| | WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES AMENDMENTS |
|---|--|
| | 2019 GENERAL SESSION |
| | STATE OF UTAH |
| | Chief Sponsor: Suzanne Harrison |
| | Senate Sponsor: |
|] | LONG TITLE |
| (| General Description: |
| | This bill amends provisions related to tax credit incentives for economic development |
|] | Highlighted Provisions: |
| | This bill: |
| | defines the term "working parent benefits"; and |
| | provides that the Governor's Office of Economic Development may consider |
| ٦ | whether an employer will provide working parent benefits when awarding certain |
| (| economic development tax credits. |
| ľ | Money Appropriated in this Bill: |
| | None |
| (| Other Special Clauses: |
| | None |
| Į | Utah Code Sections Affected: |
| 1 | AMENDS: |
| | 63N-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350 |
| | 63N-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 281 |



63N-2-103. Definitions.

H.B. 333

| 28 | As | used | in | this | part |
|----|----|------|----|------|------|
| | | | | | |

- (1) "Business entity" means a person that enters into an agreement with the office to initiate a new commercial project in Utah that will qualify the person to receive a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2 or 59-10-1107.
- (2) "Community reinvestment agency" has the same meaning as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (3) "Development zone" means an economic development zone created under Section 63N-2-104.
 - (4) "High paying jobs" means:
 - (a) with respect to a business entity, the aggregate average annual gross wages, not including healthcare or other paid or unpaid benefits, of newly created full-time employment positions in a business entity that are at least 110% of the average wage of a community in which the employment positions will exist;
 - (b) with respect to a county, the aggregate average annual gross wages, not including healthcare or other paid or unpaid benefits, of newly created full-time employment positions in a new commercial project within the county that are at least 110% of the average wage of the county in which the employment positions will exist; or
 - (c) with respect to a city or town, the aggregate average annual gross wages, not including healthcare or other paid or unpaid benefits of newly created full-time employment positions in a new commercial project within the city or town that are at least 110% of the average wages of the city or town in which the employment positions will exist.
 - (5) "Local government entity" means a county, city, or town that enters into an agreement with the office to have a new commercial project that:
 - (a) is initiated within the county's, city's, or town's boundaries; and
 - (b) qualifies the county, city, or town to receive a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2.
 - (6) (a) "New commercial project" means an economic development opportunity that involves new or expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business services in Utah.
 - (b) "New commercial project" does not include retail business.
 - (7) (a) "New incremental jobs" means full-time employment positions that are filled by employees who work at least 30 hours per week and that are:
 - (i) with respect to a business entity, created in addition to the baseline count of

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68 69

70

71

7273

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

- employment positions that existed within the business entity before the new commercialproject;
 - (ii) with respect to a county, created as a result of a new commercial project with respect to which the county or a community development and renewal agency seeks to claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2; or
 - (iii) with respect to a city or town, created as a result of a new commercial project with respect to which the city, town, or a community development and renewal agency seeks to claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-614.2.
 - (b) "New incremental jobs" may include full-time equivalent positions that are filled by more than one employee, if each employee who works less than 30 hours per week is provided benefits comparable to a full-time employee.
 - (c) "New incremental jobs" does not include jobs that are shifted from one jurisdiction in the state to another jurisdiction in the state.
 - (8) "New state revenues" means:
 - (a) with respect to a business entity:
- 74 (i) incremental new state sales and use tax revenues that a business entity pays under 75 Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, as a result of a new commercial project in a 76 development zone;
 - (ii) incremental new state tax revenues that a business entity pays as a result of a new commercial project in a development zone under:
 - (A) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes;
 - (B) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information;
 - (C) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 2, Trusts and Estates;
 - (D) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 4, Withholding of Tax; or
 - (E) a combination of Subsections (8)(a)(ii)(A) through (D);
- (iii) incremental new state tax revenues paid as individual income taxes under Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information, by employees of a new or expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service within a new commercial project as evidenced by payroll records that indicate the amount of employee income taxes withheld and transmitted to the State Tax Commission by the new or

| 90 | expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service within the new |
|-----|---|
| 91 | commercial project; or |
| 92 | (iv) a combination of Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iii); or |
| 93 | (b) with respect to a local government entity: |
| 94 | (i) incremental new state sales and use tax revenues that are collected under Title 59, |
| 95 | Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, as a result of a new commercial project in a development |
| 96 | zone; |
| 97 | (ii) incremental new state tax revenues that are collected as a result of a new |
| 98 | commercial project in a development zone under: |
| 99 | (A) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; |
| 100 | (B) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and |
| 101 | Information; |
| 102 | (C) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 2, Trusts and Estates; |
| 103 | (D) Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 4, Withholding of Tax; or |
| 104 | (E) a combination of Subsections (8)(b)(ii)(A) through (D); |
| 105 | (iii) incremental new state tax revenues paid as individual income taxes under Title 59, |
| 106 | Chapter 10, Part 1, Determination and Reporting of Tax Liability and Information, by |
| 107 | employees of a new or expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service |
| 108 | within a new commercial project as evidenced by payroll records that indicate the amount of |
| 109 | employee income taxes withheld and transmitted to the State Tax Commission by the new or |
| 110 | expanded industrial, manufacturing, distribution, or business service within the new |
| 111 | commercial project; or |
| 112 | (iv) a combination of Subsections (8)(b)(i) through (iii). |
| 113 | (9) "Significant capital investment" means an amount of at least \$10,000,000 to |
| 114 | purchase capital or fixed assets, which may include real property, personal property, and other |
| 115 | fixtures related to a new commercial project: |
| 116 | (a) that represents an expansion of existing operations in the state; or |
| 117 | (b) that maintains or increases the business entity's existing work force in the state. |
| 118 | (10) "Tax credit" means an economic development tax credit created by Section |
| 119 | 59-7-614.2 or 59-10-1107. |

(11) "Tax credit amount" means the amount the office lists as a tax credit on a tax

| 121 | credit certificate for a taxable year. |
|-----|---|
| 122 | (12) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office that: |
| 123 | (a) lists the name of the business entity, local government entity, or community |
| 124 | development and renewal agency to which the office authorizes a tax credit; |
| 125 | (b) lists the business entity's, local government entity's, or community development and |
| 126 | renewal agency's taxpayer identification number; |
| 127 | (c) lists the amount of tax credit that the office authorizes the business entity, local |
| 128 | government entity, or community development and renewal agency for the taxable year; and |
| 129 | (d) may include other information as determined by the office. |
| 130 | (13) (a) "Working parent benefits" means nonwage compensation in addition to normal |
| 131 | wages that are provided to an employee who is the parent or guardian of one or more dependent |
| 132 | children. |
| 133 | (b) "Working parent benefits" may include: |
| 134 | (i) on-site child care, near-site child care, or a child-care subsidy; |
| 135 | (ii) a flexible work schedule; |
| 136 | (iii) a matched flexible spending account for child care; |
| 137 | (iv) paid family care leave; and |
| 138 | (v) a partnership with a local child-care provider to secure stable placement for |
| 139 | children of an employee. |
| 140 | Section 2. Section 63N-2-104 is amended to read: |
| 141 | 63N-2-104. Creation of economic development zones Tax credits Assignment |
| 142 | of tax credit. |
| 143 | (1) The office, with advice from the board, may create an economic development zone |
| 144 | in the state if the following requirements are satisfied: |
| 145 | (a) the area is zoned commercial, industrial, manufacturing, business park, research |
| 146 | park, or other appropriate business related use in a community-approved master plan; |
| 147 | (b) the request to create a development zone has first been approved by an appropriate |
| 148 | local government entity; and |
| 149 | (c) local incentives have been or will be committed to be provided within the area. |
| 150 | (2) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, |
| 151 | the office shall make rules establishing the requirements for a business entity or local |

government entity to qualify for a tax credit for a new commercial project in a development zone under this part.

- (b) The office shall ensure that the requirements described in Subsection (2)(a) include the following:
 - (i) the new commercial project is within the development zone;

- (ii) the new commercial project includes direct investment within the geographic boundaries of the development zone;
 - (iii) the new commercial project brings new incremental jobs to Utah;
- (iv) the new commercial project includes the creation of high paying jobs in the state, significant capital investment in the state, or significant purchases from vendors, contractors, or service providers in the state, or a combination of these three economic factors;
 - (v) the new commercial project generates new state revenues; and
- (vi) a business entity, a local government entity, or a community reinvestment agency to which a local government entity assigns a tax credit under this section meets the requirements of Section 63N-2-105.
- (c) In determining the maximum potential amount and duration of a tax credit offered to a business entity or local government entity under this part, the office may consider, along with other discretionary criteria, whether the new commercial project will provide working parent benefits to employees.
- (3) (a) The office, after consultation with the board, may enter into a written agreement with a business entity or local government entity authorizing a tax credit to the business entity or local government entity if the business entity or local government entity meets the requirements described in this section.
- (b) (i) With respect to a new commercial project, the office may authorize a tax credit to a business entity or a local government entity, but not both.
- (ii) In determining whether to authorize a tax credit with respect to a new commercial project to a business entity or a local government entity, the office shall authorize the tax credit in a manner that the office determines will result in providing the most effective incentive for the new commercial project.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(ii), the office may not authorize or commit to authorize a tax credit that exceeds:

212

213

(4)(d); and

| 183 | (A) 50% of the new state revenues from the new commercial project in any given year |
|-----|--|
| 184 | or |
| 185 | (B) 30% of the new state revenues from the new commercial project over the lesser of |
| 186 | the life of a new commercial project or 20 years. |
| 187 | (ii) If the eligible business entity makes capital expenditures in the state of |
| 188 | \$1,500,000,000 or more associated with a new commercial project, the office may: |
| 189 | (A) authorize or commit to authorize a tax credit not exceeding 60% of new state |
| 190 | revenues over the lesser of the life of the project or 20 years, if the other requirements of this |
| 191 | part are met; |
| 192 | (B) establish the year that state revenues and incremental jobs baseline data are |
| 193 | measured for purposes of an incentive under this Subsection (3)(c)(ii); and |
| 194 | (C) offer an incentive under this Subsection (3)(c)(ii) or modify an existing incentive |
| 195 | previously granted under Subsection (3)(c)(i) that is based on the baseline measurements |
| 196 | described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B), except that the incentive may not authorize or commit to |
| 197 | authorize a tax credit of more than 60% of new state revenues in any one year. |
| 198 | (d) (i) A local government entity may by resolution assign a tax credit authorized by |
| 199 | the office to a community reinvestment agency. |
| 200 | (ii) The local government entity shall provide a copy of the resolution described in |
| 201 | Subsection (3)(d)(i) to the office. |
| 202 | (iii) If a local government entity assigns a tax credit to a community reinvestment |
| 203 | agency, the written agreement described in Subsection (3)(a) shall: |
| 204 | (A) be between the office, the local government entity, and the community |
| 205 | reinvestment agency; |
| 206 | (B) establish the obligations of the local government entity and the community |
| 207 | reinvestment agency; and |
| 208 | (C) establish the extent to which any of the local government entity's obligations are |
| 209 | transferred to the community reinvestment agency. |
| 210 | (iv) If a local government entity assigns a tax credit to a community reinvestment |
| 211 | agency: |

(A) the community reinvestment agency shall retain records as described in Subsection

H.B. 333 02-13-19 11:06 AM

| 214 | (B) a tax credit certificate issued in accordance with Section 63N-2-105 shall list the |
|-----|---|
| 215 | community reinvestment agency as the named applicant. |
| 216 | (4) The office shall ensure that the written agreement described in Subsection (3): |
| 217 | (a) specifies the requirements that the business entity or local government entity shall |
| 218 | meet to qualify for a tax credit under this part; |
| 219 | (b) specifies the maximum amount of tax credit that the business entity or local |
| 220 | government entity may be authorized for a taxable year and over the life of the new commercial |
| 221 | project; |
| 222 | (c) establishes the length of time the business entity or local government entity may |
| 223 | claim a tax credit; |
| 224 | (d) requires the business entity or local government entity to retain records supporting a |
| 225 | claim for a tax credit for at least four years after the business entity or local government entity |
| 226 | claims a tax credit under this part; and |
| 227 | (e) requires the business entity or local government entity to submit to audits for |