NEWBORN SAFE HAVEN AMENDMENTS
2020 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Patrice M. Arent
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions relating to the safe relinquishment of a newborn child.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies the definition of "newborn child";
 subject to certain requirements, allows a parent or a parent's designee to safely
relinquish a newborn child within 30 days after the day on which the child is born;
 clarifies the type of information that must be provided to the Division of Child and
Family Services, within the Department of Human Services, upon safe
relinquishment of a newborn child;
 clarifies certain notice requirements relating to the safe relinquishment of a newborn
child;
 requires the Department of Health to make rules relating to the resolution of
conflicting birth and foundling certificates; and
 makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2021:
 to Department of Health Family Health and Preparedness, as an ongoing
appropriation:
• from General Fund, \$50,000.



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Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
26-2-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 202
62A-4a-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 134
62A-4a-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3 and 299
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 26-2-7 is amended to read:
26-2-7. Correction of errors or omissions in vital records Conflicting birth and
foundling certificates Rulemaking.
[The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
<u>the</u> department may make rules <u>:</u>
(1) governing applications to correct alleged errors or omissions on any vital record[-];
and
(2) establishing procedures to resolve conflicting birth and foundling certificates.
Section 2. Section 62A-4a-801 is amended to read:
62A-4a-801. Definitions.
As used in this part:
(1) "Hospital" means a general acute hospital, as that term is defined in Section
26-21-2, that is:
(a) equipped with an emergency room;
(b) open 24 hours a day, seven days a week; and
(c) employs full-time health care professionals who have emergency medical services
training.
(2) "Newborn child" means a child who is approximately [72 hours] 30 days of age or
younger, as determined within a reasonable degree of medical certainty.
Section 3. Section 62A-4a-802 is amended to read:
62A-4a-802. Safe relinquishment of a newborn child.
(1) (a) A parent or a parent's designee may safely relinquish a newborn child at a

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59	hospital in accordance with the provisions of this part and retain complete anonymity, so long
60	as the <u>newborn</u> child has not been subject to abuse or neglect.
61	(b) Safe relinquishment of a newborn child who has not otherwise been subject to
62	abuse or neglect shall not, in and of itself, constitute neglect as defined in Section 78A-6-105,
63	and the newborn child shall not be considered a neglected child, as defined in Section
64	78A-6-105, so long as the relinquishment is carried out in substantial compliance with the
65	provisions of this part.
66	(2) (a) Personnel employed by a hospital shall accept a newborn child that is
67	relinquished pursuant to the provisions of this part, and may presume that the [person]
68	individual relinquishing is the newborn child's parent or the parent's designee.
69	(b) The person receiving the newborn child may request information regarding the
70	parent and newborn child's medical histories, and identifying information regarding the
71	nonrelinquishing parent of the <u>newborn</u> child.
72	[(c) The division shall provide hospitals with medical history forms and stamped
73	envelopes addressed to the division that a hospital may provide to a person relinquishing a
74	child pursuant to the provisions of this part.]
75	(c) If the newborn child's parent or the parent's designee provides the person receiving
76	the newborn child with any of the information described in Subsection (2)(b) or any other
77	personal items, the person shall provide the information or personal items to the division.
78	(d) Personnel employed by [a] the hospital shall:
79	(i) provide any necessary medical care to the <u>newborn</u> child [and];
80	(ii) notify the division of receipt of the newborn child as soon as possible, but no later
81	than 24 hours after receipt of the <u>newborn</u> child; and
82	[(iii)] (iii) prepare a birth certificate or foundling birth certificate if parentage is
83	unknown for the newborn child and file the certificate with the Office of Vital Records and
84	Statistics within the Department of Health.
85	(e) A hospital and personnel employed by a hospital are immune from any civil or
86	criminal liability arising from accepting a newborn child if the personnel employed by the
87	hospital substantially comply with the provisions of this part and medical treatment is
88	administered according to standard medical practice.
89	(3) The division shall assume care and custody of the <u>newborn</u> child immediately upon

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90 notice from the hospital. 91 (4) So long as the division determines there is no abuse or neglect of the newborn 92 child, neither the newborn child nor the child's parents are subject to: (a) the provisions of Part 2, Child Welfare Services; 93 94 (b) the investigation provisions contained in Section 62A-4a-409; or 95 (c) the provisions of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency 96 Proceedings. 97 (5) (a) Unless identifying information relating to the nonrelinguishing parent of the 98 newborn child has been provided: 99 [(a)] (i) the division shall work with local law enforcement and the Bureau of Criminal 100 Identification within the Department of Public Safety in an effort to ensure that the newborn 101 child has not been identified as a missing child; 102 $\left[\frac{1}{100}\right]$ (ii) the division shall immediately place or contract for placement of the newborn child in a potential adoptive home and, within 10 days after [receipt of] the day on which the 103 104 child is received, file a petition for termination of parental rights in accordance with Title 78A, 105 Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act; and 106 [(c)] (iii) the division shall direct the Office of Vital Records and Statistics within the 107 Department of Health to conduct a search for a birth certificate for the newborn child and an 108 Initiation of Proceedings to Establish Paternity Registry for unmarried biological fathers 109 maintained by the Office of Vital Records and Statistics [within the Department of Health] and 110 provide notice to each potential father identified on the registry[. Notice of termination of 111 parental rights proceedings shall be provided in the same manner as is utilized for any other 112 termination proceeding in which the identity of the child's parents is unknown;] in accordance 113 with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 4, Registry. 114 [(d)] (b) (i) [if no person] If no individual has affirmatively identified himself or herself within two weeks after the day on which notice under Subsection (5)(a)(iii) is complete and 115 116 established paternity by scientific testing within as expeditious a time frame as practicable, a 117 hearing on the petition for termination of parental rights shall be scheduled[; and] and notice 118 provided in accordance with Title 78A, Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights. 119 [(e)] (ii) [if] If a nonrelinguishing parent is not identified, relinguishment of a newborn 120 child pursuant to the provisions of this part shall be considered grounds for termination of

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121	parental rights of both the relinquishing and nonrelinquishing parents under Section
122	78A-6-507.
123	(6) If at any time prior to the adoption, a court finds it is in the best interest of the
124	newborn child, the court shall deny the petition for termination of parental rights.
125	(7) The division shall provide for, or contract with a licensed child-placing agency to
126	provide for expeditious adoption of the newborn child.
127	(8) So long as the [person] individual relinquishing a newborn child is the newborn
128	child's parent or designee, and there is no abuse or neglect, safe relinquishment of a newborn
129	child in substantial compliance with the provisions of this part is an affirmative defense to any
130	potential criminal liability for abandonment or neglect relating to that relinquishment.
131	Section 4. Appropriation.
132	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning on July 1,
133	2020, and ending June 30, 2021. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
134	fiscal year 2021. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
135	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
136	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
137	ITEM 1
138	To Department of Health Family Health and Preparedness
139	From General Fund \$50,000
140	Schedule of Programs:
141	Maternal and Child Health \$50,000
142	The Legislature intends that the appropriations under this item be used for training and
143	education about the availability and requirements of the safe relinquishment of a newborn child
144	program described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 8, Safe Relinquishment of a Newborn Child.