birth is available to political parties, candidates for public office, certain third parties, 858 and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, in accordance with the requirements of law. 859 You may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld 860 from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, 861 and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by indicating here: 862 Yes, I request that all information on my voter registration records be withheld

from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office,

and their contractors, employees, and volunteers.

863

## REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL PRIVACY PROTECTION

In addition to the protections provided above, you may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form, and any required verification, as described in the following paragraphs.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form with this registration record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is or is likely to be, or resides with a person who is or is likely to be, a victim of domestic violence or dating violence.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form and any required verification with this registration form, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is, or resides with a person who is, a law enforcement officer, a member of the armed forces, a public figure, or protected by a protective order or a protection order."

(b) Beginning May 1, 2022, the form described in Subsection (3)(a) shall also include a section in substantially the following form:

\_\_\_\_\_\_

## **BALLOT NOTIFICATIONS**

If you have provided a phone number or email address, you can receive notifications by text message or email regarding the status of a ballot that is mailed to you or a ballot that you deposit in the mail or in a ballot drop box, by indicating here:

Yes, I would like to receive electronic notifications regarding the status of my ballot.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the county clerk may not remove the names of any voters from the official register during the 90 days before a regular primary election [and] or the 90 days before a regular general election.
- (b) The county clerk may remove the names of voters from the official register during the 90 days before a regular primary election [and] or the 90 days before a regular general

election if:

(i) the voter requests, in writing, that the voter's name be removed; or

(ii) the voter [has died] dies.

899

900

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

910

911

912

913

914

915

916

917

918

919

920

921

922

- (c) (i) After a county clerk mails a notice [as required in] under this section, the county clerk [may] shall, unless otherwise prohibited by law, list that voter as inactive.
- (ii) If a county clerk receives a returned voter identification card, determines that there was no clerical error causing the card to be returned, and has no further information to contact the voter, the county clerk [may] shall, unless otherwise prohibited by law, list that voter as inactive.
- (iii) An inactive voter [shall be allowed to] may vote, sign petitions, and have all other privileges of a registered voter.
  - (iv) A county is not required to:
  - (A) send routine mailings to an inactive voter [and is not required to]; or
  - (B) count inactive voters when dividing precincts and preparing supplies.
- (5) [Beginning on or before January 1, 2022, the] The lieutenant governor shall make available to a county clerk United States Social Security Administration data received by the lieutenant governor regarding deceased individuals.
- (6) A county clerk shall, within ten business days after the day on which the county clerk receives the information described in Subsection (5) or Subsections 26-2-13(11) and (12) relating to a decedent whose name appears on the official register, remove the decedent's name from the official register.
- (7) Ninety days before each primary and general election the lieutenant governor shall compare the information the lieutenant governor has received under Subsection 26-2-13(11) with the official register of voters to ensure that all deceased voters have been removed from the official register.
- Section 12. Section **20A-2-506**, which is renumbered from Section 20A-2-308 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 923 [<del>20A-2-308</del>]. <u>20A-2-506.</u> Lieutenant governor and county clerks to 924 preserve records.
  - (1) As used in this section:
- 926 (a) "Voter registration record" means a record concerning the implementation of

927	programs and activities conducted for the purpose of ensuring that the official register is
928	accurate and current.
929	(b) "Voter registration record" does not include a record that:
930	(i) relates to a person's decision to decline to register to vote; or
931	(ii) identifies the particular public assistance agency, discretionary voter registration
932	agency, or Driver License Division through which a particular voter registered to vote.
933	(2) The lieutenant governor and each county clerk shall:
934	(a) preserve for at least two years all records relating to voter registration, including:
935	(i) the official register; and
936	(ii) [the names and addresses of all persons] the name and address of each individual to
937	whom the notice required by Section [20A-2-306] 20A-2-505 was sent and a notation [as to
938	whether or not the person] regarding whether the individual responded to the notice;
939	(b) make a voter registration record available for public inspection, except for a voter
940	registration record, or part of a voter registration record that is classified as private under
941	Section 63G-2-302; and
942	(c) allow a record or part of a record described in Subsection (2)(b) that is not
943	classified as a private record to be photocopied for a reasonable cost.
944	(3) The lieutenant governor shall take, and store for at least 22 months, a static copy of
945	the official register made at the following times:
946	(a) the voter registration deadline described in Subsection 20A-2-102.5(2)(a);
947	(b) the day of the election; and
948	(c) the last day of the canvass.
949	Section 13. Section <b>20A-2-507</b> is enacted to read:
950	20A-2-507. Rulemaking authority relating to voter registration records.
951	The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make rules,
952	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
953	(1) to regulate the use, security, maintenance, data entry, and update of the system;
954	(2) establishing duties and deadlines for a county clerk to:
955	(a) ensure that the database is updated, accurate, and secure; and
956	(b) regularly report to the lieutenant governor the information described in Subsection
957	20A-2-502(4); and

958	(3) establishing requirements for a county clerk in relation to:
959	(a) running the utilities and tools in the system;
960	(b) actions that the county clerk is required to take in response to the matters identified
961	or the results produced, from running the utilities and tools; and
962	(c) documenting and reporting compliance with the requirements of this part and rules
963	made under this section.
964	Section 14. Section <b>20A-3a-106</b> is enacted to read:
965	20A-3a-106. Rulemaking authority relating to conducting an election.
966	The director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, shall make
967	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
968	establishing requirements for:
969	(1) a return envelope described in Subsection 20A-3a-202(4), to ensure uniformity and
970	security of the envelopes, including requirements that a return envelope conceal a voter's
971	signature, email address, and phone number from view when the envelope is sealed;
972	(2) complying with the signature comparison audit requirements described in Section
973	20A-3a-402.5; and
974	(3) conducting and documenting the identity verification process described in
975	Subsection 20A-3a-401(7)(b).
976	Section 15. Section 20A-3a-202 is amended to read:
977	20A-3a-202. Conducting election by mail.
978	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided for an election conducted entirely by mail under
979	Section 20A-7-609.5, an election officer shall administer an election primarily by mail, in
980	accordance with this section.
981	(b) An individual who did not provide valid voter identification at the time the voter
982	registered to vote shall provide valid voter identification before voting.
983	(2) An election officer who administers an election:
984	(a) shall in accordance with Subsection (3), no sooner than 21 days before election day
985	and no later than seven days before election day, mail to each active voter within a voting
986	precinct:
987	(i) a manual ballot;
988	(ii) a return envelope:

02-13-23 7:23 AM H.B. 448

(iii) instructions for returning the ballot that include an express notice about any relevant deadlines that the voter must meet in order for the voter's vote to be counted;

- (iv) for an election administered by a county clerk, information regarding the location and hours of operation of any election day voting center at which the voter may vote or a website address where the voter may view this information;
- (v) for an election administered by an election officer other than a county clerk, if the election officer does not operate a polling place or an election day voting center, a warning, on a separate page of colored paper in bold face print, indicating that if the voter fails to follow the instructions included with the ballot, the voter will be unable to vote in that election because there will be no polling place for the voting precinct on the day of the election; and
- (vi) [after May 1, 2022,] instructions on how a voter may sign up to receive electronic ballot status notifications via the ballot tracking system described in Section 20A-3a-401.5;
  - (b) may not mail a ballot under this section to:

- (i) an inactive voter, unless the inactive voter requests a manual ballot; or
- (ii) a voter whom the election officer is prohibited from sending a ballot under Subsection [(10)(c)(ii);] [and] (9)(c)(ii);
- (c) shall, on the outside of the envelope in which the election officer mails the ballot, include instructions for returning the ballot if the individual to whom the election officer mails the ballot does not live at the address to which the ballot is sent[:];
- (d) shall provide a method of accessible voting to a voter with a disability who is not able to vote by mail; and
- (e) shall include, on the election officer's website and with each ballot mailed, instructions regarding how a voter described in Subsection (2)(d) may vote.
- (3) (a) An election officer who mails a manual ballot under Subsection (2) shall mail the manual ballot to the address:
  - (i) provided at the time of registration; or
- (ii) if, at or after the time of registration, the voter files an alternate address request form described in Subsection (3)(b), the alternate address indicated on the form.
- (b) The lieutenant governor shall make available to voters an alternate address request form that permits a voter to request that the election officer mail the voter's ballot to a location other than the voter's residence.

1020	(c) A voter shall provide the completed alternate address request form to the election
1021	officer no later than 11 days before the day of the election.
1022	(4) The return envelope shall include:
1023	(a) the name, official title, and post office address of the election officer on the front of
1024	the envelope;
1025	(b) a space where a voter may write an email address and phone number by which the
1026	election officer may contact the voter if the voter's ballot is rejected;
1027	(c) a printed affidavit in substantially the following form:
1028	"County ofState of
1029	I,, solemnly swear that: I am a qualified resident voter of the voting precinct
1030	in County, Utah and that I am entitled to vote in this election. I am not a convicted felon
1031	currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.
1032	
1033	Signature of Voter"; and
1034	(d) a warning that the affidavit must be signed by the individual to whom the ballot
1035	was sent and that the ballot will not be counted if the signature on the affidavit does not match
1036	the signature on file with the election officer of the individual to whom the ballot was sent.
1037	(5) If the election officer determines that the voter is required to show valid voter
1038	identification, the election officer may:
1039	(a) mail a ballot to the voter;
1040	(b) instruct the voter to include a copy of the voter's valid voter identification with the
1041	return ballot; and
1042	(c) provide instructions to the voter on how the voter may sign up to receive electronic
1043	ballot status notifications via the ballot tracking system described in Section 20A-3a-401.5.
1044	(6) An election officer who administers an election shall:
1045	(a) (i) before the election, obtain the signatures of each voter qualified to vote in the
1046	election; or
1047	(ii) obtain the signature of each voter within the voting precinct from the county clerk;
1048	and
1049	(b) maintain the signatures on file in the election officer's office.
1050	(7) Upon receipt of a returned ballot, the election officer shall review and process the

1051	ballot under Section 20A-3a-401.
1052	(8) A county that administers an election:
1053	(a) shall provide at least one election day voting center in accordance with [Chapter 3a,
1054	Part 7, Election Day Voting Center] Part 7, Election Day Voting Center, and at least one
1055	additional election day voting center for every 5,000 active voters in the county who have
1056	requested to not receive a ballot by mail;
1057	(b) shall ensure that each election day voting center operated by the county has at least
1058	one voting device that is accessible, in accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002,
1059	Pub. L. No. 107-252, for individuals with disabilities;
1060	(c) may reduce the early voting period described in Section 20A-3a-601, if:
1061	(i) the county clerk conducts early voting on at least four days;
1062	(ii) the early voting days are within the period beginning on the date that is 14 days
1063	before the date of the election and ending on the day before the election; and
1064	(iii) the county clerk provides notice of the reduced early voting period in accordance
1065	with Section 20A-3a-604;
1066	(d) is not required to pay return postage for a ballot; and
1067	(e) is subject to an audit conducted under Subsection (9).
1068	[ <del>(9) (a) The lieutenant governor shall:</del> ]
1069	[(i) develop procedures for conducting an audit of affidavit signatures on ballots cast in
1070	an election conducted under this section; and]
1071	[(ii) after each primary, general, or special election conducted under this section, select
1072	a number of ballots, in varying jurisdictions, to audit in accordance with the procedures
1073	developed under Subsection (9)(a)(i).]
1074	[(b) The lieutenant governor shall post the results of an audit conducted under this
1075	Subsection (9) on the lieutenant governor's website.]
1076	[(10)] (9) (a) An individual may request that the election officer not send the individual
1077	a ballot by mail in the next and subsequent elections by submitting a written request to the
1078	election officer.
1079	(b) An individual shall submit the request described in Subsection [(10)(a)] (9)(a) to
1080	the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 60 days before an election if the individual does

not wish to receive a ballot by mail in that election.

1082	(c) An election officer who receives a request from an individual under Subsection
1083	$[\frac{(10)(a)}{(9)(a)}]$ :
1084	(i) shall remove the individual's name from the list of voters who will receive a ballot
1085	by mail; and
1086	(ii) may not send the individual a ballot by mail for:
1087	(A) the next election, if the individual submits the request described in Subsection
1088	[(10)(a)] $(9)(a)$ before the deadline described in Subsection $[(10)(b)]$ $(9)(b)$ ; or
1089	(B) an election after the election described in Subsection $[(10)(c)(ii)(A)]$ $(9)(c)(ii)(A)$ .
1090	(d) An individual who submits a request under Subsection [(10)(a)] (9)(a) may resume
1091	the individual's receipt of a ballot by mail by submitting a written request to the election
1092	officer.
1093	Section 16. Section <b>20A-3a-401</b> is amended to read:
1094	20A-3a-401. Custody of voted ballots mailed or deposited in a ballot drop box
1095	Disposition Notice.
1096	(1) This section governs ballots returned by mail or via a ballot drop box.
1097	(2) (a) Poll workers shall open return envelopes containing manual ballots that are in
1098	the custody of the poll workers in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
1099	(b) The poll workers shall, first, compare the signature of the voter on the affidavit of
1100	the return envelope to the signature of the voter in the voter registration records.
1101	(3) After complying with Subsection (2), the poll workers shall determine whether:
1102	(a) the signatures correspond;
1103	(b) the affidavit is sufficient;
1104	(c) the voter is registered to vote in the correct precinct;
1105	(d) the voter's right to vote the ballot has been challenged;
1106	(e) the voter has already voted in the election;
1107	(f) the voter is required to provide valid voter identification; and
1108	(g) if the voter is required to provide valid voter identification, whether the voter has
1109	provided valid voter identification.
1110	(4) (a) The poll workers shall take the action described in Subsection (4)(b) if the poll
1111	workers determine [that]:
1112	[(i) the signatures correspond;]

1113	(1) In accordance with the rules made under Subsection (9):
1114	(A) that the signature on the affidavit of the return envelope is reasonably consistent
1115	with the individual's signature in the voter registration records; or
1116	(B) for an individual who checks the box described in Subsection (5)(c)(v), that the
1117	individual's identity is verified by alternative means;
1118	(ii) that the affidavit is sufficient;
1119	(iii) that the voter is registered to vote in the correct precinct;
1120	(iv) that the voter's right to vote the ballot has not been challenged;
1121	(v) that the voter has not already voted in the election; and
1122	(vi) for a voter required to provide valid voter identification, that the voter has
1123	provided valid voter identification.
1124	(b) If the poll workers make all of the findings described in Subsection (4)(a), the poll
1125	workers shall:
1126	(i) remove the manual ballot from the return envelope in a manner that does not
1127	destroy the affidavit on the return envelope;
1128	(ii) ensure that the ballot does not unfold and is not otherwise examined in connection
1129	with the return envelope; and
1130	(iii) place the ballot with the other ballots to be counted.
1131	(c) If the poll workers do not make all of the findings described in Subsection (4)(a),
1132	the poll workers shall:
1133	(i) disallow the vote;
1134	(ii) without opening the return envelope, [mark across the face of the return envelope:
1135	record the ballot as "rejected" and state the reason for the rejection; and
1136	[(A) "Rejected as defective"; or]
1137	[(B) "Rejected as not a registered voter"; and]
1138	(iii) place the return envelope, unopened, with the other rejected return envelopes.
1139	(5) (a) If the poll workers reject an individual's ballot because the poll workers
1140	determine, in accordance with rules made under Subsection (9), that the signature on the return
1141	envelope [does not match] is not reasonably consistent with the individual's signature in the
1142	voter registration records, the election officer shall:
1143	(i) contact the individual in accordance with Subsection [(7) by mail, email, text

1144	message, or phone, and] (6); and
1145	(ii) inform the individual:
1146	[(i)] (A) that the individual's signature is in question;
1147	[(ii)] (B) how the individual may resolve the issue; and
1148	[(iii)] (C) that, in order for the ballot to be counted, the individual is required to deliver
1149	to the election officer a correctly completed affidavit, provided by the county clerk, that meets
1150	the requirements described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)(b)}{(5)(c)}]$ .
1151	(b) The election officer shall ensure that the information provided under Subsection
1152	(5)(a) includes:
1153	(i) when communicating by mail, a printed copy of the affidavit described in
1154	Subsection (5)(c) and a courtesy reply envelope;
1155	(ii) when communicating electronically, a link to a copy of the affidavit described in
1156	Subsection (5)(c) or information on how to obtain a copy of the affidavit; or
1157	(iii) when communicating by phone, either during a direct conversation with the voter
1158	or in a voicemail, arrangements for the voter to receive a copy of the affidavit described in
1159	Subsection (5)(c), either in person from the clerk's office, by mail, or electronically.
1160	[(b)] (c) An affidavit described in Subsection $[(5)(a)(iii)]$ (5)(a)(ii)(C) shall include:
1161	(i) an attestation that the individual voted the ballot;
1162	(ii) a space for the individual to enter the individual's name, date of birth, and driver
1163	license number or the last four digits of the individual's social security number;
1164	(iii) a space for the individual to sign the affidavit; [and]
1165	(iv) a statement that, by signing the affidavit, the individual authorizes the lieutenant
1166	governor's and county clerk's use of the individual's signature on the affidavit for voter
1167	identification purposes[-]; and
1168	(v) a check box accompanied by language in substantially the following form:
1169	"I am a voter with a qualifying disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act that
1170	impacts my ability to sign my name consistently. I can provide appropriate documentation upon
1171	request. To discuss accommodations, I can be contacted at ".
1172	[(c)] (d) In order for an individual described in Subsection (5)(a) to have the
1173	individual's ballot counted, the individual shall deliver the affidavit described in Subsection
1174	$\left[\frac{(5)(b)}{(5)(c)}\right]$ to the election officer.

1175	$\left[\frac{(d)}{(e)}\right]$ An election officer who receives a signed affidavit under Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)(e)}{(e)}\right]$
1176	(5)(d) shall immediately:
1177	(i) scan the signature on the affidavit electronically and keep the signature on file in the
1178	statewide voter registration database developed under Section [20A-2-109; and] 20A-2-502;
1179	(ii) if the election officer receives the affidavit no later than 5 p.m. three days before
1180	the day on which the canvass begins, count the individual's ballot[-]; and
1181	(iii) if the check box described in Subsection (5)(c)(v) is checked, comply with the
1182	rules described in Subsection (9)(c).
1183	[(6) If the poll workers reject an individual's ballot for any reason, other than the reason
1184	described in Subsection (5)(a), the election officer shall notify the individual of the rejection in
1185	accordance with Subsection (7) by mail, email, text message, or phone and specify the reason
1186	for the rejection.]
1187	[(7) An election officer who is required to give notice under Subsection (5) or (6) shall
1188	give the notice no later than:
1189	[(a) if the election officer rejects the ballot before election day:]
1190	[(i) one business day after the day on which the election officer rejects the ballot, if the
1191	election officer gives the notice by email or text message; or]
1192	[(ii) two business days after the day on which the election officer rejects the ballot, if
1193	the election officer gives the notice by postal mail or phone;]
1194	[(b) seven days after election day if the election officer rejects the ballot on election
1195	day; or]
1196	[(c) seven days after the canvass if the election officer rejects the ballot after election
1197	day and before the end of the canvass.]
1198	(6) (a) The election officer shall, within two business days after the day on which an
1199	individual's ballot is rejected, notify the individual of the rejection and the reason for the
1200	rejection, by phone, mail, email, or SMS text message, unless:
1201	(i) the ballot is cured within one business day after the day on which the ballot is
1202	rejected; or
1203	(ii) the ballot is rejected because the ballot is received late or for another reason that
1204	cannot be cured.
1205	(b) If an individual's hallot is rejected for a reason described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)

1206	the election officer shall notify the individual of the rejection and the reason for the rejection by
1207	phone, mail, email, or SMS text message, within the later of:
1208	(i) 30 days after the day of the rejection; or
1209	(ii) 30 days after the day of the election.
1210	(c) The election officer may, when notifying an individual by phone under this
1211	Subsection (6), use auto-dial technology.
1212	[(8)] (7) An election officer may not count the ballot of an individual whom the
1213	election officer contacts under Subsection (5) or (6) unless, no later than 5 p.m. three days
1214	before the day on which the canvass begins, the election officer:
1215	[(a) the election officer receives a signed affidavit from the individual under
1216	Subsection (5)(b) or is otherwise able to establish contact with the individual to confirm the
1217	individual's identity; and]
1218	[(b) the affidavit described in Subsection (8)(a) is received, or the confirmation
1219	described in Subsection (8)(a) occurs, no later than 5 p.m. three days before the day on which
1220	the canvass begins.]
1221	(a) receives a signed affidavit from the individual under Subsection (5); or
1222	(b) (i) contacts the individual;
1223	(ii) informs the individual that it is unlawful to sign a ballot affidavit for another
1224	person, even if the person gives permission;
1225	(iii) verifies the identity of the individual by:
1226	(A) requiring the individual to provide at least two types of personal identifying
1227	information for the individual;
1228	(B) comparing the information provided under Subsection (7)(b)(iii)(A) to records
1229	relating to the individual that are in the possession or control of an election officer; and
1230	(iv) documenting the verification described in Subsection (7)(b)(iii), by recording:
1231	(A) the name and voter identification number of the individual contacted;
1232	(B) the name of the individual who conducts the verification;
1233	(C) the date and manner of the communication;
1234	(D) the personal identifying information provided by the individual;
1235	(E) a description of the records against which the personal identifying information
1236	provided by the individual is compared and verified; and

123/	(F) other information required by the lieutenant governor.
1238	[ <del>(9)</del> ] (8) The election officer shall:
1239	(a) retain and preserve the return envelopes in the manner provided by law for the
1240	retention and preservation of ballots voted at that election[:]; and
1241	(b) retain and preserve the documentation described in Subsection (7)(b)(iv), as a
1242	protected record, for at least 22 months.
1243	(9) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
1244	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to
1245	establish:
1246	(a) criteria and processes for use by poll workers in determining if a signature is
1247	reasonably consistent with the signature on file for the voter under Subsections (3)(a) and
1248	(4)(a)(i)(A);
1249	(b) training and certification requirements for election officers and employees of
1250	election officers regarding the criteria and processes described in Subsection (9)(a); and
1251	(c) in compliance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42
1252	U.S.C. Secs. 12131 through 12165, an alternative means of verifying the signature of an
1253	individual who checks the box described in Subsection (5)(c)(v).
1254	Section 17. Section <b>20A-3a-401.1</b> is enacted to read:
1255	20A-3a-401.1. Ballot chain of custody.
1256	(1) As used in this section:
1257	(a) "Batch" means a grouping of a specified number of ballots:
1258	(i) that is assembled by poll workers, and given a number to distinguish the grouping
1259	from other groupings, when the ballots are first received for processing:
1260	(ii) that is kept together in the same grouping, and kept separate from other groupings,
1261	throughout ballot processing; and
1262	(iii) for which a log is kept to document the chain of custody of the grouping.
1263	(b) "Processed" means an action taken in relation to a batch, a ballot in a batch, or a
1264	return envelope that a poll worker has not separated from a ballot, as follows:
1265	(i) starting with receiving the ballot;
1266	(ii) each step taken in relation to a ballot as part of conducting an election; and
1267	(iii) ending after the ballots are counted and stored.

1268	(2) An election officer shall preserve the chain of custody of all ballots in accordance
1269	with this section.
1270	(3) An election officer shall maintain an accurate, updated count of the number of
1271	ballots that the election officer:
1272	(a) mails or otherwise provides to a voter;
1273	(b) receives from a voter;
1274	(c) counts;
1275	(d) rejects;
1276	(e) resolves after rejecting; or
1277	(f) does not resolve after rejecting.
1278	(4) Upon receiving ballots cast by voters, the election officer shall ensure that poll
1279	workers immediately count the number of ballots received and divide the ballots into batches.
1280	(5) The election officer shall ensure that:
1281	(a) ballots in each batch are kept separate from the ballots in other batches;
1282	(b) a ballot is not separated from a batch, except as necessary to the election process;
1283	(c) if a ballot is separated from a batch, the batch log indicates:
1284	(i) the ballot number;
1285	(ii) the date and time of removal;
1286	(iii) the identity of the individual who removes the ballot; and
1287	(iv) the reason the ballot is removed;
1288	(d) poll workers affix to, and keep with, each batch a log that includes:
1289	(i) a unique identifying code or number for the batch;
1290	(ii) the number of ballots in the batch;
1291	(iii) the date that the ballots were received; and
1292	(iv) for each occasion that the batches, or any of the ballots in the batches, are handled:
1293	(A) the date and time that the ballots are handled;
1294	(B) a description of what is done with the ballots;
1295	(C) the identity of the poll workers who handle the ballots; and
1296	(D) any other information required by rule under Subsection (7);
1297	(e) at least two poll workers simultaneously perform each ballot processing function;
1298	(f) to the extent reasonably possible, the poll workers who perform a ballot processing

1299	function for a batch complete performing that function for the entire batch; and
1300	(g) each part of the processing of all ballots is monitored by recorded video, without
1301	audio.
1302	(6) An election officer shall:
1303	(a) keep the recordings described in Subsection (5)(g) for at least 22 months; and
1304	(b) ensure that a camera, a video, or a recording of a video described in Subsection
1305	(5)(g) may only be accessed by:
1306	(i) the following or an authorized employee of the following:
1307	(A) the election officer;
1308	(B) the lieutenant governor; or
1309	(C) when performing an audit, the legislative auditor general; or
1310	(ii) a court of competent jurisdiction.
1311	(7) An individual may not view a video, or a recording of a video, described in
1312	Subsection (5)(g):
1313	(a) unless the individual is an individual described in Subsection (6)(b); and
1314	(b) the individual views the video to the extent necessary to:
1315	(i) ensure compliance with Subsection (5)(g) or (6); or
1316	(ii) investigate a concern relating to the processing of ballots.
1317	(8) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
1318	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1319	establishing specific requirements and procedures for an election officer or poll worker to:
1320	(a) fulfill the chain of custody requirements described in this section;
1321	(b) perform the signature verification audits described in Section 20A-3a-402.5; and
1322	(c) comply with the reconciliation requirements described in Subsection
1323	20A-4-304(2)(h).
1324	Section 18. Section <b>20A-3a-401.5</b> is amended to read:
1325	20A-3a-401.5. Ballot tracking system.
1326	(1) As used in this section:
1327	(a) "Ballot tracking system" means the system described in this section to track and
1328	confirm the status of trackable ballots.
1329	(b) "Change in the status" includes:

1330	(i) when a trackable ballot is mailed to a voter;
1331	(ii) when an election official receives a voted trackable ballot; and
1332	(iii) when a voted trackable ballot is counted.
1333	(c) "Trackable ballot" means a manual ballot that is:
1334	(i) mailed to a voter in accordance with Section 20A-3a-202;
1335	(ii) deposited in the mail by a voter in accordance with Section 20A-3a-204; or
1336	(iii) deposited in a ballot drop box by a voter in accordance with Section 20A-3a-204.
1337	(d) "Voter registration database" means the [statewide voter registration database
1338	described in Section 20A-2-109] database, as defined in Section 20A-2-501.
1339	(2) [(a)] The lieutenant governor shall [develop] operate and maintain a statewide or
1340	locally based system to track and confirm when there is a change in the status of a trackable
1341	ballot.
1342	[(b) The ballot tracking system shall be operational on or before May 1, 2022.]
1343	(3) [Beginning on May 1, 2022, if] If a voter elects to receive electronic notifications
1344	regarding the status of the voter's trackable ballot, the ballot tracking system shall, when there
1345	is a change in the status of the voter's trackable ballot:
1346	(a) send a text message notification to the voter if the voter's information in the voter
1347	registration database includes a mobile telephone number;
1348	(b) send an email notification to the voter if the voter's information in the voter
1349	registration database includes an email address; and
1350	(c) send a notification by another electronic means directed by the lieutenant governor.
1351	(4) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the ballot tracking system and the
1352	state-provided website described in Section 20A-7-801 automatically share appropriate
1353	information to ensure that a voter is able to confirm the status of the voter's trackable ballot via
1354	the state-provided website free of charge.
1355	(5) The ballot tracking system shall include a toll-free telephone number or other
1356	offline method by which a voter can confirm the status of the voter's trackable ballot.
1357	(6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the ballot tracking system:
1358	(a) is secure from unauthorized use by employing data encryption or other security
1359	measures; and
1360	(b) is only used for the purposes described in this section.

1361	Section 19. Section <b>20A-3a-402.5</b> is enacted to read:
1362	20A-3a-402.5. Signature verification audits.
1363	(1) An election officer shall, in accordance with this section and rules made under
1364	Section 20A-3a-106, conduct regular audits of signature comparisons made between signatures
1365	on envelopes and voter signatures maintained by the election officer.
1366	(2) An individual who conducts an audit of signature comparisons may not audit the
1367	individual's own work.
1368	(3) Before separating ballots from return envelopes, the election officer shall:
1369	(a) audit 1% of all signature comparisons of the envelopes to be separated to determine
1370	the accuracy of the comparisons made; and
1371	(b) provide additional training or staff reassignments, as needed, based on the results of
1372	the audit.
1373	(4) An election officer shall submit to the lieutenant governor and the board of
1374	canvassers a record of:
1375	(a) the audits performed under this section;
1376	(b) the results of the audits; and
1377	(c) any remedial action taken.
1378	Section 20. Section <b>20A-3a-405</b> is amended to read:
1379	20A-3a-405. Ballot statistics.
1380	(1) [An] Except as provided in Subsection (5)(a), an election officer shall post and
1381	update the data described in Subsection (2) on the election officer's website, on the following
1382	days, after the election officer finishes processing ballots on that day:
1383	(a) the day on which the election officer begins mailing ballots;
1384	(b) [except as provided in Subsection (5)(a), until the day described in Subsection
1385	(1)(c),] each Monday, Wednesday, and Friday after the day described in Subsection (1)(a), until
1386	the final posting described in Subsection (1)(c); and
1387	(c) the [Friday before] Wednesday after the day of the election.
1388	(2) The data that an election officer is required to post under Subsection (1) includes:
1389	(a) the number of ballots in the county clerk's possession; and
1390	(b) of the number of ballots described in Subsection (2)(a):
1391	(i) the number of ballots that have not yet begun processing;

1392	(ii) the number of ballots in process; and
1393	(iii) the number of ballots processed.
1394	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), an election officer shall post and update
1395	the data described in Subsection (4) on the election officer's website on the following days:
1396	(a) the Friday after the day of the election;
1397	(b) [until the day described in Subsection (3)(c),] each Monday, Wednesday, and
1398	Friday after the day described in Subsection (3)(a), until the final posting described in
1399	Subsection (3)(c); and
1400	(c) on the last day of the canvass.
1401	(4) The data that an election officer is required to post under Subsection (3) includes:
1402	(a) a best estimate of the number of ballots received, to date, by the election officer;
1403	(b) the number of ballots in possession of the election officer that have been rejected
1404	and are not yet cured;
1405	(c) the number of provisional ballots in the possession of the election officer that have
1406	not been processed;
1407	(d) the number of ballots that need to be adjudicated, but have not yet been
1408	adjudicated;
1409	(e) the number of ballots awaiting replication; and
1410	(f) the number of ballots that have been replicated.
1411	(5) (a) [Except for the Monday described in Subsection (1)(c), an] An election officer
1412	is not required to update the data described in Subsection (2) on a Monday if the election
1413	officer does not process any ballots the preceding Saturday or Sunday.
1414	(b) An election officer is not required to update the data described in Subsection (4) on
1415	a Monday if the election officer does not process any ballots the preceding Saturday or Sunday.
1416	Section 21. Section <b>20A-4-109</b> is enacted to read:
1417	20A-4-109. Ballot reconciliation Rulemaking authority.
1418	(1) In accordance with this section and rules made under Subsection (2), an election
1419	officer whose office processes ballots shall:
1420	(a) regularly conduct ballot reconciliations during ballot processing;
1421	(b) conduct a final ballot reconciliation when an election officer concludes processing
1422	all ballots;

1423	(c) document each ballot reconciliation;
1424	(d) publicly release the results of each ballot reconciliation; and
1425	(e) in conducting ballot reconciliations:
1426	(i) ensure that the number of ballots received for processing, the number of ballots
1427	processed, and the number of voters given credit for voting, are equal; or
1428	(ii) if the numbers described in Subsection (1)(e)(i) are not equal, account for and
1429	explain the differences in the numbers.
1430	(2) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
1431	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
1432	(a) establishing procedures and requirements for conducting, documenting, and
1433	publishing a ballot reconciliation; and
1434	(b) establishing the frequency and timing of the ballot reconciliations described in
1435	Subsection (2)(a).
1436	Section 22. Section <b>20A-4-304</b> is amended to read:
1437	20A-4-304. Declaration of results Canvassers' report.
1438	(1) Each board of canvassers shall:
1439	(a) except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project,
1440	declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who:
1441	(i) had the highest number of votes; and
1442	(ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's
1443	jurisdiction;
1444	(b) declare:
1445	(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:
1446	(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and
1447	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction; or
1448	(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:
1449	(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and "yes"
1450	votes; and
1451	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction;
1452	(c) certify the vote totals for persons and for and against ballot propositions that were
1453	submitted to voters within and beyond the board's jurisdiction and transmit those vote totals to

1454	the lieutenant governor; and
1455	(d) if applicable, certify the results of each local district election to the local district
1456	clerk.
1457	(2) [As soon as the result is declared, the election officer shall prepare a report of the
1458	result, which shall contain] The election officer shall submit a report to the board of canvassers
1459	that includes standardized information, on a form provided by the lieutenant governor, as
1460	<u>follows</u> :
1461	(a) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction;
1462	(b) the names of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot;
1463	(c) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
1464	(d) each office that appeared on the ballot;
1465	(e) from each voting precinct:
1466	(i) the number of votes for each candidate;
1467	(ii) for each race conducted by instant runoff voting under Part 6, Municipal Alternate
1468	Voting Methods Pilot Project, the number of valid votes cast for each candidate for each
1469	potential ballot-counting phase and the name of the candidate excluded in each ballot-counting
1470	phase; and
1471	(iii) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
1472	(f) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for
1473	and against each ballot proposition;
1474	(g) statistics on:
1475	(i) the number of ballots counted;
1476	(ii) provisional ballots; and
1477	(iii) the number of ballots [that were] rejected; [and]
1478	(h) a final ballot reconciliation report;
1479	(i) other information required by law to be provided to the board of canvassers; and
1480	[(h)] (i) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
1481	(3) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
1482	(a) review the report to ensure that [it] the report is correct; and
1483	(b) sign the report.
1484	(4) The election officer shall:

1513

1514

1515

1485 (a) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose; 1486 (b) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal 1487 to each nominated or elected candidate: 1488 (c) publish a copy of the certified report in accordance with Subsection (5); and 1489 (d) file a copy of the certified report with the lieutenant governor. 1490 (5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election officer shall, no later than seven 1491 days after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election results, publicize the 1492 certified report described in Subsection (2): 1493 (a) (i) by publishing notice at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within 1494 the jurisdiction; 1495 (ii) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the 1496 jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction that are most likely to give notice to the residents 1497 of the jurisdiction, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or 1498 (iii) by mailing notice to each residence within the jurisdiction; 1499 (b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 1500 63A-16-601, for one week; and 1501 (c) if the jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for 1502 one week. 1503 (6) Instead of including a copy of the entire certified report, a notice required under 1504 Subsection (5) may contain a statement that: 1505 (a) includes the following: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of 1506 jurisdiction] has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and date of 1507 election]."; and 1508 (b) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a copy of 1509 the entire certified report: 1510 (i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website; 1511 (ii) the physical address for the jurisdiction; and

(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.

or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall:

- 49 -

(7) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide

officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide or two

1516 (a) prepare a separate report detailing the number of votes for each candidate and the 1517 number of votes for and against each ballot proposition; and 1518 (b) transmit the separate report by registered mail to the lieutenant governor. 1519 (8) In each county election, municipal election, school election, local district election, 1520 and local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the lieutenant 1521 governor within 14 days after the date of the election. 1522 (9) In a regular primary election and in a presidential primary election, the board shall 1523 transmit to the lieutenant governor: 1524 (a) the county totals for multi-county races, to be telephoned or faxed to the lieutenant 1525 governor not later than the second Tuesday after the election; and 1526 (b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by 1527 precinct, to be mailed to the lieutenant governor on or before the third Friday following the 1528 primary election. 1529 Section 23. Section 20A-5-101 is amended to read: 1530 20A-5-101. Notice of election. 1531 (1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the 1532 lieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that: 1533 (a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election; 1534 (b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and certifying nomination petition signatures, as applicable, under Sections 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407, 1535 1536 and 20A-9-408 for those offices; and (c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that 1537 1538 have qualified for the ballot as of that date. 1539 (2) (a) No later than seven business days after the day on which the lieutenant governor 1540 transmits the written notice described in Subsection (1), each county clerk shall provide notice, 1541 in accordance with Subsection (3): 1542 (i) by posting notice in a conspicuous place most likely to give notice of the election to 1543 the voters in each voting precinct within the county; 1544 (ii) (A) by publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; 1545 (B) by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the

county, in places within the county that are most likely to give notice of the election to the

voters in the county, subject to a maximum of 10 notices; or

1548	(C) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the county;
1549	(iii) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section
1550	63A-16-601, for seven days before the day of the election; and
1551	(iv) by posting notice on the county's website for seven days before the day of the
1552	election.
1553	(b) The county clerk shall prepare an affidavit of the posting under Subsection (2)(a)(i),
1554	showing a copy of the notice and the places where the notice was posted.
1555	(3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall:
1556	(a) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and
1557	(b) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
1558	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (6), before each election, the election officer shall
1559	give printed notice of the following information:
1560	(a) the date of election;
1561	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
1562	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct, early voting polling place, and election
1563	day voting center;
1564	(d) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available,
1565	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer
1566	will post on the website any changes to the location of a polling place and the location of any
1567	additional polling place;
1568	(e) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of
1569	a polling place; [and]
1570	(f) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election[-]; and
1571	(g) instructions regarding how an individual with a disability, who is not able to vote a
1572	manual ballot by mail, may obtain information on voting in an accessible manner.
1573	(5) The election officer shall provide the notice described in Subsection (4):
1574	(a) (i) by publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction
1575	to which the election pertains, at least two days before the day of the election;
1576	(ii) at least two days before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at least
1577	one additional notice per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction, in places within the jurisdiction

1578 that are most likely to give notice of the election to the voters in the jurisdiction, subject to a 1579 maximum of 10 notices; or 1580 (iii) by mailing the notice to each registered voter who resides in the jurisdiction to 1581 which the election pertains at least five days before the day of the election; 1582 (b) by posting notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, created in Section 1583 63A-16-601, for two days before the day of the election; and 1584 (c) if the jurisdiction has a website, by posting notice on the jurisdiction's website for 1585 two days before the day of the election. 1586 (6) Instead of including the information described in Subsection (4) in the notice, the 1587 election officer may give printed notice that: 1588 (a) is entitled "Notice of Election"; 1589 (b) includes the following: "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the jurisdiction] on [indicate date of election]. Information relating to the election, including 1590 1591 polling places, polling place hours, and qualifications of voters may be obtained from the 1592 following sources:"; and 1593 (c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain the 1594 information described in Subsection (4): 1595 (i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website: 1596 (ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction offices; and 1597 (iii) a mailing address and telephone number. Section 24. Section 53-18-103 is amended to read: 1598 1599 53-18-103. Internet posting of personal information of public safety employees --1600 Prohibitions. 1601 (1) (a) A state or local governmental agency that receives the form described in 1602 Subsection (1)(b) from a public safety employee may not publicly post on the Internet the 1603 personal information of the public safety employee employed by the state or local 1604 governmental agency. 1605 (b) Each state or local government agency employing a public safety employee shall: 1606 (i) provide a form for a public safety employee to request the removal or concealment

of the public safety employee's personal information from the state or local government

agencies' publicly accessible websites and databases;

1607

- (ii) inform the public safety employee how to submit a form under this section;
- (iii) upon request, assist a public safety employee in completing the form;
- (iv) include on the form a disclaimer informing the public safety employee that by submitting a completed form the public safety employee may not receive official announcements affecting the public safety employee's property, including notices about proposed annexations, incorporation, or zoning modifications; and
  - (v) require a form submitted by a public safety employee to be signed by:
- (A) for a public safety employee who is a law enforcement officer, the highest ranking elected or appointed official in the officer's chain of command certifying that the individual requesting removal or concealment is a law enforcement officer; or
- (B) for a public safety employee who is not a law enforcement officer, the public safety employee's supervisor.
- (2) A county clerk, upon receipt of the form described in Subsection (1)(b) from a public safety employee, completed and submitted under this section, shall:
- (a) classify the public safety employee's voter registration record in the [<del>lieutenant</del> governor's statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-109] system, as defined in Section 20A-2-501, as a private record; and
- (b) classify the public safety employee's marriage licenses and marriage license applications, if any, as private records.
- (3) A county recorder, treasurer, auditor, or tax assessor, upon receipt of the form described in Subsection (1)(b) from a public safety employee, completed and submitted under this section, shall:
- (a) provide a method for the assessment roll and index and the tax roll and index that will block public access to the public safety employee's personal information; and
- (b) provide to the public safety employee who submits the form a written disclaimer informing the public safety employee that the public safety employee may not receive official announcements affecting the public safety employee's property, including notices about proposed annexations, incorporations, or zoning modifications.
  - (4) A form submitted under this section remains in effect for the shorter of:
- 1638 (a) four years from the date on which the form was signed by the public safety 1639 employee, regardless of whether the public safety employee's qualifying employment is

terminated during the four years; or

(b) one year after official notice of the public safety employee's death is transmitted by the public safety employee's immediate family or the public safety employee's employing agency to all state and local government agencies that are reasonably expected to have records containing personal information of the deceased public safety employee.

- (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), the public safety employee, or the public safety employee's immediate family if the public safety employee is deceased, may rescind the form at any time.
- (6) (a) An individual may not, with intent to frighten or harass a public safety employee, publicly post on the Internet the personal information of a public safety employee knowing the public safety employee is a public safety employee.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), a violation of Subsection (6)(a) is a class B misdemeanor.
- (c) A violation of Subsection (6)(a) that results in bodily injury to the public safety employee, or a member of the public safety employee's immediate family, is a class A misdemeanor.
- (d) (i) Each act against a separate individual in violation of Subsection (6)(a) is a separate offense.
- (ii) A defendant may also be charged separately with the commission of any other criminal conduct related to the commission of an offense under Subsection (6)(a).
- (7) (a) A business or association may not publicly post or publicly display on the Internet the personal information of a public safety employee if the public safety employee has, either directly or through an agent designated under Subsection (7)(c), provided to that business or association a written demand to not disclose the public safety employee's personal information.
- (b) A written demand made under Subsection (7)(a) by a public safety employee is effective for four years beginning on the day the demand is delivered, regardless of whether the public safety employee's employment as a public safety employee has terminated during the four years.
- (c) A public safety employee may designate in writing the public safety employee's employer or, for a public safety employee who is a law enforcement officer, a representative of

a voluntary professional association of law enforcement officers to act on behalf of the officer and as the officer's agent to make a written demand under this chapter.

- (d) (i) A business or association that receives a written demand from a public safety employee under Subsection (7)(a) shall remove the public safety employee's personal information from public display on the Internet, including the removal of information provided to cellular telephone applications, within 24 hours of the delivery of the written demand, and shall ensure that the information is not posted again on the same Internet website or any other Internet website over which the recipient of the written demand maintains or exercises control.
- (ii) After receiving the public safety employee's written demand, the person, business, or association may not publicly post or publicly display on the Internet, the personal information of the public safety employee.
- (iii) This Subsection (7)(d) does not prohibit a telephone corporation, as defined in Section 54-2-1, or the telephone corporation's affiliate or other voice service provider, including providers of interconnected voice over Internet protocol service as defined in 47 C.F.R. 9.3, from transferring the public safety employee's personal information to any person, business, or association, if the transfer is authorized by federal or state law, regulation, order, terms of service, or tariff, or is necessary in the event of an emergency, or to collect a debt owed by the public safety employee to the telephone corporation or its affiliate.
- (iv) This Subsection (7)(d) does not apply to a telephone corporation or other voice service provider, including providers of interconnected voice over Internet protocol service, with respect to directories or directories listings to the extent the entity offers a nonpublished listing option.
- (8) (a) A public safety employee whose personal information is made public as a result of a violation of Subsection (7) may bring an action seeking injunctive or declarative relief in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) If a court finds that a violation has occurred, the court may grant injunctive or declarative relief and shall award the public safety employee court costs and reasonable attorney fees.
- (c) If the defendant fails to comply with an order of the court issued under Subsection (8)(b), the court may impose a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for the defendant's failure to comply with the court's order.

(9) (a) A person, business, or association may not solicit, sell, or trade on the Internet the personal information of a public safety employee, if:

- (i) the dissemination of the personal information poses an imminent and serious threat to the public safety employee's safety or the safety of the public safety employee's immediate family; and
- (ii) the person making the information available on the Internet knows or reasonably should know of the imminent and serious threat.
- (b) (i) A public safety employee whose personal information is knowingly publicly posted or publicly displayed on the Internet may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (ii) If a jury or court finds that a defendant has committed a violation of Subsection (9)(a), the jury or court shall award damages to the public safety employee in the amount of triple the cost of actual damages or \$4,000, whichever is greater.
- (10) An interactive computer service or access software is not liable under Subsections (7)(d)(i) and (9) for information or content provided by another information content provider.
- (11) Unless a state or local government agency receives a completed form directly from a public safety employee in accordance with Subsection (1), a state or local government official who makes information available for public inspection in accordance with state law is not in violation of this chapter.
  - Section 25. Section 67-1a-2 is amended to read:
  - 67-1a-2. Duties enumerated.

1702

1703

1704

1705

1706

1707

17081709

1710

1711

1712

1713

1714

1715

1716

1717

17181719

1720

1721

1722

1723

1724

1725

1726

1727

1728

1729

1730

1731

- (1) The lieutenant governor shall:
- (a) perform duties delegated by the governor, including assignments to serve in any of the following capacities:
- (i) as the head of any one department, if so qualified, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and, upon appointment at the pleasure of the governor and without additional compensation;
- (ii) as the chairperson of any cabinet group organized by the governor or authorized by law for the purpose of advising the governor or coordinating intergovernmental or interdepartmental policies or programs;
  - (iii) as liaison between the governor and the state Legislature to coordinate and

1735

1736

1737

1738

1739

1740

1741

1742

1743

1744

1745

1746

1747

1748

1749

1750

1751

1752

17561757

1758

1759

1760

1733	facilitate the	governor's	programs and	budget rec	uests

- (iv) as liaison between the governor and other officials of local, state, federal, and international governments or any other political entities to coordinate, facilitate, and protect the interests of the state;
- (v) as personal advisor to the governor, including advice on policies, programs, administrative and personnel matters, and fiscal or budgetary matters; and
- (vi) as chairperson or member of any temporary or permanent boards, councils, commissions, committees, task forces, or other group appointed by the governor;
- (b) serve on all boards and commissions in lieu of the governor, whenever so designated by the governor;
  - (c) serve as the chief election officer of the state as required by Subsection (2);
  - (d) keep custody of the Great Seal of the State of Utah;
  - (e) keep a register of, and attest, the official acts of the governor;
- (f) affix the Great Seal, with an attestation, to all official documents and instruments to which the official signature of the governor is required; and
- (g) furnish a certified copy of all or any part of any law, record, or other instrument filed, deposited, or recorded in the office of the lieutenant governor to any person who requests it and pays the fee.
  - (2) (a) As the chief election officer, the lieutenant governor shall:
  - (i) exercise oversight, and general supervisory authority, over all elections;
- 1753 (ii) exercise direct authority over the conduct of elections for federal, state, and
  1754 multicounty officers and statewide or multicounty ballot propositions and any recounts
  1755 involving those races;
  - (iii) [assist county clerks in unifying] establish uniformity in the election ballot;
  - (iv) (A) prepare election information for the public as required by [statute] <u>law</u> and as determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor; and
  - (B) make the information [under] described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A) available to the public and to news media, on the Internet, and in other forms as required by [statute or] law and as determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor;
- (v) receive and answer election questions and maintain an election file on opinions received from the attorney general;

1764	(vi) maintain a current list of registered political parties as defined in Section
1765	20A-8-101;
1766	(vii) maintain election returns and statistics;
1767	(viii) certify to the governor the names of [those persons who have received the highest
1768	number of votes for any] individuals nominated to run for, or elected to, office;
1769	(ix) ensure that all voting equipment purchased by the state complies with the
1770	requirements of Sections 20A-5-302, 20A-5-802, and 20A-5-803;
1771	(x) during a declared emergency, to the extent that the lieutenant governor determines
1772	it warranted, designate, as provided in Section 20A-1-308, a different method, time, or location
1773	relating to:
1774	(A) voting on election day;
1775	(B) early voting;
1776	(C) the transmittal or voting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot;
1777	(D) the counting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot; or
1778	(E) the canvassing of election returns; and
1779	(xi) exercise all other election authority, and perform other election duties, as provided
1780	in Title 20A, Election Code.
1781	(b) As chief election officer, the lieutenant governor:
1782	(i) shall oversee all elections, and functions relating to elections, in the state;
1783	(ii) shall ensure that each election officer complies with all legal requirements relating
1784	to elections;
1785	(iii) shall, in accordance with Section 20A-1-105, take action to enforce compliance by
1786	an election officer with legal requirements relating to elections; and
1787	(iv) may not assume the responsibilities assigned to the county clerks, city recorders,
1788	town clerks, or other local election officials by Title 20A, Election Code.
1789	(3) (a) The lieutenant governor shall:
1790	(i) determine a new municipality's classification under Section 10-2-301 upon the city's
1791	incorporation under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Incorporation of a Municipality, based on the
1792	municipality's population using the population estimate from the Utah Population Committee;
1793	and
1794	(ii) (A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new municipality belongs

1797

1798

1799

1800

1804

1805

1806

1807 1808

1809

1810

1811 1812

1813

1814

1815

1816

1817

1818

1819 1820

1821

1822

1795	based	on the	municipality'	's population;	and
------	-------	--------	---------------	----------------	-----

- (B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the municipality's legislative body.
  - (b) The lieutenant governor shall:
- (i) determine the classification under Section 10-2-301 of a consolidated municipality upon the consolidation of multiple municipalities under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 6,
- 1801 Consolidation of Municipalities, using population information from:
- 1802 (A) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census; 1803 or
  - (B) the population estimate from the Utah Population Committee, if the population of a municipality is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census; and
  - (ii) (A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the consolidated municipality belongs based on the municipality's population; and
  - (B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the consolidated municipality's legislative body.
    - (c) The lieutenant governor shall:
  - (i) determine a new metro township's classification under Section 10-2-301.5 upon the metro township's incorporation under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May 12, 2015, based on the metro township's population using the population estimates from the Utah Population Committee; and
  - (ii) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new metro township belongs based on the metro township's population and, within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the metro township's legislative body.
  - (d) The lieutenant governor shall monitor the population of each municipality using population information from:
    - (i) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census; or
  - (ii) the population estimate from the Utah Population Committee, if the population of a municipality is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census.
- 1824 (e) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)(b) or (d) indicates that a municipality's population has increased beyond the population for its current class, the

1826	lieutenant governor shall:
1827	(i) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based on
1828	the increased population figure; and
1829	(ii) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
1830	legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
1831	(f) (i) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)(b) or (d) indicates that a
1832	municipality's population has decreased below the population for its current class, the
1833	lieutenant governor shall send written notification of that fact to the municipality's legislative
1834	body.
1835	(ii) Upon receipt of a petition under Subsection 10-2-302(2) from a municipality whose
1836	population has decreased below the population for its current class, the lieutenant governor
1837	shall:
1838	(A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based
1839	on the decreased population figure; and
1840	(B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
1841	legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
1842	Section 26. Repealer.
1843	This bill repeals:

1844

Section 20A-1-101, Title.