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2	2017 GENERAL SESSION					
	STATE OF UTAH					
4	Chief Sponsor: Lee B. Perry					
5	Senate Sponsor:					
6 7	LONG TITLE					
8	General Description:					
9	This bill modifies the requirements for disposition of criminal domestic violence cases,					
0	modifies notification requirements when a prohibited person attempts to purchase a					
1	firearm, and modifies weapons law exemptions.					
2	Highlighted Provisions:					
3	This bill:					
4	<ul> <li>states that certain concealed carry prohibitions do not apply to an individual 21</li> </ul>					
5	years of age or older who may lawfully possess a firearm;					
6	<ul> <li>requires a court to impose a protective order on a perpetrator of domestic violence</li> </ul>					
7	as a condition of probation or plea in abeyance that puts the perpetrator on notice					
8	that the perpetrator is prohibited from possessing a firearm under state and federal					
9	law, among other requirements;					
0	<ul> <li>requires the Bureau of Criminal Identification to inform local law enforcement</li> </ul>					
1	when a prohibited person attempts to purchase a weapon from a firearms dealer;					
2	<ul> <li>enhances the level of offense for domestic violence when the perpetrator is in</li> </ul>					
23	possession of a dangerous weapon to a class A misdemeanor; and					
24	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>					
5	Money Appropriated in this Bill:					
6	None					
7	Other Special Clauses:					

FIREARMS AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE MODIFICATIONS



	None				
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>				
AMENDS:					
	76-10-523, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 248				
	76-10-526, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 226				
	77-36-1.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 426				
	77-36-5.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 384				
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
	Section 1. Section 76-10-523 is amended to read:				
	76-10-523. Persons exempt from weapons laws.				
	(1) Except for Sections 76-10-506, 76-10-508, and 76-10-508.1, this part and Title 53,				
	Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Firearm Act, do not apply to any of the following:				
	(a) a United States marshal;				
	(b) a federal official required to carry a firearm;				
	(c) a peace officer of this or any other jurisdiction;				
	(d) a law enforcement official as defined and qualified under Section 53-5-711;				
	(e) a judge as defined and qualified under Section 53-5-711; or				
	(f) a common carrier while engaged in the regular and ordinary transport of firearms as				
	merchandise.				
	(2) The provisions of Subsections 76-10-504(1) and (2), and Section 76-10-505 do not				
	apply to any person to whom a permit to carry a concealed firearm has been issued:				
	(a) pursuant to Section 53-5-704; or				
	(b) by another state or county.				
	(3) Except for Sections 76-10-503, 76-10-506, 76-10-508, and 76-10-508.1, this part				
	and Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Firearm Act, do not apply to a nonresident traveling				
	in or though the state, provided that any firearm is:				
	(a) unloaded; and				
	(b) securely encased as defined in Section 76-10-501.				
	(4) Subsection 76-10-504(1) does not apply to a person 21 years of age or older who				
	may lawfully possess a firearm.				

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59	Section 2. Section <b>76-10-526</b> is amended to read:				
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	76-10-526. Criminal background check before purchase of a firearm Fee				
61	Exemption for concealed firearm permit holders and law enforcement officers.				
62	(1) For purposes of this section, "valid permit to carry a concealed firearm" does not				
63	include a temporary permit issued under Section 53-5-705.				
64	(2) (a) To establish personal identification and residence in this state for purposes of				
65	this part, a dealer shall require an individual receiving a firearm to present one photo				
66	identification on a form issued by a governmental agency of the state.				
67	(b) A dealer may not accept a driving privilege card issued under Section 53-3-207 as				
68	proof of identification for the purpose of establishing personal identification and residence in				
69	this state as required under this Subsection (2).				
70	(3) (a) A criminal history background check is required for the sale of a firearm by a				
71	licensed firearm dealer in the state.				
72	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to the sale of a firearm to a Federal Firearms				
73	Licensee.				
74	(4) (a) An individual purchasing a firearm from a dealer shall consent in writing to a				
75	criminal background check, on a form provided by the bureau.				
76	(b) The form shall contain the following information:				
77	(i) the dealer identification number;				
78	(ii) the name and address of the individual receiving the firearm;				
79	(iii) the date of birth, height, weight, eye color, and hair color of the individual				
80	receiving the firearm; and				
81	(iv) the Social Security number or any other identification number of the individual				
82	receiving the firearm.				
83	(5) (a) The dealer shall send the information required by Subsection (4) to the bureau				
84	immediately upon its receipt by the dealer.				
85	(b) A dealer may not sell or transfer a firearm to an individual until the dealer has				
86	provided the bureau with the information in Subsection (4) and has received approval from the				
87	bureau under Subsection (7).				

(6) The dealer shall make a request for criminal history background information by

telephone or other electronic means to the bureau and shall receive approval or denial of the

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90 inquiry by telephone or other electronic means.

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(7) When the dealer calls for or requests a criminal history background check, the bureau shall:

- (a) review the criminal history files, including juvenile court records, to determine if the individual is prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transferring a firearm by state or federal law;
  - (b) inform the dealer that:
  - (i) the records indicate the individual is prohibited; or
  - (ii) the individual is approved for purchasing, possessing, or transferring a firearm;
    - (c) provide the dealer with a unique transaction number for that inquiry; and
- (d) provide a response to the requesting dealer during the call for a criminal background check, or by return call, or other electronic means, without delay, except in case of electronic failure or other circumstances beyond the control of the bureau, the bureau shall advise the dealer of the reason for the delay and give the dealer an estimate of the length of the delay.
- (8) (a) The bureau may not maintain any records of the criminal history background check longer than 20 days from the date of the dealer's request, if the bureau determines that the individual receiving the firearm is not prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transferring the firearm under state or federal law.
- (b) [However,] Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), the bureau shall maintain a log of requests containing the dealer's federal firearms number, the transaction number, and the transaction date for a period of 12 months.
- (9) If the criminal history background check discloses information indicating that the individual attempting to purchase the firearm is prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transferring a firearm, the bureau shall:
- (a) within 30 minutes of determining the purchaser is prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transferring a firearm, and before informing the dealer as described in Subsection (7)(b), notify the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction where the dealer is located; and
  - (b) inform the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the individual resides.
- 120 (10) If an individual is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, the

individual may review the individual's criminal history information and may challenge or amend the information as provided in Section 53-10-108.

- (11) The bureau shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to ensure the identity, confidentiality, and security of all records provided by the bureau under this part are in conformance with the requirements of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act, Pub. L. No. 103-159, 107 Stat. 1536 (1993).
- (12) (a) (i) A dealer shall collect a criminal history background check fee of \$7.50 for the sale of a firearm under this section.
- (ii) This fee remains in effect until changed by the bureau through the process under Section 63J-1-504.
- (b) (i) The dealer shall forward at one time all fees collected for criminal history background checks performed during the month to the bureau by the last day of the month following the sale of a firearm.
- (ii) The bureau shall deposit the fees in the General Fund as dedicated credits to cover the cost of administering and conducting the criminal history background check program.
- (13) An individual with a concealed firearm permit issued under Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Firearm Act, is exempt from the background check and corresponding fee required in this section for the purchase of a firearm if:
- (a) the individual presents the individual's concealed firearm permit to the dealer prior to purchase of the firearm; and
- (b) the dealer verifies with the bureau that the individual's concealed firearm permit is valid.
- (14) (a) A law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103, is exempt from the background check fee required in this section for the purchase of a personal firearm to be carried while off-duty if the law enforcement officer verifies current employment by providing a letter of good standing from the officer's commanding officer and current law enforcement photo identification. [This section]
- (b) Subsection (14)(a) may only be used by a law enforcement officer to purchase a personal firearm once in a 24-month period.
- 150 (15) (a) A dealer may participate in the redeemable coupon program described in this 151 Subsection (15) and Subsection 53-10-202(18).

152	(b) A participating dealer shall:				
153	(i) accept the redeemable coupon only from the individual whose name is on the				
154	coupon and apply it only toward the purchase of a gun safe;				
155	(ii) collect the receipts from the purchase of gun safes using the redeemable coupon				
156	and send them to the Bureau of Criminal Identification for redemption; and				
157	(iii) make the firearm safety brochure described in Subsection 53-10-202(18) available				
158	to customers free of charge.				
159	Section 3. Section 77-36-1.1 is amended to read:				
160	77-36-1.1. Enhancement of offense and penalty for subsequent domestic violence				
161	offenses.				
162	(1) For purposes of this section, "qualifying domestic violence offense" means:				
163	(a) a domestic violence offense in Utah; or				
164	(b) an offense in any other state, or in any district, possession, or territory of the United				
165	States, that would be a domestic violence offense under Utah law.				
166	(2) A person who is convicted of a domestic violence offense is:				
167	(a) guilty of a class B misdemeanor if:				
168	(i) the domestic violence offense described in this Subsection (2) is designated by law				
169	as a class C misdemeanor; and				
170	(ii) (A) the domestic violence offense described in this Subsection (2) is committed				
171	within five years after the person is convicted of a qualifying domestic violence offense; or				
172	(B) the person is convicted of the domestic violence offense described in this				
173	Subsection (2) within five years after the person is convicted of a qualifying domestic violence				
174	offense;				
175	(b) guilty of a class A misdemeanor if:				
176	(i) the domestic violence offense described in this Subsection (2) is designated by law				
177	as a class B misdemeanor; and				
178	(ii) (A) the domestic violence offense described in this Subsection (2) is committed				
179	within five years after the person is convicted of a qualifying domestic violence offense; [or]				
180	(B) the person is convicted of the domestic violence offense described in this				
181	Subsection (2) within five years after the person is convicted of a qualifying domestic violence				
182	offense; or				

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183	(C) the domestic violence was committed while the perpetrator was in possession of a					
184	firearm or dangerous weapon; or					
185	(c) guilty of a felony of the third degree if:					
186	(i) the domestic violence offense described in this Subsection (2) is designated by law					
187	as a class A misdemeanor; and					
188	(ii) (A) the domestic violence offense described in this Subsection (2) is committed					
189	within five years after the person is convicted of a qualifying domestic violence offense; or					
190	(B) the person is convicted of the domestic violence offense described in this					
191	Subsection (2) within five years after the person is convicted of a qualifying domestic violence					
192	offense.					
193	Section 4. Section 77-36-5.1 is amended to read:					
194	77-36-5.1. Conditions of probation for person convicted of domestic violence					
195	offense.					
196	(1) Before any perpetrator who has been convicted of a domestic violence offense may					
197	be placed on probation, the court shall consider the safety and protection of the victim and any					
198	member of the victim's family or household.					
199	(2) The court [may] shall condition probation or a plea in abeyance on the perpetrator's					
200	compliance with one or more orders of the court, which may include a sentencing protective					
201	order:					
202	(a) prohibiting the perpetrator from purchasing, using, or possessing a firearm or other					
203	specified weapon;					
204	(b) requiring the perpetrator to:					
205	(i) surrender or dispose of any weapons the perpetrator owns or possesses, so the					
206	perpetrator no longer has possession or control of a weapon or ammunition; and					
207	(ii) certify compliance with Subsection (2)(b)(i) by affidavit filed in the court within 72					
208	hours of the imposition of the court's order; and					
209	(c) notifying the perpetrator that the perpetrator is subject to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 922(g) and					
210	may not:					
211	(i) lawfully ship or transport in interstate or foreign commerce, or possess in or					
212	affecting commerce, any firearm or ammunition; or					
213	(ii) receive any firearm or ammunition that has been shipped or transported in interstate					

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215 (3) In addition to the conditions described in Subsection (2), the court may also issue 216 an order:

- (a) enjoining the perpetrator from threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic violence against the victim or other family or household member;
- (b) prohibiting the perpetrator from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the victim, directly or indirectly;
- (c) requiring the perpetrator to stay away from the victim's residence, school, place of employment, and the premises of any of these, or a specified place frequented regularly by the victim or any designated family or household member;
- (d) prohibiting the perpetrator from possessing or consuming alcohol or controlled substances;
- (e) prohibiting the perpetrator from purchasing, using, or possessing a firearm or other specified weapon;
- (f) directing the perpetrator to surrender any weapons the perpetrator owns or possesses;
- (g) directing the perpetrator to participate in and complete, to the satisfaction of the court, a program of intervention for perpetrators, treatment for alcohol or substance abuse, or psychiatric or psychological treatment;
  - (h) directing the perpetrator to pay restitution to the victim; and
- (i) imposing any other condition necessary to protect the victim and any other designated family or household member or to rehabilitate the perpetrator.
- [(3)] (4) The perpetrator is responsible for the costs of any condition of probation, according to the perpetrator's ability to pay.
- [(4)] (5) (a) Adult Probation and Parole, or other provider, shall immediately report to the court and notify the victim of any offense involving domestic violence committed by the perpetrator, the perpetrator's failure to comply with any condition imposed by the court, and any violation of any sentencing criminal protective order issued by the court.
- (b) Notification of the victim under Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) shall consist of a good faith reasonable effort to provide prompt notification, including mailing a copy of the notification to the last-known address of the victim.

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[(5)] (6) The court shall transmit all dismissals, terminations, and expirations of
pretrial and sentencing criminal protective orders issued by the court to the statewide domestic
violence network.

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