2

3

25

AGE LIMIT FOR TOBACCO AND RELATED PRODUCTS

2016 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH



This bill provides a special effective date.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

26

27 AMENDS: 28 10-8-47, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 140 29 **26-38-2.6**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 171 30 **26-42-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132 31 51-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 242 32 **53-3-207**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 412 53-3-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276 33 59-14-203.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 96 34 59-14-301.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 96 35 **59-14-703**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 148 36 **76-10-103**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196 37 38 **76-10-104**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 39 **76-10-104.1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278 40 **76-10-105**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 41 **76-10-105.1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 66 and 132 42 76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114 43 **76-10-112**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 193 44 77-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276 45 46 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 47 Section 1. Section **10-8-47** is amended to read: 48 10-8-47. Municipal authority -- Intoxication -- Fights -- Disorderly conduct --49 Assault and battery -- Petit larceny -- Riots and disorderly assemblies -- Firearms and fireworks -- False pretenses and embezzlement -- Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to 50 51 minors -- Possession of controlled substances -- Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics 52 addicts. 53 A [municipal legislative body] municipality may: (1) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights. 54 bullfights, and all disorderly conduct [and]; 55 (2) provide against and punish the offenses of assault and battery and petit larceny; [the 56

57	municipal legislative body may]
58	(3) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
59	house, or place in the [city; the municipal legislative body may] municipality;
60	(4) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, fireworks, or any
61	other dangerous or combustible material; [the municipal legislative body may]
62	(5) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
63	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in all cases where the money or
64	property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the sum of \$500
65	[and may];
66	(6) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics, alcoholic beverages, or
67	$\underline{tobacco}\ to\ a\ person\ [\underline{younger}]\ \underline{less}\ than\ 21\ years\ of\ age[, or\ tobacco\ to\ any\ person\ younger\ than}$
68	19 years of age; cities may, by ordinance,];
69	(7) prohibit the possession of controlled substances as defined in [the] <u>Title 58</u> ,
70	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or any other endangering or impairing substance,
71	provided the conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony[;]; and
72	(8) provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts and other persons who are
73	addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that a person substantially lacks the capacity to
74	control the person's use of the drugs or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may be imposed as
75	a means of effecting their rehabilitation.
76	Section 2. Section 26-38-2.6 is amended to read:
77	26-38-2.6. Temporary exemption for certain restrictions on the use of
78	e-cigarettes.
79	(1) The prohibition against the use of an e-cigarette in a place of public access does not
80	apply if:
81	(a) the use of the e-cigarette occurs in the place of public access that is a retail
82	establishment that sells e-cigarettes and the use is for the purpose of:
83	(i) the retailer of an e-cigarette demonstrating to the purchaser of the e-cigarette how to
84	use the e-cigarette; or
85	(ii) the customer sampling a product sold by the retailer for use in an e-cigarette; and
86	(b) the retailer of e-cigarettes:
87	(i) has all required licenses for the possession and sale of e-cigarettes in a place of

88	
	business:

- (ii) does not permit [a person under the age of 19] an individual less than 21 years of age to enter any part of the premises of the retail establishment in which the e-cigarettes are sold; and
- (iii) the sale of e-cigarettes and substances for use in e-cigarettes constitutes at least 75% of the establishment's gross sales.
- (2) This section does not require a county or municipality to issue a license to a person to sell e-cigarettes.
 - (3) This section sunsets in accordance with Section 63I-1-226.
 - Section 3. Section **26-42-103** is amended to read:

26-42-103. Violations and penalties -- Imposition by enforcing agency and tax commission.

- (1) If, following an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines under Section 26-42-104 that a licensee or any employee has sold tobacco to [a person younger than 19] an individual less than 21 years of age, as prohibited by Section 76-10-104, the enforcing agency may impose upon the licensee the following administrative penalties:
 - (a) upon the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$300;
- (b) upon a second violation at the same retail location, and within 12 months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$750; and
- (c) upon a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location and within 12 months of the first violation, a penalty of not more than \$1,000.
- (2) The enforcing agency shall notify the commission in writing of any order or order of default finding a violation of Subsection (1) which is a third or fourth violation.
- (3) The commission, upon receipt of the written notification under Subsection (2), shall take action under Section 59-14-203.5 or 59-14-301.5 against the license to sell tobacco:
- (a) by suspending the licensee's license to sell tobacco at that location for not more than 30 days, upon receipt of notification of a third violation under Subsection (1)(c); and
- (b) by revoking the license to sell tobacco at that location held by the licensee, including any license under suspension, upon receipt of notification of a fourth violation under Subsection (1)(c).

119	(4) When the commission revokes a license under Subsection (3)(b), the commission
120	may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a
121	license under Section 59-14-202, 59-14-301, or 59-14-803 to sell tobacco at the location for
122	which the license was issued for one year after:
123	(a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or
124	(b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the
125	revocation becomes final.
126	(5) This section does not prevent any bona fide purchaser of the business, who is not a
127	sole proprietor, director, corporate officer, or partner or other holder of significant interest in
128	the entity selling the business, from immediately applying for and obtaining a license to sell
129	tobacco.
130	Section 4. Section 51-9-203 is amended to read:
131	51-9-203. Requirements for tobacco programs.
132	(1) To be eligible to receive funding under this part for a tobacco prevention, reduction,
133	cessation, or control program, an organization, whether private, governmental, or
134	quasi-governmental, shall:
135	(a) submit a request to the Department of Health containing the following information:
136	(i) for media campaigns to prevent or reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate
137	sound management and periodic evaluation of the campaign's relevance to the intended
138	audience, particularly in campaigns directed toward youth, including audience awareness of the
139	campaign and recollection of the main message;
140	(ii) for school-based education programs to prevent and reduce youth smoking, the
141	request shall describe how the program will be effective in preventing and reducing youth
142	smoking;
143	(iii) for community-based programs to prevent and reduce smoking, the request shall
144	demonstrate that the proposed program:
145	(A) has a comprehensive strategy with a clear mission and goals;
146	(B) provides for committed, caring, and professional leadership; and
147	(C) if directed toward youth:
148	(I) offers youth-centered activities in youth accessible facilities;
149	(II) is culturally sensitive, inclusive, and diverse;

150	(III) involves youth in the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services that affect
151	them; and
152	(IV) offers a positive focus that is inclusive of all youth; and
153	(iv) for enforcement, control, and compliance program, the request shall demonstrate
154	that the proposed program can reasonably be expected to reduce the extent to which tobacco
155	products are available to individuals [under the age of 19] less than 21 years of age;
156	(b) agree, by contract, to file an annual written report with the Department of Health.
157	The report shall contain the following:
158	(i) the amount funded;
159	(ii) the amount expended;
160	(iii) a description of the program or campaign and the number of adults and youth who
161	participated;
162	(iv) specific elements of the program or campaign meeting the applicable criteria set
163	forth in Subsection (1)(a); and
164	(v) a statement concerning the success and effectiveness of the program or campaign;
165	(c) agree, by contract, to not use any funds received under this part directly or
166	indirectly, to:
167	(i) engage in any lobbying or political activity, including the support of, or opposition
168	to, candidates, ballot questions, referenda, or similar activities; or
169	(ii) engage in litigation with any tobacco manufacturer, retailer, or distributor, except to
170	enforce:
171	(A) the provisions of the Master Settlement Agreement;
172	(B) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
173	(C) Title 26, Chapter 42, Civil Penalties for Tobacco Sales to Underage Persons; and
174	(D) Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons; and
175	(d) agree, by contract, to repay the funds provided under this part if the organization:
176	(i) fails to file a timely report as required by Subsection (1)(b); or
177	(ii) uses any portion of the funds in violation of Subsection (1)(c).
178	(2) The Department of Health shall review and evaluate the success and effectiveness
179	of any program or campaign that receives funding pursuant to a request submitted under
180	Subsection (1) The review and evaluation:

181	(a) shall include a comparison of annual smoking trends;
182	(b) may be conducted by an independent evaluator; and
183	(c) may be paid for by funds appropriated from the account for that purpose.
184	(3) The Department of Health shall annually report to the Social Services
185	Appropriations Subcommittee on the reviews conducted pursuant to Subsection (2).
186	(4) An organization that fails to comply with the contract requirements set forth in
187	Subsection (1) shall:
188	(a) repay the state as provided in Subsection (1)(d); and
189	(b) be disqualified from receiving funds under this part in any subsequent fiscal year.
190	(5) The attorney general shall be responsible for recovering funds that are required to
191	be repaid to the state under this section.
192	(6) Nothing in this section may be construed as applying to funds that are not
193	appropriated under this part.
194	Section 5. Section 53-3-207 is amended to read:
195	53-3-207. License certificates or driving privilege cards issued to drivers by class
196	of motor vehicle Contents Release of anatomical gift information Temporary
196 197	of motor vehicle Contents Release of anatomical gift information Temporary licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation.
197	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation.
197 198	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section:
197 198 199	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor
197 198 199 200	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle.
197 198 199 200 201	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in
197 198 199 200 201 202	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1).
197 198 199 200 201 202 203	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1). (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit
197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1). (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit district, community development and renewal agency, special improvement or taxing district,
197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1). (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit district, community development and renewal agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under
197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1). (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit district, community development and renewal agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public
197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207	licenses or driving privilege cards Minors' licenses, cards, and permits Violation. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Driving privilege" means the privilege granted under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle. (b) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as defined in this Subsection (1). (c) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, public transit district, community development and renewal agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public corporation.

(2) (a) The division shall issue to every person privileged to drive a motor vehicle, a

215

216

217

218

220

224

225226

227

228

229

230

231232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

- regular license certificate, a limited-term license certificate, or a driving privilege card indicating the type or class of motor vehicle the person may drive.
 - (b) A person may not drive a class of motor vehicle unless granted the privilege in that class.
 - (3) (a) Every regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall bear:
 - (i) the distinguishing number assigned to the person by the division;
- (ii) the name, birth date, and Utah residence address of the person;
 - (iii) a brief description of the person for the purpose of identification;
- (iv) any restrictions imposed on the license under Section 53-3-208;
- (v) a photograph of the person;
- (vi) a photograph or other facsimile of the person's signature;
 - (vii) an indication whether the person intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26, Chapter 28, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, unless the driving privilege is extended under Subsection 53-3-214(3); and
 - (viii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the person states that the person is a veteran of the United States military on the application for a driver license in accordance with Section 53-3-205 and provides verification that the person was granted an honorable or general discharge from the United States Armed Forces, an indication that the person is a United States military veteran for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued on or after July 1, 2011.
 - (b) A regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate issued to any person [younger] less than 21 years of age on a portrait-style format as required in Subsection (5)(b)(i) is not required to include an indication that the person is a United States military veteran under Subsection (3)(a)(viii).
 - (c) A new license certificate issued by the division may not bear the person's Social Security number.
 - (d) (i) The regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be of an impervious material, resistant to wear, damage, and alteration.
- 241 (ii) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(b), the size, form, and color of the regular 242 license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card shall be as

243 prescribed by the commissioner.

- (iii) The commissioner may also prescribe the issuance of a special type of limited regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card under Subsection 53-3-220(4).
- (4) (a) (i) The division, upon determining after an examination that an applicant is mentally and physically qualified to be granted a driving privilege, may issue to an applicant a receipt for the fee if the applicant is eligible for a regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate.
- (ii) (A) The division shall issue a temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate allowing the person to drive a motor vehicle while the division is completing its investigation to determine whether the person is entitled to be granted a driving privilege.
- (B) A temporary regular license certificate or a temporary limited-term license certificate issued under this Subsection (4) shall be recognized and have the same rights and privileges as a regular license certificate or a limited-term license certificate.
- (b) The temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate shall be in the person's immediate possession while driving a motor vehicle, and it is invalid when the person's regular license certificate or limited-term license certificate has been issued or when, for good cause, the privilege has been refused.
- (c) The division shall indicate on the temporary regular license certificate or temporary limited-term license certificate a date after which it is not valid as a temporary license.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the division may not issue a temporary driving privilege card or other temporary permit to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- (ii) The division may issue a learner permit issued in accordance with Section 53-3-210.5 to an applicant for a driving privilege card.
- (5) (a) The division shall distinguish learner permits, temporary permits, regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, and driving privilege cards issued to any person [younger] less than 21 years of age by use of plainly printed information or the use of a color or other means not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards.

- (b) The division shall distinguish a regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card issued to any person[: (i) younger] less than 21 years of age by use of a portrait-style format not used for other regular license certificates, limited-term license certificates, or driving privilege cards and by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 21 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product under Section 32B-4-403[;] and the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section 76-10-104.
- [(ii) younger than 19 years of age, by plainly printing the date the regular license certificate, limited-term license certificate, or driving privilege card holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section 76-10-104.]
- (6) The division shall distinguish a limited-term license certificate by clearly indicating on the document:
 - (a) that it is temporary; and
 - (b) its expiration date.
- (7) (a) The division shall only issue a driving privilege card to a person whose privilege was obtained without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States as required under Subsection 53-3-205(8).
 - (b) The division shall distinguish a driving privilege card from a license certificate by:
 - (i) use of a format, color, font, or other means; and
- (ii) clearly displaying on the front of the driving privilege card a phrase substantially similar to "FOR DRIVING PRIVILEGES ONLY -- NOT VALID FOR IDENTIFICATION".
- (8) The provisions of Subsection (5)(b) do not apply to a learner permit, temporary permit, temporary regular license certificate, temporary limited-term license certificate, or any other temporary permit.
- (9) The division shall issue temporary license certificates of the same nature, except as to duration, as the license certificates that they temporarily replace, as are necessary to implement applicable provisions of this section and Section 53-3-223.
- (10) (a) A governmental entity may not accept a driving privilege card as proof of personal identification.
 - (b) A driving privilege card may not be used as a document providing proof of a

305	person's age for any government required purpose.
306	(11) A person who violates Subsection (2)(b) is guilty of an infraction.
307	(12) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions, requirements, classes, endorsements,
308	fees, restrictions, and sanctions under this code apply to a:
309	(a) driving privilege in the same way as a license or limited-term license issued under
310	this chapter; and
311	(b) limited-term license certificate or driving privilege card in the same way as a
312	regular license certificate issued under this chapter.
313	Section 6. Section 53-3-806 is amended to read:
314	53-3-806. Portrait-style format Minor's card distinguishable.
315	(1) The division shall use a portrait-style format for all identification cards, similar to
316	the format used for license certificates issued to a person [younger] less than 21 years of age
317	under Section 53-3-207.
318	(2) The identification card issued to a person [younger] <u>less</u> than 21 years of age shall
319	be distinguished by use of plainly printed information or by the use of a color or other means
320	not used for the identification card issued to a person 21 years of age or older.
321	(3) The division shall distinguish an identification card issued to any person[$\frac{1}{2}$ (a)]
322	[younger] less than 21 years of age by plainly printing the date the identification card holder is
323	21 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic
324	product under Section 32B-4-403[;] and the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under
325	<u>Section 76-10-104.</u>
326	[(b) younger than 19 years of age by plainly printing the date the identification card
327	holder is 19 years of age, which is the legal age for purchasing tobacco products under Section
328	76-10-104.]
329	(4) The division shall distinguish a limited-term identification card by clearly
330	indicating on the card:
331	(a) that it is temporary; and
332	(b) its expiration date.
333	Section 7. Section 59-14-203.5 is amended to read:
334	59-14-203.5. Commission action to suspend or revoke license.
335	(1) (a) The commission shall suspend or revoke licenses to sell tobacco, as required

- under Section 26-42-103 regarding suspension or revocation of a license due to the sale of cigarettes to [a person younger than 19] an individual less than 21 years of age, upon receipt of notice of an enforcing agency's finding of a violation of Section 26-42-103.
- (b) The commission shall provide written notice of the suspension or revocation to the licensee.
- (2) It is the duty of the enforcing agency to advise the commission of any finding of a violation of Section 26-42-103 for which suspension or revocation of the license is a penalty.
- (3) When the commission revokes a licensee's license under this section the commission may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a license under Section 59-14-202 or 59-14-301 to sell tobacco, or a license under Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product, at the location for which the license was issued for one year after:
 - (a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or
- (b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the revocation becomes final.
 - Section 8. Section **59-14-301.5** is amended to read:
- 59-14-301.5. Commission action to suspend or revoke license.
- (1) (a) The commission shall suspend or revoke licenses to sell tobacco, as required under Section 26-42-103 regarding suspension or revocation of a license due to the sale of tobacco products to [a person younger than 19] an individual less than 21 years of age, upon receipt of notice of an enforcing agency's order or order of default, finding a violation of Section 26-42-103.
- (b) The commission shall provide written notice of the suspension or revocation to the licensee.
- (2) It is the duty of the enforcing agency to advise the commission of any order or order of default finding a violation of Section 26-42-103, for which suspension or revocation of the license is a penalty.
- (3) When the commission revokes a licensee's license under this section the commission may not issue to the licensee, or to the business entity using the license that is revoked, a license under Section 59-14-202 or 59-14-301 to sell tobacco, or a license under Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product, at the location for which the license

367	was issued for one year after:
368	(a) the day on which the time for filing an appeal of the revocation ends; or
369	(b) if the revocation is appealed, the day on which the decision to uphold the
370	revocation becomes final.
371	Section 9. Section 59-14-703 is amended to read:
372	59-14-703. Certification of cigarette rolling machine operators Renewal of
373	certification Requirements for certification or renewal of certification Denial.
374	(1) A cigarette rolling machine operator may not perform the following without first
375	obtaining certification from the commission as provided in this part:
376	(a) locate a cigarette rolling machine within this state;
377	(b) make or offer to make a cigarette rolling machine available for use within this state
378	or
379	(c) offer a cigarette for sale within this state if the cigarette is produced by:
380	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator; or
381	(ii) another person at the location of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
382	rolling machine.
383	(2) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall renew its certification as provided in this
384	section.
385	(3) The commission shall prescribe a form for certifying a cigarette rolling machine
386	operator under this part.
387	(4) (a) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for
388	certification before the cigarette rolling machine operator performs an act described in
389	Subsection (1) within the state for the first time.
390	(b) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for a renewal of
391	certification on or before the earlier of:
392	(i) December 31 of each year; or
393	(ii) the day on which there is a change in any of the information the cigarette rolling
394	machine operator provides on the form described in Subsection (3).
395	(5) To obtain certification or renewal of certification under this section from the
396	commission, a cigarette rolling machine operator shall:
397	(a) identify:

398 (i) the cigarette rolling machine operator's name and address; 399 (ii) the location, make, and brand of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette 400 rolling machine; and 401 (iii) each person from whom the cigarette rolling machine operator will purchase or be 402 provided tobacco products that the cigarette rolling machine operator will use to produce 403 cigarettes; and 404 (b) certify, under penalty of perjury, that: 405 (i) the tobacco to be used in the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling 406 machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description, shall be only of a: 407 (A) brand family listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section 408 59-14-603; and 409 (B) tobacco product manufacturer listed on the commission's directory listing required 410 by Section 59-14-603: 411 (ii) the cigarette rolling machine operator shall prohibit another person who uses the 412 cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine from using tobacco, a wrapper, or 413 a cover except for tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover purchased by or provided to the cigarette 414 rolling machine operator from a person identified in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(iii); 415 (iii) the cigarette rolling machine operator holds a current license issued in accordance 416 with this chapter; 417 (iv) the cigarettes produced from the cigarette rolling machine shall comply with Title 418 53, Chapter 7, Part 4, The Reduced Cigarette Ignition Propensity and Firefighter Protection 419 Act; 420 (v) the cigarette rolling machine shall be located in a separate and defined area where 421 the cigarette rolling machine operator ensures that [a person younger] an individual less than 422 [19] 21 years of age may not be: 423 (A) present at any time; or 424 (B) permitted to enter at any time; and 425 (vi) the cigarette rolling machine operator may not barter, distribute, exchange, offer, 426 or sell cigarettes produced from a cigarette rolling machine in a quantity of less than 20 427 cigarettes per retail transaction.

(6) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator meets the

420	non-in-manta for contification on non-one of contification and the continue of
429	requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission
430	shall grant the certification or renewal of certification.
431	(7) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator does not
432	meet the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the
433	commission shall:
434	(a) deny the certification or renewal of certification; and
435	(b) provide the cigarette rolling machine operator the grounds for denial of the
436	certification or renewal of certification in writing.
437	Section 10. Section 76-10-103 is amended to read:
438	76-10-103. Permitting minors to use tobacco in place of business.
439	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of [any] a place of business to knowingly
440	permit [persons under age 19] an individual less than 21 years of age to frequent [a] the place
441	of business while [they are] the individual is using tobacco.
442	Section 11. Section 76-10-104 is amended to read:
443	76-10-104. Providing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco to a minor
444	Penalties.
445	(1) [Any] A person who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal
446	negligence provides any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form, to [any
447	person under 19] an individual less than 21 years of age[-] is guilty of a class C misdemeanor
448	on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor
449	on subsequent offenses.
450	(2) For purposes of this section "provides":
451	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
452	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
453	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
454	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
455	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
456	Section 12. Section 76-10-104.1 is amended to read:
457	76-10-104.1. Providing tobacco paraphernalia to minors Penalties.
458	(1) For purposes of this section:
459	(a) "Provides":

460	(1) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
461	(ii) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
462	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
463	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
464	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
465	(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia":
466	(i) means any equipment, product, or material of any kind which is used, intended for
467	use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain, conceal, ingest, inhale, or
468	otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the human body, including:
469	(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
470	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
471	(B) water pipes;
472	(C) carburetion tubes and devices;
473	(D) smoking and carburetion masks;
474	(E) roach clips[:], meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette,
475	that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
476	(F) chamber pipes;
477	(G) carburetor pipes;
478	(H) electric pipes;
479	(I) air-driven pipes;
480	(J) chillums;
481	(K) bongs; and
482	(L) ice pipes or chillers; and
483	(ii) does not include matches or lighters.
484	(2) (a) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with
485	criminal negligence provide any tobacco paraphernalia to [any person under 19] an individual
486	<u>less than 21</u> years of age.
487	(b) A person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first
488	offense and a class B misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
489	Section 13. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
490	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco

491	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
492	(1) [Any 18 year old person] An individual who is at least 18 years of age, but less than
493	21 years of age, who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the [person's] individual's
494	possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a class C
495	misdemeanor and subject to:
496	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
497	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
498	participation fee.
499	(2) [Any person under the age of 18] An individual less than 18 years of age who buys
500	or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the person's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic
501	cigarette, or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the Juvenile Court and:
502	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
503	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
504	participation fee.
505	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section 53A-3-402
506	may issue citations for violations of this section committed on school property. Cited
507	violations shall be reported to the appropriate juvenile court.
508	Section 14. Section 76-10-105.1 is amended to read:
509	76-10-105.1. Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of cigarettes, tobacco, and
510	electronic cigarettes Minors not allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
511	(1) As used in this section:
512	(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
513	(b) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
514	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
515	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
516	(A) vending machine; or
517	(B) self-service display.
518	(c) "Retailer" means a person who:
519	(i) sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to an individual for personal
520	consumption; or
521	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a cigarette, tobacco, or an

522	electronic eigarette.
523	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic
524	cigarette to which the public has access without the intervention of a retailer or retailer's
525	employee.
526	(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.
527	(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a retailer with a physical location that derives at
528	least 80% of its total sales from the sale of cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes.
529	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a cigarette, tobacco, or an
530	electronic cigarette only in a face-to-face exchange.
531	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
532	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
533	59-14-509;
534	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
535	retailer's facility:
536	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
537	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
538	present; or
539	(c) a sale at a tobacco specialty shop.
540	(4) An individual who is less than [19] 21 years [old] of age may not enter or be
541	present at a tobacco specialty shop unless the individual is:
542	(a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
543	(b) present at the tobacco shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to
544	purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette[; or].
545	[(c) 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed
546	Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.]
547	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a), an individual
548	into an area described in Subsection (3)(b), or into a tobacco specialty shop, may not allow the
549	individual to purchase a cigarette, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette.
550	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
551	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;

(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and

553	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
554	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of providing tobacco to a minor
555	under Section 76-10-104.
556	(8) (a) Any ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political
557	subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, placement, or display of
558	cigarettes, tobacco, or electronic cigarettes that is not essentially identical to the provisions of
559	this section and Section 76-10-102 is superseded by this section and Section 76-10-102.
560	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use
561	ordinance by a municipal or county government.
562	Section 15. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read:
563	76-10-111. Prohibition on giving or distributing smokeless tobacco, chewing
564	tobacco, or electronic cigarettes without charge Exceptions.
565	(1) The Legislature finds that:
566	(a) smokeless tobacco, [or] including chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of
567	individuals who use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or
568	oral cancers;
569	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
570	(c) the use of electronic cigarettes may lead to unhealthy behavior such as the use of
571	tobacco products; and
572	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in
573	the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
574	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler,
575	[and] or retailer to give or distribute [without charge any] smokeless tobacco, including
576	chewing tobacco, or \underline{an} electronic cigarette in this state $\underline{without\ charge}$. [Any] \underline{A} person who
577	violates this [section] Subsection (2) is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense[;]
578	and [is guilty of] a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
579	(3) (a) [Smokeless] A manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may give or distribute,
580	without charge, smokeless tobacco, including chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette [may
581	be distributed to adults without charge] to an individual at least 21 years of age at a
582	professional [conventions] convention where the general public is excluded.
583	(b) The prohibition described in Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer,

(A) a cigar;

584	manufacturer, or distributor [who] that gives smokeless tobacco, including chewing tobacco, or
585	an electronic cigarette to [a person of legal] an individual at least 21 years of age upon the
586	[person's] individual's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette.
587	Section 16. Section 76-10-112 is amended to read:
588	76-10-112. Prohibition on giving or distributing cigarettes or other tobacco
589	products without charge Exceptions.
590	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), it is unlawful for a manufacturer, wholesaler,
591	or retailer to give or distribute cigarettes or other tobacco products in this state without charge.
592	[Any] A person who violates this $[subsection]$ Subsection (1) is guilty of a class C
593	misdemeanor for the first offense and a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
594	(2) [Cigarettes and other tobacco products may be distributed to adults without charge]
595	A manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may give or distribute, without charge, cigarettes or
596	other tobacco products to an individual at least 21 years of age at a professional [conventions]
597	convention where the general public is excluded.
598	(3) The prohibition described in Subsection (1) does not apply to [retailers,
599	manufacturers, or distributors who give] a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor that gives
600	cigarettes or other tobacco products to [persons of legal] an individual at least 21 years of age
601	upon [their] the individual's purchase of cigarettes or other tobacco products.
602	Section 17. Section 77-39-101 is amended to read:
603	77-39-101. Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and electronic cigarettes to
604	underage individuals.
605	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" is as defined in Section 76-10-101.
606	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
607	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
608	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual [under the age of 21 years] less than
609	21 years of age to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a
610	retail establishment; or
611	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual [under the age of 19 years] less than
612	21 years of age to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail
613	establishment of:

615 (B) a cigarette; 616 (C) tobacco in any form; or 617 (D) an electronic cigarette. 618 (b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct, 619 supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase. 620 (c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the 621 supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail 622 establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase: 623 (i) alcohol; or 624 (ii) (A) a cigar; 625 (B) a cigarette; 626 (C) tobacco in any form; or 627 (D) an electronic cigarette. 628 (d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the 629 purchase. 630 (3) (a) If an individual [under the age of 18 years old] less than 18 years of age is 631 requested to attempt a purchase, a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall 632 be obtained prior to that individual participating in any attempted purchase. 633 (b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may: 634 (i) be a trained volunteer; or 635 (ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases 636 of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette. 637 (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone 638 accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase 639 misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in attempting the purchase. 640 641 (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this 642 section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted 643 purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic 644 cigarette if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual. 645 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section

646	shall be conducted:
647	(i) on a random basis; and
648	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
649	than:
650	(A) four times for the attempted purchase of:
651	(I) a cigar;
652	(II) a cigarette;
653	(III) tobacco in any form; or
654	(IV) an electronic cigarette; and
655	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
656	(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an investigation under this section if:
657	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
658	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette to an individual under the age
659	established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
660	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
661	reasonable suspicion.
662	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the
663	attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase
664	was made.
665	(b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
666	(i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
667	(ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
668	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
669	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
670	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
671	attempted the purchase;
672	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
673	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
674	Section 18. Effective date.
675	This hill takes effect on July 1, 2018