1	FOOD STAMP REFERENCE AMENDMENTS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Rebecca Chavez-Houck
5	Senate Sponsor: Luz Robles
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Utah Workforce Services Code and related sections by changing
10	references to federal food stamps to SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
11	Program).
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul> <li>defines "SNAP" as the federal "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program,"</li> </ul>
15	formerly known as the federal Food Stamp Program;
16	<ul> <li>defines "SNAP benefits" as a financial benefit, coupon, or privilege available under</li> </ul>
17	SNAP;
18	<ul> <li>changes references in the code to food stamps to SNAP or SNAP benefits; and</li> </ul>
19	<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	26-18-3.6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 243
27	35A-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 188
28	35A-3-311, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 174
29	35A-3-603, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 90

30	35A-3-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 71
31	35A-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 305
32	58-63-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 246
33	59-12-104.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 384
34	62A-11-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 142
35	63J-5-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 370
36	76-8-1205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 90
37	76-8-1206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 193
38	78B-12-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
39	
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 26-18-3.6 is amended to read:
42	26-18-3.6. Income and resources from institutionalized spouses.
43	(1) As used in this section:
44	(a) "Community spouse" means the spouse of an institutionalized spouse.
45	(b) (i) "Community spouse monthly income allowance" means an amount by which the
46	minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance for the spouse exceeds the amount of monthly
47	income otherwise available to the community spouse, determined without regard to the
48	allowance, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
49	(ii) If a court has entered an order against an institutionalized spouse for monthly
50	income for the support of the community spouse, the community spouse monthly income
51	allowance for the spouse may not be less than the amount of the monthly income so ordered.
52	(c) "Community spouse resource allowance" is an amount by which the greatest of the
53	following exceeds the amount of the resources otherwise available to the community spouse:
54	(i) \$15,804;
55	(ii) the lesser of the spousal share computed under Subsection (4) or \$76,740;
56	(iii) the amount established in a hearing held under Subsection (11); or
57	(iv) the amount transferred by court order under Subsection (11) <sup>©</sup> .

58	(d) "Excess shelter allowance" for a community spouse means the amount by which the
59	sum of the spouse's expense for rent or mortgage payment, taxes, and insurance, and in the case
60	of condominium or cooperative, required maintenance charge, for the community spouse's
61	principal residence and the spouse's actual expenses for electricity, natural gas, and water
62	utilities or, at the discretion of the department, the federal [food stamp] standard utility
63	allowance <u>under SNAP as defined in Section 35A-1-102</u> , exceeds 30% of the amount described
64	in Subsection (9).
65	(e) "Family member" means a minor dependent child, dependent parents, or dependent
66	sibling of the institutionalized spouse or community spouse who are residing with the
67	community spouse.
68	(f) (i) "Institutionalized spouse" means a person who is residing in a nursing facility
69	and is married to a spouse who is not in a nursing facility.
70	(ii) An "institutionalized spouse" does not include a person who is not likely to reside
71	in a nursing facility for at least 30 consecutive days.
72	(g) "Nursing care facility" is defined in Section 26-21-2.
73	(2) The division shall comply with this section when determining eligibility for
74	medical assistance for an institutionalized spouse.
75	(3) For services furnished during a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 1999,
76	the dollar amounts specified in Subsections (1)(c)(i), (1)(c)(ii), and (10)(b) shall be increased
77	by the division by the amount as determined annually by the federal Health Care Financing
78	Administration.
79	(4) The division shall compute, as of the beginning of the first continuous period of
80	institutionalization of the institutionalized spouse:
81	(a) the total value of the resources to the extent either the institutionalized spouse or
82	the community spouse has an ownership interest; and
83	(b) a spousal share, which is 1/2 of the resources described in Subsection (4)(a).
84	(5) At the request of an institutionalized spouse or a community spouse, at the
85	beginning of the first continuous period of institutionalization of the institutionalized spouse

# **Enrolled Copy**

86	and upon the receipt of relevant documentation of resources, the division shall promptly assess
87	and document the total value described in Subsection (4)(a) and shall provide a copy of that
88	assessment and documentation to each spouse and shall retain a copy of the assessment. When
89	the division provides a copy of the assessment, it shall include a notice stating that the spouse
90	may request a hearing under Subsection (11).
91	(6) When determining eligibility for medical assistance under this chapter:
92	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), all the resources held by either the
93	institutionalized spouse, community spouse, or both, are considered to be available to the
94	institutionalized spouse.
95	(b) Resources are considered to be available to the institutionalized spouse only to the
96	extent that the amount of those resources exceeds the amounts specified in Subsections
97	(1)(c)(i) through (iv) at the time of application for medical assistance under this chapter.
98	(7) The division may not find an institutionalized spouse to be ineligible for medical
99	assistance by reason of resources determined under Subsection (5) to be available for the cost
100	of care when:
101	(a) the institutionalized spouse has assigned to the state any rights to support from the
102	community spouse;
103	(b) (i) except as provided in Subsection (7)(b)(ii), the institutionalized spouse lacks the
104	ability to execute an assignment due to physical or mental impairment;
105	(ii) Subsection (7)(b)(i) does not prevent the division from seeking a court order
106	seeking an assignment of support; or
107	(c) the division determines that denial of medical assistance would cause an undue
108	burden.
109	(8) During the continuous period in which an institutionalized spouse is in an
110	institution and after the month in which an institutionalized spouse is eligible for medical
111	assistance, the resources of the community spouse may not be considered to be available to the
112	institutionalized spouse.
113	(9) When an institutionalized spouse is determined to be eligible for medical

- 4 -

assistance, in determining the amount of the spouse's income that is to be applied monthly for
the cost of care in the nursing care facility, the division shall deduct from the spouse's monthly
income the following amounts in the following order:

117 (a) a p

(a) a personal needs allowance, the amount of which is determined by the division;

(b) a community spouse monthly income allowance, but only to the extent that the
income of the institutionalized spouse is made available to, or for the benefit of, the community
spouse;

(c) a family allowance for each family member, equal to at least 1/3 of the amount that
the amount described in Subsection (10)(a)(i) exceeds the amount of monthly income of that
family member; and

124 (d) amounts for incurred expenses for the medical or remedial care for the125 institutionalized spouse.

(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), the division shall establish a
minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance for each community spouse which is not less
than the sum of:

(i) 150% of the current poverty guideline for a two-person family unit that applies tothis state as established by the United States Department of Health and Human Services; and

131 (ii) an excess shelter allowance.

(b) The amount provided in Subsection (10)(a) may not exceed \$1,976, unless a court
order establishes a higher amount.

(11) (a) An institutionalized spouse or a community spouse may request a hearing with
respect to the determinations described in Subsections (11)(e)(i) through (v) if an application
for medical assistance has been made on behalf of the institutionalized spouse.

(b) A hearing under this subsection regarding the community spouse resource
allowance shall be held by the division within 90 days from the date of the request for the
hearing.

(c) If either spouse establishes that the community spouse needs income, above thelevel otherwise provided by the minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance, due to

142	exceptional circumstances resulting in significant financial duress, there shall be substituted,
143	for the minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance provided under Subsection (10), an
144	amount adequate to provide additional income as is necessary.
145	(d) If either spouse establishes that the community spouse resource allowance, in
146	relation to the amount of income generated by the allowance is inadequate to raise the
147	community spouse's income to the minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance, there shall
148	be substituted, for the community spouse resource allowance, an amount adequate to provide a
149	minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance.
150	(e) A hearing may be held under this subsection if either the institutionalized spouse or
151	community spouse is dissatisfied with a determination of:
152	(i) the community spouse monthly income allowance;
153	(ii) the amount of monthly income otherwise available to the community spouse;
154	(iii) the computation of the spousal share of resources under Subsection (4);
155	(iv) the attribution of resources under Subsection (6); or
156	(v) the determination of the community spouse resource allocation.
157	(12) (a) An institutionalized spouse may transfer an amount equal to the community
158	spouse resource allowance, but only to the extent the resources of the institutionalized spouse
159	are transferred to or for the sole benefit of the community spouse.
160	(b) The transfer under Subsection (12)(a) shall be made as soon as practicable after the
161	date of the initial determination of eligibility, taking into account the time necessary to obtain a
162	court order under Subsection (12)(c).
163	(c) [Title 26,] Chapter 19, Medical Benefits Recovery Act, does not apply if a court has
164	entered an order against an institutionalized spouse for the support of the community spouse.
165	Section 2. Section <b>35A-1-102</b> is amended to read:
166	35A-1-102. Definitions.
167	Unless otherwise specified, as used in this title:
168	(1) "Client" means an individual who the department has determined to be eligible for
169	services or benefits under:

170	(a) Chapter 3, Employment Support Act; and
171	(b) Chapter 5, Training and Workforce Improvement Act.
172	(2) "Department" means the Department of Workforce Services created in Section
173	35A-1-103.
174	(3) "Economic service area" means an economic service area established in accordance
175	with Chapter 2, Economic Service Areas.
176	(4) "Employment assistance" means services or benefits provided by the department
177	under:
178	(a) Chapter 3, Employment Support Act; and
179	(b) Chapter 5, Training and Workforce Improvement Act.
180	(5) "Employment center" is a location in an economic service area where the services
181	provided by an economic service area under Section 35A-2-201 may be accessed by a client.
182	(6) "Employment counselor" means an individual responsible for developing an
183	employment plan and coordinating the services and benefits under this title in accordance with
184	Chapter 2, Economic Service Areas.
185	(7) "Employment plan" means a written agreement between the department and a client
186	that describes:
187	(a) the relationship between the department and the client;
188	(b) the obligations of the department and the client; and
189	(c) the result if an obligation is not fulfilled by the department or the client.
190	(8) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department appointed
191	under Section 35A-1-201.
192	(9) "Public assistance" means:
193	(a) services or benefits provided under Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;
194	(b) medical assistance provided under Title 26, Chapter 18, Medical Assistance Act;
195	(c) foster care maintenance payments provided from the General Fund or under Title
196	IV-E of the Social Security Act;
197	(d) [food stamps] SNAP benefits; and

198	(e) any other public funds expended for the benefit of a person in need of financial,
199	medical, food, housing, or related assistance.
200	(10) "SNAP" means the federal "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program" under
201	Title 7, U.S.C. Chapter 51, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, formerly known as
202	the federal Food Stamp Program.
203	(11) "SNAP benefit" or "SNAP benefits" means a financial benefit, coupon, or
204	privilege available under SNAP.
205	[(10)] (12) "Stabilization" means addressing the basic living, family care, and social or
206	psychological needs of the client so that the client may take advantage of training or
207	employment opportunities provided under this title or through other agencies or institutions.
208	Section 3. Section <b>35A-3-311</b> is amended to read:
209	35A-3-311. Cash assistance to noncitizen legal residents and drug dependent
210	persons.
211	(1) The division may provide cash assistance to a legal resident who is not a citizen of
212	the United States using funds appropriated from the general fund if barred under federal law
213	from using federal funds.
214	(2) (a) The State exercises the opt out provision in Section 115 of the Personal
215	Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-193.
216	(b) Consistent with Subsection (2)(a), the division may provide cash assistance and
217	[food stamps] SNAP benefits to a person who has been convicted of a felony involving a
218	controlled substance, as defined in Section 58-37-2.
219	(c) As a condition for receiving cash assistance under this part, a drug dependant
220	person, as defined in Section 58-37-2, shall:
221	(i) receive available treatment for the dependency; and
222	(ii) make progress toward overcoming the dependency.
223	(d) The department may only refer a client who is a drug dependent person to a
224	treatment provider that has achieved an objective level of success, as defined by department
225	rule, in treating drug dependency.

226 Section 4. Section 35A-3-603 is amended to read: 227 35A-3-603. Civil liability for overpayment. 228 (1) As used in this section, "intentionally, knowingly, and recklessly" mean the same as 229 those terms are defined in Section 76-2-103. 230 (2) Each provider, client, or other person who receives an overpayment shall, 231 regardless of fault, return the overpayment or repay its value to the department immediately: 232 (a) upon receiving written notice of the overpayment from the department; or 233 (b) upon discovering the overpayment, if that occurs prior to receiving notice. 234 (3) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (3)(b), interest on the unreturned balance 235 of the overpayment shall accrue at the rate of 1% a month. 236 (b) If the overpayment was not the fault of the person receiving it, that person is not 237 liable for interest on the unreturned balance. 238 (c) In accordance with federal law and rules made by the department, an overpayment 239 may be recovered through deductions from cash assistance, general assistance, [food stamps] 240 SNAP benefits, other cash-related assistance provided to a client under this chapter, or any 241 other means provided by federal law. 242 (4) Each person who knowingly assists a client, provider, or other person in obtaining an overpayment is jointly and severally liable for the overpayment. 243 (5) (a) In proving civil liability for overpayment under this section or Section 244 35A-3-605 when fault is alleged, the department shall prove by clear and convincing evidence 245 that the overpayment was obtained intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, by false statement, 246 247 misrepresentation, impersonation, or other fraudulent means, such as by committing any of the 248 acts or omissions described in Sections 76-8-1203 through 76-8-1205. 249 (b) If fault is established under Subsection (5)(a), Section 35A-3-605, or Title 76, 250 Chapter 8, Part 12, Public Assistance Fraud, any person who obtained or helped another obtain 251 an overpayment shall be subject to: 252 (i) a civil penalty of 10% of the amount of the overpayment; and 253 (ii) disqualification from receiving cash assistance from the Family Employment

254	Program and the general assistance program, if the overpayment was obtained from either of
255	those programs, for 12 months for the first offense, 24 months for the second offense, and
256	permanently for the third offense, or as otherwise provided by federal law; or
257	(iii) disqualification from the [food stamp program] SNAP, if that is the program from
258	which the overpayment was received, for 12 months for the first offense, 24 months for the
259	second offense, and permanently for the third offense, or as otherwise provided by federal law.
260	(6) If an action is filed, the department may recover, in addition to the principal sum
261	plus interest, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs unless the repayment obligation arose from an
262	administrative error by the department.
263	(7) If a court finds that funds or benefits were secured, in whole or part, by fraud by the
264	person from whom repayment is sought, the court shall assess an additional sum as considered
265	appropriate as punitive damages up to the amount of repayment being sought.
266	(8) Criminal actions for public assistance fraud are governed by Title 76, Chapter 8,
267	Part 12, Public Assistance Fraud.
268	(9) Jurisdiction over benefits is continuous.
269	(10) This chapter does not preclude the Department of Health from carrying out its
270	responsibilities under Title 26, Chapter 19, Medical Benefits Recovery Act, and Chapter 20,
271	<u>Utah</u> False Claims Act.
272	Section 5. Section <b>35A-3-608</b> is amended to read:
273	35A-3-608. Schedule of payments to be paid upon liability Establishment
274	Cancellation.
275	(1) At any time, the department may:
276	(a) consistent with the income, earning capacity, and resources of the obligor, set or
277	reset the level and schedule of payments to be paid upon the liability; and
278	(b) at any time, cancel the schedule of payments and demand immediate payment in
279	full.
280	(2) The department may recover an overpayment through deductions from cash
281	assistance or [food stamps pursuant to] SNAP benefits under Section 35A-3-603.

282	Section 6. Section <b>35A-4-103</b> is amended to read:
283	35A-4-103. Void agreements Child support obligations Penalties.
284	(1) (a) Any agreement by an individual to waive, release, or commute his rights to
285	benefits or any other rights under this chapter is void.
286	(b) Any agreement by any individual in the employ of any person or concern to pay all
287	or any portion of an employer's contributions, required under this chapter from the employer, is
288	void.
289	(c) An employer may not directly or indirectly:
290	(i) make, require, or accept any deduction from wages to finance the employer's
291	contributions required from the employer;
292	(ii) require or accept any waiver of any right under this chapter by any individual in the
293	employer's employ;
294	(iii) discriminate in regard to the hiring or tenure of work on any term or condition of
295	work of any individual on account of the individual claiming benefits under this chapter; or
296	(iv) in any manner obstruct or impede the filing of claims for benefits.
297	(d) (i) Any employer or officer or agent of an employer who violates Subsection (1)(c)
298	is, for each offense, guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
299	(ii) Notwithstanding Sections 76-3-204 and 76-3-301, a fine imposed under this
300	Subsection (1) shall be not less than \$100, and a penalty of imprisonment shall be not more
301	than six months.
302	(2) An individual claiming benefits may not be charged fees or costs of any kind in any
303	proceeding under this chapter by the department or its representatives, or by any court or any
304	officer of the court.
305	(3) (a) Any individual claiming benefits in any proceeding before the department or its
306	representatives or a court may be represented by counsel or any other authorized agent.
307	(b) A counsel or agent may not either charge or receive for the counsel's or agent's
308	services more than an amount approved by the division or administrative law judge in
309	accordance with rules made by the department.

### **Enrolled Copy**

310 (4) Except as provided for in Subsection (5): 311 (a) any assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of any right to benefits that are or may 312 become due or payable under this chapter is void; 313 (b) rights to benefits are exempt from levy, execution, attachment, or any other remedy 314 provided for the collection of debt; 315 (c) benefits received by any individual, so long as they are not mingled with other 316 funds of the recipient, are exempt from any remedy for the collection of all debts except debts 317 incurred for necessaries furnished to the individual or the individual's spouse or dependents 318 during the time when the individual was unemployed; and 319 (d) any waiver of any exemption provided for in Subsection (4) is void. 320 (5) (a) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation shall, at the 321 time of filing the claim, disclose whether or not the individual owes: 322 (i) child support obligations; or 323 (ii) an uncollected overissuance of [food stamp] SNAP benefits. 324 (b) If the individual owes child support obligations, and is determined to be eligible for 325 unemployment compensation, the division shall notify the state or local child support agency 326 charged with enforcing that obligation that the individual is eligible for unemployment 327 compensation. 328 (c) The division shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation 329 payable to an individual that owes child support obligations: 330 (i) any amount required to be deducted and withheld from unemployment 331 compensation under legal process, as defined in the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 659(i), 332 properly served upon the department; 333 (ii) the amount determined under an agreement submitted to the division under 334 Subsection 454 (19)(B)(i) of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 654, by the state or local 335 child support enforcement agency, except if Subsection (5)(c)(i) is applicable; or 336 (iii) the amount specified by the claimant to the division if neither Subsection (5)(c)(i)337 nor (ii) is applicable.

338	(d) The division shall notify the state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency that an individual is
339	eligible for unemployment compensation if the individual:
340	(i) owes an uncollected overissuance of [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> benefits; and
341	(ii) is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation.
342	(e) The division shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation
343	payable to an individual who owes an uncollected overissuance of [food stamp] SNAP
344	benefits:
345	(i) the amount specified by the individual to the division to be deducted and withheld
346	under this Subsection (5)(e);
347	(ii) the amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the state
348	[food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency under Section 13(c)(3)(B) of the Food [Stamp] and Nutrition Act
349	of [ <del>1977</del> ] <u>2008;</u> or
350	(iii) any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from unemployment
351	compensation pursuant to Section $13(c)(3)(B)$ of the Food [Stamp] and Nutrition Act of [1977]
352	<u>2008</u> .
352 353	<ul><li><u>2008</u>.</li><li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li></ul>
353	(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:
353 354	<ul><li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li><li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li></ul>
353 354 355	<ul><li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li><li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li><li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li></ul>
353 354 355 356	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> </ul>
<ul><li>353</li><li>354</li><li>355</li><li>356</li><li>357</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> <li>(ii) for all purposes, be treated as if it was paid to the individual as unemployment</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> <li>(ii) for all purposes, be treated as if it was paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and then paid by the individual to the appropriate:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> <li>(ii) for all purposes, be treated as if it was paid to the individual as unemployment</li> <li>compensation and then paid by the individual to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of the individual's</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> <li>(ii) for all purposes, be treated as if it was paid to the individual as unemployment</li> <li>compensation and then paid by the individual to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of the individual's</li> <li>child support obligation; or</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> <li>(ii) for all purposes, be treated as if it was paid to the individual as unemployment</li> <li>compensation and then paid by the individual to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of the individual's</li> <li>child support obligation; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency in satisfaction of the individual's uncollected</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>353</li> <li>354</li> <li>355</li> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> <li>362</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(f) Any amount deducted and withheld under Subsection (5)(c) or (e) shall:</li> <li>(i) be paid by the department to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency; and</li> <li>(ii) for all purposes, be treated as if it was paid to the individual as unemployment</li> <li>compensation and then paid by the individual to the appropriate:</li> <li>(A) state or local child support enforcement agency in satisfaction of the individual's</li> <li>child support obligation; or</li> <li>(B) state [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency in satisfaction of the individual's uncollected overissuance.</li> </ul>

by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under Part D of Title IV of the Social SecurityAct, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651 et seq.

- 368 (ii) "State [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> agency" means the Department of Workforce Services
   369 or its designee responsible for the collection of uncollected overissuances.
- (iii) "State or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency or political
  subdivision of the state operating under a plan described in <u>this</u> Subsection (5).
- 372 (iv) "Uncollected overissuance" is as defined in Section 13(c)(1) of the Food [Stamp]
   373 and Nutrition Act of [1977] 2008.
- (v) "Unemployment compensation" means any compensation payable under this
   chapter, including amounts payable under an agreement directed by federal law that provides
   compensation assistance or allowances for unemployment.
- 377 (h) <u>This</u> Subsection (5) is applicable only if appropriate arrangements have been made
  378 for reimbursement by the state or local child support enforcement agency or state [food stamp]
  379 <u>SNAP</u> agency for the administrative costs of the department under <u>this</u> Subsection (5) that are
  380 directly related to the enforcement of child support obligations or the repayment of uncollected
  381 overissuance of [food stamp] <u>SNAP</u> benefits.

382 Section 7. Section **58-63-102** is amended to read:

383 **58-63-102.** Definitions.

In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:

(1) "Armed courier service" means a person engaged in business as a contract security
 company who transports or offers to transport tangible personal property from one place or
 point to another under the control of an armed security officer employed by that service.

- 388 (2) "Armed private security officer" means an individual:
- 389 (a) employed by a contract security company;
- 390 (b) whose primary duty is:
- 391 (i) guarding personal or real property; or
- 392 (ii) providing protection or security to the life and well being of humans or animals;393 and

394 (c) who wears, carries, possesses, or has immediate access to a firearm in the 395 performance of the individual's duties. 396 (3) "Armored car company" means a person engaged in business under contract to 397 others who transports or offers to transport tangible personal property, currency, valuables, 398 jewelry, [food stamps] SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102, or any other high value 399 items, that require secured delivery from one place to another under the control of an armored 400 car security officer employed by the company using a specially equipped motor vehicle offering 401 a high degree of security. 402 (4) "Armored car security officer" means an individual: 403 (a) employed by an armored car company; 404 (b) whose primary duty is to guard the tangible property, currency, valuables, jewelry, 405 [food stamps] SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102, or other high value items that 406 require secured delivery from one place to another; and 407 (c) who wears, carries, possesses, or has immediate access to a firearm in the 408 performance of the individual's duties. 409 (5) "Board" means the Security Services Licensing Board created in Section 410 58-63-201. 411 (6) "Contract security company" means a person engaged in business to provide 412 security or guard services to another person on a contractual basis by assignment of an armed 413 or unarmed private security officer. 414 (7) "Identification card" means a personal pocket or wallet size card issued by the 415 division to each armored car and armed or unarmed private security officer licensed under this 416 chapter. 417 (8) "Officer" means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or other officer of a 418 corporation or limited liability company listed as an officer in the files with the Division of 419 Corporations and Commercial Code. 420 (9) "Owner" means a proprietor or general partner of a proprietorship or partnership, a 421 lessee or assignee of the owner, the manager of the facility, or the event operator.

- 15 -

422	(10) "Peace officer" means a person who:
423	(a) is a certified peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
424	Classifications; and
425	(b) derives total or special law enforcement powers from, and is an employee of, the
426	federal government, the state, or a political subdivision, agency, department, branch, or service
427	of either, of a municipality, or a unit of local government.
428	(11) "Regular basis" means at least 20 hours per month.
429	(12) (a) "Security officer" means an individual who is licensed as an armed or unarmed
430	private security officer under this chapter and who:
431	(i) is employed by a contract security company securing, guarding, or otherwise
432	protecting tangible personal property, real property, or the life and well being of human or
433	animal life against:
434	(A) trespass or other unlawful intrusion or entry;
435	(B) larceny;
436	(C) vandalism or other abuse;
437	(D) arson or other criminal activity; or
438	(E) personal injury caused by another person or as a result of an act or omission by
439	another person;
440	(ii) is controlling, regulating, or directing the flow of movements of an individual or
441	vehicle; or
442	(iii) providing street patrol service.
443	(b) "Security officer" does not include an individual whose duties are limited to
444	custodial or other services even though the presence of that individual may act to provide a
445	service set forth under Subsection (12)(a).
446	(c) (i) "Security officer" does not include an individual whose duties include taking
447	admission tickets, checking credentials, ushering, or checking bags, purses, backpacks, or other
448	materials going into a facility as described in Subsection (12)(c)(ii) if:
449	(A) the individual carries out these duties without the use of specialized equipment;

(B) the authority of the individual is limited to denying entry or passage of a personinto or within the facility; and

- 452 (C) the individual is not authorized to use physical force in the performance of the453 individual's duties under this Subsection (12)(c).
- 454 (ii) As used in this Subsection (12)(c), "facility" means a sports, concert, or theatrical
  455 venue, or a convention center, fairgrounds, public assembly facility, or mass gathering location.
- 456

(13) "Security system" means equipment, a device, or an instrument installed for:

457 (a) detecting and signaling entry or intrusion by an individual into or onto, or exit from458 the premises protected by the system; or

(b) signaling the commission of criminal activity at the election of an individual havingcontrol of the features of the security system.

461 (14) "Specialized resource, motor vehicle, or equipment" means an item of tangible
462 personal property specifically designed for use in law enforcement or in providing security or
463 guard services, or that is specially equipped with a device or feature designed for use in
464 providing law enforcement, security, or guard services, but does not include:

465 (a) standardized clothing, whether or not bearing a company name or logo, if the466 clothing does not bear the words "security" or "guard"; or

(b) an item of tangible personal property, other than a firearm or nonlethal weapon, thatmay be used without modification in providing security or guard services.

469 (15) "Street patrol service" means a contract security company that provides patrols by
470 means of foot, vehicle, or other method of transportation using public streets, thoroughfares, or
471 property in the performance of the company's duties and responsibilities.

472 (16) "Unarmed private security officer" means an individual:

- 473 (a) employed by a contract security company;
- 474 (b) whose primary duty is guarding personal or real property or providing protection or475 security to the life and well being of humans or animals;
- 476 (c) who does not wear, carry, possess, or have immediate access to a firearm in the477 performance of the individual's duties; and

478	(d) who wears clothing of distinctive design or fashion bearing a symbol, badge,
479	emblem, insignia, or other device that identifies the individual as a security officer.
480	(17) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-63-501.
481	(18) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-63-502 and as
482	may be further defined by rule.
483	Section 8. Section <b>59-12-104.5</b> is amended to read:
484	59-12-104.5. Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee review of sales and use
485	taxes.
486	The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee shall:
487	(1) review Subsection 59-12-104(28) before October 1 of the year after the year in
488	which Congress permits a state to participate in the special supplemental nutrition program
489	under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1786 even if state or local sales taxes are collected within the state on
490	purchases of food under that program;
491	(2) review Subsection 59-12-104(21) before October 1 of the year after the year in
492	which Congress permits a state to participate in the [food stamp program under the Food Stamp
493	Act, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2011 et seq.] SNAP as defined in Section 35A-1-102, even if state or local
494	sales taxes are collected within the state on purchases of food under that program; and
495	(3) review Subsection 59-12-104(62) before the October 2011 interim meeting.
496	Section 9. Section 62A-11-103 is amended to read:
497	62A-11-103. Definitions.
498	As used in this part:
499	(1) "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal
500	order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account.
501	(2) "Cash medical support" means an obligation to equally share all reasonable and
502	necessary medical and dental expenses of children.
503	(3) "Child support services" or "IV-D child support services" means services provided
504	pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651, et seq.
505	(4) "Director" means the director of the Office of Recovery Services.

506	(5) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining
507	after the deduction of all amounts required by law to be withheld.
508	(6) "Financial institution" means:
509	(a) a depository institution as defined in Section 7-1-103 or the Federal Deposit
510	Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1813(c);
511	(b) an institution-affiliated party as defined in the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12
512	U.S.C. Sec. 1813(u);
513	(c) any federal credit union or state credit union as defined in the Federal Credit Union
514	Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1752, including an institution-affiliated party of such a credit union as
515	defined in 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1786(r);
516	(d) a broker-dealer as defined in Section 61-1-13; or
517	(e) any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market
518	mutual fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in the state.
519	(7) "Financial record" is defined in the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978, 12
520	U.S.C. Sec. 3401.
521	(8) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or other payment due to an individual,
522	regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, pay, or
523	contract payment, or denominated as advances on future wages, salary, commission, bonus,
524	pay, allowances, contract payment, or otherwise, including severance pay, sick pay, and
525	incentive pay. "Income" includes:
526	(a) all gain derived from capital assets, labor, or both, including profit gained through
527	sale or conversion of capital assets;
528	(b) interest and dividends;
529	(c) periodic payments made under pension or retirement programs or insurance policies
530	of any type;
531	(d) unemployment compensation benefits;
532	(e) workers' compensation benefits; and
533	(f) disability benefits.

534	(9) "IV-D" means Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 651 et
535	seq.
536	(10) "New hire registry" means the centralized new hire registry created in Section
537	35A-7-103.
538	(11) "Obligee" means an individual, this state, another state, or other comparable
539	jurisdiction to whom a debt is owed or who is entitled to reimbursement of child support or
540	public assistance.
541	(12) "Obligor" means a person, firm, corporation, or the estate of a decedent owing
542	money to this state, to an individual, to another state, or other comparable jurisdiction in whose
543	behalf this state is acting.
544	(13) "Office" means the Office of Recovery Services.
545	(14) "Provider" means a person or entity that receives compensation from any public
546	assistance program for goods or services provided to a public assistance recipient.
547	(15) "Public assistance" or "assistance" means:
548	(a) services or benefits provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;
549	(b) medical assistance provided under Title 26, Chapter 18, Medical Assistance Act;
550	(c) foster care maintenance payments under Part E of Title IV of the Social Security
551	Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 670, et seq.;
552	(d) [food stamps] SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102; or
553	(e) any other public funds expended for the benefit of a person in need of financial,
554	medical, food, housing, or related assistance.
555	(16) "State case registry" means the central, automated record system maintained by
556	the office and the central, automated district court record system maintained by the
557	Administrative Office of the Courts, that contains records which use standardized data
558	elements, such as names, Social Security numbers and other uniform identification numbers,
559	dates of birth, and case identification numbers, with respect to:
560	(a) each case in which services are being provided by the office under the state IV-D
561	child support services plan; and

562	(b) each support order established or modified in the state on or after October 1, 1998.
563	Section 10. Section 63J-5-103 is amended to read:
564	63J-5-103. Scope and applicability of chapter.
565	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and except as otherwise provided by a statute
566	superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the provisions of
567	this chapter apply to each agency and govern each federal funds request.
568	(2) This chapter does not govern federal funds requests for:
569	(a) the Medical Assistance Program, commonly known as Medicaid;
570	(b) the Children's Health Insurance Program;
571	(c) the Women, Infant, and Children program;
572	(d) the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families program;
573	(e) Social Security Act money;
574	(f) the Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment program;
575	(g) Child Care Block grants;
576	(h) [Food Stamp] SNAP Administration and Training money;
577	(i) Unemployment Insurance Operations money;
578	(j) Federal Highway Administration money;
579	(k) the Utah National Guard; or
580	(1) pass-through federal funds.
581	(3) The governor need not seek legislative review or approval of federal funds received
582	by the state if:
583	(a) the governor has declared a state of emergency; and
584	(b) the federal funds are received to assist victims of the state of emergency under
585	Subsection 63K-4-201(1).
586	Section 11. Section <b>76-8-1205</b> is amended to read:
587	76-8-1205. Public assistance fraud defined.
588	Each of the following persons, who intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly commits any
589	of the following acts, is guilty of public assistance fraud:

# **Enrolled Copy**

590	(1) any person who uses, transfers, acquires, traffics in, falsifies, or possesses any [food
591	stamp] SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102, [food stamp] SNAP identification
592	card, certificate of eligibility for medical services, Medicaid identification card, fund transfer
593	instrument, payment instrument, or public assistance warrant in a manner not allowed by law;
594	(2) any person who fraudulently misappropriates any funds exchanged for [food
595	stamps, any food stamp, food stamp] SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102, or any
596	identification card, certificate of eligibility for medical services, Medicaid identification card,
597	or other public assistance with which he has been entrusted or that has come into his
598	possession in connection with his duties in administering any state or federally funded public
599	assistance program;
600	(3) any person who receives an unauthorized payment as a result of acts described in
601	this section;
602	(4) any provider who receives payment or any client who receives benefits after failing
603	to comply with any applicable requirement in Sections 76-8-1203 and 76-8-1204;
604	(5) any provider who files a claim for payment under any state or federally funded
605	public assistance program for goods or services not provided to or for a client of that program;
606	(6) any provider who files or falsifies a claim, report, or document required by state or
607	federal law, rule, or provider agreement for goods or services not authorized under the state or
608	federally funded public assistance program for which the goods or services were provided;
609	(7) any provider who fails to credit the state for payments received from other sources;
610	(8) any provider who bills a client or a client's family for goods or services not
611	provided, or bills in an amount greater than allowed by law or rule;
612	(9) any client who, while receiving public assistance, acquires income or resources in
613	excess of the amount he previously reported to the state agency administering the public
614	assistance, and fails to notify the state agency to which the client previously reported within 10
615	days after acquiring the excess income or resources;
616	(10) any person who fails to act as required under Section 76-8-1203 or 76-8-1204 with
617	intent to obtain or help another obtain an "overpayment" as defined in Section 35A-3-602; and

- 22 -

618	(11) any person who obtains an overpayment by violation of Section 76-8-1203 or
619	76-8-1204.
620	Section 12. Section <b>76-8-1206</b> is amended to read:
621	76-8-1206. Penalties for public assistance fraud.
622	(1) The severity of the offense of public assistance fraud is classified in accordance
623	with the value of payments, assistance, or other benefits received, misappropriated, claimed, or
624	applied for as follows:
625	(a) second degree felony if the value is or exceeds \$5,000;
626	(b) third degree felony if the value is or exceeds \$1,500 but is less than \$5,000;
627	(c) class A misdemeanor if the value is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500; and
628	(d) class B misdemeanor if the value is less than \$500.
629	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1), the value of an offense is calculated by aggregating
630	the values of each instance of public assistance fraud committed by the defendant as part of the
631	same facts and circumstances or a related series of facts and circumstances.
632	(3) Incidents of trafficking in [food stamps] SNAP benefits as defined in Section
633	<u>35A-1-102</u> that occur within a six-month period, committed by an individual or coconspirators,
634	are deemed to be a related series of facts and circumstances regardless of whether the
635	transactions are conducted with a variety of unrelated parties.
636	Section 13. Section <b>78B-12-203</b> is amended to read:
637	78B-12-203. Determination of gross income Imputed income.
638	(1) As used in the guidelines, "gross income" includes prospective income from any
639	source, including earned and nonearned income sources which may include salaries, wages,
640	commissions, royalties, bonuses, rents, gifts from anyone, prizes, dividends, severance pay,
641	pensions, interest, trust income, alimony from previous marriages, annuities, capital gains,
642	Social Security benefits, workers' compensation benefits, unemployment compensation,
643	income replacement disability insurance benefits, and payments from "nonmeans-tested"
644	government programs.
645	(2) Income from earned income sources is limited to the equivalent of one full-time

40-hour job. If and only if during the time prior to the original support order, the parent
normally and consistently worked more than 40 hours at the parent's job, the court may
consider this extra time as a pattern in calculating the parent's ability to provide child support.
(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), specifically excluded from gross income are:

(a) cash assistance provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Part 3, Family Employment
Program;

(b) benefits received under a housing subsidy program, the Job Training Partnership
Act, Supplemental Security Income, Social Security Disability Insurance, Medicaid, [Food
Stamps] SNAP benefits, or General Assistance; and

655 (c) other similar means-tested welfare benefits received by a parent.

(4) (a) Gross income from self-employment or operation of a business shall be
calculated by subtracting necessary expenses required for self-employment or business
operation from gross receipts. The income and expenses from self-employment or operation of
a business shall be reviewed to determine an appropriate level of gross income available to the
parent to satisfy a child support award. Only those expenses necessary to allow the business to
operate at a reasonable level may be deducted from gross receipts.

(b) Gross income determined under this subsection may differ from the amount ofbusiness income determined for tax purposes.

664 (5) (a) When possible, gross income should first be computed on an annual basis and 665 then recalculated to determine the average gross monthly income.

(b) Each parent shall provide verification of current income. Each parent shall provide
year-to-date pay stubs or employer statements and complete copies of tax returns from at least
the most recent year unless the court finds the verification is not reasonably available.

669 Verification of income from records maintained by the Department of Workforce Services may670 be substituted for pay stubs, employer statements, and income tax returns.

671 (c) Historical and current earnings shall be used to determine whether an672 underemployment or overemployment situation exists.

673

(6) Gross income includes income imputed to the parent under Subsection (7).

(7) (a) Income may not be imputed to a parent unless the parent stipulates to the
amount imputed, the parent defaults, or, in contested cases, a hearing is held and the judge in a
judicial proceeding or the presiding officer in an administrative proceeding enters findings of
fact as to the evidentiary basis for the imputation.

(b) If income is imputed to a parent, the income shall be based upon employment
potential and probable earnings as derived from employment opportunities, work history,
occupation qualifications, and prevailing earnings for persons of similar backgrounds in the
community, or the median earning for persons in the same occupation in the same geographical
area as found in the statistics maintained by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

683 (c) If a parent has no recent work history or a parent's occupation is unknown, income 684 shall be imputed at least at the federal minimum wage for a 40-hour work week. To impute a 685 greater income, the judge in a judicial proceeding or the presiding officer in an administrative 686 proceeding shall enter specific findings of fact as to the evidentiary basis for the imputation.

687 (d) Income may not be imputed if any of the following conditions exist and the688 condition is not of a temporary nature:

(i) the reasonable costs of child care for the parents' minor children approach or equalthe amount of income the custodial parent can earn;

(ii) a parent is physically or mentally unable to earn minimum wage;

692 (iii) a parent is engaged in career or occupational training to establish basic job skills;693 or

694 (iv) unusual emotional or physical needs of a child require the custodial parent's695 presence in the home.

696 (8) (a) Gross income may not include the earnings of a minor child who is the subject
697 of a child support award nor benefits to a minor child in the child's own right such as
698 Supplemental Security Income.

(b) Social Security benefits received by a child due to the earnings of a parent shall be
credited as child support to the parent upon whose earning record it is based, by crediting the
amount against the potential obligation of that parent. Other unearned income of a child may

- 25 -

be considered as income to a parent depending upon the circumstances of each case.