1	SALES AND USE TAX SELLER NEXUS AMENDMENTS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill makes changes related to the requirement to pay or collect and remit sales and
10	use taxes.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	provides definitions;
14	 expands the types of sellers who are required to pay or collect and remit sales and
15	use taxes; and
16	makes technical and conforming changes.
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2012.
21	Utah Code Sections Affected:
22	AMENDS:
23	59-1-401 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 233
24	59-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 14, 285, and 314
25	59-12-103.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
26	59-12-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 212
27	59-12-108 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 309



59-12-211 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 285	
59-12-211.1 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 142	
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
Section 1. Section 59-1-401 is amended to read:	
59-1-401. Definitions Offenses and penalties Rulemaking authority St	atute
of limitations Exceptions Commission authority to waive, reduce, or compromis	e
penalty or interest.	
(1) As used in this section:	
(a) "Activated tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge with respect to which	ch the
commission:	
(i) has implemented the commission's GenTax system; and	
(ii) at least 30 days before implementing the commission's GenTax system as des	cribed
in Subsection (1)(a)(i), has provided notice in a conspicuous place on the commission's w	ebsite
stating:	
(A) the date the commission will implement the GenTax system with respect to the	ne tax,
fee, or charge; and	
(B) that, at the time the commission implements the GenTax system with respect	to the
tax, fee, or charge:	
(I) a person that files a return after the due date as described in Subsection (2)(a)	is
subject to the penalty described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and	
(II) a person that fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)	(a) is
subject to the penalty described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).	
(b) "Activation date for a tax, fee, or charge" means with respect to a tax, fee, or	
charge, the later of:	
(i) the date on which the commission implements the commission's GenTax syste	m
with respect to the tax, fee, or charge; or	
(ii) 30 days after the date the commission provides the notice described in Subsection	tion
(1)(a)(ii) with respect to the tax, fee, or charge.	
(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(ii), "tax, fee, or charge" means:	
(A) a tax, fee, or charge the commission administers under:	

- 59 (I) this title;
- 60 (II) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
- 61 (III) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
- 62 (IV) Section 19-6-410.5;
- 63 (V) Section 19-6-714;
- 64 (VI) Section 19-6-805;
- 65 (VII) Section 34A-2-202;
- 66 (VIII) Section 40-6-14;
- 67 (IX) Section 69-2-5;
- 68 (X) Section 69-2-5.5; or
- 69 (XI) Section 69-2-5.6; or
- (B) another amount that by statute is subject to a penalty imposed under this section.
- 71 (ii) "Tax, fee, or charge" does not include a tax, fee, or charge imposed under:
- 72 (A) Title 41, Chapter 1a, Motor Vehicle Act, except for Section 41-1a-301;
- 73 (B) Title 41, Chapter 3, Motor Vehicle Business Regulation Act;
- 74 (C) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, except for Section 59-2-1309;
- 75 (D) Chapter 3, Tax Equivalent Property Act; or
- (E) Chapter 4, Privilege Tax.

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- 77 (d) "Unactivated tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge except for an activated tax, fee, or charge.
- 79 (2) (a) The due date for filing a return is:
 - (i) if the person filing the return is not allowed by law an extension of time for filing the return, the day on which the return is due as provided by law; or
- 82 (ii) if the person filing the return is allowed by law an extension of time for filing the return, the earlier of:
 - (A) the date the person files the return; or
- (B) the last day of that extension of time as allowed by law.
- 86 (b) A penalty in the amount described in Subsection (2)(c) is imposed if a person files a 87 return after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a).
- 88 (c) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the penalty is an amount equal to the greater of:
- (i) if the return described in Subsection (2)(b) is filed with respect to an unactivated

90	tax, fee, or charge:
91	(A) \$20; or
92	(B) 10% of the unpaid unactivated tax, fee, or charge due on the return; or
93	(ii) if the return described in Subsection (2)(b) is filed with respect to an activated tax,
94	fee, or charge, beginning on the activation date for the tax, fee, or charge:
95	(A) \$20; or
96	(B) (I) 2% of the unpaid activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the return is
97	filed no later than five days after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a);
98	(II) 5% of the unpaid activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the return is filed
99	more than five days after the due date but no later than 15 days after the due date described in
100	Subsection (2)(a); or
101	(III) 10% of the unpaid activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the return is
102	filed more than 15 days after the due date described in Subsection (2)(a).
103	(d) This Subsection (2) does not apply to:
104	(i) an amended return; or
105	(ii) a return with no tax due.
106	(3) (a) A person is subject to a penalty for failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge if:
107	(i) the person files a return on or before the due date for filing a return described in
108	Subsection (2)(a), but fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on the return on or before that due
109	date;
110	(ii) the person:
111	(A) is subject to a penalty under Subsection (2)(b); and
112	(B) fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return within a 90-day period after the
113	due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a);
114	(iii) (A) the person is subject to a penalty under Subsection (2)(b); and
115	(B) the commission estimates an amount of tax due for that person in accordance with
116	Subsection 59-1-1406(2);
117	(iv) the person:
118	(A) is mailed a notice of deficiency; and
119	(B) within a 30-day period after the day on which the notice of deficiency described in
120	Subsection (3)(a)(iv)(A) is mailed:

121	(I) does not file a petition for redetermination or a request for agency action; and
122	(II) fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return;
123	(v) (A) the commission:
124	(I) issues an order constituting final agency action resulting from a timely filed petition
125	for redetermination or a timely filed request for agency action; or
126	(II) is considered to have denied a request for reconsideration under Subsection
127	63G-4-302(3)(b) resulting from a timely filed petition for redetermination or a timely filed
128	request for agency action; and
129	(B) the person fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge due on a return within a 30-day period
130	after the date the commission:
131	(I) issues the order constituting final agency action described in Subsection
132	(3)(a)(v)(A)(I); or
133	(II) is considered to have denied the request for reconsideration described in
134	Subsection (3)(a)(v)(A)(II); or
135	(vi) the person fails to pay the tax, fee, or charge within a 30-day period after the date
136	of a final judicial decision resulting from a timely filed petition for judicial review.
137	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a), the penalty is an amount equal to the greater of:
138	(i) if the failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is with
139	respect to an unactivated tax, fee, or charge:
140	(A) \$20; or
141	(B) 10% of the unpaid unactivated tax, fee, or charge due on the return; or
142	(ii) if the failure to pay a tax, fee, or charge as described in Subsection (3)(a) is with
143	respect to an activated tax, fee, or charge, beginning on the activation date:
144	(A) \$20; or
145	(B) (I) 2% of the unpaid activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the activated
146	tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid no later than five days after the due date for filing a
147	return described in Subsection (2)(a);
148	(II) 5% of the unpaid activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the activated tax,
149	fee, or charge due on the return is paid more than five days after the due date for filing a return
150	described in Subsection (2)(a) but no later than 15 days after that due date; or
151	(III) 10% of the unpaid activated tax, fee, or charge due on the return if the activated

tax, fee, or charge due on the return is paid more than 15 days after the due date for filing a return described in Subsection (2)(a).

- (4) (a) Beginning January 1, 1995, in the case of any underpayment of estimated tax or quarterly installments required by Sections 59-5-107, 59-5-207, 59-7-504, and 59-9-104, there shall be added a penalty in an amount determined by applying the interest rate provided under Section 59-1-402 plus four percentage points to the amount of the underpayment for the period of the underpayment.
- (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the amount of the underpayment shall be the excess of the required installment over the amount, if any, of the installment paid on or before the due date for the installment.
- (ii) The period of the underpayment shall run from the due date for the installment to whichever of the following dates is the earlier:
 - (A) the original due date of the tax return, without extensions, for the taxable year; or
- (B) with respect to any portion of the underpayment, the date on which that portion is paid.
- (iii) For purposes of this Subsection (4), a payment of estimated tax shall be credited against unpaid required installments in the order in which the installments are required to be paid.
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (6), a person allowed by law an extension of time for filing a corporate franchise or income tax return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, or an individual income tax return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, is subject to a penalty in the amount described in Subsection (5)(b) if, on or before the day on which the return is due as provided by law, not including the extension of time, the person fails to pay:
- (i) for a person filing a corporate franchise or income tax return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes, the payment required by Subsection 59-7-507(1)(b); or
- (ii) for a person filing an individual income tax return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the payment required by Subsection 59-10-516(2).
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the penalty per month during the period of the extension of time for filing the return is an amount equal to 2% of the tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is due as provided by law.

183 (6) If a person does not file a return within an extension of time allowed by Section 184 59-7-505 or 59-10-516, the person: 185 (a) is not subject to a penalty in the amount described in Subsection (5)(b); and 186 (b) is subject to a penalty in an amount equal to the sum of: 187 (i) a late file penalty in an amount equal to the greater of: 188 (A) \$20; or 189 (B) 10% of the tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is due as 190 provided by law, not including the extension of time; and 191 (ii) a late pay penalty in an amount equal to the greater of: 192 (A) \$20; or 193 (B) 10% of the unpaid tax due on the return, unpaid as of the day on which the return is 194 due as provided by law, not including the extension of time. 195 (7) (a) Additional penalties for an underpayment of a tax, fee, or charge are as provided 196 in this Subsection (7)(a). 197 (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), if any portion of an underpayment of a tax, 198 fee, or charge is due to negligence, the penalty is 10% of the portion of the underpayment that 199 is due to negligence. 200 (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), if any portion of an underpayment of a 201 tax, fee, or charge is due to intentional disregard of law or rule, the penalty is 15% of the entire 202 underpayment. 203 (iii) If any portion of an underpayment is due to an intent to evade a tax, fee, or charge, 204 the penalty is the greater of \$500 per period or 50% of the entire underpayment. 205 (iv) If any portion of an underpayment is due to fraud with intent to evade a tax, fee, or 206 charge, the penalty is the greater of \$500 per period or 100% of the entire underpayment. 207 (b) If the commission determines that a person is liable for a penalty imposed under 208 Subsection (7)(a)(ii), (iii), or (iv), the commission shall notify the person of the proposed 209 penalty. 210

- (i) The notice of proposed penalty shall:
- (A) set forth the basis of the assessment; and

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- 212 (B) be mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, to the person's last-known address.
- 213 (ii) Upon receipt of the notice of proposed penalty, the person against whom the

214	penalty is proposed may:
215	(A) pay the amount of the proposed penalty at the place and time stated in the notice;
216	or
217	(B) proceed in accordance with the review procedures of Subsection (7)(b)(iii).
218	(iii) A person against whom a penalty is proposed in accordance with this Subsection
219	(7) may contest the proposed penalty by filing a petition for an adjudicative proceeding with
220	the commission.
221	(iv) (A) If the commission determines that a person is liable for a penalty under this
222	Subsection (7), the commission shall assess the penalty and give notice and demand for
223	payment.
224	(B) The commission shall mail the notice and demand for payment described in
225	Subsection $(7)(b)(iv)(A)$:
226	(I) to the person's last-known address; and
227	(II) in accordance with Section 59-1-1404.
228	(c) A seller that voluntarily collects a tax under Subsection 59-12-107[(1)(b)](2)(d) is
229	not subject to the penalty under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if on or after July 1, 2001:
230	(i) a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final unappealable judgment or order
231	determining that:
232	(A) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
233	59-12-107[(1)](2)(a) or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under
234	Subsection (2)(b) or (c); and
235	(B) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
236	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d); or
237	(ii) the commission issues a final unappealable administrative order determining that:
238	(A) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
239	59-12-107[(1)](2)(a) or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under
240	Subsection (2)(b) or (c); and
241	(B) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
242	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d).
243	(d) A seller that voluntarily collects a tax under Subsection 59-12-107[(1)(b)](2)(d) is
244	not subject to the penalty under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) if:

245	(i) (A) a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final unappealable judgment or order
246	determining that:
247	(I) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
248	59-12-107[(1)](2)(a) or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under
249	Subsection (2)(b) or (c); and
250	(II) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
251	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d); or
252	(B) the commission issues a final unappealable administrative order determining that:
253	(I) the seller meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
254	59-12-107[(1)](2)(a) or is a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under
255	Subsection (2)(b) or (c); and
256	(II) the commission or a county, city, or town may require the seller to collect a tax
257	under Subsections 59-12-103(2)(a) through (d); and
258	(ii) the seller's intentional disregard of law or rule is warranted by existing law or by a
259	nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the
260	establishment of new law.
261	(8) The penalty for failure to file an information return, information report, or a
262	complete supporting schedule is \$50 for each information return, information report, or
263	supporting schedule up to a maximum of \$1,000.
264	(9) If a person, in furtherance of a frivolous position, has a prima facie intent to delay
265	or impede administration of a law relating to a tax, fee, or charge and files a purported return
266	that fails to contain information from which the correctness of reported tax, fee, or charge
267	liability can be determined or that clearly indicates that the tax, fee, or charge liability shown is
268	substantially incorrect, the penalty is \$500.
269	(10) (a) A seller that fails to remit a tax, fee, or charge monthly as required by
270	Subsection 59-12-108(1)(a):
271	(i) is subject to a penalty described in Subsection (2); and
272	(ii) may not retain the percentage of sales and use taxes that would otherwise be
273	allowable under Subsection 59-12-108(2).
274	(b) A seller that fails to remit a tax, fee, or charge by electronic funds transfer as
275	required by Subsection 59-12-108(1)(a)(ii)(B):

276	(i) is subject to a penalty described in Subsection (2); and
277	(ii) may not retain the percentage of sales and use taxes that would otherwise be
278	allowable under Subsection 59-12-108(2).
279	(11) (a) A person is subject to the penalty provided in Subsection (11)(c) if that person:
280	(i) commits an act described in Subsection (11)(b) with respect to one or more of the
281	following documents:
282	(A) a return;
283	(B) an affidavit;
284	(C) a claim; or
285	(D) a document similar to Subsections (11)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
286	(ii) knows or has reason to believe that the document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i)
287	will be used in connection with any material matter administered by the commission; and
288	(iii) knows that the document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i), if used in connection
289	with any material matter administered by the commission, would result in an understatement of
290	another person's liability for a tax, fee, or charge.
291	(b) The following acts apply to Subsection (11)(a)(i):
292	(i) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
293	(ii) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
294	(iii) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
295	(iv) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
296	in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
297	(v) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in
298	Subsection (11)(a)(i);
299	(vi) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
300	in Subsection (11)(a)(i); or
301	(vii) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document
302	described in Subsection (11)(a)(i).
303	(c) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a), the penalty:
304	(i) shall be imposed by the commission;
305	(ii) is \$500 for each document described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) with respect to which
306	the person described in Subsection (11)(a) meets the requirements of Subsection (11)(a); and

her penalty provided by law. eek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in under this Subsection (11). e 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the ribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
under this Subsection (11). e 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
e 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
ribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
etion 76-8-1101, criminal offenses and penalties are as
rough (e).
uired by this title or any laws the commission administers or
a license or permit from the commission, who operates
d a license or permit, or who operates when the registration,
current, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
on 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(b)(i), the
intent to evade a tax, fee, or charge or requirement of this
ne commission, fails to make, render, sign, or verify a return
time required by law, or who makes, renders, signs, or
or statement, or who supplies false or fraudulent
ree felony.
on 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(c)(i), the
ionally or willfully attempts to evade or defeat a tax, fee, or

(A) be less than \$1,500; or

guilty of a second degree felony.

penalty may not:

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(ii) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of Subsection (12)(d)(i), the

338	(B) exceed \$25,000.
339	(e) (i) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if that person commits an act:
340	(A) described in Subsection (12)(e)(ii) with respect to one or more of the following
341	documents:
342	(I) a return;
343	(II) an affidavit;
344	(III) a claim; or
345	(IV) a document similar to Subsections (12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III); and
346	(B) subject to Subsection (12)(e)(iii), with knowledge that the document described in
347	Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A):
348	(I) is false or fraudulent as to any material matter; and
349	(II) could be used in connection with any material matter administered by the
350	commission.
351	(ii) The following acts apply to Subsection (12)(e)(i):
352	(A) preparing any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
353	(B) presenting any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
354	(C) procuring any portion of a document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
355	(D) advising in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
356	in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
357	(E) aiding in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described in
358	Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A);
359	(F) assisting in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document described
360	in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); or
361	(G) counseling in the preparation or presentation of any portion of a document
362	described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A).
363	(iii) This Subsection (12)(e) applies:
364	(A) regardless of whether the person for which the document described in Subsection
365	(12)(e)(i)(A) is prepared or presented:
366	(I) knew of the falsity of the document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); or
367	(II) consented to the falsity of the document described in Subsection (12)(e)(i)(A); and
368	(B) in addition to any other penalty provided by law.

369	(iv) Notwithstanding Section 76-3-301, for purposes of this Subsection (12)(e), the
370	penalty may not:
371	(A) be less than \$1,500; or
372	(B) exceed \$25,000.
373	(v) The commission may seek a court order to enjoin a person from engaging in
374	conduct that is subject to a penalty under this Subsection (12)(e).
375	(vi) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
376	the commission may make rules prescribing the documents that are similar to Subsections
377	(12)(e)(i)(A)(I) through (III).
378	(f) The statute of limitations for prosecution for a violation of this Subsection (12) is
379	the later of six years:
380	(i) from the date the tax should have been remitted; or
381	(ii) after the day on which the person commits the criminal offense.
382	(13) Upon making a record of its actions, and upon reasonable cause shown, the
383	commission may waive, reduce, or compromise any of the penalties or interest imposed under
384	this part.
385	Section 2. Section 59-12-102 is amended to read:
386	59-12-102. Definitions.
387	As used in this chapter:
388	(1) "800 service" means a telecommunications service that:
389	(a) allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call; and
390	(b) is typically marketed:
391	(i) under the name 800 toll-free calling;
392	(ii) under the name 855 toll-free calling;
393	(iii) under the name 866 toll-free calling;
394	(iv) under the name 877 toll-free calling;
395	(v) under the name 888 toll-free calling; or
396	(vi) under a name similar to Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v) as designated by the
397	Federal Communications Commission.
398	(2) (a) "900 service" means an inbound toll telecommunications service that:
399	(i) a subscriber purchases;

400	(ii) allows a customer of the subscriber described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to call in to
401	the subscriber's:
402	(A) prerecorded announcement; or
403	(B) live service; and
404	(iii) is typically marketed:
405	(A) under the name 900 service; or
406	(B) under a name similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) as designated by the Federal
407	Communications Commission.
408	(b) "900 service" does not include a charge for:
409	(i) a collection service a seller of a telecommunications service provides to a
410	subscriber; or
411	(ii) the following a subscriber sells to the subscriber's customer:
412	(A) a product; or
413	(B) a service.
414	(3) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.
415	(b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
416	organizations.
417	(4) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement adopted on
418	November 12, 2002, including amendments made to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
419	Agreement after November 12, 2002.
420	(5) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates:
421	(a) listed under Subsection (6); and
422	(b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction.
423	(6) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under:
424	(a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A);
425	(b) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b)(i);
426	(c) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c)(i);
427	(d) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d)(i)(A)(I);
428	(e) Section 59-12-204;
429	(f) Section 59-12-401;
430	(g) Section 59-12-402;

431	(h) Section 59-12-703;
432	(i) Section 59-12-802;
433	(j) Section 59-12-804;
434	(k) Section 59-12-1102;
435	(l) Section 59-12-1302;
436	(m) Section 59-12-1402;
437	(n) Section 59-12-1802;
438	(o) Section 59-12-2003;
439	(p) Section 59-12-2103;
440	(q) Section 59-12-2213;
441	(r) Section 59-12-2214;
442	(s) Section 59-12-2215;
443	(t) Section 59-12-2216;
444	(u) Section 59-12-2217; or
445	(v) Section 59-12-2218.
446	(7) "Aircraft" is as defined in Section 72-10-102.
447	(8) "Aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul provider" means a business entity:
448	(a) except for:
449	(i) an airline as defined in Section 59-2-102; or
450	(ii) an affiliated group, as defined in [Subsection 59-12-107(1)(f)] Section 59-7-101,
451	except that "affiliated group" includes a corporation that is qualified to do business but is not
452	otherwise doing business in the state, of an airline; and
453	(b) that has the workers, expertise, and facilities to perform the following, regardless of
454	whether the business entity performs the following in this state:
455	(i) check, diagnose, overhaul, and repair:
456	(A) an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
457	(B) the parts that comprise an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
458	(ii) assemble, change, dismantle, inspect, and test a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft
459	engine;
460	(iii) perform at least the following maintenance on a fixed wing turbine powered
461	aircraft·

462	(A) an inspection;
463	(B) a repair, including a structural repair or modification;
464	(C) changing landing gear; and
465	(D) addressing issues related to an aging fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
466	(iv) completely remove the existing paint of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft and
467	completely apply new paint to the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
468	(v) refurbish the interior of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft in a manner that
469	results in a change in the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's certification requirements by the
470	authority that certifies the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft.
471	(9) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that:
472	(a) is suitable for human consumption; and
473	(b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
474	(10) (a) "Ancillary service" means a service associated with, or incidental to, the
475	provision of telecommunications service.
476	(b) "Ancillary service" includes:
477	(i) a conference bridging service;
478	(ii) a detailed communications billing service;
479	(iii) directory assistance;
480	(iv) a vertical service; or
481	(v) a voice mail service.
482	(11) "Area agency on aging" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
483	(12) "Assisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or ride
484	device that is started and stopped by an individual:
485	(a) who is not the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate the amusement
486	device, skill device, or ride device; and
487	(b) at the direction of the seller of the right to use the amusement device, skill device,
488	or ride device.
489	(13) "Assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property" means cleaning or
490	washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing labor is primarily performed
491	by an individual:
492	(a) who is not the purchaser of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal

493	property; and
494	(b) at the direction of the seller of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal
495	property.
496	(14) "Authorized carrier" means:
497	(a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials
498	indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration
499	Plan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement;
500	(b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operating
501	certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or
502	(c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling
503	stock, the holder of a certificate issued by the United States Surface Transportation Board.
504	(15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the
505	following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity:
506	(i) material from a plant or tree; or
507	(ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including:
508	(A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands;
509	(B) animal waste;
510	(C) methane produced:
511	(I) at landfills; or
512	(II) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals;
513	(D) aquatic plants; and
514	(E) agricultural products.
515	(b) "Biomass energy" does not include:
516	(i) black liquor;
517	(ii) treated woods; or
518	(iii) biomass from municipal solid waste other than methane produced:
519	(A) at landfills; or
520	(B) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals.
521	(16) (a) "Bundled transaction" means the sale of two or more items of tangible personal
522	property, products, or services if the tangible personal property, products, or services are:
523	(i) distinct and identifiable; and

524	(ii) sold for one nonitemized price.
525	(b) "Bundled transaction" does not include:
526	(i) the sale of tangible personal property if the sales price varies, or is negotiable, on
527	the basis of the selection by the purchaser of the items of tangible personal property included in
528	the transaction;
529	(ii) the sale of real property;
530	(iii) the sale of services to real property;
531	(iv) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service if:
532	(A) the tangible personal property:
533	(I) is essential to the use of the service; and
534	(II) is provided exclusively in connection with the service; and
535	(B) the service is the true object of the transaction;
536	(v) the retail sale of two services if:
537	(A) one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service;
538	(B) the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service; and
539	(C) the second service is the true object of the transaction;
540	(vi) a transaction that includes tangible personal property or a product subject to
541	taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property or a product that is not subject to
542	taxation under this chapter if the:
543	(A) seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product subject to
544	taxation under this chapter is de minimis; or
545	(B) seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
546	under this chapter is de minimis; and
547	(vii) the retail sale of tangible personal property that is not subject to taxation under
548	this chapter and tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter if:
549	(A) that retail sale includes:
550	(I) food and food ingredients;
551	(II) a drug;
552	(III) durable medical equipment;
553	(IV) mobility enhancing equipment;
554	(V) an over-the-counter drug:

555	(VI) a prosthetic device; or
556	(VII) a medical supply; and
557	(B) subject to Subsection (16)(f):
558	(I) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
559	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price of that retail sale; or
560	(II) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
561	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total sales price of that retail sale.
562	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (16)(a)(i), tangible personal property, a product, or a
563	service that is distinct and identifiable does not include:
564	(A) packaging that:
565	(I) accompanies the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or service; and
566	(II) is incidental or immaterial to the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or
567	service;
568	(B) tangible personal property, a product, or a service provided free of charge with the
569	purchase of another item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service; or
570	(C) an item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service included in the
571	definition of "purchase price."
572	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (16)(c)(i)(B), an item of tangible personal property, a
573	product, or a service is provided free of charge with the purchase of another item of tangible
574	personal property, a product, or a service if the sales price of the purchased item of tangible
575	personal property, product, or service does not vary depending on the inclusion of the tangible
576	personal property, product, or service provided free of charge.
577	(d) (i) For purposes of Subsection (16)(a)(ii), property sold for one nonitemized price
578	does not include a price that is separately identified by tangible personal property, product, or
579	service on the following, regardless of whether the following is in paper format or electronic
580	format:
581	(A) a binding sales document; or
582	(B) another supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser.
583	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (16)(d)(i), a binding sales document or another
584	supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser includes:
585	(A) a bill of sale;

586	(B) a contract;
587	(C) an invoice;
588	(D) a lease agreement;
589	(E) a periodic notice of rates and services;
590	(F) a price list;
591	(G) a rate card;
592	(H) a receipt; or
593	(I) a service agreement.
594	(e) (i) For purposes of Subsection (16)(b)(vi), the sales price of tangible personal
595	property or a product subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis if:
596	(A) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or
597	less of the seller's total purchase price of the bundled transaction; or
598	(B) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or less of
599	the seller's total sales price of the bundled transaction.
600	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (16)(b)(vi), a seller:
601	(A) shall use the seller's purchase price or the seller's sales price to determine if the
602	purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
603	under this chapter is de minimis; and
604	(B) may not use a combination of the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price
605	to determine if the purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product
606	subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis.
607	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (16)(b)(vi), a seller shall use the full term of a service
608	contract to determine if the sales price of tangible personal property or a product is de minimis.
609	(f) For purposes of Subsection (16)(b)(vii)(B), a seller may not use a combination of
610	the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price to determine if tangible personal property
611	subject to taxation under this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price or sales
612	price of that retail sale.
613	(17) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of
614	the agreement that:
615	(a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing
616	jurisdiction:

617	(i) on a transaction; and
618	(ii) in the states that are members of the agreement;
619	(b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a
620	member of the agreement; and
621	(c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (17)(a)(i).
622	(18) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified:
623	(a) by the governing board of the agreement; and
624	(b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and
625	use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's
626	own purchases.
627	(19) (a) Subject to Subsection (19)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel
628	suitable for general use.
629	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
630	commission shall make rules:
631	(i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and
632	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the
633	agreement.
634	(20) "Coal-to-liquid" means the process of converting coal into a liquid synthetic fuel.
635	(21) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other
636	fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (48) or residential use under
637	Subsection (96).
638	(22) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of
639	transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state.
640	(b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is
641	traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the
642	passenger's place of employment.
643	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (22)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
644	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what
645	constitutes a person's place of employment.
646	(23) "Component part" includes:
647	(a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;

648	(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;
649	(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial
650	greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for
651	off-highway type farm machinery; and
652	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
653	(24) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:
654	(a) (i) in digital form; or
655	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
656	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
657	(25) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:
658	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
659	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
660	(26) (a) "Conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or
661	more participants of an audio conference call or video conference call.
662	(b) "Conference bridging service" may include providing a telephone number as part of
663	the ancillary service described in Subsection (26)(a).
664	(c) "Conference bridging service" does not include a telecommunications service used
665	to reach the ancillary service described in Subsection (26)(a).
666	(27) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
667	converted into real property.
668	(28) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
669	tangible storage media.
670	(29) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
671	(i) by a seller of:
672	(A) tangible personal property;
673	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
674	(C) services; and
675	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property, product transferred
676	electronically, or services described in Subsection (29)(a)(i) to a location designated by the
677	purchaser.
678	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:

679	(i) transportation;
680	(ii) shipping;
681	(iii) postage;
682	(iv) handling;
683	(v) crating; or
684	(vi) packing.
685	(30) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of
686	separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.
687	(31) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
688	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
689	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
690	(i) a vitamin;
691	(ii) a mineral;
692	(iii) an herb or other botanical;
693	(iv) an amino acid;
694	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
695	dietary intake; or
696	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
697	described in Subsections (31)(b)(i) through (v);
698	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (31)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:
699	(A) tablet form;
700	(B) capsule form;
701	(C) powder form;
702	(D) softgel form;
703	(E) gelcap form; or
704	(F) liquid form; or
705	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (31)(c)(i), if the product is not intended for ingestion in
706	a form described in Subsections (31)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
707	(A) as conventional food; and
708	(B) for use as a sole item of:
709	(I) a meal; or

710	(II) the diet; and
711	(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:
712	(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and
713	(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.
714	(32) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
715	mail or other delivery service:
716	(i) to:
717	(A) a mass audience; or
718	(B) addressees on a mailing list provided:
719	(I) by a purchaser of the mailing list; or
720	(II) at the discretion of the purchaser of the mailing list; and
721	(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.
722	(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a
723	purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.
724	(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a
725	single address.
726	(33) "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing:
727	(a) address information; or
728	(b) telephone number information.
729	(34) (a) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" means medical equipment
730	or supplies that:
731	(i) cannot withstand repeated use; and
732	(ii) are purchased by, for, or on behalf of a person other than:
733	(A) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2;
734	(B) a health care provider as defined in Section 78B-3-403;
735	(C) an office of a health care provider described in Subsection (34)(a)(ii)(B); or
736	(D) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (34)(a)(ii)(A) through (C).
737	(b) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" does not include:
738	(i) a drug;
739	(ii) durable medical equipment;
740	(iii) a hearing aid;

741	(iv) a hearing aid accessory;
742	(v) mobility enhancing equipment; or
743	(vi) tangible personal property used to correct impaired vision, including:
744	(A) eyeglasses; or
745	(B) contact lenses.
746	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
747	commission may by rule define what constitutes medical equipment or supplies.
748	(35) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
749	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
750	(i) recognized in:
751	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
752	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
753	(C) the official National Formulary; or
754	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (35)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
755	(ii) intended for use in the:
756	(A) diagnosis of disease;
757	(B) cure of disease;
758	(C) mitigation of disease;
759	(D) treatment of disease; or
760	(E) prevention of disease; or
761	(iii) intended to affect:
762	(A) the structure of the body; or
763	(B) any function of the body.
764	(b) "Drug" does not include:
765	(i) food and food ingredients;
766	(ii) a dietary supplement;
767	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
768	(iv) a prosthetic device.
769	(36) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (36)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
770	equipment that:
771	(i) can withstand repeated use;

772 (ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose; 773 (iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and 774 (iv) is not worn in or on the body. 775 (b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the 776 equipment described in Subsection (36)(a). 777 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (36)(a), "durable medical equipment" does not include 778 mobility enhancing equipment. 779 (37) "Electronic" means: 780 (a) relating to technology; and 781 (b) having: 782 (i) electrical capabilities; 783 (ii) digital capabilities; 784 (iii) magnetic capabilities; 785 (iv) wireless capabilities; 786 (v) optical capabilities; 787 (vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or 788 (vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (37)(b)(i) through (vi). 789 (38) "Employee" is as defined in Section 59-10-401. 790 (39) "Fixed guideway" means a public transit facility that uses and occupies: 791 (a) rail for the use of public transit; or 792 (b) a separate right-of-way for the use of public transit. 793 (40) "Fixed wing turbine powered aircraft" means an aircraft that: 794 (a) is powered by turbine engines; 795 (b) operates on jet fuel; and 796 (c) has wings that are permanently attached to the fuselage of the aircraft. 797 (41) "Fixed wireless service" means a telecommunications service that provides radio 798 communication between fixed points. 799 (42) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances: 800 (i) regardless of whether the substances are in: 801 (A) liquid form;

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(B) concentrated form;

803	(C) solid form;
804	(D) frozen form;
805	(E) dried form; or
806	(F) dehydrated form; and
807	(ii) that are:
808	(A) sold for:
809	(I) ingestion by humans; or
810	(II) chewing by humans; and
811	(B) consumed for the substance's:
812	(I) taste; or
813	(II) nutritional value.
814	(b) "Food and food ingredients" includes an item described in Subsection (79)(b)(iii).
815	(c) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
816	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
817	(ii) tobacco; or
818	(iii) prepared food.
819	(43) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
820	(i) (A) made by a school; or
821	(B) made by a school student;
822	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
823	materials, or provide transportation; and
824	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
825	(b) For purposes of Subsection (43)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
826	means a school activity:
827	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
828	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
829	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
830	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
831	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
832	controlled by the school or school district.
833	(44) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows

834	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
835	(45) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
836	that is:
837	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
838	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
839	(46) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "governmental entity" means:
840	(i) the executive branch of the state, including all departments, institutions, boards,
841	divisions, bureaus, offices, commissions, and committees;
842	(ii) the judicial branch of the state, including the courts, the Judicial Council, the
843	Office of the Court Administrator, and similar administrative units in the judicial branch;
844	(iii) the legislative branch of the state, including the House of Representatives, the
845	Senate, the Legislative Printing Office, the Office of Legislative Research and General
846	Counsel, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal
847	Analyst;
848	(iv) the National Guard;
849	(v) an independent entity as defined in Section 63E-1-102; or
850	(vi) a political subdivision as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
851	(b) "Governmental entity" does not include the state systems of public and higher
852	education, including:
853	(i) a college campus of the Utah College of Applied Technology;
854	(ii) a school;
855	(iii) the State Board of Education;
856	(iv) the State Board of Regents; or
857	(v) an institution of higher education.
858	(47) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce
859	electricity.
860	(48) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
861	other fuels:
862	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
863	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
864	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:

865	(i) commercial greenhouses;
866	(ii) irrigation pumps;
867	(iii) farm machinery;
868	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Subsection 41-1a-102(23) that are not
869	registered under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
870	(v) other farming activities;
871	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
872	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
873	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
874	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
875	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
876	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
877	products:
878	(A) iron;
879	(B) steel;
880	(C) nonferrous metal;
881	(D) paper;
882	(E) glass;
883	(F) plastic;
884	(G) textile; or
885	(H) rubber; and
886	(ii) the new products under Subsection (48)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
887	nonrecycled materials; or
888	(e) in producing a form of energy or steam described in Subsection 54-2-1(2)(a) by a
889	cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
890	(49) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (49)(b), "installation charge" means a charge
891	for installing:
892	(i) tangible personal property; or
893	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
894	(b) "Installation charge" does not include a charge for:
895	(i) repairs or renovations of:

(A) tangible personal property; or

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897	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
898	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
899	(A) to other tangible personal property; and
900	(B) as part of a manufacturing or fabrication process.
901	(50) "Institution of higher education" means an institution of higher education listed in
902	Section 53B-2-101.
903	(51) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
904	personal property or a product transferred electronically for:
905	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
906	(B) an indeterminate term; and
907	(ii) consideration.
908	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
909	amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
910	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
911	Code.
912	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
913	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
914	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
915	payments;
916	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the
917	transfer of title:
918	(A) upon completion of required payments; and
919	(B) if the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:
920	(I) \$100; or
921	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or
922	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
923	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
924	designed.
925	(d) For purposes of Subsection(51)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
926	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:

927	(1) set-up of tangible personal property;
928	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
929	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
930	(52) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
931	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
932	(53) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
933	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
934	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
935	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
936	(54) "Manufactured home" is as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
937	(55) For purposes of Section 59-12-104, "manufacturing facility" means:
938	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
939	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
940	Management and Budget;
941	(b) a scrap recycler if:
942	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
943	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
944	products:
945	(A) iron;
946	(B) steel;
947	(C) nonferrous metal;
948	(D) paper;
949	(E) glass;
950	(F) plastic;
951	(G) textile; or
952	(H) rubber; and
953	(ii) the new products under Subsection (55)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
954	nonrecycled materials; or
955	(c) a cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
956	(56) "Member of the immediate family of the producer" means a person who is related
957	to a producer described in Subsection 59-12-104(20)(a) as a:

958	(a) child or stepchild, regardless of whether the child or stepchild is:
959	(i) an adopted child or adopted stepchild; or
960	(ii) a foster child or foster stepchild;
961	(b) grandchild or stepgrandchild;
962	(c) grandparent or stepgrandparent;
963	(d) nephew or stepnephew;
964	(e) niece or stepniece;
965	(f) parent or stepparent;
966	(g) sibling or stepsibling;
967	(h) spouse;
968	(i) person who is the spouse of a person described in Subsections (56)(a) through (g);
969	or
970	(j) person similar to a person described in Subsections (56)(a) through (i) as
971	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
972	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
973	(57) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
974	(58) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
975	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
976	(59) (a) "Mobile wireless service" means a telecommunications service, regardless of
977	the technology used, if:
978	(i) the origination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed;
979	(ii) the termination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed; or
980	(iii) the origination point described in Subsection (59)(a)(i) and the termination point
981	described in Subsection (59)(a)(ii) are not fixed.
982	(b) "Mobile wireless service" includes a telecommunications service that is provided
983	by a commercial mobile radio service provider.
984	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
985	commission may by rule define "commercial mobile radio service provider."
986	(60) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (60)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
987	means equipment that is:
988	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one

989	place to another;
990	(ii) appropriate for use in a:
991	(A) home; or
992	(B) motor vehicle; and
993	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility.
994	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
995	the equipment described in Subsection (60)(a).
996	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (60)(a), "mobility enhancing equipment" does not
997	include:
998	(i) a motor vehicle;
999	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
1000	vehicle manufacturer;
1001	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
1002	(iv) a prosthetic device.
1003	(61) "Model 1 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that has selected a
1004	certified service provider as the seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax
1005	functions for agreement sales and use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section
1006	59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's own purchases.
1007	(62) "Model 2 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that:
1008	(a) except as provided in Subsection (62)(b), has selected a certified automated system
1009	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
1010	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (62)(a), retains responsibility for remitting all of the
1011	sales tax:
1012	(i) collected by the seller; and
1013	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
1014	(63) (a) Subject to Subsection (63)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller registered under
1015	the agreement that has:
1016	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
1017	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
1018	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
1019	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and

1020	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
1021	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.
1022	(b) For purposes of Subsection (63)(a), "model 3 seller" includes an affiliated group of
1023	sellers using the same proprietary system.
1024	(64) "Model 4 seller" means a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a
1025	model 1 seller, model 2 seller, or model 3 seller.
1026	(65) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
1027	(66) "Motor vehicle" is as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
1028	(67) "Oil shale" means a group of fine black to dark brown shales containing
1029	bituminous material that yields petroleum upon distillation.
1030	(68) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
1031	energy.
1032	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
1033	personal property.
1034	(69) (a) "Paging service" means a telecommunications service that provides
1035	transmission of a coded radio signal for the purpose of activating a specific pager.
1036	(b) For purposes of Subsection (69)(a), the transmission of a coded radio signal
1037	includes a transmission by message or sound.
1038	(70) "Pawnbroker" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
1039	(71) "Pawn transaction" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
1040	(72) (a) "Permanently attached to real property" means that for tangible personal
1041	property attached to real property:
1042	(i) the attachment of the tangible personal property to the real property:
1043	(A) is essential to the use of the tangible personal property; and
1044	(B) suggests that the tangible personal property will remain attached to the real
1045	property in the same place over the useful life of the tangible personal property; or
1046	(ii) if the tangible personal property is detached from the real property, the detachment
1047	would:
1048	(A) cause substantial damage to the tangible personal property; or
1049	(B) require substantial alteration or repair of the real property to which the tangible

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personal property is attached.

1051	(b) "Permanently attached to real property" includes:
1052	(i) the attachment of an accessory to the tangible personal property if the accessory is:
1053	(A) essential to the operation of the tangible personal property; and
1054	(B) attached only to facilitate the operation of the tangible personal property;
1055	(ii) a temporary detachment of tangible personal property from real property for a
1056	repair or renovation if the repair or renovation is performed where the tangible personal
1057	property and real property are located; or
1058	(iii) property attached to oil, gas, or water pipelines, except for the property listed in
1059	Subsection (72)(c)(iii) or (iv).
1060	(c) "Permanently attached to real property" does not include:
1061	(i) the attachment of portable or movable tangible personal property to real property if
1062	that portable or movable tangible personal property is attached to real property only for:
1063	(A) convenience;
1064	(B) stability; or
1065	(C) for an obvious temporary purpose;
1066	(ii) the detachment of tangible personal property from real property except for the
1067	detachment described in Subsection (72)(b)(ii);
1068	(iii) an attachment of the following tangible personal property to real property if the
1069	attachment to real property is only through a line that supplies water, electricity, gas,
1070	telecommunications, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the commission by rule
1071	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
1072	(A) a computer;
1073	(B) a telephone;
1074	(C) a television; or
1075	(D) tangible personal property similar to Subsections (72)(c)(iii)(A) through (C) as
1076	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1077	Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
1078	(iv) an item listed in Subsection (113)(c).
1079	(73) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
1080	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
1081	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or

1082	combination acting as a unit.
1083	(74) "Place of primary use":
1084	(a) for telecommunications service other than mobile telecommunications service,
1085	means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications
1086	service primarily occurs, which shall be:
1087	(i) the residential street address of the customer; or
1088	(ii) the primary business street address of the customer; or
1089	(b) for mobile telecommunications service, is as defined in the Mobile
1090	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
1091	(75) (a) "Postpaid calling service" means a telecommunications service a person
1092	obtains by making a payment on a call-by-call basis:
1093	(i) through the use of a:
1094	(A) bank card;
1095	(B) credit card;
1096	(C) debit card; or
1097	(D) travel card; or
1098	(ii) by a charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination
1099	or termination of the telecommunications service.
1100	(b) "Postpaid calling service" includes a service, except for a prepaid wireless calling
1101	service, that would be a prepaid wireless calling service if the service were exclusively a
1102	telecommunications service.
1103	(76) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
1104	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(54)(a).
1105	(77) "Prepaid calling service" means a telecommunications service:
1106	(a) that allows a purchaser access to telecommunications service that is exclusively
1107	telecommunications service;
1108	(b) that:
1109	(i) is paid for in advance; and
1110	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
1111	(A) access number; or
1112	(B) authorization code:

1113	(c) that is dialed:
1114	(i) manually; or
1115	(ii) electronically; and
1116	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
1117	(i) by a known amount; and
1118	(ii) with use.
1119	(78) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service:
1120	(a) that provides the right to utilize:
1121	(i) mobile wireless service; and
1122	(ii) other service that is not a telecommunications service, including:
1123	(A) the download of a product transferred electronically;
1124	(B) a content service; or
1125	(C) an ancillary service;
1126	(b) that:
1127	(i) is paid for in advance; and
1128	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
1129	(A) access number; or
1130	(B) authorization code;
1131	(c) that is dialed:
1132	(i) manually; or
1133	(ii) electronically; and
1134	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
1135	(i) by a known amount; and
1136	(ii) with use.
1137	(79) (a) "Prepared food" means:
1138	(i) food:
1139	(A) sold in a heated state; or
1140	(B) heated by a seller;
1141	(ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
1142	item; or
1143	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (79)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided

1144	by the seller, including a:
1145	(A) plate;
1146	(B) knife;
1147	(C) fork;
1148	(D) spoon;
1149	(E) glass;
1150	(F) cup;
1151	(G) napkin; or
1152	(H) straw.
1153	(b) "Prepared food" does not include:
1154	(i) food that a seller only:
1155	(A) cuts;
1156	(B) repackages; or
1157	(C) pasteurizes; or
1158	(ii) (A) the following:
1159	(I) raw egg;
1160	(II) raw fish;
1161	(III) raw meat;
1162	(IV) raw poultry; or
1163	(V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (79)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
1164	and
1165	(B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
1166	Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
1167	Subsection (79)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness; or
1168	(iii) the following if sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
1169	(A) food and food ingredients sold by a seller if the seller's proper primary
1170	classification under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal
1171	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, is manufacturing in
1172	Sector 311, Food Manufacturing, except for Subsector 3118, Bakeries and Tortilla
1173	Manufacturing;
1174	(B) food and food ingredients sold in an unheated state:

1175	(I) by weight or volume; and
1176	(II) as a single item; or
1177	(C) a bakery item, including:
1178	(I) a bagel;
1179	(II) a bar;
1180	(III) a biscuit;
1181	(IV) bread;
1182	(V) a bun;
1183	(VI) a cake;
1184	(VII) a cookie;
1185	(VIII) a croissant;
1186	(IX) a danish;
1187	(X) a donut;
1188	(XI) a muffin;
1189	(XII) a pastry;
1190	(XIII) a pie;
1191	(XIV) a roll;
1192	(XV) a tart;
1193	(XVI) a torte; or
1194	(XVII) a tortilla.
1195	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (79)(a)(iii), an eating utensil provided by the seller
1196	does not include the following used to transport the food:
1197	(i) a container; or
1198	(ii) packaging.
1199	(80) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
1200	(a) (i) orally;
1201	(ii) in writing;
1202	(iii) electronically; or
1203	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
1204	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
1205	(81) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (81)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer

1200	software means computer software that is not designed and developed:
1207	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
1208	(ii) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
1209	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
1210	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
1211	software is not designed and developed:
1212	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
1213	(B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser;
1214	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (81)(a), computer software designed and developed by
1215	the author or other creator of the computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser
1216	if the computer software is sold to a person other than the purchaser; or
1217	(iii) notwithstanding Subsection (81)(a) and except as provided in Subsection (81)(c),
1218	prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
1219	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
1220	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (81)(b)(iii)(A) is
1221	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
1222	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (81)(b)(iii), "prewritten computer software" does not
1223	include a modification or enhancement described in Subsection (81)(b)(iii) if the charges for
1224	the modification or enhancement are:
1225	(i) reasonable; and
1226	(ii) separately stated on the invoice or other statement of price provided to the
1227	purchaser.
1228	(82) (a) "Private communication service" means a telecommunications service:
1229	(i) that entitles a customer to exclusive or priority use of one or more communications
1230	channels between or among termination points; and
1231	(ii) regardless of the manner in which the one or more communications channels are
1232	connected.
1233	(b) "Private communications service" includes the following provided in connection
1234	with the use of one or more communications channels:
1235	(i) an extension line;
1236	(ii) a station;

1237	(iii) switching capacity; or
1238	(iv) another associated service that is provided in connection with the use of one or
1239	more communications channels as defined in Section 59-12-215.
1240	(83) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (83)(b), "product transferred electronically"
1241	means a product transferred electronically that would be subject to a tax under this chapter if
1242	that product was transferred in a manner other than electronically.
1243	(b) "Product transferred electronically" does not include:
1244	(i) an ancillary service;
1245	(ii) computer software; or
1246	(iii) a telecommunications service.
1247	(84) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is worn on or in the body to:
1248	(i) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
1249	(ii) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
1250	(iii) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
1251	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
1252	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device;
1253	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device;
1254	(iii) a dental prosthesis; or
1255	(iv) a hearing aid.
1256	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
1257	(i) corrective eyeglasses; or
1258	(ii) contact lenses.
1259	(85) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:
1260	(i) for human wear; and
1261	(ii) that is:
1262	(A) designed as protection:
1263	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
1264	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
1265	(B) not suitable for general use.
1266	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

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commission shall make rules:

1268	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
1269	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
1270	under the agreement.
1271	(86) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "publication" means any written or
1272	printed matter, other than a photocopy:
1273	(i) regardless of:
1274	(A) characteristics;
1275	(B) copyright;
1276	(C) form;
1277	(D) format;
1278	(E) method of reproduction; or
1279	(F) source; and
1280	(ii) made available in printed or electronic format.
1281	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1282	commission may by rule define the term "photocopy."
1283	(87) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
1284	(i) valued in money; and
1285	(ii) for which tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or
1286	services are:
1287	(A) sold;
1288	(B) leased; or
1289	(C) rented.
1290	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
1291	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property, a product transferred
1292	electronically, or services sold;
1293	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
1294	(A) the cost of materials used;
1295	(B) a labor cost;
1296	(C) a service cost;
1297	(D) interest;
1298	(E) a loss;

1299	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
1300	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
1301	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale; or
1302	(iv) consideration a seller receives from a person other than the purchaser if:
1303	(A) (I) the seller actually receives consideration from a person other than the purchaser;
1304	and
1305	(II) the consideration described in Subsection (87)(b)(iv)(A)(I) is directly related to a
1306	price reduction or discount on the sale;
1307	(B) the seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the
1308	purchaser;
1309	(C) the amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by
1310	the seller at the time of the sale to the purchaser; and
1311	(D) (I) (Aa) the purchaser presents a certificate, coupon, or other documentation to the
1312	seller to claim a price reduction or discount; and
1313	(Bb) a person other than the seller authorizes, distributes, or grants the certificate,
1314	coupon, or other documentation with the understanding that the person other than the seller
1315	will reimburse any seller to whom the certificate, coupon, or other documentation is presented;
1316	(II) the purchaser identifies that purchaser to the seller as a member of a group or
1317	organization allowed a price reduction or discount, except that a preferred customer card that is
1318	available to any patron of a seller does not constitute membership in a group or organization
1319	allowed a price reduction or discount; or
1320	(III) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party price reduction or
1321	discount on the:
1322	(Aa) invoice the purchaser receives; or
1323	(Bb) certificate, coupon, or other documentation the purchaser presents.
1324	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:
1325	(i) a discount:
1326	(A) in a form including:
1327	(I) cash;
1328	(II) term; or
1329	(III) coupon;

1330	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
1331	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
1332	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or
1333	(ii) the following if separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
1334	provided to the purchaser:
1335	(A) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
1336	services:
1337	(I) a carrying charge;
1338	(II) a financing charge; or
1339	(III) an interest charge;
1340	(B) a delivery charge;
1341	(C) an installation charge;
1342	(D) a manufacturer rebate on a motor vehicle; or
1343	(E) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.
1344	(88) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
1345	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made;
1346	(b) a product is transferred electronically; or
1347	(c) a service is furnished.
1348	(89) "Regularly rented" means:
1349	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or
1350	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
1351	value.
1352	(90) "Renewable energy" means:
1353	(a) biomass energy;
1354	(b) hydroelectric energy;
1355	(c) geothermal energy;
1356	(d) solar energy; or
1357	(e) wind energy.
1358	(91) (a) "Renewable energy production facility" means a facility that:
1359	(i) uses renewable energy to produce electricity; and
1360	(ii) has a production capacity of 20 kilowatts or greater.

1361	(b) A facility is a renewable energy production facility regardless of whether the
1362	facility is:
1363	(i) connected to an electric grid; or
1364	(ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer.
1365	(92) "Rental" is as defined in Subsection (51).
1366	(93) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (93)(b), "repairs or renovations of tangible
1367	personal property" means:
1368	(i) a repair or renovation of tangible personal property that is not permanently attached
1369	to real property; or
1370	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically to other
1371	tangible personal property if:
1372	(A) the other tangible personal property to which the tangible personal property or
1373	product transferred electronically is attached is not permanently attached to real property; and
1374	(B) the attachment of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically
1375	to other tangible personal property is made in conjunction with a repair or replacement of
1376	tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically.
1377	(b) "Repairs or renovations of tangible personal property" does not include attaching
1378	prewritten computer software to other tangible personal property if the other tangible personal
1379	property to which the prewritten computer software is attached is not permanently attached to
1380	real property.
1381	(94) "Research and development" means the process of inquiry or experimentation
1382	aimed at the discovery of facts, devices, technologies, or applications and the process of
1383	preparing those devices, technologies, or applications for marketing.
1384	(95) (a) "Residential telecommunications services" means a telecommunications
1385	service or an ancillary service that is provided to an individual for personal use:
1386	(i) at a residential address; or
1387	(ii) at an institution, including a nursing home or a school, if the telecommunications
1388	service or ancillary service is provided to and paid for by the individual residing at the
1389	institution rather than the institution.
1390	(b) For purposes of Subsection (95)(a)(i), a residential address includes an:
1391	(i) apartment; or

1392	(ii) other individual dwelling unit.
1393	(96) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building, sleeping
1394	quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
1395	(97) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other
1396	than:
1397	(a) resale;
1398	(b) sublease; or
1399	(c) subrent.
1400	(98) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
1401	tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
1402	who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.
1403	(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly
1404	engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
1405	(99) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
1406	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
1407	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.
1408	(b) "Sale" includes:
1409	(i) installment and credit sales;
1410	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
1411	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this
1412	chapter;
1413	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
1414	title as security for the payment of the price; and
1415	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
1416	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession
1417	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
1418	(100) "Sale at retail" is as defined in Subsection (97).
1419	(101) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
1420	personal property or a product transferred electronically that is subject to a tax under this

chapter is transferred:

(a) by a purchaser-lessee;

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1423	(b) to a lessor;
1424	(c) for consideration; and
1425	(d) if:
1426	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
1427	of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
1428	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically to the
1429	lessor is intended as a form of financing:
1430	(A) for the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; and
1431	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
1432	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
1433	is required to:
1434	(A) capitalize the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically for
1435	financial reporting purposes; and
1436	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
1437	(102) "Sales price" is as defined in Subsection (87).
1438	(103) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
1439	amounts charged by a school:
1440	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities
1441	including:
1442	(A) the sale of:
1443	(I) textbooks;
1444	(II) textbook fees;
1445	(III) laboratory fees;
1446	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
1447	(V) safety equipment;
1448	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
1449	that:
1450	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
1451	school-related event or school-related activity; and
1452	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
1453	place of ordinary clothing;

1454	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
1455	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
1456	(I) food and food ingredients; or
1457	(II) prepared food; or
1458	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
1459	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
1460	event or school-related activity.
1461	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
1462	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
1463	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (103)(a)(i)(B):
1464	(A) clothing;
1465	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
1466	(C) protective equipment; or
1467	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
1468	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
1469	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
1470	(A) other than a:
1471	(I) school;
1472	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
1473	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
1474	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
1475	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
1476	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
1477	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1478	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
1479	(104) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school":
1480	(a) means:
1481	(i) an elementary school or a secondary school that:
1482	(A) is a:
1483	(I) public school; or
1484	(II) private school; and

1485	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
1486	(ii) a public school district; and
1487	(b) includes the Electronic High School as defined in Section 53A-15-1002.
1488	(105) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
1489	(a) tangible personal property;
1490	(b) a product transferred electronically; or
1491	(c) a service.
1492	(106) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
1493	means tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if the tangible personal
1494	property or product transferred electronically is:
1495	(i) used primarily in the process of:
1496	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
1497	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
1498	(III) research or development of a:
1499	(Aa) semiconductor; or
1500	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
1501	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or
1502	(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:
1503	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
1504	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
1505	(III) research or development of a:
1506	(Aa) semiconductor; or
1507	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
1508	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
1509	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
1510	includes:
1511	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a product
1512	transferred electronically described in Subsection (106)(a); or
1513	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:
1514	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
1515	(I) chemical change; or

1516	(II) physical change;
1517	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
1518	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
1519	(107) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
1520	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
1521	(108) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
1522	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and
1523	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
1524	(109) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing
1525	electricity.
1526	(110) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:
1527	(i) designed for human use; and
1528	(ii) that is:
1529	(A) worn in conjunction with:
1530	(I) an athletic activity; or
1531	(II) a recreational activity; and
1532	(B) not suitable for general use.
1533	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1534	commission shall make rules:
1535	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
1536	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
1537	equipment" under the agreement.
1538	(111) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
1539	(112) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
1540	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except
1541	sale in the regular course of business.
1542	(113) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (113)(d) or (e), "tangible personal property"
1543	means personal property that:
1544	(i) may be:
1545	(A) seen;
1546	(B) weighed:

1547	(C) measured;
1548	(D) felt; or
1549	(E) touched; or
1550	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
1551	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
1552	(i) electricity;
1553	(ii) water;
1554	(iii) gas;
1555	(iv) steam; or
1556	(v) prewritten computer software, regardless of the manner in which the prewritten
1557	computer software is transferred.
1558	(c) "Tangible personal property" includes the following regardless of whether the item
1559	is attached to real property:
1560	(i) a dishwasher;
1561	(ii) a dryer;
1562	(iii) a freezer;
1563	(iv) a microwave;
1564	(v) a refrigerator;
1565	(vi) a stove;
1566	(vii) a washer; or
1567	(viii) an item similar to Subsections (113)(c)(i) through (vii) as determined by the
1568	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1569	Rulemaking Act.
1570	(d) "Tangible personal property" does not include a product that is transferred
1571	electronically.
1572	(e) "Tangible personal property" does not include the following if attached to real
1573	property, regardless of whether the attachment to real property is only through a line that
1574	supplies water, electricity, gas, telephone, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the
1575	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1576	Rulemaking Act:
1577	(i) a hot water heater:

15/8	(11) a water filtration system; or
1579	(iii) a water softener system.
1580	(114) "Tar sands" means impregnated sands that yield mixtures of liquid hydrocarbon
1581	and require further processing other than mechanical blending before becoming finished
1582	petroleum products.
1583	(115) (a) "Telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or
1584	software" means an item listed in Subsection (115)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
1585	primarily to enable or facilitate one or more of the following to function:
1586	(i) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
1587	(ii) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
1588	(b) The following apply to Subsection (115)(a):
1589	(i) a pole;
1590	(ii) software;
1591	(iii) a supplementary power supply;
1592	(iv) temperature or environmental equipment or machinery;
1593	(v) test equipment;
1594	(vi) a tower; or
1595	(vii) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
1596	Subsections (115)(b)(i) through (vi) as determined by the commission by rule made in
1597	accordance with Subsection (115)(c).
1598	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1599	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
1600	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (115)(b)(i) through (vi).
1601	(116) "Telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911
1602	service" means equipment, machinery, or software that is required to comply with 47 C.F.R.
1603	Sec. 20.18.
1604	(117) "Telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software'
1605	means equipment, machinery, or software purchased or leased primarily to maintain or repair
1606	one or more of the following, regardless of whether the equipment, machinery, or software is
1607	purchased or leased as a spare part or as an upgrade or modification to one or more of the

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following:

1609	(a) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
1610	(b) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
1611	(c) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
1612	(118) (a) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic conveyance, routing, or
1613	transmission of audio, data, video, voice, or any other information or signal to a point, or
1614	among or between points.
1615	(b) "Telecommunications service" includes:
1616	(i) an electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission with respect to which a computer
1617	processing application is used to act:
1618	(A) on the code, form, or protocol of the content;
1619	(B) for the purpose of electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission; and
1620	(C) regardless of whether the service:
1621	(I) is referred to as voice over Internet protocol service; or
1622	(II) is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value
1623	added;
1624	(ii) an 800 service;
1625	(iii) a 900 service;
1626	(iv) a fixed wireless service;
1627	(v) a mobile wireless service;
1628	(vi) a postpaid calling service;
1629	(vii) a prepaid calling service;
1630	(viii) a prepaid wireless calling service; or
1631	(ix) a private communications service.
1632	(c) "Telecommunications service" does not include:
1633	(i) advertising, including directory advertising;
1634	(ii) an ancillary service;
1635	(iii) a billing and collection service provided to a third party;
1636	(iv) a data processing and information service if:
1637	(A) the data processing and information service allows data to be:
1638	(I) (Aa) acquired;
1639	(Bb) generated;

1640	(Cc) processed;
1641	(Dd) retrieved; or
1642	(Ee) stored; and
1643	(II) delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser; and
1644	(B) the purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data
1645	or information;
1646	(v) installation or maintenance of the following on a customer's premises:
1647	(A) equipment; or
1648	(B) wiring;
1649	(vi) Internet access service;
1650	(vii) a paging service;
1651	(viii) a product transferred electronically, including:
1652	(A) music;
1653	(B) reading material;
1654	(C) a ring tone;
1655	(D) software; or
1656	(E) video;
1657	(ix) a radio and television audio and video programming service:
1658	(A) regardless of the medium; and
1659	(B) including:
1660	(I) furnishing conveyance, routing, or transmission of a television audio and video
1661	programming service by a programming service provider;
1662	(II) cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522(6); or
1663	(III) audio and video programming services delivered by a commercial mobile radio
1664	service provider as defined in 47 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3;
1665	(x) a value-added nonvoice data service; or
1666	(xi) tangible personal property.
1667	(119) (a) "Telecommunications service provider" means a person that:
1668	(i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telecommunications service; and
1669	(ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (119)(a)(i) for the shared use with or
1670	resale to any person of the telecommunications service.

1671 (b) A person described in Subsection (119)(a) is a telecommunications service provider 1672 whether or not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates: 1673 (i) that person; or 1674 (ii) the telecommunications service that the person owns, controls, operates, or 1675 manages. 1676 (120) (a) "Telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or 1677 software" means an item listed in Subsection (120)(b) if that item is purchased or leased 1678 primarily for switching or routing: 1679 (i) an ancillary service; 1680 (ii) data communications; 1681 (iii) voice communications; or 1682 (iv) telecommunications service. 1683 (b) The following apply to Subsection (120)(a): 1684 (i) a bridge; 1685 (ii) a computer; 1686 (iii) a cross connect; (iv) a modem; 1687 1688 (v) a multiplexer; 1689 (vi) plug in circuitry; 1690 (vii) a router; 1691 (viii) software; 1692 (ix) a switch; or 1693 (x) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in 1694 Subsections (120)(b)(i) through (ix) as determined by the commission by rule made in 1695 accordance with Subsection (120)(c). 1696 (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1697 commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that 1698 functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (120)(b)(i) through (ix). 1699 (121) (a) "Telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software" 1700 means an item listed in Subsection (121)(b) if that item is purchased or leased primarily for 1701 sending, receiving, or transporting:

1702 (i) an ancillary service; 1703 (ii) data communications; (iii) voice communications; or 1704 1705 (iv) telecommunications service. 1706 (b) The following apply to Subsection (121)(a): 1707 (i) an amplifier; 1708 (ii) a cable; 1709 (iii) a closure; 1710 (iv) a conduit; 1711 (v) a controller; 1712 (vi) a duplexer; 1713 (vii) a filter; (viii) an input device; 1714 (ix) an input/output device; 1715 1716 (x) an insulator; 1717 (xi) microwave machinery or equipment; 1718 (xii) an oscillator; 1719 (xiii) an output device; 1720 (xiv) a pedestal; 1721 (xv) a power converter; 1722 (xvi) a power supply; 1723 (xvii) a radio channel; 1724 (xviii) a radio receiver; 1725 (xix) a radio transmitter; 1726 (xx) a repeater; 1727 (xxi) software; 1728 (xxii) a terminal; 1729 (xxiii) a timing unit; 1730 (xxiv) a transformer; 1731 (xxv) a wire; or 1732 (xxvi) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in

Subsections (121)(b)(i) through (xxv) as determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Subsection (121)(c).

- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (121)(b)(i) through (xxv).
- (122) (a) "Textbook for a higher education course" means a textbook or other printed material that is required for a course:
 - (i) offered by an institution of higher education; and
- 1741 (ii) that the purchaser of the textbook or other printed material attends or will attend.
- (b) "Textbook for a higher education course" includes a textbook in electronic format.
- 1743 (123) "Tobacco" means:
- 1744 (a) a cigarette;
- 1745 (b) a cigar;

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- (c) chewing tobacco;
- (d) pipe tobacco; or
- (e) any other item that contains tobacco.
 - (124) "Unassisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or ride device that is started and stopped by the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate the amusement device, skill device, or ride device.
 - (125) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), incident to the ownership or the leasing of that tangible personal property, product transferred electronically, or service.
 - (b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service in the regular course of business and held for resale.
 - (126) "Value-added nonvoice data service" means a service:
 - (a) that otherwise meets the definition of a telecommunications service except that a computer processing application is used to act primarily for a purpose other than conveyance, routing, or transmission; and
- (b) with respect to which a computer processing application is used to act on data or

1764	information:
1765	(i) code;
1766	(ii) content;
1767	(iii) form; or
1768	(iv) protocol.
1769	(127) (a) Subject to Subsection (127)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are
1770	required to be titled, registered, or titled and registered:
1771	(i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102;
1772	(ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
1773	(iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or
1774	(iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
1775	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(33) only, "vehicle" includes:
1776	(i) a vehicle described in Subsection (127)(a); or
1777	(ii) (A) a locomotive;
1778	(B) a freight car;
1779	(C) railroad work equipment; or
1780	(D) other railroad rolling stock.
1781	(128) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
1782	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (127).
1783	(129) (a) "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that:
1784	(i) is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services; and
1785	(ii) offers an advanced calling feature that allows a customer to:
1786	(A) identify a caller; and
1787	(B) manage multiple calls and call connections.
1788	(b) "Vertical service" includes an ancillary service that allows a customer to manage a
1789	conference bridging service.
1790	(130) (a) "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables a customer to
1791	receive, send, or store a recorded message.
1792	(b) "Voice mail service" does not include a vertical service that a customer is required
1793	to have in order to utilize a voice mail service.
1794	(131) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (131)(b), "waste energy facility" means a

1795	facility that generates electricity:
1796	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
1797	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
1798	(A) tires;
1799	(B) waste coal; or
1800	(C) oil shale; and
1801	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
1802	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
1803	(i) municipal solid waste;
1804	(ii) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
1805	(iii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
1806	(132) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.
1807	(133) "Wind energy" means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce
1808	electricity.
1809	(134) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
1810	location by the United States Postal Service.
1811	Section 3. Section 59-12-103.1 is amended to read:
1812	59-12-103.1. Action by Supreme Court of the United States authorizing or action
1813	by Congress permitting a state to require certain sellers to collect a sales or use tax
1814	Collection of tax by commission Commission report to Revenue and Taxation Interim
1815	Committee Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee study.
1816	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a seller shall remit a tax to the
1817	commission as provided in Section 59-12-107 if:
1818	(a) the Supreme Court of the United States issues a decision authorizing a state to
1819	require the following sellers to collect a sales or use tax:
1820	(i) a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1821	59-12-107[(1)] <u>(2)</u> (a) [to collect a sales or use tax]; or
1822	(ii) a seller that is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
1823	under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b) or (c); or
1824	(b) Congress permits the state to require the following sellers to collect a sales or use
1825	<u>tax:</u>

1826	(i) a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1827	59-12-107[(1)] <u>(2)</u> (a) [to collect a sales or use tax.]; or
1828	(ii) a seller that is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
1829	under Subsection 59-12-107(2)(b) or (c).
1830	(2) The commission shall:
1831	(a) collect the tax described in Subsection (1) from the seller:
1832	(i) to the extent:
1833	(A) authorized by the Supreme Court of the United States; or
1834	(B) permitted by Congress; and
1835	(ii) beginning on the first day of a calendar quarter as prescribed by the Revenue and
1836	Taxation Interim Committee; and
1837	(b) make a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:
1838	(i) regarding the actions taken by:
1839	(A) the Supreme Court of the United States; or
1840	(B) Congress; and
1841	(ii) at the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee meeting immediately following
1842	the day on which the Supreme Court of the United States' or Congress' actions become
1843	effective.
1844	(3) The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall after hearing the commission's
1845	report under Subsection (2)(b):
1846	(a) review the actions taken by:
1847	(i) the Supreme Court of the United States; or
1848	(ii) Congress;
1849	(b) direct the commission regarding the day on which the commission is required to
1850	collect the tax described in Subsection (1); and
1851	(c) make recommendations to the Legislative Management Committee:
1852	(i) regarding whether as a result of the Supreme Court of the United States' or
1853	Congress' actions any provisions of this chapter should be amended or repealed; and
1854	(ii) within a one-year period after the day on which the commission makes a report
1855	under Subsection (2)(b).
1856	Section 4. Section 59-12-107 is amended to read:

1857	59-12-107. Definitions Collection, remittance, and payment of tax by sellers or
1858	other persons Returns Reports Direct payment by purchaser of vehicle Other
1859	liability for collection Rulemaking authority Credits Treatment of bad debt
1860	Penalties.
1861	(1) As used in this section:
1862	(a) "Ownership" means direct ownership or indirect ownership through a parent,
1863	subsidiary, or affiliate.
1864	(b) "Related seller" means a seller that:
1865	(i) meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
1866	(ii) delivers tangible personal property, a service, or a product transferred electronically
1867	that is sold:
1868	(A) by a seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1869	(2)(a)(i); and
1870	(B) to a purchaser in the state.
1871	(c) "Substantial ownership interest" means an ownership interest in a business entity if
1872	that ownership interest is greater than the degree of ownership of equity interest specified in 15
1873	U.S.C. Sec. 78p, with respect to a person other than a director or an officer.
1874	$[\underbrace{(1)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\underbrace{(1)(d)}]$ (2)(\underline{f}) or Section 59-12-107.1 or
1875	59-12-123 and subject to Subsection $[\frac{(1)(e)}{(2)(g)}]$, each seller shall pay or collect and remit
1876	the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if within this state the seller:
1877	(i) has or utilizes:
1878	(A) an office;
1879	(B) a distribution house;
1880	(C) a sales house;
1881	(D) a warehouse;
1882	(E) a service enterprise; or
1883	(F) a place of business similar to Subsections [(1)] (2)(a)(i)(A) through (E);
1884	(ii) maintains a stock of goods;
1885	(iii) regularly solicits orders, regardless of whether or not the orders are accepted in the
1886	state, unless the seller's only activity in the state is:
1887	(A) advertising; or

1888	(B) solicitation by:
1889	(I) direct mail;
1890	(II) electronic mail;
1891	(III) the Internet;
1892	(IV) telecommunications service; or
1893	(V) a means similar to Subsection [(1)] (2)(a)(iii)(A) or (B);
1894	(iv) regularly engages in the delivery of property in the state other than by:
1895	(A) common carrier; or
1896	(B) United States mail; or
1897	(v) regularly engages in an activity directly related to the leasing or servicing of
1898	property located within the state.
1899	(b) A seller is considered to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal
1900	property, a service, or a product transferred electronically for use in the state, and shall pay or
1901	collect and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if:
1902	(i) the seller holds a substantial ownership interest in, or is owned in whole or in
1903	substantial part by, a related seller; and
1904	(ii) (A) the seller sells the same or a substantially similar line of products as the related
1905	seller and does so under the same or a substantially similar business name; or
1906	(B) the place of business described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) of the related seller or an
1907	in-state employee of the related seller is used to advertise, promote, or facilitate sales by the
1908	seller to a purchaser.
1909	Ĥ→ [(c) A seller is considered to be engaged in the business of selling tangible personal
1910	property, a service, or a product transferred electronically for use in the state and shall pay or
1911	collect and remit the sales and use taxes imposed by this chapter if the seller:
1912	(i) makes sales of tangible personal property to a purchaser in the state by mail,
1913	telephone, the Internet, or other media; and
1914	(ii) has a contractual relationship:
1915	(A) with a seller that meets one or more of the criteria described in Subsection
1916	$\frac{(2)(a)(i)}{and}$
1917	(B) for the seller described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) to provide and perform
1918	installation, maintenance, or repair services for the other seller's purchasers within the state.] \leftarrow \hat{H}

1919	[(b)] (d) A seller that does not meet one or more of the criteria provided for in
1920	Subsection [(1)] (2)(a) or is not a seller required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
1921	under Subsection (2)(b) or (c):
1922	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(1)(b)(ii)] (2)(d)(ii), may voluntarily:
1923	(A) collect a tax on a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and
1924	(B) remit the tax to the commission as provided in this part; or
1925	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)(i)}{(2)(d)(i)}$, shall collect a tax on a transaction
1926	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) if Section 59-12-103.1 requires the seller to collect the
1927	tax.
1928	[(c)] (e) The collection and remittance of a tax under this chapter by a seller that is
1929	registered under the agreement may not be used as a factor in determining whether that seller is
1930	required by Subsection $\left[\frac{(1)(a)}{2}\right]$ to:
1931	(i) pay a tax, fee, or charge under:
1932	(A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
1933	(B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
1934	(C) Section 19-6-714;
1935	(D) Section 19-6-805;
1936	(E) Section 69-2-5;
1937	(F) Section 69-2-5.5;
1938	(G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
1939	(H) this title; or
1940	(ii) collect and remit a tax, fee, or charge under:
1941	(A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
1942	(B) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;
1943	(C) Section 19-6-714;
1944	(D) Section 19-6-805;
1945	(E) Section 69-2-5;
1946	(F) Section 69-2-5.5;
1947	(G) Section 69-2-5.6; or
1948	(H) this title.
1949	[(d)] (f) A person shall pay a use tax imposed by this chapter on a transaction described

1950	in Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:
1951	(i) the seller did not collect a tax imposed by this chapter on the transaction; and
1952	(ii) the person:
1953	(A) stores the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
1954	state;
1955	(B) uses the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the state;
1956	or
1957	(C) consumes the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically in the
1958	state.
1959	[(e)] (g) The ownership of property that is located at the premises of a printer's facility
1960	with which the retailer has contracted for printing and that consists of the final printed product,
1961	property that becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed
1962	product is produced, shall not result in the retailer being considered to have or maintain an
1963	office, distribution house, sales house, warehouse, service enterprise, or other place of
1964	business, or to maintain a stock of goods, within this state.
1965	[(f) (i) As used in this Subsection (1)(f):]
1966	[(A) "Affiliated group" is as defined in Section 59-7-101, except that "affiliated group"
1967	includes a corporation that is qualified to do business but is not otherwise doing business in
1968	this state.]
1969	[(B) "Common ownership" is as defined in Section 59-7-101.]
1970	[(C) "Related seller" means a seller that:]
1971	[(I) is not required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under Subsection
1972	(1)(a) or Section 59-12-103.1;]
1973	[(II) is:]
1974	[(Aa) related to a seller that is required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes
1975	under Subsection (1)(a) as part of an affiliated group or because of common ownership; or]
1976	[(Bb) a limited liability company owned by the parent corporation of an affiliated
1977	group if that parent corporation of the affiliated group is required to pay or collect and remit
1978	sales and use taxes under Subsection (1)(a); and]
1979	[(HII) does not voluntarily collect and remit a tax under Subsection (1)(b)(i).]
1980	[(ii) A seller is not required to pay or collect and remit sales and use taxes under

1981	Subsection (1)(a):]
1982	[(A) if the seller is a related seller;]
1983	[(B) if the seller to which the related seller is related does not engage in any of the
1984	following activities on behalf of the related seller:]
1985	[(I) advertising;]
1986	[(II) marketing;]
1987	[(III) sales; or]
1988	[(IV) other services; and]
1989	[(C) if the seller to which the related seller is related accepts the return of an item sold
1990	by the related seller, the seller to which the related seller is related accepts the return of that
1991	item:]
1992	[(I) sold by a seller that is not a related seller; and]
1993	[(II) on the same terms as the return of an item sold by that seller to which the related
1994	seller is related.]
1995	[(2)] (3) (a) Except as provided in Section 59-12-107.1, a tax under this chapter shall
1996	be collected from a purchaser.
1997	(b) A seller may not collect as tax an amount, without regard to fractional parts of one
1998	cent, in excess of the tax computed at the rates prescribed by this chapter.
1999	(c) (i) Each seller shall:
2000	(A) give the purchaser a receipt for the tax collected; or
2001	(B) bill the tax as a separate item and declare the name of this state and the seller's
2002	sales and use tax license number on the invoice for the sale.
2003	(ii) The receipt or invoice is prima facie evidence that the seller has collected the tax
2004	and relieves the purchaser of the liability for reporting the tax to the commission as a
2005	consumer.
2006	(d) A seller is not required to maintain a separate account for the tax collected, but is
2007	considered to be a person charged with receipt, safekeeping, and transfer of public money.
2008	(e) Taxes collected by a seller pursuant to this chapter shall be held in trust for the
2009	benefit of the state and for payment to the commission in the manner and at the time provided
2010	for in this chapter.

(f) If any seller, during any reporting period, collects as a tax an amount in excess of

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the lawful state and local percentage of total taxable sales allowed under this chapter, the seller shall remit to the commission the full amount of the tax imposed under this chapter, plus any excess.

- (g) If the accounting methods regularly employed by the seller in the transaction of the seller's business are such that reports of sales made during a calendar month or quarterly period will impose unnecessary hardships, the commission may accept reports at intervals that will, in the commission's opinion, better suit the convenience of the taxpayer or seller and will not jeopardize collection of the tax.
- [(3)] (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsections [(4)] (5) through [(6)] (7) and Section 59-12-108, the sales or use tax imposed by this chapter is due and payable to the commission quarterly on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period.
- (b) (i) Each seller shall, on or before the last day of the month next succeeding each calendar quarterly period, file with the commission a return for the preceding quarterly period.
- (ii) The seller shall remit with the return under Subsection [(3)] (4)(b)(i) the amount of the tax required under this chapter to be collected or paid for the period covered by the return.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection [$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$] $\frac{(5)}{(c)}$, a return shall contain information and be in a form the commission prescribes by rule.
- (d) The sales tax as computed in the return shall be based upon the total nonexempt sales made during the period, including both cash and charge sales.
- (e) The use tax as computed in the return shall be based upon the total amount of purchases for storage, use, or other consumption in this state made during the period, including both by cash and by charge.
- (f) (i) Subject to Subsection [(3)] (4)(f)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule extend the time for making returns and paying the taxes.
 - (ii) An extension under Subsection [(3)] (4)(f)(i) may not be for more than 90 days.
- (g) The commission may require returns and payment of the tax to be made for other than quarterly periods if the commission considers it necessary in order to ensure the payment of the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (h) (i) The commission may require a seller that files a simplified electronic return with the commission to file an additional electronic report with the commission.

2043	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2044	commission may make rules providing:
2045	(A) the information required to be included in the additional electronic report described
2046	in Subsection [$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ (h)(i); and
2047	(B) one or more due dates for filing the additional electronic report described in
2048	Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ $\left(\frac{4}{(4)}\right)$ (i).
2049	[(4)] (5) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(4)]$ (5) and Subsection $[(5)]$ (6)(b), "remote
2050	seller" means a seller that is:
2051	(i) registered under the agreement;
2052	(ii) described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)}{(2)(d)}]$; and
2053	(iii) not a:
2054	(A) model 1 seller;
2055	(B) model 2 seller; or
2056	(C) model 3 seller.
2057	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5)(b)(ii), a tax a remote seller collects in
2058	accordance with Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)}{(2)(d)}]$ is due and payable:
2059	(A) to the commission;
2060	(B) annually; and
2061	(C) on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of each
2062	calendar year.
2063	(ii) The commission may require that a tax a remote seller collects in accordance with
2064	Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)}{(2)(d)}$ be due and payable:
2065	(A) to the commission; and
2066	(B) on the last day of the month immediately following any month in which the seller
2067	accumulates a total of at least \$1,000 in agreement sales and use tax.
2068	(c) (i) If a remote seller remits a tax to the commission in accordance with Subsection
2069	[(4)] (5)(b), the remote seller shall file a return:
2070	(A) with the commission;
2071	(B) with respect to the tax;
2072	(C) containing information prescribed by the commission; and
2073	(D) on a form prescribed by the commission.

2074 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 2075 commission shall make rules prescribing: 2076 (A) the information required to be contained in a return described in Subsection [(4)]2077 (5)(a)(i); and 2078 (B) the form described in Subsection [(4)] (5)(c)(i)(D). 2079 (d) A tax a remote seller collects in accordance with this Subsection [(4)] (5) shall be 2080 calculated on the basis of the total amount of taxable transactions under Subsection 2081 59-12-103(1) the remote seller completes, including: 2082 (i) a cash transaction; and 2083 (ii) a charge transaction. 2084 [(5)] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(5)] (6)(b), a tax a seller that files a 2085 simplified electronic return collects in accordance with this chapter is due and payable: 2086 (i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month for 2087 which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and 2088 (ii) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter. 2089 (b) A tax a remote seller that files a simplified electronic return collects in accordance 2090 with this chapter is due and payable as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5). 2091 [(6)] (7) (a) On each vehicle sale made by other than a regular licensed vehicle dealer. 2092 the purchaser shall pay the sales or use tax directly to the commission if the vehicle is subject 2093 to titling or registration under the laws of this state. (b) The commission shall collect the tax described in Subsection [(6)] (7)(a) when the 2094 2095 vehicle is titled or registered. 2096 [(7)] (8) If any sale of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under 2097 Subsection 59-12-103(1), is made by a wholesaler to a retailer, the wholesaler is not 2098 responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale and the retailer is 2099 responsible for the collection or payment of the tax imposed on the sale if: 2100 (a) the retailer represents that the personal property is purchased by the retailer for 2101 resale: and

2102 (b) the personal property is not subsequently resold.

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[(8)] (9) If any sale of property or service subject to the tax is made to a person prepaying sales or use tax in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 5, Resource Development

Act, or to a contractor or subcontractor of that person, the person to whom such payment or consideration is payable is not responsible for the collection or payment of the sales or use tax and the person prepaying the sales or use tax is responsible for the collection or payment of the sales or use tax if the person prepaying the sales or use tax represents that the amount prepaid as sales or use tax has not been fully credited against sales or use tax due and payable under the rules promulgated by the commission.

[(9)] (10) (a) For purposes of this Subsection [(9)] (10):

(i) Except as provided in Subsection [(9)] (10)(a)(ii), "bad debt" is as defined in Section 166, Internal Revenue Code.

2115 (A) an amount included in the purchase price of tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service that is:

(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(9)] (10)(a)(i), "bad debt" does not include:

- (I) not a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); or
- (II) exempt under Section 59-12-104;
- 2119 (B) a financing charge;
- 2120 (C) interest;

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- 2121 (D) a tax imposed under this chapter on the purchase price of tangible personal 2122 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service;
- 2123 (E) an uncollectible amount on tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that:
 - (I) is subject to a tax under this chapter; and
- 2126 (II) remains in the possession of a seller until the full purchase price is paid;
- 2127 (F) an expense incurred in attempting to collect any debt; or
- 2128 (G) an amount that a seller does not collect on repossessed property.
- 2129 (b) A seller may deduct bad debt from the total amount from which a tax under this chapter is calculated on a return.
 - (c) A seller may file a refund claim with the commission if:
- 2132 (i) the amount of bad debt for the time period described in Subsection [(9)] (10)(e) 2133 exceeds the amount of the seller's sales that are subject to a tax under this chapter for that same 2134 time period; and
- 2135 (ii) as provided in Section 59-1-1410.

2130	(d) A bad debt deduction under this section may not include interest.
2137	(e) A bad debt may be deducted under this Subsection $[(9)]$ (10) on a return for the
2138	time period during which the bad debt:
2139	(i) is written off as uncollectible in the seller's books and records; and
2140	(ii) would be eligible for a bad debt deduction:
2141	(A) for federal income tax purposes; and
2142	(B) if the seller were required to file a federal income tax return.
2143	(f) If a seller recovers any portion of bad debt for which the seller makes a deduction or
2144	claims a refund under this Subsection [(9)] (10), the seller shall report and remit a tax under
2145	this chapter:
2146	(i) on the portion of the bad debt the seller recovers; and
2147	(ii) on a return filed for the time period for which the portion of the bad debt is
2148	recovered.
2149	(g) For purposes of reporting a recovery of a portion of bad debt under Subsection [(9)]
2150	(10)(f), a seller shall apply amounts received on the bad debt in the following order:
2151	(i) in a proportional amount:
2152	(A) to the purchase price of the tangible personal property, product transferred
2153	electronically, or service; and
2154	(B) to the tax due under this chapter on the tangible personal property, product
2155	transferred electronically, or service; and
2156	(ii) to:
2157	(A) interest charges;
2158	(B) service charges; and
2159	(C) other charges.
2160	(h) A seller's certified service provider may make a deduction or claim a refund for bad
2161	debt on behalf of the seller:
2162	(i) in accordance with this Subsection [(9)] <u>(10)</u> ; and
2163	(ii) if the certified service provider credits or refunds the entire amount of the bad debt
2164	deduction or refund to the seller.
2165	(i) A seller may allocate bad debt among the states that are members of the agreement
2166	if the seller's books and records support that allocation.

2167 [(10)] (11) (a) A seller may not, with intent to evade any tax, fail to timely remit the 2168 full amount of tax required by this chapter. 2169 (b) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in Section 59-1-401. 2170 (c) Each person who fails to pay any tax to the state or any amount of tax required to be 2171 paid to the state, except amounts determined to be due by the commission under Chapter 1, 2172 Part 14, Assessment, Collections, and Refunds Act, or Section 59-12-111, within the time 2173 required by this chapter, or who fails to file any return as required by this chapter, shall pay, in 2174 addition to the tax, penalties and interest as provided in Section 59-1-401. 2175 (d) For purposes of prosecution under this section, each quarterly tax period in which a seller, with intent to evade any tax, collects a tax and fails to timely remit the full amount of the 2176 2177 tax required to be remitted, constitutes a separate offense. 2178 Section 5. Section **59-12-108** is amended to read: 2179 59-12-108. Monthly payment -- Amount of tax a seller may retain -- Penalty --Certain amounts allocated to local taxing jurisdictions. 2180 (1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-107, a seller that has a tax liability under this 2181 2182 chapter of \$50,000 or more for the previous calendar year shall: 2183 (i) file a return with the commission: 2184 (A) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month 2185 for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and 2186 (B) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and 2187 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), remit with the return required by 2188 Subsection (1)(a)(i) the amount the person is required to remit to the commission for each tax, 2189 fee, or charge described in Subsection (1)(c): 2190 (A) if that seller's tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year is less 2191 than \$96,000, by any method permitted by the commission; or 2192 (B) if that seller's tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year is 2193 \$96,000 or more, by electronic funds transfer. 2194 (b) A seller shall remit electronically with the return required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) 2195 the amount the seller is required to remit to the commission for each tax, fee, or charge 2196 described in Subsection (1)(c) if that seller:

(i) is required by Section 59-12-107 to file the return electronically; or

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2198	(ii) (A) is required to collect and remit a tax under [Subsection] Section
2199	59-12-107[(1)(a)]; and
2200	(B) files a simplified electronic return.
2201	(c) Subsections (1)(a) and (b) apply to the following taxes, fees, or charges:
2202	(i) a tax under Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;
2203	(ii) a fee under Section 19-6-714;
2204	(iii) a fee under Section 19-6-805;
2205	(iv) a charge under Section 69-2-5;
2206	(v) a charge under Section 69-2-5.5;
2207	(vi) a charge under Section 69-2-5.6; or
2208	(vii) a tax under this chapter.
2209	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2210	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules providing for a method
2211	for making same-day payments other than by electronic funds transfer if making payments by
2212	electronic funds transfer fails.
2213	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2214	commission shall establish by rule procedures and requirements for determining the amount a
2215	seller is required to remit to the commission under this Subsection (1).
2216	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a seller subject to Subsection (1) or a
2217	seller described in Subsection (4) may retain each month the amount allowed by this
2218	Subsection (2).
2219	(b) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain
2220	each month 1.31% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission:
2221	(i) for a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) that is subject to a state tax
2222	and a local tax imposed in accordance with the following, for the month for which the seller is
2223	filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1):
2224	(A) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a);
2225	(B) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b); and
2226	(C) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d); and
2227	(ii) for an agreement sales and use tax.
2228	(c) (i) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may

2229	retain each month the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(ii) for a transaction described		
2230	in Subsection 59-12-103(1) that is subject to the state tax and the local tax imposed in		
2231	accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c).		
2232	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(c)(i), the amount a seller may retain is an amount		
2233	equal to the sum of:		
2234	(A) 1.31% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission for:		
2235	(I) the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection		
2236	59-12-103(2)(c);		
2237	(II) the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1);		
2238	and		
2239	(III) an agreement sales and use tax; and		
2240	(B) 1.31% of the difference between:		
2241	(I) the amounts the seller would have been required to remit to the commission:		
2242	(Aa) in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a) if the transaction had been subject		
2243	to the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a);		
2244	(Bb) for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection		
2245	(1); and		
2246	(Cc) for an agreement sales and use tax; and		
2247	(II) the amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission for:		
2248	(Aa) the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection		
2249	59-12-103(2)(c);		
2250	(Bb) the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1);		
2251	and		
2252	(Cc) an agreement sales and use tax.		
2253	(d) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain		
2254	each month 1% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission:		
2255	(i) for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection		
2256	(1); and		
2257	(ii) under:		
2258	(A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;		
2259	(B) Subsection 59-12-603(1)(a)(i)(A); or		

2260	(C) Subsection 59-12-603(1)(a)(i)(B).
2261	(3) A state government entity that is required to remit taxes monthly in accordance
2262	with Subsection (1) may not retain any amount under Subsection (2).
2263	(4) A seller that has a tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year of
2264	less than \$50,000 may:
2265	(a) voluntarily meet the requirements of Subsection (1); and
2266	(b) if the seller voluntarily meets the requirements of Subsection (1), retain the
2267	amounts allowed by Subsection (2).
2268	(5) Penalties for late payment shall be as provided in Section 59-1-401.
2269	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), for any amounts required to be remitted
2270	to the commission under this part, the commission shall each month calculate an amount equal
2271	to the difference between:
2272	(i) the total amount retained for that month by all sellers had the percentages listed
2273	under Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(ii) been 1.5%; and
2274	(ii) the total amount retained for that month by all sellers at the percentages listed
2275	under Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(ii).
2276	(b) The commission shall each month allocate the amount calculated under Subsection
2277	(6)(a) to each county, city, and town on the basis of the proportion of agreement sales and use
2278	tax that the commission distributes to each county, city, and town for that month compared to
2279	the total agreement sales and use tax that the commission distributes for that month to all
2280	counties, cities, and towns.
2281	(c) The amount the commission calculates under Subsection (6)(a) may not include an
2282	amount collected from a tax that:
2283	(i) the state imposes within a county, city, or town, including the unincorporated area
2284	of a county; and
2285	(ii) is not imposed within the entire state.
2286	Section 6. Section 59-12-211 is amended to read:
2287	59-12-211. Definitions Location of certain transactions Reports to

commission -- Direct payment provision for a seller making certain purchases --

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Exceptions.

(1) As used in this section:

2291	(a) (i) "Receipt" and "receive" mean:
2292	(A) taking possession of tangible personal property;
2293	(B) making first use of a service; or
2294	(C) for a product transferred electronically, the earlier of:
2295	(I) taking possession of the product transferred electronically; or
2296	(II) making first use of the product transferred electronically.
2297	(ii) "Receipt" and "receive" do not include possession by a shipping company on behalf
2298	of a purchaser.
2299	(b) "Transportation equipment" means:
2300	(i) a locomotive or rail car that is used to carry a person or property in interstate
2301	commerce;
2302	(ii) a truck or truck-tractor:
2303	(A) with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,001 pounds or more;
2304	(B) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
2305	(C) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
2306	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
2307	(II) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce;
2308	(iii) a trailer, semitrailer, or passenger bus that is:
2309	(A) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
2310	(B) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
2311	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
2312	(II) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce;
2313	(iv) an aircraft that is operated by an air carrier authorized and certificated:
2314	(A) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal or foreign
2315	authority; and
2316	(B) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce; or
2317	(v) a container designed for use on, or a component part attached or secured on, an
2318	item of equipment listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv).
2319	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (8) and (14), if tangible personal property, a
2320	product transferred electronically, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter is
2321	received by a purchaser at a business location of a seller, the location of the transaction is the

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- (3) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (14), if tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter is not received by a purchaser at a business location of a seller, the location of the transaction is the location where the purchaser takes receipt of the tangible personal property or service.
- (4) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (14), if Subsection (2) or (3) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the location indicated by an address for or other information on the purchaser if:
 - (a) the address or other information is available from the seller's business records; and
- (b) use of the address or other information from the seller's records does not constitute bad faith.
- (5) (a) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (14), if Subsection (2), (3), or (4) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the location indicated by an address for the purchaser if:
 - (i) the address is obtained during the consummation of the transaction; and
 - (ii) use of the address described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) does not constitute bad faith.
- (b) An address used under Subsection (5)(a) includes the address of a purchaser's payment instrument if no other address is available.
- (6) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (14), if Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) does not apply or if a seller does not have sufficient information to apply Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5), the location of the transaction is the location:
 - (a) indicated by the address from which:
- (i) except as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii), for tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the tangible personal property is shipped;
- (ii) for computer software delivered electronically or for a product transferred electronically that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the computer software or product transferred electronically is first available for transmission by the seller; or
- 2351 (iii) for a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the service is provided; 2352 or

2353	(b) as determined by the seller with respect to a prepaid wireless calling service:
2354	(i) provided in Subsection (6)(a)(iii); or
2355	(ii) associated with the mobile telephone number.
2356	(7) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (7), "shared ZIP Code" means a nine-digit ZIP
2357	Code that is located within two or more local taxing jurisdictions.
2358	(b) If the location of a transaction determined under Subsections (3) through (6) is in a
2359	shared ZIP Code, the location of the transaction is:
2360	(i) if there is only one local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest agreement
2361	combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest
2362	agreement combined tax rate; or
2363	(ii) if two or more local taxing jurisdictions impose the lowest agreement combined tax
2364	rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that:
2365	(A) imposes the lowest agreement combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code; and
2366	(B) has located within the local taxing jurisdiction the largest number of street
2367	addresses within the shared ZIP Code.
2368	(c) Notwithstanding any provision under this chapter authorizing or requiring the
2369	imposition of a sales and use tax, for purposes of Subsection (7)(b), a seller shall collect a sales
2370	and use tax imposed under this chapter at the lowest agreement combined tax rate imposed
2371	within the local taxing jurisdiction in which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b).
2372	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2373	commission may make rules:
2374	(i) providing for the circumstances under which a seller has exercised due diligence in
2375	determining the nine-digit ZIP Code for an address; or
2376	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), for determining the local taxing jurisdiction
2377	within which a transaction is located if a seller is unable to determine the local taxing
2378	jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b).
2379	(8) The location of a transaction made with a direct payment permit described in
2380	Section 59-12-107.1 is the location where receipt of the tangible personal property, product, or
2381	service by the purchaser occurs.

(9) The location of a purchase of direct mail is the location determined in accordance

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with Section 59-12-123.

2384	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), the location of a transaction
2385	determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9), is the local taxing jurisdiction within
2386	which:
2387	(i) the nine-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3)
2388	through (6), (8), or (9) is located; or
2389	(ii) the five-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3)
2390	through (6), (8), or (9) is located if:
2391	(A) a nine-digit ZIP Code is not available for the location determined under
2392	Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9); or
2393	(B) after exercising due diligence, a seller or certified service provider is unable to
2394	determine a nine-digit ZIP Code for the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6),
2395	(8), or (9).
2396	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2397	commission may make rules for determining the local taxing jurisdiction within which a
2398	transaction is located if a seller or certified service provider is unable to determine the local
2399	taxing jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (10)(a).
2400	(11) (a) As used in this Subsection (11), "florist delivery transaction" means a
2401	transaction commenced by a florist that transmits an order:
2402	(i) by:
2403	(A) telegraph;
2404	(B) telephone; or
2405	(C) a means of communication similar to Subsection (11)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
2406	(ii) for delivery to another place:
2407	(A) in this state; or
2408	(B) outside this state.
2409	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) through (6), beginning on January 1, 2009, and
2410	ending on December 31, 2009, the location of a florist delivery transaction is the business
2411	location of the florist that commences the florist delivery transaction.
2412	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2413	commission may by rule:
2414	(i) define:

2415	(A) "business location"; and
2416	(B) "florist";
2417	(ii) define what constitutes a means of communication similar to Subsection
2418	(11)(a)(i)(A) or (B) ; and
2419	(iii) provide procedures for determining when a transaction is commenced.
2420	(12) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section and except as provided in
2421	Subsection (12)(b), if a purchaser uses computer software and there is not a transfer of a copy
2422	of that software to the purchaser, the location of the transaction is determined in accordance
2423	with Subsections (4) and (5).
2424	(b) If a purchaser uses computer software described in Subsection (12)(a) at more than
2425	one location, the location of the transaction shall be determined in accordance with rules made
2426	by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
2427	Act.
2428	(13) (a) A tax collected under this chapter shall be reported to the commission on a
2429	form that identifies the location of each transaction that occurs during the return filing period.
2430	(b) The form described in Subsection (13)(a) shall be filed with the commission as
2431	required under this chapter.
2432	(14) This section does not apply to:
2433	(a) amounts charged by a seller for:
2434	(i) telecommunications service except for a prepaid calling service or a prepaid
2435	wireless calling service as provided in Subsection (6)(b) or Section 59-12-215; or
2436	(ii) the retail sale or transfer of:
2437	(A) a motor vehicle other than a motor vehicle that is transportation equipment;
2438	(B) an aircraft other than an aircraft that is transportation equipment;
2439	(C) a watercraft;
2440	(D) a modular home;
2441	(E) a manufactured home; or
2442	(F) a mobile home; or
2443	(iii) except as provided in Section 59-12-214, the lease or rental of tangible personal
2444	property other than tangible personal property that is transportation equipment;
2445	(b) a tax a person pays in accordance with Subsection 59-12-107[(1)(d)](2)(f); or

(c) a retail sale of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if:

2447	(i) the seller receives the order for the tangible personal property or product transferred
2448	electronically in this state;
2449	(ii) receipt of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically by the
2450	purchaser or the purchaser's donee occurs in this state;
2451	(iii) the location where receipt of the tangible personal property or product transferred
2452	electronically by the purchaser occurs is determined in accordance with Subsections (3)
2453	through (5); and
2454	(iv) at the time the seller receives the order, the record keeping system that the seller
2455	uses to calculate the proper amount of tax imposed under this chapter captures the location
2456	where the order is received.

- Section 7. Section **59-12-211.1** is amended to read:
- 59-12-211.1. Location of a transaction that is subject to a use tax.
- (1) Subject to Subsection (2), a person that is required by Subsection 59-12-107[(1)(d)](2)(f) to pay a use tax on a transaction shall report the location of that transaction at the person's location.
- (2) For purposes of Subsection (1), if a person has more than one location in this state, the person shall report the location of the transaction at the location at which tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service is received.
- Section 8. **Effective date.**

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2466 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2012.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-17-12 5:34 PM

As required by legislative rules and practice, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel provides the following legislative review note to assist the Legislature in making its own determination as to the constitutionality of the bill. The note is based on an analysis of relevant state and federal constitutional law as applied to the bill. The note is not written for the purpose of influencing whether the bill should become law, but is written to provide information relevant to legislators' consideration of this bill. The note is not a substitute for the judgment of the judiciary, which has authority to determine the constitutionality of a law in the context of a specific case.

This bill expands sales and use tax payment, collection, and remittance obligations to include out of state sellers who have a certain ownership or other relationship with an in state seller. These relationships include an out of state seller who has a substantial ownership interest in an in state business, or a seller who makes sales to in state purchasers by mail, telephone, the Internet, or other media, and has a contractual relationship with an in state seller to perform installation, maintenance, or repair services for those in state purchasers.

Because this bill imposes obligations on out of state sellers, the bill raises issues under the Commerce Clause of the United States Constitution. The Constitution of the Unites States grants Congress the authority to "regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States." *U.S. Const.* art. I, § 8. Case law has interpreted the Commerce Clause as having a dormant aspect, which "prohibits certain state actions that interfere with interstate commerce." *Quill Corp. v. North Dakota By and Through Heitkamp*, 504 U.S. 298, 309 (1992) (quoting *South Caroling State Highway Dept. v. Barnwell Brothers, Inc.*, 303 U.S. 177, 185 (1938)).

In evaluating a state statute under a dormant Commerce Clause challenge, the Supreme Court of the United States has held that a state may not require an out-of state seller to collect and remit a use tax unless the seller has "substantial nexus" with the taxing state. *Quill*, 504 U.S. at 311. The Court has found that "a vendor whose only contacts with the taxing State are by mail or common carrier lacks the 'substantial nexus' required by the Commerce Clause." The *Quill* case thus established a bright-line rule that some physical presence is required in a state before the state may impose sales and use tax collection obligations on a seller. *Quill*, 504 U.S. at 315 ("[w]hether or not a State may compel a vendor to collect a sales or use tax may turn on the presence in the taxing State of a small sales force, plant, or office.") In *Scripto v. Carson*, the Supreme Court of the United States found that independent contractors soliciting business within a state was sufficient presence for the state to impose use tax collection duties. *Scripto v. Carson*, 362 U.S. 207, 211 (1960).

This bill raises the issue of the application of the *Quill* case and its "substantial nexus" standard to an area of rapidly changing, evolving technology. Cases are currently moving through the courts that provide the courts with an opportunity to more clearly define and articulate the legal contours of what constitutes "substantial nexus" with a taxing state. It is impossible to predict the outcome of these cases and what changes, if any, they might have on the standards set forth in *Quill*. In addition, the Court in *Quill* noted that this issue is "one that Congress may be better qualified to resolve" and also "has the ultimate power to resolve." *Quill*, 504 U.S. at 318. Thus, it is also possible that Congress may act on this interstate commerce issue.

However, because current dormant Commerce Clause case law under *Quill* requires physical presence to satisfy "substantial nexus," there is a high probability that if challenged, a court would hold that this bill, which establishes nexus on the basis of an ownership or other relationship between an out of state seller and an in state seller, violates the dormant Commerce Clause.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel