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## INMATE AMENDMENTS

# 2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Melissa G. Ballard

Senate Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens

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# LONG TITLE

## General Description:

This bill concerns inmates.

## **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 directs the Higher Education and Corrections Council to facilitate postsecondary 10 education for inmates housed in county jails;
- 11 directs the Utah Board of Higher Education to assign student success advisors to 12 correctional facilities;
  - requires an institution of higher education to consider an inmate a state resident for tuition purposes;
    - requires the Department of Corrections (department) to:
  - create a reentry division that focuses on the successful reentry of inmates into the community;
  - coordinate with the Board of Pardons and Parole (board) regarding inmate records and ensure that inmate records are complete and, when applicable, shared with the board;
    - report on the department's inmate program implementation progress;
  - publish a notice informing an individual depositing money into an inmate's account that a process exists for the individual to review the inmate's financial records;
- provide certain assistance to an inmate participating in a postsecondary certificate or degree program;
  - use an inmate's board hearing when determining the timing of an inmate's programs;
- create an incentive program to encourage an inmate to complete the inmate's
- programs by the inmate's board hearing;

28	<ul> <li>ensure that an inmate may continue participating in programs under certain</li> </ul>
29	circumstances;
30	• under certain circumstances, start an inmate in at least two of the inmate's programs
31	as soon as the inmate's case action plan is created;
32	• allow an inmate to participate in more than one program at a time throughout the
33	inmate's time within the correctional facility under certain circumstances;
34	<ul> <li>prioritize placement of inmates in county correctional facilities that meet specified</li> </ul>
35	requirements regarding inmate programs;
36	• periodically confer with an inmate to determine whether the inmate is on track to
37	complete the inmate's programs by the inmate's board hearing;
38	• include in an inmate's record the reason why certain program requirements were not
39	met, if the department is unable to meet specified program requirements; and
40	<ul> <li>provide an annual report on the department's public website concerning inmate</li> </ul>
41	program data;
42	<ul> <li>requires the board to use certain factors when setting an inmate's board hearing; and</li> </ul>
43	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
44	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
45	None
46	Other Special Clauses:
47	None
48	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
49	AMENDS:
50	53B-1-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 254
51	53B-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 44, 50
52	<b>53B-35-101</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 147
53	<b>53B-35-202</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 147
54	64-13-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 177
55	<b>64-13-23</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
56	64-13-42, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 415
57	<b>64-13-48</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 144
58	77-27-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 430
59	ENACTS:
60	<b>53B-35-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	<b>64-13-50</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

62 63 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 64 Section 1. Section **53B-1-402** is amended to read: 65 53B-1-402. Establishment of board -- Powers, duties, and authority -- Reports. (1) (a) There is established the Utah Board of Higher Education, which: 66 67 (i) is the governing board for the institutions of higher education; 68 (ii) controls, oversees, and regulates the Utah system of higher education in a manner 69 consistent with the purpose of this title and the specific powers and 70 responsibilities granted to the board; and 71 (b) (i) The University of Utah shall provide administrative support for the board. 72 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(i), the board shall maintain the board's 73 independence, including in relation to the powers and responsibilities granted to 74 the board. 75 (2) The board shall: 76 (a) establish and promote a state-level vision and goals for higher education that 77 emphasize data-driven retrospective and prospective system priorities, including: 78 (i) quality; 79 (ii) affordability; 80 (iii) access and equity; 81 (iv) completion: 82 (v) workforce alignment and preparation for high-quality jobs; and 83 (vi) economic growth; 84 (b) establish system policies and practices that advance the vision and goals; (c) establish metrics to demonstrate and monitor: 85 86 (i) performance related to the goals; and 87 (ii) performance on measures of operational efficiency; 88 (d) collect and analyze data including economic data, demographic data, and data related 89 to the metrics; 90 (e) govern data quality and collection across institutions; 91 (f) establish, approve, and oversee each institution's mission and role in accordance with 92 Section 53B-16-101; 93 (g) assess an institution's performance in accomplishing the institution's mission and role; 94 (h) participate in the establishment and review of programs of instruction in accordance 95 with Section 53B-16-102;

96	(i) perform the following duties related to an institution of higher education president,
97	including:
98	(i) appointing an institution of higher education president in accordance with Section
99	53B-2-102;
100	(ii) through the commissioner and the board's executive committee:
101	(A) providing support and guidance to an institution of higher education president;
102	and
103	(B) evaluating an institution of higher education president based on institution
104	performance and progress toward systemwide priorities;
105	(iii) setting the terms of employment for an institution of higher education president,
106	including performance-based compensation, through an employment contract or
107	another method of establishing employment; and
108	(iv) establishing, through a public process, a statewide succession plan to develop
109	potential institution presidents from within the system;
110	(j) create and implement a strategic finance plan for higher education, including by:
111	(i) establishing comprehensive budget and finance priorities for academic education
112	and technical education;
113	(ii) allocating statewide resources to institutions;
114	(iii) setting tuition for each institution;
115	(iv) administering state financial aid programs;
116	(v) administering performance funding in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 7,
117	Performance Funding; and
118	(vi) developing a strategic capital facility plan and prioritization process in
119	accordance with Chapter 22, Part 2, Capital Developments, and Sections
120	53B-2a-117 and 53B-2a-118;
121	(k) create and annually report to the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee on
122	a seamless articulated education system for Utah students that responds to changing
123	demographics and workforce, including by:
124	(i) providing for statewide prior learning assessment, in accordance with Section
125	53B-16-110;
126	(ii) establishing and maintaining clear pathways for articulation and transfer, in
127	accordance with Section 53B-16-105;
128	(iii) establishing degree program requirement guidelines, including credit hour limits;
129	(iv) aligning general education requirements across degree-granting institutions;

130	(v) coordinating and incentivizing collaboration and partnerships between institutions
131	in delivering programs;
132	(vi) coordinating distance delivery of programs;
133	(vii) coordinating work-based learning; and
134	(viii) emphasizing the system priorities and metrics described in Subsections (2)(a)
135	and (c);
136	(l) coordinate with the public education system:
137	(i) regarding public education programs that provide postsecondary credit or
138	certificates; and
139	(ii) to ensure that an institution of higher education providing technical education
140	serves secondary students in the public education system;
141	(m) delegate to an institution board of trustees certain duties related to institution
142	governance including:
143	(i) guidance and support for the institution president;
144	(ii) effective administration;
145	(iii) the institution's responsibility for contributing to progress toward achieving
146	systemwide goals; and
147	(iv) other responsibilities determined by the board;
148	(n) delegate to an institution of higher education president management of the institution
149	of higher education;
150	(o) consult with an institution of higher education board of trustees or institution of
151	higher education president before acting on matters pertaining to the institution of
152	higher education;
153	(p) maximize efficiency throughout the Utah system of higher education by identifying
154	and establishing shared administrative services, beginning with:
155	(i) commercialization;
156	(ii) services for compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20
157	U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
158	(iii) information technology services; and
159	(iv) human resources, payroll, and benefits administration;
160	(q) develop strategies for providing higher education, including career and technical
161	education, in rural areas;
162	(r) manage and facilitate a process for initiating, prioritizing, and implementing
163	education reform initiatives, beginning with common applications and direct

164	admissions;
165	(s) provide ongoing quality review of programs[; and];
166	(t) before each annual legislative general session, provide to the Higher Education
167	Appropriations Subcommittee a prioritization of all projects and proposals for which
168	the board or an institution of higher education seeks an appropriation[-] ; and
169	(u) coordinate with the Department of Corrections to establish educational programs for
170	inmates as described in Section 64-13-6.
171	(3) The board shall submit an annual report of the board's activities and performance
172	against the board's goals and metrics to:
173	(a) the Education Interim Committee;
174	(b) the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee;
175	(c) the governor; and
176	(d) each institution of higher education.
177	(4) The board shall prepare and submit an annual report detailing the board's progress and
178	recommendations on workforce related issues, including career and technical education
179	to the governor and to the [Legislature's] Education Interim Committee by October 31
180	of each year, including information detailing:
181	(a) how institutions of higher education are meeting the career and technical education
182	needs of secondary students;
183	(b) how the system emphasized high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in busine
184	and industry;
185	(c) performance outcomes, including:
186	(i) entered employment;
187	(ii) job retention; and
188	(iii) earnings;
189	(d) an analysis of workforce needs and efforts to meet workforce needs; and
190	(e) student tuition and fees.
191	(5) The board may modify the name of an institution of higher education to reflect the role
192	and general course of study of the institution.
193	(6) The board may not take action relating to merging a technical college with another
194	institution of higher education without legislative approval.
195	(7) This section does not affect the power and authority vested in the State Board of
196	Education to apply for, accept, and manage federal appropriations for the establishmen
197	and maintenance of career and technical education.

198	(8)	The board shall ensure that any training or certification that an employee of the higher
199		education system is required to complete under this title or by board rule complies with
200		Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements.
201	(9)	The board shall adopt a policy requiring institutions to provide at least three work days
202		of paid bereavement leave for an employee:
203		(a) following the end of the employee's pregnancy by way of miscarriage or stillbirth; or
204		(b) following the end of another individual's pregnancy by way of a miscarriage or
205		stillbirth, if:
206		(i) the employee is the individual's spouse or partner;
207		(ii) (A) the employee is the individual's former spouse or partner; and
208		(B) the employee would have been a biological parent of a child born as a result of
209		the pregnancy;
210		(iii) the employee provides documentation to show that the individual intended for
211		the employee to be an adoptive parent, as that term is defined in Section
212		78B-6-103, of a child born as a result of the pregnancy; or
213		(iv) under a valid gestational agreement in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15,
214		Part 8, Gestational Agreement, the employee would have been a parent of a child
215		born as a result of the pregnancy.
216		Section 2. Section <b>53B-8-102</b> is amended to read:
217		53B-8-102 . Definitions Resident student status Exceptions.
218	(1)	As used in this section:
219		(a) "Eligible person" means an individual who is entitled to post-secondary educational
220		benefits under Title 38 U.S.C., Veterans' Benefits.
221		(b) "Immediate family member" means an individual's spouse or dependent child.
222		(c) "Inmate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
223		[(e)] (d) "Military service member" means an individual who:
224		(i) is serving on active duty in the United States Armed Forces within the state of
225		Utah;
226		(ii) is a member of a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces assigned
227		in Utah;
228		(iii) is a member of the Utah National Guard; or
229		(iv) maintains domicile in Utah, as described in Subsection (9)(a), but is assigned
230		outside of Utah pursuant to federal permanent change of station orders.
231		[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> "Military veteran" has the same meaning as veteran in Section 68-3-12.5.

232	[(e)] (f) "Parent" means a student's biological or adoptive parent.
233	(2) The meaning of "resident student" is determined by reference to the general law on the
234	subject of domicile, except as provided in this section.
235	(3) (a) Institutions within the state system of higher education may grant resident student
236	status to any student who has come to Utah and established residency for the purpose
237	of attending an institution of higher education, and who, prior to registration as a
238	resident student:
239	(i) has maintained continuous Utah residency status for one full year;
240	(ii) has signed a written declaration that the student has relinquished residency in any
241	other state; and
242	(iii) has submitted objective evidence that the student has taken overt steps to
243	establish permanent residency in Utah and that the student does not maintain a
244	residence elsewhere.
245	(b) Evidence to satisfy the requirements under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) includes:
246	(i) a Utah high school transcript issued in the past year confirming attendance at a
247	Utah high school in the past 12 months;
248	(ii) a Utah voter registration dated a reasonable period prior to application;
249	(iii) a Utah driver license or identification card with an original date of issue or a
250	renewal date several months prior to application;
251	(iv) a Utah vehicle registration dated a reasonable period prior to application;
252	(v) evidence of employment in Utah for a reasonable period prior to application;
253	(vi) proof of payment of Utah resident income taxes for the previous year;
254	(vii) a rental agreement showing the student's name and Utah address for at least 12
255	months prior to application; and
256	(viii) utility bills showing the student's name and Utah address for at least 12 months
257	prior to application.
258	(c) A student who is claimed as a dependent on the tax returns of a person who is not a
259	resident of Utah is not eligible to apply for resident student status.
260	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (8), an institution within the state system of higher
261	education may establish stricter criteria for determining resident student status.
262	(5) If an institution does not have a minimum credit-hour requirement, that institution shall

(a) the student obtained resident student status under false pretenses; or

honor the decision of another institution within the state system of higher education to

grant a student resident student status, unless:

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266	(b) the facts existing at the time of the granting of resident student status have changed.
267	(6) Within the limits established in [Title 53B, Chapter 8, Tuition Waiver and Scholarships]
268	Chapter 8, Tuition Waiver and Scholarships, each institution within the state system of
269	higher education may, regardless of its policy on obtaining resident student status, waive
270	nonresident tuition either in whole or in part, but not other fees.
271	(7) In addition to the waivers of nonresident tuition under Subsection (6), each institution
272	may, as athletic scholarships, grant full waiver of fees and nonresident tuition, up to the
273	maximum number allowed by the appropriate athletic conference as recommended by
274	the president of each institution.
275	(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), an institution within the state system of higher
276	education shall grant resident student status for tuition purposes to:
277	(a) a military service member, if the military service member provides:
278	(i) the military service member's current United States military identification card;
279	and
280	(ii) (A) a statement from the military service member's current commander, or
281	equivalent, stating that the military service member is assigned in Utah; or
282	(B) evidence that the military service member is domiciled in Utah, as described
283	in Subsection (9)(a);
284	(b) a military service member's immediate family member, if the military service
285	member's immediate family member provides:
286	(i) (A) the military service member's current United States military identification
287	card; or
288	(B) the immediate family member's current United States military identification
289	card; and
290	(ii) (A) a statement from the military service member's current commander, or
291	equivalent, stating that the military service member is assigned in Utah; or
292	(B) evidence that the military service member is domiciled in Utah, as described
293	in Subsection (9)(a);
294	(c) a military veteran, regardless of whether the military veteran served in Utah, if the
295	military veteran provides:
296	(i) evidence of an honorable or general discharge;
297	(ii) a signed written declaration that the military veteran has relinquished residency in
298	any other state and does not maintain a residence elsewhere;
299	(iii) objective evidence that the military veteran has demonstrated an intent to

300	establish residency in Utah, which may include any one of the following:
301	(A) a Utah voter registration card;
302	(B) a Utah driver license or identification card;
303	(C) a Utah vehicle registration;
304	(D) evidence of employment in Utah;
305	(E) a rental agreement showing the military veteran's name and Utah address; or
306	(F) utility bills showing the military veteran's name and Utah address;
307	(d) a military veteran's immediate family member, regardless of whether the military
308	veteran served in Utah, if the military veteran's immediate family member provides:
309	(i) evidence of the military veteran's honorable or general discharge;
310	(ii) a signed written declaration that the military veteran's immediate family member
311	has relinquished residency in any other state and does not maintain a residence
312	elsewhere; and
313	(iii) objective evidence that the military veteran's immediate family member has
314	demonstrated an intent to establish residency in Utah, which may include [any-]
315	one of the items described in Subsection (8)(c)(iii); [or]
316	(e) an eligible person who provides:
317	(i) evidence of eligibility under Title 38 U.S.C., Veterans' Benefits;
318	(ii) a signed written declaration that the eligible person will use the G.I. Bill benefits;
319	and
320	(iii) objective evidence that the eligible person has demonstrated an intent to establish
321	residency in Utah, which may include [any-]one of the items described in
322	Subsection $(8)(c)(iii)[\cdot]$ ;
323	(f) an alien who provides:
324	(i) evidence that the alien is a special immigrant visa recipient;
325	(ii) evidence that the alien has been granted refugee status, humanitarian parole,
326	temporary protected status, or asylum; or
327	(iii) evidence that the alien has submitted in good faith an application for refugee
328	status, humanitarian parole, temporary protected status, or asylum under United
329	States immigration law[-] ; or
330	(g) an inmate:
331	(i) during the time the inmate is enrolled in the course; and
332	(ii) for one year after the day on which the inmate is released from a correctional
333	facility as defined in Section 64-13-1.

334	(9) (a) The evidence described in Subsection (8)(a)(ii)(B) or (8)(b)(ii)(B) includes:
335	(i) a current Utah voter registration card;
336	(ii) a valid Utah driver license or identification card;
337	(iii) a current Utah vehicle registration;
338	(iv) a copy of a Utah income tax return, in the military service member's or military
339	service member's spouse's name, filed as a resident in accordance with Section
340	59-10-502; or
341	(v) proof that the military service member or military service member's spouse owns
342	a home in Utah, including a property tax notice for property owned in Utah.
343	(b) Aliens who are present in the United States on visitor, student, or other visas not
344	listed in Subsection (8)(f) or (9)(c), which authorize only temporary presence in this
345	country, do not have the capacity to intend to reside in Utah for an indefinite period
346	and therefore are classified as nonresidents.
347	(c) Aliens who have been granted or have applied for permanent resident status in the
348	United States are classified for purposes of resident student status according to the
349	same criteria applicable to citizens.
350	(10) Any American Indian who is enrolled on the tribal rolls of a tribe whose reservation or
351	trust lands lie partly or wholly within Utah or whose border is at any point contiguous
352	with the border of Utah, and any American Indian who is a member of a federally
353	recognized or known Utah tribe and who has graduated from a high school in Utah, is
354	entitled to resident student status.
355	(11) A Job Corps student is entitled to resident student status if the student:
356	(a) is admitted as a full-time, part-time, or summer school student in a program of study
357	leading to a degree or certificate; and
358	(b) submits verification that the student is a current Job Corps student.
359	(12) A person is entitled to resident student status and may immediately apply for resident
360	student status if the person:
361	(a) marries a Utah resident eligible to be a resident student under this section; and
362	(b) establishes his or her domicile in Utah as demonstrated by objective evidence as
363	provided in Subsection (3).
364	(13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c), a dependent student who has at least one parent
365	who has been domiciled in Utah for at least 12 months prior to the student's application
366	is entitled to resident student status.
367	(14) (a) A person who has established domicile in Utah for full-time permanent

368	employment may rebut the presumption of a nonresident classification by providing
369	substantial evidence that the reason for the individual's move to Utah was, in good
370	faith, based on an employer requested transfer to Utah, recruitment by a Utah
371	employer, or a comparable work-related move for full-time permanent employment
372	in Utah.
373	(b) All relevant evidence concerning the motivation for the move shall be considered,
374	including:
375	(i) the person's employment and educational history;
376	(ii) the dates when Utah employment was first considered, offered, and accepted;
377	(iii) when the person moved to Utah;
378	(iv) the dates when the person applied for admission, was admitted, and was enrolled
379	as a postsecondary student;
380	(v) whether the person applied for admission to an institution of higher education
381	sooner than four months from the date of moving to Utah;
382	(vi) evidence that the person is an independent person who is:
383	(A) at least 24 years old; or
384	(B) not claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax returns; and
385	(vii) any other factors related to abandonment of a former domicile and establishment
386	of a new domicile in Utah for purposes other than to attend an institution of higher
387	education.
388	(15) (a) A person who is in residence in Utah to participate in a United States Olympic
389	athlete training program, at a facility in Utah, approved by the governing body for the
390	athlete's Olympic sport, shall be entitled to resident status for tuition purposes.
391	(b) Upon the termination of the athlete's participation in the training program, the athlete
392	shall be subject to the same residency standards applicable to other persons under this
393	section.
394	(c) Time spent domiciled in Utah during the Olympic athlete training program in Utah
395	counts for Utah residency for tuition purposes upon termination of the athlete's
396	participation in a Utah Olympic athlete training program.
397	(16) (a) A person who has established domicile in Utah for reasons related to divorce,
398	the death of a spouse, or long-term health care responsibilities for an immediate
399	family member, including the person's spouse, parent, sibling, or child, may rebut the
400	presumption of a nonresident classification by providing substantial evidence that the
401	reason for the individual's move to Utah was, in good faith, based on the long-term

402	health care responsibilities.
403	(b) All relevant evidence concerning the motivation for the move shall be considered,
404	including:
405	(i) the person's employment and educational history;
406	(ii) the dates when the long-term health care responsibilities in Utah were first
407	considered, offered, and accepted;
408	(iii) when the person moved to Utah;
409	(iv) the dates when the person applied for admission, was admitted, and was enrolled
410	as a postsecondary student;
411	(v) whether the person applied for admission to an institution of higher education
412	sooner than four months from the date of moving to Utah;
413	(vi) evidence that the person is an independent person who is:
414	(A) at least 24 years old; or
415	(B) not claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax returns; and
416	(vii) any other factors related to abandonment of a former domicile and establishment
417	of a new domicile in Utah for purposes other than to attend an institution of higher
418	education.
419	(17) The board, after consultation with the institutions, shall make rules not inconsistent
420	with this section:
421	(a) concerning the definition of resident and nonresident students;
422	(b) establishing procedures for classifying and reclassifying students;
423	(c) establishing criteria for determining and judging claims of residency or domicile;
424	(d) establishing appeals procedures; and
425	(e) other matters related to this section.
426	(18) A student shall be exempt from paying the nonresident portion of total tuition if the
427	student:
428	(a) is a foreign national legally admitted to the United States;
429	(b) attended high school in this state for three or more years; and
430	(c) graduated from a high school in this state or received the equivalent of a high school
431	diploma in this state.
432	Section 3. Section <b>53B-35-101</b> is amended to read:
433	53B-35-101 . Definitions.
434	As used in this chapter[ <del>, "council"</del> ] <u>:</u>
435	(1) "Correctional facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1

436	(2) "Council" means the Higher Education and Corrections Council created in Section
437	53B-35-201.
438	(3) "Department" means the Department of Corrections created in Section 64-13-2.
439	(4) "Inmate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1.
440	(5) "Institution of higher education" means an institution described in Section 53B-1-102.
441	Section 4. Section <b>53B-35-202</b> is amended to read:
442	53B-35-202 . Council duties Reporting.
443	(1) The council shall:
444	(a) coordinate, facilitate, and support [the delivery of] higher education delivered in the
445	state's correctional facilities, including the county jails under contract with the
446	Department of Corrections to house inmates, to prepare incarcerated individuals for
447	integration and productive employment upon release;
448	(b) explore and provide recommendations to the board and the [-Utah] Department of
449	Corrections for the efficient and effective delivery of higher education programs to
450	incarcerated individuals, including:
451	(i) evidence-based practices and technologies;
452	(ii) methods of maximizing and facilitating incarcerated individuals' access to
453	educational programs;
454	(iii) methods of supporting and facilitating timely completion of courses, certificates
455	and degrees;
456	(iv) methods of emphasizing educational programs that:
457	(A) align with current and future workforce demands of the state;
458	(B) lead to occupations that are accessible to released incarcerated individuals;
459	(C) provide sustainable wages following release; and
460	(D) maximize accessibility and timely completion during incarceration;
461	(v) use of cross-institutional application of coursework toward certificates and
462	degrees;
463	(vi) use of coursework that encourages personal and civic development; and
464	(vii) methods of leveraging innovative course delivery, including technology
465	resources;
466	(c) explore methods and make recommendations for the collection and analysis of
467	critical data regarding:
468	(i) enrollment and completion of postsecondary education courses, certificate
469	programs, credentials, and degree programs;

470	(ii) federal and state student aid awarded to incarcerated individuals;
471	(iii) costs of postsecondary education in prison, including any recommendations for
472	continued improvement; and
473	(iv) outcomes of formerly incarcerated individuals who participated in postsecondary
474	programming during incarceration if the individual is under the supervision of the
475	Department of Corrections, including recidivism, employment, and post-release
476	postsecondary education engagement; and
477	(d) recommend requests for legislative appropriations to the board to support the
478	purposes and objectives of the council.
479	(2) The council shall annually report regarding the council's plans and programs, the
480	number of enrollees served, and the number of enrollees receiving degrees and
481	certificates to:
482	(a) the board;
483	(b) before the committee's November interim committee meeting, the Education Interim
484	Committee; and
485	(c) at least 30 days before the beginning of the annual legislative session, the Higher
486	Education Appropriations Subcommittee.
487	Section 5. Section <b>53B-35-301</b> is enacted to read:
488	Part 3. Student Support
489	53B-35-301. Higher education student advisors.
490	(1) A degree-granting institution of higher education providing education to inmates in a
491	correctional facility shall provide relevant academic and career advising services that are
492	substantially similar to services provided to a student who is not a confined or
493	incarcerated individual.
494	(2) Each participating institution of higher education described in Subsection (1) shall
495	report annually to the council regarding the guidance and support provided.
496	Section 6. Section <b>64-13-6</b> is amended to read:
497	64-13-6 . Department duties.
498	(1) The department shall:
499	(a) protect the public through institutional care and confinement, and supervision in the
500	community of offenders where appropriate;
501	(b) implement court-ordered punishment of offenders;
502	(c) provide evidence-based and evidence-informed program opportunities for offenders

503	designed to reduce offenders' criminogenic and recidivism risks, including
504	behavioral, cognitive, educational, and career-readiness program opportunities;
505	(d) ensure that offender participation in all program opportunities described in
506	Subsection (1)(c) is voluntary;
507	(e) where appropriate, utilize offender volunteers as mentors in the program
508	opportunities described in Subsection (1)(c);
509	(f) provide treatment for sex offenders who are found to be treatable based upon criteria
510	developed by the department;
511	(g) provide the results of ongoing clinical assessment of sex offenders and objective
512	diagnostic testing to sentencing and release authorities;
513	(h) manage programs that take into account the needs and interests of victims, where
514	reasonable;
515	(i) supervise probationers and parolees as directed by statute and implemented by the
516	courts and the Board of Pardons and Parole;
517	(j) subject to Subsection (2), investigate criminal conduct involving offenders
518	incarcerated in a state correctional facility;
519	(k) cooperate and exchange information with other state, local, and federal law
520	enforcement agencies to achieve greater success in prevention and detection of crime
521	and apprehension of criminals;
522	(l) implement the provisions of Title 77, Chapter 28c, Interstate Compact for Adult
523	Offender Supervision;
524	(m) establish a case action plan based on appropriate validated risk, needs, and
525	responsivity assessments for each offender as follows:
526	(i) (A) if an offender is to be supervised in the community, the department shall
527	establish a case action plan for the offender no later than 60 days after the day
528	on which the department's community supervision of the offender begins; and
529	(B) if the offender is committed to the custody of the department, the department
530	shall establish a case action plan for the offender no later than 90 days after the
531	day on which the offender is committed to the custody of the department;
532	(ii) each case action plan shall[-] :
533	(A) integrate an individualized, evidence-based, and evidence-informed treatment
534	and program plan with clearly defined completion requirements; and
535	(B) require that a case manager will:
536	(I) ensure that an assessment of the education level, occupational interests, and

537	aptitudes of the inmate has been completed;
538	(II) refer the inmate to a higher education student advisor at an institution
539	offering programs consistent with the inmate's interests and aptitudes for
540	advisement on educational preferences and plans;
541	(III) incorporate the inmate's interests, aptitudes, and student advisement into
542	an education plan consistent with the guidance provided by the Higher
543	Education and Corrections Council created in Section 53B-35-201; and
544	(IV) refer the inmate to the student advisor at the institution called for in the
545	case action plan for guidance and assistance with the education process;
546	(iii) the department shall share each newly established case action plan with the
547	sentencing and release authority within 30 days after the day on which the case
548	action plan is established; and
549	(iv) the department shall share any changes to a case action plan, including any
550	change in an offender's risk assessment, with the sentencing and release authority
551	within 30 days after the day of the change;
552	(n) ensure that an inmate has reasonable access to legal research;
553	(o) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
554	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title
555	63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or
556	certification is required:
557	(i) under this title;
558	(ii) by the department; or
559	(iii) by an agency or division within the department; [and]
560	[(o)] (p) when reporting on statewide recidivism, include the metrics and requirements
561	described in Section 63M-7-102;
562	(q) create a reentry division that focuses on the successful reentry of inmates into the
563	community:
564	(r) coordinate with the Board of Pardons and Parole regarding inmate records that are
565	necessary for the Board of Pardons and Parole to make necessary determinations
566	regarding an inmate; and
567	(s) ensure that inmate records regarding discipline, programs, and other relevant metrics
568	are:
569	(i) complete and updated in a timely manner; and
570	(ii) when applicable, shared with the Board of Pardons and Parole in a timely manner

571	(2) The department may in the course of supervising probationers and parolees:
572	(a) respond in accordance with the graduated and evidence-based processes established
573	by the Utah Sentencing Commission under Subsection 63M-7-404(6), to an
574	individual's violation of one or more terms of the probation or parole; and
575	(b) upon approval by the court or the Board of Pardons and Parole, impose as a sanction
576	for an individual's violation of the terms of probation or parole a period of
577	incarceration of not more than three consecutive days and not more than a total of
578	five days within a period of 30 days.
579	(3) (a) By following the procedures in Subsection (3)(b), the department may investigate
580	the following occurrences at state correctional facilities:
581	(i) criminal conduct of departmental employees;
582	(ii) felony crimes resulting in serious bodily injury;
583	(iii) death of any person; or
584	(iv) aggravated kidnaping.
585	(b) Before investigating any occurrence specified in Subsection (3)(a), the department
586	shall:
587	(i) notify the sheriff or other appropriate law enforcement agency promptly after
588	ascertaining facts sufficient to believe an occurrence specified in Subsection (3)(a
589	has occurred; and
590	(ii) obtain consent of the sheriff or other appropriate law enforcement agency to
591	conduct an investigation involving an occurrence specified in Subsection (3)(a).
592	(4) Upon request, the department shall provide copies of investigative reports of criminal
593	conduct to the sheriff or other appropriate law enforcement agencies.
594	(5) (a) The executive director of the department, or the executive director's designee if
595	the designee possesses expertise in correctional programming, shall consult at least
596	annually with cognitive and career-readiness staff experts from the Utah system of
597	higher education and the State Board of Education to review the department's
598	evidence-based and evidence-informed treatment and program opportunities.
599	(b) Beginning in the 2022 interim, the department shall provide an annual report to the
600	Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee regarding[-] :
601	(i) the department's implementation of and offender participation in evidence-based
602	and evidence-informed treatment and program opportunities designed to reduce
603	the criminogenic and recidivism risks of offenders over time[-]; and
604	(ii) the progress of the department's implementation of the inmate program

605		requirements described in Section 64-13-50.
606	(6) (a)	As used in this Subsection (6):
607		(i) "Accounts receivable" means any amount owed by an offender arising from a
608		criminal judgment that has not been paid.
609		(ii) "Accounts receivable" includes unpaid fees, overpayments, fines, forfeitures,
610		surcharges, costs, interest, penalties, restitution to victims, third-party claims,
611		claims, reimbursement of a reward, and damages that an offender is ordered to
612		pay.
613	(b)	The department shall collect and disburse, with any interest and any other costs
614		assessed under Section 64-13-21, an accounts receivable for an offender during:
615		(i) the parole period and any extension of that period in accordance with Subsection
616		(6)(c); and
617		(ii) the probation period for which the court orders supervised probation and any
618		extension of that period by the department in accordance with Subsection
619		77-18-105(7).
620	(c)	(i) If an offender has an unpaid balance of the offender's accounts receivable at
621		the time that the offender's sentence expires or terminates, the department shall be
622		referred to the sentencing court for the sentencing court to enter a civil judgment
623		of restitution and a civil accounts receivable as described in Section 77-18-114.
624		(ii) If the board makes an order for restitution within 60 days from the day on which
625		the offender's sentence expires or terminates, the board shall refer the order for
626		restitution to the sentencing court to be entered as a civil judgment of restitution as
627		described in Section 77-18-114.
628	(d)	This Subsection (6) only applies to offenders sentenced before July 1, 2021.
629	S	Section 7. Section <b>64-13-23</b> is amended to read:
630	6	4-13-23 . Offender's income and finances.
631	(1) The	e department may require each offender, while in the custody of the department or
632	wh	ile on probation or parole, to place funds received or earned by the offender from any
633	sou	rce into:
634	(a)	an account administered by the department; or
635	(b)	a joint account with the department at a federally insured financial institution.
636	(2) The	e department may require each offender to maintain a minimum balance in an
637	acc	count under Subsection (1) for the particular offender's use upon:
638	(a)	discharge from the custody of the department; or

639		(b) completion of parole or probation.
640	(3)	If the funds are placed in a joint account at a federally insured financial institution:
641		(a) any interest accrues to the benefit of the offender account; and
642		(b) the department may require that the signatures of both the offender and a
643		departmental representative be submitted to the financial institution to withdraw
644		funds from the account.
645	(4)	If the funds are placed in an account administered by the department, the department
646		may by rule designate:
647		(a) a certain portion of the offender's funds as interest-bearing savings; and
648		(b) a portion of the offender's funds as noninterest-bearing to be used for day-to-day
649		expenses.
650	(5)	The department may withhold part of the offender's funds in an account under
651		Subsection (1) for expenses of:
652		(a) supervision or treatment;
653		(b) restitution, reparation, fines, alimony, support payments, or similar court-ordered
654		payments;
655		(c) obtaining the offender's DNA specimen, if the offender is required under Section
656		53-10-404 to provide a specimen;
657		(d) department-ordered repayment of a fine that is incurred under Section 64-13-33; and
658		(e) [any ]other debt to the state.
659	(6)	(a) An offender may not be granted free process in civil actions, including petitions
660		for a writ of habeas corpus, if, at any time from the date the cause of action arose
661		through the date the cause of action remains pending, there are any funds in an
662		account under Subsection (1) that have not been withheld or are not subject to
663		withholding under Subsection (4) or (5).
664		(b) The amount assessed for the filing fee, service of process and other fees and costs
665		shall not exceed the total amount of funds the offender has in excess of the indigence
666		threshold established by the department but not less than \$25 including the
667		withholdings under Subsection (4) or (5) during the identified period of time.
668		(c) The amounts assessed shall not exceed the regular fees and costs provided by law.
669	(7)	The department may disclose information on offender accounts to the Office of

(8) The department shall publish a notice on the department's website, and any website used by an individual depositing funds into an offender's account, that the individual may

Recovery Services and other appropriate state agencies.

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673	request from the department a copy of a statement of the offender's financial accoun	t in
674	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management	
675	Act.	_
676	Section 8. Section <b>64-13-42</b> is amended to read:	
677	64-13-42 . Prison Telephone Surcharge Account Funding inmate and offend	ler
678	education and training programs.	
679	(1) (a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the Priso	n
680	Telephone Surcharge Account.	
681	(b) The Prison Telephone Surcharge Account consists of:	
682	(i) [beginning July 1, 2006, ]revenue generated by the state from pay telephone	
683	services located at any correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1;	
684	(ii) interest on account money;	
685	(iii) (A) money paid by inmates participating in postsecondary education provi	ded
686	by the department; and	
687	(B) money repaid by former inmates who have a written agreement with the	Э
688	department to pay for a specified portion of the tuition costs under the	
689	department's deferred tuition payment program;	
690	(iv) money collected by the Office of State Debt Collection for debt described i	n
691	Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and	
692	(v) money appropriated by the Legislature.	
693	(2) Upon appropriation by the Legislature, money from the Prison Telephone Surcharge	;
694	Account shall be used by the department for education and training programs for	
695	offenders and inmates as defined in Section 64-13-1.	
696	Section 9. Section <b>64-13-48</b> is amended to read:	
697	64-13-48. Educational and career-readiness programs.	
698	(1) The department shall, in accordance with Subsection 64-13-6(1)(c), ensure that	
699	appropriate evidence-based and evidence-informed educational or career-readiness	
700	programs are made available to an inmate as soon as practicable after the creation of	`the
701	inmate's case action plan.	
702	(2) The department shall provide incarcerated women with substantially equivalent	
703	educational and career-readiness opportunities as incarcerated men.	
704	(3) Before an inmate begins an educational or career-readiness program, the department	
705	shall provide reasonable access to resources necessary for an inmate to apply for gra	nts
706	or other available financial aid that may be available to pay for the inmate's program	

707	(4)	(a) The department shall consider an inmate's current participation in an educational
708		or career-readiness program when the department makes a decision with regard to an
709		inmate's:
710		(i) transfer to another area or facility; or
711		(ii) appropriate disciplinary sanction.
712		(b) When possible, the department shall use best efforts to allow an inmate to continue
713		the inmate's participation in an educational or career-readiness program while the
714		facility is under lockdown, quarantine, or a similar status.
715	(5)	(a) The department shall maintain records on an inmate's educational progress,
716		including completed life skills, certifications, and credit- and non-credit-bearing
717		courses, made while the inmate is incarcerated.
718		(b) The department shall facilitate the transfer of information related to the inmate's
719		educational process upon the inmate's release, including the inmate's post-release
720		contact information and the records described in Subsection (5)(a), to:
721		(i) the inmate; or
722		(ii) an entity that the inmate has authorized to receive the inmate's records or
723		post-release contact information, including an institution:
724		(A) from which the inmate received educational instruction while the inmate was
725		incarcerated; or
726		(B) at which the inmate plans to continue the inmate's post-incarceration
727		education.
728	(6)	Beginning May 1, 2023, the department shall provide an annual report to the Higher
729		Education Appropriations Subcommittee regarding educational and career-readiness
730		programs for inmates, which shall include:
731		(a) the number of inmates who are participating in an educational or career-readiness
732		program, including an accredited postsecondary education program;
733		(b) the percentage of inmates who are participating in an educational or career-readiness
734		program as compared to the total inmate population;
735		(c) inmate program completion and graduation data, including the number of
736		completions and graduations in each educational or career-readiness program;
737		(d) the potential effect of educational or career-readiness programs on recidivism, as
738		determined by a comparison of:
739		(i) the total number of inmates who return to incarceration after a previous

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incarceration; and

741	(ii) the number of inmates who return to incarceration after a previous incarceration
742	who participated in or completed an educational or career-readiness program;
743	(e) the number of inmates who were transferred to a different facility while currently
744	participating in an educational or career-readiness program, including the number of
745	inmates who were unable to continue a program after a transfer to a different facility;
746	and
747	(f) the department's:
748	(i) recommendation for resources that may increase inmates' access to and
749	participation in an educational or career-readiness program; and
750	(ii) estimate of how many additional inmates would participate in an educational or
751	career-readiness program if the resources were provided.
752	(7) The department shall:
753	(a) ensure that an inmate enrolled in an educational or career-readiness program has
754	access to modern technology determined by the provider of the program as necessary
755	for an inmate to participate in the program; and
756	(b) assist an inmate in applying for jobs within 30 days before the day on which the
757	inmate is released from the department's custody.
758	[ <del>(7)</del> ] ( <u>8</u> ) The department may make rules in accordance with Section 64-13-10 and Title
759	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to carry out the provisions of this
760	section.
761	Section 10. Section <b>64-13-50</b> is enacted to read:
762	64-13-50 . Inmate program requirements Records Reporting.
763	(1) As used in this section:
764	(a) "Board" means the Board of Pardons and Parole.
765	(b) "Board hearing" means a hearing established under Subsection 77-27-7(1), which is
766	the earliest possible point at which the board may consider an inmate's release from a
767	correctional facility.
768	(c) (i) "Program" means a part of an inmate's case action plan that is required or
769	optional and includes:
770	(A) sex offender treatment;
771	(B) substance use treatment;
772	(C) educational programs, including literacy programs;
773	(D) career-readiness programs;
774	(E) life-skills training; and

775		(F) transition programs meant to prepare an inmate who is about to leave a
776		correctional facility in accordance with Section 64-13-10.6.
777		(ii) "Program" includes online and in-person programs.
778	(2) On	or before January 1, 2026, the department shall:
779	<u>(a)</u>	use an inmate's board hearing when determining the timing of an inmate's programs
780		to ensure that an inmate will have the ability to complete all of the inmate's programs
781		by the inmate's board hearing;
782	<u>(b)</u>	create an incentive plan to encourage an inmate to complete the inmate's programs
783		by the inmate's board hearing;
784	<u>(c)</u>	in accordance with Subsection 64-13-48(4) and Subsection (3), use the department's
785		best efforts to ensure that when an inmate is transferred within a correctional facility
786		or to a different correctional facility, the inmate is able to continue all programs that
787		the inmate has already started and has not yet completed, without requiring the
788		inmate to restart a program from the beginning or wait on a waiting list for the
789		program, unless the program's continuation would be impossible due to the inmate's
790		transfer to a more restrictive setting due to a behavioral or disciplinary violation;
791	<u>(d)</u>	in accordance with Subsection (3), use the department's best efforts to ensure that if
792		an inmate opts out of an optional program, the inmate is able to rejoin the program
793		within six months without being required to restart the program from the beginning
794		or wait on a waiting list;
795	<u>(e)</u>	in accordance with Subsection (3), as soon as an inmate's case action plan is created
796		in accordance with Subsection 64-13-6(1)(m), use the department's best efforts to
797		start the inmate in at least two of the inmate's programs;
798	<u>(f)</u>	in accordance with Subsection (3), use the department's best efforts to allow an
799		inmate to participate in more than one program at a time throughout the inmate's time
800		within the correctional facility, including, if applicable, providing technological
801		methods for an inmate to participate in an online program;
802	<u>(g)</u>	in accordance with Section 64-13e-103, prioritize the placement of inmates within
803		county correctional facilities that:
804		(i) offer, allow, or facilitate department-specified programs for inmates; and
805		(ii) collect and provide inmate program completion data to the department; and
806	<u>(h)</u>	periodically confer with an inmate and, if necessary, the board, to determine whether
807		the inmate is on track to complete all of the inmate's programs by the inmate's board
808		hearing.

809	<u>(3)</u>	If the department is unable to meet a requirement described in Subsection (2)(c), (2)(d),
810		(2)(e), or (2)(f), the department shall:
811		(a) include in the inmate's records the reason why the requirement was not met; and
812		(b) ensure the information described in Subsection (3)(a) is made available to the board.
813	<u>(4)</u>	The department shall provide an annual report on the department's public website that
814		states how many inmates:
815		(a) are currently participating in one or more programs; and
816		(b) have successfully completed one or more programs during the prior year.
817		Section 11. Section 77-27-7 is amended to read:
818		77-27-7 . Parole or hearing dates Interview Hearings Report of alienists
819	Me	ental competency.
820	(1)	(a) The Board of Pardons and Parole shall determine within six months after the date
821		of an offender's commitment to the custody of the Department of Corrections, for
822		serving a sentence upon conviction of a felony or class A misdemeanor offense, a
823		date upon which the offender shall be afforded a hearing to establish a date of release
824		or a date for a rehearing, and shall promptly notify the offender of the date.
825		(b) When determining the hearing date under Subsection (1)(a), the board shall consider:
826		(i) the type and severity of offenses;
827		(ii) prior criminal history;
828		(iii) criminogenic risk factors; and
829		(iv) evidence-based assessments.
830	(2)	Before reaching a final decision to release any offender under this chapter, the chair
831		shall cause the offender to appear before the board, its panel, or any appointed hearing
832		officer, who shall personally interview the offender to consider the offender's fitness for
833		release and verify as far as possible information furnished from other sources. Any
834		offender may waive a personal appearance before the board. Any offender outside of
835		the state shall, if ordered by the board, submit to a courtesy hearing to be held by the
836		appropriate authority in the jurisdiction in which the offender is housed in lieu of an
837		appearance before the board. The offender shall be promptly notified in writing of the
838		board's decision.
839	(3)	(a) In the case of an offender convicted of violating or attempting to violate any of
840		the provisions of Section 76-5-301.1, Subsection 76-5-302(2)(b)(vi), Section
841		76-5-402, 76-5-402.1, 76-5-402.2, 76-5-402.3, 76-5-403, 76-5-403.1, 76-5-404,
842		76-5-404.1, 76-5-404.3, or 76-5-405, the chair may appoint one or more alienists who

843	shall examine the offender within six months prior to a hearing at which an original
844	parole date is granted on any offense listed in this Subsection (3).
845	(b) The alienists shall report in writing the results of the examination to the board prior
846	to the hearing. The report of the appointed alienists shall specifically address the
847	question of the offender's current mental condition and attitudes as they relate to any
848	danger the offender may pose to children or others if the offender is released on
849	parole.
850	(4) A parolee may petition the board for termination of lifetime parole as provided in
851	Section 76-3-202 in the case of a parolee convicted of a first degree felony violation, or
852	convicted of attempting to violate Section 76-5-301.1, Subsection 76-5-302(2)(b)(vi),
853	Section 76-5-402, 76-5-402.1, 76-5-402.2, 76-5-402.3, 76-5-403, 76-5-403.1, 76-5-404.1
854	76-5-404.3, or 76-5-405, and released on parole before January 1, 2019.
855	(5) In any case where an offender's mental competency is questioned by the board, the chair
856	may appoint one or more alienists to examine the offender and report in writing to the
857	board, specifically addressing the issue of competency.
858	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
859	board shall make rules governing:
860	(a) the hearing process;
861	(b) alienist examination; and
862	(c) parolee petitions for termination of parole.
863	Section 12. Effective date.
864	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.