1	HEMP AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Jennifer Dailey-Provost
5	Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to hemp.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	modifies definitions;
14	 allows the Department of Agriculture and Food (department) to require the
15	registration of non-cannabinoid hemp products;
16	 creates an industrial hemp producer registration process;
17	 prohibits the sale of a cannabinoid product that contains THC or a THC analog to an
18	individual who is not at least 21 years old;
19	 allows a cannabinoid processor to produce products that may not be sold in the
20	state;
21	requires a warning label to be added to all cannabinoid products that are designed to
22	be inhaled;
23	expands the authority of the department to keep certain fines;
24	authorizes rulemaking for the department:
25	• to test a cannabinoid processor's cannabinoid at the processor's expense; and
26	• to ban or limit the presence of a substance if the department receives a
27	recommendation from the public health authority; and
28	makes technical changes.

9	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
)	None
l	Other Special Clauses:
2	None
3	Utah Code Sections Affected:
4	AMENDS:
5	4-41-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 74, 290
6	4-41-103.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 74
7	4-41-103.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 74
8	4-41-103.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 290
)	4-41-103.4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 290
\mathbf{C}	4-41-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 74
l	4-41-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 74, 290 and last amended
2	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 74
3	4-41-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 74
4	4-41-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 290
5	4-41-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 74
6	ENACTS:
7	4-41-103.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
})	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
)	Section 1. Section 4-41-102 is amended to read:
l	4-41-102. Definitions.
2	As used in this chapter:
3	(1) "Adulterant" means any poisonous or deleterious substance in a quantity that may
4	be injurious to human health, including:
5	(a) pesticides;

56	(b) heavy metals;
57	(c) solvents;
58	(d) microbial life;
59	(e) artificially derived cannabinoids;
60	(f) toxins; or
61	(g) foreign matter.
62	(2) (a) "Artificially derived cannabinoid" means a chemical substance that is created by
63	a chemical reaction that changes the molecular structure of any chemical substances derived
64	from the cannabis plant.
65	(b) "Artificially derived cannabinoid" does not include:
66	(i) a naturally occurring chemical substance that is separated from the cannabis plant
67	by a chemical or mechanical extraction process; or
68	(ii) cannabinoids that are produced by decarboxylation from a naturally occurring
69	cannabinoid acid without the use of a chemical catalyst.
70	(3) "Cannabidiol" or "CBD" means the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 13956-29-1.
71	[(2)] (4) "Cannabidiolic acid" or "CBDA" means the cannabinoid identified as CAS#
72	1244-58-2.
73	(5) "Cannabinoid processor license" means a license that the department issues to a
74	person for the purpose of processing a cannabinoid product.
75	[(3)] (6) "Cannabinoid product" means a product that:
76	(a) contains or is represented to contain one or more naturally occurring cannabinoids;
77	[and]
78	(b) contains less than the cannabinoid product THC level, by dry weight; [and]
79	(c) [after December 1, 2022,] contains a combined amount of total THC and any THC
80	analog that does not exceed 10% of the total cannabinoid content[-]; and
81	(d) does not exceed a total of THC and any THC analog that is greater than:
82	(i) 5 milligrams per serving; and

83	(11) 150 milligrams per package.
84	(7) "Cannabinoid product class" means a group of cannabinoid products that:
85	(a) have all ingredients in common; and
86	(b) are produced by or for the same company.
87	[(4)] (8) "Cannabinoid product THC level" means a combined concentration of total
88	THC and any THC analog of less than 0.3% on a dry weight basis if laboratory testing confirms
89	a result within a measurement of uncertainty that includes the combined concentration of 0.3%
90	[(5)] (9) "Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol" or "delta-9-THC" means the cannabinoid
91	identified as CAS# 1972-08-3, the primary psychotropic cannabinoid in cannabis.
92	[(6) "Derivative cannabinoid" means any cannabinoid that has been intentionally
93	created using a process to convert one cannabinoid into another.]
94	[(7) "Dosage form" means the form in which a product is produced for individual
95	dosage and that is not specified as unlawful in this chapter.]
96	[8] (10) "Industrial hemp" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or
97	not, with a concentration of less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.
98	[9] (11) "Industrial hemp laboratory permit" means a permit that the department
99	issues to a laboratory qualified to test industrial hemp [under the state hemp production plan].
100	[(10)] (12) "Industrial hemp producer [license] registration" means a [license]
101	registration that the department issues to a person for the purpose of processing industrial hemp
102	or an industrial hemp product.
103	$[\frac{(11)}{(13)}]$ "Industrial hemp retailer permit" means a permit that the department issues
104	to a retailer who sells any <u>viable</u> industrial hemp [product] seed or cannabinoid product.
105	[(12)] (14) (a) "Industrial hemp product" means a product [derived from, or made by,]
106	made by processing industrial hemp plants or industrial hemp parts.
107	(b) "Industrial hemp product" does not include cannabinoid material.
108	(15) "Key participant" means any of the following:
109	(a) a licensee;

110	(b) an operation manager;
111	(c) a site manager; or
112	(d) an employee who has access to any industrial hemp material with a THC
113	concentration above 0.3%.
114	[(13) "Industrial hemp product class" means a group of cannabinoid products:]
115	[(a) that have all ingredients in common; and]
116	[(b) are produced by or for the same company.]
117	[(14) (a) "Key participant" means any person who has a financial interest in the
118	business entity, including members of a limited liability company, a sole proprietor, partners in
119	a partnership, and incorporators or directors of a corporation.]
120	[(b) "Key participant" includes an:]
121	[(i) individual at an executive level, including a chief executive officer, chief operating
122	officer, or chief financial officer; and]
123	[(ii) operation manager, site manager, or any employee who may present a risk of
124	diversion.]
125	[(15)] (16) "Laboratory permittee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp
126	laboratory permit that the department issues under this chapter.
127	$[\frac{16}{16}]$ "Licensee" means a person possessing [an industrial hemp producer] <u>a</u>
128	cannabinoid processor license that the department issues under this chapter.
129	[(17)] (18) "Non-compliant material" means:
130	(a) a hemp plant that does not comply with this chapter, including a cannabis plant
131	with a concentration of 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol or greater by dry weight; and
132	(b) a cannabinoid product, chemical, or compound with a concentration that exceeds
133	the cannabinoid product THC level.
134	[(18)] (19) "Permittee" means a person possessing a permit that the department issues
135	under this chapter.
136	[(19)] <u>(20)</u> "Person" means:

137	(a) an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited liability company, or
138	corporation; and
139	(b) an agent or employee of an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited
140	liability company, or corporation.
141	[(20)] (21) "Retailer permittee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp retailer
142	permit that the department issues under this chapter.
143	[(21) "Synthetic cannabinoid" means any cannabinoid that:]
144	[(a) was chemically synthesized from starting materials other than a naturally occurring
145	cannabinoid; and]
146	[(b) is not a derivative cannabinoid.]
147	(22) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol, the
148	cannabinoid identified as CAS# 1972-08-3.
149	(23) (a) "THC analog" means a substance that is structurally or pharmacologically
150	substantially similar to, or is represented as being similar to, delta-9-THC.
151	(b) "THC analog" does not include the following substances or the naturally occurring
152	acid forms of the following substances:
153	(i) cannabichromene (CBC), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 20675-51-8;
154	(ii) cannabicyclol (CBL), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 21366-63-2;
155	(iii) cannabidiol (CBD), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 13956-29-1;
156	(iv) cannabidivarol (CBDV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 24274-48-4;
157	(v) cannabielsoin (CBE), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 52025-76-0;
158	(vi) cannabigerol (CBG), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 25654-31-3;
159	(vii) cannabigerovarin (CBGV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 55824-11-8;
160	(viii) cannabinol (CBN), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 521-35-7;
161	(ix) cannabivarin (CBV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 33745-21-0; or
162	(x) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabivarin (THCV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS#
163	31262-37-0.

164	(24) "Total cannabidiol" or "total CBD" means the combined amounts of cannabidiol
165	and cannabidiolic acid, calculated as "total CBD = CBD + (CBDA \times 0.877)".
166	(25) "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" or "total THC" means the sum of the determined
167	amounts of delta-9-THC, tertrahydrocannabinolic acid, calculated as "total THC = delta-9-THC
168	+ (THCA x 0.877)".
169	Section 2. Section 4-41-103.1 is amended to read:
170	4-41-103.1. Authority to regulate production, sale, and testing of cannabinoid
171	products and industrial hemp.
172	(1) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
173	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
174	(a) establish requirements for [an industrial hemp producer] a cannabinoid processor
175	license to process [industrial hemp] cannabinoid products;
176	(b) establish requirements for an industrial hemp retailer permit to market or sell
177	industrial hemp products; [and]
178	(c) establish the standards, methods, practices, and procedures a laboratory must use to
179	qualify for a permit to test industrial hemp and [industrial hemp] cannabinoid products and to
180	dispose of non-compliant material[:]; and
181	(d) establish requirements for registration of processors of non-cannabinoid industrial
182	hemp products.
183	(2) The department shall maintain a list of each licensee and permittee.
184	Section 3. Section 4-41-103.2 is amended to read:
185	4-41-103.2. Cannabinoid processor license.
186	(1) The department or a licensee of the department may process [industrial hemp] \underline{a}
187	cannabinoid product.
188	(2) A person seeking [an industrial hemp producer] a cannabinoid processor license
189	shall provide to the department:
190	(a) the legal description and global positioning coordinates sufficient for locating the

191	facility the person uses to process industrial hemp; and
192	(b) written consent allowing a representative of the department and local law
193	enforcement to enter all premises where the person processes or stores industrial hemp for the
194	purpose of:
195	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
196	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
197	(3) An individual who has been convicted of a drug-related felony within the last 10
198	years is not eligible to obtain [an industrial hemp producer] a cannabinoid processor license.
199	(4) The department may set a fee in accordance with Subsection 4-2-103(2) for the
200	application for [an industrial hemp producer] a cannabinoid processor license.
201	(5) A licensee may only market [industrial hemp] a cannabinoid product that the
202	licensee [cultivates or] processes.
203	(6) (a) Each applicant for a license to process [industrial hemp] cannabinoid products
204	shall submit to the department, at the time of application, from each key participant:
205	(i) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety;
206	(ii) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) acknowledging the
207	registration of the individual's fingerprints in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
208	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service; and
209	(iii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
210	(A) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
211	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
212	(b) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
213	(i) check the fingerprints the applicant submits under Subsection (6)(a) against the
214	applicable state, regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal
215	Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System;
216	(ii) report the results of the background check to the department;
217	(iii) maintain a separate file of fingerprints that applicants submit under Subsection

218	(6)(a) for search by future submissions to the local and regional criminal records databases,
219	including latent prints;
220	(iv) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
221	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to
222	national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification System and
223	latent prints; and
224	(v) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the department only
225	receives notifications for an individual with whom the department maintains an authorizing
226	relationship.
227	(c) The department shall:
228	(i) assess an individual who submits fingerprints under Subsection (6)(a) a fee in an
229	amount that the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for the services that the
230	Bureau of Criminal Identification or another authorized agency provides under this section; and
231	(ii) remit the fee described in Subsection (6)(c)(i) to the Bureau of Criminal
232	Identification.
233	Section 4. Section 4-41-103.3 is amended to read:
234	4-41-103.3. Industrial hemp retailer permit.
235	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a retailer permittee of the department may
236	market or sell [industrial hemp products] a cannabinoid product or a viable industrial hemp
237	seed.
238	(2) A person seeking an industrial hemp retailer permit shall provide to the department
239	(a) the name of the person that is seeking to market or sell [an industrial hemp product]
240	a cannabinoid product or a viable industrial hemp seed;
241	(b) the address of each location where [the industrial hemp product] a cannabinoid
242	product or a viable industrial hemp seed will be sold; and
243	(c) written consent allowing a representative of the department to enter all premises
244	where the person is selling [an industrial hemp product] a cannabinoid product or a viable

245	industrial hemp seed for the purpose of:
246	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
247	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
248	(3) The department may set a fee in accordance with Subsection 4-2-103(2) for the
249	application for an industrial hemp retailer permit.
250	(4) Any marketing for [an industrial hemp product] a cannabinoid product or a viable
251	industrial hemp seed shall include a notice to consumers that the product is hemp and is not
252	cannabis or medical cannabis, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102.
253	Section 5. Section 4-41-103.4 is amended to read:
254	4-41-103.4. Industrial hemp laboratory permit.
255	(1) The department or a laboratory permittee of the department may test industrial
256	hemp and [industrial hemp] cannabinoid products.
257	(2) The department or a laboratory permittee of the department may dispose of
258	non-compliant material.
259	(3) A laboratory seeking an industrial hemp laboratory permit shall:
260	(a) demonstrate to the department that:
261	(i) the laboratory and laboratory staff possess the professional certifications required by
262	department rule;
263	(ii) the laboratory has the ability to test industrial hemp and industrial hemp products
264	using the standards, methods, practices, and procedures required by department rule;
265	(iii) the laboratory has the ability to meet the department's minimum standards of
266	performance for detecting concentration levels of THC and any cannabinoid known to be
267	present; and
268	(iv) the laboratory has a plan that complies with the department's rule for the safe
269	disposal of non-compliant material; and
270	(b) provide to the department written consent allowing a representative of the
271	department and local law enforcement to enter all premises where the laboratory tests.

272	processes, or stores industrial hemp, industrial hemp products, and non-compliant plants for the
273	purpose of:
274	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
275	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
276	(4) An individual who has been convicted of a drug-related felony within the last 10
277	years is not eligible to obtain a license under this chapter.
278	(5) The department may set a fee in accordance with Subsection 4-2-103(2) for the
279	application for an industrial hemp laboratory permit.
280	Section 6. Section 4-41-103.5 is enacted to read:
281	4-41-103.5. Industrial hemp producer registration Limitation on industrial
282	hemp product use.
283	(1) A person may produce an industrial hemp product if the person has registered with
284	the department as an industrial hemp producer.
285	(2) A person seeking to register under Subsection (1) shall provide to the department:
286	(a) the name of the person that is seeking to produce an industrial hemp product;
287	(b) the address of each location where the industrial hemp product will be
288	manufactured; and
289	(c) written consent allowing a representative of the department to enter any premise
290	where the person is manufacturing industrial hemp product for:
291	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
292	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
293	(3) An industrial hemp product or byproduct may not be used for production of a
294	cannabinoid product.
295	Section 7. Section 4-41-104 is amended to read:
296	4-41-104. Product registration required for distribution Application Fees
297	Renewal.
298	(1) [An industrial hemp] A cannabinoid product class or cannabinoid product that is

not registered with the department may not be distributed in this state.

- (2) A person seeking registration for [an industrial hemp] a cannabinoid product class or cannabinoid product shall:
 - (a) apply to the department on forms provided by the department; and
- (b) submit an annual registration fee, determined by the department pursuant to Subsection 4-2-103(2), for each [industrial hemp] cannabinoid product class or cannabinoid product the person intends to distribute in this state.
- (3) The department may conduct tests, or require test results, to ensure that any claim made by an applicant about [an industrial hemp] a cannabinoid product class or cannabinoid product is accurate.
- (4) Upon receipt by the department of a proper application and payment of the appropriate fee, as described in Subsection (2), the department shall issue a registration to the applicant allowing the applicant to distribute the registered [industrial hemp] cannabinoid product class or cannabinoid product in the state for one year from the date of the payment of the fee, subject to suspension or revocation for cause.
- (5) The department shall mail, either through the postal service or electronically, forms for the renewal of a registration to a registrant at least 30 days before the day on which the registrant's registration expires.
 - Section 8. Section **4-41-105** is amended to read:

4-41-105. Unlawful acts.

- (1) It is unlawful for a person to handle, process, or market living industrial hemp plants, viable hemp seeds, leaf materials, or floral materials derived from industrial hemp without the appropriate license or permit issued by the department under this chapter.
 - (2) It is unlawful for any person to:
- 323 (a) distribute, sell, or market [an industrial hemp product or] <u>a</u> cannabinoid product 324 that is:
 - (i) not registered with the department under Section 4-41-104; or

326	(ii) noncompliant material;
327	(b) transport into or out of the state extracted material or final product that contains
328	0.3% or more of total THC; [or]
329	(c) [produce, sell,] sell or use a cannabinoid product that is:
330	(i) added to a conventional food or beverage, as the department further defines in rules
331	described in Section 4-41-403;
332	(ii) marketed or manufactured to be enticing to children, as further defined in rules
333	described in Section 4-41-403; or
334	(iii) smokable flower[:]; or
335	(d) knowingly or intentionally sell or give a cannabinoid product that contains THC or
336	a THC analog in the course of business to an individual who is not at least 21 years old.
337	(3) The department may seize and destroy non-compliant material.
338	(4) Nothing in this chapter authorizes any person to violate federal law, regulation, or
339	any provision of this title.
340	Section 9. Section 4-41-106 is amended to read:
341	4-41-106. Enforcement Fine Citation.
342	(1) If a person violates this part, the department may:
343	(a) revoke the person's license or permit;
344	(b) decline to renew the person's license or permit; or
345	(c) assess the person a civil penalty that the department establishes in accordance with
346	Section 4-2-304.
347	(2) Except for a fine that the department assesses for an [unlicensed processor or
348	unregistered product] unlicensed processor, an unregistered product, or the sale of a
349	cannabinoid product to an individual younger than 21 years old, the department shall deposit a
350	penalty imposed under this section into the General Fund.
351	(3) The department may take an action described in Subsection (4) if the department
352	concludes, upon investigation, that a person has violated this chapter, a rule made under this

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353	chapter, or an order issued under this chapter.
354	(4) If the department makes the conclusion described in Subsection (3), the department
355	shall:
356	(a) issue the person a written administrative citation;
357	(b) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement;
358	(c) seize, embargo, or destroy the industrial hemp batch or unregistered product;
359	(d) order the person to cease the violation; and
360	(e) if a stipulated settlement cannot be reached, conduct an adjudicative proceeding
361	under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
362	(5) The department may, for a person, other than an individual, that is subject to an
363	uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative
364	proceeding under this section, for a fine amount not already specified in law, assess the person
365	a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation, in accordance with a fine schedule that the department
366	establishes by rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
367	Act.
368	(6) The department may not revoke [an industrial hemp producer's] a cannabinoid
369	processor license, an industrial hemp retailer's permit, or an industrial hemp laboratory permit
370	without first giving the person the opportunity to appear before an adjudicative proceeding
371	conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
372	(7) If, within 30 calendar days after the day on which a department serves a citation for
373	a violation of this chapter, the person that is the subject of the citation fails to request a hearing
374	to contest the citation, the citation becomes the department's final order.
375	(8) The department may, for a person who fails to comply with a citation under this
376	section:
377	(a) refuse to issue or renew the person's [producer] processor license, retailer permit, or
378	laboratory permit: or

(b) suspend, revoke, or place on probation the person's [producer] processor license,

380	retailer permit, or laboratory permit.
381	Section 10. Section 4-41-402 is amended to read:
382	4-41-402. Cannabinoid sales and use authorized.
383	(1) The sale or use of a cannabinoid product is prohibited:
384	(a) except as provided in this chapter; or
385	(b) unless the United States Food and Drug Administration approves the product.
386	(2) The department shall keep a list of registered cannabinoid products that the
387	department has determined, in accordance with Section 4-41-403, are safe for human
388	consumption.
389	(3) (a) A person may sell or use a cannabinoid product that is in the list of registered
390	cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2).
391	(b) An individual may use cannabidiol or a cannabidiol product that is not in the list of
392	registered cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2) if:
393	(i) the individual purchased the product outside the state; and
394	(ii) the product's contents do not violate Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
395	Substances Act.
396	(4) Any marketing for a cannabinoid product shall include a notice to consumers that
397	the product is hemp or CBD and is not cannabis or medical cannabis, as those terms are
398	defined in Section 26-61a-102.
399	(5) A cannabinoid product that is designed to be inhaled shall include a warning on the
400	label regarding the possible health effects of inhaling cannabinoid products.
401	Section 11. Section 4-41-403 is amended to read:
402	4-41-403. Standards for registration.
403	(1) (a) The department shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
404	Administrative Rulemaking Act:
405	(i) to determine standards for a registered cannabinoid product, including standards for
406	(A) testing to ensure the product is safe for human consumption; and

407	(B) accurate labeling;
408	(ii) governing an entity that manufactures cannabinoid products, including standards
409	for health and safety;
410	(iii) to determine when and how a cannabinoid processor's cannabinoid must be tested
411	by the department at the expense of the cannabinoid processor;
412	[(iii)] (iv) regarding what constitutes:
413	(A) a conventional food or beverage; and
414	(B) a product that is marketed or manufactured to be enticing to children; and
415	[(iv)] (v) regarding any other issue the department considers necessary for the safe
416	production and sale of cannabinoid products.
417	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the department may not prohibit a sugar coating
418	on a cannabinoid product to mask the product's taste, subject to the limitations described in
419	Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a)(iii) \text{ or } (iv)}{(1)(a)(iv) \text{ or } (v)}]$.
420	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
421	department may make rules to immediately ban or limit the presence of any substance in a
422	cannabinoid product after receiving a recommendation to do so from a public health authority
423	as defined in Section 26B-1-102.
424	[(2)] (3) The department shall set a fee for a registered cannabinoid product, in
425	accordance with Section 4-2-103.
426	[(3)] (4) (a) A producer, manufacturer, or distributor of a cannabinoid product may pay
427	the fee described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{3}]$.
428	(b) A cannabinoid product may not be registered with the department until the fee
429	described in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) is paid.
430	[(4)] (5) The department shall set an administrative fine, larger than the fee described
431	in Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) , for a person who sells a cannabinoid product that is not registered by
432	the department.