1	INCENTIV	E FOR EFFECTIVE TEAC	HERS IN HIGH
2		<b>POVERTY SCHOOLS</b>	
3		2017 GENERAL SESSION	
4		STATE OF UTAH	
5		Chief Sponsor: Mike Wine	der
6		Senate Sponsor:	
7	Cosponsors:	Adam Gardiner	Val K. Potter
8	Stewart E. Barlow	Stephen G. Handy	Susan Pulsipher
9	Walt Brooks	Eric K. Hutchings	V. Lowry Snow
10	LaVar Christensen	Ken Ivory	Raymond P. Ward
11	Brad M. Daw	Michael S. Kennedy	Christine F. Watkins
12	James A. Dunnigan	John Knotwell	Brad R. Wilson
13	Rebecca P. Edwards	Michael E. Noel	
14	Steve Eliason	Jeremy A. Peterson	

15

23

#### 16 LONG TITLE

#### 17 General Description:

18 This bill creates the Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program.

#### 19 Highlighted Provisions:

- 20 This bill:
- 21 ► creates the Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program
- 22 (program);
  - defines terms;
- ▶ authorizes the State Board of Education to award a salary bonus to an eligible
- 25 teacher;
- 26 ► excludes a teacher salary bonus from compensation for purposes of a state

# 

27	retirement program;
28	<ul> <li>requires the State Board of Education to evaluate the effectiveness of the program</li> </ul>
29	and submit a report to the Education Interim Committee; and
30	<ul> <li>makes technical corrections.</li> </ul>
31	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
32	This bill appropriates:
33	<ul> <li>to the State Board of Education Minimum School Program Related to Basic</li> </ul>
34	School Program, as an ongoing appropriation:
35	• from the Education Fund, \$644,700; and
36	<ul> <li>to the State Board of Education Minimum School Program - Categorical Program</li> </ul>
37	Administration, as an ongoing appropriation:
38	• from the Education Fund, \$27,000.
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	None
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	49-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 227 and 304
44	49-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 227 and 304
45	49-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 227 and 304
46	ENACTS:
47	53A-17a-173, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	
49	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
50	Section 1. Section 49-12-102 is amended to read:
51	49-12-102. Definitions.
52	As used in this chapter:
53	(1) "Benefits normally provided":
54	(a) means a benefit offered by an employer, including:
55	(i) a leave benefit of any kind;
56	(ii) insurance coverage of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the premium for
57	the coverage;

58 (iii) employer contributions to a health savings account, health reimbursement account, 59 health reimbursement arrangement, or medical expense reimbursement plan; and 60 (iv) a retirement benefit of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the cost of the 61 benefit; and 62 (b) does not include: 63 (i) a payment for social security; 64 (ii) workers' compensation insurance; 65 (iii) unemployment insurance: 66 (iv) a payment for Medicare; 67 (v) a payment or insurance required by federal or state law that is similar to a payment 68 or insurance listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv); 69 (vi) any other benefit that state or federal law requires an employer to provide an 70 employee who would not otherwise be eligible to receive the benefit; or (vii) any benefit that an employer provides an employee in order to avoid a penalty or 71 72 tax under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 and the Health 73 Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, and related federal 74 regulations, including a penalty imposed by Internal Revenue Code, Section 4980H. 75 (2) (a) "Compensation" means, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the total 76 amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services 77 rendered to the participating employer, including: 78 (i) bonuses; 79 (ii) cost-of-living adjustments; 80 (iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social 81 security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to 82 deduction under social security law; 83 (iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral 84 or other benefits authorized by federal law; and 85 (v) member contributions. 86 (b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed 87 under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17). 88 (c) "Compensation" does not include:

89	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
90	equipment;
91	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
92	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
93	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
94	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
95	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
96	[or]
97	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
98	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
99	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs[-]; or
100	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53A-17a-172.
101	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
102	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
103	(3) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five
104	years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(a), (b), (c), (d),
105	and (e).
106	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual
107	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
108	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
109	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
110	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
111	(b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
112	office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if:
113	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
114	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
115	(c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
116	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
117	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
118	of computing the member's final average salary only.
119	(d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average

120	salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of
121	service credit.
122	(e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on:
123	(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
124	educational institution; or
125	(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.
126	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
127	requirements of Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202.
128	(5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment
129	for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar
130	year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
131	except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the
132	participating employer.
133	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
134	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
135	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more;
136	(ii) a classified school employee:
137	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
138	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
139	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
140	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
141	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-12-407;
142	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
143	considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
144	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
145	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
146	similar arrangement.
147	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
148	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
149	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
150	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a

151	participating employer;
152	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
153	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
154	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
155	and
156	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
157	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
158	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
159	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
160	people with significant disabilities; and
161	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
162	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
163	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System created
164	under this chapter.
165	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
166	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
167	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
168	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
169	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
170	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
171	provided by this chapter; or
172	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
173	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
174	Section 2. Section 49-13-102 is amended to read:
175	49-13-102. Definitions.
176	As used in this chapter:
177	(1) "Benefits normally provided" has the same meaning as defined in Section
178	49-12-102.
179	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), "compensation" means the total
180	
	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services

182	(i) bonuses;
183	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
184	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
185	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
186	deduction under social security law; and
187	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
188	or other benefits authorized by federal law.
189	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
190	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
191	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
192	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
193	equipment;
194	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
195	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
196	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
197	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
198	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
199	[or]
200	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
201	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
202	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs[-]; or
203	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53A-17a-172.
204	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
205	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
206	(3) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three
207	years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(a), (b), (c), and
208	(d).
209	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual
210	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
211	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
212	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor

01-25-17 5:10 PM

213 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 214 (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 215 office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if: 216 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 217 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 218 (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 219 employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of 220 221 the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement. 222 (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on: 223 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 224 educational institution; or 225 (ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution. (4) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation 226 227 requirements of Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202. 228 (5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment 229 for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar 230 year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, 231 except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the 232 participating employer. 233 (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes: 234 (i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates 235 continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more: 236 (ii) a classified school employee: 237 (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and 238 (B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for 239 a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided; 240 (iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as 241 of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-13-407; 242 (iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is 243 considered full time by that institution of higher education; and

244	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
245	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
246	similar arrangement.
247	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
248	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
249	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
250	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
251	participating employer;
252	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
253	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
254	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
255	and
256	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
257	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
258	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
259	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
260	people with significant disabilities; and
261	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
262	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
263	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement System.
264	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
265	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
266	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
267	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
268	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
269	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
270	provided by this chapter; or
271	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
272	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
273	Section 3. Section <b>49-22-102</b> is amended to read:
274	49-22-102. Definitions.

275	As used in this chapter:
276	(1) "Benefits normally provided" has the same meaning as defined in Section
277	49-12-102.
278	(2) (a) "Compensation" means, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the total
279	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
280	rendered to the participating employer, including:
281	(i) bonuses;
282	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
283	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
284	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
285	deduction under social security law;
286	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
287	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
288	(v) member contributions.
289	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
290	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
291	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
292	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
293	equipment;
294	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
295	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee or an employee otherwise ineligible
296	for service credit;
297	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
298	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
299	[ <del>or</del> ]
300	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
301	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
302	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs[-]; or
303	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section 53A-17a-172.
304	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
305	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.

306	(3) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered
307	the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
308	(4) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five
309	years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (4)(a), (b), (c), (d),
310	and (e).
311	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the percentage increase in annual
312	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
313	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power
314	of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor
315	Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
316	(b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the
317	office, the limitation in Subsection (4)(a) may be exceeded if:
318	(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
319	(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
320	(c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of
321	employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay
322	from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes
323	of computing the member's final average salary only.
324	(d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average
325	salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of
326	service credit.
327	(e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on:
328	(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
329	educational institution; or
330	(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.
331	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
332	requirements of:
333	(a) Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202;
334	(b) Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202;
335	(c) Section 49-19-201; or
336	(d) Section 49-22-201 or 49-22-202.

337	(6) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment
338	for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar
339	year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
340	except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the
341	participating employer.
342	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
343	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
344	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
345	(ii) a classified school employee:
346	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
347	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
348	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
349	(iii) an appointive officer whose appointed position is full time as certified by the
350	participating employer;
351	(iv) the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the state treasurer, the
352	attorney general, and a state legislator;
353	(v) an elected official not included under Subsection (6)(b)(iv) whose elected position
354	is full time as certified by the participating employer;
355	(vi) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
356	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
357	(vii) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (6) who
358	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
359	similar arrangement.
360	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include:
361	(i) a firefighter service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
362	(ii) a public safety service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
363	(iii) a classified school employee:
364	(A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
365	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
366	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
367	participating employer;

368	(iv) a classified school employee:
369	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
370	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
371	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
372	and
373	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
374	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
375	(E) who is a person working on a contract:
376	(I) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
377	people with significant disabilities; and
378	(II) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
379	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
380	(7) "System" means the New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory Retirement
381	System created under this chapter.
382	(8) "Years of service credit" means:
383	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
384	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
385	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
386	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
387	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
388	provided by this chapter; or
389	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
390	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
391	Section 4. Section 53A-17a-173 is enacted to read:
392	53A-17a-173. Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program
393	Salary bonus Evaluation.
394	(1) As used in this section:
395	(a) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
396	(b) "Cohort" means a group of students, defined by the year in which the group enters
397	grade 1.
398	(c) "Eligible teacher" means a teacher who:

399	(i) is employed as a teacher in a high poverty school at the time the teacher is
400	considered by the board for a salary bonus; and
401	(ii) achieves a median growth percentile of 70 or higher:
402	(A) a full school year before the school year the eligible teacher is being considered by
403	the board for a salary bonus under this section, regardless of whether the teacher was employed
404	the previous school year by a high poverty school or a different public school; and
405	(B) while teaching at any public school in the state a course for which a statewide
406	criterion-referenced test or online computer adaptive test is administered as described in
407	<u>Section 53A-1-603.</u>
408	(d) "High poverty school" means a public school:
409	(i) in which:
410	(A) more than 20% of the enrolled students are classified as children affected by
411	intergenerational poverty; or
412	(B) 70% or more of the enrolled students qualify for free or reduced lunch; or
413	(ii) (A) that has previously met the criteria described in Subsection $(1)(d)(i)(A)$ and for
414	each school year since meeting that criteria at least 15% of the enrolled students at the public
415	school have been classified as children affected by intergenerational poverty; or
416	(B) that has previously met the criteria described in Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) and for
417	each school year since meeting that criteria at least 60% of the enrolled students at the public
418	school have qualified for free or reduced lunch.
419	(e) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
420	<u>35A-9-102.</u>
421	(f) "Median growth percentile" means a number that describes the comparative
422	effectiveness of a teacher in helping the teacher's students achieve growth in a year by
423	identifying the median student growth percentile of all the students a teacher instructs.
424	(g) "Program" means the Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive
425	Program created in Subsection (2).
426	(h) "Student growth percentile" is a number that describes where a student ranks in
427	comparison to the student's cohort.
428	(2) (a) The Effective Teachers in High Poverty Schools Incentive Program is created to
429	provide an annual salary bonus for an eligible teacher.

430	(b) The board shall, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
431	Rulemaking Act, make rules for the administration of the program and payment of a salary
432	bonus.
433	(c) The board shall make an annual salary bonus payment in a fiscal year that begins on
434	July 1, 2017, and each fiscal year thereafter.
435	(3) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall annually appropriate
436	money to fund the program.
437	(b) Money appropriated for the program shall include money for the following
438	employer-paid benefits:
439	(i) social security; and
440	(ii) Medicare.
441	(4) (a) (i) An eligible teacher shall receive an annual salary bonus each year that the
442	teacher is an eligible teacher.
443	(ii) A teacher need not be an eligible teacher in consecutive years to receive the
444	increased annual salary bonus described in Subsection (4)(b).
445	(b) The annual salary bonus for an eligible teacher is as follows:
446	(i) for a teacher who is a first-time eligible teacher, \$5,000;
447	(ii) for a teacher who is a second-time eligible teacher, \$6,000;
448	(iii) for a teacher who is a third-time eligible teacher, \$7,000;
449	(iv) for a teacher who is a fourth-time eligible teacher, \$8,000;
450	(v) for a teacher who is a fifth-time eligible teacher, \$9,000; and
451	(vi) for a teacher who is a sixth-time or more eligible teacher, \$10,000.
452	(5) The board shall:
453	(a) determine if a teacher is an eligible teacher; and
454	(b) verify, as needed, the determinations made under Subsection (5)(a) with the school
455	district and school district administrators.
456	(6) The board shall:
457	(a) distribute money from the program to school districts and charter schools in
458	accordance with this section and board rule; and
459	(b) include the employer-paid benefits described in Subsection (3)(b) in addition to the
460	salary bonus amounts described in Subsection (4)(b).

461	(7) Money received from the program shall be used by a school district or charter
462	school to provide an annual salary bonus equal to the amount specified in Subsection (4)(b) for
463	each eligible teacher and to pay affiliated employer-paid benefits described in Subsection
464	<u>(3)(b).</u>
465	(8) (a) After the third year salary bonus payments are made, and each succeeding year,
466	the board shall evaluate the extent to which a salary bonus described in this section improves
467	recruitment and retention of effective teachers in high poverty schools by at least:
468	(i) surveying teachers who receive the salary bonus; and
469	(ii) examining turnover rates of teachers who receive the salary bonus compared to
470	teachers who do not receive the salary bonus.
471	(b) Each year that the board conducts an evaluation described in Subsection (8)(a), the
472	board shall, in accordance with Section 68-3-14, submit a report on the results of the evaluation
473	to the Education Interim Committee on or before November 30.
474	(9) Notwithstanding this section, if the appropriation for the program is insufficient to
475	cover the costs associated with salary bonuses, the board may limit or reduce a salary bonus.
476	Section 5. Appropriation.
477	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
478	2017, and ending June 30, 2018. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
479	fiscal year 2018. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
480	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
481	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
482	ITEM 1
483	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program Related to Basic Program
484	From Education Fund \$644,700
485	Schedule of Programs:
486	Effective Teachers in High Poverty
487	Schools Incentive Program \$644,700
488	ITEM 2
489	To State Board of Education Minimum School Program - Categorical Program
490	Administration
491	From Education Fund \$27,000

492	Schedule of Programs:
493	Effective Teachers in High Poverty
494	Schools Incentive Program \$27,000
495	The Legislature intends that the State Board of Education:
496	(1) use the \$644,700 ongoing appropriation described in this section to award a salary
497	bonus and pay an authorized employer-paid benefit to an eligible teacher as part of the program
498	described in Section 53A-17a-172; and
499	(2) use the \$27,000 ongoing appropriation described in this section to administer and
500	evaluate the program described in Section 53A-17a-172.

#### Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel