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27	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
28	Section 1. Section 76-10-2201 is amended to read:
29	76-10-2201. Unlawful body piercing and tattooing of a minor Penalties.
30	(1) As used in this section:
31	(a) "Body piercing" means the creation of an opening in the body, excluding the ear,
32	for the purpose of inserting jewelry or other decoration.
33	(b) "Consent of a minor's parent or legal guardian" means the presence of a parent or
34	legal guardian during the performance of body piercing or tattooing upon the minor after the
35	parent or legal guardian has provided:
36	(i) reasonable proof of personal identity and familial relationship; and
37	(ii) written permission signed by the parent or legal guardian authorizing the
38	performance of body piercing or tattooing upon the minor.
39	(c) "Medical tattoo" means a tattoo performed:
40	(i) for the purpose of reconstructive surgery or for medical procedures; and
41	(ii) at the direction of a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
42	Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
43	[(c)] (d) "Minor" means a person younger than 18 years of age who:
44	(i) is not married; and
45	(ii) has not been declared emancipated by a court of law.
46	[(d)] (e) "Tattoo" means to fix an indelible mark or figure upon the body by inserting a
47	pigment under the skin or by producing scars, but does not include a medical tattoo.
48	(2) A person is guilty of unlawful body piercing of a minor if the person performs or
49	offers to perform a body piercing:
50	(a) upon a minor;
51	(b) without receiving the consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian; and
52	(c) for remuneration or in the course of a business or profession.
53	[(3) A person is guilty of unlawful tattooing of a minor if the person performs or offers
54	to perform a tattooing:]
55	[(a) upon a minor;]
56	[(b) without receiving the consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian; and]

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57	[(c) for remuneration or in the course of a business or profession.]
58	(3) A person may not knowingly perform a tattoo on a minor under the age of 14 years.
59	(4) A person may not knowingly perform a tattoo on a minor between the ages of 14
60	and 18 years unless the person obtains the prior written informed consent of the minor's parent
51	or legal guardian. The minor's parent or legal guardian shall execute the written informed
52	consent required under this Subsection (4) in the presence of the person performing the
63	tattooing, or in the presence of an employee or agent of the person performing the tattooing.
54	[(4)] (5) A person is not guilty of Subsection (2) $[or]$, (3), or (4) if the person:
65	(a) has no actual knowledge of the minor's age; and
66	(b) reviews, photocopies, and retains the photocopy of an apparently valid driver
67	license or other government-issued picture identification for the minor that expressly purports
68	that the minor is 18 years of age or older before the person performs the body piercing or
69	tattooing.
70	[(5)] (6) (a) A person who violates Subsection (2) [or], (3), or (4) is guilty of a class B
71	misdemeanor.
72	(b) The owner or operator of a business in which a violation of Subsection (2) [or], (3),
73	or (4) occurs is subject to a civil penalty of [\$1,000] \$1,500 for each violation.
74	(7) (a) A person upon whom an actor performs a tattoo in violation of Subsection (3) or
75	(4) has a civil cause of action under Subsection (7)(b) against the actor and against the owner
76	or operator of the business in which the violation of Subsection (3) or (4) is committed.
77	(b) The person under Subsection (7)(a) may bring the civil cause of action within three
78	years after the person becomes 18 years of age for the costs of:
79	(i) removal of all tattoos performed under Subsection (7)(a); and
30	(ii) related attorney fees and court costs.
31	(c) Recovery of costs under this Subsection (7) is in addition to the civil penalty under
32	Subsection (6)(b).
33	(d) The civil cause of action under Subsection (7)(a) may not be waived or in any
34	manner invalidated by any contract or agreement with the actor performing the tattoo or the
35	owner or operator of the business in which the tattoo is performed.
36	(e) A criminal action need not be brought against an actor in order for the actor to be
37	civilly liable under this section.