	ASSOCIATION OPEN MEETING AMENDMENTS
	2015 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Mike Schultz
	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill enacts and modifies provisions relating to meetings of the governing body of
	an association of unit owners and an association of lot owners.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>provides that a management committee meeting and a board meeting shall be open</li> </ul>
t	o each unit owner or lot owner;
	<ul> <li>provides certain circumstances under which a management committee or a board</li> </ul>
1	may close a meeting;
	requires that, upon request, the management committee or the board send written
1	notice of a meeting to each unit owner or lot owner by email;
	requires each management committee meeting and each board meeting to include
t	ime for comment from the unit owners or lot owners; and
	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
	AMENDS:
	57-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 95 and 152

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57-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 95 and 152
57-8a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 137
57-8a-224, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 152
ENACTS:
57-8-56, Utah Code Annotated 1953
<b>57-8a-225</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>57-8-3</b> is amended to read:
57-8-3. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including:
(a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the
declaration, bylaws, or this chapter; and
(b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under
Subsection 57-8-43(9)(g).
(2) "Association of unit owners" means all of the unit owners:
(a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or
(b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.
(3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the
property.
(4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no
residential units within the project.
(5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or
lawful amendments to the declaration means:
(a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee
simple;

(b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls,

58 corridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building; 59 (c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces; (d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property; 60 61 (e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water, 62 heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating; 63 (f) the elevators, tanks, pumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts, and in general all 64 apparatus and installations existing for common use; (g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the 65 66 declaration; and 67 (h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance, 68 and safety, or normally in common use. 69 (6) "Common expenses" means: 70 (a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners; 71 (b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common 72 areas and facilities; 73 (c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and 74 (d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the 75 bylaws. 76 (7) "Common profits," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful 77 amendments to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues 78 from the common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses. 79 (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project 80 together with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the 81 property. 82 (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in 83 accordance with Section 57-8-13.

(10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or

project whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments,

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commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the context so requires.

- (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the common areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time period unit.
- (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas and facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited common areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium project, which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities, including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
- (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
- (16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
  - (17) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional

114 land or an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter. 115 (18) "Governing documents": (a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may: 116 117 (i) exercise powers; or (ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the 118 119 association of unit owners; and 120 (b) includes: 121 (i) articles of incorporation; 122 (ii) bylaws; 123 (iii) a plat; 124 (iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and 125 (v) rules of the association of unit owners. (19) "Independent third party" means a person that: 126 127 (a) is not related to the unit owner: (b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and 128 129 (c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future 130 lienholder. (20) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any portion of 131 132 which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which that unit 133 is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the same time. A 134 condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land, upon which no units are situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within the meaning of this chapter. 135 136 (21) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion of the 137 138 other units. 139 (22) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than 50% in 140 141 the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and facilities.

142	(23) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the declaration
143	charged with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all of the
144	reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property.
145	(24) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
146	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
147	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
148	(i) web conferencing;
149	(ii) video conferencing; and
150	(iii) telephone conferencing.
151	(25) "Meeting" means a gathering of a management committee, whether in person or
152	by means of electronic communication, at which the management committee can take binding
153	action.
154	[(24)] (26) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has
155	both residential and commercial units in the condominium project.
156	$\left[\frac{(25)}{27}\right]$ "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the
157	declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units located
158	at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially different views, or
159	having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that might result in differences
160	in market value, may be considered substantially identical within the meaning of this
161	subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that statement may not be considered to
162	reflect or control the sales price or fair market value of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or
163	fair market transaction at a different figure may affect the par value of any unit, or any
164	undivided interest in the common areas and facilities, voting rights in the unit owners'
165	association, liability for common expenses, or right to common profits, assigned on the basis
166	thereof.
167	(28) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in
168	Subsection <u>57-8-16.5(1).</u>
169	[(26)] (29) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee,

or other legal entity.

[(27)] (30) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building, if any, all improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances belonging thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection therewith.

[(28)] (31) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated in Title 57, Chapter 3, Recording of Documents.

[(29)] (32) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of ground or floor space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map and rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic, basement, or garage space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially discounted by the use of a ratio, if the same basis of calculation is employed for all units in the condominium project and if that basis is described in the declaration.

[(30)] (33) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year specified in the declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a timeshare estate as defined in Subsection 57-19-2(19).

[(31)] (34) "Unit" means either a separate physical part of the property intended for any type of independent use, including one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or part or parts of floors in a building or a time period unit, as the context may require. A convertible space shall be treated as a unit in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3). A proposed condominium unit under an expandable condominium project, not constructed, is a unit two years after the date the recording requirements of Section 57-8-13.6 are met.

[(32)] (35) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and letters designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.

[(33)] (36) "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and an undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the percentage specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold condominium project, the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the

198	condominium unit extend for the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms.
199	Section 2. Section <b>57-8-56</b> is enacted to read:
200	57-8-56. Management committee meetings Open meetings.
201	(1) (a) At least 48 hours before a meeting, the association of unit owners shall give
202	written notice of the meeting via email to each unit owner who requests notice of a meeting,
203	unless:
204	(i) notice of the meeting is included in a meeting schedule that was previously provided
205	to the unit owner; or
206	(ii) (A) the meeting is to address an emergency; and
207	(B) each management committee member receives notice of the meeting less than 48
208	hours before the meeting.
209	(b) A notice described in Subsection (1)(a) shall:
210	(i) be delivered to the unit owner by email, to the email address that the unit owner
211	provides to the management committee or the association of unit owners;
212	(ii) state the time and date of the meeting;
213	(iii) state the location of the meeting; and
214	(iv) if a management committee member may participate by means of electronic
215	communication, provide the information necessary to allow the unit owner to participate by the
216	available means of electronic communication.
217	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a meeting shall be open to each unit
218	owner or the unit owner's representative if the representative is designated in writing.
219	(b) A management committee may close a meeting to:
220	(i) consult with an attorney for the purpose of obtaining legal advice;
221	(ii) discuss ongoing or potential litigation, mediation, arbitration, or administrative
222	proceedings;
223	(iii) discuss a personnel matter;
224	(iv) discuss a matter relating to contract negotiations, including review of a bid or
225	proposal;

226	(v) discuss a matter that involves an individual if the discussion is likely to cause the
227	individual undue embarrassment or violate the individual's reasonable expectation of privacy;
228	<u>or</u>
229	(vi) discuss a delinquent assessment or fine.
230	(3) (a) At each meeting, the management committee shall provide each unit owner a
231	reasonable opportunity to offer comments.
232	(b) The management committee may limit the comments described in Subsection (3)(a
233	to one specific time period during the meeting.
234	(4) A management committee member may not avoid or obstruct the requirements of
235	this section.
236	(5) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity or enforceability of an action of a
237	management committee.
238	(6) The provisions of this section do not apply during the period of administrative
239	control.
240	(7) The provisions of this section apply regardless of when the condominium project's
241	initial declaration was recorded.
242	Section 3. Section 57-8a-102 is amended to read:
243	57-8a-102. Definitions.
244	As used in this chapter:
245	(1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied:
246	(i) by the association;
247	(ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and
248	(iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder.
249	(b) "Assessment" includes:
250	(i) a common expense; and
251	(ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7).
252	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or
253	other legal entity, any member of which:

254	(i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as
255	described in the governing documents; and
256	(ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:
257	(A) real property taxes;
258	(B) insurance premiums;
259	(C) maintenance costs; or
260	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.
261	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created
262	under Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
263	(3) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary
264	authority to manage the affairs of the association.
265	(4) "Common areas" means property that the association:
266	(a) owns;
267	(b) maintains;
268	(c) repairs; or
269	(d) administers.
270	(5) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the
271	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.
272	(6) "Declarant":
273	(a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the
274	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration is
275	located; and
276	(b) includes the person's successor and assign.
277	(7) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association
278	may:
279	(i) exercise powers; or
280	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
281	association.

282	(b) "Governing documents" includes:
283	(i) articles of incorporation;
284	(ii) bylaws;
285	(iii) a plat;
286	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
287	(v) rules of the association.
288	(8) "Independent third party" means a person that:
289	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
290	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
291	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current
292	or future lienholder.
293	(9) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
294	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment; and
295	(b) (i) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real
296	property; and
297	(ii) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
298	(10) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
299	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and
300	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
301	gratuity, or emolument.
302	(11) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration and
303	allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
304	(12) "Lot" means:
305	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
306	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and
307	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
308	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
309	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part of

310	a development; or
311	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
312	development.
313	(13) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
314	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
315	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
316	(i) web conferencing;
317	(ii) video conferencing; and
318	(iii) telephone conferencing.
319	(14) "Meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of
320	electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action.
321	[(13)] (15) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both
322	residential and commercial lots in the project.
323	[(14)] (16) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
324	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment; and
325	(b) (i) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
326	57-1-34; and
327	(ii) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
328	(17) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the person who
329	filed the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest retains
330	authority to:
331	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
332	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
333	governing documents.
334	[(15)] (18) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant,
335	or otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
336	Section 4. Section <b>57-8a-104</b> is amended to read:
337	57-8a-104. Limitation on requirements for amending governing documents

338	Limitation on contracts.
339	[(1) As used in this section, "period of administrative control" means the period during
340	which the person who filed the association's governing documents or a successor in interest
341	retains authority to:]
342	[(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or]
343	[(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under its governing
344	documents.]
345	[(2)] (1) (a) (i) Governing documents may not require that an amendment to the
346	governing documents adopted after the period of administrative control be approved by more
347	than 67% of the voting interests.
348	(ii) The vote required to adopt an amendment to governing documents may not be
349	greater than 67% of the voting interests, notwithstanding a provision of the governing
350	documents requiring a greater percentage and regardless of whether the governing documents
351	were adopted before, on, or after May 10, 2011.
352	(b) Subsection $[(2)]$ $(1)$ (a) does not apply to an amendment affecting only:
353	(i) lot boundaries; or
354	(ii) members' voting rights.
355	[(3)] (2) (a) A contract for services such as garbage collection, maintenance, lawn care,
356	or snow removal executed on behalf of the association during a period of administrative control
357	is binding beyond the period of administrative control unless terminated by the board of
358	directors after the period of administrative control ends.
359	(b) Subsection [(3)] (2)(a) does not apply to golf course and amenity management,
360	utilities, cable services, and other similar services that require an investment of infrastructure
361	or capital.
362	[(4)] (3) Voting interests under [Subsections (2) and (3)] Subsection (1) are calculated
363	in the manner required by the governing documents.

[(5)] (4) Nothing in this section affects any other rights reserved by the person who

filed the association's original governing documents or a successor in interest.

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366	Section 5. Section 57-8a-224 is amended to read:
367	57-8a-224. Responsibility for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of
368	common areas and lots.
369	(1) As used in this section:
370	(a) "Emergency repair" means a repair that, if not made in a timely manner, will likely
371	result in immediate and substantial damage to a common area or to another lot.
372	(b) "Reasonable notice" means:
373	(i) written notice that is hand delivered to the lot at least 24 hours before the proposed
374	entry; or
375	(ii) in the case of an emergency repair, notice that is reasonable under the
376	circumstances.
377	(2) Except as otherwise provided in the declaration or Part 4, Insurance:
378	(a) an association is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of
379	common areas; and
380	(b) a lot owner is responsible for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of the lot
381	owner's lot.
382	(3) After reasonable notice to the occupant of the lot being entered, the board may
383	access a lot:
384	(a) from time to time during reasonable hours, as necessary for the maintenance, repair,
385	or replacement of any of the common areas; or
386	(b) for making an emergency repair.
387	(4) (a) An association is liable to repair damage it causes to the common areas or to a
388	lot the association uses to access the common areas.
389	(b) An association shall repair damage described in Subsection (4)(a) within a time that

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is reasonable under the circumstances.

control [as defined in Section 57-8a-104].

Section 6. Section **57-8a-225** is enacted to read:

(5) Subsections (2), (3), and (4) do not apply during the period of administrative

394	57-8a-225. Board meetings Open meetings.
395	(1) (a) At least 48 hours before a meeting, the association shall give written notice of
396	the meeting via email to each lot owner who requests notice of a meeting, unless:
397	(i) notice of the meeting is included in a meeting schedule that was previously provided
398	to the lot owner; or
399	(ii) (A) the meeting is to address an emergency; and
400	(B) each board member receives notice of the meeting less than 48 hours before the
401	meeting.
402	(b) A notice described in Subsection (1)(a) shall:
403	(i) be delivered to the lot owner by email, to the email address that the lot owner
404	provides to the board or the association;
405	(ii) state the time and date of the meeting;
406	(iii) state the location of the meeting; and
407	(iv) if a board member may participate by means of electronic communication, provide
408	the information necessary to allow the lot owner to participate by the available means of
409	electronic communication.
410	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a meeting shall be open to each lot
411	owner or the lot owner's representative if the representative is designated in writing.
412	(b) A board may close a meeting to:
413	(i) consult with an attorney for the purpose of obtaining legal advice;
414	(ii) discuss ongoing or potential litigation, mediation, arbitration, or administrative
415	proceedings;
416	(iii) discuss a personnel matter;
417	(iv) discuss a matter relating to contract negotiations, including review of a bid or
418	proposal;
419	(v) discuss a matter that involves an individual if the discussion is likely to cause the
420	individual undue embarrassment or violate the individual's reasonable expectation of privacy;
421	or

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422	(vi) discuss a delinquent assessment or fine.
423	(3) (a) At each meeting, the board shall provide each lot owner a reasonable
424	opportunity to offer comments.
425	(b) The board may limit the comments described in Subsection (3)(a) to one specific
426	time period during the meeting.
427	(4) A board member may not avoid or obstruct the requirements of this section.
428	(5) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity or enforceability of an action of a
429	board.
430	(6) The provisions of this section do not apply during the period of administrative
431	control.
432	(7) The provisions of this section apply regardless of when the association's first
433	governing document was recorded.
434	Section 7. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2015.