I	REGULATURY SANDBUX PROGRAM AMENDMENTS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
5	Senate Sponsor: Ann Millner
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses state regulatory sandbox programs.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>define terms;</li></ul>
13	<ul> <li>expands the regulatory sandbox program administered by the Governor's Office of</li> </ul>
14	Economic Opportunity (GO Utah office) by allowing a person who offers a
15	financial or insurance product or service to participate in the program;
16	<ul> <li>requires meetings of the GO Utah office's General Regulatory Sandbox Program</li> </ul>
17	Advisory Committee to be open to the public;
18	<ul> <li>requires the GO Utah office to make certain information regarding the regulatory</li> </ul>
19	sandbox program available to the public;
20	<ul> <li>repeals the regulatory sandbox programs administered by the Department of</li> </ul>
21	Commerce and the Department of Insurance; and
22	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
23	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:



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             None
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      Utah Code Sections Affected:
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      AMENDS:
29
             52-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 179 and 231
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             63N-16-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
             63N-16-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
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             63N-16-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
33
             63N-16-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
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             63N-16-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
35
             63N-16-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
36
      REPEALS:
37
             13-55-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 243
38
             13-55-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
39
             13-55-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 143
40
             13-55-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 243
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             13-55-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 243
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             13-55-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 243
             13-55-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 243
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             13-55-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 243
45
             31A-47-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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             31A-47-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 373
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             31A-47-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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             31A-47-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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             31A-47-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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             31A-47-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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             31A-47-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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             31A-47-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 141
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      Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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             Section 1. Section 52-4-205 is amended to read:
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             52-4-205. Purposes of closed meetings -- Certain issues prohibited in closed
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57	meetings.
58	(1) A closed meeting described under Section 52-4-204 may only be held for:
59	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), discussion of the character, professional
60	competence, or physical or mental health of an individual;
61	(b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining;
62	(c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation;
63	(d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property,
64	including any form of a water right or water shares, if public discussion of the transaction
65	would:
66	(i) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
67	(ii) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
68	(e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water
69	right or water shares, if:
70	(i) public discussion of the transaction would:
71	(A) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
72	(B) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
73	(ii) the public body previously gave public notice that the property would be offered for
74	sale; and
75	(iii) the terms of the sale are publicly disclosed before the public body approves the
76	sale;
77	(f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
78	(g) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal misconduct;
79	(h) as relates to the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, conducting business
80	relating to the receipt or review of ethics complaints;
81	(i) as relates to an ethics committee of the Legislature, a purpose permitted under
82	Subsection 52-4-204(1)(a)(iii)(C);
83	(j) as relates to the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission created in
84	Section 63A-14-202, conducting business relating to an ethics complaint;
85	(k) as relates to a county legislative body, discussing commercial information as
86	defined in Section 59-1-404;
87	(1) as relates to the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority and its appointed

88	board of directors, discussing fiduciary or commercial information as defined in Section
89	53B-12-102;
90	(m) deliberations, not including any information gathering activities, of a public body
91	acting in the capacity of:
92	(i) an evaluation committee under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
93	during the process of evaluating responses to a solicitation, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103;
94	(ii) a protest officer, defined in Section 63G-6a-103, during the process of making a
95	decision on a protest under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
96	(iii) a procurement appeals panel under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
97	Code, during the process of deciding an appeal under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17,
98	Procurement Appeals Board;
99	(n) the purpose of considering information that is designated as a trade secret, as
100	defined in Section 13-24-2, if the public body's consideration of the information is necessary in
101	order to properly conduct a procurement under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code
102	(o) the purpose of discussing information provided to the public body during the
103	procurement process under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, if, at the time of
104	the meeting:
105	(i) the information may not, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, be
106	disclosed to a member of the public or to a participant in the procurement process; and
107	(ii) the public body needs to review or discuss the information in order to properly
108	fulfill its role and responsibilities in the procurement process;
109	(p) as relates to the governing board of a governmental nonprofit corporation, as that
110	term is defined in Section 11-13a-102, the purpose of discussing information that is designated
111	as a trade secret, as that term is defined in Section 13-24-2, if:
112	(i) public knowledge of the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in injury
113	to the owner of the trade secret; and
114	(ii) discussion of the information is necessary for the governing board to properly
115	discharge the board's duties and conduct the board's business; or
116	(q) a purpose for which a meeting is required to be closed under Subsection (2).
117	(2) The following meetings shall be closed:

(a) a meeting of the Health and Human Services Interim Committee to review a report

119	described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the report described in
120	Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4);
121	(b) a meeting of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel to:
122	(i) review a report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the
123	report described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); or
124	(ii) review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 62A-4a-207(5);
125	(c) a meeting of the Opioid and Overdose Fatality Review Committee, created in
126	Section 26-7-13, to review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection
127	26-7-13(10);
128	(d) a meeting of a conservation district as defined in Section 17D-3-102 for the
129	purpose of advising the Natural Resource Conservation Service of the United States
130	Department of Agriculture on a farm improvement project if the discussed information is
131	protected information under federal law;
132	(e) a meeting of the Compassionate Use Board established in Section 26-61a-105 for
133	the purpose of reviewing petitions for a medical cannabis card in accordance with Section
134	26-61a-105; [and]
135	(f) a meeting of the Colorado River Authority of Utah if:
136	(i) the purpose of the meeting is to discuss an interstate claim to the use of the water in
137	the Colorado River system; and
138	(ii) failing to close the meeting would:
139	(A) reveal the contents of a record classified as protected under Subsection
140	63G-2-305(82);
141	(B) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
142	Colorado River system;
143	(C) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
144	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
145	system; or
146	(D) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
147	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system[-]; and
148	(g) a meeting of the General Regulatory Sandbox Program Advisory Committee if:
149	(i) the purpose of the meeting is to discuss an application for participation in the

150	regulatory sandbox as defined in Section 63N-16-102; and
151	(ii) failing to close the meeting would reveal the contents of a record classified as
152	protected under Subsection 63G-2-305(83).
153	(3) In a closed meeting, a public body may not:
154	(a) interview a person applying to fill an elected position;
155	(b) discuss filling a midterm vacancy or temporary absence governed by Title 20A,
156	Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and Temporary Absence in Elected Office;
157	or
158	(c) discuss the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of the
159	person whose name was submitted for consideration to fill a midterm vacancy or temporary
160	absence governed by Title 20A, Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and
161	Temporary Absence in Elected Office.
162	Section 2. Section 63N-16-102 is amended to read:
163	63N-16-102. Definitions.
164	As used in this chapter:
165	(1) "Advisory committee" means the General Regulatory Sandbox Program Advisory
166	Committee created in Section 63N-16-104.
167	(2) "Applicable agency" means a department or agency of the state that by law
168	regulates a business activity and persons engaged in such business activity, including the
169	issuance of licenses or other types of authorization, which the office determines would
170	otherwise regulate a sandbox participant.
171	(3) "Applicant" means a person that applies to participate in the regulatory sandbox.
172	(4) "Blockchain technology" means the use of a digital database containing records of
173	financial transactions, which can be simultaneously used and shared within a decentralized,
174	publicly accessible network and can record transactions between two parties in a verifiable and
175	permanent way.
176	[(4)] (5) "Consumer" means a person that purchases or otherwise enters into a
177	transaction or agreement to receive an offering pursuant to a demonstration by a sandbox
178	participant.
179	[(5)] (6) "Demonstrate" or "demonstration" means to temporarily provide an offering in
180	accordance with the provisions of the regulatory sandbox program described in this chapter.

181	[(6)] (7) "Director" means the director of the Utah Office of Regulatory Relief created
182	in Section 63N-16-103.
183	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Governor's Office of
184	Economic Opportunity.
185	(9) "Financial product or service" means:
186	(a) a financial product or financial service that requires state licensure or registration;
187	<u>or</u>
188	(b) a financial product, financial service, or banking business that includes a business
189	model, delivery mechanism, offering of deposit accounts, or element that may require a license
190	or other authorization to act as a financial institution, enterprise, or other entity that is regulated
191	by Title 7, Financial Institutions Act, or other related provisions.
192	[(8)] (10) "Innovation" means the use or incorporation of a new $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{\text{or existing}} \leftarrow \hat{S}$ idea, a
192a	new or
193	emerging technology, or a new use of existing technology $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{, including blockchain technology,}$
193a	$\leftarrow$ Ŝ Ŝ→ [f] $\leftarrow$ Ŝ to address a problem, provide a
194	benefit, or otherwise offer a product, production method, or service $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}]$
195	$\frac{\text{technology}}{\hat{\mathbf{y}}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{S}}$ .
196	[(9) "Innovative offering" means an offering that includes an innovation.]
197	(11) "Insurance product or service" means an insurance product or insurance service
198	that requires state licensure, registration, or other authorization as regulated by Title 31A,
199	Insurance Code, including an insurance product or insurance service that includes a business
200	model, delivery mechanism, or element that requires a license, registration, or other
201	authorization to do an insurance business, act as an insurance producer or consultant, or engage
202	in insurance adjusting as regulated by Title 31A, Insurance Code.
203	$[(10)]$ (12) (a) "Offering" means a product, production method, $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ or $\hat{S} \rightarrow [f] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
203a	service, $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
204	including a financial product or service or an insurance product or service, that $\hat{S} \rightarrow [addresses \ a]$
205	<u>problem or provides a benefit</u> ] <u>includes an innovation</u> $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ .
206	(b) "Offering" does not include a product, production method, or service that is
207	governed by[:] Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform Securities Act.
208	[(i) Title 31A, Insurance Code, as determined by the insurance commissioner; or]
209	[(ii) Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform Securities Act.]
210	[(11)] (13) "Product" means a commercially distributed good that is:
211	(a) tangible personal property;

- 7 -

212	(b) the result of a production process; and
213	(c) passed through the distribution channel before consumption.
214	[(12)] (14) "Production" means the method or process of creating or obtaining a good,
215	which may include assembling, breeding, capturing, collecting, extracting, fabricating, farming,
216	fishing, gathering, growing, harvesting, hunting, manufacturing, mining, processing, raising, or
217	trapping a good.
218	[(13)] (15) "Regulatory relief office" means the Utah Office of Regulatory Relief
219	created in Section 63N-16-103.
220	[(14)] (16) "Regulatory sandbox" means the General Regulatory Sandbox Program
221	created in Section 63N-16-201, which allows a person to temporarily demonstrate an offering
222	under a waiver or suspension of one or more state laws or regulations.
223	[(15)] (17) "Sandbox participant" means a person whose application to participate in
224	the regulatory sandbox is approved in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
225	[(16)] (18) "Service" means any commercial activity, duty, or labor performed for
226	another person.
227	Section 3. Section 63N-16-103 is amended to read:
228	63N-16-103. Creation of regulatory relief office and appointment of director
229	Responsibilities of regulatory relief office.
230	(1) There is created within the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity the Utah
231	Office of Regulatory Relief.
232	(2) (a) The regulatory relief office shall be administered by a director.
233	(b) The director shall report to the executive director and may appoint staff subject to
234	the approval of the executive director.
235	(3) The regulatory relief office shall:
236	(a) administer the provisions of this chapter;
237	(b) administer the regulatory sandbox program; and
238	(c) act as a liaison between private businesses and applicable agencies to identify state
239	laws or regulations that could potentially be waived or suspended under the regulatory sandbox
240	program.
241	(4) The regulatory relief office may:
242	(a) review state laws and regulations that may unnecessarily inhibit the creation and

243 success of new companies or industries and provide recommendations to the governor and the 244 Legislature on modifying such state laws and regulations; 245 (b) create a framework for analyzing the risk level to the health, safety, and financial 246 well-being of consumers related to permanently removing or temporarily waiving laws and 247 regulations inhibiting the creation or success of new and existing companies or industries; 248 (c) propose potential reciprocity agreements between states that use or are proposing to 249 use similar regulatory sandbox programs as described in this chapter (, Section 13-55-103, or Section 31A-47-1031; and 250 251 (d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and 252 the provisions of this chapter, make rules regarding: 253 (i) administering the regulatory sandbox, including making rules regarding the 254 application process and the reporting requirements of sandbox participants; and 255 (ii) cooperating and consulting with other agencies in the state that administer sandbox 256 programs. 257 Section 4. Section **63N-16-104** is amended to read: 258 63N-16-104. Creation and duties of advisory committee. 259 (1) There is created the General Regulatory Sandbox Program Advisory Committee. 260 (2) The advisory committee shall have 11 members as follows: 261 (a) six members appointed by the director who represent businesses interests and are 262 selected from a variety of industry clusters: 263 (b) three members appointed by the director who represent state agencies that regulate 264 businesses; 265 (c) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate; and 266 (d) one member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the 267 House of Representatives. 268 (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), members of the advisory committee who are not 269 legislators shall be appointed to a four-year term. (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the director may adjust the 270 271 length of terms of appointments and reappointments to the advisory committee so that 272 approximately half of the advisory committee is appointed every two years.

(4) The director shall select a chair of the advisory committee on an annual basis.

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the regulatory sandbox.

274 (5) A majority of the advisory committee constitutes a quorum for the purpose of 275 conducting advisory committee business, and the action of the majority of a quorum constitutes 276 the action of the advisory committee. 277 (6) The advisory committee shall advise and make recommendations to the regulatory 278 relief office as described in this chapter. 279 (7) The regulatory relief office shall provide administrative staff support for the 280 advisory committee. 281 (8) (a) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, 282 but a member appointed under Subsection (2)(a) may receive per diem and travel expenses in 283 accordance with: 284 (i) Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107; and 285 (ii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 286 63A-3-107. 287 (b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by 288 Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses. 289 [(9) Meetings of the advisory committee are not subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open 290 and Public Meetings Act. 291 Section 5. Section **63N-16-201** is amended to read: 292 63N-16-201. General Regulatory Sandbox Program -- Application requirements. 293 (1) There is created in the regulatory relief office the General Regulatory Sandbox 294 Program. 295 (2) In administering the regulatory sandbox, the regulatory relief office: (a) shall consult with each applicable agency; 296 297 (b) shall establish a program to enable a person to obtain legal protections and limited 298 access to the market in the state to demonstrate an [innovative] offering without obtaining a 299 license or other authorization that might otherwise be required: 300 (c) may enter into agreements with or adopt the best practices of corresponding federal 301 regulatory agencies or other states that are administering similar programs; and

(d) may consult with businesses in the state about existing or potential proposals for

(3) (a) An applicant for the regulatory sandbox may contact the regulatory relief office

305	to request a consultation regarding the regulatory sandbox before submitting an application.
306	(b) The regulatory relief office shall provide relevant information regarding the
307	regulatory sandbox program[, including informing an applicant whether it would be better to
308	apply for the programs described in Section 13-55-103 or Section 31A-47-103].
309	(c) The regulatory relief office may provide assistance to an applicant in preparing an
310	application for submission.
311	(4) An applicant for the regulatory sandbox shall provide to the regulatory relief office
312	an application in a form prescribed by the regulatory relief office that:
313	(a) confirms the applicant is subject to the jurisdiction of the state;
314	(b) confirms the applicant has established a physical or virtual location in the state,
315	from which the demonstration of an [innovative] offering will be developed and performed and
316	where all required records, documents, and data will be maintained;
317	(c) contains relevant personal and contact information for the applicant, including legal
318	names, addresses, telephone numbers, email addresses, website addresses, and other
319	information required by the regulatory relief office;
320	(d) discloses criminal convictions of the applicant or other participating personnel, if
321	any;
322	(e) contains a description of the [innovative] offering to be demonstrated, including
323	statements regarding:
324	(i) how the offering is subject to licensing, legal prohibition, or other authorization
325	requirements outside of the regulatory sandbox;
326	(ii) each law or regulation that the applicant seeks to have waived or suspended while
327	participating in the regulatory sandbox program;
328	(iii) how the offering would benefit consumers;
329	(iv) how the offering is different from other offerings available in the state;
330	(v) what risks might exist for consumers who use or purchase the offering;
331	(vi) how participating in the regulatory sandbox would enable a successful
332	demonstration of the offering;
333	(vii) a description of the proposed demonstration plan, including estimated time
334	periods for beginning and ending the demonstration;

(viii) recognition that the applicant will be subject to all laws and regulations

336	pertaining to the applicant's offering after conclusion of the demonstration; and
337	(ix) how the applicant will end the demonstration and protect consumers if the
338	demonstration fails;
339	(f) lists each government agency, if any, that the applicant knows regulates the
340	applicant's business; and
341	(g) provides any other required information as determined by the regulatory relief
342	office.
343	(5) The regulatory relief office may collect an application fee from an applicant that is
344	set in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
345	(6) An applicant shall file a separate application for each [innovative] offering that the
346	applicant wishes to demonstrate.
347	(7) After an application is filed, the regulatory relief office shall:
348	(a) [shall classify the application and any related information provided by the applicant
349	as a protected record] classify, as a protected record, any part of the application that the office
350	determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if disclosed would result in actual
351	economic harm to the applicant in accordance with Subsection 63G-2-305[(82)](83);
352	(b) consult with each applicable government agency that regulates the applicant's
353	business regarding whether more information is needed from the applicant; and
354	(c) seek additional information from the applicant that the regulatory relief office
355	determines is necessary.
356	(8) No later than five business days after the day on which a complete application is
357	received by the regulatory relief office, the regulatory relief office shall:
358	(a) review the application and refer the application to each applicable government
359	agency that regulates the applicant's business; [and]
360	(b) provide to the applicant:
361	(i) an acknowledgment of receipt of the application; and
362	(ii) the identity and contact information of each regulatory agency to which the
363	application has been referred for review[:]; and
364	(c) provide public notice, on the office's website and through other appropriate means.
365	of each law or regulation that the office is considering to suspend or waive under the
366	application.

- (9) (a) Subject to Subsections (9)(c) and (9)(g), no later than 30 days after the day on which an applicable agency receives a complete application for review, the applicable agency shall provide a written report to the director of the applicable agency's findings.
  - (b) The report shall:
- (i) describe any identifiable, likely, and significant harm to the health, safety, or financial well-being of consumers that the relevant law or regulation protects against; and
- (ii) make a recommendation to the regulatory relief office that the applicant either be admitted or denied entrance into the regulatory sandbox.
- (c) (i) The applicable agency may request an additional five business days to deliver the written report by providing notice to the director, which request shall automatically be granted.
  - (ii) The applicable agency may only request one extension per application.
- (d) If the applicable agency recommends an applicant under this section be denied entrance into the regulatory sandbox, the written report shall include a description of the reasons for the recommendation, including why a temporary waiver or suspension of the relevant laws or regulations would potentially significantly harm the health, safety, or financial well-being of consumers or the public and the likelihood of such harm occurring.
- (e) If the agency determines that the consumer's or public's health, safety, or financial well-being can be protected through less restrictive means than the existing relevant laws or regulations, then the applicable agency shall provide a recommendation of how that can be achieved.
- (f) If an applicable agency fails to deliver a written report as described in this Subsection (9), the director shall assume that the applicable agency does not object to the temporary waiver or suspension of the relevant laws or regulations for an applicant seeking to participate in the regulatory sandbox.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an applicable agency may by written notice to the regulatory relief office:
- (i) within the 30 days after the day on which the applicable agency receives a complete application for review, or within 35 days if an extension has been requested by the applicable agency, reject an application if the applicable agency determines, in the applicable agency's sole discretion, that the applicant's offering fails to comply with standards or specifications:

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applicant; and

- 398 (A) required by federal law or regulation; or 399 (B) previously approved for use by a federal agency; or 400 (ii) reject an application preliminarily approved by the regulatory relief office, if the 401 applicable agency: 402 (A) recommended rejection of the application in accordance with Subsection (9)(d) in 403 the agency's written report; and 404 (B) provides in the written notice under this Subsection (9)(g), a description of the 405 applicable agency's reasons why approval of the application would create a substantial risk of 406 harm to the health or safety of the public, or create unreasonable expenses for taxpayers in the 407 state. 408 (h) If an applicable agency rejects an application under Subsection (9)(g), the 409 regulatory relief office may not approve the application. 410 (10) (a) Upon receiving a written report described in Subsection (9), the director shall provide the application and the written report to the advisory committee. 411 412 (b) The director may call the advisory committee to meet as needed, but not less than 413 once per quarter if applications are available for review. 414 (c) After receiving and reviewing the application and each written report, the advisory 415 committee shall provide to the director the advisory committee's recommendation as to whether 416 or not the applicant should be admitted as a sandbox participant under this chapter. 417 (d) As part of the advisory committee's review of each written report, the advisory 418 committee shall use the criteria required for an applicable agency as described in Subsection 419 (9). 420 (11) (a) In reviewing an application and each applicable agency's written report, the 421 regulatory relief office shall consult with each applicable agency and the advisory committee 422 before admitting an applicant into the regulatory sandbox. 423 (b) The consultation with each applicable agency and the consultation with the
  - (ii) the applicable agency has previously investigated, sanctioned, or pursued legal action against the applicant.

(i) the applicable agency has previously issued a license or other authorization to the

advisory committee may include seeking information about whether:

- (12) In reviewing an application under this section, the regulatory relief office and each applicable agency shall consider whether a competitor to the applicant is or has been a sandbox participant and, if so, weigh that as a factor in favor of allowing the applicant to also become a sandbox participant.
- (13) In reviewing an application under this section, the regulatory relief office shall consider whether:
- (a) the applicant's plan will adequately protect consumers from potential harm identified by an applicable agency in the applicable agency's written report;
- (b) the risk of harm to consumers is outweighed by the potential benefits to consumers from the applicant's participation in the regulatory sandbox; and
- (c) certain state laws or regulations that regulate an offering should not be waived or suspended even if the applicant is approved as a sandbox participant, including applicable antifraud or disclosure provisions.
- (14) (a) An applicant becomes a sandbox participant if the regulatory relief office approves the application for the regulatory sandbox and enters into a written agreement with the applicant describing the specific laws and regulations that are waived or suspended as part of participation in the regulatory sandbox.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the regulatory relief office may not enter into a written agreement with an applicant that waives or suspends a tax, fee, or charge that is administered by the State Tax Commission or that is described in Title 59, Revenue and Taxation.
- (15) (a) The director may deny at the director's sole discretion any application submitted under this section for any reason, including if the director determines that the preponderance of evidence demonstrates that suspending or waiving enforcement of a law or regulation would cause a significant risk of harm to consumers or residents of the state.
- (b) If the director denies an application submitted under this section, the regulatory relief office shall provide to the applicant a written description of the reasons for not allowing the applicant to be a sandbox participant.
  - (c) The denial of an application submitted under this section is not subject to:
  - (i) agency or judicial review; or
- (ii) the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

(16) The director shall deny an application for participation in the regulatory sandbox
described by this section if[:(a) the director determines that the applicant should instead apply
for the Regulatory Sandbox Program created in Section 13-55-103 for a financial product or
service or the Insurance Regulatory Sandbox Program created in Section 31A-47-103 for an
insurance product or service; or (b)] the applicant or any person who seeks to participate with
the applicant in demonstrating an offering has been convicted, entered a plea of nolo
contendere, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere held in abeyance, for any crime
involving significant theft, fraud, or dishonesty if the crime bears a significant relationship to
the applicant's or other participant's ability to safely and competently participate in the
regulatory sandbox program.
(17) (a) When an applicant is approved for participation in the regulatory sandbox, the
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- (17) (a) When an applicant is approved for participation in the regulatory sandbox, the director [may provide] shall provide public notice of the approval [to competitors of the applicant and to the public] on the office's website and through other appropriate means.
  - (b) The public notice described in Subsection (17)(a) shall state:
  - (i) the name of the sandbox participant;
    - (ii) the industries the sandbox participant represents; and
- (iii) each law or regulation that is suspended or waived for the sandbox participant as allowed by the regulatory sandbox.
- (18) In addition to the information described in Subsection (17), the office shall make the following information available on the office's website and through other appropriate means:
- (a) documentation regarding the office's determination and grounds for approving each sandbox participant; and
- (b) public notice regarding any sandbox participant's revocation to participate in the regulatory sandbox.
  - Section 6. Section 63N-16-202 is amended to read:

## 63N-16-202. Scope of the regulatory sandbox.

- (1) If the regulatory relief office approves an application under this part, the sandbox participant has 12 months after the day on which the application was approved to demonstrate the offering described in the sandbox participant's application.
  - (2) An offering that is demonstrated within the regulatory sandbox is subject to the

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- (a) each consumer shall be a resident of the state; and
- (b) no law or regulation may be waived or suspended if waiving or suspending the law or regulation would prevent a consumer from seeking restitution in the event that the consumer is harmed.
- (3) This part does not restrict a sandbox participant who holds a license or other authorization in another jurisdiction from acting in accordance with that license or other authorization.
- (4) A sandbox participant is deemed to possess an appropriate license or other authorization under the laws of the state for the purposes of any provision of federal law requiring licensure or other authorization by the state.
  - (5) Subject to Subsection (6):
- (a) during the demonstration period, a sandbox participant is not subject to the enforcement of state laws or regulations identified in the written agreement between the regulatory relief office and the sandbox participant described in Subsection 63N-16-201(14);
- (b) a prosecutor may not file or pursue charges pertaining to a law or regulation identified in the written agreement between the regulatory relief office and the sandbox participant described in Subsection 63N-16-201(14) that occurs during the demonstration period; and
- (c) a state agency may not file or pursue any punitive action against a sandbox participant, including a fine or license suspension or revocation, for the violation of a law or regulation that:
- (i) is identified as being waived or suspended in the written agreement between the regulatory relief office and the sandbox participant described in Subsection 63N-16-201(14); and
  - (ii) occurs during the demonstration period.
  - (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part[-]:
- (a) a sandbox participant does not have immunity related to any criminal offense committed during the sandbox participant's participation in the regulatory sandbox[--]; and
- 520 (b) a sandbox participant that provides an offering that is a financial product or service 521 shall comply with all applicable federal laws and regulations governing consumer protection.

- (7) By written notice, the regulatory relief office may end a sandbox participant's participation in the regulatory sandbox at any time and for any reason, including if the director determines that a sandbox participant is not operating in good faith to bring an [innovative] offering to market.
- (8) The regulatory relief office and the regulatory relief office's employees are not liable for any business losses or the recouping of application expenses or other expenses related to the regulatory sandbox, including for:
- (a) denying an applicant's application to participate in the regulatory sandbox for any reason; or
- (b) ending a sandbox participant's participation in the regulatory sandbox at any time and for any reason.
  - Section 7. Section **63N-16-206** is amended to read:

## 63N-16-206. Record keeping and reporting requirements.

- (1) A sandbox participant shall retain records, documents, and data produced in the ordinary course of business regarding an offering demonstrated in the regulatory sandbox.
- (2) If a sandbox participant ceases to provide an offering before the end of a demonstration period, the sandbox participant shall notify the regulatory relief office and each applicable agency and report on actions taken by the sandbox participant to ensure consumers have not been harmed as a result.
- (3) The regulatory relief office shall establish quarterly reporting requirements for a sandbox participant, including information about any consumer complaints.
- (4) The regulatory relief office may request records, documents, and data from a sandbox participant and, upon the regulatory relief office's request, the sandbox participant shall make such records, documents, and data available for inspection by the regulatory relief office.
- (5) (a) The sandbox participant shall notify the regulatory relief office and each applicable agency of any incidents that result in harm to the health, safety, or financial well-being of a consumer.
- (b) If a sandbox participant fails to notify the regulatory relief office and each applicable agency of any incidents as described in Subsection (5)(a), or the regulatory relief office or an applicable agency has evidence that significant harm to a consumer has occurred,

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- the regulatory relief office may immediately remove the sandbox participant from the regulatory sandbox.
  - (6) (a) No later than 30 days after the day on which a sandbox participant exits the regulatory sandbox, the sandbox participant shall submit a written report to the regulatory relief office and each applicable agency describing an overview of the sandbox participant's demonstration, including any:
    - (i) incidents of harm to consumers;
  - (ii) legal action filed against the participant as a result of the participant's demonstration; and
  - (iii) complaints filed with an applicable agency as a result of the participant's demonstration.
  - (b) No later than 30 days after the day on which an applicable agency receives the quarterly reporting described in Subsection (3) or a written report from a sandbox participant as described in Subsection [(5)] (6)(a), the applicable agency shall provide a written report to the regulatory relief office on the demonstration that describes any statutory or regulatory reform the applicable agency recommends as a result of the demonstration.
  - (7) The regulatory relief office may remove a sandbox participant from the regulatory sandbox at any time if the regulatory relief office determines that a sandbox participant has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any practice or transaction that is in violation of this chapter or that constitutes a violation of a law or regulation for which suspension or waiver has not been granted.
- 574 Section 8. Repealer.
- 575 This bill repeals:
- 576 Section 13-55-101, Title.
- 577 Section **13-55-102**, **Definitions**.
- 578 Section 13-55-103, Regulatory Sandbox Program -- Application requirements.
- Section 13-55-104, Scope of the regulatory sandbox.
- Section 13-55-105, Consumer protection for regulatory sandbox.
- Section 13-55-106, Requirements for exiting regulatory sandbox.
- 582 Section 13-55-107, Extensions.
- 583 Section 13-55-108, Record keeping and reporting requirements.

## 584 Section 31A-47-101, Title. 585 Section 31A-47-102, Definitions. Section 31A-47-103, Insurance Regulatory Sandbox Program -- Application 586 587 requirements. 588 Section 31A-47-104, Scope of the insurance regulatory sandbox. Section 31A-47-105, Consumer protection for insurance regulatory sandbox. 589 590 Section 31A-47-106, Requirements for exiting insurance regulatory sandbox. 591 Section 31A-47-107, Extensions.

Section 31A-47-108, Record keeping and reporting requirements.

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3rd Sub. (Cherry) H.B. 243