Representative Marsha Judkins proposes the following substitute bill:

	REMEDIES FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
	AMENDMENTS
	2023 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Marsha Judkins
	Senate Sponsor:
L	ONG TITLE
G	eneral Description:
	This bill amends provisions related to victims of domestic violence.
H	ighlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 defines terms;
	• amends the requirements for terminating a rental agreement when a renter is a
vi	ctim of domestic violence; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
Μ	loney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
0	ther Special Clauses:
	None
U	tah Code Sections Affected:
A	MENDS:
	57-22-5.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 142
	57-22-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 289

1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 314

26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section 57-22-5.1 is amended to read:
28	57-22-5.1. Crime victim's right to new locks Domestic violence victim's right to
29	terminate rental agreement Limits an owner relating to assistance from public safety
30	agency.
31	(1) As used in this section:
32	(a) (i) "Court order" means, except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii):
33	(A) a civil protective order, as defined in Section 78B-7-102;
34	(B) a civil stalking injunction, as defined in Section 78B-7-102;
35	(C) a criminal protective order, as defined in Section 78B-7-102; or
36	(D) a criminal stalking injunction, as defined in Section 78B-7-102.
37	(ii) "Court order" does not include:
38	(A) an ex parte civil protective order, as defined in Section 78B-7-102; or
39	(B) an ex parte civil stalking injunction, as defined in Section 78B-7-102, for which a
40	hearing is requested.
41	[(a)] <u>(b)</u> "Crime victim" means a victim of:
42	(i) domestic violence, as defined in Section 77-36-1;
43	(ii) stalking, as defined in Section 76-5-106.5;
44	(iii) a crime under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
45	(iv) burglary or aggravated burglary under Section 76-6-202 or 76-6-203; or
46	(v) dating violence, as defined in Section 78B-7-102.
47	(c) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
48	(d) "Financial obligation" means any rent, fees, damages, or other costs owed by a
49	renter.
50	(e) (i) "Future obligations" means a renter's obligations under the rental agreement after
51	the date on which the renter vacates the residential rental unit in accordance with Subsection
52	<u>(6).</u>
53	(ii) "Future obligations" includes:
54	(A) the payment of rent and fees for the residential rental unit; and
55	(B) the right to occupy the residential rental unit.
56	[(b)] (f) "Public safety agency" means a governmental entity that provides fire

57	protection, law enforcement, ambulance, medical, or similar service.
58	(g) "Victim of domestic violence" means the same as the term "victim" in Section
59	<u>77-36-1.</u>
60	(h) "Termination fee" means the equivalent of one month of rent under the rental
61	agreement.
62	(2) An acceptable form of documentation of an act listed in Subsection (1) is:
63	(a) a protective order protecting the renter issued pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part
64	6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders, subsequent to a hearing of which the petitioner and
65	respondent have been given notice under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse
66	Protective Orders; or
67	(b) a copy of a police report documenting an act listed in Subsection (1).
68	(3) (a) A renter who is a crime victim may require the renter's owner to install a new
69	lock to the renter's residential rental unit if the renter:
70	(i) provides the owner with an acceptable form of documentation of an act listed in
71	Subsection (1); and
72	(ii) pays for the cost of installing the new lock.
73	(b) An owner may comply with Subsection (3)(a) by:
74	(i) rekeying the lock if the lock is in good working condition; or
75	(ii) changing the entire locking mechanism with a locking mechanism of equal or
76	greater quality than the lock being replaced.
77	(c) An owner who installs a new lock under Subsection (3)(a) may retain a copy of the
78	key that opens the new lock.
79	(d) Notwithstanding any rental agreement, an owner who installs a new lock under
80	Subsection (3)(a) shall refuse to provide a copy of the key that opens the new lock to the
81	perpetrator of the act listed in Subsection (1).
82	(e) Notwithstanding Section 78B-6-814, if an owner refuses to provide a copy of the
83	key under Subsection (3)(d) to a perpetrator who is not barred from the residential rental unit
84	by a protective order but is a renter on the rental agreement, the perpetrator may file a petition
85	with a court of competent jurisdiction within 30 days to:
86	(i) establish whether the perpetrator should be given a key and allowed access to the
87	residential rental unit; or

1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 314

88	(ii) whether the perpetrator should be relieved of further liability under the rental
89	agreement because of the owner's exclusion of the perpetrator from the residential rental unit.
90	(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(ii), a perpetrator may not be relieved of further
91	liability under the rental agreement if the perpetrator is found by the court to have committed
92	the act upon which the landlord's exclusion of the perpetrator is based.
93	[(4) A renter who is a victim of domestic violence, as defined in Section 77-36-1, may
94	terminate a rental agreement if the renter:]
95	[(a) is in compliance with:]
96	[(i) all provisions of Section 57-22-5; and]
97	[(ii) all obligations under the rental agreement;]
98	[(b) provides the owner:]
99	[(i) written notice of termination; and]
100	[(ii) a protective order protecting the renter from a domestic violence perpetrator or a
101	copy of a police report documenting that the renter is a victim of domestic violence and did not
102	participate in the violence; and]
103	[(c) no later than the date that the renter provides a notice of termination under
104	Subsection (4)(b)(i), pays the owner the equivalent of 45 days' rent for the period beginning on
105	the date that the renter provides the notice of termination.]
106	(4) A renter who is a victim of domestic violence may terminate all of the renter's
107	future obligations under a rental agreement if the renter:
108	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5), is in compliance with all obligations under the
109	rental agreement, including the requirements of Section 57-22-5;
110	(b) provides the owner with:
111	(i) a court order protecting the renter from a domestic violence perpetrator; or
112	(ii) a copy of a police report documenting that the renter is a victim of domestic
113	violence and is not the predominant aggressor under Subsection 77-36-2.2(3);
114	(c) provides the owner with a written notice of termination that includes the date on
115	which the renter intends to vacate the renter's residential rental unit; and
116	(d) pays the owner a termination fee on the later of the day on which:
117	(i) the renter provides the owner with a written notice of termination; or
118	(ii) the renter vacates the renter's residential rental unit.

119	(5) A renter may terminate all of the renter's future obligations under a rental
120	agreement under Subsection (4) when the renter is not in compliance with the requirements of
121	Subsection 57-22-5(1)(g) or (2) if:
122	(a) the renter provides evidence to the owner with the written notice of termination
123	under Subsection (4)(c) establishing that:
124	(i) the noncompliance with Subsection 57-22-5(1)(g) or (2) occurred less than 30 days
125	before the day on which the renter provided the written notice of termination to the owner; and
126	(ii) the noncompliance with Subsection 57-22-5(1)(g) or (2) is due to domestic
127	violence;
128	(b) the renter is in compliance with all obligations of the rental agreement, except for
129	the noncompliance described in Subsection (5)(a); and
130	(c) the renter complies with Subsections (4)(b), (c), and (d).
131	(6) If a renter provides an owner with a written notice of termination under Subsection
132	(4)(c), the renter shall:
133	(a) vacate the renter's residential rental unit within 15 days after the day on which the
134	written notice of termination is provided to the owner; and
135	(b) pay rent for any occupation of the residential rental unit during that 15-day time
136	period.
137	(7) A renter may not terminate all of the renter's future obligations under a rental
138	agreement under Subsection (4) after a notice of eviction is served on the renter.
139	(8) A renter who terminates all of the renter's future obligations under a rental
140	agreement under Subsection (4) is liable for any financial obligation owed by the renter:
141	(a) before the renter provided the owner with the written notice of termination under
142	Subsection (4)(c);
143	(b) for any noncompliance with Subsection 57-22-5(1)(g) or (2) as described in
144	Subsection (5); and
145	(c) for any occupancy of the residential rental unit by the renter during the 15-day time
146	period described in Subsection (6).
147	(9) The termination of a renter's future obligations under a rental agreement does not
148	terminate the rental agreement for any other person entitled under the rental agreement to
149	occupy the residential rental unit.

1st Sub. (Buff) H.B. 314

150	[(5)] (10) An owner may not:
151	(a) impose a restriction on a renter's ability to request assistance from a public safety
152	agency; or
153	(b) penalize or evict a renter because the renter makes reasonable requests for
154	assistance from a public safety agency.
155	Section 2. Section 57-22-7 is amended to read:
156	57-22-7. Limitation on counties and municipalities.
157	(1) A county or municipality may not adopt an ordinance, resolution, or regulation that
158	is inconsistent with this chapter.
159	(2) (a) Subsection (1) may not be construed to limit the ability of a county or
160	municipality to enforce an applicable administrative remedy with respect to a residential rental
161	unit for a violation of a county or municipal ordinance, subject to Subsection (2)(b).
162	(b) A county or municipality's enforcement of an administrative remedy may not have
163	the effect of:
164	(i) modifying the time requirements of a corrective period, as defined in Section
165	57-22-6;
166	(ii) limiting or otherwise affecting a tenant's remedies under Section 57-22-6; or
167	(iii) modifying an owner's obligation under this chapter to a tenant relating to the
168	habitability of a residential rental unit.
169	(3) A municipality with a good landlord program under Section $10-1-203.5$ may not
170	limit an owner's participation in the program or reduce program benefits to the owner because
171	of renter or crime victim action that the owner is prohibited under Subsection $[\frac{57-22-5.1(5)}{5}]$
172	57-22-5.1(10) from restricting or penalizing.