DOMESTIC VIOLENCE PROVISIONS
2018 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason
Senate Sponsor: Luz Escamilla
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions relating to a court order in cases of domestic violence.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 amends provisions of the Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act to permit a court to
order the transfer of a wireless telephone number to a petitioner when the current
account holder is the respondent for an order for protection;
• amends provisions of the Judicial Code to permit a court to order the transfer of a
wireless telephone number to a victim when the current account holder is the
perpetrator;
 describes the contents of an order transferring a wireless telephone number;
 subject to certain exceptions, requires a wireless service provider to comply with an
order transferring a wireless telephone number;
• describes the legal effect and other requirements relating to an order transferring a
wireless telephone number; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:

	H.B. 160 Enrolled Copy
30	77-36-5.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 332
31	78B-7-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 332
32	78B-7-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 267
33	ENACTS:
34	77-36-5.3 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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36	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
37	Section 1. Section 77-36-5.1 is amended to read:
38	77-36-5.1. Conditions of probation for person convicted of domestic violence
39	offense Continuous protective orders.
40	(1) Before any perpetrator who has been convicted of a domestic violence offense may
41	be placed on probation, the court shall consider the safety and protection of the victim and any
42	member of the victim's family or household.
43	(2) The court may condition probation or a plea in abeyance on the perpetrator's
44	compliance with one or more orders of the court, which may include a sentencing protective
45	order:
46	(a) enjoining the perpetrator from threatening to commit or committing acts of
47	domestic violence against the victim or other family or household member;
48	(b) prohibiting the perpetrator from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise
49	communicating with the victim, directly or indirectly;
50	(c) requiring the perpetrator to stay away from the victim's residence, school, place of
51	employment, and the premises of any of these, or a specified place frequented regularly by the
52	victim or any designated family or household member;
53	(d) prohibiting the perpetrator from possessing or consuming alcohol or controlled
54	substances;
55	(e) prohibiting the perpetrator from purchasing, using, or possessing a firearm or other
56	specified weapon;
57	(f) directing the perpetrator to surrender any weapons the perpetrator owns or

58 possesses;

(g) directing the perpetrator to participate in and complete, to the satisfaction of the court, a program of intervention for perpetrators, treatment for alcohol or substance abuse, or psychiatric or psychological treatment;

- (h) directing the perpetrator to pay restitution to the victim, enforcement of which shall be in accordance with Chapter 38a, Crime Victims Restitution Act; and
- (i) imposing any other condition necessary to protect the victim and any other designated family or household member or to rehabilitate the perpetrator.
- (3) The perpetrator is responsible for the costs of any condition of probation, according to the perpetrator's ability to pay.
- (4) (a) Adult Probation and Parole, or other provider, shall immediately report to the court and notify the victim of any offense involving domestic violence committed by the perpetrator, the perpetrator's failure to comply with any condition imposed by the court, and any violation of any sentencing criminal protective order issued by the court.
- (b) Notification of the victim under Subsection (4)(a) shall consist of a good faith reasonable effort to provide prompt notification, including mailing a copy of the notification to the last-known address of the victim.
- (5) The court shall transmit all dismissals, terminations, and expirations of pretrial and sentencing criminal protective orders issued by the court to the statewide domestic violence network.
- (6) (a) Because of the serious, unique, and highly traumatic nature of domestic violence crimes, the high recidivism rate of violent offenders, and the demonstrated increased risk of continued acts of violence subsequent to the release of a perpetrator who is convicted of domestic violence, it is the finding of the Legislature that domestic violence crimes warrant the issuance of continuous protective orders under this Subsection (6) because of the need to provide ongoing protection for the victim and to be consistent with the purposes of protecting victims' rights under Chapter 37, Victims' Rights, and Chapter 38, Rights of Crime Victims Act, and Article I, Section 28 of the Utah Constitution.

(b) If a perpetrator is convicted of a domestic violence offense resulting in a sentence of imprisonment, including jail, that is to be served after conviction, the court shall issue a continuous protective order at the time of the conviction or sentencing limiting the contact between the perpetrator and the victim unless the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that the victim does not a have a reasonable fear of future harm or abuse.

- (c) (i) The court shall notify the perpetrator of the right to request a hearing.
- (ii) If the perpetrator requests a hearing under this Subsection (6)(c), the court shall hold the hearing at the time determined by the court. The continuous protective order shall be in effect while the hearing is being scheduled and while the hearing is pending.
- (d) A continuous protective order is permanent in accordance with this Subsection (6)(d) and may grant the following relief:
- (i) enjoining the perpetrator from threatening to commit or committing acts of domestic violence against the victim or other family or household member;
- (ii) prohibiting the perpetrator from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the victim, directly or indirectly;
- (iii) prohibiting the perpetrator from going to the victim's residence, school, place of employment, and the premises of any of these, or a specified place frequented regularly by the victim or any designated family or other household member;
- (iv) directing the perpetrator to pay restitution to the victim as may apply, and shall be enforced in accordance with Chapter 38a, Crime Victims Restitution Act; and
- (v) any other order the court considers necessary to fully protect the victim and members of the victim's family or other household member.
- (e) A continuous protective order may be modified or dismissed only if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that all requirements of this Subsection (6) have been met and the victim does not have a reasonable fear of future harm or abuse.
- (f) Notice of a continuous protective order issued pursuant to this section shall be sent by the court to the statewide domestic violence network.
- (g) Violation of a continuous protective order issued pursuant to this Subsection (6) is

a class A misdemeanor, is a domestic violence offense under Section 77-36-1, and is subject to increased penalties in accordance with Section 77-36-1.1.

- (h) In addition to the process of issuing a continuous protective order described in Subsection (6)(a), a district court may issue a continuous protective order at any time if the victim files a petition with the district court, and after notice and hearing the district court finds that a continuous protective order is necessary to protect the victim.
- (7) (a) Before release of a person who is subject to a continuous protective order issued under Subsection (6), the victim shall receive notice of the imminent release by the law enforcement agency that is releasing the person who is subject to the continuous protective order:
 - (i) if the victim has provided the law enforcement agency contact information; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 64-13-14.7, if applicable.
- (b) Before release, the law enforcement agency shall notify in writing the person being released that a violation of the continuous protective order issued at the time of conviction or sentencing continues to apply, and that a violation of the continuous protective order is a class A misdemeanor, is a separate domestic violence offense under Section 77-36-1, and is subject to increased penalties in accordance with Section 77-36-1.1.
- (8) In addition to a protective order issued under this section, the court may issue a separate order relating to the transfer of a wireless telephone number in accordance with Section 77-36-5.3.
- Section 2. Section **77-36-5.3** is enacted to read:

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- 135 <u>77-36-5.3.</u> Court order for transfer of wireless telephone number.
- 136 (1) As used in this section, "wireless service provider" means a provider of commercial 137 mobile service under Section 332(d) of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996.
 - (2) At or after the time that a court issues a protective order under Section 77-36-5.1 or an order of protection under Section 78B-7-106, the court may order the transfer of a wireless telephone number as provided in this section, if:
- (a) the perpetrator is the account holder for the wireless telephone number;

142	(b) the number is assigned to a telephone that is primarily used by the victim or an
143	individual who will reside with the victim during the time that the protective order or the order
144	of protection is in effect; and
145	(c) the victim requests transfer of the wireless telephone number.
146	(3) An order transferring a wireless telephone number under this section shall:
147	(a) direct a wireless service provider to transfer the rights to, and the billing
148	responsibility for, the wireless telephone number to the victim; and
149	(b) include the wireless telephone number to be transferred, the name of the transferee,
150	and the name of the account holder.
151	(4) A wireless service provider shall comply with an order issued under this section,
152	unless compliance is not reasonably possible due to:
153	(a) the account holder having already terminated the account;
154	(b) differences in network technology that prevent the victim's device from functioning
155	on the network to which the number is to be transferred;
156	(c) geographic or other service availability constraints; or
157	(d) other barriers outside the control of the wireless service provider.
158	(5) A wireless service provider that fails to comply with an order issued under this
159	section shall, within four business days after the day on which the wireless service provider
160	receives the order, provide notice to the victim stating:
161	(a) that the wireless service provider is not able to reasonably comply with the order;
162	<u>and</u>
163	(b) the reason that the wireless service provider is not able to reasonably comply with
164	the order.
165	(6) The victim has full financial responsibility for each wireless telephone number
166	transferred to the victim by an order under this section, beginning on the day on which the
167	wireless telephone number is transferred, including monthly service costs and costs for any
168	mobile device associated with the wireless telephone number.
169	(7) This section does not preclude a wireless service provider from applying standard

170 requirements for account establishment to the victim when transferring financial responsibility 171 under Subsection (6). (8) A wireless service provider, and any officer, employee, or agent of the wireless 172 173 service provider, is not civilly liable for action taken in compliance with an order issued under this section. 174 175 Section 3. Section **78B-7-105** is amended to read: 176 78B-7-105. Forms for petitions and protective orders -- Assistance. 177 (1) (a) The offices of the court clerk shall provide forms and nonlegal assistance to 178 persons seeking to proceed under this chapter. 179 (b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall develop and adopt uniform forms for 180 petitions and orders for protection in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. That 181 office shall provide the forms to the clerk of each court authorized to issue protective orders. 182 The forms shall include: 183 (i) a statement notifying the petitioner for an exparte protective order that knowing 184 falsification of any statement or information provided for the purpose of obtaining a protective 185 order may subject the petitioner to felony prosecution; 186 (ii) a separate portion of the form for those provisions, the violation of which is a 187 criminal offense, and a separate portion for those provisions, the violation of which is a civil 188 violation, as provided in Subsection 78B-7-106[(5)](6); 189 (iii) language in the criminal provision portion stating violation of any criminal 190 provision is a class A misdemeanor, and language in the civil portion stating violation of or 191 failure to comply with a civil provision is subject to contempt proceedings: 192 (iv) a space for information the petitioner is able to provide to facilitate identification 193 of the respondent, such as social security number, driver license number, date of birth, address, 194 telephone number, and physical description; 195 (v) a space for the petitioner to request a specific period of time for the civil provisions 196 to be in effect, not to exceed 150 days, unless the petitioner provides in writing the reason for

the requested extension of the length of time beyond 150 days;

198 (vi) a statement advising the petitioner that when a minor child is included in an ex 199 parte protective order or a protective order, as part of either the criminal or the civil portion of 200 the order, the petitioner may provide a copy of the order to the principal of the school where the 201 child attends; and (vii) a statement advising the petitioner that if the respondent fails to return custody of 202 203 a minor child to the petitioner as ordered in a protective order, the petitioner may obtain from 204 the court a writ of assistance. 205 (2) If the person seeking to proceed under this chapter is not represented by an 206 attorney, it is the responsibility of the court clerk's office to provide: 207 (a) the forms adopted pursuant to Subsection (1); (b) all other forms required to petition for an order for protection including, but not 208 209 limited to, forms for service; 210 (c) clerical assistance in filling out the forms and filing the petition, in accordance with 211 Subsection (1)(a), except that a court clerk's office may designate any other entity, agency, or 212 person to provide that service, but the court clerk's office is responsible to see that the service is 213 provided; (d) information regarding the means available for the service of process; 214 215 (e) a list of legal service organizations that may represent the petitioner in an action 216 brought under this chapter, together with the telephone numbers of those organizations; and 217 (f) written information regarding the procedure for transporting a jailed or imprisoned respondent to the protective order hearing, including an explanation of the use of transportation 218 219 order forms when necessary. 220 (3) No charges may be imposed by a court clerk, constable, or law enforcement agency 221 for:

222 (a) filing a petition under this chapter;

- (b) obtaining an ex parte protective order;
- (c) obtaining copies, either certified or not certified, necessary for service or delivery to law enforcement officials; or

226	(d) fees for service of a petition, ex parte protective order, or protective order.
227	(4) A petition for an order of protection shall be in writing and verified.
228	(5) (a) An order for protection shall be issued in the form adopted by the Administrative
229	Office of the Courts pursuant to Subsection (1).
230	(b) A protective order issued, except orders issued ex parte, shall include the following
231	language:
232	"Respondent was afforded both notice and opportunity to be heard in the hearing that
233	gave rise to this order. Pursuant to the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, P.L. 103-322,
234	108 Stat. 1796, 18 U.S.C.A. 2265, this order is valid in all the United States, the District of
235	Columbia, tribal lands, and United States territories. This order complies with the Uniform
236	Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act."
237	(c) A protective order issued in accordance with this part, including protective orders
238	issued ex parte and except for a continuous protective order issued under Subsection
239	77-36-5.1(6), shall include the following language:
240	"NOTICE TO PETITIONER: The court may amend or dismiss a protective order after
241	one year if it finds that the basis for the issuance of the protective order no longer exists and the
242	petitioner has repeatedly acted in contravention of the protective order provisions to
243	intentionally or knowingly induce the respondent to violate the protective order, demonstrating
244	to the court that the petitioner no longer has a reasonable fear of the respondent."
245	Section 4. Section 78B-7-106 is amended to read:
246	78B-7-106. Protective orders Ex parte protective orders Modification of
247	orders Service of process Duties of the court.
248	(1) If it appears from a petition for an order for protection or a petition to modify an
249	order for protection that domestic violence or abuse has occurred or a modification of an order
250	for protection is required, a court may:
251	(a) without notice, immediately issue an order for protection ex parte or modify an
252	order for protection ex parte as it considers necessary to protect the petitioner and all parties
253	named to be protected in the petition; or

254 (b) upon notice, issue an order for protection or modify an order after a hearing, 255 [whether or not] regardless of whether the respondent appears. 256 (2) A court may grant the following relief without notice in an order for protection or a 257 modification issued ex parte: (a) enjoin the respondent from threatening to commit or committing domestic violence 258 259 or abuse against the petitioner and any designated family or household member; 260 (b) prohibit the respondent from harassing, telephoning, contacting, or otherwise 261 communicating with the petitioner, directly or indirectly; 262 (c) order that the respondent is excluded from the petitioner's residence and its 263 premises, and order the respondent to stay away from the residence, school, or place of employment of the petitioner, and the premises of any of these, or any specified place 264 265 frequented by the petitioner and any designated family or household member; 266 (d) upon finding that the respondent's use or possession of a weapon may pose a 267 serious threat of harm to the petitioner, prohibit the respondent from purchasing, using, or 268 possessing a firearm or other weapon specified by the court: 269 (e) order possession and use of an automobile and other essential personal effects, and 270 direct the appropriate law enforcement officer to accompany the petitioner to the residence of 271 the parties to ensure that the petitioner is safely restored to possession of the residence, 272 automobile, and other essential personal effects, or to supervise the petitioner's or respondent's 273 removal of personal belongings; 274 (f) order the respondent to maintain an existing wireless telephone contract or account; [ft] (g) grant to the petitioner temporary custody of any minor children of the parties: 275 276 [(g)] (h) order the appointment of an attorney guardian ad litem under Sections 277 78A-2-703 and 78A-6-902; 278 [(h)] (i) order any further relief that the court considers necessary to provide for the 279 safety and welfare of the petitioner and any designated family or household member; and

[(i)] (j) if the petition requests child support or spousal support, at the hearing on the

petition order both parties to provide verification of current income, including year-to-date pay

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282 stubs or employer statements of year-to-date or other period of earnings, as specified by the 283 court, and complete copies of tax returns from at least the most recent year. (3) A court may grant the following relief in an order for protection or a modification 284 285 of an order after notice and hearing, [whether or not] regardless of whether the respondent 286 appears: 287 (a) grant the relief described in Subsection (2); and 288 (b) specify arrangements for parent-time of any minor child by the respondent and 289 require supervision of that parent-time by a third party or deny parent-time if necessary to 290 protect the safety of the petitioner or child. 291 (4) In addition to the relief granted under Subsection (3), the court may order the transfer of a wireless telephone number in accordance with Section 77-36-5.3. 292 293 [(4)] (5) Following the protective order hearing, the court shall: 294 (a) as soon as possible, deliver the order to the county sheriff for service of process; 295 (b) make reasonable efforts to ensure that the order for protection is understood by the 296 petitioner, and the respondent, if present; 297 (c) transmit electronically, by the end of the next business day after the order is issued, a copy of the order for protection to the local law enforcement agency or agencies designated 298 299 by the petitioner; and 300 (d) transmit a copy of the order to the statewide domestic violence network described 301 in Section 78B-7-113. 302 [(5)] (6) (a) Each protective order shall include two separate portions, one for provisions, the violation of which are criminal offenses, and one for provisions, the violation of 303 304 which are civil violations, as follows:

(i) criminal offenses are those under Subsections (2)(a) through (e), and under Subsection (3)(a) as it refers to Subsections (2)(a) through (e); and

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- (ii) civil offenses are those under Subsections (2)(f), (h), and (i), and Subsection (3)(a) as it refers to Subsections (2)(f), (h), and (i).
 - (b) The criminal provision portion shall include a statement that violation of any

310	criminal provision is a class A misdemeanor.
311	(c) The civil provision portion shall include a notice that violation of or failure to
312	comply with a civil provision is subject to contempt proceedings.
313	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> The protective order shall include:
314	(a) a designation of a specific date, determined by the court, when the civil portion of
315	the protective order either expires or is scheduled for review by the court, which date may not
316	exceed 150 days after the date the order is issued, unless the court indicates on the record the
317	reason for setting a date beyond 150 days;
318	(b) information the petitioner is able to provide to facilitate identification of the
319	respondent, such as Social Security number, driver license number, date of birth, address,
320	telephone number, and physical description; and
321	(c) a statement advising the petitioner that:
322	(i) after two years from the date of issuance of the protective order, a hearing may be
323	held to dismiss the criminal portion of the protective order;
324	(ii) the petitioner should, within the 30 days prior to the end of the two-year period,
325	advise the court of the petitioner's current address for notice of any hearing; and
326	(iii) the address provided by the petitioner will not be made available to the respondent
327	$[\frac{7}{8}]$ (8) Child support and spouse support orders issued as part of a protective order
328	are subject to mandatory income withholding under Title 62A, Chapter 11, Part 4, Income
329	Withholding in IV-D Cases, and Title 62A, Chapter 11, Part 5, Income Withholding in Non
330	IV-D Cases, except when the protective order is issued ex parte.
331	[(8)] (a) The county sheriff that receives the order from the court, pursuant to
332	Subsection [(5)] (6)(a), shall provide expedited service for orders for protection issued in
333	accordance with this chapter, and shall transmit verification of service of process, when the
334	order has been served, to the statewide domestic violence network described in Section
335	78B-7-113.

(b) This section does not prohibit any law enforcement agency from providing service of process if that law enforcement agency:

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338	(i) has contact with the respondent and service by that law enforcement agency is
339	possible; or
340	(ii) determines that under the circumstances, providing service of process on the
341	respondent is in the best interests of the petitioner.
342	[(9)] (10) (a) When an order is served on a respondent in a jail or other holding facility
343	the law enforcement agency managing the facility shall make a reasonable effort to provide
344	notice to the petitioner at the time the respondent is released from incarceration.
345	(b) Notification of the petitioner shall consist of a good faith reasonable effort to
346	provide notification, including mailing a copy of the notification to the last-known address of
347	the victim.
348	[(10)] (11) A court may modify or vacate an order of protection or any provisions in
349	the order after notice and hearing, except that the criminal provisions of a protective order may
350	not be vacated within two years of issuance unless the petitioner:
351	(a) is personally served with notice of the hearing as provided in Rules 4 and 5, Utah
352	Rules of Civil Procedure, and the petitioner personally appears before the court and gives
353	specific consent to the vacation of the criminal provisions of the protective order; or
354	(b) submits a verified affidavit, stating agreement to the vacation of the criminal
355	provisions of the protective order.
356	[(11)] (12) A protective order may be modified without a showing of substantial and
357	material change in circumstances.
358	[(12)] (13) Insofar as the provisions of this chapter are more specific than the Utah

Rules of Civil Procedure, regarding protective orders, the provisions of this chapter govern.