## ▲ Approved for Filing: E. Chelsea-McCarty ▲ 12-21-15 4:12 PM

	DISABLED ADULT GUARDIANSHIP AMENDMENTS
	2016 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Fred C. Cox
	Senate Sponsor:
LONG 1	TTLE
General	Description:
Т	his bill provides that, under certain circumstances, counsel is not required for a
lisabled	adult when the petitioner for guardianship is the disabled adult's parent.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
Т	his bill:
•	provides that counsel is not required for the prospective ward under certain
circumsta	ances.
Money A	Appropriated in this Bill:
Ν	lone
Other Sp	pecial Clauses:
Ν	lone
U <mark>tah C</mark> o	de Sections Affected:
AMEND	S:
7	5-5-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 364
Be it ena	cted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
S	ection 1. Section <b>75-5-303</b> is amended to read:
7:	5-5-303. Procedure for court appointment of a guardian of an incapacitated
person.	
(1	1) The incapacitated person or any person interested in the incapacitated person's

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### H.B. 101

28 welfare may petition for a finding of incapacity and appointment of a guardian.

29 (2) Upon the filing of a petition, the court shall set a date for hearing on the issues of incapacity. Unless the allegedly incapacitated person has counsel of the person's own choice. 30 31 the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the person in the proceeding the cost of which 32 shall be paid by the person alleged to be incapacitated. If the court determines that the petition 33 is without merit, the attorney fees and court costs shall be paid by the person filing the petition. 34 If the court appoints the petitioner or the petitioner's nominee as guardian of the incapacitated 35 person, regardless of whether the nominee is specified in the moving petition or nominated 36 during the proceedings, the petitioner shall be entitled to receive from the incapacitated person reasonable attorney fees and court costs incurred in bringing, prosecuting, or defending the 37

38 petition.

39 (3) The legal representation of the incapacitated person by an attorney shall terminate40 upon the appointment of a guardian, unless:

41 (a) there are separate conservatorship proceedings still pending before the court42 subsequent to the appointment of a guardian;

43 (b) there is a timely filed appeal of the appointment of the guardian or the44 determination of incapacity; or

(c) upon an express finding of good cause, the court orders otherwise.

(4) The person alleged to be incapacitated may be examined by a physician appointed
by the court who shall submit a report in writing to the court and may be interviewed by a
visitor sent by the court. The visitor also may interview the person seeking appointment as
guardian, visit the present place of abode of the person alleged to be incapacitated and the place
it is proposed that the person will be detained or reside if the requested appointment is made,
conduct other investigations or observations as directed by the court, and submit a report in
writing to the court.

(5) (a) The person alleged to be incapacitated shall be present at the hearing in person and see or hear all evidence bearing upon the person's condition. If the person seeking the guardianship requests a waiver of presence of the person alleged to be incapacitated, the court shall order an investigation by a court visitor, the costs of which shall be paid by the person seeking the guardianship.

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(b) The investigation by a court visitor is not required if there is clear and convincing

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- 59 evidence from a physician that the person alleged to be incapacitated has:
- 60 (i) fourth stage Alzheimer's Disease;
- 61 (ii) extended comatosis; or
- 62 (iii) (A) an intellectual disability; and
- 63 (B) an intelligence quotient score under 20 to 25.
- 64 (c) The person alleged to be incapacitated is entitled to be represented by counsel, to

65 present evidence, to cross-examine witnesses, including the court-appointed physician and the

- visitor, and to trial by jury. The issue may be determined at a closed hearing without a jury if
- 67 the person alleged to be incapacitated or the person's counsel so requests.
- 68 (d) Counsel for the person alleged to be incapacitated is not required if:
- 69 (i) the person is the biological or adopted child of the petitioner;
- 70 (ii) the person has an intellectual disability;
- 71 (iii) the person has minimal assets; and
- 72 (iv) the person appears in court with the petitioner and the court is satisfied that
- 73 <u>counsel is unnecessary.</u>

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel