



30 None

31 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

32 AMENDS:

33 **10-2-403**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352

34 **10-2a-106**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 157 and further amended by  
35 Revisor Instructions, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 157 and last amended by  
36 Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352

37 **10-2a-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 157 and renumbered and  
38 amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352

39 **10-2a-303**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 157 and renumbered and  
40 amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352

41 **10-2a-304**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 96, 111, 157 and  
42 renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352 and last amended by  
43 Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352

44 **20A-11-101**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 95

45 **63I-2-210**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 14

46 **63I-2-220**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 28 and 348

47 ENACTS:

48 **10-2a-302.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953



50 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

51 Section 1. Section **10-2-403** is amended to read:

52 **10-2-403. Annexation petition -- Requirements -- Notice required before filing.**

53 (1) Except as provided in Section **10-2-418**, the process to annex an unincorporated  
54 area to a municipality is initiated by a petition as provided in this section.

55 (2) (a) (i) Before filing a petition under Subsection (1) with respect to the proposed  
56 annexation of an area located in a county of the first class, the person or persons intending to  
57 file a petition shall:

58 (A) file with the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality a  
59 notice of intent to file a petition; and

60 (B) send a copy of the notice of intent to each affected entity.

61 (ii) Each notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall include an accurate map of the  
62 area that is proposed to be annexed.

63 (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the county in which the area proposed to be  
64 annexed is located shall:

65 (A) mail the notice described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) to:

66 (I) each owner of real property located within the area proposed to be annexed; and

67 (II) each owner of real property located within 300 feet of the area proposed to be  
68 annexed; and

69 (B) send to the proposed annexing municipality a copy of the notice and a certificate  
70 indicating that the notice has been mailed as required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A).

71 (ii) The county shall mail the notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) within 20  
72 days after receiving from the person or persons who filed the notice of intent:

73 (A) a written request to mail the required notice; and

74 (B) payment of an amount equal to the county's expected actual cost of mailing the  
75 notice.

76 (iii) Each notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) shall:

77 (A) be in writing;

78 (B) state, in bold and conspicuous terms, substantially the following:

79 "Attention: Your property may be affected by a proposed annexation.

80 Records show that you own property within an area that is intended to be included in a  
81 proposed annexation to (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) or that is within  
82 300 feet of that area. If your property is within the area proposed for annexation, you may be  
83 asked to sign a petition supporting the annexation. You may choose whether or not to sign the  
84 petition. By signing the petition, you indicate your support of the proposed annexation. If you  
85 sign the petition but later change your mind about supporting the annexation, you may

86 withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk  
87 of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) within 30 days after (state the name  
88 of the proposed annexing municipality) receives notice that the petition has been certified.

89 There will be no public election on the proposed annexation because Utah law does not  
90 provide for an annexation to be approved by voters at a public election. Signing or not signing  
91 the annexation petition is the method under Utah law for the owners of property within the area  
92 proposed for annexation to demonstrate their support of or opposition to the proposed  
93 annexation.

94 You may obtain more information on the proposed annexation by contacting (state the  
95 name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the official or employee of the  
96 proposed annexing municipality designated to respond to questions about the proposed  
97 annexation), (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the  
98 county official or employee designated to respond to questions about the proposed annexation),  
99 or (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the person who  
100 filed the notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), or, if more than one person filed the  
101 notice of intent, one of those persons). Once filed, the annexation petition will be available for  
102 inspection and copying at the office of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality)  
103 located at (state the address of the municipal offices of the proposed annexing municipality).";  
104 and

105 (C) be accompanied by an accurate map identifying the area proposed for annexation.

106 (iv) A county may not mail with the notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) any  
107 other information or materials related or unrelated to the proposed annexation.

108 (c) (i) After receiving the certificate from the county as provided in Subsection  
109 (2)(b)(i)(B), the proposed annexing municipality shall, upon request from the person or persons  
110 who filed the notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), provide an annexation petition for  
111 the annexation proposed in the notice of intent.

112 (ii) An annexation petition provided by the proposed annexing municipality may be  
113 duplicated for circulation for signatures.

114 (3) Each petition under Subsection (1) shall:  
115 (a) be filed with the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, of the proposed  
116 annexing municipality;  
117 (b) contain the signatures of, if all the real property within the area proposed for  
118 annexation is owned by a public entity other than the federal government, the owners of all the  
119 publicly owned real property, or the owners of private real property that:  
120 (i) is located within the area proposed for annexation;  
121 (ii) (A) subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(C), covers a majority of the private land area  
122 within the area proposed for annexation;  
123 (B) covers 100% of rural real property as that term is defined in Section [17B-2a-1107](#)  
124 within the area proposed for annexation; and  
125 (C) covers 100% of the private land area within the area proposed for annexation, if the  
126 area is within an agriculture protection area created under Title 17, Chapter 41, Agriculture and  
127 Industrial Protection Areas, or a migratory bird production area created under Title 23, Chapter  
128 28, Migratory Bird Production Area; and  
129 (iii) is equal in value to at least 1/3 of the value of all private real property within the  
130 area proposed for annexation;  
131 (c) be accompanied by:  
132 (i) an accurate and recordable map, prepared by a licensed surveyor, of the area  
133 proposed for annexation; and  
134 (ii) a copy of the notice sent to affected entities as required under Subsection  
135 (2)(a)(i)(B) and a list of the affected entities to which notice was sent;  
136 (d) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a county of the first class, contain  
137 on each signature page a notice in bold and conspicuous terms that states substantially the  
138 following:  
139 "Notice:  
140 • There will be no public election on the annexation proposed by this petition because  
141 Utah law does not provide for an annexation to be approved by voters at a public election.

142           • If you sign this petition and later decide that you do not support the petition, you may  
143 withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk  
144 of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality). If you choose to withdraw your  
145 signature, you shall do so no later than 30 days after (state the name of the proposed annexing  
146 municipality) receives notice that the petition has been certified.";

147           (e) if the petition proposes the annexation of an area located in a county that is not the  
148 county in which the proposed annexing municipality is located, be accompanied by a copy of  
149 the resolution, required under Subsection [10-2-402\(6\)](#), of the legislative body of the county in  
150 which the area is located; and

151           (f) designate up to five of the signers of the petition as sponsors, one of whom shall be  
152 designated as the contact sponsor, and indicate the mailing address of each sponsor.

153           (4) A petition under Subsection (1) may not propose the annexation of all or part of an  
154 area proposed for annexation to a municipality in a previously filed petition that has not been  
155 denied, rejected, or granted.

156           (5) A petition under Subsection (1) proposing the annexation of an area located in a  
157 county of the first class may not propose the annexation of an area that includes some or all of  
158 an area proposed to be incorporated in a request for a feasibility study under Section [10-2a-202](#)  
159 or a petition under Section [10-2a-302](#) or [10-2a-302.5](#) if:

160           (a) the request or petition was filed before the filing of the annexation petition; and

161           (b) the request, a petition under Section [10-2a-208](#) based on that request, or a petition  
162 under Section [10-2a-302](#) or [10-2a-302.5](#) is still pending on the date the annexation petition is  
163 filed.

164           (6) If practicable and feasible, the boundaries of an area proposed for annexation shall  
165 be drawn:

166           (a) along the boundaries of existing local districts and special service districts for  
167 sewer, water, and other services, along the boundaries of school districts whose boundaries  
168 follow city boundaries or school districts adjacent to school districts whose boundaries follow  
169 city boundaries, and along the boundaries of other taxing entities;

170 (b) to eliminate islands and peninsulas of territory that is not receiving municipal-type  
171 services;

172 (c) to facilitate the consolidation of overlapping functions of local government;

173 (d) to promote the efficient delivery of services; and

174 (e) to encourage the equitable distribution of community resources and obligations.

175 (7) On the date of filing, the petition sponsors shall deliver or mail a copy of the  
176 petition to the clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located.

177 (8) A property owner who signs an annexation petition proposing to annex an area  
178 located in a county of the first class may withdraw the owner's signature by filing a written  
179 withdrawal, signed by the property owner, with the city recorder or town clerk no later than 30  
180 days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification under  
181 Subsection [10-2-405\(2\)\(c\)\(i\)](#).

182 Section 2. Section **10-2a-106** is amended to read:

183 **10-2a-106. Feasibility study or petition to incorporate filed before May 12, 2015.**

184 (1) If a request for a feasibility study to incorporate a city is filed under Section  
185 [10-2a-202](#) before May 12, 2015, the request and a subsequent feasibility study, petition, public  
186 hearing, election, and any other city incorporation action applicable to that request shall be  
187 filed with and be acted upon, held, processed, or paid for by the county legislative body or  
188 county clerk, as applicable, as designated, directed, or authorized before Laws of Utah 2015,  
189 Chapter 157, takes effect.

190 (2) If a petition to incorporate a town is filed under Section [10-2a-302](#) or [10-2a-302.5](#)  
191 before May 12, 2015, the petition and a subsequent feasibility study, petition, public hearing,  
192 election, and any other town incorporation action applicable to that petition to incorporate shall  
193 be filed with and be acted upon, held, processed, or paid for by the county legislative body or  
194 county clerk, as applicable, as designated, directed, or authorized before Laws of Utah 2015,  
195 Chapter 157, takes effect.

196 Section 3. Section **10-2a-302** is amended to read:

197 **10-2a-302. Incorporation of a town -- Petition.**

198 (1) As used in this section:

199 (a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the  
200 land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section  
201 59-2-503.

202 (b) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:

203 (i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and

204 (ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to  
205 incorporate.

206 (c) "Financial feasibility study" means a study described in Subsection (7).

207 (d) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on a  
208 countywide basis.

209 (e) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.

210 (2) (a) This section applies to individuals who seek to initiate the process of  
211 incorporating a town before May 9, 2017.

212 (b) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of at  
213 least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.

214 (ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of  
215 Subsection (2)~~(a)~~(b)(i) if:

216 (A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and

217 (B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average  
218 width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.

219 ~~(b)~~ (c) The population figure under Subsection (2)~~(a)~~(b) shall be determined:

220 (i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and

221 (ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county clerk's  
222 certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).

223 (3) (a) ~~The~~ Individuals may initiate the process to incorporate an area as a town ~~[is~~  
224 ~~initiated by filing a~~ by circulating a petition to incorporate the area as a town.

225 (b) The individuals must file the petition with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor no

226 later than January 2, 2018 for the petition to be valid.

227 [~~(b)~~] (c) A petition under Subsection (3)[~~(a)~~](b) shall:

228 (i) be signed by:

229 (A) the owners of private real property that:

230 (I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and

231 (II) is equal in assessed value to more than 1/5 of the assessed value of all private real  
232 property within the area; and

233 (B) 1/5 of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town,  
234 according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition  
235 is filed;

236 (ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the  
237 petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of  
238 each owner signing as a sponsor;

239 (iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a  
240 licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and

241 (iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:

242 PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed  
243 town)

244 To the Honorable Lieutenant Governor:

245 We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area  
246 described in this petition, respectfully petition the lieutenant governor to direct the county  
247 legislative body to submit to the registered voters residing within the area described in this  
248 petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether the area should  
249 incorporate as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this  
250 petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing within the described area,  
251 and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The  
252 area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert an accurate  
253 description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

254           ~~[(e)]~~ (d) A petition under this Subsection (3) may not describe an area that includes  
255 some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section  
256 10-2-403 that:

- 257           (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and
- 258           (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed.

259           ~~[(d)]~~ (e) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property  
260 owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection (3)~~[(b)]~~(c)(ii), cumulatively  
261 exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a  
262 town.

263           ~~[(e)]~~ (f) A signer of a petition under this Subsection (3) may withdraw or, after  
264 withdrawn, reinstate the signer's signature on the petition:

- 265           (i) at any time until the lieutenant governor certifies the petition under Subsection (5);
- 266 and
- 267           (ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the lieutenant governor.

268           (4) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection (3)~~[(a)]~~(b) proposing to incorporate as a  
269 town an area located within a county of the first class, the lieutenant governor shall deliver  
270 written notice of the proposed incorporation:

- 271           (i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value
- 272 of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and
- 273           (ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed.

274           (b) A private real property owner described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) may exclude all or  
275 part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing a  
276 notice of exclusion:

- 277           (i) with the lieutenant governor; and
- 278           (ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection (4)(a).
- 279           (c) The lieutenant governor shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated as

280 a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection (4)(b) if:

- 281           (i) the property:

282 (A) is nonurban; and  
283 (B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and  
284 (ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town.  
285 (d) If the lieutenant governor excludes property from the area proposed to be  
286 incorporated as a town, the lieutenant governor shall send written notice of the exclusion to the  
287 contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion.  
288 (5) No later than 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (3), the  
289 lieutenant governor shall:  
290 (a) with the assistance of other county officers of the county in which the incorporation  
291 is proposed from whom the lieutenant governor requests assistance, determine whether the  
292 petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (3); and  
293 (b) (i) if the lieutenant governor determines that the petition complies with those  
294 requirements:  
295 (A) certify the petition; and  
296 (B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:  
297 (I) the contact sponsor; and  
298 (II) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or  
299 (ii) if the lieutenant governor determines that the petition fails to comply with any of  
300 those requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection  
301 and the reasons for the rejection.  
302 (6) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection (5)(b)(ii) may be amended to  
303 correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the lieutenant governor.  
304 (ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection (3)~~(a)~~(b) may be used  
305 toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (3)~~(b)~~(c) for the same petition that  
306 is amended under Subsection (6)(a)(i) and then refiled with the lieutenant governor.  
307 (b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection (6)(a)(i) after having been  
308 rejected by the lieutenant governor under Subsection (5)(b)(ii):  
309 (i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and

310 (ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is  
311 refiled.

312 (7) (a) (i) If a petition is filed under Subsection (4) and certified under Subsection [~~(6)~~]  
313 (5), the lieutenant governor shall commission and pay for a financial feasibility study.

314 (ii) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:

315 (A) (I) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition, as described in Subsection  
316 ~~(3)(b)~~(c)(ii), with the consent of the lieutenant governor; or

317 (II) by the lieutenant governor if the contact sponsor states, in writing, that the sponsor  
318 defers selection of the feasibility consultant to the lieutenant governor; and

319 (B) in accordance with applicable county procurement procedure.

320 (iii) The lieutenant governor shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the  
321 financial feasibility study and submit written results of the study to the lieutenant governor no  
322 later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the financial feasibility  
323 study.

324 (b) The financial feasibility study shall consider the:

325 (i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and  
326 the surrounding area;

327 (ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the  
328 proposed town and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and  
329 industrial development, and public facilities;

330 (iii) projected growth in the proposed town and in adjacent areas during the next five  
331 years;

332 (iv) subject to Subsection (7)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost,  
333 including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed town, including:

334 (A) culinary water;

335 (B) secondary water;

336 (C) sewer;

337 (D) law enforcement;

338 (E) fire protection;  
339 (F) roads and public works;  
340 (G) garbage;  
341 (H) weeds; and  
342 (I) government offices;  
343 (v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county  
344 and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the  
345 proposed town; and

346 (vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the  
347 incorporated area within five years of incorporation.

348 (c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (7)(b)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a  
349 level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed town in the future  
350 that fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being  
351 provided to the proposed town at the time of the feasibility study.

352 (ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant  
353 shall consider:

354 (A) the amount it would cost the proposed town to provide governmental service for  
355 the first five years after incorporation; and

356 (B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental  
357 service.

358 (iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (7)(b)(iv), shall take into account inflation  
359 and anticipated growth.

360 (d) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (7)(b)(v) exceed the five-year  
361 projected costs under Subsection (7)(b)(iv) by more than 10%, the feasibility consultant shall  
362 project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant  
363 governor.

364 (e) The lieutenant governor shall post a copy of the feasibility study on the lieutenant  
365 governor's website and make a copy available for public review at the Office of the Lieutenant

366 Governor.

367 (f) The lieutenant governor shall approve a certified petition proposing the  
368 incorporation of a town and hold a public hearing as provided in Section 10-2a-303.

369 Section 4. Section 10-2a-302.5 is enacted to read:

370 **10-2a-302.5. Incorporation of a town -- Petition.**

371 (1) As used in this section:

372 (a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the  
373 land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section  
374 59-2-503.

375 (b) (i) "Municipal services" means any of the following that are publicly provided:

376 (A) culinary water;

377 (B) secondary water;

378 (C) sewer service;

379 (D) law enforcement service;

380 (E) fire protection;

381 (F) roads;

382 (G) refuse collection; or

383 (H) weed control.

384 (ii) "Municipal services" includes the physical facilities required to provide a service  
385 described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).

386 (2) (a) This section applies to individuals who seek to initiate the process of  
387 incorporating a town on or after May 9, 2017.

388 (b) Individuals who reside in a contiguous area of a county that is not within a  
389 municipality may incorporate as a town as provided in this section if:

390 (i) the area has a population of at least 100 people, but less than 1,000 people; and

391 (ii) at least 50% of the voting eligible population in the area are registered voters.

392 (c) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of  
393 Subsection (2)(b) if:

394 (i) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and

395 (ii) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average  
396 width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.

397 (3) (a) Individuals described in Subsection (2) may initiate the process of incorporating  
398 a town by filing an application for an incorporation petition with the lieutenant governor that  
399 contains:

400 (i) the name and residential address of at least five sponsors of the petition who meet  
401 the qualifications described in Subsection (3)(b) for a sponsor and Subsection (7) for a petition  
402 signer;

403 (ii) a statement certifying that each of the sponsors:

404 (A) is a resident of the state; and

405 (B) has voted in a regular general election or municipal general election in the state  
406 within the last three years;

407 (iii) the signature of each sponsor, attested to by a notary public;

408 (iv) the name of a sponsor who is designated as the contact sponsor;

409 (v) consistent with the requirements described in Subsection (3)(c), an accurate map or  
410 plat, prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the  
411 proposed town; and

412 (vi) a statement indicating whether persons may be paid for gathering signatures for the  
413 petition.

414 (b) Sponsors may not file a petition under this section if the cumulative private real  
415 property that the petition sponsors own exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the  
416 boundaries of the proposed town.

417 (c) A map described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) may not include an area proposed for  
418 annexation in an annexation petition described in Section [10-2-403](#) that is pending on the day  
419 on which the application for the incorporation petition is filed.

420 (4) (a) If the lieutenant governor determines that an incorporation petition application  
421 complies with the requirements described in Subsection (3)(a), the lieutenant governor shall

422 accept the application and mail or transmit written notification of the acceptance to:

423 (i) the contact sponsor; and

424 (ii) the Utah Population Estimates Committee.

425 (b) If the lieutenant governor determines that an application does not comply with the  
426 requirements described in Subsection (3)(a), the lieutenant governor shall reject the application  
427 and mail or transmit written notification of the rejection, including the reason for the rejection,  
428 to the contact sponsor.

429 (5) (a) Within 20 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor accepts an  
430 application under Subsection (4)(a), the Utah Population Estimates Committee shall:

431 (i) determine the population of the proposed town as of the date the application was  
432 filed under Subsection (3) for the proposed town; and

433 (ii) provide that determination to the lieutenant governor.

434 (b) If the Utah Population Estimates Committee determines that the population of the  
435 proposed town does not meet the requirements described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the lieutenant  
436 governor shall rescind the acceptance described in Subsection (4)(a) and reject the application  
437 in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).

438 (6) Within 30 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor receives the  
439 determination described in Subsection (5)(b) but before collecting signatures under Subsection  
440 (7), the sponsors of the incorporation petition shall hold a public hearing at which the public  
441 may:

442 (a) review the map or plat of the proposed town described in Subsection (3)(a)(v);

443 (b) ask questions and receive information about the incorporation of the proposed  
444 town; and

445 (c) express views about the proposed incorporation, including views regarding the  
446 boundary of the proposed town.

447 (7) (a) If, after holding the public hearing described in Subsection (6), the sponsors  
448 wish to proceed with the proposed incorporation, the sponsors shall circulate an incorporation  
449 petition that, in order to be declared sufficient under Subsection (8)(b)(i), must be signed by:

450 (i) the owners of private real property that:  
451 (A) is located within the boundaries of the proposed town; and  
452 (B) is collectively greater than or equal to 20% of the assessed value of all private real  
453 property within the boundaries of the proposed town; and

454 (ii) 20% of the registered voters residing within the boundaries of the proposed town,  
455 as of the day on which the petition is filed.

456 (b) The petition sponsors shall ensure that the petition is:

457 (i) accompanied by and circulated with a copy of the map described in Subsection  
458 (3)(a)(v); and

459 (ii) printed in substantially the following form:

460 "PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed  
461 town)

462 To the Honorable Lieutenant Governor:

463 We, the undersigned, respectfully petition the lieutenant governor to direct the county to  
464 submit to the registered voters residing within the area described in this petition, in an election,  
465 the question of whether the area should incorporate as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms  
466 that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property located within, or  
467 is a registered voter residing within, the described area, and that the current residence address  
468 of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area we propose for incorporation as a  
469 town is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be  
470 incorporated)."

471 (c) An individual who signs a petition described in this Subsection (7) may withdraw  
472 or reinstate the individual's signature by filing a written, signed statement with the lieutenant  
473 governor before the lieutenant governor certifies the petition signatures under Subsection (8).

474 (d) The petition sponsors shall submit a completed petition to the lieutenant governor  
475 no later than 316 days after the day on which the sponsors submit the application described in  
476 Subsection (3)(a) to the lieutenant governor.

477 (8) No later than 20 days after the day on which the sponsors submit the petition to the

478 lieutenant governor under Subsection (7)(d), the lieutenant governor shall:

479 (a) determine whether the petition complies with the requirements described in  
480 Subsection (7); and

481 (b) (i) if the lieutenant governor determines that the petition complies with the  
482 requirements described in Subsection (7):

483 (A) certify the petition as sufficient; and

484 (B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or

485 (ii) if the lieutenant governor determines that the petition does not comply with the  
486 requirements described in Subsection (7):

487 (A) reject the petition; and

488 (B) notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for the  
489 rejection.

490 (9) (a) Petition sponsors may amend a petition that the lieutenant governor rejected  
491 under Subsection (8)(b)(ii) by:

492 (i) correcting the reason for which the lieutenant governor rejects the petition; and

493 (ii) submitting an amended petition to the lieutenant governor no later than the deadline  
494 described in Subsection (7)(d).

495 (b) A valid signature on a petition that the lieutenant governor rejects under Subsection  
496 (8)(b)(ii) is valid for an amended petition that the petition sponsors submit to the lieutenant  
497 governor under Subsection (9)(a).

498 (c) The lieutenant governor shall review an amended petition in accordance with  
499 Subsection (8).

500 (d) The sponsors of an incorporation petition may not amend the petition more than  
501 once.

502 (10) (a) If the lieutenant governor certifies an incorporation petition as sufficient under  
503 Subsection (8), the lieutenant governor shall, within seven days after the day on which the  
504 lieutenant governor certifies the petition, mail or transmit written notice of the proposed  
505 incorporation to each person who owns private real property that:

506           (i) is located within the boundaries of the proposed town; and  
507           (ii) has a value that is greater than or equal to 1% of the assessed value of all private  
508 real property within the boundaries of the proposed town.  
509           (b) A person described in Subsection (10)(a) may request that the lieutenant governor  
510 exclude all or part of the person's property from boundaries of the proposed town if:  
511           (i) the property does not require, and is not expected to require, a municipal service  
512 that the proposed town will provide; and  
513           (ii) exclusion of the property will not leave an unincorporated island within the  
514 proposed town.  
515           (c) (i) To request exclusion under this Subsection (10), a person described in  
516 Subsection (10)(a) shall file a written request with the lieutenant governor within 10 days after  
517 the day on which the person receives the notice described in Subsection (10)(a).  
518           (ii) The notice shall describe the property for which the person requests exclusion.  
519           (d) (i) The lieutenant governor shall exclude property from the boundaries of the  
520 proposed town if the property is described in a written request filed under Subsection (10)(c)  
521 and meets the requirements described in Subsection (10)(b).  
522           (ii) Within five days after the lieutenant governor excludes the property, the lieutenant  
523 governor shall mail or transmit written notice of the exclusion to the person who filed the  
524 request and to the contact sponsor.  
525           (11) (a) If the lieutenant governor certifies an incorporation petition as sufficient under  
526 Subsection (8), the lieutenant governor shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah  
527 Procurement Code, procure the services of a feasibility consultant to conduct a financial  
528 feasibility study on the proposed incorporation.  
529           (b) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that a feasibility consultant selected under  
530 Subsection (11)(a):  
531           (i) has expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and  
532           (ii) is not affiliated with:  
533           (A) a sponsor of the incorporation petition to which the feasibility study relates; or

534           (B) the county in which the proposed town is located.

535           (c) The lieutenant governor shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the  
536 financial feasibility study and submit written results of the study to the lieutenant governor no  
537 later than 60 days after the day on which the lieutenant governor procures the services of the  
538 feasibility consultant.

539           (d) The financial consultant shall ensure that the financial feasibility study includes:

540           (i) an analysis of the population and population density within the boundaries of the  
541 proposed town and the surrounding area;

542           (ii) the current and projected five-year demographics of, and tax base within, the  
543 boundaries of the proposed town and the surrounding area, including household size and  
544 income, commercial and industrial development, and public facilities;

545           (iii) subject to Subsection (11)(e), the current and five-year projected cost of providing  
546 municipal services to the proposed town, including administrative costs;

547           (iv) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county  
548 and all other current municipal services providers, the present and five-year projected revenue  
549 for the proposed town;

550           (v) a projection of the tax burden per household of any new taxes that may be levied  
551 within the proposed town within five years of the town's incorporation; and

552           (vi) if the lieutenant governor excludes property from the proposed town under  
553 Subsection (10)(d), an update to the map and legal description described in Subsection  
554 (3)(a)(v).

555           (e) (i) For purposes of Subsection (11)(d)(iii), the feasibility consultant shall assume  
556 that the proposed town will provide a level and quality of municipal services that fairly and  
557 reasonably approximate the level and quality of municipal services that are provided to the  
558 proposed town at the time the feasibility consultant conducts the feasibility study.

559           (ii) In determining the present cost of municipal services, the feasibility consultant  
560 shall consider:

561           (A) the amount it would cost the proposed town to provide the municipal services for

562 the first five years after the town's incorporation; and

563 (B) the current municipal services provider's present and five-year projected cost of  
564 providing the municipal services.

565 (iii) In calculating the costs described in Subsection (11)(d)(iii), the feasibility  
566 consultant shall account for inflation and anticipated growth.

567 (f) If the five-year projected revenues described in Subsection (11)(d)(iv) exceed the  
568 five-year projected costs described in Subsection (11)(d)(iii) by more than 10%, the feasibility  
569 consultant shall project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor  
570 and the lieutenant governor.

571 (g) The lieutenant governor shall publish the feasibility study on the lieutenant  
572 governor's website and make a copy of the feasibility study available for public review at the  
573 Office of the Lieutenant Governor.

574 (12) After the lieutenant governor conducts the feasibility study, the lieutenant  
575 governor shall hold a public hearing in accordance with Section [10-2a-303](#).

576 Section 5. Section **10-2a-303** is amended to read:

577 **10-2a-303. Incorporation of a town -- Public hearing on feasibility.**

578 (1) If, in accordance with Section [10-2a-302](#) or [10-2a-302.5](#), the lieutenant governor  
579 certifies a petition for incorporation or an amended petition for incorporation, the lieutenant  
580 governor shall, after completion of the feasibility study, schedule a public hearing [~~to~~]:

581 (a) [~~be held~~] that takes place no later than 60 days after the day on which the feasibility  
582 study is completed; and

583 (b) to consider, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility of incorporation  
584 for the proposed town.

585 (2) (a) The lieutenant governor shall give notice of the public hearing on the proposed  
586 incorporation by:

587 (i) (A) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two consecutive  
588 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or

589 (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting

590 notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed  
591 town; and

592 (ii) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created  
593 in Section [63F-1-701](#).

594 (b) The county in which the incorporation is proposed shall post the notice described in  
595 Subsection (2)(a)(ii) on the county's website, if the county has a website, for at least two  
596 consecutive weeks before the day of the public hearing.

597 (3) At the public hearing scheduled in accordance with Subsection (1), the lieutenant  
598 governor shall:

599 (a) (i) provide a copy of the feasibility study; and

600 (ii) present the results of the feasibility study to the public; and

601 (b) allow the public to:

602 (i) review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;

603 (ii) ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and

604 (iii) express its views about the proposed incorporation, including their views about the  
605 boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.

606 (4) A county under the direction of the lieutenant governor may not hold an election on  
607 the incorporation of a town in accordance with Section [10-2a-304](#) if the results of the feasibility  
608 study show that the five-year projected revenues under Subsection [10-2a-302\(7\)\(b\)\(v\)](#) or  
609 [10-2a-302.5\(11\)\(d\)\(iv\)](#) exceed the five-year projected costs under Subsection  
610 [10-2a-302\(7\)\(b\)\(iv\)](#) or [10-2a-302.5\(11\)\(d\)\(iii\)](#) by more than 10%.

611 Section 6. Section **10-2a-304** is amended to read:

612 **10-2a-304. Incorporation of a town -- Election to incorporate -- Ballot form.**

613 (1) (a) Upon [~~receipt of a certified petition or a certified amended petition under~~  
614 ~~Section [10-2a-302](#)] the completion of a feasibility study described in Section [10-2a-302](#) or  
615 [10-2a-302.5](#) and the public hearing described in Section [10-2a-303](#), the lieutenant governor  
616 shall[~~:(i) determine and set an election date for the~~] schedule an incorporation election [~~that is:~~  
617 ~~(A) on~~] for the proposed town on:~~

618 (i) the date of a regular general election ~~[date under]~~ described in Section 20A-1-201 or  
619 on the date of a local special election ~~[date under]~~ described in Section 20A-1-203; and

620 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) a date that is at least 65 days after the day ~~[that the legislative body receives~~  
621 ~~the certified petition; and]~~ on which the lieutenant governor certifies the petition under  
622 Subsection 10-2a-302(5) or Section 10-2a-302.5.

623 ~~[(ii)]~~ (b) The lieutenant governor shall direct the county ~~[legislative body of the county]~~  
624 in which the ~~[incorporation is]~~ proposed town is located to hold the incorporation election on  
625 the date ~~[determined by]~~ that the lieutenant governor ~~[in accordance with]~~ schedules under  
626 Subsection (1)(a)(i).

627 ~~[(b)]~~ (c) The county described in Subsection (1)(b) shall hold the incorporation election  
628 as directed by the lieutenant governor in accordance with Subsection (1)~~[(a)(ii)]~~(b).

629 ~~[(e)]~~ (d) ~~[Unless a person]~~ An individual may not vote in an incorporation election  
630 under this section unless the individual is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section  
631 20A-1-102, within the boundaries of the proposed town~~[, the person may not vote on the~~  
632 ~~proposed incorporation].~~

633 (2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:

634 (i) in a newspaper of general circulation, within the area proposed to be incorporated,  
635 at least once a week for three successive weeks; and

636 (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.

637 (b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:

638 (i) a statement of the contents of the petition;

639 (ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town;

640 (iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;

641 and

642 (iv) the lieutenant governor's Internet website address, if applicable, and the address of  
643 the Office of the Lieutenant Governor where the feasibility study is available for review.

644 (c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least  
645 one day but no more than seven days before the election.

646 (d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general  
647 circulation within the proposed town, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the  
648 election per 100 population in conspicuous places within the proposed town that are most  
649 likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed town.

650 (ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before  
651 the election under Subsection (1)(a).

652 (3) The ballot at the incorporation election shall pose the incorporation question  
653 substantially as follows:

654 Shall the area described as (insert a description of the proposed town) be incorporated  
655 as the town of (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)?

656 (4) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in  
657 Subsection (3).

658 (5) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed town  
659 vote to incorporate as a town, the area shall incorporate.

660 Section 7. Section **20A-11-101** is amended to read:

661 **20A-11-101. Definitions.**

662 As used in this chapter:

663 (1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a  
664 reporting entity has its principal office.

665 (2) "Agent of a reporting entity" means:

666 (a) a person acting on behalf of a reporting entity at the direction of the reporting  
667 entity;

668 (b) a person employed by a reporting entity in the reporting entity's capacity as a  
669 reporting entity;

670 (c) the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder;

671 (d) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder in the  
672 member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate or  
673 officeholder; or

674 (e) a political consultant of a reporting entity.

675 (3) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional  
676 amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by  
677 the Utah Code Annotated 1953.

678 (4) "Candidate" means any person who:

679 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or

680 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to  
681 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election  
682 to a public office.

683 (5) "Chief election officer" means:

684 (a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,  
685 officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues  
686 committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in  
687 Section [20A-11-1501](#); and

688 (b) the county clerk for local school board candidates.

689 (6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes:

690 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of  
691 value given to the filing entity;

692 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,  
693 subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or  
694 anything of value to the filing entity;

695 (iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity;

696 (iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for  
697 personal services provided without charge to the filing entity;

698 (v) remuneration from:

699 (A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist;

700 or

701 (B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts;

- 702 (vi) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and  
703 (vii) in-kind contributions.
- 704 (b) "Contribution" does not include:
- 705 (i) services provided by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf  
706 of the filing entity if the services are provided without compensation by the filing entity or any  
707 other person;
- 708 (ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of  
709 business; or
- 710 (iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less  
711 than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political  
712 party.
- 713 (7) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a  
714 candidate or political party are provided:
- 715 (a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political  
716 party does not object;
- 717 (b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
- 718 (c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
- 719 (d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or  
720 political party.
- 721 (8) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business  
722 organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and  
723 makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
- 724 (i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or  
725 (ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot  
726 proposition.
- 727 (b) "Corporation" does not mean:
- 728 (i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or  
729 (ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.

730 (9) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons  
731 within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of  
732 the registered political party.

733 (10) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be  
734 submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section  
735 [20A-8-402](#).

736 (11) "Detailed listing" means:

737 (a) for each contribution or public service assistance:

738 (i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public  
739 service assistance, except to the extent that the name or address of the individual or source is  
740 unknown;

741 (ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and

742 (iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and

743 (b) for each expenditure:

744 (i) the amount of the expenditure;

745 (ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;

746 (iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and

747 (iv) the date the expenditure was made.

748 (12) (a) "Donor" means a person that gives money, including a fee, due, or assessment  
749 for membership in the corporation, to a corporation without receiving full and adequate  
750 consideration for the money.

751 (b) "Donor" does not include a person that signs a statement that the corporation may  
752 not use the money for an expenditure or political issues expenditure.

753 (13) "Election" means each:

754 (a) regular general election;

755 (b) regular primary election; and

756 (c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.

757 (14) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:

758 (a) has at least a value of \$10,000;  
759 (b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and  
760 (c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising  
761 facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly  
762 identified candidate's or judge's election date.

763 (15) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a reporting entity or an  
764 agent of a reporting entity on behalf of the reporting entity:

765 (i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account  
766 required by this chapter;

767 (ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,  
768 or anything of value made for political purposes;

769 (iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any  
770 purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of  
771 value for political purposes;

772 (iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person  
773 without charge to a reporting entity;

774 (v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign  
775 committee; or

776 (vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another  
777 reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value.

778 (b) "Expenditure" does not include:

779 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all  
780 of their time on behalf of a reporting entity;

781 (ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of  
782 business; or

783 (iii) anything listed in Subsection (15)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to  
784 candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah.

785 (16) "Federal office" means the office of president of the United States, United States

786 Senator, or United States Representative.

787 (17) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial  
788 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections.

789 (18) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified  
790 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts,  
791 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial  
792 Retention Elections.

793 (19) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the  
794 candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee,  
795 political party, or corporation.

796 (20) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter 2a, Municipal  
797 Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city, town, or  
798 metro township.

799 (21) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section [10-2a-210](#),  
800 [10-2a-304](#), or [10-2a-404](#).

801 (22) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section [10-2a-208](#) [or],  
802 [10-2a-302](#), or [10-2a-302.5](#).

803 (23) "Individual" means a natural person.

804 (24) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value, other than money, that is accepted  
805 by or coordinated with a filing entity.

806 (25) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and  
807 expenditures made since the last report.

808 (26) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker  
809 of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant  
810 whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.

811 (27) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:

812 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;

813 (b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of

814 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and  
815 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or

816 (c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to  
817 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or  
818 appointment to a legislative office.

819 (28) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties that  
820 have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature.

821 (29) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.

822 (30) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the  
823 governing board of a registered political party.

824 (31) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business  
825 organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees,  
826 political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section [20A-11-1501](#).

827 (32) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to  
828 act for the candidate as provided in this chapter.

829 (33) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section  
830 [20A-11-104](#).

831 (34) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or  
832 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

833 (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political  
834 purposes; or

835 (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to  
836 vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office.

837 (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political  
838 party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party  
839 that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes.

840 (c) "Political action committee" does not mean:

841 (i) a party committee;

842 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular  
843 course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;

844 (iii) an individual;

845 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking  
846 account;

847 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political  
848 action committee; or

849 (vi) a personal campaign committee.

850 (35) (a) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a reporting entity, or paid  
851 by another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, to provide  
852 political advice to the reporting entity.

853 (b) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (35)(a),  
854 where the person:

855 (i) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;

856 (ii) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or

857 (iii) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the reporting entity or another  
858 person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, be paid in the future, with  
859 money or other consideration.

860 (36) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a  
861 registered political party to select candidates.

862 (37) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or  
863 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:

864 (i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in  
865 placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or  
866 to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;

867 (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a  
868 ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any  
869 proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or

870 (iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the  
871 ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot.

872 (b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:

873 (i) a registered political party or a party committee;

874 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the  
875 regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;

876 (iii) an individual;

877 (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking  
878 account;

879 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political  
880 issues committee; or

881 (vi) a group of individuals who:

882 (A) associate together for the purpose of challenging or supporting a single ballot  
883 proposition, ordinance, or other governmental action by a county, city, town, local district,  
884 special service district, or other local political subdivision of the state;

885 (B) have a common liberty, property, or financial interest that is directly impacted by  
886 the ballot proposition, ordinance, or other governmental action;

887 (C) do not associate together, for the purpose described in Subsection (37)(b)(vi)(A),  
888 via a legal entity;

889 (D) do not receive funds for challenging or supporting the ballot proposition,  
890 ordinance, or other governmental action from a person other than an individual in the group;  
891 and

892 (E) do not expend a total of more than \$5,000 for the purpose described in Subsection  
893 (37)(b)(vi)(A).

894 (38) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:

895 (i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or  
896 anything of value given to a political issues committee;

897 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political

898 issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;  
899 (iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting  
900 entity;  
901 (iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered  
902 without charge to a political issues committee; and  
903 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at  
904 less than fair market value.  
905 (b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:  
906 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all  
907 of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or  
908 (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary  
909 course of business.  
910 (39) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following when made by a  
911 political issues committee or on behalf of a political issues committee by an agent of the  
912 reporting entity:  
913 (i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing  
914 the approval or the defeat of:  
915 (A) a ballot proposition; or  
916 (B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;  
917 (ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for  
918 the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:  
919 (A) a ballot proposition; or  
920 (B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;  
921 (iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any  
922 political issues expenditure;  
923 (iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person  
924 without charge to a political issues committee; or  
925 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less

926 than fair market value.

927 (b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include:

928 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all  
929 of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or

930 (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary  
931 course of business.

932 (40) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or  
933 tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or  
934 against any:

935 (a) candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political  
936 convention, or election; or

937 (b) judge standing for retention at any election.

938 (41) (a) "Poll" means the survey of a person regarding the person's opinion or  
939 knowledge of an individual who has filed a declaration of candidacy for public office, or of a  
940 ballot proposition that has legally qualified for placement on the ballot, which is conducted in  
941 person or by telephone, facsimile, Internet, postal mail, or email.

942 (b) "Poll" does not include:

943 (i) a ballot; or

944 (ii) an interview of a focus group that is conducted, in person, by one individual, if:

945 (A) the focus group consists of more than three, and less than thirteen, individuals; and

946 (B) all individuals in the focus group are present during the interview.

947 (42) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election  
948 laws.

949 (43) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more individuals  
950 sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political action  
951 committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting the  
952 political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the  
953 individuals are listed.

954 (44) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor,  
955 state treasurer, attorney general, state school board member, state senator, state representative,  
956 speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and  
957 assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.

958 (45) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an  
959 officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to  
960 communicate with the officeholder's constituents:

961 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of  
962 money or anything of value to an officeholder; or

963 (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the  
964 officeholder.

965 (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:

966 (i) anything provided by the state;

967 (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all  
968 of their time on behalf of an officeholder;

969 (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of  
970 business;

971 (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or

972 (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any  
973 organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the  
974 officeholder.

975 (46) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.

976 (47) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11,  
977 Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.

978 (48) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that  
979 is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant  
980 Governor.

981 (49) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that

982 is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant  
983 Governor.

984 (50) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:

985 (a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%  
986 or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives  
987 for any of its candidates for any office; or

988 (b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political  
989 Party Formation and Procedures.

990 (51) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:

991 (i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and

992 (ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned  
993 during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.

994 (b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:

995 (i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or

996 (ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:

997 (A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or

998 (B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.

999 (52) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee,  
1000 a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political  
1001 action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as  
1002 defined in Section [20A-11-1501](#).

1003 (53) "School board office" means the office of state school board.

1004 (54) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or  
1005 intangible asset that comprises the contribution.

1006 (b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political  
1007 action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action  
1008 committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.

1009 (55) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,

1010 state auditor, and state treasurer.

1011 (56) "State office candidate" means a person who:

1012 (a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or

1013 (b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to  
 1014 receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or  
 1015 appointment to a state office.

1016 (57) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a  
 1017 reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.

1018 (58) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate  
 1019 expenditures from a political issues committee.

1020 Section 8. Section **63I-2-210** is amended to read:

1021 **63I-2-210. Repeal dates -- Title 10.**

1022 (1) Subsection 10-2a-106(2), the language that states ", including a township  
 1023 incorporation procedure as defined in Section 10-2a-105," is repealed July 1, 2016.

1024 (2) On July 1, 2018, the following are repealed:

1025 (a) in Subsection 10-2-403(5), the language that states "10-2a-302 or";

1026 (b) in Subsection 10-2-403(5)(b), the language that states "10-2a-302 or";

1027 (c) in Subsection 10-2a-106(2), the language that states "10-2a-302 or";

1028 (d) Section 10-2a-302;

1029 (e) Subsection 10-2a-302.5(2)(a);

1030 (f) in Subsection 10-2a-303(1), the language that states "10-2a-302 or";

1031 (g) in Subsection 10-2a-303(4), the language that states "10-2a-302(7)(b)(v) or" and  
 1032 "10-2a-302(7)(b)(iv) or";

1033 (h) in Subsection 10-2a-304(1)(a), the language that states "10-2a-302 or"; and

1034 (i) in Subsection 10-2a-304(1)(a)(ii), the language that states "Subsection 10-2a-302(5)  
 1035 or".

1036 [~~2~~] (3) Subsection 10-2a-410(3)(d)(ii) is repealed January 1, 2017.

1037 [~~3~~] (4) Section 10-2a-105 is repealed July 1, 2016.

1038            [~~(4)~~] (5) Subsection ~~10-9a-304~~(2) is repealed June 1, 2016.

1039            Section 9. Section **63I-2-220** is amended to read:

1040            **63I-2-220. Repeal dates, Title 20A.**

1041            [~~On January 1, 2017:~~]

1042            [~~(1) in Subsection 20A-1-102(71), the language that states "State Board of Education~~

1043 ~~and" is repealed;~~]

1044            [~~(2) in Subsection 20A-9-201(4)(a), the language that states "and State Board of~~

1045 ~~Education candidates" is repealed;~~]

1046            [~~(3) Subsection 20A-9-201(9) is repealed;~~]

1047            [~~(4) in Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(c), the language that states "State Board of Education~~

1048 ~~and" is repealed;~~]

1049            [~~(5) in Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(a), the language that states "State Board of Education~~

1050 ~~or" is repealed; and]~~

1051            [~~(6) Section 20A-14-104 is repealed.~~]

1052            On July 1, 2018, in Subsection 20A-11-101(21), the language that states ", 10-2a-302,"

1053 is repealed.