

**PRIVACY PROTECTION AMENDMENTS**

2021 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Francis D. Gibson**

Senate Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

Cosponsors: Val L. Peterson

Suzanne Harrison Ryan D. Wilcox

Brian S. King

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill creates positions to oversee privacy practices in state government.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ creates the government operations privacy officer, who will be appointed by the governor;
- ▶ authorizes the government operations privacy officer to review the data practices of state agencies;
- ▶ creates the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission, whose membership is appointed by the governor, the state auditor, and the attorney general;
- ▶ directs the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission to establish guidelines and best practices with respect to certain government technology uses related to personal privacy and policies related to data security;
- ▶ authorizes the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission to review government technology uses related to personal privacy and policies related to data security;
- ▶ directs the state auditor to appoint and oversee the state privacy officer;
- ▶ authorizes the state privacy officer to review the data practices of certain government entities; and

28           ▶ creates a reporting requirement for the operations privacy officer, the Personal  
29 Privacy Oversight Committee, and the data privacy officer.

30 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

31           None

32 **Other Special Clauses:**

33           None

34 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

35 AMENDS:

36           **67-3-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 200 and 256

37 ENACTS:

38           **63C-23-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

39           **63C-23-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

40           **63C-23-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

41           **63C-23-202**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

42           **67-1-17**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

43           **67-3-12**, Utah Code Annotated 1953



45 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

46           Section 1. Section **63C-23-101** is enacted to read:

47                           **CHAPTER 23. PERSONAL PRIVACY OVERSIGHT COMMISSION**

48   **Part 1. General Provisions**

49           **63C-23-101. Title.**

50           This chapter is known as the "Personal Privacy Oversight Commission."

51           Section 2. Section **63C-23-102** is enacted to read:

52           **63C-23-102. Definitions.**

53           As used in this chapter:

54           (1) "Commission" means the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission created in

55 Section **63C-23-201**.

56 (2) (a) "Government entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher  
57 education institution, a local district, a special service district, a school district, an independent  
58 entity, or any other political subdivision of the state or an administrative subunit of any  
59 political subdivision, including a law enforcement entity.

60 (b) "Government entity" includes an agent of an entity described in Subsection (2)(a).

61 (3) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63E-1-102](#).

62 (4) (a) "Personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable  
63 individual.

64 (b) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.

65 (5) (a) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of personal  
66 data.

67 (b) "Privacy practice" includes:

68 (i) a technology use related to personal data; and

69 (ii) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.

70 Section 3. Section **63C-23-201** is enacted to read:

71 **Part 2. Personal Privacy Oversight Commission**

72 **63C-23-201. Personal Privacy Oversight Commission created.**

73 (1) There is created the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission.

74 (2) (a) The commission shall be composed of 12 members.

75 (b) The governor shall appoint:

76 (i) one member who, at the time of appointment provides internet technology services  
77 for a county or a municipality;

78 (ii) one member with experience in cybersecurity;

79 (iii) one member representing private industry in technology;

80 (iv) one member representing law enforcement; and

81 (v) one member with experience in data privacy law.

82 (c) The state auditor shall appoint:

83 (i) one member with experience in internet technology services;

84 (ii) one member with experience in cybersecurity;  
85 (iii) one member representing private industry in technology;  
86 (iv) one member with experience in data privacy law; and  
87 (v) one member with experience in civil liberties law or policy and with specific  
88 experience in identifying the disparate impacts of the use of a technology or a policy on  
89 different populations.

90 (d) The attorney general shall appoint:

91 (i) one member with experience as a prosecutor or appellate attorney and with  
92 experience in civil liberties law; and

93 (ii) one member representing law enforcement.

94 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a member is appointed for a term of  
95 four years.

96 (b) The initial appointments of members described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) through  
97 (b)(iii), (2)(c)(iv) through (c)(v), and (2)(d)(ii) shall be for two-year terms.

98 (c) When the term of a current member expires, a member shall be reappointed or a  
99 new member shall be appointed in accordance with Subsection (2).

100 (4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, a replacement shall  
101 be appointed in accordance with Subsection (2) for the unexpired term.

102 (b) A member whose term has expired may continue to serve until a replacement is  
103 appointed.

104 (5) The commission shall select officers from the commission's members as the  
105 commission finds necessary.

106 (6) (a) A majority of the members of the commission is a quorum.

107 (b) The action of a majority of a quorum constitutes an action of the commission.

108 (7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service but  
109 may receive per diem and travel expenses incurred as a member of the commission at the rates  
110 established by the Division of Finance under:

111 (a) Sections [63A-3-106](#) and [63A-3-107](#); and

112 (b) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections [63A-3-106](#) and  
113 [63A-3-107](#).

114 (8) A member shall refrain from participating in a review of:

115 (a) an entity of which the member is an employee; or

116 (b) a technology in which the member has a financial interest.

117 (9) The state auditor shall provide staff and support to the commission.

118 (10) The commission shall meet up to seven times a year to accomplish the duties  
119 described in Section [63C-23-202](#).

120 Section 4. Section **63C-23-202** is enacted to read:

121 **63C-23-202. Commission duties.**

122 (1) The commission shall:

123 (a) develop guiding standards and best practices with respect to government privacy  
124 practices;

125 (b) develop educational and training materials that include information about:

126 (i) the privacy implications and civil liberties concerns of the privacy practices of  
127 government entities;

128 (ii) best practices for government collection and retention policies regarding personal  
129 data; and

130 (iii) best practices for government personal data security standards; and

131 (c) review the privacy implications and civil liberties concerns of government privacy  
132 practices.

133 (2) The commission may:

134 (a) review specific government privacy practices as referred to the commission by the  
135 government operations privacy officer described in Section [67-1-17](#) or the state privacy officer  
136 described in Section [67-3-12](#); and

137 (b) develop recommendations for legislation regarding the guiding standards and best  
138 practices the commission has developed in accordance with Subsection (1)(a).

139 (3) Annually, on or before October 1, the commission shall report to the Judiciary

140 Interim Committee:

- 141 (a) the results of any reviews the commission has conducted;
- 142 (b) the guiding standards and best practices described in Subsection (1)(a); and
- 143 (c) any recommendations for legislation the commission has developed in accordance
- 144 with Subsection (2)(b).

145 Section 5. Section **67-1-17** is enacted to read:

146 **67-1-17. Government operations privacy officer.**

147 (1) As used in this section:

148 (a) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63E-1-102](#).

149 (b) (i) "Personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable  
150 individual.

151 (ii) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.

152 (c) (i) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of personal  
153 data.

154 (ii) "Privacy practice" includes:

155 (A) a technology use related to personal data; and

156 (B) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.

157 (d) (i) "State agency" means the following entities that are under the direct supervision  
158 and control of the governor or the lieutenant governor:

159 (A) a department;

160 (B) a commission;

161 (C) a board;

162 (D) a council;

163 (E) an institution;

164 (F) an officer;

165 (G) a corporation;

166 (H) a fund;

167 (I) a division;

- 168           (J) an office;
- 169           (K) a committee;
- 170           (L) an authority;
- 171           (M) a laboratory;
- 172           (N) a library;
- 173           (O) a bureau;
- 174           (P) a panel;
- 175           (Q) another administrative unit of the state; or
- 176           (R) an agent of an entity described in Subsections (A) through (Q).
- 177           (ii) "State agency" does not include:
- 178           (A) the legislative branch;
- 179           (B) the judicial branch;
- 180           (C) an executive branch agency within the Office of the Attorney General, the state
- 181 auditor, the state treasurer, or the State Board of Education; or
- 182           (D) an independent entity.
- 183           (2) The governor may, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint a
- 184 government operations privacy officer.
- 185           (3) The government operations privacy officer shall:
- 186           (a) compile information about the privacy practices of state agencies;
- 187           (b) make public and maintain information about the privacy practices of state agencies
- 188 on the governor's website;
- 189           (c) provide state agencies with educational and training materials developed by the
- 190 Personal Privacy Oversight Commission established in Section [63C-23-201](#) that include the
- 191 information described in Subsection [63C-23-202\(1\)\(b\)](#);
- 192           (d) implement a process to analyze and respond to requests from individuals for the
- 193 government operations privacy officer to review a state agency's privacy practice;
- 194           (e) identify annually which state agencies' privacy practices pose the greatest risk to
- 195 individual privacy and prioritize those privacy practices for review;

196 (f) review each year, in as timely a manner as possible, the privacy practices that the  
197 government operations privacy officer identifies under Subsection (3)(d) or (e) as posing the  
198 greatest risk to individuals' privacy;

199 (g) when reviewing a state agency's privacy practice under Subsection (3)(f), analyze:

200 (i) details about the privacy practice;

201 (ii) information about the type of data being used;

202 (iii) information about how the data is obtained, shared, secured, stored, and disposed;

203 (iv) information about with which persons the state agency shares the information;

204 (v) information about whether an individual can or should be able to opt out of the  
205 retention and sharing of the individual's data;

206 (vi) information about how the state agency de-identifies or anonymizes data;

207 (vii) a determination about the existence of alternative technology or improved  
208 practices to protect privacy; and

209 (viii) a finding of whether the state agency's current privacy practice adequately  
210 protects individual privacy; and

211 (h) after completing a review described in Subsections (3)(f) and (g), determine:

212 (i) each state agency's use of personal data, including the state agency's practices  
213 regarding data:

214 (A) acquisition;

215 (B) storage;

216 (C) disposal;

217 (D) protection; and

218 (E) sharing;

219 (ii) the adequacy of the state agency's practices in each of the areas described in  
220 Subsection (3)(h)(i); and

221 (iii) for each of the areas described in Subsection (3)(h)(i) that the government  
222 operations privacy officer determines require reform, provide recommendations to the state  
223 agency for reform.



- 224           (4) The government operations privacy officer shall:
- 225           (a) quarterly report, to the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission:
- 226           (i) recommendations for privacy practices for the commission to review; and
- 227           (ii) the information described in Subsection (3)(h); and
- 228           (b) annually, on or before October 1, report to the Judiciary Interim Committee:
- 229           (i) the results of any reviews described in Subsection (3)(g), if any reviews have been
- 230 completed;
- 231           (ii) reforms, to the extent that the government operations privacy officer is aware of
- 232 any reforms, that the state agency made in response to any reviews described in Subsection
- 233 (3)(g);
- 234           (iii) the information described in Subsection (3)(h); and
- 235           (iv) recommendations for legislation based on the results of any reviews described in
- 236 Subsection (3)(g).

237           Section 6. Section **67-3-1** is amended to read:

238           **67-3-1. Functions and duties.**

- 239           (1) (a) The state auditor is the auditor of public accounts and is independent of any
- 240 executive or administrative officers of the state.
- 241           (b) The state auditor is not limited in the selection of personnel or in the determination
- 242 of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the state auditor's office.
- 243           (2) The state auditor shall examine and certify annually in respect to each fiscal year,
- 244 financial statements showing:
- 245           (a) the condition of the state's finances;
- 246           (b) the revenues received or accrued;
- 247           (c) expenditures paid or accrued;
- 248           (d) the amount of unexpended or unencumbered balances of the appropriations to the
- 249 agencies, departments, divisions, commissions, and institutions; and
- 250           (e) the cash balances of the funds in the custody of the state treasurer.
- 251           (3) (a) The state auditor shall:

252 (i) audit each permanent fund, each special fund, the General Fund, and the accounts of  
253 any department of state government or any independent agency or public corporation as the law  
254 requires, as the auditor determines is necessary, or upon request of the governor or the  
255 Legislature;

256 (ii) perform the audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and  
257 other auditing procedures as promulgated by recognized authoritative bodies;

258 (iii) as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct the audits to determine:

259 (A) honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs;

260 (B) accuracy and reliability of financial statements;

261 (C) effectiveness and adequacy of financial controls; and

262 (D) compliance with the law.

263 (b) If any state entity receives federal funding, the state auditor shall ensure that the  
264 audit is performed in accordance with federal audit requirements.

265 (c) (i) The costs of the federal compliance portion of the audit may be paid from an  
266 appropriation to the state auditor from the General Fund.

267 (ii) If an appropriation is not provided, or if the federal government does not  
268 specifically provide for payment of audit costs, the costs of the federal compliance portions of  
269 the audit shall be allocated on the basis of the percentage that each state entity's federal funding  
270 bears to the total federal funds received by the state.

271 (iii) The allocation shall be adjusted to reflect any reduced audit time required to audit  
272 funds passed through the state to local governments and to reflect any reduction in audit time  
273 obtained through the use of internal auditors working under the direction of the state auditor.

274 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the state auditor shall, in addition to  
275 financial audits, and as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct performance and special  
276 purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public funds, including a  
277 determination of any or all of the following:

278 (i) the honesty and integrity of all [~~its~~] the entity's fiscal affairs;

279 (ii) whether or not [~~its~~] the entity's administrators have faithfully complied with

280 legislative intent;

281 (iii) whether or not [~~its~~] the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient,  
282 effective, and cost-efficient manner;

283 (iv) whether or not [~~its~~] the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing the  
284 intended objectives; and

285 (v) whether or not [~~its~~] the entity's management, control, and information systems are  
286 adequate, effective, and secure.

287 (b) The auditor may not conduct performance and special purpose audits,  
288 examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public funds if the entity:

289 (i) has an elected auditor; and

290 (ii) has, within the entity's last budget year, had [~~its~~] the entity's financial statements or  
291 performance formally reviewed by another outside auditor.

292 (5) The state auditor:

293 (a) shall administer any oath or affirmation necessary to the performance of the duties  
294 of the auditor's office[;]; and

295 (b) may:

296 (i) subpoena witnesses and documents, whether electronic or otherwise[;]; and

297 (ii) examine into any matter that the auditor considers necessary.

298 (6) The state auditor may require all persons who have had the disposition or  
299 management of any property of this state or its political subdivisions to submit statements  
300 regarding [~~it~~] the property at the time and in the form that the auditor requires.

301 (7) The state auditor shall:

302 (a) except where otherwise provided by law, institute suits in Salt Lake County in  
303 relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of [~~its~~] revenues against:

304 (i) persons who by any means have become entrusted with public money or property  
305 and have failed to pay over or deliver the money or property; and

306 (ii) all debtors of the state;

307 (b) collect and pay into the state treasury all fees received by the state auditor;

308 (c) perform the duties of a member of all boards of which the state auditor is a member  
309 by the constitution or laws of the state, and any other duties that are prescribed by the  
310 constitution and by law;

311 (d) stop the payment of the salary of any state official or state employee who:

312 (i) refuses to settle accounts or provide required statements about the custody and  
313 disposition of public funds or other state property;

314 (ii) refuses, neglects, or ignores the instruction of the state auditor or any controlling  
315 board or department head with respect to the manner of keeping prescribed accounts or funds;  
316 or

317 (iii) fails to correct any delinquencies, improper procedures, and errors brought to the  
318 official's or employee's attention;

319 (e) establish accounting systems, methods, and forms for public accounts in all taxing  
320 or fee-assessing units of the state in the interest of uniformity, efficiency, and economy;

321 (f) superintend the contractual auditing of all state accounts;

322 (g) subject to Subsection (8)(a), withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of  
323 property taxes from a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit, if necessary, to ensure that  
324 officials and employees in those taxing units comply with state laws and procedures in the  
325 budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds;

326 (h) subject to Subsection (9), withhold the disbursement of tax money from any county,  
327 if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in the county comply with Section  
328 [59-2-303.1](#); and

329 (i) withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from a local  
330 government entity or a limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in Section [67-1a-15](#) if  
331 the state auditor finds the withholding necessary to ensure that the entity registers and  
332 maintains the entity's registration with the lieutenant governor, in accordance with Section  
333 [67-1a-15](#).

334 (8) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the state auditor may not withhold funds  
335 under Subsection (7)(g) until a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit has received formal

336 written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days to make the  
337 specified corrections.

338 (b) If, after receiving notice under Subsection (8)(a), a state or independent local  
339 fee-assessing unit that exclusively assesses fees has not made corrections to comply with state  
340 laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds, the  
341 state auditor:

342 (i) shall provide a recommended timeline for corrective actions; [~~and~~]

343 (ii) may prohibit the state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the  
344 state; and

345 (iii) may prohibit a state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an  
346 account of a financial institution by filing an action in district court requesting an order of the  
347 court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the fee-assessing unit access to an  
348 account.

349 (c) The state auditor shall remove a limitation on accessing funds under Subsection  
350 (8)(b) upon compliance with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and  
351 financial reporting of public funds.

352 (d) If a local taxing or fee-assessing unit has not adopted a budget in compliance with  
353 state law, the state auditor:

354 (i) shall provide notice to the taxing or fee-assessing unit of the unit's failure to  
355 comply;

356 (ii) may prohibit the taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the  
357 state; and

358 (iii) may prohibit a taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an  
359 account of a financial institution by:

360 (A) contacting the taxing or fee-assessing unit's financial institution and requesting that  
361 the institution prohibit access to the account; or

362 (B) filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a  
363 financial institution from providing the taxing or fee-assessing unit access to an account.

364 (e) If the local taxing or fee-assessing unit adopts a budget in compliance with state  
365 law, the state auditor shall eliminate a limitation on accessing funds described in Subsection  
366 (8)(d).

367 (9) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(h) until a county has  
368 received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days  
369 to make the specified corrections.

370 (10) (a) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(i) until the state  
371 auditor receives a notice of non-registration, as that term is defined in Section 67-1a-15.

372 (b) If the state auditor receives a notice of non-registration, the state auditor may  
373 prohibit the local government entity or limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in  
374 Section 67-1a-15, from accessing:

375 (i) money held by the state; and

376 (ii) money held in an account of a financial institution by:

377 (A) contacting the entity's financial institution and requesting that the institution  
378 prohibit access to the account; or

379 (B) filing an action in district court requesting an order of the court to prohibit a  
380 financial institution from providing the entity access to an account.

381 (c) The state auditor shall remove the prohibition on accessing funds described in  
382 Subsection (10)(b) if the state auditor received a notice of registration, as that term is defined in  
383 Section 67-1a-15, from the lieutenant governor.

384 (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g), (7)(h), (7)(i), (8)(b), (8)(d), or (10)(b), the  
385 state auditor:

386 (a) shall authorize a disbursement by a local government entity or limited purpose  
387 entity, as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15, or a state or local taxing or fee-assessing  
388 unit if the disbursement is necessary to:

389 (i) avoid a major disruption in the operations of the local government entity, limited  
390 purpose entity, or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit; or

391 (ii) meet debt service obligations; and

392 (b) may authorize a disbursement by a local government entity, limited purpose entity,  
393 or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit as the state auditor determines is appropriate.

394 (12) (a) The state auditor may seek relief under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure to  
395 take temporary custody of public funds if an action is necessary to protect public funds from  
396 being improperly diverted from their intended public purpose.

397 (b) If the state auditor seeks relief under Subsection (12)(a):

398 (i) the state auditor is not required to exhaust the procedures in Subsection (7) or (8);  
399 and

400 (ii) the state treasurer may hold the public funds in accordance with Section 67-4-1 if a  
401 court orders the public funds to be protected from improper diversion from their public  
402 purpose.

403 (13) The state auditor shall:

404 (a) establish audit guidelines and procedures for audits of local mental health and  
405 substance abuse authorities and their contract providers, conducted pursuant to Title 17,  
406 Chapter 43, Part 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities, Title 17, Chapter 43, Part 3, Local  
407 Mental Health Authorities, Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political  
408 Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act, and Title 62A, Chapter  
409 15, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Act; and

410 (b) ensure that those guidelines and procedures provide assurances to the state that:

411 (i) state and federal funds appropriated to local mental health authorities are used for  
412 mental health purposes;

413 (ii) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide  
414 comprehensive mental health programs or services for a local mental health authority is in  
415 compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and federal law;

416 (iii) state and federal funds appropriated to local substance abuse authorities are used  
417 for substance abuse programs and services; and

418 (iv) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide  
419 comprehensive substance abuse programs or services for a local substance abuse authority is in

420 compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and federal law.

421 (14) The state auditor may, in accordance with the auditor's responsibilities for political  
422 subdivisions of the state as provided in Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political  
423 Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act, initiate audits or  
424 investigations of any political subdivision that are necessary to determine honesty and integrity  
425 in fiscal affairs, accuracy and reliability of financial statements, effectiveness, and adequacy of  
426 financial controls and compliance with the law.

427 (15) (a) The state auditor may not audit work that the state auditor performed before  
428 becoming state auditor.

429 (b) If the state auditor has previously been a responsible official in state government  
430 whose work has not yet been audited, the Legislature shall:

- 431 (i) designate how that work shall be audited; and
- 432 (ii) provide additional funding for those audits, if necessary.

433 (16) The state auditor shall:

434 (a) with the assistance, advice, and recommendations of an advisory committee  
435 appointed by the state auditor from among local district boards of trustees, officers, and  
436 employees and special service district boards, officers, and employees:

- 437 (i) prepare a Uniform Accounting Manual for Local Districts that:
  - 438 (A) prescribes a uniform system of accounting and uniform budgeting and reporting
  - 439 procedures for local districts under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities -
  - 440 Local Districts, and special service districts under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
  - 441 District Act;

- 442 (B) conforms with generally accepted accounting principles; and

- 443 (C) prescribes reasonable exceptions and modifications for smaller districts to the  
444 uniform system of accounting, budgeting, and reporting;

- 445 (ii) maintain the manual under this Subsection (16)(a) so that [it] the manual continues  
446 to reflect generally accepted accounting principles;

- 447 (iii) conduct a continuing review and modification of procedures in order to improve



448 them;

449 (iv) prepare and supply each district with suitable budget and reporting forms; and

450 (v) (A) prepare instructional materials, conduct training programs, and render other  
451 services considered necessary to assist local districts and special service districts in  
452 implementing the uniform accounting, budgeting, and reporting procedures; and

453 (B) ensure that any training described in Subsection (16)(a)(v)(A) complies with Title  
454 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements; and

455 (b) continually analyze and evaluate the accounting, budgeting, and reporting practices  
456 and experiences of specific local districts and special service districts selected by the state  
457 auditor and make the information available to all districts.

458 (17) (a) The following records in the custody or control of the state auditor are  
459 protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management  
460 Act:

461 (i) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal  
462 misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present governmental  
463 employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the state auditor through  
464 other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by  
465 the state auditor in preparing a final audit report;

466 (ii) records and audit workpapers to the extent [~~they~~] the workpapers would disclose  
467 the identity of [~~a person~~] an individual who during the course of an audit, communicated the  
468 existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or suspected  
469 violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political  
470 subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was  
471 disclosed on the condition that the identity of the [~~person~~] individual be protected;

472 (iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or drafts  
473 circulated to [~~a person~~] an individual who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity  
474 for [~~their~~] the individual's response or information;

475 (iv) records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit

476 program; and

477 (v) requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.

478 (b) The provisions of Subsections (17)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) do not prohibit the disclosure  
479 of records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity or  
480 employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.

481 (c) The provisions of this Subsection (17) do not limit the authority otherwise given to  
482 the state auditor to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected under Title  
483 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

484 (d) (i) As used in this Subsection (17)(d), "record dispute" means a dispute between the  
485 state auditor and the subject of an audit performed by the state auditor as to whether the state  
486 auditor may release a record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103, to the public that the state  
487 auditor gained access to in the course of the state auditor's audit but which the subject of the  
488 audit claims is not subject to disclosure under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records  
489 Access and Management Act.

490 (ii) The state auditor may submit a record dispute to the State Records Committee,  
491 created in Section 63G-2-501, for a determination of whether the state auditor may, in  
492 conjunction with the state auditor's release of an audit report, release to the public the record  
493 that is the subject of the record dispute.

494 (iii) The state auditor or the subject of the audit may seek judicial review of a State  
495 Records Committee determination under Subsection (17)(d)(ii), as provided in Section  
496 63G-2-404.

497 (18) If the state auditor conducts an audit of an entity that the state auditor has  
498 previously audited and finds that the entity has not implemented a recommendation made by  
499 the state auditor in a previous audit, the state auditor shall notify the Legislative Management  
500 Committee through [its] the Legislative Management Committee's audit subcommittee that the  
501 entity has not implemented that recommendation.

502 (19) The state auditor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the state  
503 privacy officer described in Section 67-3-12.

504 Section 7. Section **67-3-12** is enacted to read:

505 **67-3-12. State privacy officer.**

506 (1) As used in this section:

507 (a) "Designated government entity" means a government entity that is not a state  
508 agency.

509 (b) "Independent entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section [63E-1-102](#).

510 (c) (i) "Government entity" means the state, a county, a municipality, a higher  
511 education institution, a local district, a special service district, a school district, an independent  
512 entity, or any other political subdivision of the state or an administrative subunit of any  
513 political subdivision, including a law enforcement entity.

514 (ii) "Government entity" includes an agent of an entity described in Subsection  
515 (1)(c)(i).

516 (d) (i) "Personal data" means any information relating to an identified or identifiable  
517 individual.

518 (ii) "Personal data" includes personally identifying information.

519 (e) (i) "Privacy practice" means the acquisition, use, storage, or disposal of personal  
520 data.

521 (ii) "Privacy practice" includes:

522 (A) a technology use related to personal data; and

523 (B) policies related to the protection, storage, sharing, and retention of personal data.

524 (f) (i) "State agency" means the following entities that are under the direct supervision  
525 and control of the governor or the lieutenant governor:

526 (A) a department;

527 (B) a commission;

528 (C) a board;

529 (D) a council;

530 (E) an institution;

531 (F) an officer;

- 532           (G) a corporation;
- 533           (H) a fund;
- 534           (I) a division;
- 535           (J) an office;
- 536           (K) a committee;
- 537           (L) an authority;
- 538           (M) a laboratory;
- 539           (N) a library;
- 540           (O) a bureau;
- 541           (P) a panel;
- 542           (Q) another administrative unit of the state; or
- 543           (R) an agent of an entity described in Subsections (A) through (Q).
- 544           (ii) "State agency" does not include:
- 545           (A) the legislative branch;
- 546           (B) the judicial branch;
- 547           (C) an executive branch agency within the Office of the Attorney General, the state
- 548 auditor, the state treasurer, or the State Board of Education; or
- 549           (D) an independent entity.
- 550           (2) The state privacy officer shall:
- 551           (a) when completing the duties of this Subsection (2), focus on the privacy practices of
- 552 designated government entities;
- 553           (b) compile information about government privacy practices of designated government
- 554 entities;
- 555           (c) make public and maintain information about government privacy practices on the
- 556 state auditor's website;
- 557           (d) provide designated government entities with educational and training materials
- 558 developed by the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission established in Section [63C-23-201](#)
- 559 that include the information described in Subsection [63C-23-202\(1\)\(b\)](#);

- 560 (e) implement a process to analyze and respond to requests from individuals for the
- 561 state privacy officer to review a designated government entity's privacy practice;
- 562 (f) identify annually which designated government entities' privacy practices pose the
- 563 greatest risk to individual privacy and prioritize those privacy practices for review;
- 564 (g) review each year, in as timely a manner as possible, the privacy practices that the
- 565 privacy officer identifies under Subsection (2)(e) or (2)(f) as posing the greatest risk to
- 566 individuals' privacy;
- 567 (h) when reviewing a designated government entity's privacy practice under Subsection
- 568 (2)(g), analyze:
- 569 (i) details about the technology or the policy and the technology's or the policy's
- 570 application;
- 571 (ii) information about the type of data being used;
- 572 (iii) information about how the data is obtained, stored, shared, secured, and disposed;
- 573 (iv) information about with which persons the designated government entity shares the
- 574 information;
- 575 (v) information about whether an individual can or should be able to opt out of the
- 576 retention and sharing of the individual's data;
- 577 (vi) information about how the designated government entity de-identifies or
- 578 anonymizes data;
- 579 (vii) a determination about the existence of alternative technology or improved
- 580 practices to protect privacy; and
- 581 (viii) a finding of whether the designated government entity's current privacy practice
- 582 adequately protects individual privacy; and
- 583 (i) after completing a review described in Subsections (2)(g) and (h), determine:
- 584 (i) each designated government entity's use of personal data, including the designated
- 585 government entity's practices regarding data:
- 586 (A) acquisition;
- 587 (B) storage;

588 (C) disposal;

589 (D) protection; and

590 (E) sharing;

591 (ii) the adequacy of the designated government entity's practices in each of the areas  
592 described in Subsection (2)(i)(i); and

593 (iii) for each of the areas described in Subsection (2)(i)(i) that the state privacy officer  
594 determines to require reform, provide recommendations for reform to the designated  
595 government entity and the legislative body charged with regulating the designated government  
596 entity.

597 (3) (a) The legislative body charged with regulating a designated government entity  
598 that receives a recommendation described in Subsection (2)(i)(iii) shall hold a public hearing  
599 on the proposed reforms:

600 (i) with a quorum of the legislative body present; and

601 (ii) within 90 days after the day on which the legislative body receives the  
602 recommendation.

603 (b) (i) The legislative body shall provide notice of the hearing described in Subsection  
604 (3)(a).

605 (ii) Notice of the public hearing and the recommendations to be discussed shall be  
606 posted on:

607 (A) the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section [63F-1-701](#) for 30 days before  
608 the day on which the legislative body will hold the public hearing; and

609 (B) the website of the designated government entity that received a recommendation, if  
610 the designated government entity has a website, for 30 days before the day on which the  
611 legislative body will hold the public hearing.

612 (iii) Each notice required under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall:

613 (A) identify the recommendations to be discussed; and

614 (B) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing.

615 (c) During the hearing described in Subsection (3)(a), the legislative body shall:

616 (i) provide the public the opportunity to ask questions and obtain further information  
617 about the recommendations; and

618 (ii) provide any interested person an opportunity to address the legislative body with  
619 concerns about the recommendations.

620 (d) At the conclusion of the hearing, the legislative body shall determine whether the  
621 legislative body shall adopt reforms to address the recommendations and any concerns raised  
622 during the public hearing.

623 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if the government operations privacy  
624 officer described in Section 67-1-17 is not conducting reviews of the privacy practices of state  
625 agencies, the state privacy officer may review the privacy practices of a state agency in  
626 accordance with the processes described in this section.

627 (b) Subsection (3) does not apply to a state agency.

628 (5) The state privacy officer shall:

629 (a) quarterly report, to the Personal Privacy Oversight Commission:

630 (i) recommendations for privacy practices for the commission to review; and

631 (ii) the information provided in Subsection (2)(i); and

632 (b) annually, on or before October 1, report to the Judiciary Interim Committee:

633 (i) the results of any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g), if any reviews have been  
634 completed;

635 (ii) reforms, to the extent that the state privacy officer is aware of any reforms, that the  
636 designated government entity made in response to any reviews described in Subsection (2)(g);

637 (iii) the information described in Subsection (2)(i); and

638 (iv) recommendations for legislation based on any results of a review described in  
639 Subsection (2)(g).