2020 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy
Senate Sponsor:
G TITLE
al Description:
This bill amends provisions related to background checks for an employee or applicant
ployment with a public transit district.
ghted Provisions:
This bill:
removes provisions specifying certain types of employment at a public transit
t for which an individual is required to have a background check;
removes certain types of crimes from evaluation in a background check;
► changes the time limit from 10 years to 5 years in determining employment
lity based on DUI convictions; and
makes technical changes.
y Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Special Clauses:
None
Code Sections Affected:
NDS:
17B-2a-825, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 377
34-52-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 371 and 479



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8	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
9	Section 1. Section 17B-2a-825 is amended to read:
0	17B-2a-825. Criminal background checks authorized Employment eligibility.
1	(1) A public transit district may require [an individual described in Subsection (2)] an
2	employee or an applicant for employment to:
3	(a) submit a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the public transit district; and
4	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
5	(i) the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
6	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
7	[(2) A person shall comply with the requirements of Subsection (1) if the person:]
8	[(a) is applying for or continuing employment with the public transit district:]
9	[(i) working in a safety-sensitive position or other position that may affect:]
0	[(A) the safety or well-being of patrons of the public transit district; or]
1	[(B) the safety or security of the transit buildings, stations, platforms, railways, bus
2	systems, and transit vehicles;]
3	[(ii) handling personally identifiable information, financial information, or other
4	sensitive information including personal health information;]
5	[(iii) working in security-sensitive areas; or]
6	[(iv) handling security-sensitive information, including information system
7	technologies; or]
3	[(b) is seeking access to designated security-sensitive areas.]
)	[(3)] (2) A public transit district may use the information obtained in accordance with
)	this section only for one or more of the following purposes:
1	(a) to determine whether or not an individual is convicted of [:(i) a felony under federal
2	or state law within the last 10 years; (ii) a violation within the last 10 years of a federal law,
3	state law, or local ordinance concerning the sale, manufacture, distribution, warehousing,
4	adulteration, or transportation of an alcoholic beverage; (iii) a crime involving moral turpitude;
5	$\frac{\text{or(iv)}}{\text{or more convictions within the last } [\frac{10}{2}] \underline{5}$ years for a violation of driving under the
5	influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and any drug;
7	(b) to determine whether or not an individual has accurately disclosed the person's
3	criminal history on an application or document filed with the public transit district;

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59	(c) to approve or deny an application for employment with the public transit district; or
60	(d) to take disciplinary action against an employee of the public transit district,
61	including possible termination of employment.
62	[(4) A person is not eligible for employment with a public transit district in a capacity
63	described in Subsection (2) if the person has been convicted of any of the offenses described in
64	Subsection (3).]
65	(3) A person with convictions described in Subsection (2)(a) is not eligible for
66	employment in a position that is responsible for transporting passengers.
67	Section 2. Section <b>34-52-201</b> is amended to read:
68	34-52-201. Public employer requirements.
69	(1) A public employer may not exclude an applicant from an initial interview because
70	of a past criminal conviction.
71	(2) A public employer excludes an applicant from an initial interview if the public
72	employer:
73	(a) requires an applicant to disclose, on an employment application, a criminal
74	conviction;
75	(b) requires an applicant to disclose, before an initial interview, a criminal conviction;
76	or
77	(c) if no interview is conducted, requires an applicant to disclose, before making a
78	conditional offer of employment, a criminal conviction.
79	(3) (a) A public employer may not make any inquiry related to an applicant's expunged
80	criminal history.
81	(b) An applicant seeking employment from a public employer may answer a question
82	related to an expunged criminal record as though the action underlying the expunged criminal
83	record never occurred.
84	(4) Subject to Subsections (1) through (3), nothing in this section prevents a public
85	employer from:
86	(a) asking an applicant for information about an applicant's criminal conviction history
87	during an initial interview or after an initial interview; or
88	(b) considering an applicant's conviction history when making a hiring decision.
89	(5) Subsections (1) through (3) do not apply:

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90	(a) if federal, state, or local law, including corresponding administrative rules, requires
91	the consideration of an applicant's criminal conviction history;
92	(b) to a public employer that is a law enforcement agency;
93	(c) to a public employer that is part of the criminal or juvenile justice system;
94	(d) to a public employer seeking a nonemployee volunteer;
95	(e) to a public employer that works with children or vulnerable adults;
96	(f) to the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control created in Section 32B-2-203;
97	(g) to the State Tax Commission;
98	(h) to a public employer whose primary purpose is performing financial or fiduciary
99	functions; and
100	(i) to a public transit district hiring or promoting an individual for a [safety sensitive]
101	position described in [Section 17B-2a-825] Subsection 71B-2a-825(3).