ANTIDISCRIMINATION AMENDMENTS
2010 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Christine A. Johnson
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Utah Antidiscrimination Act and Utah Fair Housing Act to
address discrimination, including discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation or
gender identity.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies definition provisions related to employment and housing discrimination,
including defining "gender identity" and "sexual orientation";
► includes gender identity and sexual orientation as a consideration in appointments to
the Antidiscrimination and Labor Advisory Council;
 includes sexual orientation and gender identity as a prohibited basis for
discrimination in employment;
 prohibits quotas or preferences on the basis of sexual orientation or gender identity;
 provides for a conciliation process with regard to complaints of discrimination in
employment;
modifies exemptions to the Utah Fair Housing Act;
 includes sexual orientation and gender identity as a prohibited basis for
discriminatory housing practices;
provides for severability; and
makes technical and conforming amendments.



28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	34A-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
35	34A-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 161
36	34A-5-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 65
37	34A-5-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 65
38	34A-5-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
39	57-21-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
40	57-21-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
41	57-21-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
42	57-21-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
43	57-21-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 114
44	57-21-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
45	57-21-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
46	67-19-6.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 139
47	ENACTS:
48	34A-5-109 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49 70	57-21-15 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50 51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
52	Section 1. Section 34A-5-102 is amended to read:
53	34A-5-102. Definitions.
54	As used in this chapter:
55	(1) "Apprenticeship" means a program for the training of [apprentices] an apprentice
56	including a program providing the training of [those persons defined as apprentices] a person
57	defined as an apprentice by Section 35A-6-102.
58	(2) "Bona fide occupational qualification" means a characteristic applying to an

59	employee:
60	(a) that is necessary to the operation of the employee's employer's business; or
61	(b) is the essence of the employee's employer's business.
62	(3) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of an issue raised in a complaint of a
63	prohibited employment practice by the investigation of the complaint through informal
64	negotiations involving the complainant, the respondent, and the division.
65	(4) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of
66	an issue in conciliation.
67	(5) "Conciliation conference" means the attempted resolution of an issue raised in a
68	complaint by the investigation of a complaint through informal negotiations involving the
69	complainant, the respondent, and the division.
70	[(3)] <u>(6)</u> "Court" means:
71	(a) the district court in the judicial district of the state in which the asserted unfair
72	employment practice [occurred] occurs; or
73	(b) if [this] the district court is not in session at that time, a judge of the court described
74	in Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)}{(6)}\right]$ $\left(\frac{(6)}{(a)}\right)$.
75	[(4)] (7) "Director" means the director of the division.
76	[(5)] (8) "Disability" means a physical or mental disability as defined and covered by
77	the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.
78	(9) "Discriminate in matters of compensation" means the payment of differing wages
79	or salaries to employees having substantially equal experience, responsibilities, and skill for the
80	particular job.
81	[(6)] (10) "Division" means the Division of Antidiscrimination and Labor.
82	$[(7)]$ (11) "Employee" means $[any]$ \underline{a} person applying with or employed by an
83	employer.
84	$\left[\frac{8}{(12)}\right]$ (a) "Employer" means:
85	(i) the state;
86	(ii) [any] a political subdivision;
87	(iii) a board, commission, department, institution, school district, trust, or agent of the
88	state or [its] a political [subdivisions; or] subdivision of the state;
89	(iv) a person employing 15 or more employees within the state for each working day

90	in each of 20 calendar weeks or more in the current or preceding calendar year[:]; or
91	(v) an agent of a person listed in Subsections (12)(a)(i) through (iv).
92	(b) "Employer" does not include:
93	(i) a religious organization or association; or
94	[(ii) a religious corporation sole; or]
95	[(iii) any corporation or association constituting a wholly owned subsidiary or agency
96	of any religious organization or association or religious corporation sole.]
97	(ii) as it relates to a prohibited employment practice on the basis of sexual orientation
98	or gender identity, an expressive association if employing an individual would significantly
99	burden the expressive association's rights of expressive association under decisions of the
100	United States Supreme Court.
101	[(9)] (13) "Employment agency" means $[any]$ a person or an agent of a person:
102	(a) undertaking to procure [employees or opportunities] an employee or an opportunity
103	to work for [any other] another person within the state; or
104	(b) holding itself out to be equipped to take an action described in Subsection [(9)]
105	<u>(13)</u> (a).
106	(14) "Gender identity" means a person's actual or perceived gender identity,
107	appearance, mannerisms, or other characteristics of an individual with or without regard to the
108	person's sex at birth.
109	[(10)] (15) "Joint apprenticeship committee" means $[any]$ an association of
110	representatives of a labor organization and an employer providing, coordinating, or controlling
111	an apprentice training program.
112	[(11)] (16) "Labor organization" means $[any]$ an organization that exists for the
113	purpose in whole or in part of:
114	[(a) collective bargaining;]
115	[(b)] (a) collective dealing with [employers] an employer concerning grievances, terms
116	or conditions of employment; or
117	[(c)] (b) other mutual aid or protection in connection with employment.
118	[(12)] (17) "National origin" means the place of birth, domicile, or residence of an
119	individual or of an individual's ancestors.
120	[(13)] (18) "On-the-job-training program" means [any] a program designed to instruct a

121	person who, while learning the particular job for which the person is receiving instruction:
122	(a) is also employed at that job; or
123	(b) may be employed by the employer conducting the program:
124	(i) during the course of the program[;]; or
125	(ii) when the program is completed.
126	(19) "Otherwise qualified for employment" means a person possesses the following
127	required by an employer for a particular job, job classification, or position:
128	(a) education;
129	(b) training:
130	(c) ability;
131	(d) moral character;
132	(e) integrity;
133	(f) disposition to work;
134	(g) adherence to reasonable rules and regulations; and
135	(h) other job related qualifications required by an employer.
136	[(14)] <u>(20)</u> "Person" means <u>:</u>
137	(a) one or more:
138	(i) individuals[,];
139	(ii) partnerships[-,]:
140	(iii) associations[,];
141	(iv) corporations[-;];
142	(v) legal representatives[;];
143	(vi) trusts or trustees[;]; or
144	(vii) receivers[;];
145	(b) the state; and [all political subdivisions and agencies]
146	(c) a political subdivision or agency of the state.
147	[(15)] (21) "Presiding officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
148	63G-4-103.
149	[(16)] (22) "Prohibited employment practice" means a practice specified as
150	discriminatory, and therefore unlawful, in Section 34A-5-106.
151	(23) "Religious organization or association" means:

152	(a) a religious corporation;
153	(b) a religious association;
154	(c) a religious educational institution;
155	(d) a religious society:
156	(e) a religious trust; or
157	(f) an entity or association that is a subsidiary or agency that is wholly owned or
158	controlled by:
159	(i) a religious corporation;
160	(ii) a religious association;
161	(iii) a religious society;
162	(iv) a religious trust; or
163	(v) a corporation sole.
164	[(17)] (24) "Retaliate" means the taking of adverse action:
165	<u>(a)</u> by:
166	(i) an employer[,];
167	(ii) an employment agency[-,];
168	(iii) a labor organization[-;];
169	(iv) an apprenticeship program[-;];
170	(v) an on-the-job training program[;]; or
171	(vi) a vocational school [against one of its employees, applicants, or members because
172	the employee, applicant, or member:];
173	[(a) has opposed any]
174	(b) against an employee, applicant, or member of a person described in Subsection
175	(24)(a); and
176	(c) because the employee, applicant, or member:
177	(i) opposes an employment practice prohibited under this chapter; or
178	[(b) filed charges, testified, assisted, or participated]
179	(ii) files charges, testifies, assists, or participates in any way in [any] a proceeding,
180	investigation, or hearing under this chapter.
181	(25) "Sexual orientation" means a person's actual or perceived orientation as
182	heterosexual, homosexual, or bisexual.

183	[(18)] (26) "Vocational school" means [any] a school or institution conducting a course
184	of instruction, training, or retraining to prepare [individuals] an individual to:
185	(a) follow an occupation or trade[7]; or [to]
186	(b) pursue a manual, technical, industrial, business, commercial, office, personal
187	services, or other nonprofessional occupations.
188	Section 2. Section 34A-5-104 is amended to read:
189	34A-5-104. Powers.
190	(1) (a) The commission has jurisdiction over the subject of employment practices and
191	discrimination made unlawful by this chapter.
192	(b) The commission may adopt, publish, amend, and rescind rules, consistent with, and
193	for the enforcement of this chapter.
194	(2) The division may:
195	(a) appoint and prescribe the duties of [investigators and other employees and agents
196	that it] an investigator, other employee, or agent of the commission that the commission
197	considers necessary for the enforcement of this chapter;
198	(b) receive, reject, investigate, and pass upon [complaints] a complaint alleging:
199	(i) discrimination in:
200	(A) employment;
201	(B) <u>an</u> apprenticeship [programs] program;
202	(C) <u>an</u> on-the-job training [programs; and] program; or
203	(D) <u>a</u> vocational [schools] <u>school</u> ; or
204	(ii) the existence of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice by:
205	(A) a person;
206	(B) an employer;
207	(C) an employment agency;
208	(D) a labor organization;
209	(E) [the employees or members] an employee or member of an employment agency or
210	labor organization;
211	(F) a joint apprenticeship committee; and
212	(G) <u>a</u> vocational school;
213	(c) investigate and study the existence, character, causes, and extent of discrimination

214	[in] <u>:</u>
215	(i) in one or more of the following in this state:
216	(A) employment[-;];
217	(B) apprenticeship programs[-,]:
218	(C) on-the-job training programs[7]; and
219	(D) vocational schools [in this state]; and
220	<u>(ii)</u> by:
221	[(i)] (A) employers;
222	[(ii)] (B) employment agencies;
223	[(iii)] (C) labor organizations;
224	[(iv)] (D) joint apprenticeship committees; and
225	[v] (E) vocational schools;
226	(d) formulate one or more plans for the elimination of discrimination by educational or
227	other means;
228	(e) hold [hearings upon] a hearing on a complaint made against:
229	(i) a person;
230	(ii) an employer;
231	(iii) an employment agency;
232	(iv) a labor organization;
233	(v) [the employees or members] an employee or member of an employment agency or
234	labor organization;
235	(vi) a joint apprenticeship committee; or
236	(vii) a vocational school;
237	(f) issue one or more publications and reports of investigations and research that:
238	(i) promote good will among the various racial, religious, and ethnic groups of the
239	state; and
240	(ii) minimize or eliminate discrimination in employment because of race, color, sex,
241	religion, national origin, age, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity;
242	(g) prepare and transmit to the governor, at least once each year, reports describing:
243	(i) [its] the division's proceedings, investigations, and hearings;
244	(ii) the outcome of those hearings;

245	(iii) decisions the division [has rendered] renders; and
246	(iv) the other work performed by the division;
247	(h) recommend policies to the governor, and submit recommendation to employers,
248	employment agencies, and labor organizations to implement those policies;
249	(i) recommend [any] legislation to the governor that the division considers necessary
250	concerning discrimination because of:
251	(A) race[-;];
252	$(B) \operatorname{sex}[\overline{z}];$
253	(<u>C</u>) color[,];
254	(D) national origin[-;];
255	(E) religion[7];
256	<u>(F)</u> age[, or];
257	(G) disability [to the governor that it considers necessary; and];
258	(H) sexual orientation; or
259	(I) gender identity; and
260	(j) within the limits of [any] appropriations made for its operation, cooperate with other
261	agencies or organizations, both public and private, in the planning and conducting of
262	educational programs designed to eliminate discriminatory practices prohibited under this
263	chapter.
264	(3) The division shall investigate <u>an</u> alleged discriminatory [practices] <u>practices</u>
265	involving [officers or employees] an officer or employee of state government if requested to do
266	so by the Career Service Review Board.
267	(4) (a) In $[any]$ <u>a</u> hearing held under this chapter, the division may:
268	(i) subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance at the hearing;
269	(ii) administer oaths and take the testimony of [any] a person under oath; and
270	(iii) compel [any] a person to produce for examination [any books, papers] a book,
271	paper, or other information relating to the matters raised by the complaint.
272	(b) The division director or a hearing examiner appointed by the division director may
273	conduct [hearings] a hearing.
274	(c) If a witness fails or refuses to obey a subpoena issued by the division, the division
275	may petition the district court to enforce the subpoena.

276	(d) $[\frac{\text{In the event}}{\text{In the event}}]$ $\underline{\text{If}}$ a witness asserts a privilege against self-incrimination, testimony
277	and evidence from the witness may be compelled pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 22b, Grants of
278	Immunity.
279	Section 3. Section 34A-5-105 is amended to read:
280	34A-5-105. Antidiscrimination and Labor Advisory Council Membership
281	Appointment Term Powers and duties Chair.
282	(1) There is created an Antidiscrimination and Labor Advisory Council consisting of:
283	(a) 13 voting members appointed by the commissioner as follows:
284	(i) three employer representatives;
285	(ii) three employee representatives;
286	(iii) two representatives of persons who seek to rent or purchase dwellings as defined
287	in Section 57-21-2;
288	(iv) two representatives of persons who:
289	(A) sell or rent dwellings; and
290	(B) are subject to Title 57, Chapter 21, Utah Fair Housing Act; and
291	(v) three representatives of the general public; and
292	(b) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee as a nonvoting member of the
293	council.
294	(2) In making [the appointments] an appointment under Subsection (1), the
295	commissioner shall consider representation of the following protected classes:
296	(a) race;
297	(b) color;
298	(c) national origin;
299	(d) [gender] <u>sex</u> ;
300	(e) religion;
301	(f) age;
302	(g) persons with disabilities;
303	(h) sexual orientation;
304	(i) gender identity;
305	[(h)] (j) familial status as defined in Section 57-21-2; and
306	$[\frac{(i)}{k}]$ source of income as defined in Section 57-21-2.

307 (3) The division shall provide any necessary staff support for the council. 308 (4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as [terms of current council members 309 expire] a council member's term expires, the commissioner shall appoint each new member or 310 reappointed member to a four-year term. 311 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the commissioner shall, at 312 the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of 313 council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two 314 years. 315 (5) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the commissioner 316 shall appoint a replacement [shall be appointed] for the unexpired term. 317 (b) The commissioner shall terminate the term of a council member who ceases to be 318 representative as designated by the original appointment. 319 (6) (a) (i) Members who are not government employees shall receive no compensation 320 or benefits for their services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the 321 performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance 322 under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107. 323 (ii) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service. 324 (b) (i) State government officer and employee members who do not receive salary, per 325 diem, or expenses from their agency for their service may receive per diem and expenses 326 incurred in the performance of their official duties from the council at the rates established by 327 the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.

- (ii) State government officer and employee members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.
 - (7) (a) The advisory council shall:
- (i) offer advice on issues requested by:
- 332 (A) the commission;
- 333 (B) the division; or

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- 334 (C) the Legislature; and
- 335 (ii) make recommendations to the commission and division regarding issues related to:
- 336 (A) employment discrimination;
- 337 (B) housing discrimination; and

338	(C) the administration by the commission of:
339	(I) the provisions of Title 34, Labor in General, that are administered by the
340	commission;
341	(II) [Title 34A, Chapter 5, Utah Antidiscrimination Act] this chapter; and
342	(III) Title 57, Chapter 21, Utah Fair Housing Act.
343	(b) The council shall [confer] meet at least quarterly for the purpose of advising the
344	commission, division, and the Legislature regarding issues described in Subsection (7)(a).
345	(8) (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall serve as chair of the
346	council.
347	(b) The chair [is charged with the responsibility of calling the] shall call necessary
348	meetings.
349	Section 4. Section 34A-5-106 is amended to read:
350	34A-5-106. Discriminatory or prohibited employment practices Permitted
351	practices.
352	(1) It is a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice to take [any] an action
353	described in Subsections (1)(a) through (f).
354	(a) (i) An employer may not refuse to hire, promote, discharge, demote, or terminate
355	$[any]$ \underline{a} person, or to retaliate against, harass, or discriminate in matters of compensation or in
356	terms, privileges, and conditions of employment against [any] a person otherwise qualified,
357	because of:
358	(A) race;
359	(B) color;
360	(C) sex;
361	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
362	(E) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older;
363	(F) religion;
364	(G) national origin; [or]
365	(H) disability[-];
366	(I) sexual orientation; or
367	(J) gender identity.
368	[(ii) A person may not be considered "otherwise qualified," unless that person

369	possesses the following required by an employer for any particular job, job classification, or
370	position:]
371	[(A) education;]
372	[(B) training;]
373	[(C) ability, with or without reasonable accommodation;]
374	[(D) moral character;]
375	[(E) integrity;]
376	[(F) disposition to work;]
377	[(G) adherence to reasonable rules and regulations; and]
378	[(H) other job related qualifications required by an employer.]
379	[(iii) (A) As used in this chapter, "to discriminate in matters of compensation" means
380	the payment of differing wages or salaries to employees having substantially equal experience,
381	responsibilities, and skill for the particular job.]
382	[(B)] (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)[(iii)(A)](i):
383	[(1)] (A) nothing in this chapter prevents [increases] an increase in pay as a result of
384	longevity with the employer, if the salary [increases are] increase is uniformly applied and
385	available to all employees on a substantially proportional basis; and
386	[(H)] (B) nothing in this section prohibits an employer and employee from agreeing to
387	a rate of pay or work schedule designed to protect the employee from loss of Social Security
388	payment or benefits if the employee is eligible for those payments.
389	(b) An employment agency may not:
390	(i) refuse to list and properly classify for employment, or refuse to refer an individual
391	for employment, in a known available job for which the individual is otherwise qualified,
392	because of:
393	(A) race;
394	(B) color;
395	(C) sex;
396	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
397	(E) religion;
398	(F) national origin;
399	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]

400	(H) disability; [or]
401	(I) sexual orientation; or
402	(J) gender identity; or
403	(ii) comply with a request from an employer for referral of [applicants] an applicant for
404	employment if the request indicates either directly or indirectly that the employer discriminates
405	in employment on account of:
406	(A) race;
407	(B) color;
408	(C) sex;
409	(D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
410	(E) religion;
411	(F) national origin;
412	(G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
413	(H) disability[-];
414	(I) sexual orientation; or
415	(J) gender identity.
416	(c) (i) A labor organization may not for a reason listed in Subsection (1)(c)(ii):
417	(A) exclude [any] an individual otherwise qualified from full membership rights in the
418	labor organization[;];
419	(B) expel the individual from membership in the labor organization[7]; or
420	(C) otherwise discriminate against or harass [any] a member of the labor
421	[organization's members] organization in full employment of work opportunity, or
422	representation[, because of:].
423	(ii) A labor organization may not take an action listed in this Subsection (1)(c) because
424	<u>of:</u>
425	[(i)] (A) race;
426	(B) color;
427	$\left[\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(C)}}\right] \frac{\text{(C)}}{\text{sex}};$
428	[(iii)] (D) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
429	[(iv)] (E) religion;
430	[(v)] <u>(F)</u> national origin;

431	[(vi)] (G) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
432	[(vii)] (<u>H)</u> disability[-];
433	(I) sexual orientation; or
434	(J) gender identity.
435	(d) (i) Unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification, or required by and
436	given to an agency of government for <u>a</u> security [reasons] reason, an employer, employment
437	agency, or labor organization may not do the following if the statement, advertisement,
438	publication, form, or inquiry violates Subsection (1)(d)(ii):
439	(A) print, [or] circulate, or cause to be printed or circulated, [any] a statement,
440	advertisement, or publication[-,]:
441	(B) use [any] a form of application for employment or membership[$\frac{1}{2}$]; or
442	(C) make [any] an inquiry in connection with prospective employment or membership.
443	(ii) This Subsection (1)(d) applies to a statement, advertisement, publication, form, or
444	inquiry that expresses, either directly or indirectly:
445	[(i) any] (A) a limitation, specification, or discrimination as to:
446	[(A)] <u>(I)</u> race;
447	[(B)] <u>(II)</u> color;
448	[(C)] <u>(III)</u> religion;
449	[(D)] (IV) sex;
450	[(E)] (V) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
451	[(F)] <u>(VI)</u> national origin;
452	[(G)] (VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
453	[(H)] <u>(VIII)</u> disability;
454	(IX) sexual orientation; or
455	(X) gender identity; or
456	$[\frac{(ii)}{B}]$ the intent to make $[\frac{any}{B}]$ a limitation, specification, or discrimination
457	described in Subsection $(1)(d)[\frac{(i)}{(i)}](\underline{ii})(\underline{A})$.
458	(e) A person, whether or not an employer, an employment agency, a labor organization
459	or [the employees or members] an employee or member of an employer, employment agency,
460	or labor organization, may not:
461	(i) aid, incite, compel, or coerce the doing of an act defined in this section to be a

402	discriminatory of promotted employment practice;					
463	(ii) obstruct or prevent [any] a person from complying with this chapter, or [any] an					
464	order issued under this chapter; or					
465	(iii) attempt, either directly or indirectly, to commit [any] an act prohibited in this					
466	section.					
467	(f) (i) An employer, labor organization, joint apprenticeship committee, or vocational					
468	school, providing, coordinating, or controlling an apprenticeship [programs] program, or					
469	providing, coordinating, or controlling an on-the-job-training [programs] program, instruction,					
470	training, or retraining [programs] program may not:					
471	(A) deny to, or withhold from, $[any]$ <u>a</u> qualified person, the right to be admitted to, or					
472	participate in [any] an apprenticeship training program, on-the-job-training program, or other					
473	occupational instruction, training, or retraining program because of:					
474	(I) race;					
475	(II) color;					
476	(III) sex;					
477	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;					
478	(V) religion;					
479	(VI) national origin;					
480	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]					
481	(VIII) disability;					
482	(IX) sexual orientation; or					
483	(X) gender identity;					
484	(B) discriminate against or harass [any] a qualified person in that person's pursuit of					
485	[programs] a program described in Subsection $(1)(f)(i)(A)[, or to]$ because of:					
486	(I) race;					
487	(II) color;					
488	(III) sex;					
489	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;					
490	(V) religion;					
491	(VI) national origin;					
492	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older;					

493	(VIII) disability;
494	(IX) sexual orientation; or
495	(X) gender identity;
496	(C) discriminate against [such] a qualified person in the terms, conditions, or privileges
497	of [programs] a program described in Subsection (1)(f)(i)(A), because of:
498	(I) race;
499	(II) color;
500	(III) sex;
501	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
502	(V) religion;
503	(VI) national origin;
504	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
505	(VIII) disability; [or]
506	(IX) sexual orientation; or
507	(X) gender identity; or
508	[(C)] (D) except as provided in Subsection (1)(f)(ii), print, publish, or cause to be
509	printed or published, $[any]$ <u>a</u> notice or advertisement relating to employment by the employer,
510	or membership in or [any] a classification or referral for employment by a labor organization,
511	or relating to $[any]$ \underline{a} classification or referral for employment by an employment agency,
512	indicating [any] a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based on:
513	(I) race;
514	(II) color;
515	(III) sex;
516	(IV) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
517	(V) religion;
518	(VI) national origin;
519	(VII) age, if the individual is 40 years of age or older; [or]
520	(VIII) disability[-];
521	(IX) sexual orientation; or
522	(X) gender identity.
523	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection $(1)(f)(i)[\frac{(C)}{(C)}](D)$, if the following is a bona fide

524	occupational qualification for employment, a notice or advertisement described in Subsection
525	$(1)(f)(i)[\frac{C}{D}]$ may indicate a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based
526	on:
527	(A) race;
528	(B) color;
529	(C) religion;
530	(D) sex;
531	(E) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
532	(F) age;
533	(G) national origin; [or]
534	(H) disability[-];
535	(I) sexual orientation; or
536	(J) gender identity.
537	(2) [Nothing contained in] Subsections (1)(a) through (1)(f) [shall] may not be
538	construed to prevent:
539	(a) the termination of employment of an individual who, with or without reasonable
540	accommodation, is physically, mentally, or emotionally unable to perform the duties required
541	by that individual's employment;
542	(b) the variance of insurance premiums or coverage on account of age; or
543	(c) a restriction on the activities of [individuals licensed by the liquor authority with
544	respect to persons] a person licensed in accordance with Title 32A, Alcoholic Beverage
545	Control Act, with respect to an individual who is under 21 years of age.
546	(3) (a) It is not a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice:
547	(i) to do the following on the basis of religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth,
548	pregnancy-related conditions, age, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, or gender
549	identity if the conditions of Subsection (3)(b) are met:
550	[(i)] (A) for an employer to hire and employ [employees,] an employee;
551	(B) for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment [any] an
552	individual[,]:
553	(C) for a labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer for
554	employment [any] an individual; or

(D) for an employer, labor organization, or joint labor-management committee
controlling an apprenticeship or other training or retraining [programs] program to admit or
employ [any] an individual in [any such] the program[, on the basis of religion, sex, pregnancy,
childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions, age, national origin, or disability in those certain
instances where religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions, age, if the
individual is 40 years of age or older, national origin, or disability is a bona fide occupational
qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or
enterprise]; or
(ii) for a school, college, university, or other educational institution to hire and employ
[employees] an employee of a particular religion if:
(A) the school, college, university, or other educational institution is, in whole or in
substantial part, owned, supported, controlled, or managed by a particular religious corporation,
association, or society; or
(B) the curriculum of the school, college, university, or other educational institution is
directed toward the propagation of a particular religion; or
(iii) for an employer to give preference in employment to:
(A) the employer's:
(I) spouse;
(II) child; or
(III) son-in-law or daughter-in-law;
(B) $[any]$ \underline{a} person for whom the employer is or would be liable to furnish financial
support if [those persons] the person were unemployed;
(C) $[any]$ \underline{a} person to whom the employer during the preceding six months $[has]$
furnished] furnishes more than one-half of total financial support regardless of whether or not
the employer was or is legally obligated to furnish support; or
(D) $[any]$ <u>a</u> person whose education or training $[was]$ <u>is</u> substantially financed by the
employer for a period of two years or more.
[(b) Nothing in this chapter applies to any]
(b) An action described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) is not a discriminatory or prohibited
employment practice if:

(i) religion, sex, pregnancy, childbirth, a pregnancy-related condition, national origin, a

586	disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity is a bona fide occupational qualification
587	reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise; or
588	(ii) (A) the individual is 40 years of age or older; and
589	(B) age is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal
590	operation of that particular business or enterprise.
591	(c) This chapter does not apply to a business or enterprise on or near an Indian
592	reservation with respect to $[any]$ \underline{a} publicly announced employment practice of the business or
593	enterprise under which preferential treatment is given to [any] an individual because that
594	individual is a native American Indian living on or near an Indian reservation.
595	[(c) Nothing in this] (d) (i) This chapter [shall] may not be interpreted to require [any]
596	an employer, employment agency, labor organization, vocational school, joint
597	labor-management committee, or apprenticeship program subject to this chapter to grant
598	preferential treatment to [any] an individual or to [any] a group because of the race, color,
599	religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability of the individual or group on account of an
600	imbalance [which] may exist:
601	(A) with respect to the total number or percentage of persons of [any] a race, color,
602	religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability; and
603	(B) in comparison with the total number or percentage of persons of that race, color,
604	religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability in a community or county or in the available
605	work force in any community or county.
606	(ii) This Subsection (3)(d) applies to an individual or group:
607	(A) employed by [any] an employer[7];
608	(B) referred or classified for employment by an employment agency or labor
609	organization[;];
610	(C) admitted to membership or classified by [any] a labor organization[;]; or
611	(D) admitted to or employed in, any apprenticeship or other training program[; in
612	comparison with the total number or percentage of persons of that race, color, religion, sex,
613	age, national origin, or disability in any community or county or in the available work force in
614	any community or county].
615	(e) An employer, employment agency, labor organization, vocational school, joint
616	labor-management committee, or apprenticeship program subject to this chapter may not:

(i) adopt or implement a system under which a specific number or percentage of
persons are employed or selected to participate in a program on the basis of sexual orientation
or gender identity; or
(ii) give a preference to an individual on the basis of sexual orientation or gender
identity.
(4) It is not a discriminatory or prohibited practice with respect to age to observe the
terms of a bona fide seniority system or any bona fide employment benefit plan such as a
retirement, pension, or insurance plan that is not a subterfuge to evade the purposes of this
chapter, except that [no such] an employee benefit plan [shall] may not excuse the failure to
hire an individual.
(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), or [any other statutory provision] another statute to
the contrary, a person may not be subject to involuntary termination or retirement from
employment on the basis of age alone, if the individual is 40 years of age or older, except:
(a) under Subsection (6);
(b) under Section 67-5-8; and
(c) when age is a bona fide occupational qualification.
(6) Nothing in this section prohibits compulsory retirement of an employee who has
attained at least 65 years of age, and who, for the two-year period immediately before
retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or a high policymaking position, if:
(a) that employee is entitled to an immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit
from the employee's employer's pension, profit-sharing, savings, or deferred compensation
plan, or any combination of those plans; and
(b) the benefit described in Subsection (6)(a) equals, in the aggregate, at least \$44,000.
Section 5. Section 34A-5-107 is amended to read:
34A-5-107. Procedure for aggrieved person to file claim Investigations
Adjudicative proceedings Conciliation Reconsideration Determination.
(1) (a) $[Any]$ \underline{A} person claiming to be aggrieved by a discriminatory or prohibited
employment practice may, or that person's attorney or agent may, make, sign, and file with the
division a request for agency action.
(b) $[\underline{\text{Every}}] \underline{A}$ request for agency action shall be verified under oath or affirmation.
(c) A request for agency action made under this section shall be filed within 180 days

after the alleged discriminatory or prohibited employment practice [occurred] occurs.

- (d) The division may transfer a request for agency action filed with the division pursuant to this section to the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission in accordance with [the provisions of any] <u>a</u> work-share agreement that is:
 - (i) between the division and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; and
 - (ii) in effect on the day on which the request for agency action is transferred.
- (2) [Any] An employer, labor organization, joint apprenticeship committee, or vocational school who has an employee or member who refuses or threatens to refuse to comply with this chapter may file with the division a request for agency action asking the division for assistance to obtain the employee's or member's compliance by conciliation or other remedial action.
- (3) (a) Before a hearing is set or held as part of any adjudicative proceeding, the division shall promptly assign an investigator to attempt [a settlement] conciliation between the parties [by conference, conciliation, or persuasion].
- (b) (i) The division shall informally endeavor to eliminate or correct a prohibited employment practice through a conciliation conference between the parties, presided over by the division.
- (ii) A conciliation conference is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (iii) A statement or action in the course of a conciliation conference may not be made public or admitted as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this chapter without the written consent of the parties concerned.
- (iv) If a conciliation conference results in voluntary compliance with this chapter, a conciliation agreement setting forth the resolution of the issue shall be executed by the parties and approved by the division.
- (v) The parties may enforce a conciliation agreement in an action filed in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- [(b)] (c) If no [settlement] conciliation is reached, the investigator shall make a prompt impartial investigation of all allegations made in the request for agency action.
 - [(c)] <u>(d)</u> The division and its staff, agents, and employees:
- (i) shall conduct every investigation in fairness to all parties and agencies involved;

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(ii) may not attempt [a settlement] conciliation between the parties if it is clear that no discriminatory or prohibited employment practice has occurred.

- [(d)] (e) An aggrieved party may withdraw the request for agency action [prior to] before the issuance of a final order.
- (4) (a) If the initial attempts at [settlement] conciliation are unsuccessful, and the investigator uncovers insufficient evidence during the investigation to support the allegations of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice set out in the request for agency action, the investigator shall formally report these findings to the director or the director's designee.
- (b) Upon receipt of the investigator's report described in Subsection (4)(a), the director or the director's designee may issue a determination and order for dismissal of the adjudicative proceeding.
- (c) A party may make a written request to the Division of Adjudication for an evidentiary hearing to review de novo the director's or the director's designee's determination and order within 30 days of the date the determination and order for dismissal is issued.
- (d) If the director or the director's designee receives no timely request for a hearing, the determination and order issued by the director or the director's designee becomes the final order of the commission.
- (5) (a) If the initial attempts at [settlement] conciliation are unsuccessful and the investigator uncovers sufficient evidence during the investigation to support the allegations of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice set out in the request for agency action, the investigator shall formally report these findings to the director or the director's designee.
- (b) (i) Upon receipt of the investigator's report described in Subsection (5)(a), the director or the director's designee may issue a determination and order based on the investigator's report.
 - (ii) A determination and order issued under this Subsection (5)(b) shall:
- (A) direct the respondent to cease any discriminatory or prohibited employment practice; and
- (B) provide relief to the aggrieved party as the director or the director's designee determines is appropriate.
 - (c) A party may file a written request to the Division of Adjudication for an evidentiary

hearing to review de novo the director's or the director's designee's determination and order within 30 days of the date the determination and order is issued.

- (d) If the director or the director's designee receives no timely request for a hearing, the determination and order issued by the director or the director's designee in accordance with Subsection (5)(b) becomes the final order of the commission.
- (6) In [any] an adjudicative proceeding to review the director's or the director's designee's determination that a prohibited employment practice has occurred, the division shall present the factual and legal basis of the determination or order issued under Subsection (5).
 - (7) (a) [Prior to] Before the commencement of an evidentiary hearing:
- 719 (i) the party filing the request for agency action may reasonably and fairly amend any allegation; and
 - (ii) the respondent may amend its answer.
- (b) An amendment permitted under this Subsection (7) may be made:
- 723 (i) during or after a hearing; and

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- (ii) only with permission of the presiding officer.
- (8) (a) If, upon all the evidence at a hearing, the presiding officer finds that a respondent has not engaged in a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice, the presiding officer shall issue an order dismissing the request for agency action containing the allegation of a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice.
- (b) The presiding officer may order that the respondent be reimbursed by the complaining party for the respondent's [attorneys'] attorney fees and costs.
- (9) If upon all the evidence at the hearing, the presiding officer finds that a respondent has engaged in a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice, the presiding officer shall issue an order requiring the respondent to:
 - (a) cease [any] a discriminatory or prohibited employment practice; and
 - (b) provide relief to the complaining party, including:
- 736 (i) reinstatement;
- 737 (ii) back pay and benefits;
- 738 (iii) [attorneys'] attorney fees; and
- 739 (iv) costs.
- 740 (10) Conciliation between the parties is to be urged and facilitated at all stages of the

741 adjudicative process.

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- 742 (11) (a) Either party may file with the Division of Adjudication a written request for 743 review before the commissioner or Appeals Board of the order issued by the presiding officer 744 in accordance with:
- 745 (i) Section 63G-4-301; and
- 746 (ii) Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings.
- 747 (b) If there is no timely request for review, the order issued by the presiding officer becomes the final order of the commission.
- 749 (12) An order of the commission under Subsection (11)(a) is subject to judicial review 750 as provided in:
 - (a) Section 63G-4-403; and
- 752 (b) Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings.
- 753 (13) The commission [shall have authority to] may make rules concerning procedures 754 under this chapter in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking 755 Act.
 - (14) The commission and its staff may not divulge or make public [any] information gained from [any] an investigation, settlement negotiation, or proceeding before the commission except as provided in Subsections (14)(a) through (d).
 - (a) Information used by the director or the director's designee in making [any] a determination may be provided to all interested parties for the purpose of preparation for and participation in proceedings before the commission.
 - (b) General statistical information may be disclosed provided the identities of the individuals or parties are not disclosed.
 - (c) Information may be disclosed for inspection by the attorney general or other legal representatives of the state or the commission.
 - (d) Information may be disclosed for information and reporting requirements of the federal government.
- 768 (15) The procedures contained in this section are the exclusive remedy under state law for employment discrimination based upon:
- 770 (a) race;
- 771 (b) color;

772	(c) sex;
773	(d) retaliation;
774	(e) pregnancy, childbirth, or pregnancy-related conditions;
775	(f) age;
776	(g) religion;
777	(h) national origin; [or]
778	(i) disability[.];
779	(j) sexual orientation; or
780	(k) gender identity.
781	(16) (a) The commencement of an action under federal law for relief based upon [any
782	an act prohibited by this chapter bars the commencement or continuation of [any] an
783	adjudicative proceeding before the commission in connection with the same [claims] claim
784	under this chapter.
785	(b) The transfer of a request for agency action to the Equal Employment Opportunity
786	Commission in accordance with Subsection (1)(d) is considered the commencement of an
787	action under federal law for purposes of Subsection (16)(a).
788	(c) Nothing in this Subsection (16) is intended to alter, amend, modify, or impair the
789	exclusive remedy provision set forth in Subsection (15).
790	Section 6. Section 34A-5-109 is enacted to read:
791	<u>34A-5-109.</u> Severability.
792	(1) If a provision of this chapter, or the application of a provision to any person or
793	circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the
794	invalid provision or application.
795	(2) The provisions of this chapter are severable.
796	Section 7. Section 57-21-2 is amended to read:
797	57-21-2. Definitions.
798	As used in this chapter:
799	(1) "Aggrieved person" includes [any] a person who:
800	(a) claims to have been injured by a discriminatory housing practice; or
801	(b) believes that the person will be injured by a discriminatory housing practice that is
802	about to occur.

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- (3) "Complainant" means an aggrieved person, including the director, who has commenced a complaint with the division.
- (4) "Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of [issues] an issue raised [by] in a complaint of discriminatory housing practices by the investigation of the complaint through informal negotiations involving the complainant, the respondent, and the division.
- (5) "Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement setting forth the resolution of the issues in conciliation.
- (6) "Conciliation conference" means the attempted resolution of [issues] an issue raised [by] in a complaint [or] by the investigation of a complaint through informal negotiations involving the complainant, the respondent, and the division. [The conciliation conference is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.]
 - (7) "Covered multifamily [dwellings"] dwelling" means:
- 816 (a) buildings consisting of four or more dwelling units if the buildings have one or more elevators; and
 - (b) ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more dwelling units.
 - (8) "Director" means the director of the division or a designee.
 - (9) (a) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of a person's major life activities, including a person having a record of such an impairment or being regarded as having such an impairment.
 - (b) "Disability" does not include current illegal use of, or addiction to, any federally controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 802.
 - (10) "Discriminate" includes segregate or separate.
 - (11) "Discriminatory housing practice" means an act that is unlawful under this chapter.
- 829 (12) "Division" means the Division of Antidiscrimination and Labor established under 830 the commission.
- 831 (13) [(a)] "Dwelling" means [any]:
- 832 (a) a building or structure, or a portion of a building or structure, occupied as, [or]
 833 designed as, or intended for occupancy as, a residence of one or more families[-]; or

834	(b) ["Dwelling" also includes] vacant land that is offered for sale or lease for the					
835	construction or location of a dwelling as described in Subsection (13)(a).					
836	(14) (a) "Familial status" means one or more individuals who have not attained the age					
837	of 18 years being domiciled with:					
838	(i) a parent or another person having legal custody of the [individual] one or more					
839	individuals; or					
840	(ii) the designee of the parent or other person having custody, with the written					
841	permission of the parent or other person.					
842	(b) The protections afforded against discrimination on the basis of familial status [shall					
843	apply to any] applies to a person who:					
844	(i) is pregnant;					
845	(ii) is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained					
846	the age of 18 years; or					
847	(iii) is a single individual.					
848	(15) "Gender identity" means a person's actual or perceived gender identity,					
849	appearance, mannerisms, or other characteristics of an individual with or without regard to the					
850	person's sex at birth.					
851	[(15)] (16) "National origin" means the place of birth of an individual or of any lineal					
852	ancestors.					
853	[(16)] (17) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, limited liability					
854	companies, partnerships, associations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual					
855	companies, joint-stock companies, trusts, unincorporated organizations, trustees, trustees in					
856	cases under the United States Bankruptcy Code, receivers, and fiduciaries.					
857	[(17)] (18) "Presiding officer" has the same meaning as provided in Section					
858	63G-4-103.					
859	[(18)] (19) "Real estate broker" or "salesperson" means a principal real estate broker,					
860	an associate real estate broker, or a real estate sales agent as those terms are defined in Section					
861	61-2-2.					
862	(20) "Religious organization or association" means:					
863	(a) a religious corporation;					
864	(b) a religious association:					

865	(c) a religious educational institution;
866	(d) a religious society;
867	(e) a religious trust; or
868	(f) an entity or association that is a subsidiary or agency that is wholly owned or
869	controlled by:
870	(i) a religious corporation;
871	(ii) a religious association;
872	(iii) a religious society;
873	(iv) a religious trust; or
874	(v) a corporation sole.
875	(21) "Rent" means to lease, sublease, let, or otherwise grant for a consideration the
876	right to occupy premises that are not owned by the occupant.
877	(22) "Residential real estate related transaction" means a transaction to:
878	(a) make a loan, purchase a loan, or provide other financial assistance for the purchase,
879	construction, improvement, repair, or maintenance of a dwelling;
880	(b) make a loan or purchase a loan secured by residential real estate in the state; or
881	(c) sell, broker, or appraise residential real property in the state.
882	[(19)] (23) "Respondent" means a person against whom a complaint of housing
883	discrimination has been initiated.
884	[(20)] (24) "Sex" means gender and includes pregnancy, childbirth, and disabilities
885	related to pregnancy or childbirth.
886	(25) "Sexual orientation" means a person's actual or perceived orientation as
887	heterosexual, homosexual, or bisexual.
888	[(21)] (26) "Source of income" means the verifiable condition of being a recipient of
889	federal, state, or local assistance, including medical assistance, or of being a tenant receiving
890	federal, state, or local subsidies, including rental assistance or rent supplements.
891	Section 8. Section 57-21-3 is amended to read:
892	57-21-3. Exemptions.
893	(1) This chapter does not apply to [any] a single-family dwelling unit sold or rented by
894	its owner if:
895	(a) the owner is not a partnership, association, corporation, or other business entity;

(b) the owner does not own [any] an interest in four or more single-family dwelling units held for sale or lease at the same time;
(c) during a 24-month period, the owner does not sell two or more single-family dwelling units in which the owner was not residing or was not the most recent resident at the

- time of sale;

 (d) the owner does not retain or use the facilities or services of [any] \underline{a} real estate broker or salesperson; and
- (e) the owner does not use [any] \underline{a} discriminatory housing practice under Subsection 57-21-5(2) in the sale or rental of the dwelling.
- (2) This chapter does not apply to a temporary or permanent residence facility operated by a nonprofit or charitable organization, including [any] a dormitory operated by a public or private educational institution, if the discrimination is by sex or familial status:
 - (a) for reasons of personal modesty or privacy; or

- (b) in the furtherance of a religious [institution's] organization or association's free exercise of religious rights under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.
- (3) This chapter, except for Subsection 57-21-5(2), does not apply to the rental of a room in [the] a single family dwelling by an owner-occupant of [a] the single-family dwelling to another person if:
 - (a) the dwelling is designed for occupancy by four or fewer families[;]; and
 - (b) the owner-occupant resides in one of the units.
- (4) [This] <u>Unless membership in a religion is restricted by race, color, sex, or national origin, this</u> chapter does not prohibit a religious organization[;] <u>or</u> association, [or society,] or [any] <u>a</u> nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization[;] <u>or</u> association, [or society,] from:
- (a) limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of dwellings it owns or operates for primarily noncommercial purposes to persons of the same religion[5]; or [from]
- (b) giving preference to [such] persons[, unless membership in the religion is restricted by race, color, sex, or national origin] of the same religion.
- (5) [This] (a) If the conditions of Subsection (5)(b) are met, this chapter does not prohibit a private club not open to the public, including [fraternities and sororities] a fraternity or sorority associated with [institutions] an institution of higher education, from:

927	(i) limiting the rental or occupancy of lodgings to members; or [from]	
928	(ii) giving preference to its members[, but].	
929	(b) This Subsection (5) applies only if [it] a private club owns or operates the lodgings	
930	as an incident to its primary purpose and not for a commercial purpose.	
931	(6) This chapter does not prohibit distinctions based on inability to fulfill the terms and	
932	conditions, including financial obligations, of:	
933	<u>(a)</u> a lease[,];	
934	(b) a rental agreement[7];	
935	(c) a contract of purchase or sale[;];	
936	(d) a mortgage[;];	
937	(e) a trust deed[,]; or	
938	(f) other financing agreement.	
939	(7) This chapter does not prohibit $[any]$ a nonprofit educational institution from:	
940	(a) requiring its single students to live in housing approved, operated, or owned by the	
941	nonprofit educational institution;	
942	(b) segregating housing that the nonprofit education institution approves, operates, or	
943	owns on the basis of sex [or], familial status, or both:	
944	(i) for reasons of personal modesty or privacy[5]; or	
945	(ii) in the furtherance of a religious [institution's] organization or association's free	
946	exercise of religious rights under the First Amendment of the [United States] Constitution of	
947	the United States; or	
948	(c) otherwise assisting [others] another person in making sex-segregated housing	
949	available to students as may be permitted by regulations implementing the federal Fair Housing	
950	Amendments Act of 1988 and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972.	
951	(8) This chapter does not prohibit [any] a reasonable local, state, or federal	
952	[restrictions] restriction regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a	
953	dwelling.	
954	(9) [The provisions pertaining] A provision of this chapter that pertains to familial	
955	status [do] does not apply to the existence, development, sale, rental, advertisement, or	
956	financing of [any] an apartment complex, condominium, or other housing development	
957	designated as housing for older persons, as defined by Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of	

958	1968, as amended.	
959	(10) This chapter does not apply to:	
960	(a) the federal government or a federal department, federal agency, or a corporation	
961	wholly owned by the federal government:	
962	(b) the state, a state department, or a state agency; or	
963	(c) a political subdivision of the state.	
964	(11) Nothing is this chapter prohibits conduct against a person because of the person's	
965	conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction of the illegal manufacture or distribution of a	
966	controlled substance under federal or state law.	
967	Section 9. Section 57-21-5 is amended to read:	
968	57-21-5. Discriminatory practices enumerated Protected persons, classes	
969	enumerated.	
970	(1) It is a discriminatory housing practice to do any of the following because of a	
971	person's race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or]	
972	disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity:	
973	(a) (i) refuse to sell or rent after the making of a bona fide offer[;];	
974	(ii) refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental[;]; or	
975	(iii) otherwise deny or make unavailable [any] a dwelling from any person;	
976	(b) discriminate against [any] a person in the terms, conditions, or privileges:	
977	(i) of the sale or rental of [any] a dwelling; or	
978	(ii) in providing facilities or services in connection with the dwelling; or	
979	(c) represent to $[any]$ \underline{a} person that $[any]$ \underline{a} dwelling is not available for inspection, sale	
980	or rental when [in fact] the dwelling is available.	
981	(2) It is a discriminatory housing practice:	
982	<u>(a)</u> to <u>:</u>	
983	(i) make a representation orally or in writing; [or]	
984	(ii) make, print, circulate, publish, post, or cause to be made, printed, circulated,	
985	published, or posted [any] a notice, statement, or advertisement[;]; or [to]	
986	(iii) use any application form for the sale or rental of a dwelling[, that]; and	
987	(b) if the action described in Subsection (2)(a) directly or indirectly expresses [any]:	
988	(i) a preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex,	

national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity; or [expresses any]

- (ii) an intent to make any such preference, limitation, or discrimination.
- (3) It is a discriminatory housing practice to induce or attempt to induce, for profit, [any] a person to buy, sell, or rent [any] a dwelling by making [representations] a representation about the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of one or more persons of a particular race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual orientation, or gender identity.
 - (4) A discriminatory housing practice includes:

- (a) a refusal to permit, at the expense of the disabled person, <u>a</u> reasonable [modifications] modification of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by the person if the [modifications are] modification is necessary to afford that person full enjoyment of the premises, except that in the case of a rental, the landlord, [where] when it is reasonable to do so, may condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the premises, when reasonable, to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;
- (b) a refusal to make <u>a</u> reasonable [accommodations in rules, policies, practices, or services when the accommodations] accommodation in a rule, policy, practice, or service if the accommodation may be necessary to afford the person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling; and
- (c) in connection with the design and construction of covered multifamily dwellings for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, a failure to design and construct [those] the covered multifamily dwellings in a manner that:
- (i) the <u>covered multifamily</u> dwellings have at least one building entrance on an accessible route, unless it is impracticable to have one because of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the site; and
- (ii) with respect to <u>covered multifamily</u> dwellings with a building entrance on an accessible route:
- (A) the public use and common use portions of the <u>covered multifamily</u> dwelling are readily accessible to and usable by disabled persons;
- (B) all the doors designed to allow passage into and within the covered multifamily

1020	dwellings are sufficiently wide to allow passage by disabled persons in wheelchairs; and
1021	(C) all premises within these covered multifamily dwellings contain the following
1022	features of adaptive design:
1023	(I) an accessible route into and through the covered multifamily dwelling;
1024	(II) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls in
1025	accessible locations;
1026	(III) reinforcements in the bathroom walls to allow later installation of grab bars; and
1027	(IV) kitchens and bathrooms such that an individual in a wheelchair can maneuver
1028	about and use the space.
1029	(5) This section also applies to discriminatory housing practices because of race, color,
1030	religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual
1031	orientation, or gender identity based upon a person's association with another person.
1032	Section 10. Section 57-21-6 is amended to read:
1033	57-21-6. Discriminatory housing practices regarding residential real
1034	estate-related transactions Discriminatory housing practices regarding the provisions
1035	of brokerage services.
1036	(1) It is a discriminatory housing practice for [any] a person whose business includes
1037	engaging in residential real [estate-related] estate related transactions to discriminate against
1038	[any] a person in making available [such] a residential real estate related transaction, or in the
1039	terms or conditions of the residential real estate related transaction, because of race, color,
1040	religion, sex, disability, familial status, source of income, [or] national origin, sexual
1041	orientation, or gender identity. [Residential real estate-related transactions include:]
1042	[(a) making or purchasing loans or providing other financial assistance:]
1043	[(i) for purchasing, constructing, improving, repairing, or maintaining a dwelling; or]
1044	[(ii) secured by residential real estate; or]
1045	[(b) selling, brokering, or appraising residential real property.]
1046	(2) It is a discriminatory housing practice to, because of race, color, religion, sex,
1047	disability, familial status, source of income, national origin, sexual orientation, or gender
1048	identity:
1049	(a) deny [any] a person access to, or membership or participation in, [any] a
1050	multiple-listing service, real estate brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or

1051	facility relating to the business of selling or renting dwellings; or [to]
1052	(b) discriminate against [any] a person in the terms or conditions of access,
1053	membership, or participation in the organization, service, or facility [because of race, color,
1054	religion, sex, disability, familial status, source of income, or national origin].
1055	(3) This section also applies to <u>a</u> discriminatory housing [practices] practice because of
1056	race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability.
1057	sexual orientation, or gender identity based upon a person's association with another person.
1058	Section 11. Section 57-21-7 is amended to read:
1059	57-21-7. Prohibited conduct Aiding or abetting in discriminatory actions
1060	Obstruction of division investigation Reprisals.
1061	(1) It is a discriminatory housing practice to do any of the following:
1062	(a) coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with [any] a person:
1063	(i) in the exercise or enjoyment of [any] a right granted or protected under this chapter;
1064	(ii) because that person exercised [any] a right granted or protected under this chapter;
1065	or
1066	(iii) because that person aided or encouraged any other person in the exercise or
1067	enjoyment of [any] a right granted or protected under this chapter;
1068	(b) aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce a person to engage in [any of the practices] \underline{a}
1069	<u>practice</u> prohibited by this chapter;
1070	(c) attempt to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce a person to engage in [any of the
1071	practices] a practice prohibited by this chapter;
1072	(d) obstruct or prevent [any] a person from complying with this chapter, or any order
1073	issued under this chapter;
1074	(e) resist, prevent, impede, or interfere with the director or $[any]$ \underline{a} division $[employees]$
1075	or representatives] employee or representative in the performance of duty under this chapter; or
1076	(f) engage in any reprisal against [any] a person because that person:
1077	(i) opposed a practice prohibited under this chapter; or
1078	(ii) filed a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in [any] an
1079	investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this chapter.
1080	(2) This section also applies to discriminatory housing practices because of race, color,

religion, sex, national origin, familial status, source of income, [or] disability, sexual

1082	orientation, or gender identity based upon a person's association with another person.
1083	Section 12. Section 57-21-9 is amended to read:
1084	57-21-9. Procedure for an aggrieved person to file a complaint Conciliation
1085	Investigation Determination.
1086	(1) [Any] An aggrieved person may file a written verified complaint with the division
1087	within 180 days after an alleged discriminatory housing practice occurs.
1088	(2) (a) The commission shall adopt rules consistent with the provisions of 24 C.F.R.
1089	Sec. 115.3 (1990), relating to procedures under related federal law, to govern:
1090	(i) the form of the complaint;
1091	(ii) the form of any answer to the complaint;
1092	(iii) procedures for filing or amending a complaint or answer; and
1093	(iv) the form of notice to parties accused of the acts or omissions giving rise to the
1094	complaint.
1095	(b) The commission may, by rule, prescribe any other procedure pertaining to the
1096	division's processing of the complaint.
1097	(3) During the period beginning with the filing of the complaint and ending with the
1098	director's determination, the division shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with
1099	respect to the complaint.
1100	(4) The division shall commence proceedings to investigate and conciliate a complaint
1101	alleging a discriminatory housing practice within 30 days after the filing of the complaint.
1102	After the commencement of an investigation, any party may request that the commission
1103	review the proceedings to insure compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
1104	(5) The division shall complete the investigation within 100 days after the filing of the
1105	complaint, unless it is impracticable to do so. If the division is unable to complete the
1106	investigation within 100 days after the filing of the complaint, the division shall notify the
1107	complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons for the delay.
1108	(6) (a) If, as a result of the division's investigation, the director determines that there is
1109	no reasonable cause to support the allegations in the complaint, the director shall issue a
1110	written determination dismissing the complaint.
1111	(b) If the director dismisses the complaint pursuant to Subsection (6)(a), the

complainant may request that the director reconsider the dismissal pursuant to Section

1113	63G-4-302
1113	030-4-302

- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the director's determination to dismiss a complaint or, in the case of a request for reconsideration, the director's order denying reconsideration is not subject to further agency action or direct judicial review. However, the complainant may commence a private action pursuant to Section 57-21-12.
- (7) If, as a result of the division's investigation of a complaint, the director determines that there is reasonable cause to support the allegations in the complaint, all of the following apply:
- (a) The division shall informally endeavor to eliminate or correct [the] <u>a</u> discriminatory housing practice through a conciliation conference between the parties, presided over by the division. [Nothing said or done]
- (b) A conciliation conference is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
 Procedures Act.
 - (c) A statement or action in the course of the conciliation conference may <u>not</u> be made public or admitted as evidence in a subsequent proceeding under this chapter without the written consent of the parties concerned.
 - [(b)] (d) If the conciliation conference results in voluntary compliance with this chapter, a conciliation agreement setting forth the resolution of the [issues] issue shall be executed by the parties and approved by the division.
 - (e) The parties may enforce [the] <u>a</u> conciliation agreement in an action filed in a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - [(c)] (f) If the division is unable to obtain a conciliation agreement, the director shall issue a written determination stating the director's findings and ordering any appropriate relief under Section 57-21-11.
 - Section 13. Section **57-21-10** is amended to read:

57-21-10. Judicial election or formal adjudicative hearing.

(1) If, pursuant to Subsection 57-21-9(7)[(e)]((f)), the director issues a written determination finding reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred, or is about to occur, a respondent may obtain de novo review of the determination by submitting a written request for a formal adjudicative hearing to be conducted by the

commission's Division of Adjudication in accordance with Title 34A, Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings, to the director within 30 days from the date of issuance of the determination. If the director does not receive a timely request for review, the director's determination becomes the final order of the commission and is not subject to further agency action or direct judicial review.

- (2) If a respondent files a timely request for review pursuant to Subsection (1):
- (a) any respondent, complainant, or aggrieved party may elect to have the de novo review take place in a civil action in the district court rather than in a formal adjudicative hearing with the Division of Adjudication by filing an election with the commission in accordance with rules established by the commission pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the form and time period for the election;
- (b) the complainant shall file a complaint for review in the forum selected pursuant to Subsection (2)(a) within 30 days after the completion of the forum selection process; and
- (c) the commission shall determine whether the director's determination is supported by substantial evidence.
- (3) If, pursuant to Subsection (2)(c), the commission determines that the director's determination is supported by substantial evidence, the commission shall provide legal representation on behalf of the aggrieved person, including the filing of a complaint for review as required by Subsection (2)(b), to support and enforce the director's determination in the de novo review proceeding. Notwithstanding any provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the commission's determination regarding the existence or nonexistence of substantial evidence to support the director's determination is not subject to further agency action or direct judicial review.
- (4) Upon timely application, an aggrieved person may intervene with respect to the issues to be determined in a formal adjudicative hearing or in a civil action brought under this section.
 - (5) If a formal adjudicative hearing is elected, all of the following apply:
- (a) The presiding officer shall commence the formal adjudicative hearing within 150 days after the respondent files a request for review of the director's determination unless it is impracticable to do so.
 - (b) The investigator who investigated the matter may not participate in the formal

adjudicative hearing, except as a witness, nor may the investigator participate in the deliberations of the presiding officer.

- (c) Any party to the complaint may file a written request to the Division of Adjudication for review of the presiding officer's order in accordance with Section 63G-4-301 and Title 34A, Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings.
- (d) A final order of the commission under this section is subject to judicial review as provided in Section 63G-4-403 and Title 34A, Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings.
- (6) If a civil action is elected, the commission is barred from continuing or commencing any adjudicative proceeding in connection with the same claims under this chapter.
- (7) The commission shall make final administrative disposition of the complaint alleging a discriminatory housing practice within one year after the filing of the complaint, unless it is impracticable to do so. If the commission is unable to make final administrative disposition within one year, the commission shall notify the complainant, respondent, and any other interested party in writing of the reasons for the delay.
 - Section 14. Section **57-21-15** is enacted to read:
- 1191 **<u>57-21-15.</u>** Severability.

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- (1) If a provision of this chapter, or the application of a provision to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
 - (2) The provisions of this chapter are severable.
- Section 15. Section **67-19-6.3** is amended to read:
 - 67-19-6.3. Equal employment opportunity plan.
 - (1) In conjunction with the director's duties under Section 67-19-6, and notwithstanding the general prohibition in Subsection 34A-5-106(3)[(c)](d), the executive director shall prepare an equal employment opportunity plan for state employment consistent with the guidelines provided in federal equal employment opportunity laws and in related federal regulations.
 - (2) The equal employment opportunity plan required by this section applies only to state career service employees described in Section 67-19-15.
- 1205 (3) The Legislature shall review the equal employment opportunity plan required by

this section before it may be implemented.

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(4) Nothing in this section requires the establishment of hiring quotas or preferential treatment of any identifiable group.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-4-10 12:42 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel