

1                   **COMMERCIAL PROPERTY ASSESSED CLEAN ENERGY ACT**

2                                   **AMENDMENTS**

3   2024 GENERAL SESSION

4   STATE OF UTAH

5                                   **Chief Sponsor: Christine F. Watkins**

6                                   Senate Sponsor: \_\_\_\_\_

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8 **LONG TITLE**

9 **General Description:**

10                   This bill modifies provisions of the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act.

11 **Highlighted Provisions:**

12                   This bill:

13                   ▶ modifies the definition of "renewable energy system," for purposes of the  
14 Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act, to include a system that provides  
15 energy outside the energy assessment area if the system is a biofuel system or does  
16 not use the public electrical utility's power grid to transmit the energy; and

17                   ▶ makes technical changes.

18 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

19                   None

20 **Other Special Clauses:**

21                   None

22 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

23 AMENDS:

24                   **11-42a-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 16

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26 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

27                   Section 1. Section **11-42a-102** is amended to read:



28 **11-42a-102. Definitions.**

29 (1) "Air quality standards" means that a vehicle's emissions are equal to or cleaner than  
30 the standards established in bin 4 Table S04-1, of 40 C.F.R. 86.1811-04(c)(6).

31 (2) (a) "Assessment" means the assessment that a local entity or the C-PACE district  
32 levies on private property under this chapter to cover the costs of an energy efficiency upgrade,  
33 a renewable energy system, or an electric vehicle charging infrastructure.

34 (b) "Assessment" does not constitute a property tax but shares the same priority lien as  
35 a property tax.

36 (3) "Assessment fund" means a special fund that a local entity establishes under  
37 Section [11-42a-206](#).

38 (4) "Benefitted property" means private property within an energy assessment area that  
39 directly benefits from improvements.

40 (5) "Bond" means an assessment bond and a refunding assessment bond.

41 (6) (a) "Commercial or industrial real property" means private real property used  
42 directly or indirectly or held for one of the following purposes or activities, regardless of  
43 whether the purpose or activity is for profit:

- 44 (i) commercial;
- 45 (ii) mining;
- 46 (iii) agricultural;
- 47 (iv) industrial;
- 48 (v) manufacturing;
- 49 (vi) trade;
- 50 (vii) professional;
- 51 (viii) a private or public club;
- 52 (ix) a lodge;
- 53 (x) a business; or
- 54 (xi) a similar purpose.

55 (b) "Commercial or industrial real property" includes:

56 (i) private real property that is used as or held for dwelling purposes and contains:

57 (A) more than four rental units; or

58 (B) one or more owner-occupied or rental condominium units affiliated with a hotel;

59 and

60 (ii) real property owned by:

61 (A) the military installation development authority, created in Section 63H-1-201; or

62 (B) the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 11-58-201.

63 (7) "Contract price" means:

64 (a) up to 100% of the cost of installing, acquiring, refinancing, or reimbursing for an  
65 improvement, as determined by the owner of the property benefitting from the improvement; or

66 (b) the amount payable to one or more contractors for the assessment, design,

67 engineering, inspection, and construction of an improvement.

68 (8) "C-PACE" means commercial property assessed clean energy.

69 (9) "C-PACE district" means the statewide authority established in Section 11-42a-106

70 to implement the C-PACE Act in collaboration with governing bodies, under the direction of

71 OED.

72 (10) "Electric vehicle charging infrastructure" means equipment that is:

73 (a) permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property; and

74 (b) designed to deliver electric energy to a qualifying electric vehicle or a qualifying  
75 plug-in hybrid vehicle.

76 (11) "Energy assessment area" means an area:

77 (a) within the jurisdictional boundaries of a local entity that approves an energy  
78 assessment area or, if the C-PACE district or a state interlocal entity levies the assessment, the  
79 C-PACE district or the state interlocal entity;

80 (b) containing only the commercial or industrial real property of owners who have  
81 voluntarily consented to an assessment under this chapter for the purpose of financing the costs  
82 of improvements that benefit property within the energy assessment area; and

83 (c) in which the proposed benefitted properties in the area are:

84 (i) contiguous; or

85 (ii) located on one or more contiguous or adjacent tracts of land that would be  
86 contiguous or adjacent property but for an intervening right-of-way, including a sidewalk,  
87 street, road, fixed guideway, or waterway.

88 (12) "Energy assessment bond" means a bond:

89 (a) issued under Section 11-42a-401; and

90 (b) payable in part or in whole from assessments levied in an energy assessment area.

91 (13) "Energy assessment lien" means a lien on property within an energy assessment  
92 area that arises from the levy of an assessment in accordance with Section 11-42a-301.

93 (14) "Energy assessment ordinance" means an ordinance that a local entity adopts  
94 under Section 11-42a-201 that:

95 (a) designates an energy assessment area;

96 (b) levies an assessment on benefitted property within the energy assessment area; and

97 (c) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of energy assessment bonds.

98 (15) "Energy assessment resolution" means one or more resolutions adopted by a local  
99 entity under Section 11-42a-201 that:

100 (a) designates an energy assessment area;

101 (b) levies an assessment on benefitted property within the energy assessment area; and

102 (c) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of energy assessment bonds.

103 (16) "Energy efficiency upgrade" means an improvement that is:

104 (a) permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property; and

105 (b) designed to reduce energy or water consumption, including:

106 (i) insulation in:

107 (A) a wall, roof, floor, or foundation; or

108 (B) a heating and cooling distribution system;

109 (ii) a window or door, including:

110 (A) a storm window or door;

111 (B) a multiglazed window or door;

112 (C) a heat-absorbing window or door;

113 (D) a heat-reflective glazed and coated window or door;

114 (E) additional window or door glazing;

115 (F) a window or door with reduced glass area; or

116 (G) other window or door modifications;

117 (iii) an automatic energy control system;

118 (iv) in a building or a central plant, a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning and  
119 distribution system;

120 (v) caulk or weatherstripping;

121 (vi) a light fixture that does not increase the overall illumination of a building, unless  
122 an increase is necessary to conform with the applicable building code;

123 (vii) an energy recovery system;

124 (viii) a daylighting system;

125 (ix) measures to reduce the consumption of water, through conservation or more  
126 efficient use of water, including installation of:

127 (A) low-flow toilets and showerheads;

128 (B) timer or timing systems for a hot water heater; or

129 (C) rain catchment systems;

130 (x) a modified, installed, or remodeled fixture that is approved as a utility cost-saving  
131 measure by the governing body or executive of a local entity;

132 (xi) measures or other improvements to effect seismic upgrades;

133 (xii) structures, measures, or other improvements to provide automated parking or  
134 parking that reduces land use;

135 (xiii) the extension of an existing natural gas distribution company line;

136 (xiv) an energy efficient elevator, escalator, or other vertical transport device;

137 (xv) any other improvement that the governing body or executive of a local entity  
138 approves as an energy efficiency upgrade; or

139 (xvi) any improvement that relates physically or functionally to any of the  
140 improvements listed in Subsections (16)(b)(i) through (xv).

141 (17) "Energy system" means a product, system, device, or interacting group of devices  
142 that:

143 (a) produces or stores energy; and

144 (b) is permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property not located in the  
145 certified service area of a distribution electrical cooperative, as defined in Section [54-2-1](#).

146 ~~[(17)]~~ (18) "Governing body" means:

147 (a) for a county, city, town, or metro township, the legislative body of the county, city,  
148 town, or metro township;

149 (b) for a special district, the board of trustees of the special district;

150 (c) for a special service district:

151 (i) if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section [17D-1-301](#), the

152 legislative body of the county, city, town, or metro township that established the special service  
153 district; or

154 (ii) if an administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301, the  
155 administrative control board of the special service district;

156 (d) for the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201,  
157 the board, as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102; and

158 (e) for the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 11-58-201, the board, as  
159 defined in Section 11-58-102.

160 ~~[(18)]~~ (19) "Improvement" means a publicly or privately owned energy efficiency  
161 upgrade, renewable energy system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure that:

162 (a) a property owner has requested; or

163 (b) has been or is being installed on a property for the benefit of the property owner.

164 ~~[(19)]~~ (20) "Incidental refunding costs" means any costs of issuing a refunding  
165 assessment bond and calling, retiring, or paying prior bonds, including:

166 (a) legal and accounting fees;

167 (b) charges of financial advisors, escrow agents, certified public accountant verification  
168 entities, and trustees;

169 (c) underwriting discount costs, printing costs, and the costs of giving notice;

170 (d) any premium necessary in the calling or retiring of prior bonds;

171 (e) fees to be paid to the local entity to issue the refunding assessment bond and to  
172 refund the outstanding prior bonds;

173 (f) any other costs that the governing body determines are necessary and proper to incur  
174 in connection with the issuance of a refunding assessment bond; and

175 (g) any interest on the prior bonds that is required to be paid in connection with the  
176 issuance of the refunding assessment bond.

177 ~~[(20)]~~ (21) "Installment payment date" means the date on which an installment  
178 payment of an assessment is payable.

179 ~~[(21)]~~ (22) "Jurisdictional boundaries" means:

180 (a) for the C-PACE district or any state interlocal entity, the boundaries of the state;  
181 and

182 (b) for each local entity, the boundaries of the local entity.

- 183           ~~[(22)]~~ (23) (a) "Local entity" means:
- 184           (i) a county, city, town, or metro township;
- 185           (ii) a special service district, a special district, or an interlocal entity as that term is
- 186 defined in Section [11-13-103](#);
- 187           (iii) a state interlocal entity;
- 188           (iv) the military installation development authority, created in Section [63H-1-201](#);
- 189           (v) the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section [11-58-201](#); or
- 190           (vi) any political subdivision of the state.
- 191           (b) "Local entity" includes the C-PACE district solely in connection with:
- 192           (i) the designation of an energy assessment area;
- 193           (ii) the levying of an assessment; and
- 194           (iii) the assignment of an energy assessment lien to a third-party lender under Section
- 195 [11-42a-302](#).
- 196           ~~[(23)]~~ (24) "Local entity obligations" means energy assessment bonds and refunding
- 197 assessment bonds that a local entity issues.
- 198           ~~[(24)]~~ (25) "OED" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section
- 199 [79-6-401](#).
- 200           ~~[(25)]~~ (26) "OEM vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section [19-1-402](#).
- 201           ~~[(26)]~~ (27) "Overhead costs" means the actual costs incurred or the estimated costs to
- 202 be incurred in connection with an energy assessment area, including:
- 203           (a) appraisals, legal fees, filing fees, facilitation fees, and financial advisory charges;
- 204           (b) underwriting fees, placement fees, escrow fees, trustee fees, and paying agent fees;
- 205           (c) publishing and mailing costs;
- 206           (d) costs of levying an assessment;
- 207           (e) recording costs; and
- 208           (f) all other incidental costs.
- 209           ~~[(27)]~~ (28) "Parameters resolution" means a resolution or ordinance that a local entity
- 210 adopts in accordance with Section [11-42a-201](#).
- 211           ~~[(28)]~~ (29) "Prior bonds" means the energy assessment bonds refunded in part or in
- 212 whole by a refunding assessment bond.
- 213           ~~[(29)]~~ (30) "Prior energy assessment ordinance" means the ordinance levying the

214 assessments from which the prior bonds are payable.

215 ~~[(30)]~~ (31) "Prior energy assessment resolution" means the resolution levying the  
216 assessments from which the prior bonds are payable.

217 ~~[(31)]~~ (32) "Property" includes real property and any interest in real property, including  
218 water rights and leasehold rights.

219 ~~[(32)]~~ (33) "Public electrical utility" means a large-scale electric utility as that term is  
220 defined in Section 54-2-1.

221 ~~[(33)]~~ (34) "Qualifying electric vehicle" means a vehicle that:

- 222 (a) meets air quality standards;
- 223 (b) is not fueled by natural gas;
- 224 (c) draws propulsion energy from a battery with at least 10 kilowatt hours of capacity;

225 and

226 (d) is an OEM vehicle except that the vehicle is fueled by a fuel described in  
227 Subsection (33)(c).

228 ~~[(34)]~~ (35) "Qualifying plug-in hybrid vehicle" means a vehicle that:

- 229 (a) meets air quality standards;
- 230 (b) is not fueled by natural gas or propane;
- 231 (c) has a battery capacity that meets or exceeds the battery capacity described in

232 Subsection 30D(b)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and

233 (d) is fueled by a combination of electricity and:

- 234 (i) diesel fuel;
- 235 (ii) gasoline; or
- 236 (iii) a mixture of gasoline and ethanol.

237 ~~[(35)]~~ (36) "Reduced payment obligation" means the full obligation of an owner of  
238 property within an energy assessment area to pay an assessment levied on the property after the  
239 local entity has reduced the assessment because of the issuance of a refunding assessment  
240 bond, in accordance with Section 11-42a-403.

241 ~~[(36)]~~ (37) "Refunding assessment bond" means an assessment bond that a local entity  
242 issues under Section 11-42a-403 to refund, in part or in whole, energy assessment bonds.

243 ~~[(37)]~~ (38) (a) "Renewable energy system" means ~~[a product, system, device, or~~  
244 ~~interacting group of devices that is permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real~~



245 ~~property not located in the certified service area of a distribution electrical cooperative, as that~~  
 246 ~~term is defined in Section 54-2-1, and] an energy system that:~~

247 (i) produces energy from renewable resources, including:

248 (A) a photovoltaic system;

249 (B) a solar thermal system;

250 (C) a wind system;

251 (D) a geothermal system, including a generation system, a direct-use system, or a  
 252 ground source heat pump system;

253 (E) a microhydro system;

254 (F) a biofuel system; or

255 (G) any other renewable source system that the governing body of the local entity  
 256 approves; or

257 (ii) stores energy, including:

258 (A) a battery storage system; or

259 (B) any other energy storing system that the governing body or chief executive officer  
 260 of a local entity approves~~[-or]~~.

261 ~~(b) [(iii) any] "Renewable energy system" includes an~~ improvement that relates  
 262 physically or functionally to any of the products, systems, or devices listed in Subsection  
 263 ~~[(37)(a)(i) or (ii)] (38)(a)(i) or (ii).~~

264 ~~[(b)] (c)~~ "Renewable energy system" does not include a system described in Subsection  
 265 ~~[(37)(a)(i)] (38)(a)(i)~~ if the system provides energy to property outside the energy assessment  
 266 area, unless the system:

267 (i) (A) existed before the creation of the energy assessment area; and

268 (B) beginning before January 1, 2017, provides energy to property outside of the area  
 269 that became the energy assessment area; ~~or]~~

270 (ii) provides energy to property outside the energy assessment area under an agreement  
 271 with a public electrical utility that is substantially similar to agreements for other renewable  
 272 energy systems that are not funded under this chapter~~[-];~~

273 (iii) is a biofuel system; or

274 (iv) does not use the public electrical utility's power grid to transmit power outside the  
 275 energy assessment area.

276            [~~38~~] (39) "Special district" means a special district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose  
277 Local Government Entities - Special Districts.

278            [~~39~~] (40) "Special service district" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
279 17D-1-102.

280            [~~40~~] (41) "State interlocal entity" means:

281            (a) an interlocal entity created under Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, by two or  
282 more counties, cities, towns, or metro townships that collectively represent at least a majority  
283 of the state's population; or

284            (b) an entity that another state authorized, before January 1, 2017, to issue bonds,  
285 notes, or other obligations or refunding obligations to finance or refinance projects in the state.

286            [~~41~~] (42) "Third-party lender" means a trust company, savings bank, savings and loan  
287 association, bank, credit union, or any other entity that provides loans directly to property  
288 owners for improvements authorized under this chapter.

289            Section 2. **Effective date.**

290            This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.