Representative Carl R. Albrecht proposes the following substitute bill:

1	EMERGENCY WATER SHORTAGES AMENDMENTS
2	2023 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Carl R. Albrecht
5	Senate Sponsor:
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses emergency shortages of water declared by the governor.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 amends the powers of the Department of Agriculture and Food;
13	 provides for the use of money in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund for
14	emergency water shortages loans;
15	 addresses governmental immunity;
16	 enacts the Water Preferences During Emergencies chapter, including:
17	• defining terms;
18	 providing for scope of the chapter;
19	• outlining the process for declaring a temporary water shortage emergency;
20	 addressing water use preferences under a temporary water shortage emergency;
21	 providing for compensation related to water use preferences; and
22	 addressing rulemaking by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
23	 repeals existing statutes related to water preferences and a study; and
24	 makes technical changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:

1st Sub. H.B. 150

26	This bill appropriates for fiscal year 2024:
27	 to the Department of Agriculture and Food - Agriculture Resource Development
28	Fund, as a one-time appropriation:
29	• from the General Fund, \$10,000,000.
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	AMENDS:
34	4-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 68, 79
35	4-18-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 68
36	4-18-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 79
37	63G-7-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 388
38	ENACTS:
39	73-3d-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	73-3d-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	73-3d-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	73-3d-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	73-3d-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	73-3d-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	73-3d-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	73-3d-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	73-3d-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	REPEALS:
49	73-3-21.3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 311
50	73-3-21.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 311
51 52	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
53	Section 1. Section 4-2-103 is amended to read:
54	4-2-103. Functions, powers, and duties of department Fees for services
55	Marketing orders Procedure Purchasing and auditing.
56	(1) The department shall:

- 2 -

57	(a) inquire into and promote the interests and products of agriculture and allied
58	industries;
59	(b) promote methods for increasing the production and facilitating the distribution of
60	the agricultural products of the state;
61	(c) (i) inquire into the cause of contagious, infectious, and communicable diseases
62	among livestock and the means for their prevention and cure; and
63	(ii) initiate, implement, and administer plans and programs to prevent the spread of
64	diseases among livestock;
65	(d) encourage experiments designed to determine the best means and methods for the
66	control of diseases among domestic and wild animals;
67	(e) issue marketing orders for any designated agricultural product to:
68	(i) promote orderly market conditions for any product;
69	(ii) give the producer a fair return on the producer's investment at the marketplace; and
70	(iii) only promote and not restrict or restrain the marketing of Utah agricultural
71	commodities;
72	(f) administer and enforce all laws assigned to the department by the Legislature;
73	(g) establish standards and grades for agricultural products and fix and collect
74	reasonable fees for services performed by the department in conjunction with the grading of
75	agricultural products;
76	(h) establish operational standards for any establishment that manufactures, processes,
77	produces, distributes, stores, sells, or offers for sale any agricultural product;
78	(i) adopt, according to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
79	rules necessary for the effective administration of the agricultural laws of the state;
80	(j) when necessary, make investigations, subpoena witnesses and records, conduct
81	hearings, issue orders, and make recommendations concerning matters related to agriculture;
82	(k) (i) inspect any nursery, orchard, farm, garden, park, cemetery, greenhouse, or any
83	private or public place that may become infested or infected with harmful insects, plant
84	diseases, noxious or poisonous weeds, or other agricultural pests;
85	(ii) establish and enforce quarantines;
86	(iii) issue and enforce orders and rules for the control and eradication of pests,
87	wherever they may exist within the state; and

88	(iv) perform other duties relating to plants and plant products considered advisable and
89	not contrary to law;
90	(1) inspect apiaries for diseases inimical to bees and beekeeping;
91	(m) take charge of any agricultural exhibit within the state, if considered necessary by
92	the department, and award premiums at that exhibit;
93	(n) provide for the coordination of state conservation efforts, including by:
94	(i) assisting the Conservation Commission in the administration of Chapter 18,
95	Conservation Commission Act;
96	(ii) implementing Chapter 46, Conservation Coordination Act, including entering into
97	agreements with other state agencies; and
98	(iii) administering and disbursing money available to assist conservation districts in the
99	state in the conservation of the state's soil and water resources;
100	(o) participate in the United States Department of Agriculture certified agricultural
101	mediation program, in accordance with 7 U.S.C. Sec. 5101 and 7 C.F.R. Part 785;
102	(p) promote and support the multiple use of public lands;
103	(q) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
104	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G, Chapter
105	22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification is required:
106	(i) under this title;
107	(ii) by the department; or
108	(iii) by an entity within the department; [and]
109	(r) in accordance with Title 73, Chapter 3d, Part 4, Compensation:
110	(i) conduct mediation or arbitration; and
111	(ii) assist in the issuance of loans by the Conservation Commission; and
112	[(r)] (s) perform any additional functions, powers, and duties provided by law.
113	(2) The department, by following the procedures and requirements of Section
114	63J-1-504, may adopt a schedule of fees assessed for services provided by the department.
115	(3) (a) A marketing order issued under Subsection (1)(e) may not take effect until:
116	(i) the department gives notice of the proposed order to the producers and handlers of
117	the affected product;
118	(ii) the commissioner conducts a hearing on the proposed order; and

119	(iii) at least 50% of the registered producers and handlers of the affected products vote
120	in favor of the proposed order.
121	(b) (i) The department may establish boards of control to administer marketing orders
122	and the proceeds derived from any order.
123	(ii) A board of control shall:
124	(A) ensure that proceeds are placed in an account in the board of control's name in a
125	depository institution; and
126	(B) ensure that the account is annually audited by an accountant approved by the
127	commissioner.
128	(4) Money collected by grain grading, as provided by Subsection (1)(g), shall be
129	deposited into the General Fund as dedicated credits for the grain grading program.
130	(5) In fulfilling the department's duties in this chapter, the department may:
131	(a) purchase, as authorized or required by law, services that the department is
132	responsible to provide for legally eligible persons;
133	(b) take necessary steps, including legal action, to recover money or the monetary value
134	of services provided to a recipient who is not eligible;
135	(c) examine and audit the expenditures of any public funds provided to a local
136	authority, agency, or organization that contracts with or receives funds from those authorities or
137	agencies;
138	(d) accept and administer grants from the federal government and from other sources,
139	public or private; and
140	(e) fund grants using money appropriated by the Legislature or money received from
141	any other source.
142	Section 2. Section 4-18-105 is amended to read:
143	4-18-105. Conservation Commission Functions and duties.
144	(1) The commission shall:
145	(a) facilitate the development and implementation of the strategies and programs
146	necessary to:
147	(i) protect, conserve, use, and develop the soil, water, and air resources of the state; and
148	(ii) promote the protection, integrity, and restoration of land for agricultural and other
149	beneficial purposes;

150	(b) disseminate information regarding districts' activities and programs;
151	(c) supervise the formation, reorganization, or dissolution of districts according to the
152	requirements of Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District Act;
153	(d) prescribe uniform accounting and recordkeeping procedures for districts and
154	require each district to submit annually the information required in Section 17D-3-103;
155	(e) approve and make loans for [agricultural] purposes listed in Section 4-18-106,
156	through the loan advisory board described in Section 4-18-106, from the Agriculture Resource
157	Development Fund;
158	(f) seek to obtain and administer federal or state money in accordance with applicable
159	federal or state guidelines and make loans or grants from that money to an eligible entity, as
160	defined by the department by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
161	Administrative Rulemaking Act, for the preservation of soil, water, and air resources, or for a
162	reason set forth in Section 4-18-108;
163	(g) seek to coordinate soil and water protection, conservation, and development
164	activities and programs of state agencies, local governmental units, other states, special interest
165	groups, and federal agencies;
166	(h) when assigned by the governor, when required by contract with the Department of
167	Environmental Quality, or when required by contract with the United States Environmental
168	Protection Agency:
169	(i) develop programs for the prevention, control, or abatement of new or existing
170	pollution to the soil, water, or air of the state;
171	(ii) advise, consult, and cooperate with affected parties to further the purpose of this
172	chapter;
173	(iii) conduct studies, investigations, research, and demonstrations relating to
174	agricultural pollution issues;
175	(iv) give reasonable consideration in the exercise of its powers and duties to the
176	economic impact on sustainable agriculture;
177	(v) meet the requirements of federal law related to water and air pollution in the
178	exercise of the commission's powers and duties; and
179	(vi) establish administrative penalties relating to agricultural discharges as defined in
180	Section 4-18-103 that are proportional to the seriousness of the resulting environmental harm;

181	and
182	(i) coordinate with the Division of Conservation created in Section 4-46-401.
183	(2) The commission may:
184	(a) employ, with the approval of the department, an administrator and necessary
185	technical experts and employees;
186	(b) execute contracts or other instruments necessary to exercise the commission's
187	powers;
188	(c) take necessary action to promote and enforce the purpose and findings of Section
189	4-18-102;
190	(d) sue and be sued; and
191	(e) adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
192	Rulemaking Act, necessary to carry out the powers and duties described in Subsection (1) and
193	Subsections (2)(b) and (c).
194	Section 3. Section 4-18-106 is amended to read:
195	4-18-106. Agriculture Resource Development Fund Contents Use of fund
196	money Advisory board.
197	(1) As used in this section:
198	(a) "Disaster" means an extraordinary circumstance, including a flood, drought, or fire,
199	that results in:
200	(i) the president of the United States declaring an emergency or major disaster in the
201	state;
202	(ii) the governor declaring a state of emergency under Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 2,
203	Disaster Response and Recovery Act; or
204	(iii) the chief executive officer of a local government declaring a local emergency
205	under Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Disaster Response and Recovery Act.
206	(b) "Fund" means the Agriculture Resource Development Fund created in this section.
207	[(b)] (c) "Local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section
208	53-2a-602.
209	(2) There is created a revolving loan fund known as the "Agriculture Resource
210	Development Fund."
211	(3) The [Agriculture Resource Development Fund] fund shall consist of:

212	(a) money appropriated to the fund by the Legislature;
213	(b) sales and use tax receipts transferred to the fund in accordance with Section
214	59-12-103;
215	(c) money received for the repayment of loans made from the fund;
216	(d) money from a preferential user to reimburse the commission for loans made from
217	the fund in accordance with Title 73, Chapter 3d, Part 4, Compensation;
218	[(d)] (e) money made available to the state for agriculture resource development or for
219	temporary water shortage emergencies from any source; and
220	[(e)] (f) interest earned on the fund.
221	(4) The commission may make loans from the [Agriculture Resource Development
222	Fund] <u>fund</u> for:
223	(a) a rangeland improvement and management project;
224	(b) a watershed protection or flood prevention project;
225	(c) a soil and water conservation project;
226	(d) a program designed to promote energy efficient farming practices;
227	(e) an improvement program for agriculture product storage or program designed to
228	protect a crop or animal resource;
229	(f) a hydroponic or aquaponic system;
230	(g) a project or program to improve water quality;
231	(h) a project to address other environmental issues; [or]
232	(i) subject to Subsection (5), a disaster relief program designed to aid the sustainability
233	of agriculture during and immediately following a disaster[-]; or
234	(j) subject to Subsection (6), authorized for temporary water shortage emergencies as
235	provided in Title 73, Chapter 3d, Part 4, Compensation.
236	(5) (a) Loans made through a disaster relief program described in Subsection (4)(i) may
237	not comprise more than 10% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to the [Agriculture
238	Resource Development Fund] fund.
239	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the department may use [all] the money
240	appropriated to the [Agriculture Resource Development Fund] fund by the Legislature or
241	another source, without limitation, if the money is appropriated specifically for use in a disaster
242	relief program.

243	(c) (i) Until December 31, 2024, the department is authorized to borrow up to
244	\$3,000,000 of General Fund appropriations from the Agricultural Water Optimization Account
245	created in Section 73-10g-204 to be used in making loans through a disaster relief program
246	described in Subsection (4)(i).
247	(ii) If the department borrows from the Agricultural Water Optimization Account
248	under Subsection (5)(c)(i), the department shall deposit the repayment of principal and interest
249	on loans made through a disaster relief program, regardless of the source of the funds used to
250	make those loans, into the Agricultural Water Optimization Account, with preference over the
251	repayment of any other source of funds, until the Agricultural Water Optimization Account is
252	repaid in full.
253	(6) The commission may not have at one time an aggregate amount of loans made
254	under Subsection (4)(j) that exceeds \$5,000,000.
255	[(6)] (7) The commission may appoint an advisory board to:
256	(a) oversee the award process for loans, as described in this section;
257	(b) approve loans; and
258	(c) recommend policies and procedures for the [Agriculture Resource Development
259	Fund] fund that are consistent with statute.
260	Section 4. Section 63G-7-302 is amended to read:
261	63G-7-302. Assessment of compensation and damages in an action for taking or
262	damaging private property.
263	(1) [In any] Except as provided in Subsection (2), in an action brought under [the
264	authority of] Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 22, [of the Utah Constitution] for the
265	recovery of compensation from the governmental entity when the governmental entity has
266	taken or damaged private property for public uses without just compensation, compensation
267	and damages shall be assessed according to [the requirements of] Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5,
268	Eminent Domain.
269	(2) In an action brought under Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 22, for the recovery
270	of compensation for the interruption of water use in the case of a temporary water shortage
271	emergency that results in the taking or damage of property for public uses without just
272	compensation, compensation and damages shall be assessed in accordance with Title 73,

274	Section 5. Section 73-3d-101 is enacted to read:
275	CHAPTER 3d. WATER PREFERENCES DURING EMERGENCIES
276	Part 1. General Provisions
277	73-3d-101. Definitions.
278	As used in this chapter:
279	(1) "Electric utility" means:
280	(a) a municipal electric utility, as defined in Section 10-19-102;
281	(b) an electric interlocal entity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
282	(c) an energy services interlocal entity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
283	(d) a project entity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
284	(e) an electric improvement district, as defined in Section 17B-2a-406; or
285	(f) an electrical corporation, as defined in Section 54-2-1.
286	(2) "Military facility" means an installation, base, air field, camp, post, station, yard,
287	center, or other facility owned, leased, or operated by, or under the jurisdiction of, the United
288	States Department of Defense or the National Guard.
289	(3) "Person entitled to make a request" means:
290	(a) the holder of an approved but unperfected application to appropriate water;
291	(b) the record owner of a perfected water right; or
292	(c) a person who provides water using an approved but unperfected application or a
293	perfected water right with the written authorization of a person described in Subsection (3)(a)
294	<u>or (b).</u>
295	(4) "Temporary water shortage emergency" means an interruption of water delivery for
296	which the governor may declare an emergency in accordance with Section 73-3d-201.
297	Section 6. Section 73-3d-102 is enacted to read:
298	73-3d-102. Scope of chapter.
299	(1) (a) The powers vested in the governor under this chapter are in addition to, and not
300	in lieu of, any other emergency powers otherwise statutorily vested in the governor, including
301	the power of the governor to authorize the use of water sources as necessary for fire
302	suppression under Subsection 53-2a-204(1)(o).
303	(b) An executive order of the governor declaring a temporary water shortage
304	emergency under this chapter is not a declaration of a state of emergency under Section

305	53-2a-206 and is not subject to Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Disaster Response and Recovery
306	Act. To exercise an authority granted under Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Disaster Response and
307	Recovery Act, related to a declaration of a state of emergency, the governor shall issue an
308	executive order that is separate from an executive order declaring a temporary water shortage
309	emergency.
310	(2) Nothing in this chapter modifies:
311	(a) the statutory duties of the state engineer under this title; or
312	(b) except as specifically provided in an executive order declaring a temporary water
313	shortage emergency, Subsection 73-3-1(5)(a) or Section 73-3-21.1.
314	Section 7. Section 73-3d-201 is enacted to read:
315	Part 2. Declaration of Temporary Water Shortage Emergency
316	<u>73-3d-201.</u> Declaration of a temporary water shortage emergency by the
317	governor.
318	(1) (a) Subject to the requirements of this section, the governor may declare a
319	temporary water shortage emergency by issuing an executive order if, on the governor's own
320	initiative or at the request of a person entitled to make a request, the governor determines that
321	an existing or imminent short-term interruption of water delivery in this state caused by
322	manmade or natural causes other than drought:
323	(i) threatens:
324	(A) the availability or quality of an essential water supply or water supply
325	infrastructure; or
326	(B) the operation of the economy; and
327	(ii) because of the threats described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), jeopardizes the peace,
328	health, safety, or welfare of the people of this state.
329	(b) The governor may only issue the executive order declaring a temporary water
330	shortage emergency described in Subsection (1)(a):
331	(i) with the advice and recommendation of the state engineer; and
332	(ii) in consultation with the emergency management administration committee created
333	by Section <u>53-2a-105.</u>
334	(c) An executive order issued under this Subsection (1) shall state with specificity:
335	(i) the nature of the interruption of water supply;

336	(ii) subject to Subsection (2), the time period for which the temporary water shortage
337	emergency is declared;
338	(iii) a description of the geographic area that is subject to the executive order;
339	(iv) a list of the specific persons entitled to make a request who may exercise the
340	preferential use of water under Section 73-3d-301 during the effective period of the temporary
341	water shortage emergency; and
342	(v) the purposes outlined in Subsection 73-3d-301(1) for which a person who is
343	described in Subsection (1)(c)(iv) may take the water subject to Section 73-3d-301.
344	(d) Before providing a recommendation to the governor under Subsection (1)(b)(i), the
345	state engineer shall require a person entitled to make a request who is described in Subsection
346	(1)(c)(iv) to provide a written statement describing how the person entitled to make a request
347	has exhausted other reasonable means to acquire water.
348	(e) A person entitled to make a request who is described in Subsection (1)(c)(iv) may
349	take water preferentially during a temporary water shortage emergency only for a purpose
350	authorized by the executive order.
351	(f) (i) Within seven calendar days of the day on which the governor issues an executive
352	order declaring a temporary water shortage emergency, the Legislative Management
353	Committee shall:
354	(A) review the executive order; and
355	(B) advise the governor on the declaration of a temporary water shortage emergency.
356	(ii) The failure of the Legislative Management Committee to meet as required by
357	Subsection (1)(f)(i) does not affect the validity of the executive order declaring a temporary
358	water shortage emergency.
359	(2) (a) The governor shall state in an executive order declaring a temporary water
360	shortage emergency the time period for which the temporary water shortage emergency is
361	declared, except that the governor may not declare a temporary water shortage emergency for
362	longer than six months from the date the executive order is issued.
363	(b) The governor may terminate an executive order declaring a temporary water
364	shortage emergency before the expiration of the time period stated in the executive order.
365	(c) The Legislature may extend the time period of an executive order declaring a
366	temporary water shortage emergency by joint resolution, except that the Legislature may not

367	extend a temporary water shortage emergency for longer than one year from the day on which
368	the executive order declaring a temporary water shortage emergency is issued.
369	Section 8. Section 73-3d-202 is enacted to read:
370	73-3d-202. Existing agencies to be used in implementation.
371	The governor shall use, to the extent practicable, existing state boards, commissions, or
372	agencies, or officers or employees for the purpose of carrying out this chapter.
373	Section 9. Section 73-3d-301 is enacted to read:
374	Part 3. Preferences Under a Temporary Water Shortage Emergency
375	73-3d-301. Preferences between persons using water.
376	(1) Notwithstanding Section 73-3-21.1, if the governor issues an executive order
377	declaring a temporary water shortage emergency under this chapter:
378	(a) use of water is preferred over other water use during the time period of the
379	temporary water shortage emergency under the executive order if the water is used in
380	accordance with the executive order:
381	(i) for one or more of the following purposes, with preference exercised in the order
382	listed:
383	(A) drinking;
384	(B) sanitation;
385	(C) fire suppression;
386	(D) commercial agriculture animal welfare needs; or
387	(E) generation of electricity; and
388	(ii) by one of the following:
389	(A) a public water supplier, as defined in Section 73-1-4;
390	(B) a military facility that was in operation on March 10, 2011;
391	(C) a commercial agriculture operation for purposes described in Subsection
392	<u>(1)(a)(i)(D); or</u>
393	(D) an electric utility; and
394	(b) use of water for agricultural purposes, including irrigation, livestock watering, or
395	food processing, is preferred over other rights, except as provided in Subsection (1)(a).
396	(2) A preference for fire suppression under Subsection (1) is in addition to the
397	governor's authorization to use water sources as necessary for fire suppression under

398	<u>Subsection 53-2a-204(1)(o).</u>
399	(3) The state engineer shall determine, consistent with the executive order declaring a
400	temporary water shortage emergency, through a priority schedule, which water rights a person
401	specified in the executive order as required by Subsection 73-3d-201(1)(c)(iv) may interrupt for
402	purposes of this section.
403	(4) (a) A person entitled to make a request who uses water preferentially during a
404	temporary water shortage emergency shall measure the water taken preferentially during the
405	temporary water shortage emergency.
406	(b) A duty to measure under this Subsection (4) does not replace or modify any other
407	duty to measure water under this title or rules made under this title.
408	Section 10. Section 73-3d-302 is enacted to read:
409	<u>73-3d-302.</u> Emergency planning by a person requesting the declaration of a
410	temporary water shortage emergency.
411	A person entitled to make a request seeking a preference under Section 73-3d-301 by
412	requesting that the governor declare a temporary water shortage emergency may exercise a
413	preference under Section 73-3d-301 only if:
414	(1) (a) the person entitled to make a request adopts an emergency response plan before
415	the declaration of a temporary water shortage emergency if the person entitled to make a
416	request is a community water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102, serving a population of
417	more than 3,300; or
418	(b) the governor includes a statement in the executive order that the person entitled to
419	make a request is eligible to exercise a preference under Section 73-3d-301 notwithstanding
420	that the person entitled to make a request who is described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) has not
421	adopted an emergency response plan before the declaration of a temporary water shortage
422	emergency; or
423	(2) the person entitled to make a request is not described in Subsection (1)(a).
424	Section 11. Section 73-3d-401 is enacted to read:
425	Part 4. Compensation
426	<u>73-3d-401.</u> Definitions.
427	As used in this part:
428	(1) "Arbitration" means a private hearing before a neutral or panel of neutrals from the

429	department who hear the evidence, consider the contentions of the parties, and enters a written
430	award to resolve the issues presented.
431	(2) "Commission" means the Conservation Commission created in Section 4-18-104.
432	(3) "Consequential damages" means the losses or injuries from the exercise of a
433	preference under this chapter that is reasonably foreseeable to someone familiar with the
434	industry where use is being made of the water at the time the preference is exercised.
435	(4) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Food.
436	(5) "Fund" means the Agriculture Resource Development Fund created in Section
437	<u>4-18-106.</u>
438	(6) "Interrupted user" means a person whose water use is interrupted by the preferential
439	use of water under this chapter.
440	(7) "Mediation" means a private forum in which one or more impartial persons from
441	the department facilitate communication between the interrupted user and the preferential user
442	to promote a mutually acceptable resolution or settlement.
443	(8) "Preferential user" means a person specified in the executive order declaring a
444	temporary water shortage emergency who uses water preferentially during the temporary water
445	shortage emergency.
446	Section 12. Section 73-3d-402 is enacted to read:
447	73-3d-402. Payment of compensation.
448	(1) (a) A preferential user shall pay an interrupted user an amount equal to the total of
449	the following:
450	(i) the reasonable value of the water interrupted by the preferential use;
451	(ii) applicable crop losses;
452	(iii) other consequential damages incurred as a result of the interruption; and
453	(iv) interest on the amounts described in Subsections (1)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) in the
454	amount of 8% per annum.
455	(b) Interest described in Subsection (1)(a)(iv) shall start the day on which the
456	preferential user first begins to take water preferentially.
457	(c) A preferential user shall pay an interrupted user the amount described in Subsection
458	(1)(a) by the later of 30 days from the day on which:
459	(i) the preferential user stops diverting water preferentially under this chapter; or

460	(ii) mediation or arbitration under Subsection (2) is complete.
461	(d) (i) Once an interrupted user informs the preferential user of the amount owed under
462	Subsection (1)(a), the preferential user has the burden of proof to prove, by a preponderance of
463	the evidence, that an amount different from that asserted by the interrupted user is owed under
464	Subsection (1)(a).
465	(ii) The burden of proof described in this Subsection (1)(d) applies throughout the
466	process of paying compensation, including during mediation, arbitration, or a court action.
467	(2) (a) (i) If the interrupted user or the preferential user requests mediation, the
468	department shall mediate a dispute over the application of this section.
469	(ii) If the interrupted user and the preferential user jointly request arbitration, the
470	department shall arbitrate a dispute over the application of this section.
471	(b) In conducting mediation under this Subsection (2), Title 78B, Chapter 10, Utah
472	Uniform Mediation Act, applies.
473	(c) (i) In conducting arbitration under this Subsection (2), the department shall follow
474	the Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
475	(ii) In applying Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act, the arbitrator and
476	parties shall treat the matter as if:
477	(A) the arbitration was ordered by a court; and
478	(B) the department was appointed as arbitrator by the court.
479	(iii) For the purpose of an arbitration conducted under this section, if the dispute to be
480	arbitrated is not already the subject of legal action, the district court having jurisdiction over
481	the county where the preferential use of water involved in the dispute is located is the court
482	referred to in Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
483	(iv) Arbitration by the department is not necessary before bringing legal action to
484	adjudicate a claim under this section. The lack of arbitration by the department does not
485	constitute, and may not be interpreted as constituting, a failure to exhaust available
486	administrative remedies or as a bar to bringing legal action.
487	(v) Arbitration under this section is not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
488	Procedures Act, or Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 2, Alternative Dispute Resolution Act.
489	(vi) Within 30 days after an arbitrator issues a final award, any party to the arbitration
490	may submit the dispute, the award, or any issue upon which the award is based, to the district

491	court for review by trial de novo unless the parties agree in advance of arbitration that the
492	arbitration is binding and that no de novo review may occur.
493	(3) (a) If the persons described in Subsection (2) participate in mediation or arbitration
494	under Subsection (2), at the conclusion of the mediation or arbitration, the preferential user
495	shall pay the interrupted user an amount equal to the lesser of:
496	(i) the amount of actual attorney fees incurred; or
497	<u>(ii) \$15,000.</u>
498	(b) An interrupted user or preferential user may not seek mediation or arbitration by the
499	Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman under Title 13, Chapter 43, Property Rights
500	Ombudsman Act.
501	(4) In an action when the court is asked to determine the amount described in
502	Subsection (1), the court shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees:
503	(a) to the interrupted user if the preferential user declines to participate in mediation or
504	arbitration under Subsection (2);
505	(b) to the preferential user if the interrupted user declines to participate in mediation or
506	arbitration under Subsection (2);
507	(c) to the interrupted user if the amount determined by the court is 85% or more of:
508	(i) the final amount offered by the interrupted user as part of the mediation described in
509	Subsection (2)(a); or
510	(ii) the final amount determined by the department as a result of arbitration described
511	in Subsection (2); and
512	(d) to the preferential user if the amount determined by the court is less than 85% of:
513	(i) the final amount offered by the interrupted user as part of the mediation described in
514	Subsection (2)(a); or
515	(ii) the final amount determined by the department as a result of arbitration described
516	in Subsection (2).
517	(5) (a) In accordance with this Subsection (5), an interrupted user may apply for one or
518	more 0% interest loans from the commission to compensate the interrupted user while the
519	interrupted user is waiting to be compensated by the preferential user under this section.
520	(b) Before the commission may make a loan under this Subsection (5) to an interrupted
521	user, the interrupted user shall apply for the loan by:

522	(i) providing information sufficient to establish to the satisfaction of the commission:
523	(A) the basis by which the person is entitled to use of the water;
524	(B) the use of water that would have been made by the person without the interruption;
525	(C) the length of the interruption;
526	(D) a good faith estimate of the amount of water the person entitled to the use of water
527	would otherwise have made;
528	(E) the losses and consequential damages incurred as a result of the interruption; and
529	(F) whether the interrupted user has previously received a loan under this Subsection
530	(5) for the same interruption of water use;
531	(ii) agreeing in writing to repay the amount of a loan within 30 days of the day on
532	which the interrupted user is paid in full by the preferential user; and
533	(iii) providing any other information required by rules made by the department in
534	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
535	(c) (i) Once the commission obtains a complete application under Subsection (5)(b),
536	the commission shall determine whether the interrupted user is eligible for a loan and the
537	amount to be loaned using reliable third-party market and producer information, when
538	available, as close as possible to the beginning date of the water delivery interruption, except
539	that a single loan may not exceed \$150,000.
540	(ii) For agriculture commodities, the commission may determine unit prices and base
541	adjustments by using:
542	(A) applicable United States Department of Agriculture crop pricing data sets;
543	(B) Utah State University Extension data sets; and
544	(C) publications, fact sheets, and enterprise budgets data sets published by a university.
545	(iii) For agriculture commodities, the commission may consider documents filed under
546	Subsection (5)(b) to establish historical production records provided by the interrupted user.
547	(iv) For nonagricultural products or services, the commission may determine the loan
548	amount using information from:
549	(A) other state agencies;
550	(B) federal agencies; and
551	(C) industry leaders within the state associated with the goods or service forgone by the
552	interrupted user.

553	(v) For nonagricultural products or services, the commission shall determine the
554	quantity of units of nonagricultural good and services during the temporary water shortage
555	emergency by using:
556	(A) industry standards, if available; or
557	(B) recent product or service records.
558	(d) The commission may issue a loan to an interrupted user only to the extent that there
559	is money in the fund and the limit on outstanding loans from the fund under Subsection
560	4-18-106(6) has not been met. The commission shall issue loans from the fund in the order that
561	an interrupted user submits a completed application for the loan.
562	(e) An interrupted user who receives a loan under this Subsection (5) shall repay the
563	amount of the loan within 30 days of the day on which the interrupted user is paid in full by the
564	preferential user.
565	(6) (a) If the department determines that the preferential user fails to comply with
566	Subsection (1), the department may bring suit in a court of competent jurisdiction to require a
567	preferential user to reimburse the fund for a loan issued under Subsection (5) that is based on
568	the use of the water by the preferential user.
569	(b) If the department determines that an interrupted user fails to repay a loan in
570	accordance with Subsection (5), the department may bring suit in a court of competent
571	jurisdiction to require repayment of the loan.
572	(c) If the department prevails in an action brought under this Subsection (6), the
573	department may recover amounts owed, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees.
574	(7) The department shall establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
575	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, procedures to:
576	(a) request mediation or arbitration under this section;
577	(b) apply for a loan under Subsection (5)
578	(c) determine the amount to be loaned to an interrupted user under Subsection (5); and
579	(d) provide for the repayment of a loan issued under Subsection (5).
580	Section 13. Section 73-3d-403 is enacted to read:
581	73-3d-403. Security requirements.
582	(1) As a condition of participating in mediation or arbitration under Section 73-3d-403,
583	a person specified in the executive order declaring a temporary water shortage emergency shall

584	post with the department a corporate surety bond, irrevocable letter of credit, trust fund
585	agreement, or any other security agreement considered reasonable in an amount not less than
586	<u>\$100,000.</u>
587	(2) The bond or other security posted shall be conditioned upon:
588	(a) the faithful performance in mediation or arbitration; and
589	(b) the payment of amounts owed under Section 73-3d-403.
590	(3) If the department determines that the conditions of Subsection (2) are not met, the
591	commissioner of the department shall bring an action upon the bond or other security.
592	Section 14. Repealer.
593	This bill repeals:
594	Section 73-3-21.3, Study of preferences during temporary water shortage
595	emergency.
596	Section 73-3-21.5, Preferences between appropriators.
597	Section 15. Appropriation.
598	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
599	2023, and ending June 30, 2024. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
600	fiscal year 2024. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
601	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
602	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
603	ITEM 1
604	To Department of Agriculture and Food - Agriculture Resource Development Fund
605	From General Fund, One-time 10,000,000
606	Schedule of Programs:
607	Agriculture Resource Development Fund 10,000,000