1	CONSOLIDATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF	
2	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF	
3	NATURAL RESOURCES	
4	2011 GENERAL SESSION	
5	STATE OF UTAH	
6	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper	
7	Senate Sponsor:	
8 9	LONG TITLE	
10	General Description:	
11	This bill eliminates the Department of Environmental Quality effective July 1, 2012,	
12	moving its powers and duties to the Department of Natural Resources, renamed the	
13	Department of Natural Resources and Environment.	
14	Highlighted Provisions:	
15	This bill:	
16	 effective July 1, 2012, eliminates the Department of Environmental Quality; 	
17	 effective July 1, 2012: 	
18	 moves divisions, programs, and functions of the Department of Environmental 	
19	Quality to the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;	
20	 consolidates various divisions and adjusts responsibilities for various programs 	
21	within both departments;	
22	eliminates references to the Department of Environmental Quality throughout	
23	the Utah Code;	
24	• eliminates the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality as	
25	a member of various entities and adjusts the membership of those entities	
26	accordingly;	
27	addresses the provision of legal advice to the Department of Natural Resources	



28	and Environment;
29	 effective July 1, 2012, creates the Division of Energy in the Department of Natural
30	Resources and Environment;
31	 effective July 1, 2011, creates the Office of Energy within the Department of
32	Natural Resources;
33	 provides a transition process for consolidating the Department of Environmental
34	Quality with the Department of Natural Resources and Environment; and
35	 makes technical and conforming changes.
36	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
37	None
38	Other Special Clauses:
39	This bill provides an effective date.
40	This bill provides revisor instructions.
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	4-2-8.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
44	4-2-8.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
45	4-2-8.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 278 and 378
46	4-14-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
47	4-18-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
48	4-20-1.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 278 and 286
49	4-37-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 286 and 378
50	4-39-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
51	9-9-104.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
52	11-8-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
53	11-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 222
54	11-38-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 368
55	11-38-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
56	11-38-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 344 and 368
57	17-27a-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
58	17-27a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90

59	17-41-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 376
60	17B-2a-818.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 229
61	19-1-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 112
62	19-1-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 112
63	19-1-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 17
64	19-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 377
65	19-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 377
66	19-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
67	19-1-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
68	19-1-406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 236
69	19-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 314
70	19-3-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
71	19-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
72	19-3-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 348
73	19-3-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
74	19-3-315, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
75	19-3-320, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 269
76	19-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
77	19-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 274
78	19-5-122, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
79	19-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 72
80	19-6-102.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
81	19-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
82	19-6-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 112
83	19-6-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324
84	19-6-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 186
85	19-6-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324
86	19-6-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
87	19-6-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 148
88	19-6-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 38
89	19-6-906, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

90	19-6-1102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 340
91	19-8-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 247
92	19-8-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 247
93	19-9-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 184
94	19-9-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
95	19-10-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 44
96	23-13-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 256
97	23-14-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 211
98	23-14-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
99	23-14-2.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 286 and 324
100	23-14-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 211
101	23-14-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 211
102	23-21-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
103	23-22-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 140
104	23-27-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 284
105	26-1-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 339
106	26A-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 249
107	26A-1-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 249
108	26A-1-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 304 and 339
109	34-38-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 284
110	34A-6-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 375
111	40-2-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
112	40-6-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
113	40-6-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, First Special Session, Chapter 5
114	40-6-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
115	40-6-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
116	40-6-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
117	40-6-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
118	40-8-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
119	40-8-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 299
120	40-8-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344

101	10.9.11 as last amonded by Laws of Utab 1092. Charter 201
121	40-8-11 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 201
122	40-10-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 219
123	40-10-3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 324
124	41-6a-1644, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 333
125	46-4-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
126	53-2-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
127	53-13-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
128	53-13-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 8
129	53C-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
130	57-25-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 51
131	57-25-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 51
132	59-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
133	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 412
134	59-23-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 105
135	63A-5-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 183 and 344
136	63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 229
137	63A-5-222, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 53 and 344
138	63A-9-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
139	63B-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
140	63B-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
141	63B-6-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
142	63B-10-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
143	63B-13-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 364
144	63B-14-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 180
145	63B-17-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 128
146	63B-18-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 134
147	63C-4-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
148	63C-6-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 66
149	63C-9-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 229
150	63C-12-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 262
151	63F-1-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 195

152	63G-2-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
153	63G-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
154	63I-1-219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 319
155	63I-1-273, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 148, 311 and renumbered
156	and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
157	63J-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 121
158	63J-4-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
159	63K-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 334
160	63K-3-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
161	63K-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
162	63K-5-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 22
163	63M-1-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
164	65A-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
165	65A-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
166	65A-4-2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 121
167	65A-10-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 294
168	65A-10-8, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 121
169	67-19-6.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 249
170	67-19-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
171	67-19c-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 139
172	67-22-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 369
173	72-6-107.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 229
174	72-6-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
175	73-1-4.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 19
176	73-2-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 360 and 382
177	73-2-1.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
178	73-2-14, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
179	73-2-26 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 33
180	73-2-29, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 67
181	73-3-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 124
182	73-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

183	73-3b-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 107
184	73-4-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 107
185	73-10-1.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1967, Chapter 176
186	73-10-18, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1969, Chapter 198
187	73-10c-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
188	73-10c-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 175
189	73-15-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 260
190	73-18a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
191	73-18a-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
192	73-22-3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 188
193	73-22-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
194	73-27-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 254
195	73-30-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 141
196	73-30-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 141
197	78A-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
198	78A-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
199	78B-6-909, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
200	79-1-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
201	79-2-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
202	79-2-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
203	79-2-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
204	79-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 229
205	79-3-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
206	79-3-204, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
207	79-3-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
208	79-3-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
209	79-3-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
210	79-3-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
211	79-3-508, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
212	79-3-509, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
213	79-4-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344

214 ENACTS: 215 **63I-1-279**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 216 **79-2-201.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 217 79-2-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953 218 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:** 219 **79-6-101**, (Renumbered from 63M-4-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 220 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 221 **79-6-102**, (Renumbered from 63M-4-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 222 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 223 79-6-201, (Renumbered from 63M-4-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 224 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 225 79-6-202, (Renumbered from 63M-4-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 226 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 227 79-6-203, (Renumbered from 63M-4-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 228 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 229 79-6-301, (Renumbered from 63M-4-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 230 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 231 **79-6-302**, (Renumbered from 63M-4-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of 232 Utah 2008, Chapter 382) 233 **Uncodified Material Affected:** 234 ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL 235 236 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 237 Section 1. Section **4-2-8.5** is amended to read: 238 4-2-8.5. Salinity Offset Fund. 239 (1) As used in this section, "Colorado River Salinity Offset Program" means a 240 program, administered by the Division of Water [Quality] Resources, allowing oil, gas, or 241 mining companies and other entities to provide funds to finance salinity reduction projects in 242 the Colorado River Basin by purchasing salinity credits as offsets against discharges made by 243 the company under permits issued by the Division of Water [Quality] Resources.

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244 (2) (a) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Salinity Offset

245 Fund." (b) The fund shall consist of: 246 247 (i) monies received from the Division of Water [Quality] Resources that have been 248 collected as part of the Colorado River Salinity Offset Program; 249 (ii) grants from local governments, the state, or the federal government; 250 (iii) grants from private entities; and 251 (iv) interest on fund monies. 252 (3) Any unallocated balance in the fund at the end of a fiscal year is nonlapsing. 253 (4) (a) The department shall: 254 (i) subject to the rules established under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), distribute fund monies to 255 farmers, ranchers, mutual irrigation companies, and other entities in the state to assist in 256 financing irrigation, rangeland, and watershed improvement projects that will, in accordance 257 with the Colorado River Salinity Offset Program, reduce salinity in the Colorado River; and 258 (ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 259 make rules establishing: 260 (A) a project funding application process; 261 (B) project funding requirements; 262 (C) project approval criteria; and 263 (D) standards for evaluating the effectiveness of funded projects in reducing salinity in 264 the Colorado River. 265 (b) The department may require entities seeking fund monies to provide matching 266 funds. 267 (c) The department shall submit to the Water Quality [Board's executive secretary] 268 Board proposed funding projects for the [executive secretary's] board's review and approval. 269 (5) The department may use fund monies for the administration of the fund, but this 270 amount may not exceed 10% of the annual receipts to the fund. 271 Section 2. Section **4-2-8.6** is amended to read: 272 4-2-8.6. Cooperative agreements and grants to prevent wildland fire. 273 After consulting with the Department of Natural Resources and Environment and the 274 Conservation Commission, the department may: 275 (1) enter into a cooperative agreement with a state agency, a federal agency, or a

276	federal, state, tribal, or private landowner to prevent catastrophic wildland fire through land
277	restoration in a watershed that:
278	(a) is impacted by cheatgrass or other invasive species; or
279	(b) has a fuel load that may contribute to a catastrophic wildland fire;
280	(2) expend money from the Invasive Species Mitigation Account created in Section
281	4-2-8.7; and
282	(3) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
283	make rules to:
284	(a) administer this section; and
285	(b) give grants from the Invasive Species Mitigation Account.
286	Section 3. Section 4-2-8.7 is amended to read:
287	4-2-8.7. Invasive Species Mitigation Account created.
288	(1) As used in this section, "project" means an undertaking that prevents catastrophic
289	wildland fire through land restoration in a watershed that:
290	(a) is impacted by cheatgrass or other invasive species; or
291	(b) has a fuel load that may contribute to a catastrophic wildland fire.
292	(2) (a) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the
293	"Invasive Species Mitigation Account."
294	(b) The restricted account shall consist of:
295	(i) money appropriated by the Legislature;
296	(ii) grants from the federal government; and
297	(iii) grants or donations from a person.
298	(3) Any unallocated balance in the restricted account at the end of the year is
299	nonlapsing.
300	(4) (a) After consulting with the Department of Natural Resources and Environment
301	and the Conservation Commission, the department may expend money in the restricted
302	account:
303	(i) on a project implemented by:
304	(A) the department; or
305	(B) the Conservation Commission; or
306	(ii) by giving a grant for a project to:

307	(A) a state agency;	
308	(B) a federal agency; or	
309	(C) a federal, state, tribal, or private landowner.	
310	(b) A grant to a federal landowner shall be matched with at least an equal amount of	
311	money by the federal landowner.	
312	(c) In expending the money authorized by Subsection (4)(a)(i), the department shall use	
313	existing infrastructure and employees to plan and implement the project.	
314	(5) In giving a grant, the department shall consider the effectiveness of a project in	
315	preventing:	
316	(a) first, the risk to public safety and health from:	
317	(i) air pollution;	
318	(ii) flooding; and	
319	(iii) reduced visibility on a highway;	
320	(b) second, damage to the environment, including:	
321	(i) soil erosion;	
322	(ii) degraded water quality; and	
323	(iii) release of carbon; and	
324	(c) third, damage to:	
325	(i) a local economy; and	
326	(ii) habitat for wildlife or livestock.	
327	Section 4. Section 4-14-10 is amended to read:	
328	4-14-10. Pesticide Committee created Composition Terms Compensation	
329	Duties.	
330	(1) There is created a Pesticide Committee comprising [nine] eight persons appointed	
331	by the governor to four-year terms of office, one member from each of the following state	
332	agencies and organizations:	
333	(a) Utah State Agricultural Extension Service;	
334	(b) Department of Agriculture and Food;	
335	(c) Department of Health;	
336	(d) Division of Wildlife Resources;	
337	[(e) Department of Environmental Quality;]	

338	[(f)] <u>(e)</u> Utah Pest Control Association;	
339	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(f)}\right]$ agricultural chemical industry;	
340	[(h)] (g) Utah Farmers Union; and	
341	[(i)] (h) Utah Farm Bureau Federation.	
342	(2) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1), the governor shall, at the time	
343	of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of	
344	committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the committee is appointed	
345	every two years.	
346	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be	
347	appointed for the unexpired term.	
348	(4) The committee shall elect one of its members to serve as chair. The chair is	
349	responsible for the call and conduct of meetings of the Pesticide Committee.	
350	(5) Attendance of a simple majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the	
351	transaction of official business.	
352	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but	
353	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:	
354	(a) Section 63A-3-106;	
355	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and	
356	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and	
357	63A-3-107.	
358	(7) The Pesticide Committee shall make recommendations to the commissioner	
359	regarding making rules pertaining to the sale, distribution, use, and disposal of pesticides.	
360	Section 5. Section 4-18-4 is amended to read:	
361	4-18-4. Conservation Commission created Composition Appointment	
362	Terms Compensation Attorney general to provide legal assistance.	
363	(1) There is created within the department the Conservation Commission to perform	
364	the functions specified in this chapter.	
365	(2) The Conservation Commission shall be comprised of $[16]$ <u>15</u> members, including:	
366	(a) the director of the Extension Service at Utah State University or the director's	
367	designee;	
368	(b) the president of the Utah Association of Conservation Districts or the president's	

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369	designee;
370	(c) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee;
371	(d) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment or
372	the executive director's designee;
373	[(e) the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality or the executive
374	director's designee;]
375	[(f)] (e) the chair and the vice chair of the State Grazing Advisory Board created in
376	Section 4-20-1.5;
377	[(g)] (f) the president of the County Weed Supervisors Association;
378	[(h)] (g) seven district supervisors who provide district representation on the
379	commission on a multicounty basis; and
380	[(i)] (h) the director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration or the
381	director's designee.
382	(3) If a district supervisor is unable to attend a meeting, an alternate may serve in the
383	place of the district supervisor for that meeting.
384	(4) The members of the commission specified in Subsection (2)[(h)](g) shall:
385	(a) be recommended by the commission to the governor; and
386	(b) be appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
387	(5) (a) Except as required by Subsection (5)(b), as terms of current commission
388	members expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
389	four-year term.
390	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the governor shall, at the
391	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
392	commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the commission is appointed
393	every two years.
394	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
395	appointed for the unexpired term.
396	(7) The commissioner is chair of the commission.
397	(8) Attendance of a majority of the commission members at a meeting constitutes a
398	quorum.
399	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but

400	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
401	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
402	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
403	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
404	63A-3-107.
405	(10) The commission shall keep a record of its actions.
406	(11) The attorney general shall provide legal services to the commission upon request.
407	Section 6. Section 4-20-1.5 is amended to read:
408	4-20-1.5. State Grazing Advisory Board Duties.
409	(1) (a) There is created within the department the State Grazing Advisory Board.
410	(b) The commissioner shall appoint the following members:
411	(i) one member from each regional board;
412	(ii) one member from the Conservation Commission created in Section 4-18-4;
413	(iii) one representative of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
414	(iv) two livestock producers at-large; and
415	(v) one representative of the oil, gas, or mining industry.
416	(2) The term of office for a state board member is four years.
417	(3) Members of the state board shall elect a chair, who shall serve for two years.
418	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
419	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
420	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
421	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
422	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
423	63A-3-107.
424	(5) The state board shall:
425	(a) receive:
426	(i) advice and recommendations from a regional board concerning:
427	(A) management plans for public lands, state lands, and school and institutional trust
428	lands as defined in Section 53C-1-103, within the regional board's region; and
429	(B) any issue that impacts grazing on private lands, public lands, state lands, or school
430	and institutional trust lands as defined in Section 53C-1-103, in its region; and

431	(ii) requests for restricted account money from the entities described in Subsections
432	(5)(c)(i) through (iv);
433	(b) recommend state policy positions and cooperative agency participation in federal
434	and state land management plans to the department and to the Public Lands Policy
435	Coordinating Office created under Section 63J-4-602; and
436	(c) advise the department on the requests and recommendations of:
437	(i) regional boards;
438	(ii) county weed control boards created under Section 4-17-4;
439	(iii) cooperative weed management associations; and
440	(iv) conservation districts created under the authority of Title 17D, Chapter 3,
441	Conservation District Act.
442	Section 7. Section 4-37-503 is amended to read:
443	4-37-503. Fish Health Policy Board.
444	(1) There is created within the department the Fish Health Policy Board which shall
445	establish policies designed to prevent the outbreak of, control the spread of, and eradicate
446	pathogens that cause disease in aquatic animals.
447	(2) The Fish Health Policy Board shall:
448	(a) in accordance with Subsection (6)(b), determine procedures and requirements for
449	certifying a source of aquatic animals as health approved, including:
450	(i) the pathogens for which inspection is required to receive health approval;
451	(ii) the pathogens that may not be present to receive health approval; and
452	(iii) standards and procedures required for the inspection of aquatic animals;
453	(b) establish procedures for the timely reporting of the presence of a pathogen and
454	disease threat;
455	(c) create policies and procedures for, and appoint, an emergency response team to:
456	(i) investigate a serious disease threat;
457	(ii) develop and monitor a plan of action; and
458	(iii) report to:
459	(A) the commissioner of agriculture and food;
460	(B) the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources; and
461	(C) the chair of the Fish Health Policy Board; and

462	(d) develop a unified statewide aquaculture disease control plan.
463	(3) The Fish Health Policy Board shall advise the commissioner of agriculture and
464	food and the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment
465	regarding:
466	(a) educational programs and information systems to educate and inform the public
467	about practices that the public may employ to prevent the spread of disease; and
468	(b) communication and interaction between the department and the Division of
469	Wildlife Resources regarding fish health policies and procedures.
470	(4) (a) (i) The governor shall appoint the following seven members to the Fish Health
471	Policy Board:
472	(A) one member from names submitted by the Department of Natural Resources and
473	Environment;
474	(B) one member from names submitted by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
475	(C) one member from names submitted by a nonprofit corporation that promotes sport
476	fishing;
477	(D) one member from names submitted by a nonprofit corporation that promotes the
478	aquaculture industry;
479	(E) one member from names submitted by the Department of Natural Resources and
480	Environment and the Department of Agriculture and Food;
481	(F) one member from names submitted by a nonprofit corporation that promotes sport
482	fishing; and
483	(G) one member from names submitted by a nonprofit corporation that promotes the
484	aquaculture industry.
485	(ii) The members appointed under Subsections (4)(a)(i)(E) through (G) shall be:
486	(A) (I) faculty members of an institution of higher education; or
487	(II) qualified professionals; and
488	(B) have education and knowledge in:
489	(I) fish pathology;
490	(II) business;
491	(III) ecology; or
492	(IV) parasitology.

493	(iii) At least one member appointed under Subsections (4)(a)(i)(E) through (G) shall
494	have education and knowledge about fish pathology.
495	(iv) (A) A nominating person shall submit at least three names to the governor.
496	(B) If the governor rejects all the names submitted for a member, the recommending
497	person shall submit additional names.
498	(b) Except as required by Subsection (4)(c), the term of office of board members shall
499	be four years.
500	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(b), the governor shall, at the
501	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
502	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
503	years.
504	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
505	appointed for the unexpired term.
506	(e) The board members shall elect a chair of the board from the board's membership.
507	(f) The board shall meet upon the call of the chair or a majority of the board members.
508	(g) An action of the board shall be adopted upon approval of the majority of voting
509	members.
510	(5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
511	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
512	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
513	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
514	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
515	63A-3-107.
516	(6) (a) The board shall make rules consistent with its responsibilities and duties
517	specified in this section.
518	(b) Except as provided by this chapter, all rules adopted by the Fish Health Policy
519	Board shall be consistent with the suggested procedures for the detection and identification of
520	pathogens published by the American Fisheries Society's Fish Health Section.
521	(c) (i) Rules of the department and Fish Health Policy Board pertaining to the control
522	of disease shall remain in effect until the Fish Health Policy Board enacts rules to replace those
523	provisions.

524	(ii) The Fish Health Policy Board shall promptly amend rules that are inconsistent with
525	the current suggested procedures published by the American Fisheries Society.
526	(d) The Fish Health Policy Board may waive a requirement established by the Fish
527	Health Policy Board's rules if:
528	(i) the rule specifies the waiver criteria and procedures; and
529	(ii) the waiver will not threaten other aquaculture facilities or wild aquatic animal
530	populations.
531	Section 8. Section 4-39-104 is amended to read:
532	4-39-104. Advisory council.
533	(1) The department shall establish an advisory council to give advice and make
534	recommendations on policies and rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
535	(2) The advisory council shall consist of eight members appointed by the commissioner
536	of agriculture to four-year terms as follows:
537	(a) two members, recommended by the executive director of the Department of Natural
538	Resources and Environment, shall represent the Department of Natural Resources and
539	Environment;
540	(b) two members shall represent the Department of Agriculture, one of whom shall be
541	the state veterinarian;
542	(c) two members shall represent the livestock industry, one of whom shall represent the
543	domesticated elk industry; and
544	(d) two members, recommended by the executive director of the Department of Natural
545	Resources and Environment from a list of candidates submitted by the Division of Wildlife
546	Resources, shall represent wildlife interests.
547	(3) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2), the commissioner shall, at the
548	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
549	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
550	years.
551	(4) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
552	appointed for the unexpired term.
553	(5) A majority of the advisory council constitutes a quorum. A quorum is necessary for
554	the council to act.

555	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
556	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
557	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
558	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
559	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
560	63A-3-107.
561	Section 9. Section 9-9-104.6 is amended to read:
562	9-9-104.6. Participation of state agencies in meetings with tribal leaders
563	Contact information.
564	(1) For at least three of the joint meetings described in Subsection 9-9-104.5(2)(a), the
565	division shall coordinate with representatives of tribal governments and the entities listed in
566	Subsection (2) to provide for the broadest participation possible in the joint meetings.
567	(2) The following may participate in all meetings described in Subsection (1):
568	(a) the chairs of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee created in Section
569	36-22-1;
570	(b) the governor or the governor's designee; and
571	(c) a representative appointed by the chief administrative officer of the following:
572	(i) the Department of Health;
573	(ii) the Department of Human Services;
574	(iii) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
575	(iv) the Department of Workforce Services;
576	(v) the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
577	(vi) the State Office of Education; and
578	(vii) the State Board of Regents.
579	(3) (a) The chief administrative officer of the agencies listed in Subsection (3)(b) shall:
580	(i) designate the name of a contact person for that agency that can assist in coordinating
581	the efforts of state and tribal governments in meeting the needs of the Native Americans
582	residing in the state; and
583	(ii) notify the division:
584	(A) who is the designated contact person described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
585	(B) of any change in who is the designated contact person described in Subsection

586	(3)(a)(i).
587	(b) This Subsection (3) applies to:
588	(i) the Department of Agriculture and Food;
589	(ii) the Department of Community and Culture;
590	(iii) the Department of Corrections;
591	[(iv) the Department of Environmental Quality;]
592	[(v)] (iv) the Department of Public Safety;
593	[(vi)] (v) the Department of Transportation;
594	[(vii)] (vi) the Office of the Attorney General;
595	[(viii)] (vii) the State Tax Commission; and
596	[(ix)] (viii) any agency described in Subsection (2)(c).
597	(c) At the request of the division, a contact person listed in Subsection (3)(b) may
598	participate in a meeting described in Subsection (1).
599	(4) A participant under this section who is not a legislator may not receive
600	compensation or benefits for the participant's service, but may receive per diem and travel
601	expenses in accordance with:
602	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
603	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
604	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
605	63A-3-107.
606	Section 10. Section 11-8-2 is amended to read:
607	11-8-2. State loans for sewage treatment facilities Rules of Water Quality
608	Board.
609	(1) The Department of [Environmental Quality is authorized to] Natural Resources and
610	Environment may negotiate loans to political subdivisions and municipal authorities for the
611	construction, reconstruction, and improvement of municipal sewage treatment facilities.
612	(2) All loans shall be made pursuant to rules made by the Water Quality Board and not
613	exceed 25% of the total cost of the facility.
614	(3) The loans shall be authorized by the political subdivision involved pursuant to Title
615	11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, or other applicable law of this state pertaining
616	to indebtedness of political subdivisions.

617	Section 11. Section 11-8-3 is amended to read:
618	11-8-3. Department of Natural Resources and Environment to negotiate loans for
619	sewage facilities.
620	(1) The Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment
621	may negotiate loans from the Retirement Systems Fund, State Land Principal Fund, Workers'
622	Compensation Fund, or any state trust and agency fund which has sums available for loaning,
623	as these funds are defined in Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act, not to exceed
624	\$1,000,000 in any fiscal year for the purposes of providing the funding for the loans provided
625	for in Section 11-8-2.
626	(2) The terms of any borrowing and repayment shall be negotiated between the
627	borrower and the lender consistent with the legal duties of the lender.
628	Section 12. Section 11-38-102 is amended to read:
629	11-38-102. Definitions.
630	As used in this chapter:
631	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by
632	households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
633	income of the applicable municipal or county statistical area for households of the same size.
634	(2) "Agricultural land" has the same meaning as "land in agricultural use" under
635	Section 59-2-502.
636	(3) "Brownfield sites" means abandoned, idled, or underused commercial or industrial
637	land where expansion or redevelopment is complicated by real or perceived environmental
638	contamination.
639	(4) "Commission" means the Quality Growth Commission established in Section
640	11-38-201.
641	(5) "Infill development" means residential, commercial, or industrial development on
642	unused or underused land, excluding open land and agricultural land, within existing, otherwise
643	developed urban areas.
644	(6) "Local entity" means a county, city, or town.
645	(7) "OPB" means the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget established under
646	Section 63J-4-201.
647	(8) (a) "Open land" means land that is:

648	(i) preserved in or restored to a predominantly natural, open, and undeveloped
649	condition; and
650	(ii) used for:
651	(A) wildlife habitat;
652	(B) cultural or recreational use;
653	(C) watershed protection; or
654	(D) another use consistent with the preservation of the land in or restoration of the land
655	to a predominantly natural, open, and undeveloped condition.
656	(b) (i) "Open land" does not include land whose predominant use is as a developed
657	facility for active recreational activities, including baseball, tennis, soccer, golf, or other
658	sporting or similar activity.
659	(ii) The condition of land does not change from a natural, open, and undeveloped
660	condition because of the development or presence on the land of facilities, including trails,
661	waterways, and grassy areas, that:
662	(A) enhance the natural, scenic, or aesthetic qualities of the land; or
663	(B) facilitate the public's access to or use of the land for the enjoyment of its natural,
664	scenic, or aesthetic qualities and for compatible recreational activities.
665	(9) "Program" means the LeRay McAllister Critical Land Conservation Program
666	established in Section 11-38-301.
667	(10) "Surplus land" means real property owned by the Department of Administrative
668	Services, the Department of Agriculture and Food, the Department of Natural Resources and
669	Environment, or the Department of Transportation that the individual department determines
670	not to be necessary for carrying out the mission of the department.
671	Section 13. Section 11-38-201 is amended to read:
672	11-38-201. Quality Growth Commission Term of office Vacancy
673	Organization Expenses Staff.
674	(1) (a) There is created a Quality Growth Commission consisting of:
675	(i) the director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
676	(ii) the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food;
677	(iii) six elected officials at the local government level, three of whom may not be
678	residents of a county of the first or second class; and

(iv) five persons from the profit and nonprofit private sector, two of whom may not be
residents of a county of the first or second class and no more than three of whom may be from
the same political party and one of whom shall be from the residential construction industry,
nominated by the Utah Home Builders Association, and one of whom shall be from the real
estate industry, nominated by the Utah Association of Realtors.

(b) (i) The director of the Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u> and the
 commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food may not assume their positions on
 the commission until:

687 (A) after May 1, 2005; and

688 (B) the term of the respective predecessor in office, who is a state government level689 appointee, expires.

(ii) The term of a commission member serving on May 1, 2005, as one of the six
elected local officials or five private sector appointees may not be shortened because of
application of the restriction under Subsections (1)(a)(iii) and (iv) on the number of appointees
from counties of the first or second class.

694 (2) (a) Each commission member appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(iii) or (iv) shall be695 appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.

(b) The governor shall select three of the six members under Subsection (1)(a)(iii) from
a list of names provided by the Utah League of Cities and Towns, and shall select the
remaining three from a list of names provided by the Utah Association of Counties.

(c) Two of the persons appointed under Subsection (1) shall be from the agriculturalcommunity from a list of names provided by Utah farm organizations.

(3) (a) The term of office of each member is four years, except that the governor shall
appoint one of the persons at the state government level, three of the persons at the local
government level, and two of the persons under Subsection (1)(a)(iv) to an initial two-year
term.

(b) No member of the commission may serve more than two consecutive four-yearterms.

707 (4) Each mid-term vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as708 an appointment under Subsection (2).

709

(5) Commission members shall elect a chair from their number and establish rules for

710	the organization and operation of the commission.
711	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
712	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
713	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
714	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
715	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
716	63A-3-107.
717	(7) A member is not required to give bond for the performance of official duties.
718	(8) Staff services to the commission:
719	(a) shall be provided by OPB; and
720	(b) may be provided by local entities through the Utah Association of Counties and the
721	Utah League of Cities and Towns, with funds approved by the commission from those
722	identified as available to local entities under Subsection 11-38-203(1)(a).
723	Section 14. Section 11-38-302 is amended to read:
724	11-38-302. Use of money in program Criteria Administration.
725	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the commission may authorize the use of money in the
726	program, by grant, to:
727	(a) a local entity;
728	(b) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment created under Section
729	79-2-201;
730	(c) the Department of Agriculture and Food created under Section 4-2-1; or
731	(d) a charitable organization that qualifies as being tax exempt under Section $501(c)(3)$
732	of the Internal Revenue Code.
733	(2) (a) The money in the program shall be used for preserving or restoring open land
734	and agricultural land.
735	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), money from the program may not be
736	used to purchase a fee interest in real property in order to preserve open land or agricultural
737	land, but may be used to establish a conservation easement under Title 57, Chapter 18, Land
738	Conservation Easement Act, or to fund similar methods to preserve open land or agricultural
739	land.
740	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), money from the fund may be used to

741 purchase a fee interest in real property to preserve open land or agricultural land if: 742 (A) the parcel to be purchased is no more than 20 acres in size; and 743 (B) with respect to a parcel purchased in a county in which over 50% of the land area is 744 publicly owned, real property roughly equivalent in size and located within that county is 745 contemporaneously transferred to private ownership from the governmental entity that 746 purchased the fee interest in real property. 747 (iii) Eminent domain may not be used or threatened in connection with any purchase 748 using money from the program. 749 (iv) A parcel of land larger than 20 acres in size may not be divided into separate 750 parcels smaller than 20 acres each to meet the requirement of Subsection (2)(b)(ii). 751 (c) A local entity, department, or organization under Subsection (1) may not receive 752 money from the program unless it provides matching funds equal to or greater than the amount 753 of money received from the program. 754 (d) In granting money from the program, the commission may impose conditions on 755 the recipient as to how the money is to be spent. 756 (e) The commission shall give priority to requests from the Department of Natural 757 Resources and Environment for up to 20% of each annual increase in the amount of money in 758 the program if the money is used for the protection of wildlife or watershed. 759 (f) (i) The commission may not make a grant from the program that exceeds 760 \$1,000,000 until after making a report to the Legislative Management Committee about the 761 grant. 762 (ii) The Legislative Management Committee may make a recommendation to the 763 commission concerning the intended grant, but the recommendation is not binding on the 764 commission. 765 (3) In determining the amount and type of financial assistance to provide an entity, 766 department, or organization under Subsection (1) and subject to Subsection (2)(f), the 767 commission shall consider: 768 (a) the nature and amount of open land and agricultural land proposed to be preserved 769 or restored; 770 (b) the qualities of the open land and agricultural land proposed to be preserved or 771 restored;

772	(c) the cost effectiveness of the project to preserve or restore open land or agricultural
773	land;
774	(d) the funds available;
775	(e) the number of actual and potential applications for financial assistance and the
776	amount of money sought by those applications;
777	(f) the open land preservation plan of the local entity where the project is located and
778	the priority placed on the project by that local entity;
779	(g) the effects on housing affordability and diversity; and
780	(h) whether the project protects against the loss of private property ownership.
781	(4) If a local entity, department, or organization under Subsection (1) seeks money
782	from the program for a project whose purpose is to protect critical watershed, the commission
783	shall require that the needs and quality of that project be verified by the state engineer.
784	(5) Each interest in real property purchased with money from the program shall be held
785	and administered by the state or a local entity.
786	Section 15. Section 17-27a-401 is amended to read:
	17.27 and Consul plan required Content Provisions related to redisactive
787	17-27a-401. General plan required Content Provisions related to radioactive
787 788	waste facility.
788	waste facility.
788 789	waste facility.(1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and
788 789 790	waste facility.(1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for:
788 789 790 791	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and
788 789 790 791 792	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated
788 789 790 791 792 793	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county.
788 789 790 791 792 793 794	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county. (2) The plan may provide for:
788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county. (2) The plan may provide for: (a) health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic
788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county. (2) The plan may provide for: (a) health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic activities, aesthetics, and recreational, educational, and cultural opportunities;
788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797	 waste facility. In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: present and future needs of the county; and growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county. (2) The plan may provide for: health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic activities, aesthetics, and recreational, educational, and cultural opportunities; the reduction of the waste of physical, financial, or human resources that result
788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 796 797 798	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county. (2) The plan may provide for: (a) health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic activities, aesthetics, and recreational, educational, and cultural opportunities; (b) the reduction of the waste of physical, financial, or human resources that result from either excessive congestion or excessive scattering of population;
788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799	 waste facility. (1) In order to accomplish the purposes of this chapter, each county shall prepare and adopt a comprehensive, long-range general plan for: (a) present and future needs of the county; and (b) growth and development of all or any part of the land within the unincorporated portions of the county. (2) The plan may provide for: (a) health, general welfare, safety, energy conservation, transportation, prosperity, civic activities, aesthetics, and recreational, educational, and cultural opportunities; (b) the reduction of the waste of physical, financial, or human resources that result from either excessive congestion or excessive scattering of population; (c) the efficient and economical use, conservation, and production of the supply of:

803 (e) the protection of urban development; 804 (f) the protection or promotion of moderate income housing; 805 (g) the protection and promotion of air quality; 806 (h) historic preservation; 807 (i) identifying future uses of land that are likely to require an expansion or significant 808 modification of services or facilities provided by each affected entity; and 809 (j) an official map. 810 (3) (a) The plan shall include specific provisions related to any areas within, or 811 partially within, the exterior boundaries of the county, or contiguous to the boundaries of a 812 county, which are proposed for the siting of a storage facility or transfer facility for the 813 placement of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive nuclear waste, as 814 these wastes are defined in Section 19-3-303. The provisions shall address the effects of the 815 proposed site upon the health and general welfare of citizens of the state, and shall provide: 816 (i) the information identified in Section 19-3-305; 817 (ii) information supported by credible studies that demonstrates that the provisions of 818 Subsection 19-3-307(2) have been satisfied; and 819 (iii) specific measures to mitigate the effects of high-level nuclear waste and greater 820 than class C radioactive waste and guarantee the health and safety of the citizens of the state. 821 (b) A county may, in lieu of complying with Subsection (3)(a), adopt an ordinance 822 indicating that all proposals for the siting of a storage facility or transfer facility for the 823 placement of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste wholly or 824 partially within the county are rejected. 825 (c) A county may adopt the ordinance listed in Subsection (3)(b) at any time. 826 (d) The county shall send a certified copy of the ordinance under Subsection (3)(b) to 827 the executive director of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and 828 Environment by certified mail within 30 days of enactment. 829 (e) If a county repeals an ordinance adopted pursuant to Subsection (3)(b) the county 830 shall: 831 (i) comply with Subsection (3)(a) as soon as reasonably possible; and 832 (ii) send a certified copy of the repeal to the executive director of the Department of 833 [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment by certified mail within 30 days

834	after the repeal.
835	(4) The plan may define the county's local customs, local culture, and the components
836	necessary for the county's economic stability.
837	(5) Subject to Subsection 17-27a-403(2), the county may determine the
838	comprehensiveness, extent, and format of the general plan.
839	Section 16. Section 17-27a-404 is amended to read:
840	17-27a-404. Public hearing by planning commission on proposed general plan or
841	amendment Notice Revisions to general plan or amendment Adoption or rejection
842	by legislative body.
843	(1) (a) After completing its recommendation for a proposed general plan, or proposal to
844	amend the general plan, the planning commission shall schedule and hold a public hearing on
845	the proposed plan or amendment.
846	(b) The planning commission shall provide notice of the public hearing, as required by
847	Section 17-27a-204.
848	(c) After the public hearing, the planning commission may modify the proposed
849	general plan or amendment.
850	(2) The planning commission shall forward the proposed general plan or amendment to
851	the legislative body.
852	(3) (a) As provided by local ordinance and by Section 17-27a-204, the legislative body
853	shall provide notice of its intent to consider the general plan proposal.
854	(b) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsections (1), (2), and (3)(a), the legislative
855	body shall hold a public hearing in Salt Lake City on provisions of the proposed county plan
856	regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(3). The hearing procedure shall comply with this Subsection
857	(3)(b).
858	(ii) The hearing format shall allow adequate time for public comment at the actual
859	public hearing, and shall also allow for public comment in writing to be submitted to the
860	legislative body for not fewer than 90 days after the date of the public hearing.
861	(c) (i) The legislative body shall give notice of the hearing in accordance with this
862	Subsection (3) when the proposed plan provisions required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3) are
863	complete.
864	(ii) Direct notice of the hearing shall be given, in writing, to the governor, members of

865 the state Legislature, executive director of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural 866 Resources and Environment, the state planning coordinator, the Resource Development 867 Coordinating Committee, and any other citizens or entities who specifically request notice in 868 writing. 869 (iii) Public notice shall be given by publication: 870 (A) in at least one major Utah newspaper having broad general circulation in the state; 871 (B) in at least one Utah newspaper having a general circulation focused mainly on the 872 county where the proposed high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste 873 site is to be located; and 874 (C) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701. 875 (iv) The notice shall be published to allow reasonable time for interested parties and 876 the state to evaluate the information regarding the provisions of Subsection 17-27a-401(3), 877 including: 878 (A) in a newspaper described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(A), no less than 180 days before 879 the date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3); and 880 (B) publication described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(B) or (C) for 180 days before the 881 date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3). 882 (4) (a) After the public hearing required under this section, the legislative body may 883 make any revisions to the proposed general plan that it considers appropriate. 884 (b) The legislative body shall respond in writing and in a substantive manner to all 885 those providing comments as a result of the hearing required by Subsection (3). 886 (5) (a) The county legislative body may adopt or reject the proposed general plan or 887 amendment either as proposed by the planning commission or after making any revision the 888 county legislative body considers appropriate. 889 (b) If the county legislative body rejects the proposed general plan or amendment, it 890 may provide suggestions to the planning commission for its consideration. 891 (6) The legislative body shall adopt: 892 (a) a land use element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(i); 893 (b) a transportation and traffic circulation element as provided in Subsection 894 17-27a-403(2)(a)(ii); and 895 (c) after considering the factors included in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(b), a plan to

896	provide a realistic opportunity to meet estimated needs for additional moderate income housing
897	if long-term projections for land use and development occur.
898	Section 17. Section 17-41-101 is amended to read:
899	17-41-101. Definitions.
900	As used in this chapter:
901	(1) "Advisory board" means:
902	(a) for an agriculture protection area, the agriculture protection area advisory board
903	created as provided in Section 17-41-201; and
904	(b) for an industrial protection area, the industrial protection area advisory board
905	created as provided in Section 17-41-201.
906	(2) (a) "Agriculture production" means production for commercial purposes of crops,
907	livestock, and livestock products.
908	(b) "Agriculture production" includes the processing or retail marketing of any crops,
909	livestock, and livestock products when more than 50% of the processed or merchandised
910	products are produced by the farm operator.
911	(3) "Agriculture protection area" means a geographic area created under the authority
912	of this chapter that is granted the specific legal protections contained in this chapter.
913	(4) "Applicable legislative body" means:
914	(a) with respect to a proposed agriculture protection area or industrial protection area:
915	(i) the legislative body of the county in which the land proposed to be included in an
916	agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is located, if the land is within the
917	unincorporated part of the county; or
918	(ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the land proposed to be included in
919	an agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is located; and
920	(b) with respect to an existing agriculture protection area or industrial protection area:
921	(i) the legislative body of the county in which the agriculture protection area or
922	industrial protection area is located, if the agriculture protection area or industrial protection
923	area is within the unincorporated part of the county; or
924	(ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the agriculture protection area or
925	industrial protection area is located.
926	(5) "Board" means the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created in Section 40-6-4.

927	(6) "Crops, livestock, and livestock products" includes:
928	(a) land devoted to the raising of useful plants and animals with a reasonable
929	expectation of profit, including:
930	(i) forages and sod crops;
931	(ii) grains and feed crops;
932	(iii) livestock as defined in Subsection 59-2-102(27)(d);
933	(iv) trees and fruits; or
934	(v) vegetables, nursery, floral, and ornamental stock; or
935	(b) land devoted to and meeting the requirements and qualifications for payments or
936	other compensation under a crop-land retirement program with an agency of the state or federal
937	government.
938	(7) "Division" means the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy created in Section
939	40-6-15.
940	(8) "Industrial protection area" means a geographic area created under the authority of
941	this chapter that is granted the specific legal protections contained in this chapter.
942	(9) "Mine operator" means a natural person, corporation, association, partnership,
943	receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other organization or
944	representative, either public or private, including a successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and
945	related parent company, that, as of January 1, 2009:
946	(a) owns, controls, or manages a mining use under a large mine permit issued by the
947	division or the board; and
948	(b) has produced commercial quantities of a mineral deposit from the mining use.
949	(10) "Mineral deposit" has the same meaning as defined in Section 40-8-4, but
950	excludes:
951	(a) building stone, decorative rock, and landscaping rock; and
952	(b) consolidated rock that:
953	(i) is not associated with another deposit of minerals;
954	(ii) is or may be extracted from land; and
955	(iii) is put to uses similar to the uses of sand, gravel, and other aggregates.
956	(11) "Mining protection area" means land where a vested mining use occurs, including
957	each surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that a mine operator with a vested mining use

958	owns or controls.
959	(12) "Mining use":
960	(a) means:
961	(i) the full range of activities, from prospecting and exploration to reclamation and
962	closure, associated with the exploitation of a mineral deposit; and
963	(ii) the use of the surface and subsurface and groundwater and surface water of an area
964	in connection with the activities described in Subsection (12)(a)(i) that have been, are being, or
965	will be conducted; and
966	(b) includes, whether conducted on-site or off-site:
967	(i) any sampling, staking, surveying, exploration, or development activity;
968	(ii) any drilling, blasting, excavating, or tunneling;
969	(iii) the removal, transport, treatment, deposition, and reclamation of overburden,
970	development rock, tailings, and other waste material;
971	(iv) any removal, transportation, extraction, beneficiation, or processing of ore;
972	(v) any smelting, refining, autoclaving, or other primary or secondary processing
973	operation;
974	(vi) the recovery of any mineral left in residue from a previous extraction or processing
975	operation;
976	(vii) a mining activity that is identified in a work plan or permitting document;
977	(viii) the use, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, or alteration of a building,
978	structure, facility, equipment, machine, tool, or other material or property that results from or is
979	used in a surface or subsurface mining operation or activity;
980	(ix) any accessory, incidental, or ancillary activity or use, both active and passive,
981	including a utility, private way or road, pipeline, land excavation, working, embankment, pond,
982	gravel excavation, mining waste, conveyor, power line, trackage, storage, reserve, passive use
983	area, buffer zone, and power production facility;
984	(x) the construction of a storage, factory, processing, or maintenance facility; and
985	(xi) any activity described in Subsection 40-8-4(14)(a).
986	(13) (a) "Municipal" means of or relating to a city or town.
987	(b) "Municipality" means a city or town.
988	(14) "New land" means surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that a mine

988 (14) "New land" means surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that a mine

989 operator gains ownership or control of, whether or not that land or mineral estate is included in 990 the mine operator's large mine permit. 991 (15) "Off-site" has the same meaning as provided in Section 40-8-4. 992 (16) "On-site" has the same meaning as provided in Section 40-8-4. 993 (17) "Planning commission" means: 994 (a) a countywide planning commission if the land proposed to be included in the 995 agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is within the unincorporated part of the 996 county and not within a township: 997 (b) a township planning commission if the land proposed to be included in the 998 agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is within a township; or 999 (c) a planning commission of a city or town if the land proposed to be included in the 1000 agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is within a city or town. 1001 (18) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, school district, local district, or 1002 special service district. 1003 (19) "Proposal sponsors" means the owners of land in agricultural production or 1004 industrial use who are sponsoring the proposal for creating an agriculture protection area or 1005 industrial protection area, respectively. 1006 (20) "State agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency, 1007 institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library, 1008 unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state. 1009 (21) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town. (22) "Vested mining use" means a mining use: 1010 1011 (a) by a mine operator; and 1012 (b) that existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political subdivision 1013 prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits a mining use. 1014 Section 18. Section 17B-2a-818.5 is amended to read: 1015 17B-2a-818.5. Contracting powers of public transit districts -- Health insurance 1016 coverage. 1017 (1) For purposes of this section: (a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section 1018 1019 34A-2-104 who:

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1020 (i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and 1021 (ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which 1022 may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire. 1023 (b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301. 1024 (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means at the time the contract is entered into 1025 or renewed: 1026 (i) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined actuarial 1027 value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark plan 1028 determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), and 1029 a contribution level of 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of the 1030 employee who reside or work in the state, in which: 1031 (A) the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the 1032 dependents of the employee who reside or work in the state; and 1033 (B) for purposes of calculating actuarial equivalency under this Subsection (1)(c)(i): 1034 (I) rather that the benchmark plan's deductible, and the benchmark plan's out-of-pocket 1035 maximum based on income levels: 1036 (Aa) the deductible is \$750 per individual and \$2,250 per family; and 1037 (Bb) the out-of-pocket maximum is \$3,000 per individual and \$9,000 per family; 1038 (II) dental coverage is not required; and 1039 (III) other than Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), the provisions of Section 26-40-106 do not 1040 apply; or 1041 (ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum, has a 1042 deductible that is either: 1043 (I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan; 1044 or 1045 (II) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally 1046 qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings 1047 account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest 1048 deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the 1049 employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan; 1050 (B) an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the

1051	annual deductible; and
1052	(C) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
1053	dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.
1054	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
1055	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
1056	construction contract entered into by the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, and to a
1057	prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
1058	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
1059	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
1060	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
1061	\$750,000 or greater.
1062	(3) This section does not apply if:
1063	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
1064	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
1065	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
1066	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
1067	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
1068	by Subsection (2).
1069	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
1070	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
1071	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the public transit
1072	district that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage
1073	for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the
1074	contract.
1075	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
1076	shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an
1077	offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the
1078	employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
1079	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
1080	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by
1081	the public transit district under Subsection (6).

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1082	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
1083	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
1084	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
1085	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by
1086	the public transit district under Subsection (6).
1087	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
1088	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
1089	(6) The public transit district shall adopt ordinances:
1090	(a) in coordination with:
1091	[(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;]
1092	[(ii)] (i) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment in accordance with
1093	Section 79-2-404;
1094	[(iii)] (ii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
1095	[(iv)] (iii) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
1096	and
1097	[(v)] (iv) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
1098	(b) [which] that establish:
1099	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
1100	public transit district compliance with this section which shall include:
1101	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
1102	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
1103	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
1104	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
1105	actuarial equivalency from either:
1106	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
1107	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
1108	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
1109	rates;
1110	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
1111	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
1112	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into

1113	future contracts with the public transit district upon the first violation;
1114	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
1115	contracts with the public transit district upon the second violation;
1116	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
1117	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
1118	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
1119	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
1120	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
1121	during the duration of the contract; and
1122	(iii) a website on which the district shall post the benchmark for the qualified health
1123	insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c)(i).
1124	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a contractor
1125	or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
1126	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
1127	coverage.
1128	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
1129	(7)(a)(i) if:
1130	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
1131	provided by an:
1132	(I) actuary; or
1133	(II) underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates;
1134	or
1135	(B) a department or division determines that compliance with this section is not
1136	required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
1137	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
1138	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
1139	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
1140	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
1141	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
1142	coverage as required by this section:
1143	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,

H.B. 97 1144 or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8, 1145 Legal and Contractual Remedies; and 1146 (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or 1147 contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design 1148 or construction. Section 19. Section **19-1-102** is amended to read: 1149 1150 19-1-102. Purposes. 1151 The purpose of this title is to: 1152 (1) clarify the powers and duties of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural 1153 Resources and Environment in relationship to local health departments: 1154 (2) provide effective, coordinated management of state environmental concerns: 1155 (3) safeguard public health and quality of life by protecting and improving 1156 environmental quality while considering the benefits to public health, the impacts on economic 1157 development, property, wildlife, tourism, business, agriculture, forests, and other interests, and 1158 the costs to the public and to industry; and 1159 (4) (a) strengthen local health departments' environmental programs: 1160 (b) build consensus among the public, industry, and local governments in developing 1161 environmental protection goals; and 1162 (c) appropriately balance the need for environmental protection with the need for 1163 economic and industrial development. 1164 Section 20. Section 19-1-103 is amended to read: 1165 19-1-103. Definitions. 1166 As used in this title: (1) "Department" means the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources 1167 1168 and Environment. 1169 (2) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department appointed 1170 pursuant to Section [19-1-104] 79-2-202. 1171 (3) "Local health department" means a local health department as defined in Title 26A, 1172 Chapter 1, Part 1, Local Health Department Act. [(4) "Person" means an individual, trust, firm, estate, company, corporation, 1173 1174 partnership, association, state, state or federal agency or entity, municipality, commission, or

1175	political subdivision of a state.]
1176	Section 21. Section 19-1-201 is amended to read:
1177	19-1-201. Powers of department.
1178	(1) The department shall:
1179	(a) enter into cooperative agreements with the Department of Health to delineate
1180	specific responsibilities to assure that assessment and management of risk to human health
1181	from the environment are properly administered;
1182	(b) consult with the Department of Health and enter into cooperative agreements, as
1183	needed, to ensure efficient use of resources and effective response to potential health and safety
1184	threats from the environment, and to prevent gaps in protection from potential risks from the
1185	environment to specific individuals or population groups; and
1186	(c) coordinate implementation of environmental programs to maximize efficient use of
1187	resources by developing, with local health departments, a Comprehensive Environmental
1188	Service Delivery Plan that:
1189	(i) recognizes that the department and local health departments are the foundation for
1190	providing environmental health programs in the state;
1191	(ii) delineates the responsibilities of the department and each local health department
1192	for the efficient delivery of environmental programs using federal, state, and local authorities,
1193	responsibilities, and resources;
1194	(iii) provides for the delegation of authority and pass through of funding to local health
1195	departments for environmental programs, to the extent allowed by applicable law, identified in
1196	the plan, and requested by the local health department; and
1197	(iv) is reviewed and updated annually.
1198	(2) The department may:
1199	(a) investigate matters affecting the environment;
1200	(b) investigate and control matters affecting the public health when caused by
1201	environmental hazards;
1202	(c) prepare, publish, and disseminate information to inform the public concerning
1203	issues involving environmental quality;
1204	(d) establish and operate programs, as authorized by this title, necessary for protection
1205	of the environment and public health from environmental hazards;

1206	(e) use local health departments in the delivery of environmental health programs to
1207	the extent provided by law;
1208	(f) enter into contracts with local health departments or others to meet responsibilities
1209	established under this title;
1210	[(g) acquire real and personal property by purchase, gift, devise, and other lawful
1211	means;]
1212	[(h) prepare and submit to the governor a proposed budget to be included in the budget
1213	submitted by the governor to the Legislature;]
1214	[(i) (i) establish a schedule of fees that may be assessed for actions and services of the
1215	department according to the procedures and requirements of Section 63J-1-504; and]
1216	[(ii) in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, all fees shall be reasonable, fair, and reflect
1217	the cost of services provided;]
1218	[(j)] (g) prescribe by rule reasonable requirements not inconsistent with law relating to
1219	environmental quality for local health departments;
1220	[(k)] (h) perform the administrative functions of the boards [established by Section
1221	19-1-106] governed by this title, including the acceptance and administration of grants from the
1222	federal government and from other sources, public or private, to carry out the board's functions;
1223	[(1)] (i) upon the request of any board governed by this title or the executive secretary
1224	of that board, provide professional, technical, and clerical staff and field and laboratory
1225	services, the extent of which are limited by the funds available to the department for the staff
1226	and services; and
1227	[(m)] (j) establish a supplementary fee, not subject to Section 63J-1-504, to provide
1228	service that the person paying the fee agrees by contract to be charged for the service in order
1229	to efficiently utilize department resources, protect department permitting processes, address
1230	extraordinary or unanticipated stress on permitting processes, or make use of specialized
1231	expertise.
1232	(3) In providing service under Subsection (2)[(m)](j), the department may not provide
1233	service in a manner that impairs any other person's service from the department.
1234	Section 22. Section 19-1-202 is amended to read:
1235	19-1-202. Environmental quality-related duties and powers of the executive
1236	director.

1237 (1) The executive director shall: 1238 [(a) administer and supervise the department;] 1239 (b) coordinate policies and program activities conducted through boards, divisions, 1240 and offices of the department;] 1241 (c) approve the proposed budget of each board, division, and office within the 1242 department;] 1243 [(d) approve all applications for federal grants or assistance in support of any 1244 department program;] 1245 $\left[\frac{(e)}{(a)}\right]$ with the governor's specific, prior approval, expend funds appropriated by the 1246 Legislature necessary for participation by the state in any fund, property, or service provided by 1247 the federal government; and 1248 $\left[\frac{f}{2}\right]$ (b) in accordance with Section 19-1-301, appoint one or more administrative law judges to hear an adjudicative proceeding within the department. 1249 1250 (2) The executive director may: 1251 (a) issue orders to enforce state laws and rules established by the department except 1252 where the enforcement power is given to a board [created under Section 19-1-106] governed by 1253 this title, unless the executive director finds that a condition exists that creates a clear and 1254 present hazard to the public health or the environment and requires immediate action, and if the 1255 enforcement power is vested with a board [created under Section 19-1-106] governed by this 1256 title, the executive director may with the concurrence of the governor order any person causing 1257 or contributing to the condition to reduce, mitigate, or eliminate the condition; 1258 (b) with the approval of the governor, participate in the distribution, disbursement, or 1259 administration of any fund or service, advanced, offered, or contributed by the federal 1260 government for purposes consistent with the powers and duties of the department; 1261 (c) accept and receive funds and gifts available from private and public groups for the 1262 purposes of promoting and protecting the public health and the environment and expend the 1263 funds as appropriated by the Legislature; 1264 [(d) make policies not inconsistent with law for the internal administration and 1265 government of the department, the conduct of its employees, and the custody, use, and 1266 preservation of the records, papers, books, documents, and property of the department;] 1267 [(e)] (d) create advisory committees as necessary to assist in carrying out the provisions

1268	of this title;
1269	[(f) appoint division directors who may be removed at the will of the executive director
1270	and who shall be compensated in an amount fixed by the executive director;]
1271	[(g)] (e) advise, consult, and cooperate with other agencies of the state, the federal
1272	government, other states and interstate agencies, affected groups, political subdivisions, and
1273	industries in carrying out the purposes of this title;
1274	[(h) consistent with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act,
1275	employ employees necessary to meet the requirements of this title;]
1276	[(i)] (f) authorize any employee or representative of the division to conduct inspections
1277	as permitted in this title;
1278	[(j)] (g) encourage, participate in, or conduct any studies, investigations, research, and
1279	demonstrations relating to hazardous materials or substances releases necessary to meet the
1280	requirements of this title;
1281	[(k)] (h) collect and disseminate information about hazardous materials or substances
1282	releases;
1283	[(1)] (i) review plans, specifications, or other data relating to hazardous substances
1284	releases as provided in this title; and
1285	[(m)] (j) maintain, update not less than annually, and make available to the public a
1286	record of sites, by name and location, at which response actions for the protection of the public
1287	health and environment under Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 3, Hazardous Substances Mitigation
1288	Act, or under Title 19, Chapter 8, Voluntary Cleanup Program, have been completed in the
1289	previous calendar year, and those that the department plans to address in the upcoming year
1290	pursuant to this title, including if upon completion of the response action the site:
1291	(i) will be suitable for unrestricted use; or
1292	(ii) will be suitable only for restricted use, stating the institutional controls identified in
1293	the remedy to which use of the site is subject.
1294	Section 23. Section 19-1-301 is amended to read:
1295	19-1-301. Adjudicative proceedings.
1296	(1) As used in this section, "dispositive action" is a final agency action that:
1297	(a) a board governed by this title takes following an adjudicative proceeding on a
1298	request for agency action; and

1299	(b) is subject to judicial review under Section 63G-4-403.
1300	(2) (a) The department and [its] boards governed by this title shall comply with the
1301	procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1302	(b) The procedures for an adjudicative proceeding conducted by an administrative law
1303	judge are governed by:
1304	(i) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
1305	(ii) rules adopted by a board as authorized by:
1306	(A) Subsection 63G-4-102(6); and
1307	(B) this title; and
1308	(iii) the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, in the absence of a procedure established under
1309	Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii).
1310	(3) An administrative law judge shall hear a party's request for agency action made to a
1311	board [created in Section 19-1-106] governed by this title.
1312	(4) The executive director shall appoint an administrative law judge who:
1313	(a) is a member in good standing of the Utah State Bar;
1314	(b) has a minimum of:
1315	(i) 10 years of experience practicing law; and
1316	(ii) five years of experience practicing in the field of:
1317	(A) environmental compliance;
1318	(B) natural resources;
1319	(C) regulation by an administrative agency; or
1320	(D) a field related to a field listed in Subsections (4)(b)(ii)(A) through (C); and
1321	(c) has a working knowledge of the federal laws and regulations and state statutes and
1322	rules applicable to a request for agency action.
1323	(5) In appointing an administrative law judge who meets the qualifications listed in
1324	Subsection (4), the executive director may:
1325	(a) compile a list of persons who may be engaged as an administrative law judge pro
1326	tempore by mutual consent of the parties to an adjudicative proceeding;
1327	(b) appoint an assistant attorney general as an administrative law judge pro tempore; or
1328	(c) (i) appoint an administrative law judge as an employee of the department; and
1329	(ii) assign the administrative law judge responsibilities in addition to conducting an

1330	adjudicative proceeding.
1331	(6) (a) An administrative law judge shall:
1332	(i) conduct an adjudicative proceeding;
1333	(ii) take any action that is not a dispositive action; and
1334	(iii) submit to the board a proposed dispositive action, including:
1335	(A) written findings of fact;
1336	(B) written conclusions of law; and
1337	(C) a recommended order.
1338	(b) A board may:
1339	(i) approve, approve with modifications, or disapprove a proposed dispositive action
1340	submitted to the board under Subsection (6)(a); or
1341	(ii) return the proposed dispositive action to the administrative law judge for further
1342	action as directed.
1343	(7) To conduct an adjudicative proceeding, an administrative law judge may:
1344	(a) compel:
1345	(i) the attendance of a witness; and
1346	(ii) the production of a document or other evidence;
1347	(b) administer an oath;
1348	(c) take testimony; and
1349	(d) receive evidence as necessary.
1350	(8) A party may appear before an administrative law judge in person, through an agent
1351	or employee, or as provided by a board rule.
1352	(9) (a) An administrative law judge or board member may not communicate with a
1353	party to an adjudicative proceeding regarding the merits of the adjudicative proceeding unless
1354	notice and an opportunity to be heard are afforded to all parties.
1355	(b) An administrative law judge or board member who receives an ex parte
1356	communication shall place the communication into the public record of the proceedings and
1357	afford all parties an opportunity to comment on the information.
1358	(10) Nothing in this section limits a party's right to an adjudicative proceeding under
1359	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1360	Section 24. Section 19-1-306 is amended to read:

1361 **19-1-306.** Records of the department. 1362 (1) Except as provided in this section, records [of the department shall be] kept in 1363 accordance with this title are subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and 1364 Management Act. 1365 (2) (a) The standards of the federal Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. Sec. 552, 1366 and not the standards of Subsections 63G-2-305(1) and (2), [shall] govern access to records [of 1367 the department] kept in accordance with this title for which business confidentiality has been 1368 claimed under Section 63G-2-309, to the extent those records relate to a program: 1369 (i) that is delegated, authorized, or for which primacy has been granted to the state; 1370 (ii) for which the state is seeking delegation, authorization, or primacy; or 1371 (iii) under the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and 1372 Liability Act. 1373 (b) The regulation of the United States Environmental Protection Agency interpreting 1374 the federal Freedom of Information Act, as it appeared at 40 C.F.R. Part 2 on January 1, 1992, 1375 [shall also apply] also applies to the records described in Subsection (1). 1376 (3) (a) The department may, upon request, make trade secret and confidential business 1377 records available to the United States Environmental Protection Agency insofar as they relate 1378 to a delegated program, to a program for which the state is seeking delegation, or to a program 1379 under the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act. 1380 (b) In the event a record is released to the United States Environmental Protection 1381 Agency under Subsection (3)(a), the department shall convey any claim of confidentiality to the 1382 United States Environmental Protection Agency and shall notify the person who submitted the 1383 information of its release. 1384 (4) Trade secret and confidential business records under Subsection (2) shall be 1385 managed as protected records under the Government Records Access and Management Act, 1386 and all provisions of that act [shall] apply except Subsections 63G-2-305(1) and (2). 1387 (5) Records obtained from the United States Environmental Protection Agency and 1388 requested by that agency to be kept confidential shall be managed as protected records under 1389 the Government Records Access and Management Act, and all provisions of that act shall 1390 apply except to the extent they conflict with this section. 1391 Section 25. Section 19-1-307 is amended to read:

1392	19-1-307. Evaluation of closure, postclosure, and perpetual care and maintenance
1393	for hazardous waste and radioactive waste treatment and disposal facilities Report.
1394	(1) (a) Beginning in 2006, the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created in
1395	Section [19-1-106] 79-2-201 shall direct an evaluation every five years of:
1396	(i) the adequacy of the amount of financial assurance required for closure and
1397	postclosure care under 40 C.F.R. subpart H, Sections 264.140 through 264.151 submitted
1398	pursuant to a hazardous waste operation plan for a commercial hazardous waste treatment,
1399	storage, or disposal facility under Section 19-6-108; and
1400	(ii) the adequacy of the amount of financial assurance or funds required for perpetual
1401	care and maintenance following the closure and postclosure period of a commercial hazardous
1402	waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, if found necessary following the evaluation under
1403	Subsection (1)(c).
1404	(b) The evaluation shall determine:
1405	(i) whether the amount of financial assurance required is adequate for closure and
1406	postclosure care of hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities;
1407	(ii) whether the amount of financial assurance or funds required is adequate for
1408	perpetual care and maintenance following the closure and postclosure period of a commercial
1409	hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility, if found necessary following the
1410	evaluation under Subsection (1)(c); and
1411	(iii) the costs above the minimal maintenance and monitoring for reasonable risks that
1412	may occur during closure, postclosure, and perpetual care and maintenance of commercial
1413	hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities including:
1414	(A) groundwater corrective action;
1415	(B) differential settlement failure; or
1416	(C) major maintenance of a cell or cells.
1417	(c) The Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board shall evaluate in 2006 whether
1418	financial assurance or funds are necessary for perpetual care and maintenance following the
1419	closure and postclosure period of a commercial hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal
1420	facility to protect human health and the environment.
1421	(2) (a) Beginning in 2006, the Radiation Control Board created in Section [19-1-106]
1422	<u>79-2-201</u> shall direct an evaluation every five years of:

1423	(i) the adequacy of the Radioactive Waste Perpetual Care and Maintenance Account
1424	created by Section 19-3-106.2; and
1425	(ii) the adequacy of the amount of financial assurance required for closure and
1426	postclosure care of commercial radioactive waste treatment or disposal facilities under
1427	Subsection 19-3-104(12).
1428	(b) The evaluation shall determine:
1429	(i) whether the restricted account is adequate to provide for perpetual care and
1430	maintenance of commercial radioactive waste treatment or disposal facilities;
1431	(ii) whether the amount of financial assurance required is adequate to provide for
1432	closure and postclosure care of commercial radioactive waste treatment or disposal facilities;
1433	(iii) the costs under Subsection 19-3-106.2(5)(b) of using the Radioactive Waste
1434	Perpetual Care and Maintenance Account during the period before the end of 100 years
1435	following final closure of the facility for maintenance, monitoring, or corrective action in the
1436	event that the owner or operator is unwilling or unable to carry out the duties of postclosure
1437	maintenance, monitoring, or corrective action; and
1438	(iv) the costs above the minimal maintenance and monitoring for reasonable risks that
1439	may occur during closure, postclosure, and perpetual care and maintenance of commercial
1440	radioactive waste treatment or disposal facilities including:
1441	(A) groundwater corrective action;
1442	(B) differential settlement failure; or
1443	(C) major maintenance of a cell or cells.
1444	(3) The boards under Subsections (1) and (2) shall submit a joint report on the
1445	evaluations to the Legislative Management Committee on or before October 1 of the year in
1446	which the report is due.
1447	Section 26. Section 19-1-406 is amended to read:
1448	19-1-406. Retrofit compressed natural gas vehicles Inspections, standards, and
1449	certification Compliance with other law Programs to coordinate.
1450	(1) An owner of a retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle that is retrofit on or after July
1451	1, 2010, may not operate the retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle before the owner has the
1452	retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle:
1453	(a) inspected and certified as safe in accordance with relevant standards, including the

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1454 National Fire Protection Association 52 Vehicular Gaseous Fuel Systems Code, by a CSA

1455 America CNG Fuel System Inspector; and

(b) tested to ensure that the retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle satisfies theemissions standards:

(i) if any, for the county in which the retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle isregistered; or

(ii) for the county in the state with the most lenient emissions standards, if the retrofitcompressed natural gas vehicle is registered in a county with no emissions standards.

(2) A person who performs a retrofit on a retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle shall
certify to the owner of the retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle that the retrofit does not
tamper with, circumvent, or otherwise affect the vehicle's on-board diagnostic system, if any.

(3) (a) After the owner of a retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle that is retrofit on or
after July 1, 2010, has the retrofit compressed natural gas vehicle inspected under Subsection
(1), the owner shall have the retrofit inspected for safety by a CSA America CNG Fuel System
Inspector:

- (i) the sooner of:
- 1470 (A) every three years after the retrofit; or

1471 (B) every 36,000 miles after the retrofit; and

1472 (ii) after any collision occurring at a speed of greater than five miles per hour.

1473 (b) An inspector at a state-required safety inspection shall verify that a retrofit

1474 compressed natural gas vehicle is inspected in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).

(4) (a) The Division of Air Quality may develop programs to coordinate amongstgovernment agencies and interested parties in the private sector to facilitate:

(i) testing to ensure compliance with emissions and anti-tampering standardsestablished in this section or by federal law; and

(ii) the retrofitting of vehicles to operate on compressed natural gas vehicles in amanner that provides for:

- 1481 (A) safety;
- 1482 (B) compliance with applicable law; and
- 1483 (C) potential improvement in the air quality of this state.
- 1484 (b) In developing a program under this Subsection (4), the Division of Air Quality

1485	shall:
1486	(i) allow for testing using equipment widely available within the state, if possible; and
1487	(ii) consult with relevant federal, state, and local government agencies and other
1488	interested parties.
1489	Section 27. Section 19-3-102 is amended to read:
1490	19-3-102. Definitions.
1491	As used in this chapter:
1492	(1) "Board" means the Radiation Control Board created under Section [19-1-106]
1493	<u>79-2-201</u> .
1494	(2) (a) "Broker" means a person who performs one or more of the following functions
1495	for a generator:
1496	(i) arranges for transportation of the radioactive waste;
1497	(ii) collects or consolidates shipments of radioactive waste; or
1498	(iii) processes radioactive waste in some manner.
1499	(b) "Broker" does not include a carrier whose sole function is to transport the
1500	radioactive waste.
1501	(3) "Byproduct material" has the same meaning as in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2014(e)(2).
1502	(4) "Class B and class C low-level radioactive waste" has the same meaning as in 10
1503	CFR 61.55.
1504	(5) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.
1505	(6) "Generator" means a person who:
1506	(a) possesses any material or component:
1507	(i) that contains radioactivity or is radioactively contaminated; and
1508	(ii) for which the person foresees no further use; and
1509	(b) transfers the material or component to:
1510	(i) a commercial radioactive waste treatment or disposal facility; or
1511	(ii) a broker.
1512	(7) (a) "High-level nuclear waste" means spent reactor fuel assemblies, dismantled
1513	nuclear reactor components, and solid and liquid wastes from fuel reprocessing and
1514	defense-related wastes.

1515 (b) "High-level nuclear waste" does not include medical or institutional wastes,

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1516	naturally-occurring radioactive materials, or uranium mill tailings.
1517	(8) (a) "Low-level radioactive waste" means waste material which contains radioactive
1518	nuclides emitting primarily beta or gamma radiation, or both, in concentrations or quantities
1519	which exceed applicable federal or state standards for unrestricted release.
1520	(b) "Low-level radioactive waste" does not include waste containing more than 100
1521	nanocuries of transuranic contaminants per gram of material, nor spent reactor fuel, nor
1522	material classified as either high-level waste or waste which is unsuited for disposal by
1523	near-surface burial under any applicable federal regulations.
1524	(9) "Radiation" means ionizing and nonionizing radiation, including gamma rays,
1525	X-rays, alpha and beta particles, high speed electrons, and other nuclear particles.
1526	(10) "Radioactive" means any solid, liquid, or gas which emits radiation spontaneously
1527	from decay of unstable nuclei.
1528	Section 28. Section 19-3-103 is amended to read:
1529	19-3-103. Radiation Control Board Members Organization Meetings Per
1530	diem and expenses.
1531	(1) The board created under Section [19-1-106] 79-2-201 comprises 13 members, one
1532	of whom shall be the executive director, or his designee, and the remainder of whom shall be
1533	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
1534	(2) No more than six appointed members shall be from the same political party.
1535	(3) The appointed members shall be knowledgeable about radiation protection and
1536	shall be as follows:
1537	(a) one physician;
1538	(b) one dentist;
1539	(c) one health physicist or other professional employed in the field of radiation safety;
1540	(d) three representatives of regulated industry, at least one of whom represents the
1541	radioactive waste management industry, and at least one of whom represents the uranium
1542	milling industry;
1543	(e) one registrant or licensee representative from academia;
1544	(f) one representative of a local health department;
1545	(g) one elected county official; and
1546	(h) three members of the general public, at least one of whom represents organized

1547 environmental interests.

(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current board members
expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
term.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
years.

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(5) Each board member is eligible for reappointment to more than one term.

1556 (6) Each board member shall continue in office until the expiration of his term and 1557 until a successor is appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of his term.

(7) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
appointed for the unexpired term by the governor, after considering recommendations by the
department and with the consent of the Senate.

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(8) The board shall annually elect a chair and vice chair from its members.

1562 (9) (a) The board shall meet at least quarterly.

1563 (b) Other meetings may be called by the chair, by the executive secretary, or upon the 1564 request of three members of the board.

1565 (10) Reasonable notice shall be given each member of the board prior to any meeting.

1566 (11) (a) Seven members constitute a quorum.

1567 (b) The action of a majority of the members present is the action of the board.

1568 (12) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but1569 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

- 1570 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- (b) Section 63A-3-107; and

1572 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

- 1573 63A-3-107.
- 1574 Section 29. Section **19-3-301** is amended to read:

1575 **19-3-301.** Restrictions on nuclear waste placement in state.

- 1576 (1) The placement, including transfer, storage, decay in storage, treatment, or disposal,
- 1577 within the exterior boundaries of Utah of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C

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1578	radioactive waste is prohibited.
1579	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) the governor, after consultation with the county
1580	executive and county legislative body of the affected county and with concurrence of the
1581	Legislature, may specifically approve the placement as provided in this part, but only if:
1582	(a) (i) the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission issues a license, pursuant to the
1583	Nuclear Waste Policy Act, 42 U.S.C.A. 10101 et seq., or the Atomic Energy Act, 42 U.S.C.A.
1584	2011 et seq., for the placement within the exterior boundaries of Utah of high-level nuclear
1585	waste or greater than class C radioactive waste; and
1586	(ii) the authority of the federal Nuclear Regulatory Commission to grant a license
1587	under Subsection (2)(a)(i) is clearly upheld by a final judgment of a court of competent
1588	jurisdiction; or
1589	(b) an agency of the federal government is transporting the waste, and all state and
1590	federal requirements to proceed with the transportation have been met.
1591	(3) The requirement for the approval of a final court of competent jurisdiction shall be
1592	met in all of the following categories, in order for a state license proceeding regarding waste to
1593	begin:
1594	(a) transfer or transportation, by rail, truck, or other mechanisms;
1595	(b) storage, including any temporary storage at a site away from the generating reactor;
1596	(c) decay in storage;
1597	(d) treatment; and
1598	(e) disposal.
1599	(4) (a) Upon satisfaction of the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), for each category
1600	listed in Subsection (3), or satisfaction of the requirements under Subsection (2)(b), the
1601	governor, with the concurrence of the attorney general, shall certify in writing to the executive
1602	director [of the Department of Environmental Quality] that all of the requirements have been
1603	met, and that any necessary state licensing processes may begin.
1604	(b) Separate certification under this Subsection (4) shall be given for each category in
1605	Subsection (3).
1606	(5) (a) The department shall make, by rule, a determination of the dollar amount of the
1607	health and economic costs expected to result from a reasonably foreseeable accidental release
1608	of waste involving a transfer facility or storage facility, or during transportation of waste,

within the exterior boundaries of the state. The department may initiate rulemaking under thisSubsection (5)(a) on or after March 15, 2001.

1611 (b) (i) The department shall also determine the dollar amount currently available to

1612 cover the costs as determined in Subsection (5)(a):

1613 (A) under nuclear industry self-insurance;

1614 (B) under federal insurance requirements; and

1615 (C) in federal money.

1616 (ii) The department may not include any calculations of federal money that may be 1617 appropriated in the future in determining the amount under Subsection (5)(b)(i).

(c) The department shall use the information compiled under Subsections (5)(a) and (b)
to determine the amount of unfunded potential liability in the event of a release of waste from a
storage or transfer facility, or a release during the transportation of waste.

- (6) (a) State agencies may not, for the purpose of providing any goods, services, or
 municipal-type services to a storage facility or transfer facility, or to any organization engaged
 in the transportation of waste, enter into any contracts or any other agreements prior to:
- 1624

(i) the satisfaction of the conditions in Subsection (4); and

(ii) the executive director of the department having certified that the requirements of
Sections 19-3-304 through 19-3-308 have been met for the purposes of a license application
proceeding for a storage facility or transfer facility.

(b) Political subdivisions of the state may not enter into any contracts or any other
agreements for the purpose of providing any goods, services, or municipal-type services to a
storage facility or transfer facility, or to any organization engaged in the transportation of
waste.

1632 (c) This Subsection (6) does not prohibit a state agency from exercising the regulatory1633 authority granted to it by law.

(7) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any political subdivision may not
be formed pursuant to the laws of Utah for the purpose of providing any goods, services, or
municipal-type services to a storage facility or transfer facility prior to the satisfaction of the
conditions in Subsection (4). These political subdivisions include:

1638 (i) a cooperative;

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(ii) a local district authorized by Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government

H.B. 97 1640 Entities - Local Districts; 1641 (iii) a special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act; 1642 (iv) a limited purpose local governmental entities authorized by Title 17, Counties; 1643 (v) any joint power agreement authorized by Title 11, Cities, Counties, and Local 1644 Taxing Units; and (vi) the formation of a municipality, or any authority of a municipality authorized by 1645 1646 Title 10, Utah Municipal Code. 1647 (b) (i) Subsection (7)(a) shall be strictly interpreted. Any political subdivision 1648 authorized and formed under the laws of the state on or after March 15, 2001, which 1649 subsequently contracts to, or in any manner agrees to provide, or does provide goods, services, 1650 or municipal-type services to a storage facility or transfer facility is formed in violation of 1651 Subsection (7)(a). 1652 (ii) If the conditions of Subsection (7)(b)(i) apply, the persons who formed the political 1653 subdivision are considered to have knowingly violated a provision of this part, and the penalties of Section 19-3-312 apply. 1654 1655 (8) (a) An organization may not be formed for the purpose of providing any goods, 1656 services, or municipal-type services to a storage facility or transfer facility prior to: 1657 (i) the satisfaction of the conditions in Subsection (4); and 1658 (ii) the executive director of the department having certified that the requirements of 1659 Sections 19-3-304 through 19-3-308 have been met. 1660 (b) A foreign organization may not be registered to do business in the state for the 1661 purpose of providing any goods, services, or municipal-type services to a storage facility or 1662 transfer facility prior to: 1663 (i) the satisfaction of the conditions in Subsection (4); and 1664 (ii) the executive director of the department having certified that the requirements of 1665 Sections 19-3-304 through 19-3-308 have been met. 1666 (c) The prohibitions of Subsections (8)(a) and (b) shall be strictly applied, and: 1667 (i) the formation of a new organization or registration of a foreign organization within 1668 the state, any of whose purposes are to provide goods, services, or municipal-type services to a 1669 storage facility or transfer facility may not be licensed or registered in the state, and the local or 1670 foreign organization is void and does not have authority to operate within the state;

(ii) any organization which is formed or registered on or after March 15, 2001, and
which subsequently contracts to, or in any manner agrees to provide, or does provide goods,
services, or municipal-type services to a storage facility or transfer facility has been formed or
registered in violation of Subsection (8)(a) or (b) respectively; and

(iii) if the conditions of Subsection (8)(c)(ii) apply, the persons who formed the
organization or the principals of the foreign organization, are considered to have knowingly
violated a provision of this part, and are subject to the penalties in Section 19-3-312.

(9) (a) (i) Any contract or agreement to provide any goods, services, or municipal-type
services to any organization engaging in, or attempting to engage in the placement of high-level
nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste at a storage facility or transfer facility
within the state are declared to be against the greater public interest, health, and welfare of the
state, by promoting an activity which has the great potential to cause extreme public harm.

(ii) These contracts or agreements under Subsection (9)(a)(i), whether formal or
informal, are declared to be void from inception, agreement, or execution as against public
policy.

1686 (b) (i) Any contract or other agreement to provide goods, services, or municipal-type 1687 services to storage or transfer facilities may not be executed within the state.

1688 (ii) Any contract or other agreement, existing or executed on or after March 15, 2001,1689 is considered void from the time of agreement or execution.

(10) (a) All contracts and agreements under Subsection (10)(b) are assessed an annual
transaction fee of 75% of the gross value of the contract to the party providing the goods,
services, or municipal-type services to the storage facility or transfer facility or transportation
entity. The fee shall be assessed per calendar year, and is payable on a prorated basis on or
before the last day of each month in accordance with rules established under Subsection
(10)(d), and as follows:

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(i) 25% of the gross value of the contract to the department; and

(ii) 50% of the gross value of the contract to the Department of Community andCulture, to be used by the Utah Division of Indian Affairs as provided in Subsection (11).

(b) Contracts and agreements subject to the fee under Subsection (10)(a) are those
contracts and agreements to provide goods, services, or municipal-type services to a storage or
transfer facility, or to any organization engaged in the transportation of high-level nuclear

1702	waste or greater than class C radioactive waste to a transfer facility or storage facility, and
1703	which:
1704	(i) are in existence on March 15, 2001; or
1705	(ii) become effective notwithstanding Subsection (9)(a).
1706	(c) Any governmental agency which regulates the charges to consumers for services
1707	provided by utilities or other organizations shall require the regulated utility or organization to
1708	include the fees under Subsection (10)(a) in the rates charged to the purchaser of the goods,
1709	services, or municipal-type services affected by Subsection (10)(b).
1710	(d) (i) The department, in consultation with the State Tax Commission, shall establish
1711	rules for the valuation of the contracts and assessment and collection of the fees, and other
1712	rules as necessary to determine the amount of and collection of the fee under Subsection
1713	(10)(a). The department may initiate rulemaking under this Subsection (10)(d)(i) on or after
1714	March 15, 2001.
1715	(ii) Persons and organizations holding contracts affected by Subsection (10)(b) shall
1716	make a good faith estimate of the fee under Subsection (10)(a) for calendar year 2001, and
1717	remit that amount to the department on or before July 31, 2001.
1718	(11) (a) The portion of the fees imposed under Subsection (10) which is to be paid to
1719	the Department of Community and Culture for use by the Utah Division of Indian Affairs shall
1720	be used for establishment of a statewide community and economic development program for
1721	the tribes of Native American people within the exterior boundaries of the state who have by
1722	tribal procedure established a position rejecting siting of any nuclear waste facility on their
1723	reservation lands.
1724	(b) The program under Subsection (11)(a) shall include:
1725	(i) educational services and facilities;
1726	(ii) health care services and facilities;
1727	(iii) programs of economic development;
1728	(iv) utilities;
1729	(v) sewer;
1730	(vi) street lighting;
1731	(vii) roads and other infrastructure; and
1732	(viii) oversight and staff support for the program.

1733 (12) It is the intent of the Legislature that this part does not prohibit or interfere with a 1734 person's exercise of the rights under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United 1735 States or under Utah Constitution Article I, Sec. 15, by an organization attempting to site a 1736 storage facility or transfer facility within the borders of the state for the placement of high-level 1737 nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste. 1738 Section 30. Section 19-3-304 is amended to read: 1739 **19-3-304.** Licensing and approval by governor and Legislature -- Powers and 1740 duties of the department. 1741 (1) (a) A person may not construct or operate a waste transfer, storage, decay in 1742 storage, treatment, or disposal facility within the exterior boundaries of the state without 1743 applying for and receiving a construction and operating license from the [state Department of 1744 Environmental Quality] department and also obtaining approval from the Legislature and the 1745 governor. 1746 (b) The [Department of Environmental Quality] department may issue the license, and 1747 the Legislature and the governor may approve the license, only upon finding the requirements 1748 and standards of this part have been met. 1749 (2) The department shall by rule establish the procedures and forms required to submit 1750 an application for a construction and operating license under this part. 1751 (3) The department may make rules implementing this part as necessary for the 1752 protection of the public health and the environment, including: 1753 (a) rules for safe and proper construction, installation, repair, use, and operation of 1754 waste transfer, storage, decay in storage, treatment, and disposal facilities; 1755 (b) rules governing prevention of and responsibility for costs incurred regarding 1756 accidents that may occur in conjunction with the operation of the facilities; and 1757 (c) rules providing for disciplinary action against the license upon violation of any of 1758 the licensure requirements under this part or rules made under this part. 1759 Section 31. Section 19-3-308 is amended to read: 1760 **19-3-308.** Application fee and annual fees. 1761 (1) (a) Any application for a waste transfer, storage, decay in storage, treatment, or 1762 disposal facility shall be accompanied by an initial fee of \$5,000,000. 1763 (b) The applicant shall subsequently pay an additional fee to cover the costs to the state

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associated with review of the application, including costs to the state and the state's contractors
for permitting, technical, administrative, legal, safety, and emergency response reviews,
planning, training, infrastructure, and other impact analyses, studies, and services required to
evaluate a proposed facility.

1768 (2) For the purpose of funding the state oversight and inspection of any waste transfer, 1769 storage, decay in storage, treatment, or disposal facility, and to establish state infrastructure, 1770 including, but not limited to providing for [state Department of Environmental Quality] the 1771 department's, state Department of [Transportation] Transportation's, state Department of Public 1772 [Safety] Safety's, and other state agencies' technical, administrative, legal, infrastructure, 1773 maintenance, training, safety, socio-economic, law enforcement, and emergency resources 1774 necessary to respond to these facilities, the owner or operator shall pay to the state a fee as 1775 established by department rule under Section 63J-1-504, to be assessed:

(a) per ton of storage cask and high level nuclear waste per year for storage, decay instorage, treatment, or disposal of high level nuclear waste;

(b) per ton of transportation cask and high level nuclear waste for each transfer of highlevel nuclear waste;

(c) per ton of storage cask and greater than class C radioactive waste for the storage,
decay in storage, treatment, or disposal of greater than class C radioactive waste; and

(d) per ton of transportation cask and greater than class C radioactive waste for each
transfer of greater than class C radioactive waste.

1784 (3) Funds collected under Subsection (2) shall be placed in the Nuclear Accident and
1785 Hazard Compensation Account, created in Subsection 19-3-309(3).

(4) The owner or operator of the facility shall pay the fees imposed under this section
to the department on or before the 15th day of the month following the month in which the fee
accrued.

(5) Annual fees due under this part accrue on July 1 of each year and shall be paid tothe department by July 15 of that year.

1791 Section 32. Section **19-3-315** is amended to read:

1792 **19-3-315.** Transportation requirements.

(1) A person may not transport wastes in the state, including on highways, roads, rail,by air, or otherwise, without:

1795	(a) having received approval from the state Department of Transportation; and
1796	(b) having demonstrated compliance with rules of the state Department of
1797	Transportation.
1798	(2) The Department of Transportation may:
1799	(a) make rules requiring a transport and route approval permit, weight restrictions,
1800	tracking systems, and state escort; and
1801	(b) assess appropriate fees as established under Section 63J-1-504 for each shipment of
1802	waste, consistent with the requirements and limitations of federal law.
1803	(3) The [Department of Environmental Quality] department shall establish any other
1804	transportation rules as necessary to protect the public health, safety, and environment.
1805	(4) Unless expressly authorized by the governor, with the concurrence of the
1806	Legislature, an easement or other interest in property may not be granted upon any lands within
1807	the state for a right of way for any carrier transportation system that:
1808	(a) is not a class I common or contract rail carrier organized and doing business prior to
1809	January 1, 1999; and
1810	(b) transports high level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste to a
1811	storage facility within the state.
1812	Section 33. Section 19-3-320 is amended to read:
1813	19-3-320. Efforts to prevent siting of any nuclear waste facility to include
1814	economic development study regarding Native American reservation lands within the
1815	state.
1816	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the department, in its efforts to prevent the
1817	siting of a nuclear waste facility within the exterior borders of the state, include in its work the
1818	study under Subsection (2) and the report under Subsection (3).
1819	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of [Environmental Quality]
1820	Natural Resources and Environment, in coordination with the office of the governor, and in
1821	cooperation with the Departments of Community and Culture, Human Services, Health,
1822	Workforce Services, Agriculture and Food, [Natural Resources,] and Transportation, the state
1823	Office of Education, and the Board of Regents:
1824	(a) study the needs and requirements for economic development on the Native
1825	American reservations within the state; and

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1826	(b) prepare, on or before November 30, 2001, a long-term strategic plan for economic
1827	development on the reservations.
1828	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that this plan, prepared under Subsection (2)(b),
1829	shall be distributed to the governor and the members of the Legislature on or before December
1830	31, 2001.
1831	Section 34. Section 19-4-103 is amended to read:
1832	19-4-103. Drinking Water Board Members Organization Meetings Per
1833	diem and expenses.
1834	(1) The [board] Drinking Water Board created under Section [19-1-106] 79-2-201
1835	comprises 11 members, one of whom is the executive director and the remainder of whom shall
1836	be appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
1837	(2) No more than five appointed members shall be from the same political party.
1838	(3) The appointed members shall be knowledgeable about drinking water and public
1839	water systems and shall represent different geographical areas within the state insofar as
1840	practicable.
1841	(4) The 10 appointed members shall be appointed from the following areas:
1842	(a) two elected officials of municipal government or their representatives involved in
1843	management or operation of public water systems;
1844	(b) two representatives of improvement districts, water conservancy districts, or
1845	metropolitan water districts;
1846	(c) one representative from an industry [which] that manages or operates a public water
1847	system;
1848	(d) one registered professional engineer with expertise in civil or sanitary engineering;
1849	(e) one representative from the state water research community or from an institution
1850	of higher education [which] that has comparable expertise in water research;
1851	(f) two representatives of the public who do not represent other interests named in this
1852	section and who do not receive, and have not received during the past two years, a significant
1853	portion of their income, directly or indirectly, from suppliers; and
1854	(g) one representative from a local health department.
1855	(5) (a) Members of the Utah Safe Drinking Water Committee created by Laws of Utah
1856	1981, Chapter 126, shall serve as members of the board throughout the terms for which they

1857 were appointed. 1858 (b) Except as required by Subsection (5)(c), as terms of current board members expire, 1859 the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term. 1860 (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(b), the governor shall, at the 1861 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of 1862 board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two 1863 years. 1864 (6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be 1865 appointed for the unexpired term. 1866 (7) Each member holds office until the expiration of the member's term, and until a 1867 successor is appointed, but not for more than 90 days after the expiration of the term. (8) The board shall elect annually a chair and a vice chair from its members. 1868 1869 (9) (a) The board shall meet at least quarterly. 1870 (b) Special meetings may be called by the chair upon [his] the chair's own initiative, 1871 upon the request of the executive secretary, or upon the request of three members of the board. 1872 (c) Reasonable notice shall be given each member of the board [prior to] before any meeting. 1873 1874 (10) Six members constitute a quorum at any meeting and the action of the majority of 1875 the members present is the action of the board. 1876 (11) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but 1877 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with: 1878 (a) Section 63A-3-106; 1879 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and 1880 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 1881 63A-3-107. 1882 Section 35. Section 19-5-102 is amended to read: 1883 19-5-102. Definitions. 1884 As used in this chapter: 1885 (1) "Board" means the Water Quality Board created in Section [19-1-106] 79-2-201. 1886 (2) "Contaminant" means [any] a physical, chemical, biological, or radiological 1887 substance or matter in water.

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1888 (3) "Discharge" means the addition of [any] a pollutant to [any] the waters of the state. 1889 (4) "Discharge permit" means a permit issued to a person who: 1890 (a) discharges or whose activities would probably result in a discharge of pollutants 1891 into the waters of the state; or 1892 (b) generates or manages sewage sludge. 1893 (5) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of wastes, and includes sewerage 1894 systems and treatment works. 1895 (6) "Effluent limitations" means [any] restrictions, requirements, or prohibitions, 1896 including schedules of compliance established under this chapter [which] that apply to 1897 discharges. 1898 (7) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board. 1899 (8) "Point source": 1900 (a) means [any] a discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including [but not 1901 limited to any] a pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling 1902 stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft, from which 1903 pollutants are or may be discharged; and 1904 (b) does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture. 1905 (9) "Pollution" means [any] a man-made or man-induced alteration of the chemical, 1906 physical, biological, or radiological integrity of [any] the waters of the state, unless the 1907 alteration is necessary for the public health and safety. 1908 (10) "Publicly owned treatment works" means [any] a facility for the treatment of 1909 pollutants owned by the state, its political subdivisions, or other public entity. 1910 (11) "Schedule of compliance" means a schedule of remedial measures, including an 1911 enforceable sequence of actions or operations leading to compliance with this chapter. 1912 (12) "Sewage sludge" means [any] a solid, semisolid, or liquid residue removed during 1913 the treatment of municipal wastewater or domestic sewage. 1914 (13) "Sewerage system" means pipelines or conduits, pumping stations, and all other 1915 constructions, devices, appurtenances, and facilities used for collecting or conducting wastes to 1916 a point of ultimate disposal. 1917 (14) "Treatment works" means [any] a plant, disposal field, lagoon, dam, pumping 1918 station, incinerator, or other works used for the purpose of treating, stabilizing, or holding

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1919 wastes. 1920 (15) "Underground injection" means the subsurface emplacement of fluids by well 1921 injection. 1922 (16) "Underground wastewater disposal system" means a system for disposing of 1923 domestic wastewater discharges as defined by the board and the executive director. 1924 (17) "Waste" or "pollutant" means dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, 1925 sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive 1926 materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt, and industrial, 1927 municipal, and agricultural waste discharged into water. 1928 (18) "Waters of the state": 1929 (a) means all streams, lakes, ponds, marshes, watercourses, waterways, wells, springs, 1930 irrigation systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations of water, surface 1931 and underground, natural or artificial, public or private, [which] that are contained within, flow 1932 through, or border upon this state or any portion of the state; and 1933 (b) does not include bodies of water confined to and retained within the limits of 1934 private property, and [which] that do not develop into or constitute a nuisance, a public health hazard, or a menace to fish or wildlife. 1935 1936 Section 36. Section 19-5-122 is amended to read: 1937 19-5-122. Underground wastewater disposal systems -- Fee imposed on new 1938 systems. 1939 (1) Beginning July 1, 2001, a one-time fee is imposed on each new underground 1940 wastewater disposal system installed. 1941 (2) (a) From July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2002, the fee shall be \$25. 1942 (b) Beginning July 1, 2002, the fee shall be established by the department in 1943 accordance with Section 63J-1-504. 1944 (3) (a) The fee shall be paid when plans and specifications for the construction of a 1945 new underground wastewater disposal system are approved by the local health department or 1946 the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment. 1947 (b) A local health department shall remit the fee revenue to the Division of Finance 1948 quarterly.

1949 (4) The fee revenue shall be:

1950	(a) deposited into the Underground Wastewater Disposal Restricted Account created in
1951	Section 19-5-123; and
1952	(b) used to pay for costs of underground wastewater disposal system training programs.
1953	Section 37. Section 19-6-102 is amended to read:
1954	19-6-102. Definitions.
1955	As used in this part:
1956	(1) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created in Section
1957	[19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
1958	(2) "Closure plan" means a plan under Section 19-6-108 to close a facility or site at
1959	which the owner or operator has disposed of nonhazardous solid waste or has treated, stored, or
1960	disposed of hazardous waste including, if applicable, a plan to provide postclosure care at the
1961	facility or site.
1962	(3) (a) "Commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility"
1963	means a facility that receives, for profit, nonhazardous solid waste for treatment, storage, or
1964	disposal.
1965	(b) "Commercial nonhazardous solid waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility"
1966	does not include a facility that:
1967	(i) receives waste for recycling;
1968	(ii) receives waste to be used as fuel, in compliance with federal and state
1969	requirements; or
1970	(iii) is solely under contract with a local government within the state to dispose of
1971	nonhazardous solid waste generated within the boundaries of the local government.
1972	(4) "Construction waste or demolition waste":
1973	(a) means waste from building materials, packaging, and rubble resulting from
1974	construction, demolition, remodeling, and repair of pavements, houses, commercial buildings,
1975	and other structures, and from road building and land clearing; and
1976	(b) does not include: asbestos; contaminated soils or tanks resulting from remediation
1977	or cleanup at [any] a release or spill; waste paints; solvents; sealers; adhesives; or similar
1978	hazardous or potentially hazardous materials.
1979	(5) "Demolition waste" has the same meaning as the definition of construction waste in
1980	this section.

(6) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking, or
 placing of any solid or hazardous waste into or on [any] land or water so that the waste or [any]
 <u>a</u> constituent of the waste may enter the environment, be emitted into the air, or discharged into
 any waters, including groundwaters.

1985

(7) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.

1986 (8) "Generation" or "generated" means the act or process of producing nonhazardous1987 solid or hazardous waste.

(9) "Hazardous waste" means a solid waste or combination of solid wastes other than
household waste [which] that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or
infectious characteristics may cause or significantly contribute to an increase in mortality or an
increase in serious irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness or may pose a substantial
present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated,
stored, transported, disposed of, or otherwise managed.

(10) "Health facility" means hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, home health agencies,
hospices, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, intermediate care facilities for
the mentally retarded, residential health care facilities, maternity homes or birthing centers, free
standing ambulatory surgical centers, facilities owned or operated by health maintenance
organizations, and state renal disease treatment centers including free standing hemodialysis
units, the offices of private physicians and dentists whether for individual or private practice,
veterinary clinics, and mortuaries.

(11) "Household waste" means [any] waste material, including garbage, trash, and
sanitary wastes in septic tanks, derived from households, including single-family and
multiple-family residences, hotels and motels, bunk houses, ranger stations, crew quarters,
campgrounds, picnic grounds, and day-use recreation areas.

(12) "Infectious waste" means a solid waste that contains or may reasonably be
expected to contain pathogens of sufficient virulence and quantity that exposure to the waste by
a susceptible host could result in an infectious disease.

(13) "Manifest" means the form used for identifying the quantity, composition, origin,
routing, and destination of hazardous waste during its transportation from the point of
generation to the point of disposal, treatment, or storage.

2011

(14) "Mixed waste" means [any] material that is a hazardous waste as defined in this

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2012 chapter and is also radioactive as defined in Section 19-3-102.

- (15) "Modification plan" means a plan under Section 19-6-108 to modify a facility or
 site for the purpose of disposing of nonhazardous solid waste or treating, storing, or disposing
 of hazardous waste.
- 2016 (16) "Operation plan" or "nonhazardous solid or hazardous waste operation plan"
 2017 means a plan or approval under Section 19-6-108, including:
- (a) a plan to own, construct, or operate a facility or site for the purpose of disposing of
 nonhazardous solid waste or treating, storing, or disposing of hazardous waste;
- 2020 (b) a closure plan;
- 2021 (c) a modification plan; or

2022 (d) an approval that the executive secretary is authorized to issue.

2023 (17) "Permittee" means a person who is obligated under an operation plan.

- (18) (a) "Solid waste" means [any] garbage, refuse, sludge, including sludge from a
 waste treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or other
 discarded material, including solid, liquid, semi-solid, or contained gaseous material resulting
 from industrial, commercial, mining, or agricultural operations and from community activities
 but does not include solid or dissolved materials in domestic sewage or in irrigation return
 flows or discharges for which a permit is required under Title 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality
 Act, or under the Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C., Section 1251, et seq.
- 2031 (b) "Solid waste" does not include any of the following wastes unless the waste causes 2032 a public nuisance or public health hazard or is otherwise determined to be a hazardous waste:
- 2033 (i) certain large volume wastes, such as inert construction debris used as fill material;
- 2034 (ii) drilling muds, produced waters, and other wastes associated with the exploration,
 2035 development, or production of oil, gas, or geothermal energy;
- (iii) fly ash waste, bottom ash waste, slag waste, and flue gas emission control wastegenerated primarily from the combustion of coal or other fossil fuels;
- 2038 (iv) solid wastes from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and2039 minerals; or
- 2040 (v) cement kiln dust.
- (19) "Storage" means the actual or intended containment of solid or hazardous wasteeither on a temporary basis or for a period of years in such a manner as not to constitute

2043 disposal of the waste. 2044 (20) "Transportation" means the off-site movement of solid or hazardous waste to any 2045 intermediate point or to any point of storage, treatment, or disposal. (21) "Treatment" means a method, technique, or process designed to change the 2046 2047 physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of [any] solid or hazardous waste so 2048 as to neutralize the waste or render the waste nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable for 2049 recovery, amenable to storage, or reduced in volume. 2050 (22) "Underground storage tank" means a tank [which] that is regulated under Subtitle 2051 I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 6991, et seq. 2052 Section 38. Section 19-6-102.6 is amended to read: 2053 **19-6-102.6.** Legislative participation in landfill siting disputes. 2054 (1) (a) Upon the Legislature's receipt of a written request by a county governing body 2055 or a member of the Legislature whose district is involved in a landfill siting dispute, the 2056 president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall appoint a committee as described 2057 under Subsection (2) and volunteers under Subsection (3) to actively seek an acceptable location for a municipal landfill if there is a dispute between two or more counties regarding 2058 2059 the proposed site of a municipal landfill. 2060 (b) The president and the speaker shall consult with the legislators appointed under this 2061 subsection regarding their appointment of members of the committee under Subsection (2), and 2062 volunteers under Subsection (3). 2063 (2) The committee [shall consist] consists of the following members, appointed jointly 2064 by the president and the speaker: 2065 (a) two members from the Senate: 2066 (i) one member from the county where the proposed landfill site is located; and 2067 (ii) one member from the other county involved in the dispute, but if more than one 2068 other county is involved, still only one senator from one of those counties: 2069 (b) two members from the House: (i) one member from the county where the proposed landfill site is located; and 2070 2071 (ii) one member from the other county involved in the dispute, but if more than one 2072 other county is involved, still only one representative from one of those counties; 2073 (c) one individual whose current principal residence is within a community located

2074	within 20 miles of any exterior boundary of the proposed landfill site, but if no community is
2075	located within 20 miles of the community, then an individual whose current residence is in the
2076	community nearest the proposed landfill site;
2077	(d) two resident citizens from the county where the proposed landfill site is located;
2078	and
2079	(e) three resident citizens from the other county involved in the dispute, but if more
2080	than one other county is involved, still only three citizen representatives from those counties.
2081	(3) (a) Two volunteers shall be appointed under Subsection (1).
2082	(b) The volunteers shall be individuals who agree to assist, as requested, the committee
2083	members who represent the interests of the county where the proposed landfill site is located.
2084	(4) (a) Funding and staffing for the committee shall be provided jointly and equally by
2085	the Senate and the House.
2086	(b) The [Department of Environmental Quality] department shall, at the request of the
2087	committee and as funds are available within the department's existing budget, provide support
2088	in arranging for committee hearings to receive public input and secretarial staff to make a
2089	record of those hearings.
2090	(5) The committee shall:
2091	(a) appoint a chair from among its members; and
2092	(b) meet as necessary, but not less often than once per month, until its work is
2093	completed.
2094	(6) The committee shall report in writing the results of its work and any
2095	recommendations it may have for legislative action to the interim committees of the Legislature
2096	as directed by the Legislative Management Committee.
2097	(7) (a) All action by the division, the executive secretary, or the [division board of the
2098	Department of Environmental Quality] department regarding [any] a proposed municipal
2099	landfill site, regarding which a request has been submitted under Subsection (1), is tolled for
2100	one year from the date the request is submitted, or until the committee completes its work
2101	under this section, whichever occurs first.
2102	(b) This Subsection (7) also tolls the time limits imposed by Subsection 19-6-108(13).
2103	[(b)] (c) This Subsection (7) applies to any proposed landfill site regarding which the
2104	department has not granted final approval on or before March 21, 1995.

2105	[(c)] (d) As used in this Subsection (7), "final approval" means final agency action
2106	taken after conclusion of proceedings under Sections 63G-4-207 through 63G-4-405.
2107	(8) This section does not apply to a municipal solid waste facility that is, on or before
2108	March 23, 1994:
2109	(a) operating under an existing permit or the renewal of an existing permit issued by
2110	the local health department or other authority granted by the Department of [Environmental
2111	Quality] Natural Resources and Environment; or
2112	(b) operating under the approval of the local health department, regardless of whether a
2113	formal permit has been issued.
2114	Section 39. Section 19-6-103 is amended to read:
2115	19-6-103. Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board Members Terms
2116	Organization Meetings Per diem and expenses.
2117	(1) The Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created by Section [19-1-106]
2118	79-2-201 comprises the executive director and 12 members appointed by the governor with the
2119	consent of the Senate.
2120	(2) The appointed members shall be knowledgeable about solid and hazardous waste
2121	matters and consist of:
2122	(a) one representative of municipal government;
2123	(b) one representative of county government;
2124	(c) one representative of the manufacturing or fuel industry;
2125	(d) one representative of the mining industry;
2126	(e) one representative of the private solid waste disposal or solid waste recovery
2127	industry;
2128	(f) one registered professional engineer;
2129	(g) one representative of a local health department;
2130	(h) one representative of the hazardous waste disposal industry; and
2131	(i) four representatives of the public, at least one of whom is a representative of
2132	organized environmental interests.
2133	(3) Not more than six of the appointed members may be from the same political party.
2134	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), members shall be appointed for terms
2135	of four years each.

2136	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
2137	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
2138	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
2139	years.
2140	(5) Each member is eligible for reappointment.
2141	(6) Board members shall continue in office until the expiration of their terms and until
2142	their successors are appointed, but not more than 90 days after the expiration of their terms.
2143	(7) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
2144	appointed for the unexpired term by the governor, after considering recommendations of the
2145	board and with the consent of the Senate.
2146	(8) The board shall elect a chair and vice chair on or before April 1 of each year from
2147	its membership.
2148	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2149	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2150	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2151	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2152	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2153	63A-3-107.
2154	(10) (a) The board shall hold a meeting at least once every three months including one
2155	meeting during each annual general session of the Legislature.
2156	(b) Meetings shall be held on the call of the chair, the executive secretary, or any three
2157	of the members.
2158	(11) Seven members constitute a quorum at any meeting, and the action of the majority
2159	of members present is the action of the board.
2160	Section 40. Section 19-6-202 is amended to read:
2161	19-6-202. Definitions.
2162	As used in this part:
2163	(1) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created in Section
2164	[19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
2165	(2) "Disposal" means the final disposition of hazardous wastes into or onto the lands,
2166	waters, and air of this state.

2167	(3) "Hazardous wastes" means wastes as defined in Section 19-6-102.
2168	(4) "Hazardous waste treatment, disposal, and storage facility" means a facility or site
2169	used or intended to be used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste materials,
2170	including [but not limited to] physical, chemical, or thermal processing systems, incinerators,
2171	and secure landfills.
2172	(5) "Site" means land used for the treatment, disposal, or storage of hazardous wastes.
2173	(6) "Siting plan" means the state hazardous waste facilities siting plan adopted by the
2174	board pursuant to Sections 19-6-204 and 19-6-205.
2175	(7) "Storage" means the containment of hazardous wastes for a period of more than 90
2176	days.
2177	(8) "Treatment" means any method, technique, or process designed to change the
2178	physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of any hazardous waste to neutralize
2179	or render it nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable to recovery or storage, convertible to
2180	another usable material, or reduced in volume and suitable for ultimate disposal.
2181	Section 41. Section 19-6-402 is amended to read:
2182	19-6-402. Definitions.
2183	As used in this part:
2184	(1) "Abatement action" means action taken to limit, reduce, mitigate, or eliminate a
2185	release from an underground storage tank or petroleum storage tank, or to limit or reduce,
2186	mitigate, or eliminate the damage caused by that release.
2187	(2) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created in Section
2188	[19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
2189	(3) "Bodily injury" means bodily harm, sickness, disease, or death sustained by any
2190	person.
2191	(4) "Certificate of compliance" means a certificate issued to a facility by the executive
2192	secretary:
2193	(a) demonstrating that an owner or operator of a facility containing one or more
2194	petroleum storage tanks has met the requirements of this part; and
2195	(b) listing all tanks at the facility, specifying which tanks may receive petroleum and
2196	which tanks have not met the requirements for compliance.
2197	(5) "Certificate of registration" means a certificate issued to a facility by the executive

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2198	secretary demonstrating that an owner or operator of a facility containing one or more
2199	underground storage tanks has:
2200	(a) registered the tanks; and
2201	(b) paid the annual underground storage tank fee.
2202	(6) (a) "Certified underground storage tank consultant" means [any] a person who:
2203	(i) meets the education and experience standards established by the board under
2204	Subsection 19-6-403(1)(a)(vi) in order to provide or contract to provide information, opinions,
2205	or advice relating to underground storage tank management, release abatement, investigation,
2206	corrective action, or evaluation for a fee, or in connection with the services for which a fee is
2207	charged; and
2208	(ii) has submitted an application to the board and received a written statement of
2209	certification from the board.
2210	(b) "Certified underground storage tank consultant" does not include:
2211	(i) an employee of the owner or operator of the underground storage tank, or an
2212	employee of a business operation that has a business relationship with the owner or operator of
2213	the underground storage tank, and that markets petroleum products or manages underground
2214	storage tanks; or
2215	(ii) persons licensed to practice law in this state who offer only legal advice on
2216	underground storage tank management, release abatement, investigation, corrective action, or
2217	evaluation.
2218	(7) "Closed" means an underground storage tank no longer in use that has been:
2219	(a) emptied and cleaned to remove all liquids and accumulated sludges; and
2220	(b) either removed from the ground or filled with an inert solid material.
2221	(8) "Corrective action plan" means a plan for correcting a release from a petroleum
2222	storage tank that includes provisions for all or any of the following:
2223	(a) cleanup or removal of the release;
2224	(b) containment or isolation of the release;
2225	(c) treatment of the release;
2226	(d) correction of the cause of the release;
2227	(e) monitoring and maintenance of the site of the release;
2228	(f) provision of alternative water supplies to persons whose drinking water has become

2229	contaminated by the release; or
2230	(g) temporary or permanent relocation, whichever is determined by the executive
2231	secretary to be more cost-effective, of persons whose dwellings have been determined by the
2232	executive secretary to be no longer habitable due to the release.
2233	(9) "Costs" means [any] money expended for:
2234	(a) investigation;
2235	(b) abatement action;
2236	(c) corrective action;
2237	(d) judgments, awards, and settlements for bodily injury or property damage to third
2238	parties;
2239	(e) legal and claims adjusting costs incurred by the state in connection with judgments,
2240	awards, or settlements for bodily injury or property damage to third parties; or
2241	(f) costs incurred by the state risk manager in determining the actuarial soundness of
2242	the fund.
2243	(10) "Covered by the fund" means the requirements of Section 19-6-424 have been
2244	met.
2245	(11) "Dwelling" means a building that is usually occupied by a person lodging there at
2246	night.
2247	(12) "Enforcement proceedings" means a civil action or the procedures to enforce
2248	orders established by Section 19-6-425.
2249	(13) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.
2250	(14) "Facility" means all underground storage tanks located on a single parcel of
2251	property or on any property adjacent or contiguous to that parcel.
2252	(15) "Fund" means the Petroleum Storage Tank Trust Fund created in Section
2253	19-6-409.
2254	(16) "Loan fund" means the Petroleum Storage Tank Loan Fund created in Section
2255	19-6-405.3.
2256	(17) "Operator" means $[any] \underline{a}$ person in control of or who is responsible on a daily
2257	basis for the maintenance of an underground storage tank that is in use for the storage, use, or
2258	dispensing of a regulated substance.
2259	(18) "Owner" means:

2260	(a) in the case of an underground storage tank in use on or after November 8, 1984, any
2261	person who owns an underground storage tank used for the storage, use, or dispensing of a
2262	regulated substance; and
2263	(b) in the case of [any] an underground storage tank in use before November 8, 1984,
2264	but not in use on or after November 8, 1984, any person who owned the tank immediately
2265	before the discontinuance of its use for the storage, use, or dispensing of a regulated substance.
2266	(19) "Petroleum" includes crude oil or any fraction of crude oil that is liquid at 60
2267	degrees Fahrenheit and at a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute.
2268	(20) "Petroleum storage tank" means a tank that:
2269	(a) (i) is underground;
2270	(ii) is regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42
2271	U.S.C. Section 6991c, et seq.; and
2272	(iii) contains petroleum; or
2273	(b) is a tank that the owner or operator voluntarily submits for participation in the
2274	Petroleum Storage Tank Trust Fund under Section 19-6-415.
2275	(21) "Petroleum Storage Tank Restricted Account" means the account created in
2276	Section 19-6-405.5.
2277	(22) "Program" means the Environmental Assurance Program under Section
2278	19-6-410.5.
2279	(23) "Property damage" means physical injury to or destruction of tangible property
2280	including loss of use of that property.
2281	(24) "Regulated substance" means petroleum and petroleum-based substances
2282	comprised of a complex blend of hydrocarbons derived from crude oil through processes of
2283	separation, conversion, upgrading, and finishing, and includes motor fuels, jet fuels, distillate
2284	fuel oils, residual fuel oils, lubricants, petroleum solvents, and used oils.
2285	(25) "Release" means [any] spilling, leaking, emitting, discharging, escaping, leaching,
2286	or disposing from an underground storage tank or petroleum storage tank. The entire release is
2287	considered a single release.
2288	(26) (a) "Responsible party" means [any] a person who:
2289	(i) is the owner or operator of a facility;
2290	(ii) owns or has legal or equitable title in a facility or an underground storage tank;

2291	(iii) owned or had legal or equitable title in the facility at the time any petroleum was
2292	received or contained at the facility;
2293	(iv) operated or otherwise controlled activities at the facility at the time any petroleum
2294	was received or contained at the facility; or
2295	(v) is an underground storage tank installation company.
2296	(b) "Responsible party" as defined in Subsections (26)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) does not
2297	include:
2298	(i) [any] a person who is not an operator and, without participating in the management
2299	of a facility and otherwise not engaged in petroleum production, refining, and marketing, holds
2300	indicia of ownership:
2301	(A) primarily to protect his security interest in the facility; or
2302	(B) as a fiduciary or custodian under Title 75, Utah Uniform Probate Code, or under an
2303	employee benefit plan; or
2304	(ii) governmental ownership or control of property by involuntary transfers as provided
2305	in CERCLA Section 101(20)(D), 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601(20)(D).
2306	(c) The exemption created by Subsection (26)(b)(i)(B) does not apply to actions taken
2307	by the state or its officials or agencies under this part.
2308	(d) The terms and activities "indicia of ownership," "primarily to protect a security
2309	interest," "participation in management," and "security interest" under this part are in
2310	accordance with 40 CFR Part 280, Subpart I, as amended, and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991b(h)(9).
2311	(e) The terms "participate in management" and "indicia of ownership" as defined in 40
2312	CFR Part 280, Subpart I, as amended, and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991b(h)(9) include and apply to the
2313	fiduciaries listed in Subsection (26)(b)(i)(B).
2314	(27) "Soil test" means a test, established or approved by board rule, to detect the
2315	presence of petroleum in soil.
2316	(28) "State cleanup appropriation" means the money appropriated by the Legislature to
2317	the department to fund the investigation, abatement, and corrective action regarding releases
2318	not covered by the fund.
2319	(29) "Underground storage tank" means [any] a tank regulated under Subtitle I,
2320	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991c, et seq., including:
2321	(a) a petroleum storage tank;

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2322	(b) underground pipes and lines connected to a storage tank; and
2323	(c) any underground ancillary equipment and containment system.
2324	(30) "Underground storage tank installation company" means any person, firm,
2325	partnership, corporation, governmental entity, association, or other organization who installs
2326	underground storage tanks.
2327	(31) "Underground storage tank installation company permit" means a permit issued to
2328	an underground storage tank installation company by the executive secretary.
2329	(32) "Underground storage tank technician" means a person employed by and acting
2330	under the direct supervision of a certified underground storage tank consultant to assist in
2331	carrying out the functions described in Subsection (6)(a).
2332	Section 42. Section 19-6-409 is amended to read:
2333	19-6-409. Petroleum Storage Tank Trust Fund created Source of revenues.
2334	(1) (a) There is created a private-purpose trust fund entitled the "Petroleum Storage
2335	Tank Trust Fund."
2336	(b) The sole sources of revenues for the fund are:
2337	(i) petroleum storage tank fees paid under Section 19-6-411;
2338	(ii) underground storage tank installation company permit fees paid under Section
2339	19-6-411;
2340	(iii) the environmental assurance fee and penalties paid under Section 19-6-410.5; and
2341	(iv) interest accrued on revenues listed in this Subsection (1)(b).
2342	(c) Interest earned on fund money is deposited into the fund.
2343	(2) The executive secretary may expend money from the fund to pay costs:
2344	(a) covered by the fund under Section 19-6-419;
2345	(b) of administering the:
2346	(i) fund; and
2347	(ii) environmental assurance program and fee under Section 19-6-410.5;
2348	(c) incurred by the state for a legal service or claim adjusting service provided in
2349	connection with a claim, judgment, award, or settlement for bodily injury or property damage
2350	to a third party;
2351	(d) incurred by the state risk manager in determining the actuarial soundness of the

2352 fund;

2353	(e) incurred by a third party claiming injury or damages from a release reported on or
2354	after May 11, 2010, for hiring a certified underground storage tank consultant:
2355	(i) to review an investigation or corrective action by a responsible party; and
2356	(ii) in accordance with Subsection (4); and
2357	(f) allowed under this part that are not listed under this Subsection (2).
2358	(3) Costs for the administration of the fund and the environmental assurance fee shall
2359	be appropriated by the Legislature.
2360	(4) The executive secretary shall:
2361	(a) in paying costs under Subsection (2)(e):
2362	(i) determine a reasonable limit on costs paid based on the:
2363	(A) extent of the release;
2364	(B) impact of the release; and
2365	(C) services provided by the certified underground storage tank consultant;
2366	(ii) pay, per release, costs for one certified underground storage tank consultant agreed
2367	to by all third parties claiming damages or injury;
2368	(iii) include costs paid in the coverage limits allowed under Section 19-6-419; and
2369	(iv) not pay legal costs of third parties;
2370	(b) review and give careful consideration to reports and recommendations provided by
2371	a certified underground storage tank consultant hired by a third party; and
2372	(c) make reports and recommendations provided under Subsection (4)(b) available on
2373	the Division of [Environmental Response and Remediation's] Solid and Hazardous Waste's
2374	website.
2375	Section 43. Section 19-6-703 is amended to read:
2376	19-6-703. Definitions.
2377	(1) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created in Section
2378	[19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
2379	(2) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.
2380	(3) "Department" means the Department of [Environmental Quality created in Title 19,
2381	Chapter 1, General Provisions] Natural Resources and Environment.
2382	(4) "Division" means the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste as created in Section
2383	[19-1-105] <u>79-2-201</u> .

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2384 (5) "DIY" means do it yourself. 2385 (6) "DIYer" means a person who generates used oil through household activities, 2386 including maintenance of personal vehicles. 2387 (7) "DIYer used oil" means used oil a person generates through household activities, 2388 including maintenance of personal vehicles. 2389 (8) "DIYer used oil collection center" means [any] a site or facility that accepts or 2390 aggregates and stores used oil collected only from DIYers. 2391 (9) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board. 2392 (10) "Hazardous waste" means [any] a substance defined as hazardous waste under 2393 Title 19, Chapter 6, Hazardous Substances. 2394 (11) (a) "Lubricating oil" means the fraction of crude oil or synthetic oil used to reduce 2395 friction in an industrial or mechanical device. 2396 (b) Lubricating oil includes rerefined oil. 2397 (12) "Lubricating oil vendor" means the person making the first sale of a lubricating oil 2398 in Utah. 2399 (13) "Manifest" means the form used for identifying the quantity and composition and 2400 the origin, routing, and destination of used oil during its transportation from the point of 2401 collection to the point of storage, processing, use, or disposal. 2402 (14) "Off-specification used oil" means used oil that exceeds levels of constituents and 2403 properties as specified by board rule and consistent with 40 CFR 279, Standards for the 2404 Management of Used Oil. 2405 (15) "On-specification used oil" means used oil that does not exceed levels of 2406 constituents and properties as specified by board rule and consistent with 40 CFR 279, 2407 Standards for the Management of Used Oil. 2408 (16) (a) "Processing" means chemical or physical operations under Subsection (16)(b) 2409 designed to produce from used oil, or to make used oil more amenable for production of: 2410 (i) gasoline, diesel, and other petroleum derived fuels; 2411 (ii) lubricants; or 2412 (iii) other products derived from used oil. 2413 (b) "Processing" includes: 2414 (i) blending used oil with virgin petroleum products;

2415	(ii) blending used oils to meet fuel specifications;
2416	(iii) filtration;
2417	(iv) simple distillation;
2418	(v) chemical or physical separation; and
2419	(vi) rerefining.
2420	(17) "Recycled oil" means oil reused for any purpose following its original use,
2421	including:
2422	(a) the purpose for which the oil was originally used; and
2423	(b) used oil processed or burned for energy recovery.
2424	(18) "Rerefining distillation bottoms" means the heavy fraction produced by vacuum
2425	distillation of filtered and dehydrated used oil. The composition varies with column operation
2426	and feedstock.
2427	(19) "Used oil" means [any] oil, refined from crude oil or a synthetic oil, that has been
2428	used and as a result of that use is contaminated by physical or chemical impurities.
2429	(20) (a) "Used oil aggregation point" means $[any]$ <u>a</u> site or facility that accepts,
2430	aggregates, or stores used oil collected only from other used oil generation sites owned or
2431	operated by the owner or operator of the aggregation point, from which used oil is transported
2432	to the aggregation point in shipments of no more than 55 gallons.
2433	(b) A used oil aggregation point may also accept oil from DIYers.
2434	(21) "Used oil burner" means a person who burns used oil for energy recovery.
2435	(22) "Used oil collection center" means $[any] \underline{a}$ site or facility registered with the state
2436	to manage used oil and that accepts or aggregates and stores used oil collected from used oil
2437	generators, other than DIYers, who are regulated under this part and bring used oil to the
2438	collection center in shipments of no more than 55 gallons and under the provisions of this part.
2439	Used oil collection centers may accept DIYer used oil also.
2440	(23) "Used oil fuel marketer" means [any] a person who:
2441	(a) directs a shipment of off-specification used oil from its facility to a used oil burner;
2442	or
2443	(b) first claims the used oil to be burned for energy recovery meets the used oil fuel
2444	specifications of 40 CFR 279, Standards for the Management of Used Oil, except when the oil
2445	is to be burned in accordance with rules for on-site burning in space heaters in accordance with

2446	40 CFR 279.
2447	(24) "Used oil generator" means [any] a person, by site, whose act or process produces
2448	used oil or whose act first causes used oil to become subject to regulation.
2449	(25) "Used oil handler" means a person generating used oil, collecting used oil,
2450	transporting used oil, operating a transfer facility or aggregation point, processing or rerefining
2451	used oil, or marketing used oil.
2452	(26) "Used oil processor or rerefiner" means a facility that processes used oil.
2453	(27) "Used oil transfer facility" means [any] a transportation-related facility, including
2454	loading docks, parking areas, storage areas, and other areas where shipments of used oil are
2455	held for more than 24 hours during the normal course of transportation and not longer than 35
2456	days.
2457	(28) (a) "Used oil transporter" means the following persons unless they are exempted
2458	under Subsection (28)(b):
2459	(i) [any] <u>a</u> person who transports used oil;
2460	(ii) [any] a person who collects used oil from more than one generator and transports
2461	the collected oil;
2462	(iii) except as exempted under Subsection (28)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii), [any] a person who
2463	transports collected DIYer used oil from used oil generators, collection centers, aggregation
2464	points, or other facilities required to be permitted or registered under this part and where
2465	household DIYer used oil is collected; and
2466	(iv) owners and operators of used oil transfer facilities.
2467	(b) "Used oil transporter" does not include:
2468	(i) persons who transport oil on site;
2469	(ii) generators who transport shipments of used oil totalling 55 gallons or less from the
2470	generator to a used oil collection center as allowed under 40 CFR 279.24, Off-site Shipments;
2471	(iii) generators who transport shipments of used oil totalling 55 gallons or less from the
2472	generator to a used oil aggregation point owned or operated by the same generator as allowed
2473	under 40 CFR 279.24, Off-site Shipments;
2474	(iv) persons who transport used oil generated by DIYers from the initial generator to a
2475	used oil generator, used oil collection center, used oil aggregation point, used oil processor or
2476	rerefiner, or used oil burner subject to permitting or registration under this part; or

2477	(v) railroads that transport used oil and are regulated under 49 U.S.C. Subtitle V, Rail
2478	Programs, and 49 U.S.C. 5101 et seq., federal Hazardous Materials Transportation Uniform
2479	Safety Act.
2480	Section 44. Section 19-6-803 is amended to read:
2481	19-6-803. Definitions.
2482	As used in this part:
2483	(1) "Abandoned waste tire pile" means a waste tire pile regarding which the local
2484	department of health has not been able to:
2485	(a) locate the persons responsible for the tire pile; or
2486	(b) cause the persons responsible for the tire pile to remove it.
2487	(2) (a) "Beneficial use" means the use of chipped tires in a manner that is not recycling,
2488	storage, or disposal, but that serves as a replacement for another product or material for specific
2489	purposes.
2490	(b) "Beneficial use" includes the use of chipped tires:
2491	(i) as daily landfill cover;
2492	(ii) for civil engineering purposes;
2493	(iii) as low-density, light-weight aggregate fill; or
2494	(iv) for septic or drain field construction.
2495	(c) "Beneficial use" does not include the use of waste tires or material derived from
2496	waste tires:
2497	(i) in the construction of fences; or
2498	(ii) as fill, other than low-density, light-weight aggregate fill.
2499	(3) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created under
2500	Section [19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
2501	(4) "Chip" or "chipped tire" means a two inch square or smaller piece of a waste tire.
2502	(5) "Commission" means the Utah State Tax Commission.
2503	(6) (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases a new tire to satisfy a direct need,
2504	rather than for resale.
2505	(b) "Consumer" includes a person who purchases a new tire for a motor vehicle to be
2506	rented or leased.
2507	(7) "Crumb rubber" means waste tires that have been ground, shredded, or otherwise

2508	reduced in size such that the particles are less than or equal to $3/8$ inch in diameter and are 98%
2509	wire free by weight.
2510	(8) "Disposal" means the deposit, dumping, or permanent placement of $[any] \underline{a}$ waste
2511	tire in or on [any] land or in [any] water in the state.
2512	(9) "Dispose of" means to deposit, dump, or permanently place [any] a waste tire in or
2513	on [any] land or in [any] water in the state.
2514	(10) "Division" means the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste created in Section
2515	[19-1-105] 79-2-201, within the [Department of Environmental Quality] department.
2516	(11) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the Solid and Hazardous
2517	Waste Control Board created in Section [19-1-106] 79-2-201.
2518	(12) "Fund" means the Waste Tire Recycling Fund created in Section 19-6-807.
2519	(13) "Landfill waste tire pile" means a waste tire pile:
2520	(a) located within the permitted boundary of a landfill operated by a governmental
2521	entity; and
2522	(b) consisting solely of waste tires brought to a landfill for disposal and diverted from
2523	the landfill waste stream to the waste tire pile.
2524	(14) "Local health department" means the local health department, as defined in
2525	Section 26A-1-102, with jurisdiction over the recycler.
2526	(15) "Materials derived from waste tires" means tire sections, tire chips, tire
2527	shreddings, rubber, steel, fabric, or other similar materials derived from waste tires.
2528	(16) "Mobile facility" means a mobile facility capable of cutting waste tires on site so
2529	the waste tires may be effectively disposed of by burial, such as in a landfill.
2530	(17) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle [which] that has never been titled or
2531	registered.
2532	(18) "Passenger tire equivalent" means a measure of mixed sizes of tires where each 25
2533	pounds of whole tires or material derived from waste tires is equal to one waste tire.
2534	(19) "Proceeds of the fee" means the money collected by the commission from
2535	payment of the recycling fee including interest and penalties on delinquent payments.
2536	(20) "Recycler" means a person who:
2537	(a) annually uses, or can reasonably be expected within the next year to use, a
2538	minimum of 100,000 waste tires generated in the state or 1,000 tons of waste tires generated in

2539	the state to recover energy or produce energy, crumb rubber, chipped tires, or an ultimate
2540	product; and
2541	(b) is registered as a recycler in accordance with Section 19-6-806.
2542	(21) "Recycling fee" means the fee provided for in Section 19-6-805.
2543	(22) "Shredded waste tires" means waste tires or material derived from waste tires that
2544	has been reduced to a six inch square or smaller.
2545	(23) (a) "Storage" means the placement of waste tires in a manner that does not
2546	constitute disposal of the waste tires.
2547	(b) "Storage" does not include:
2548	(i) the use of waste tires as ballast to maintain covers on agricultural materials or to
2549	maintain covers at a construction site; or
2550	(ii) the storage for five or fewer days of waste tires or material derived from waste tires
2551	that are to be recycled or applied to a beneficial use.
2552	(24) (a) "Store" means to place waste tires in a manner that does not constitute disposal
2553	of the waste tires.
2554	(b) "Store" does not include:
2555	(i) to use waste tires as ballast to maintain covers on agricultural materials or to
2556	maintain covers at a construction site; or
2557	(ii) to store for five or fewer days waste tires or material derived from waste tires that
2558	are to be recycled or applied to a beneficial use.
2559	(25) "Tire" means a pneumatic rubber covering designed to encircle the wheel of a
2560	vehicle in which a person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a highway.
2561	(26) "Tire retailer" means any person engaged in the business of selling new tires either
2562	as replacement tires or as part of a new vehicle sale.
2563	(27) (a) "Ultimate product" means a product that has as a component materials derived
2564	from waste tires and that the executive secretary finds has a demonstrated market.
2565	(b) "Ultimate product" includes pyrolized materials derived from:
2566	(i) waste tires; or
2567	(ii) chipped tires.
2568	(c) "Ultimate product" does not include a product regarding which a waste tire remains
25(0	

after the product is disposed of or disassembled.

2570	(28) "Waste tire" means a tire that is no longer suitable for its original intended
2571	purpose because of wear, damage, or defect.
2572	(29) "Waste tire pile" means a pile of 1,000 or more waste tires at one location.
2573	(30) (a) "Waste tire transporter" means a person or entity engaged in picking up or
2574	transporting at one time more than 10 whole waste tires, or the equivalent amount of material
2575	derived from waste tires, generated in Utah for the purpose of storage, processing, or disposal.
2576	(b) "Waste tire transporter" includes [any] a person engaged in the business of
2577	collecting, hauling, or transporting waste tires or who performs these functions for another
2578	person, except as provided in Subsection (30)(c).
2579	(c) "Waste tire transporter" does not include:
2580	(i) a person transporting waste tires generated solely by:
2581	(A) that person's personal vehicles;
2582	(B) a commercial vehicle fleet owned or operated by that person or that person's
2583	employer;
2584	(C) vehicles sold, leased, or purchased by a motor vehicle dealership owned or
2585	operated by that person or that person's employer; or
2586	(D) a retail tire business owned or operated by that person or that person's employer;
2587	(ii) a solid waste collector operating under a license issued by a unit of local
2588	government as defined in Section 63M-5-103, or a local health department;
2589	(iii) a recycler of waste tires;
2590	(iv) a person transporting tires by rail as a common carrier subject to federal regulation;
2591	or
2592	(v) a person transporting processed or chipped tires.
2593	Section 45. Section 19-6-807 is amended to read:
2594	19-6-807. Special revenue fund Creation Deposits.
2595	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund entitled the "Waste Tire Recycling
2596	Fund."
2597	(2) The fund shall consist of:
2598	(a) the proceeds of the fee imposed under Section 19-6-805;
2599	(b) penalties collected under this part; and
2600	(c) assets transferred to and loan repayments deposited in the fund pursuant to Section

2601	19-6-824.
2602	(3) Money in the fund shall be used for:
2603	(a) partial reimbursement of the costs of transporting, processing, recycling, or
2604	disposing of waste tires as provided in this part;
2605	(b) payment of administrative costs of local health departments as provided in Section
2606	19-6-817;
2607	(c) payment of costs incurred by the Division of Finance in accounting for and tracking
2608	outstanding loans made under the Waste Tire Recycling Industrial Assistance Loan Program;
2609	and
2610	(d) payment of costs incurred by the Governor's Office of Economic Development in
2611	collecting outstanding loans made under the Waste Tire Recycling Industrial Assistance Loan
2612	Program.
2613	(4) The Legislature may appropriate money from the fund to pay for costs of the
2614	[Department of Environmental Quality] department in administering and enforcing this part.
2615	Section 46. Section 19-6-902 is amended to read:
2616	19-6-902. Definitions.
2617	As used in this part:
2618	(1) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board, as defined in
2619	Section [19-1-106] 79-2-201, within the [Department of Environmental Quality] department.
2620	(2) "Certified decontamination specialist" means an individual who has met the
2621	standards for certification as a decontamination specialist and has been certified by the board
2622	under Subsection 19-6-906(2).
2623	(3) "Contaminated" or "contamination" means:
2624	(a) polluted by hazardous materials that cause property to be unfit for human habitation
2625	or use due to immediate or long-term health hazards; or
2626	(b) that a property is polluted by hazardous materials as a result of the use, production,
2627	or presence of methamphetamine in excess of decontamination standards adopted by the
2628	Department of Health under Section 26-51-201.
2629	(4) "Contamination list" means a list maintained by the local health department of
2630	properties:
2631	(a) reported to the local health department under Section 19-6-903; and

2632	(b) determined by the local health department to be contaminated.
2633	(5) (a) "Decontaminated" means property that at one time was contaminated, but the
2634	contaminants have been removed.
2635	(b) "Decontaminated" for a property that was contaminated by the use, production, or
2636	presence of methamphetamine means that the property satisfies decontamination standards
2637	adopted by the Department of Health under Section 26-51-201.
2638	(6) "Hazardous materials":
2639	(a) has the same meaning as "hazardous or dangerous materials" as defined in Section
2640	58-37d-3; and
2641	(b) includes any illegally manufactured controlled substances.
2642	(7) "Health department" means a local health department under Title 26A, Local
2643	Health Authorities.
2644	(8) "Owner of record":
2645	(a) means the owner of real property as shown on the records of the county recorder in
2646	the county where the property is located; and
2647	(b) may include an individual, financial institution, company, corporation, or other
2648	entity.
2649	(9) "Property":
2650	(a) means any real property, site, structure, part of a structure, or the grounds
2651	surrounding a structure; and
2652	(b) includes single-family residences, outbuildings, garages, units of multiplexes,
2653	condominiums, apartment buildings, warehouses, hotels, motels, boats, motor vehicles, trailers,
2654	manufactured housing, shops, or booths.
2655	(10) "Reported property" means property that is the subject of a law enforcement report
2656	under Section 19-6-903.
2657	Section 47. Section 19-6-906 is amended to read:
2658	19-6-906. Decontamination standards Specialist certification standards
2659	Rulemaking.
2660	(1) The Department of Health shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2661	Administrative Rulemaking Act, in consultation with the local health departments and the
2662	Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment, to establish:

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2663	(a) decontamination and sampling standards and best management practices for the
2664	inspection and decontamination of property and the disposal of contaminated debris under this
2665	part;
2666	(b) appropriate methods for the testing of buildings and interior surfaces, and
2667	furnishings, soil, and septic tanks for contamination; and
2668	(c) when testing for contamination may be required.
2669	(2) The [Department of Environmental Quality] Solid and Hazardous Waste Control
2670	Board shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in
2671	consultation with the Department of Health and local health departments, to establish within
2672	the [Department of Environmental Quality] Division of [Environmental Response and
2673	Remediation] Solid and Hazardous Waste:
2674	(a) certification standards for any private person, firm, or entity involved in the
2675	decontamination of contaminated property; and
2676	(b) a process for revoking the certification of a decontamination specialist who fails to
2677	maintain the certification standards.
2678	(3) All rules made under this part shall be consistent with other state and federal
2679	requirements.
2680	(4) The board [has authority to] \underline{may} enforce the provisions under Subsection (2).
2681	Section 48. Section 19-6-1102 is amended to read:
2682	19-6-1102. Definitions.
2683	As used in this part:
2684	(1) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created under
2685	Section [19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
2686	(2) "Executive secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.
2687	(3) (a) "Industrial byproduct" means an industrial residual, including:
2688	(i) inert construction debris;
2689	(ii) fly ash;
2690	(iii) bottom ash;
2691	(iv) slag;
2692	(v) flue gas emission control residuals generated primarily from the combustion of coal

2693 or other fossil fuel;

2694	(vi) residual from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of an ore or mineral;
2695	(vii) cement kiln dust; or
2696	(viii) contaminated soil extracted as a result of a corrective action subject to an
2697	operation plan under Part 1, Solid and Hazardous Waste Act.
2698	(b) "Industrial byproduct" does not include material that:
2699	(i) causes a public nuisance or public health hazard; or
2700	(ii) is a hazardous waste under Part 1, Solid and Hazardous Waste Act.
2701	(4) "Public project" means a project of the Department of Transportation to construct:
2702	(a) a highway or road;
2703	(b) a curb;
2704	(c) a gutter;
2705	(d) a walkway;
2706	(e) a parking facility;
2707	(f) a public transportation facility; or
2708	(g) a facility, infrastructure, or transportation improvement that benefits the public.
2709	(5) "Reuse" means to use an industrial byproduct in place of a raw material.
2710	Section 49. Section 19-8-102 is amended to read:
2711	19-8-102. Definitions.
2712	As used in this chapter:
2713	(1) "Account" means the Environmental Voluntary Cleanup restricted account created
2714	under Section 19-8-103.
2715	(2) "Agreement" means a voluntary cleanup agreement under this chapter.
2716	(3) "Applicant" means the person:
2717	(a) who submits an application to participate in a voluntary cleanup agreement under
2718	this chapter; or
2719	(b) who enters into a voluntary cleanup agreement made under this chapter with the
2720	executive director.
2721	(4) "Completion" means, regarding property covered by an agreement:
2722	(a) no further response actions are necessary; or
2723	(b) the applicant is satisfactorily maintaining the engineering controls, remediation
2724	systems, postclosure care, and institutional controls to the extent required pursuant to the

2725	voluntary cleanup agreement.
2726	(5) "Contaminant" means:
2727	(a) hazardous materials as defined in Section 19-6-302;
2728	(b) hazardous substance as defined in Section 19-6-302;
2729	(c) hazardous waste as defined in Section 19-6-102;
2730	(d) hazardous waste constituent listed in 40 C.F.R. Part 261, Subpart D, or Table One,
2731	40 C.F.R. 261.24;
2732	(e) pollution as defined in Section 19-5-102;
2733	(f) regulated substance as defined in Section 19-6-402; and
2734	(g) solid waste as defined in Section 19-6-102.
2735	(6) "Environmental assessment" means the assessment described in Section 19-8-107.
2736	(7) "Executive director" means the executive director of the [Utah] Department of
2737	[Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment or the executive director's
2738	representative.
2739	(8) "Program" means the Voluntary Environmental Cleanup Program created under this
2740	chapter.
2741	(9) "Response action" means the cleanup or removal of a contaminant from the
2742	environment.
2743	(10) "Solid waste" has the same meaning as defined in Section 19-6-102.
2744	Section 50. Section 19-8-104 is amended to read:
2745	19-8-104. Program.
2746	(1) There is created under this chapter and within the Department of [Environmental
2747	Quality] Natural Resources and Environment the Voluntary Environmental Cleanup Program.
2748	(2) The program shall be administered by the executive director.
2749	(3) The program shall be funded by application fees and imposed oversight costs as
2750	provided in this chapter.
2751	Section 51. Section 19-9-102 is amended to read:
2752	19-9-102. Definitions.
2753	As used in this chapter:
2754	(1) "Authority" means the Hazardous Waste Facilities Authority created pursuant to
0755	

2755 Section 19-9-104.

2756	(2) "Board" means the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board created pursuant to
2757	Section [19-1-106] <u>79-2-201</u> .
2758	(3) "Disposal" means the final disposition of hazardous wastes into or onto the lands,
2759	waters, and air of this state.
2760	(4) "Hazardous waste" has the same meaning as defined in Section 19-6-102.
2761	(5) "Hazardous waste treatment, disposal, and storage facility" means a facility or site
2762	used or intended to be used for the treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste, including
2763	physical, chemical, or thermal processing systems, incinerators, and secure landfills.
2764	(6) "Obligations" means [any] notes, debentures, interim certificates, mortgage
2765	certificates, revenue bonds, or other evidence of financial indebtedness, but does not mean any
2766	general obligation bonds.
2767	(7) "Site" means land used for the treatment, disposal, or storage of hazardous waste.
2768	(8) "Storage" means the containment of hazardous waste for a period of more than 90
2769	days.
2770	(9) "Treatment" means [any] a method, technique, or process designed to change the
2771	physical, chemical, or biological character or composition of [any] a hazardous waste to
2772	neutralize or render it nonhazardous, safer for transport, amenable to recovery or storage,
2773	convertible to another usable material, or reduced in volume and suitable for ultimate disposal.
2774	Section 52. Section 19-9-104 is amended to read:
2775	19-9-104. Creation of authority Members.
2776	(1) (a) The authority comprises $[10]$ <u>nine</u> members. If the requirements of Section
2777	19-9-103 are met, the governor shall, with the consent of the Senate, appoint six members of
2778	the authority from the public-at-large.
2779	(b) The remaining [four] three members of the authority are:
2780	(i) the executive director [of the Department of Environmental Quality];
2781	(ii) the director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or the director's
2782	designee; and
2783	[(iii) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources; and]
2784	[(iv)] (iii) the executive director of the Department of Transportation.
2785	(2) Public-at-large members, no more than three of whom shall be from the same
2786	political party, shall be appointed to six-year terms of office, subject to removal by the

2787	governor with or without cause.
2788	(3) The governor shall name one public-at-large member as chairman of the authority
2789	responsible for the call and conduct of authority meetings.
2790	(4) The authority may elect other officers as necessary.
2791	(5) Five members of the authority present at a properly noticed meeting constitute a
2792	quorum for the transaction of official authority business.
2793	(6) A public-at-large member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
2794	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2795	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2796	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2797	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2798	63A-3-107.
2799	Section 53. Section 19-10-102 is amended to read:
2800	19-10-102. Definitions.
2801	As used in this chapter:
2802	(1) "Environmental institutional control" or "institutional control" means with respect
2803	to real property, [any] a deed restriction, restrictive covenant, easement, reservation,
2804	environmental notice, engineering control, or other restriction or obligation that is designed to
2805	protect human health or the environment and:
2806	(a) is established in connection with a cleanup or risk assessment that is reviewed,
2807	overseen, conducted, or administered by the department; and
2808	(b) (i) limits the use of the real property, groundwater, or surface water;
2809	(ii) limits activities that may be performed on or at the property; or
2810	(iii) requires maintenance of any engineering or other control.
2811	(2) "Executive director" means the executive director of the [state Department of
2812	Environment Quality] department or the executive director's designated representative.
2813	Section 54. Section 23-13-2 is amended to read:
2814	23-13-2. Definitions.
2815	As used in this title:
2816	(1) "Activity regulated under this title" means any act, attempted act, or activity
2817	prohibited or regulated under any provision of Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, or

2818 the rules, and proclamations promulgated thereunder pertaining to protected wildlife including:

- 2819 (a) fishing;2820 (b) hunting;
- 2821 (c) trapping;
- 2822 (d) taking;
- 2823 (e) permitting any dog, falcon, or other domesticated animal to take;
- 2824 (f) transporting;
- 2825 (g) possessing;
- (h) selling;
- 2827 (i) wasting;
- 2828 (j) importing;
- 2829 (k) exporting;
- 2830 (l) rearing;
- 2831 (m) keeping;
- 2832 (n) utilizing as a commercial venture; and
- 2833 (o) releasing to the wild.
- 2834 (2) "Aquatic animal" has the meaning provided in Section 4-37-103.
- 2835 (3) "Aquatic wildlife" means species of fish, mollusks, crustaceans, aquatic insects, or
- amphibians.
- 2837 (4) "Aquaculture facility" has the meaning provided in Section 4-37-103.
- (5) "Bag limit" means the maximum limit, in number or amount, of protected wildlifethat one person may legally take during one day.
- 2840 (6) "Big game" means species of hoofed protected wildlife.
- 2841 (7) "Carcass" means the dead body of an animal or its parts.
- (8) "Certificate of registration" means a document issued under this title, or any rule or
 proclamation of the Wildlife Board granting authority to engage in activities not covered by a
 license, permit, or tag.
- (9) "Closed season" means the period of time during which the taking of protectedwildlife is prohibited.
- (10) "Conservation officer" means a full-time, permanent employee of the [Division of
 Wildlife Resources] Department of Natural Resources and Environment who is POST certified

2849	as a peace or a special function officer.
2850	(11) "Dedicated hunter program" means a program that provides:
2851	(a) expanded hunting opportunities;
2852	(b) opportunities to participate in projects that are beneficial to wildlife; and
2853	(c) education in hunter ethics and wildlife management principles.
2854	(12) "Division" means the Division of Wildlife Resources.
2855	(13) (a) "Domicile" means the place:
2856	(i) where an individual has a fixed permanent home and principal establishment;
2857	(ii) to which the individual if absent, intends to return; and
2858	(iii) in which the individual, and the individual's family voluntarily reside, not for a
2859	special or temporary purpose, but with the intention of making a permanent home.
2860	(b) To create a new domicile an individual must:
2861	(i) abandon the old domicile; and
2862	(ii) be able to prove that a new domicile has been established.
2863	(14) "Endangered" means wildlife designated as endangered according to Section 3 of
2864	the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973.
2865	(15) "Fee fishing facility" has the meaning provided in Section 4-37-103.
2866	(16) "Feral" means an animal that is normally domesticated but has reverted to the
2867	wild.
2868	(17) "Fishing" means to take fish or crayfish by any means.
2869	(18) "Furbearer" means species of the Bassariscidae, Canidae, Felidae, Mustelidae, and
2870	Castoridae families, except coyote and cougar.
2871	(19) "Game" means wildlife normally pursued, caught, or taken by sporting means for
2872	human use.
2873	(20) "Guide" means a person who receives compensation or advertises services for
2874	assisting another person to take protected wildlife, including the provision of food, shelter, or
2875	transportation, or any combination of these.
2876	(21) "Guide's agent" means a person who is employed by a guide to assist another
2877	person to take protected wildlife.
2878	(22) "Hunting" means to take or pursue a reptile, amphibian, bird, or mammal by any
2879	means.

2880	(23) "Intimidate or harass" means to physically interfere with or impede, hinder, or
2881	diminish the efforts of an officer in the performance of the officer's duty.
2882	(24) "Nonresident" means a person who does not qualify as a resident.
2883	(25) "Open season" means the period of time during which protected wildlife may be
2884	legally taken.
2885	(26) "Pecuniary gain" means the acquisition of money or something of monetary value.
2886	(27) "Permit" means a document, including a stamp, that grants authority to engage in
2887	specified activities under this title or a rule or proclamation of the Wildlife Board.
2888	(28) "Person" means an individual, association, partnership, government agency,
2889	corporation, or an agent of the foregoing.
2890	(29) "Possession" means actual or constructive possession.
2891	(30) "Possession limit" means the number of bag limits one individual may legally
2892	possess.
2893	(31) (a) "Private fish pond" means a body of water where privately owned, protected
2894	aquatic wildlife are propagated or kept for a noncommercial purpose.
2895	(b) "Private fish pond" does not include an aquaculture facility or fee fishing facility.
2896	(32) "Private wildlife farm" means an enclosed place where privately owned birds or
2897	furbearers are propagated or kept and that restricts the birds or furbearers from:
2898	(a) commingling with wild birds or furbearers; and
2899	(b) escaping into the wild.
2900	(33) "Proclamation" means the publication used to convey a statute, rule, policy, or
2901	pertinent information as it relates to wildlife.
2902	(34) (a) "Protected aquatic wildlife" means aquatic wildlife as defined in Subsection
2903	(3), except as provided in Subsection (34)(b).
2904	(b) "Protected aquatic wildlife" does not include aquatic insects.
2905	(35) (a) "Protected wildlife" means wildlife as defined in Subsection (49), except as
2906	provided in Subsection (35)(b).
2907	(b) "Protected wildlife" does not include coyote, field mouse, gopher, ground squirrel,
2908	jack rabbit, muskrat, and raccoon.
2909	(36) "Released to the wild" means to be turned loose from confinement.
2910	(37) (a) "Resident" means a person who:

2911	(i) has been domiciled in the state for six consecutive months immediately preceding
2912	the purchase of a license; and
2913	(ii) does not claim residency for hunting, fishing, or trapping in any other state or
2914	country.
2915	(b) A Utah resident retains Utah residency if that person leaves this state:
2916	(i) to serve in the armed forces of the United States or for religious or educational
2917	purposes; and
2918	(ii) the person complies with Subsection (37)(a)(ii).
2919	(c) (i) A member of the armed forces of the United States and dependents are residents
2920	for the purposes of this chapter as of the date the member reports for duty under assigned
2921	orders in the state if the member:
2922	(A) is not on temporary duty in this state; and
2923	(B) complies with Subsection (37)(a)(ii).
2924	(ii) A copy of the assignment orders must be presented to a wildlife division office to
2925	verify the member's qualification as a resident.
2926	(d) A nonresident attending an institution of higher learning in this state as a full-time
2927	student may qualify as a resident for purposes of this chapter if the student:
2928	(i) has been present in this state for 60 consecutive days immediately preceding the
2929	purchase of the license; and
2930	(ii) complies with Subsection (37)(a)(ii).
2931	(e) A Utah resident license is invalid if a resident license for hunting, fishing, or
2932	trapping is purchased in any other state or country.
2933	(f) An absentee landowner paying property tax on land in Utah does not qualify as a
2934	resident.
2935	(38) "Sell" means to offer or possess for sale, barter, exchange, or trade, or the act of
2936	selling, bartering, exchanging, or trading.
2937	(39) "Small game" means species of protected wildlife:
2938	(a) commonly pursued for sporting purposes; and
2939	(b) not classified as big game, aquatic wildlife, or furbearers and excluding turkey,
2940	cougar, and bear.
2941	(40) "Spoiled" means impairment of the flesh of wildlife which renders it unfit for

2942	human consumption.
2943	(41) "Spotlighting" means throwing or casting the rays of any spotlight, headlight, or
2944	other artificial light on any highway or in any field, woodland, or forest while having in
2945	possession a weapon by which protected wildlife may be killed.
2946	(42) "Tag" means a card, label, or other identification device issued for attachment to
2947	the carcass of protected wildlife.
2948	(43) "Take" means to:
2949	(a) hunt, pursue, harass, catch, capture, possess, angle, seine, trap, or kill any protected
2950	wildlife; or
2951	(b) attempt any action referred to in Subsection (43)(a).
2952	(44) "Threatened" means wildlife designated as such pursuant to Section 3 of the
2953	federal Endangered Species Act of 1973.
2954	(45) "Trapping" means taking protected wildlife with a trapping device.
2955	(46) "Trophy animal" means an animal described as follows:
2956	(a) deer - a buck with an outside antler measurement of 24 inches or greater;
2957	(b) elk - a bull with six points on at least one side;
2958	(c) bighorn, desert, or rocky mountain sheep - a ram with a curl exceeding half curl;
2959	(d) moose - a bull with at least one antler exceeding five inches in length;
2960	(e) mountain goat - a male or female;
2961	(f) pronghorn antelope - a buck with horns exceeding 14 inches; or
2962	(g) bison - a bull.
2963	(47) "Waste" means to abandon protected wildlife or to allow protected wildlife to
2964	spoil or to be used in a manner not normally associated with its beneficial use.
2965	(48) "Water pollution" means the introduction of matter or thermal energy to waters
2966	within this state that:
2967	(a) exceeds state water quality standards; or
2968	(b) could be harmful to protected wildlife.
2969	(49) "Wildlife" means:
2970	(a) crustaceans, including brine shrimp and crayfish;
2971	(b) mollusks; and
2972	(c) vertebrate animals living in nature, except feral animals.

2973	Section 55. Section 23-14-1 is amended to read:
2974	23-14-1. Division of Wildlife Resources Creation General powers and duties
2975	Limits on authority of political subdivisions.
2976	(1) (a) There is created the Division of Wildlife Resources within the Department of
2977	Natural Resources and Environment under the administration and general supervision of the
2978	executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment.
2979	(b) The Division of Wildlife Resources is the wildlife authority for Utah and is vested
2980	with the functions, powers, duties, rights, and responsibilities provided in this title and other
2981	law.
2982	(2) (a) Subject to the broad policymaking authority of the Wildlife Board, the Division
2983	of Wildlife Resources shall protect, propagate, manage, conserve, and distribute protected
2984	wildlife throughout the state.
2985	(b) The Division of Wildlife Resources is appointed as the trustee and custodian of
2986	protected wildlife and may initiate civil proceedings, in addition to criminal proceedings
2987	provided for in this title, to:
2988	(i) recover damages;
2989	(ii) compel performance;
2990	(iii) compel substitution;
2991	(iv) restrain or enjoin;
2992	(v) initiate any other appropriate action; and
2993	(vi) seek any appropriate remedies in its capacity as trustee and custodian.
2994	(3) (a) If a political subdivision of the state adopts ordinances or regulations
2995	concerning hunting, fishing, or trapping that conflict with this title or rules [promulgated]
2996	adopted pursuant to this title, state law shall prevail.
2997	(b) Communities may close areas to hunting for safety reasons after confirmation by
2998	the Wildlife Board.
2999	Section 56. Section 23-14-2 is amended to read:
3000	23-14-2. Wildlife Board Creation Membership Terms Quorum
3001	Meetings Per diem and expenses.
3002	(1) There is created a Wildlife Board which shall consist of seven members appointed
3003	by the governor with the consent of the Senate.

3004	(2) (a) In addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members of the board
3005	shall have expertise or experience in at least one of the following areas:
3006	(i) wildlife management or biology;
3007	(ii) habitat management, including range or aquatic;
3008	(iii) business, including knowledge of private land issues; and
3009	(iv) economics, including knowledge of recreational wildlife uses.
3010	(b) Each of the areas of expertise under Subsection (2)(a) shall be represented by at
3011	least one member of the Wildlife Board.
3012	(3) (a) The governor shall select each board member from a list of nominees submitted
3013	by the nominating committee pursuant to Section 23-14-2.5.
3014	(b) No more than two members shall be from a single wildlife region described in
3015	Subsection 23-14-2.6(1).
3016	(c) The governor may request an additional list of at least two nominees from the
3017	nominating committee if the initial list of nominees for a given position is unacceptable.
3018	(d) (i) If the governor fails to appoint a board member within 60 days after receipt of
3019	the initial or additional list, the nominating committee shall make an interim appointment by
3020	majority vote.
3021	(ii) The interim board member shall serve until the matter is resolved by the committee
3022	and the governor or until the board member is replaced pursuant to this chapter.
3023	(4) (a) Except as required by Subsection (4)(b), as terms of current board members
3024	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a six-year term.
3025	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4)(a), the governor shall, at the
3026	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that:
3027	(i) the terms of board members are staggered so that approximately 1/3 of the board is
3028	appointed every two years; and
3029	(ii) members serving from the same region have staggered terms.
3030	(c) If a vacancy occurs, the nominating committee shall submit two names, as provided
3031	in Subsection 23-14-2.5(4), to the governor and the governor shall appoint a replacement for
3032	the unexpired term.
3033	(d) Board members may serve only one term unless:
3034	(i) the member is among the first board members appointed to serve four years or less;

3035	or
3036	(ii) the member filled a vacancy under Subsection (4)(c) for four years or less.
3037	(5) (a) The board shall elect a chair and a vice chair from its membership.
3038	(b) Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum.
3039	(c) The director of the Division of Wildlife Resources shall act as secretary to the
3040	board but shall not be a voting member of the board.
3041	(6) (a) The Wildlife Board shall hold a sufficient number of public meetings each year
3042	to expeditiously conduct its business.
3043	(b) Meetings may be called by the chair upon five days notice or upon shorter notice in
3044	emergency situations.
3045	(c) Meetings may be held at the Salt Lake City office of the Division of Wildlife
3046	Resources or elsewhere as determined by the Wildlife Board.
3047	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
3048	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
3049	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
3050	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
3051	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3052	63A-3-107.
3053	(8) (a) The members of the Wildlife Board shall complete an orientation course to
3054	assist them in the performance of the duties of their office.
3055	(b) The Department of Natural Resources and Environment shall provide the course
3056	required under Subsection (8)(a).
3057	Section 57. Section 23-14-2.6 is amended to read:
3058	23-14-2.6. Regional advisory councils Creation Membership Duties Per
3059	diem and expenses.
3060	(1) There are created five regional advisory councils which shall consist of 12 to 15
3061	members each from the wildlife region whose boundaries are established for administrative
3062	purposes by the division.
3063	(2) The members shall include individuals who represent the following groups and
3064	interests:
3065	(a) agriculture;

3066	(b) sportsmen;
3067	(c) nonconsumptive wildlife;
3068	(d) locally elected public officials;
3069	(e) federal land agencies; and
3070	(f) the public at large.
3071	(3) The executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment,
3072	in consultation with the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, shall select the
3073	members from a list of nominees submitted by the respective interest group or agency.
3074	(4) The councils shall:
3075	(a) hear broad input, including recommendations, biological data, and information
3076	regarding the effects of wildlife;
3077	(b) gather information from staff, the public, and government agencies; and
3078	(c) make recommendations to the Wildlife Board in an advisory capacity.
3079	(5) (a) Except as required by Subsection (5)(b), each member shall serve a four-year
3080	term.
3081	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the executive director shall,
3082	at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms
3083	of council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every
3084	two years.
3085	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
3086	appointed for the unexpired term.
3087	(7) The councils shall determine:
3088	(a) the time and place of meetings; and
3089	(b) any other procedural matter not specified in this chapter.
3090	(8) Members of the councils shall complete an orientation course as provided in
3091	Subsection 23-14-2(8).
3092	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
3093	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
3094	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
3095	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
3096	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

3097	63A-3-107.
3098	Section 58. Section 23-14-3 is amended to read:
3099	23-14-3. Powers of division to determine facts Policy-making powers of
3100	Wildlife Board.
3101	(1) The Division of Wildlife Resources may determine the facts relevant to the wildlife
3102	resources of this state.
3103	(2) (a) Upon a determination of these facts, the Wildlife Board shall establish the
3104	policies best designed to accomplish the purposes and fulfill the intent of all laws pertaining to
3105	wildlife and the preservation, protection, conservation, perpetuation, introduction, and
3106	management of wildlife.
3107	(b) In establishing policy, the Wildlife Board shall:
3108	(i) recognize that wildlife and its habitat are an essential part of a healthy, productive
3109	environment;
3110	(ii) recognize the impact of wildlife on man, his economic activities, private property
3111	rights, and local economies;
3112	(iii) seek to balance the habitat requirements of wildlife with the social and economic
3113	activities of man;
3114	(iv) recognize the social and economic values of wildlife, including fishing, hunting,
3115	and other uses; and
3116	(v) seek to maintain wildlife on a sustainable basis.
3117	(c) (i) The Wildlife Board shall consider the recommendations of the regional advisory
3118	councils established in Section 23-14-2.6.
3119	(ii) If a regional advisory council recommends a position or action to the Wildlife
3120	Board, and the Wildlife Board rejects the recommendation, the Wildlife Board shall provide a
3121	written explanation to the regional advisory council.
3122	(3) No authority conferred upon the Wildlife Board by this title shall supersede the
3123	administrative authority of the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and
3124	Environment or the director of the Division of Wildlife Resources.
3125	Section 59. Section 23-14-8 is amended to read:
3126	23-14-8. Director Executive authority and control Power to declare
3127	emergency seasons.

3128	The director of the Division of Wildlife Resources, under administrative supervision of
3129	the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, shall have:
3130	(1) executive authority and control of the Division of Wildlife Resources so that
3131	policies of the Wildlife Board are carried out in accordance with the laws of this state;
3132	(2) authority over all personnel matters;
3133	(3) full control of all property acquired and held for the purposes specified in this title;
3134	and
3135	(4) authority to declare emergency closed or open seasons in the interest of the wildlife
3136	resources of the state.
3137	Section 60. Section 23-21-2 is amended to read:
3138	23-21-2. Payments in lieu of property taxes on property purchased by division.
3139	[Prior to] (1) Before the purchase of any real property held in private ownership, the
3140	Division of Wildlife Resources shall first submit the proposition to the county legislative body
3141	in a regular open public meeting in the county where the property is located and shall by
3142	contractual agreement with the county legislative body, approved by the executive director of
3143	the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, agree to pay an amount of money in
3144	lieu of property taxes to the county.
3145	(2) The division shall, by contractual agreement with the county legislative body in
3146	which any property previously acquired from private ownership and now owned by the division
3147	is located, agree to pay annually an amount of money in lieu of wildlife resource fine money,
3148	previously paid to the county.
3149	(3) (a) Payments provided for in this section will not exceed what the regularly
3150	assessed real property taxes would be if the land had remained in private ownership[; and these
3151	payments shall].
3152	(b) Payments made under this section may not include any amount for buildings,
3153	installations, fixtures, improvements or personal property located upon the land or for those
3154	acquired, constructed or placed by the division after it acquires the land.
3155	Section 61. Section 23-22-1 is amended to read:
3156	23-22-1. Cooperative agreements and programs authorized.
3157	(1) The Division of Wildlife Resources may enter into cooperative agreements and
3158	programs with other state agencies, federal agencies, states, educational institutions,

3159 municipalities, counties, corporations, organized clubs, landowners, associations, and 3160 individuals for purposes of wildlife conservation. 3161 (2) Cooperative agreements that are policy in nature must be: 3162 (a) approved by the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and 3163 Environment; and 3164 (b) reviewed by the Wildlife Board. 3165 Section 62. Section 23-27-102 is amended to read: 3166 23-27-102. Definitions. 3167 As used in this chapter: 3168 (1) "Board" means the Wildlife Board. 3169 (2) (a) "Conveyance" means a terrestrial or aquatic vehicle or a vehicle part that may 3170 carry or contain a Dreissena mussel. 3171 (b) "Conveyance" includes a motor vehicle, a vessel, a motorboat, a sailboat, a personal 3172 watercraft, a container, a trailer, a live well, or a bilge area. 3173 (3) "Decontaminate" means to: 3174 (a) drain and dry all non-treated water: and 3175 (b) chemically or thermally treat in accordance with rule. 3176 (4) "Director" means the director of the division. 3177 (5) "Division" means the Division of Wildlife Resources. 3178 (6) "Dreissena mussel" means a mussel of the genus Dreissena at any life stage, 3179 including a zebra mussel, a quagga mussel, and Conrad's false mussel. 3180 (7) "Equipment" means an article, tool, implement, or device capable of carrying or 3181 containing: 3182 (a) water; or 3183 (b) a Dreissena mussel. 3184 (8) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Natural 3185 Resources and Environment. 3186 (9) "Facility" means a structure that is located within or adjacent to a water body. 3187 (10) "Infested water" means a geographic region, water body, facility, or water supply system within or outside the state that the board identifies in rule as carrying or containing a 3188 3189 Dreissena mussel.

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3190	(11) "Water body" means natural or impounded surface water, including a stream,
3191	river, spring, lake, reservoir, pond, wetland, tank, and fountain.
3192	(12) (a) "Water supply system" means a system that treats, conveys, or distributes
3193	water for irrigation, industrial, waste water treatment, or culinary use.
3194	(b) "Water supply system" includes a pump, canal, ditch, or pipeline.
3195	(c) "Water supply system" does not include a water body.
3196	Section 63. Section 26-1-30 is amended to read:
3197	26-1-30. Powers and duties of department.
3198	(1) The department shall:
3199	(a) enter into cooperative agreements with the Department of [Environmental Quality]
3200	Natural Resources and Environment to delineate specific responsibilities to assure that
3201	assessment and management of risk to human health from the environment are properly
3202	administered; and
3203	(b) consult with the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and
3204	Environment and enter into cooperative agreements, as needed, to ensure efficient use of
3205	resources and effective response to potential health and safety threats from the environment,
3206	and to prevent gaps in protection from potential risks from the environment to specific
3207	individuals or population groups.
3208	(2) In addition to all other powers and duties of the department, it shall have and
3209	exercise the following powers and duties:
3210	(a) promote and protect the health and wellness of the people within the state;
3211	(b) establish, maintain, and enforce rules necessary or desirable to carry out the
3212	provisions and purposes of this title to promote and protect the public health or to prevent
3213	disease and illness;
3214	(c) investigate and control the causes of epidemic, infectious, communicable, and other
3215	diseases affecting the public health;
3216	(d) provide for the detection, reporting, prevention, and control of communicable,
3217	infectious, acute, chronic, or any other disease or health hazard which the department considers
3218	to be dangerous, important, or likely to affect the public health;
3219	(e) collect and report information on causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability
3220	and the risk factors that contribute to the causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability within

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3221 the state;

(f) collect, prepare, publish, and disseminate information to inform the public
concerning the health and wellness of the population, specific hazards, and risks that may affect
the health and wellness of the population and specific activities which may promote and protect
the health and wellness of the population;

(g) establish and operate programs necessary or desirable for the promotion or
protection of the public health and the control of disease or which may be necessary to
ameliorate the major causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability in the state, except that the
programs may not be established if adequate programs exist in the private sector;

(h) establish, maintain, and enforce isolation and quarantine, and for this purpose only,
exercise physical control over property and individuals as the department finds necessary for
the protection of the public health;

3233 (i) close theaters, schools, and other public places and forbid gatherings of people3234 when necessary to protect the public health;

(j) abate nuisances when necessary to eliminate sources of filth and infectious andcommunicable diseases affecting the public health;

3237 (k) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections in cooperation3238 with local health departments as to any matters affecting the public health;

3239 (1) establish laboratory services necessary to support public health programs and3240 medical services in the state;

3241 (m) establish and enforce standards for laboratory services which are provided by any3242 laboratory in the state when the purpose of the services is to protect the public health;

(n) cooperate with the Labor Commission to conduct studies of occupational health
hazards and occupational diseases arising in and out of employment in industry, and make
recommendations for elimination or reduction of the hazards;

3246 (o) cooperate with the local health departments, the Department of Corrections, the
3247 Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, and the Crime
3248 Victim Reparations Board to conduct testing for HIV infection of convicted sexual offenders
3249 and any victims of a sexual offense;

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(p) investigate the cause of maternal and infant mortality;

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(q) establish, maintain, and enforce a procedure requiring the blood of adult pedestrians

3252	and drivers of motor vehicles killed in highway accidents be examined for the presence and
3253	concentration of alcohol;
3254	(r) provide the commissioner of public safety with monthly statistics reflecting the
3255	results of the examinations provided for in Subsection (2)(q) and provide safeguards so that
3256	information derived from the examinations is not used for a purpose other than the compilation
3257	of statistics authorized in this Subsection (2)(r);
3258	(s) establish qualifications for individuals permitted to draw blood pursuant to Section
3259	41-6a-523, and to issue permits to individuals it finds qualified, which permits may be
3260	terminated or revoked by the department;
3261	(t) establish a uniform public health program throughout the state which includes
3262	continuous service, employment of qualified employees, and a basic program of disease
3263	control, vital and health statistics, sanitation, public health nursing, and other preventive health
3264	programs necessary or desirable for the protection of public health;
3265	(u) adopt rules and enforce minimum sanitary standards for the operation and
3266	maintenance of:
3267	(i) orphanages;
3268	(ii) boarding homes;
3269	(iii) summer camps for children;
3270	(iv) lodging houses;
3271	(v) hotels;
3272	(vi) restaurants and all other places where food is handled for commercial purposes,
3273	sold, or served to the public;
3274	(vii) tourist and trailer camps;
3275	(viii) service stations;
3276	(ix) public conveyances and stations;
3277	(x) public and private schools;
3278	(xi) factories;
3279	(xii) private sanatoria;
3280	(xiii) barber shops;
3281	(xiv) beauty shops;
3282	(xv) physicians' offices;

3283	(xvi) dentists' offices;
3284	(xvii) workshops;
3285	(xviii) industrial, labor, or construction camps;
3286	(xix) recreational resorts and camps;
3287	(xx) swimming pools, public baths, and bathing beaches;
3288	(xxi) state, county, or municipal institutions, including hospitals and other buildings,
3289	centers, and places used for public gatherings; and
3290	(xxii) of any other facilities in public buildings and on public grounds;
3291	(v) conduct health planning for the state;
3292	(w) monitor the costs of health care in the state and foster price competition in the
3293	health care delivery system;
3294	(x) adopt rules for the licensure of health facilities within the state pursuant to Title 26,
3295	Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act;
3296	(y) license the provision of child care;
3297	(z) accept contributions to and administer the funds contained in the Organ Donation
3298	Contribution Fund created in Section 26-18b-101; and
3299	(aa) serve as the collecting agent, on behalf of the state, for the nursing care facility
3300	assessment fee imposed under Title 26, Chapter 35a, Nursing Care Facility Assessment Act,
3301	and adopt rules for the enforcement and administration of the nursing facility assessment
3302	consistent with the provisions of Title 26, Chapter 35a.
3303	Section 64. Section 26A-1-106 is amended to read:
3304	26A-1-106. Assistance in establishing local departments Monitoring and
3305	standards of performance Responsibilities.
3306	(1) (a) By request of county governing bodies, the department may assist in the
3307	establishment of a local health department.
3308	(b) The department shall monitor the effort of the local health department to protect
3309	and promote the health of the public.
3310	(c) The department shall establish by rule minimum performance standards for basic
3311	programs of public health administration, personal health, laboratory services, health resources,
3312	and other preventive health programs not in conflict with state law as it finds necessary or
3313	desirable for the protection of the public health.

3314	(d) The department may by contract provide:
3315	(i) funds to assist a local health department if local resources are inadequate; and
3316	(ii) assistance to achieve the purposes of this part.
3317	(2) Regulations or standards relating to public health or environmental health services
3318	adopted or established by a local health department may not be less restrictive than department
3319	rules.
3320	(3) Local health departments are responsible within their boundaries for providing,
3321	directly or indirectly, basic public health services that include:
3322	(a) public health administration and support services;
3323	(b) maternal and child health;
3324	(c) communicable disease control, surveillance, and epidemiology;
3325	(d) food protection;
3326	(e) solid waste management;
3327	(f) waste water management; and
3328	(g) safe drinking water management.
3329	(4) The Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment
3330	shall establish by rule minimum performance standards, including standards for inspection and
3331	enforcement, for basic programs of environmental health, not inconsistent with law, as
3332	necessary or desirable for the protection of public health.
3333	Section 65. Section 26A-1-108 is amended to read:
3334	26A-1-108. Jurisdiction and duties of local departments.
3335	A local health department has jurisdiction in all unincorporated and incorporated areas
3336	of the county or counties in which it is established and shall enforce state health laws,
3337	Department of Health, Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and
3338	Environment, and local health department rules, regulations, and standards within those areas.
3339	Section 66. Section 26A-1-114 is amended to read:
3340	26A-1-114. Powers and duties of departments.
3341	(1) A local health department may:
3342	(a) subject to the provisions in Section 26A-1-108, enforce state laws, local ordinances,
3343	department rules, and local health department standards and regulations relating to public
3344	health and sanitation, including the plumbing code administered by the Division of

3345 Occupational and Professional Licensing under Section 58-56-4 and under Title 26, Chapter

3346 15a, Food Safety Manager Certification Act, in all incorporated and unincorporated areas3347 served by the local health department;

(b) establish, maintain, and enforce isolation and quarantine, and exercise physical
control over property and over individuals as the local health department finds necessary for
the protection of the public health;

3351 (c) establish and maintain medical, environmental, occupational, and other laboratory
 3352 services considered necessary or proper for the protection of the public health;

3353 (d) establish and operate reasonable health programs or measures not in conflict with3354 state law which:

(i) are necessary or desirable for the promotion or protection of the public health andthe control of disease; or

(ii) may be necessary to ameliorate the major risk factors associated with the majorcauses of injury, sickness, death, and disability in the state;

(e) close theaters, schools, and other public places and prohibit gatherings of peoplewhen necessary to protect the public health;

(f) abate nuisances or eliminate sources of filth and infectious and communicable
diseases affecting the public health and bill the owner or other person in charge of the premises
upon which this nuisance occurs for the cost of abatement;

(g) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections on its own
 initiative or in cooperation with the Department of Health or [Environmental Quality]

3366 <u>Department of Natural Resources and Environment</u>, or both, as to any matters affecting the 3367 public health;

3368 (h) pursuant to county ordinance or interlocal agreement:

(i) establish and collect appropriate fees for the performance of services and operationof authorized or required programs and duties;

(ii) accept, use, and administer all federal, state, or private donations or grants of funds,
property, services, or materials for public health purposes; and

3373 (iii) make agreements not in conflict with state law which are conditional to receiving a3374 donation or grant;

(i) prepare, publish, and disseminate information necessary to inform and advise the

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- 3407 resources by developing with the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources 3408 and Environment a Comprehensive Environmental Service Delivery Plan which: 3409 (i) recognizes that the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and 3410 Environment and local health departments are the foundation for providing environmental 3411 health programs in the state; 3412 (ii) delineates the responsibilities of the department and each local health department 3413 for the efficient delivery of environmental programs using federal, state, and local authorities, 3414 responsibilities, and resources; 3415 (iii) provides for the delegation of authority and pass through of funding to local health 3416 departments for environmental programs, to the extent allowed by applicable law, identified in 3417 the plan, and requested by the local health department; and 3418 (iv) is reviewed and updated annually. 3419 (3) The local health department has the following duties regarding public and private 3420 schools within its boundaries: 3421 (a) enforce all ordinances, standards, and regulations pertaining to the public health of 3422 persons attending public and private schools; 3423 (b) exclude from school attendance any person, including teachers, who is suffering 3424 from any communicable or infectious disease, whether acute or chronic, if the person is likely 3425 to convey the disease to those in attendance; and 3426 (c) (i) make regular inspections of the health-related condition of all school buildings 3427 and premises; 3428 (ii) report the inspections on forms furnished by the department to those responsible for 3429 the condition and provide instructions for correction of any conditions that impair or endanger 3430 the health or life of those attending the schools; and 3431 (iii) provide a copy of the report to the department at the time the report is made. 3432 (4) If those responsible for the health-related condition of the school buildings and premises do not carry out any instructions for corrections provided in a report in Subsection 3433 3434 (3)(c), the local health board shall cause the conditions to be corrected at the expense of the 3435 persons responsible. 3436 (5) The local health department may exercise incidental authority as necessary to carry
 - 3437 out the provisions and purposes of this part.

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- 3438 (6) Nothing in this part may be construed to authorize a local health department to
 3439 enforce an ordinance, rule, or regulation requiring the installation or maintenance of a carbon
 3440 monoxide detector in a residential dwelling against anyone other than the occupant of the
 3441 dwelling.
- 3442

Section 67. Section **34-38-3** is amended to read:

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34-38-3. Testing for drugs or alcohol.

(1) If an employer tests an employee or prospective employee for the presence of drugs
or alcohol as a condition of hiring or continued employment, the employer is protected from
liability as provided in this chapter if the employer complies with this chapter. However,
employers and management in general shall submit to the testing themselves on a periodic
basis.

3449 (2) (a) An organization that operates a storage facility or transfer facility or that is 3450 engaged in the transportation of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive 3451 waste within the exterior boundaries of the state shall establish a mandatory drug testing 3452 program regarding drugs and alcohol for prospective and existing employees as a condition of 3453 hiring any employee or the continued employment of any employee. As a part of the program, 3454 employers and management in general shall submit to the testing themselves on a periodic 3455 basis. The program shall implement testing standards and procedures established under 3456 Subsection (2)(b).

3457 (b) The executive director of the Department of [Environmental Quality] <u>Natural</u>
3458 <u>Resources and Environment</u>, in consultation with the Labor Commission under Section
3459 34A-1-103, shall by rule establish standards for timing of testing and dosage for impairment for
3460 the drug and alcohol testing program under this Subsection (2). The standards shall address the
3461 protection of the safety, health, and welfare of the public.

3462 Section 68. Section **34A-6-107** is amended to read:

3463 **34A-6-107.** Research and related activities.

(1) (a) The division, after consultation with other appropriate agencies, shall conduct,
directly or by grants or contracts, whether federal or otherwise, research, experiments, and
demonstrations in the area of occupational safety and health, including studies of psychological
factors involved in innovative methods, techniques, and approaches for dealing with
occupational safety and health problems.

(b) (i) The division, to comply with its responsibilities under this section, and to
develop needed information regarding toxic substances or harmful physical agents, may make
rules requiring employers to measure, record, and make reports on the exposure of employees
to substances or physical agents reasonably believed to endanger the health or safety of
employees.

3474 (ii) The division may establish programs for medical examinations and tests necessary
3475 for determining the incidence of occupational diseases and the susceptibility of employees to
3476 the diseases.

3477 (iii) Nothing in this chapter authorizes or requires a medical examination,
3478 immunization, or treatment for persons who object on religious grounds, except when
3479 necessary for the protection of the health or safety of others.

(iv) Any employer who is required to measure and record employee exposure to
substances or physical agents as provided under Subsection (1)(b) may receive full or partial
financial or other assistance to defray additional expense incurred by measuring and recording
as provided in this Subsection (1)(b).

3484 (c) (i) Following a written request by any employer or authorized representative of
3485 employees, specifying with reasonable particularity the grounds on which the request is made,
3486 the division shall determine whether any substance normally found in a workplace has toxic
3487 effects in the concentrations used or found, and shall submit its determination both to
3488 employers and affected employees as soon as possible.

3489 (ii) The division shall immediately take action necessary under Section 34A-6-202 or
3490 34A-6-305 if the division determines that:

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(A) any substance is toxic at the concentrations used or found in a workplace; and(B) the substance is not covered by an occupational safety or health standard

3493 promulgated under Section 34A-6-202.

3494 (2) The division may inspect and question employers and employees as provided in
3495 Section 34A-6-301, to carry out its functions and responsibilities under this section.

3496 (3) The division is authorized to enter into contracts, agreements, or other
3497 arrangements with appropriate federal or state agencies, or private organizations to conduct
3498 studies about its responsibilities under this chapter. In carrying out its responsibilities under
3499 this subsection, the division shall cooperate with the Department of Health and the Department

3500	of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment to avoid any duplication of
3501	efforts under this section.
3502	(4) Information obtained by the division under this section shall be disseminated to
3503	employers and employees and organizations of them.
3504	Section 69. Section 40-2-203 is amended to read:
3505	TITLE 40. MINES, MINING, AND ENERGY
3506	40-2-203. Mine Safety Technical Advisory Council created Duties.
3507	(1) Within the office there is created the "Mine Safety Technical Advisory Council"
3508	consisting of 13 voting members and five nonvoting members as provided in this section.
3509	(2) (a) The commissioner shall appoint the voting members of the council as follows:
3510	(i) one individual who represents a coal miner union;
3511	(ii) two individuals with coal mining experience;
3512	(iii) two individuals who represent coal mine operators;
3513	(iv) one individual who represents an industry trade association;
3514	(v) two individuals from local law enforcement agencies or emergency medical service
3515	providers;
3516	(vi) three individuals who have expertise in one or more of the following:
3517	(A) seismology;
3518	(B) mining engineering;
3519	(C) mine safety; or
3520	(D) another related subject; and
3521	(vii) two individuals from entities that provide mine safety training.
3522	(b) The nonvoting members of the council are:
3523	(i) the commissioner or the commissioner's designee;
3524	(ii) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment or
3525	the executive director's designee;
3526	(iii) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety or the commissioner's
3527	designee;
3528	(iv) a representative of the Mine Safety and Health Administration selected by the
3529	Mine Safety and Health Administration; and
3530	(v) a representative of the federal Bureau of Land Management selected by the federal

3531	Bureau of Land Management.
3532	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), a voting member shall serve a
3533	four-year term beginning July 1 and ending June 30.
3534	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, at the
3535	time of appointment of the initial voting members of the council, adjust the length of terms of
3536	the voting members to ensure that the terms of voting members are staggered so that
3537	approximately half of the voting members are appointed every two years.
3538	(4) (a) The commissioner shall terminate the term of a voting member who ceases to be
3539	representative as designated by the voting member's original appointment.
3540	(b) If a vacancy occurs in the voting members, the commissioner shall appoint a
3541	replacement for the unexpired term after soliciting recommendations from the council
3542	members.
3543	(5) (a) The council shall meet at least quarterly.
3544	(b) A majority of the voting members constitutes a quorum.
3545	(c) A vote of the majority of the members of the council when a quorum is present
3546	constitutes an action of the council.
3547	(6) (a) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee is the chair of the council.
3548	(b) The commission shall staff the council.
3549	(7) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
3550	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
3551	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
3552	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
3553	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3554	63A-3-107.
3555	(8) The council shall advise and make recommendations to the commission, the office,
3556	and the Legislature regarding:
3557	(a) safety of coal mines located in Utah;
3558	(b) prevention of coal mine accidents;
3559	(c) effective coal mine emergency response;
3560	(d) coal miner certification and recertification; and
3561	(e) other topics reasonably related to safety of coal mines located in Utah.

3562	Section 70. Section 40-6-4 is amended to read:
3563	CHAPTER 6. DIVISION OF ENERGY AND BOARD OF OIL, GAS, AND MINING
3564	40-6-4. Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created Functions Appointment of
3565	members Terms Chair Quorum Expenses.
3566	(1) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources and Environment the
3567	Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining. [The board shall be the policy making body for the Division of
3568	Oil, Gas, and Mining.]
3569	(2) The board shall consist of seven members appointed by the governor with the
3570	consent of the Senate. No more than four members shall be from the same political party. In
3571	addition to the requirements of Section 79-2-203, the members shall have the following
3572	qualifications:
3573	(a) two members knowledgeable in mining matters;
3574	(b) two members knowledgeable in oil and gas matters;
3575	(c) one member knowledgeable in ecological and environmental matters;
3576	(d) one member who is a private land owner, owns a mineral or royalty interest and is
3577	knowledgeable in those interests; and
3578	(e) one member who is knowledgeable in geological matters.
3579	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current board members
3580	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
3581	term.
3582	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
3583	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
3584	board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two
3585	years.
3586	(4) (a) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall
3587	be appointed for the unexpired term by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
3588	(b) The person appointed shall have the same qualifications as his predecessor.
3589	(5) The board shall appoint its chair from the membership. Four members of the board
3590	shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the holding of hearings.
3591	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
3592	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

3593	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
3594	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
3595	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3596	63A-3-107.
3597	Section 71. Section 40-6-10 is amended to read:
3598	40-6-10. Procedures Adjudicative proceedings Emergency orders Hearing
3599	examiners.
3600	(1) (a) The Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining and the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining]
3601	Energy shall comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4,
3602	Administrative Procedures Act, in their adjudicative proceedings.
3603	(b) The board shall enact rules governing its practice and procedure that are not
3604	inconsistent with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
3605	(2) When an emergency requiring immediate action is found by the division director or
3606	any board member to exist, the division director or board member may issue an emergency
3607	order according to the requirements and procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
3608	Procedures Act.
3609	(3) A notice required by this chapter, except as otherwise provided, shall be given at
3610	the election of the board by:
3611	(a) personal service; or
3612	(b) (i) one publication in:
3613	(A) a daily newspaper of general circulation in the city of Salt Lake and county of Salt
3614	Lake, Utah; and
3615	(B) all newspapers of general circulation published in the county where the land is
3616	affected, or some part of the land is situated; and
3617	(ii) electronic publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
3618	(4) (a) Any order made by the board is effective on issuance.
3619	(b) All rules and orders issued by the board shall be:
3620	(i) in writing;
3621	(ii) entered in full in books to be kept by the board for that purpose;
3622	(iii) indexed; and
3623	(iv) public records open for inspection at all times during reasonable office hours.

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3624	(c) A copy of any rule, finding of fact, or order, certified by the board or by the division
3625	director, shall be received in evidence in all courts of this state with the same effect as the
3626	original.
3627	(5) The board may act upon its own motion or upon the petition of any interested
3628	person.
3629	(6) (a) The board may appoint a hearing examiner to take evidence and to recommend
3630	findings of fact and conclusions of law to the board.
3631	(b) Any member of the board, division staff, or any other person designated by the
3632	board may serve as a hearing examiner.
3633	(c) The board may enter an order based on the recommendations of the examiner.
3634	Section 72. Section 40-6-15 is amended to read:
3635	40-6-15. Division created Functions Director of division Qualifications of
3636	program administrators.
3637	(1) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources and Environment the
3638	Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy.
3639	(2) The division shall implement the policies and orders of the board and perform all
3640	other duties delegated by the [board] boards.
3641	(3) The director of the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy shall be appointed by
3642	the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment with the
3643	concurrence of the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining.
3644	(4) The director shall be the executive and administrative head of the Division of [Θ il,
3645	Gas, and Mining] Energy and shall be a person experienced in administration and
3646	knowledgeable in the extraction of oil, gas, and minerals.
3647	(5) Within the division, the person administering the oil and gas program shall have the
3648	technical background to efficiently administer that program.
3649	(6) The person administering the mining program shall have the technical background
3650	to efficiently administer that program.
3651	Section 73. Section 40-6-16 is amended to read:
3652	40-6-16. Duties of division relative to mining.
3653	In addition to the duties assigned by the board, the division shall, with respect to mines
3654	and mining:

3655	(1) develop and implement an inspection program that will include but not be limited
3656	to production data, pre-drilling checks, and site security reviews;
3657	(2) publish a monthly production report;
3658	(3) publish a monthly gas processing plant report;
3659	(4) review and evaluate, prior to a hearing, evidence submitted with the petition to be
3660	presented to the board;
3661	(5) require adequate assurance of approved water rights in accordance with rules and
3662	orders enacted under Section 40-6-5; and
3663	(6) notify the county executive of the county in which the drilling will take place in
3664	writing of the issuance of a drilling permit.
3665	Section 74. Section 40-6-17 is amended to read:
3666	40-6-17. Cooperative research and development projects.
3667	The board and the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy are authorized to enter
3668	into cooperative agreements with the national, state or local governments, and with
3669	independent organizations and institutions for the purpose of carrying out research and
3670	development experiments involving energy resources to the extent that the project is funded or
3671	partially funded and approved by the Legislature.
3672	Section 75. Section 40-6-19 is amended to read:
3673	40-6-19. Bond and Surety Forfeiture Trust Fund created Contents Use of
3674	fund money.
3675	(1) There is created a private-purpose trust fund known as the "Bond and Surety
3676	Forfeiture Trust Fund."
3677	(2) Money collected by the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy as a result of
3678	bond or surety forfeitures shall be deposited in the fund.
3679	(3) Interest earned on money in the fund shall accrue to the fund.
3680	(4) (a) Money from each forfeited bond or surety, together with interest, shall be used
3681	by the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy to accomplish the requisite performance
3682	standards under the program to which the forfeited bond or surety corresponds.
3683	(b) Any money not used for a project shall be returned to the rightful claimant.
3684	Section 76. Section 40-8-4 is amended to read:
3685	40-8-4. Definitions.

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3686 As used in this chapter: 3687 (1) "Adjudicative proceeding" means: 3688 (a) a division or board action or proceeding determining the legal rights, duties, 3689 privileges, immunities, or other legal interests of one or more identifiable persons, including 3690 actions to grant, deny, revoke, suspend, modify, annul, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, 3691 permit, or license; or 3692 (b) judicial review of a division or board action or proceeding specified in Subsection 3693 (1)(a). 3694 (2) "Applicant" means a person who has filed a notice of intent to commence mining 3695 operations, or who has applied to the board for a review of a notice or order. 3696 (3) (a) "Approved notice of intention" means a formally filed notice of intention to 3697 commence mining operations, including revisions to it, which has been approved under Section 3698 40-8-13. 3699 (b) An approved notice of intention is not required for small mining operations. 3700 (4) "Board" means the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining. 3701 (5) "Conference" means an informal adjudicative proceeding conducted by the division 3702 or board. 3703 (6) (a) "Deposit" or "mineral deposit" means an accumulation of mineral matter in the 3704 form of consolidated rock, unconsolidated material, solutions, or occurring on the surface, 3705 beneath the surface, or in the waters of the land from which any product useful to man may be 3706 produced, extracted, or obtained or which is extracted by underground mining methods for 3707 underground storage. 3708 (b) "Deposit" or "mineral deposit" excludes sand, gravel, rock aggregate, water, 3709 geothermal steam, and oil and gas as defined in Title 40, Chapter 6, [Board and Division of 3710 Oil, Gas, and Mining] Division of Energy and Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, but includes oil 3711 shale and bituminous sands extracted by mining operations. 3712 (7) "Development" means the work performed in relation to a deposit following its 3713 discovery but prior to and in contemplation of production mining operations, aimed at, but not 3714 limited to, preparing the site for mining operations, defining further the ore deposit by drilling 3715 or other means, conducting pilot plant operations, constructing roads or ancillary facilities, and 3716 other related activities.

(8) "Division" means the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy. 3717 (9) "Emergency order" means an order issued by the board in accordance with the 3718 3719 provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act. 3720 (10) (a) "Exploration" means surface-disturbing activities conducted for the purpose of 3721 discovering a deposit or mineral deposit, delineating the boundaries of a deposit or mineral 3722 deposit, and identifying regions or specific areas in which deposits or mineral deposits are most 3723 likely to exist. 3724 (b) "Exploration" includes, but is not limited to: sinking shafts; tunneling; drilling 3725 holes and digging pits or cuts; building of roads, and other access ways; and constructing and 3726 operating other facilities related to these activities. 3727 (11) "Hearing" means a formal adjudicative proceeding conducted by the board under 3728 its procedural rules. 3729 (12) (a) "Imminent danger to the health and safety of the public" means the existence 3730 of a condition or practice, or a violation of a permit requirement or other requirement of this 3731 chapter in a mining operation, which condition, practice, or violation could reasonably be 3732 expected to cause substantial physical harm to persons outside the permit area before the 3733 condition, practice, or violation can be abated. 3734 (b) A reasonable expectation of death or serious injury before abatement exists if a 3735 rational person, subjected to the same conditions or practices giving rise to the peril, would not 3736 expose himself or herself to the danger during the time necessary for abatement. 3737 (13) (a) "Land affected" means the surface and subsurface of an area within the state 3738 where mining operations are being or will be conducted, including, but not limited to: 3739 (i) on-site private ways, roads, and railroads: 3740 (ii) land excavations; 3741 (iii) exploration sites; 3742 (iv) drill sites or workings; 3743 (v) refuse banks or spoil piles; 3744 (vi) evaporation or settling ponds; 3745 (vii) stockpiles; 3746 (viii) leaching dumps; 3747 (ix) placer areas;

2740	
3748	(x) tailings ponds or dumps; and
3749	(xi) work, parking, storage, or waste discharge areas, structures, and facilities.
3750	(b) All lands shall be excluded from the provisions of Subsection (13)(a) that would:
3751	(i) be includable as land affected, but which have been reclaimed in accordance with an
3752	approved plan, as may be approved by the board; and
3753	(ii) lands in which mining operations have ceased prior to July 1, 1977.
3754	(14) (a) "Mining operation" means activities conducted on the surface of the land for
3755	the exploration for, development of, or extraction of a mineral deposit, including, but not
3756	limited to, surface mining and the surface effects of underground and in situ mining, on-site
3757	transportation, concentrating, milling, evaporation, and other primary processing.
3758	(b) "Mining operation" does not include:
3759	(i) the extraction of sand, gravel, and rock aggregate;
3760	(ii) the extraction of oil and gas as defined in Title 40, Chapter 6, [Board and Division
3761	of Oil, Gas, and Mining] Division of Energy and Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining;
3762	(iii) the extraction of geothermal steam;
3763	(iv) smelting or refining operations;
3764	(v) off-site operations and transportation;
3765	(vi) reconnaissance activities; or
3766	(vii) activities which will not cause significant surface resource disturbance or involve
3767	the use of mechanized earth-moving equipment, such as bulldozers or backhoes.
3768	(15) "Notice" means:
3769	(a) notice of intention, as defined in this chapter; or
3770	(b) written information given to an operator by the division describing compliance
3771	conditions at a mining operation.
3772	(16) "Notice of intention" means a notice to commence mining operations, including
3773	revisions to the notice.
3774	(17) "Off-site" means the land areas that are outside of or beyond the on-site land.
3775	(18) (a) "On-site" means the surface lands on or under which surface or underground
3776	mining operations are conducted.
3777	(b) A series of related properties under the control of a single operator, but separated
3778	by small parcels of land controlled by others, will be considered to be a single site unless an

3779 exception is made by the division.

- (19) "Operator" means a natural person, corporation, association, partnership, receiver,
 trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other organization or
 representative, either public or private, owning, controlling, or managing a mining operation or
 proposed mining operation.
- 3784 (20) "Order" means written information provided by the division or board to an
 3785 operator or other parties, describing the compliance status of a permit or mining operation.
- 3786 (21) "Owner" means a natural person, corporation, association, partnership, receiver,
 3787 trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other organization or
 3788 representative, either public or private, owning, controlling, or managing a mineral deposit or
 3789 the surface of lands employed in mining operations.
- 3790 [(23)] (22) "Permit" means a permit or notice to conduct mining operations issued by
 3791 the division.
- 3792 [(22)] (23) "Permit area" means the area of land indicated on the approved map 3793 submitted by the operator with the application or notice to conduct mining operations.
- 3794 (24) "Permittee" means a person holding, or who is required by Utah law to hold, a3795 valid permit or notice to conduct mining operations.
- 3796 (25) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, society, joint stock
 3797 company, firm, company, corporation, or other governmental or business organization.
- 3798 (26) "Reclamation" means actions performed during or after mining operations to
 3799 shape, stabilize, revegetate, or treat the land affected in order to achieve a safe, stable,
 3800 ecological condition and use which will be consistent with local environmental conditions.
- 3801 (27) "Small mining operations" means mining operations which disturb or will disturb3802 five or less surface acres at any given time.
- (28) "Unwarranted failure to comply" means the failure of a permittee to prevent the
 occurrence of a violation of the permit or a requirement of this chapter due to indifference, lack
 of diligence, or lack of reasonable care, or the failure to abate a violation of the permit or this
 chapter due to indifference, lack of diligence, or lack of reasonable care.
- 3807

Section 77. Section **40-8-5** is amended to read:

3808 40-8-5. Authority to enforce chapter -- Coordination of procedures -- Other
3809 agencies.

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(1) (a) The board and the division have jurisdiction and authority over all persons andproperty, both public and private, necessary to enforce this chapter.

(b) Any delegation of authority to [any other] another state officer, board, division,
commission, or agency to administer [any or all] other laws of this state relating to mined land
reclamation is withdrawn and the authority is unqualifiedly conferred upon the board and
division as provided in this chapter.

3816 (c) Nothing in this chapter, however, shall affect in any way the right of the landowner 3817 or [any] <u>a</u> public agency having proprietary authority under other provisions of law to 3818 administer lands within the state to include in [any] <u>a</u> lease, license, bill of sale, deed, 3819 right-of-way, permit, contract, or other instrument, conditions as appropriate, provided that the 3820 conditions are consistent with this chapter and the rules adopted under it.

(2) (a) Where federal or local laws or regulations require operators to comply with
 mined land reclamation procedures separate from those provided for in this chapter, the board
 and division shall make every effort to have its rules and procedures accepted by the other
 governing bodies as complying with their respective requirements.

3825 (b) The objective in coordination is to minimize the need for operators and prospective3826 operators to undertake duplicating, overlapping, or conflicting compliance procedures.

3827 [(3) Nothing in this chapter is intended to abrogate or interfere with any powers or
 3828 duties of the Department of Environmental Quality.]

3829 Section 78. Section **40-8-6** is amended to read:

3830 **40-8-6.** Board -- Powers, functions, and duties.

In addition to those provided in Title 40, Chapter 6, [Board and Division of Oil, Gas,
and Mining] Division of Energy and Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, the board has the
following powers, functions, and duties:

3834 (1) To enact rules according to the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter
3835 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that are reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes
3836 of this chapter.

3837 (2) To hold hearings and to issue orders or other appropriate instruments based upon3838 the results of those hearings.

3839 (3) To issue emergency orders according to the requirements and provisions of Title3840 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

3841 (4) To do all other things and take such other actions within the purposes of this act as 3842 may be necessary to enforce its provisions. 3843 Section 79. Section **40-8-11** is amended to read: 3844 40-8-11. Budget of administrative expenses -- Procedure -- Division authority to 3845 appoint or employ consultants. 3846 (1) The division, with the approval of the board, shall prepare a budget of the 3847 administrative expenses in carrying out the provisions of this act for the fiscal year next following the convening of the Legislature. This budget shall be submitted to the executive 3848 3849 director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment for inclusion in the 3850 governor's appropriation request to the Legislature. 3851 (2) The division shall have authority to appoint or employ technical support or 3852 consultants in the pursuit of the objectives of this act and shall be responsible for coordination 3853 with other agencies in matters relating to mined land reclamation and the application of related 3854 laws. 3855 Section 80. Section **40-10-2** is amended to read: 40-10-2. Purpose. 3856 3857 It is the purpose of this chapter to: 3858 (1) grant to the Board [and Division] of Oil, Gas, and Mining and the Division of 3859 Energy the necessary authority to assure exclusive jurisdiction over nonfederal lands and 3860 cooperative jurisdiction over federal lands in regard to regulation of coal mining and 3861 reclamation operations as authorized pursuant to Public Law 95-87; 3862 (2) assure that the rights of surface landowners and other persons with a legal interest 3863 in the land or appurtenances thereto are fully protected from these operations; 3864 (3) assure that surface coal mining operations are conducted so as to protect the 3865 environment, that reclamation occurs as contemporaneously as possible with the operations, 3866 and that operations are not conducted where reclamation as required by this chapter is not 3867 economically or technologically feasible; 3868 (4) assure that appropriate procedures are provided for the public participation in the 3869 development, revision, and enforcement of rules, standards, reclamation plans, or programs 3870 established by the state under this chapter; (5) promote the reclamation of mined areas left without adequate reclamation prior to 3871

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- 3872 the effective date of this chapter and which continue, in their unreclaimed condition, to
- 3873 substantially degrade the quality of the environment, prevent or damage the beneficial use of
- 3874 land or water resources, or endanger the health or safety of the public; and
- (6) wherever necessary, exercise the full reach of state constitutional powers to insure
 the protection of the public interest through effective control of surface coal mining operations
 and efficient reclamation of abandoned mines.
- 3878 Section 81. Section **40-10-3** is amended to read:
- **40-10-3. Definitions.**
- 3880 For the purposes of this chapter:
- 3881 (1) "Adjudicative proceeding" means:
- (a) a division or board action or proceeding determining the legal rights, duties,
 privileges, immunities, or other legal interests of one or more identifiable persons, including
 actions to grant, deny, revoke, suspend, modify, annul, withdraw, or amend an authority, right,
 permit, or license; or
- 3886 (b) judicial review of a division or board action or proceeding specified in Subsection3887 (1)(a).
- 3888 (2) "Alluvial valley floors" mean the unconsolidated stream laid deposits holding
 3889 streams where water availability is sufficient for subirrigation or flood irrigation agricultural
 activities but does not include upland areas which are generally overlain by a thin veneer of
 colluvial deposits composed chiefly of debris from sheet erosion, deposits by unconcentrated
 runoff or slope wash, together with talus, other mass movement accumulation and windblown
 deposits.
- (3) "Approximate original contour" means that surface configuration achieved by
 backfilling and grading of the mined area so that the reclaimed area, including any terracing or
 access roads, closely resembles the general surface configuration of the land prior to mining
 and blends into and complements the drainage pattern of the surrounding terrain, with all
 highwalls and spoil piles eliminated; but water impoundments may be permitted where the
 division determines that they are in compliance with Subsection 40-10-17(2)(h).
- 3900 (4) "Board" means the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining and the board shall not be3901 defined as an employee of the division.
- 3902

(5) "Division" means the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy.

3903 (6) "Imminent danger to the health and safety of the public" means the existence of any 3904 condition or practice, or any violation of a permit or other requirement of this chapter in a 3905 surface coal mining and reclamation operation, which condition, practice, or violation could 3906 reasonably be expected to cause substantial physical harm to persons outside the permit area 3907 before the condition, practice, or violation can be abated. A reasonable expectation of death or 3908 serious injury before abatement exists if a rational person, subjected to the same conditions or 3909 practices giving rise to the peril, would not expose himself or herself to the danger during the 3910 time necessary for abatement.

3911 (7) "Employee" means those individuals in the employ of the division and excludes the3912 board.

3913 (8) "Lands eligible for remining" means those lands that would otherwise be eligible3914 for expenditures under Section 40-10-25 or 40-10-25.1.

(9) "Operator" means any person, partnership, or corporation engaged in coal mining
who removes or intends to remove more than 250 tons of coal from the earth by coal mining
within 12 consecutive calendar months in any one location.

(10) "Other minerals" mean clay, stone, sand, gravel, metalliferous and
nonmetalliferous ores, and any other solid material or substances of commercial value
excavated in solid or solution form from natural deposits on or in the earth, exclusive of coal
and those minerals which occur naturally in liquid or gaseous form.

3922 (11) "Permit" means a permit to conduct surface coal mining and reclamation3923 operations issued by the division.

3924

(12) "Permit applicant" or "applicant" means a person applying for a permit.

3925 [(14)] (13) "Permit area" means the area of land indicated on the approved map
3926 submitted by the operator with his application, which area of land shall be covered by the
3927 operator's bond as required by Section 40-10-15 and shall be readily identifiable by appropriate
3928 markers on the site.

[(15)] (14) "Permittee" means a person holding a permit.

3930

[(13)] (15) "Permitting agency" means the division.

3931 (16) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, society, joint stock
3932 company, firm, company, corporation, or other governmental or business organization.

3933 (17) "Prime farmland" means the same as prescribed by the United States Department

of Agriculture on the basis of such factors as moisture availability, temperature regime,
chemical balance, permeability, surface layer composition, susceptibility to flooding, and
erosion characteristics.

3937 (18) "Reclamation plan" means a plan submitted by an applicant for a permit which
3938 sets forth a plan for reclamation of the proposed surface coal mining operations pursuant to
3939 Section 40-10-10.

3940 (19) "Surface coal mining and reclamation operations" mean surface mining operations
3941 and all activities necessary and incident to the reclamation of these operations after the
3942 effective date of this chapter.

3943

(20) "Surface coal mining operations" mean:

3944 (a) Activities conducted on the surface of lands in connection with a surface coal mine 3945 or subject to the requirements of Section 40-10-18, surface operations and surface impacts 3946 incident to an underground coal mine, the products of which enter commerce or the operations 3947 of which directly or indirectly affect interstate commerce. These activities include excavation 3948 for the purpose of obtaining coal, including such common methods as contour, strip, auger, 3949 mountaintop removal box cut, open pit, and area mining, the uses of explosives and blasting, 3950 and in situ distillation or retorting, leaching or other chemical or physical processing, and the 3951 cleaning, concentrating, or other processing or preparation, loading of coal for interstate 3952 commerce at or near the mine site; but these activities do not include the extraction of coal 3953 incidental to the extraction of other minerals where coal does not exceed 16-2/3% of the 3954 tonnage of minerals removed for purposes of commercial use or sale or coal explorations 3955 subject to Section 40-10-8.

3956 (b) The areas upon which the activities occur or where the activities disturb the natural 3957 land surface. These areas shall also include any adjacent land the use of which is incidental to 3958 the activities, all lands affected by the construction of new roads or the improvement or use of 3959 existing roads to gain access to the site of the activities and for haulage and excavations, 3960 workings, impoundments, dams, ventilation shafts, entryways, refuse banks, dumps, stockpiles, overburden piles, spoil banks, culm banks, tailings, holes or depressions, repair areas, storage 3961 3962 areas, processing areas, shipping areas, and other areas upon which are sited structures, 3963 facilities, or other property or materials on the surface resulting from or incident to the 3964 activities.

3965	(21) "Unanticipated event or condition" means an event or condition encountered in a
3966	remining operation that was not contemplated by the applicable surface coal mining and
3967	reclamation permit.
3968	(22) "Unwarranted failure to comply" means the failure of a permittee to prevent the
3969	occurrence of any violation of his permit or any requirement of this chapter due to indifference,
3970	lack of diligence, or lack of reasonable care, or the failure to abate any violation of the permit
3971	or this chapter due to indifference, lack of diligence, or lack of reasonable care.
3972	Section 82. Section 41-6a-1644 is amended to read:
3973	41-6a-1644. Diesel emissions program Implementation Monitoring
3974	Exemptions.
3975	(1) The legislative body of each county required by the comprehensive plan for air
3976	pollution control developed by the Air Quality Board under Subsection 19-2-104(3)(e) to use
3977	an emissions opacity inspection and maintenance program for diesel-powered motor vehicles
3978	shall:
3979	(a) make regulations or ordinances to implement and enforce the requirement
3980	established by the Air Quality Board;
3981	(b) collect information about and monitor the program; and
3982	(c) by August 1 of each year, supply written information to the Department of
3983	[Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment to identify program status.
3984	(2) The following vehicles are exempt from an emissions opacity inspection and
3985	maintenance program for diesel-powered motor vehicles established by a legislative body of a
3986	county under Subsection (1):
3987	(a) an implement of husbandry; and
3988	(b) a motor vehicle that:
3989	(i) meets the definition of a farm truck under Section 41-1a-102; and
3990	(ii) has a gross vehicle weight rating of 12,001 pounds or more.
3991	(3) (a) The legislative body of a county identified in Subsection (1) shall exempt a
3992	pickup truck, as defined in Section 41-1a-102, with a gross vehicle weight of 12,000 pounds or
3993	less from the emissions opacity inspection and maintenance program requirements of this
3994	section, if the registered owner of the pickup truck provides a signed statement to the
3995	legislative body stating the truck is used:

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3996	(i) by the owner or operator of a farm located on property that qualifies as land in
3997	agricultural use under Sections 59-2-502 and 59-2-503; and
3998	(ii) exclusively for the following purposes in operating the farm:
3999	(A) for the transportation of farm products, including livestock and its products,
4000	poultry and its products, and floricultural and horticultural products; and
4001	(B) for the transportation of farm supplies, including tile, fence, and every other thing
4002	or commodity used in agricultural, floricultural, horticultural, livestock, and poultry production
4003	and maintenance.
4004	(b) The county shall provide to the registered owner who signs and submits a signed
4005	statement under this section a certificate of exemption from emissions opacity inspection and
4006	maintenance program requirements for purposes of registering the exempt vehicle.
4007	Section 83. Section 46-4-503 is amended to read:
4008	46-4-503. Government products and services provided electronically.
4009	(1) Notwithstanding Section 46-4-501, a state governmental agency that administers
4010	one or more of the following transactions shall allow those transactions to be conducted
4011	electronically:
4012	(a) an application for or renewal of a professional or occupational license issued under
4013	Title 58, Occupations and Professions;
4014	(b) the renewal of a drivers license;
4015	(c) an application for a hunting or fishing license;
4016	(d) the filing of:
4017	(i) a return under Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act or 12, Sales and Use
4018	Tax Act;
4019	(ii) a court document, as defined by the Judicial Council; or
4020	(iii) a document under Title 70A, Uniform Commercial Code;
4021	(e) a registration for:
4022	(i) a product; or
4023	(ii) a brand;
4024	(f) a renewal of a registration of a motor vehicle;
4025	(g) a registration under:
4026	(i) Title 16, Corporations;

4027	(ii) Title 42, Names; or
4028	(iii) Title 48, Partnership; or
4029	(h) submission of an application for benefits:
4030	(i) under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;
4031	(ii) under Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act; or
4032	(iii) related to accident and health insurance.
4033	(2) The state system of public education, in coordination with the Utah Education
4034	Network, shall make reasonable progress toward making the following services available
4035	electronically:
4036	(a) secure access by parents and students to student grades and progress reports;
4037	(b) e-mail communications with:
4038	(i) teachers;
4039	(ii) parent-teacher associations; and
4040	(iii) school administrators;
4041	(c) access to school calendars and schedules; and
4042	(d) teaching resources that may include:
4043	(i) teaching plans;
4044	(ii) curriculum guides; and
4045	(iii) media resources.
4046	(3) A state governmental agency shall:
4047	(a) in carrying out the requirements of this section, take reasonable steps to ensure the
4048	security and privacy of records that are private or controlled as defined by Title 63G, Chapter 2,
4049	Government Records Access and Management Act;
4050	(b) in addition to those transactions listed in Subsections (1) and (2), determine any
4051	additional services that may be made available to the public through electronic means; and
4052	(c) as part of the agency's information technology plan required by Section 63F-1-204,
4053	report on the progress of compliance with Subsections (1) through (3).
4054	(4) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part, a state governmental agency is
4055	not required by this part to conduct a transaction electronically if:
4056	(a) conducting the transaction electronically is not required by federal law; and
4057	(b) conducting the transaction electronically is:

4058	(i) impractical;
4059	(ii) unreasonable; or
4060	(iii) not permitted by laws pertaining to privacy or security.
4061	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5), "one-stop shop" means the consolidation of
4062	access to diverse services and agencies at one location including virtual colocation.
4063	(b) State agencies that provide services or offer direct assistance to the business
4064	community shall participate in the establishment, maintenance, and enhancement of an
4065	integrated Utah business web portal known as Business.utah.gov. The purpose of the business
4066	web portal is to provide "one-stop shop" assistance to businesses.
4067	(c) State agencies shall partner with other governmental and nonprofit agencies whose
4068	primary mission is to provide services or offer direct assistance to the business community in
4069	Utah in fulfilling the requirements of this section.
4070	(d) The following state entities shall comply with the provisions of this Subsection (5):
4071	(i) Governor's Office of Economic Development, which shall serve as the managing
4072	partner for the website;
4073	(ii) Department of Workforce Services;
4074	(iii) Department of Commerce;
4075	(iv) Tax Commission;
4076	(v) Department of Administrative Services - Division of Purchasing and General
4077	Services, including other state agencies operating under a grant of authority from the division
4078	to procure goods and services in excess of \$5,000;
4079	(vi) Department of Agriculture;
4080	(vii) Department of Natural Resources and Environment; and
4081	(viii) other state agencies that provide services or offer direct assistance to the business
4082	sector.
4083	(e) The business services available on the business web portal may include:
4084	(i) business life cycle information;
4085	(ii) business searches;
4086	(iii) employment needs and opportunities;
4087	(iv) motor vehicle registration;
4088	(v) permit applications and renewal;

4089	(vi) tax information;
4090	(vii) government procurement bid notifications;
4091	(viii) general business information;
4092	(ix) business directories; and
4093	(x) business news.
4094	Section 84. Section 53-2-110 is amended to read:
4095	53-2-110. Energy emergency plan.
4096	(1) The division shall develop an energy emergency plan consistent with Title 63K,
4097	Chapter 2, Energy Emergency Powers of Governor.
4098	(2) In developing the energy emergency plan, the division shall coordinate with:
4099	(a) the Division of Public Utilities;
4100	(b) the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining;] Energy:
4101	(c) the Division of Air Quality; and
4102	(d) the Department of Agriculture and Food with regard to weights and measures.
4103	(3) The energy emergency plan shall:
4104	(a) designate the division as the entity that will coordinate the implementation of the
4105	energy emergency plan;
4106	(b) provide for annual review of the energy emergency plan;
4107	(c) provide for cooperation with public utilities and other relevant private sector
4108	persons;
4109	(d) provide a procedure for maintaining a current list of contact persons required under
4110	the energy emergency plan; and
4111	(e) provide that the energy emergency plan may only be implemented if the governor
4112	declares:
4113	(i) a state of emergency as provided in Title 63K, Chapter $[2]$ 4, Disaster Response and
4114	Recovery <u>Act;</u> or
4115	(ii) a state of emergency related to energy as provided in Title 63K, Chapter 2, Energy
4116	Emergency Powers of <u>the</u> Governor <u>Act</u> .
4117	(4) If an event requires the implementation of the energy emergency plan, the division
4118	shall report on that event and the implementation of the energy emergency plan to:
4119	(a) the governor; and

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4120	(b) the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee.
4121	(5) If the energy emergency plan includes a procedure for obtaining information, the
4122	energy emergency plan shall incorporate reporting procedures that conform to existing
4123	requirements of federal, state, and local regulatory authorities wherever possible.
4124	Section 85. Section 53-13-103 is amended to read:
4125	53-13-103. Law enforcement officer.
4126	(1) (a) "Law enforcement officer" means a sworn and certified peace officer who is an
4127	employee of a law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state or any of its
4128	political subdivisions, and whose primary and principal duties consist of the prevention and
4129	detection of crime and the enforcement of criminal statutes or ordinances of this state or any of
4130	its political subdivisions.
4131	(b) "Law enforcement officer" specifically includes the following:
4132	(i) any sheriff or deputy sheriff, chief of police, police officer, or marshal of any
4133	county, city, or town;
4134	(ii) the commissioner of public safety and any member of the Department of Public
4135	Safety certified as a peace officer;
4136	(iii) all persons specified in Sections 23-20-1.5 and 79-4-501;
4137	(iv) any police officer employed by any college or university;
4138	(v) investigators for the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division;
4139	(vi) special agents or investigators employed by the attorney general, district attorneys,
4140	and county attorneys;
4141	(vii) employees of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment designated
4142	as peace officers by law;
4143	(viii) school district police officers as designated by the board of education for the
4144	school district;
4145	(ix) the executive director of the Department of Corrections and any correctional
4146	enforcement or investigative officer designated by the executive director and approved by the
4147	commissioner of public safety and certified by the division;
4148	(x) correctional enforcement, investigative, or adult probation and parole officers
4149	employed by the Department of Corrections serving on or before July 1, 1993;
4150	(xi) members of a law enforcement agency established by a private college or

4151 university provided that the college or university has been certified by the commissioner of 4152 public safety according to rules of the Department of Public Safety; 4153 (xii) airport police officers of any airport owned or operated by the state or any of its 4154 political subdivisions; and 4155 (xiii) transit police officers designated under Section 17B-2a-823. (2) Law enforcement officers may serve criminal process and arrest violators of any 4156 4157 law of this state and have the right to require aid in executing their lawful duties. 4158 (3) (a) A law enforcement officer has statewide full-spectrum peace officer authority. 4159 but the authority extends to other counties, cities, or towns only when the officer is acting 4160 under Title 77, Chapter 9, Uniform Act on Fresh Pursuit, unless the law enforcement officer is 4161 employed by the state. 4162 (b) (i) A local law enforcement agency may limit the jurisdiction in which its law 4163 enforcement officers may exercise their peace officer authority to a certain geographic area. 4164 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i), a law enforcement officer may exercise his 4165 authority outside of the limited geographic area, pursuant to Title 77, Chapter 9, Uniform Act 4166 on Fresh Pursuit, if the officer is pursuing an offender for an offense that occurred within the 4167 limited geographic area. 4168 (c) The authority of law enforcement officers employed by the Department of 4169 Corrections is regulated by Title 64, Chapter 13, Department of Corrections-State Prison. 4170 (4) A law enforcement officer shall, prior to exercising peace officer authority, 4171 satisfactorily complete: 4172 (a) the basic course at a certified law enforcement officer training academy or pass a 4173 certification examination as provided in Section 53-6-206, and be certified; and 4174 (b) annual certified training of at least 40 hours per year as directed by the director of the division, with the advice and consent of the council. 4175 4176 Section 86. Section 53-13-105 is amended to read: 4177 53-13-105. Special function officer. 4178 (1) (a) "Special function officer" means a sworn and certified peace officer performing 4179 specialized investigations, service of legal process, security functions, or specialized ordinance, rule, or regulatory functions. 4180 4181 (b) "Special function officer" includes:

4182	(i) state military police;
4183	(ii) constables;
4184	(iii) port-of-entry agents as defined in Section 72-1-102;
4185	(iv) authorized employees or agents of the Department of Transportation assigned to
4186	administer and enforce the provisions of Title 72, Chapter 9, Motor Carrier Safety Act;
4187	(v) school district security officers;
4188	(vi) Utah State Hospital security officers designated pursuant to Section 62A-15-603;
4189	(vii) Utah State Developmental Center security officers designated pursuant to
4190	Subsection 62A-5-206(9);
4191	(viii) fire arson investigators for any political subdivision of the state;
4192	(ix) ordinance enforcement officers employed by municipalities or counties may be
4193	special function officers;
4194	(x) employees of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment who have
4195	been designated to conduct supplemental enforcement functions as a collateral duty;
4196	(xi) railroad special agents deputized by a county sheriff under Section 17-30-2, or
4197	appointed pursuant to Section 56-1-21.5;
4198	(xii) auxiliary officers, as described by Section 53-13-112;
4199	(xiii) special agents, process servers, and investigators employed by city attorneys;
4200	(xiv) criminal tax investigators designated under Section 59-1-206; and
4201	(xv) all other persons designated by statute as having special function officer authority
4202	or limited peace officer authority.
4203	(2) (a) A special function officer may exercise that spectrum of peace officer authority
4204	that has been designated by statute to the employing agency, and only while on duty, and not
4205	for the purpose of general law enforcement.
4206	(b) If the special function officer is charged with security functions respecting facilities
4207	or property, the powers may be exercised only in connection with acts occurring on the
4208	property where the officer is employed or when required for the protection of the employer's
4209	interest, property, or employees.
4210	(c) A special function officer may carry firearms only while on duty, and only if
4211	authorized and under conditions specified by the officer's employer or chief administrator.
4212	(3) (a) A special function officer may not exercise the authority of a peace officer until:

4213	(i) the officer has satisfactorily completed an approved basic training program for
4214	special function officers as provided under Subsection (4); and
4215	(ii) the chief law enforcement officer or administrator has certified this fact to the
4216	director of the division.
4217	(b) City and county constables and their deputies shall certify their completion of
4218	training to the legislative governing body of the city or county they serve.
4219	(4) (a) The agency that the special function officer serves may establish and maintain a
4220	basic special function course and in-service training programs as approved by the director of
4221	the division with the advice and consent of the council.
4222	(b) The in-service training shall consist of no fewer than 40 hours per year and may be
4223	conducted by the agency's own staff or by other agencies.
4224	Section 87. Section 53C-1-203 is amended to read:
4225	53C-1-203. Board of trustees nominating committee Composition
4226	Responsibilities Per diem and expenses.
4227	(1) There is established an 11 member board of trustees nominating committee.
4228	(2) (a) The State Board of Education shall appoint five members to the nominating
4229	committee from different geographical areas of the state.
4230	(b) The governor shall appoint five members to the nominating committee as follows:
4231	(i) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names of individuals
4232	knowledgeable about institutional trust lands submitted by the University of Utah and Utah
4233	State University on an alternating basis every four years;
4234	(ii) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the
4235	livestock industry;
4236	(iii) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the Utah
4237	Petroleum Association;
4238	(iv) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the Utah
4239	Mining Association; and
4240	(v) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the
4241	executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment after consultation
4242	with statewide wildlife and conservation organizations.
4243	(c) The president of the Utah Association of Counties shall designate the chair of the

4244	Public Lands Steering Committee, who must be an elected county commissioner or councilor,
4245	to serve as the eleventh member of the nominating committee.
4246	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), each member shall serve a four-year
4247	term.
4248	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the state board and the
4249	governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to
4250	ensure that the terms of committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the
4251	committee is appointed every two years.
4252	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
4253	appointed for the unexpired term.
4254	(4) The nominating committee shall select a chair from its membership by majority
4255	vote.
4256	(5) (a) The nominating committee shall nominate at least two candidates for each
4257	position or vacancy which occurs on the board of trustees except for the governor's appointee
4258	under Subsection 53C-1-202(5).
4259	(b) The nominations shall be by majority vote of the committee.
4260	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
4261	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
4262	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4263	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4264	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
4265	63A-3-107.
4266	Section 88. Section 57-25-102 is amended to read:
4267	57-25-102. Definitions.
4268	As used in this chapter:
4269	(1) "Activity and use limitations" means restrictions or obligations created under this
4270	chapter with respect to real property.
4271	(2) "Agency" means the [Utah] Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural
4272	Resources and Environment or other state or federal agency that determines or approves the
4273	environmental response project under which the environmental covenant is created.
4274	(3) "Common interest community" means a condominium, cooperative, or other real

4275 property with respect to which a person, by virtue of the person's ownership of a parcel of real 4276 property, is obligated to pay property taxes or insurance premiums, or for maintenance, or 4277 improvement of other real property described in a recorded covenant that creates the common 4278 interest community. 4279 (4) "Environmental covenant" means a servitude arising under an environmental 4280 response project that imposes activity and use limitations. 4281 (5) "Environmental response project" means a plan, risk assessment, or work 4282 performed for environmental remediation of real property or surface and groundwater on or 4283 beneath the real property and conducted: (a) under a federal or state program governing environmental remediation of real 4284 4285 property, including under Title 19, Environmental Quality Code; 4286 (b) incident to closure of a solid or hazardous waste management unit, if the closure is 4287 conducted with approval of an agency; or 4288 (c) under the state voluntary clean-up program authorized in Title 19, Chapter 8, 4289 Voluntary Cleanup Program. 4290 (6) "Holder" means the grantee of an environmental covenant as specified in 4291 Subsection 57-25-103(1). 4292 (7) "Jurisdiction" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto 4293 Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 4294 jurisdiction of the United States. 4295 (8) "Record," used as a noun, means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium 4296 or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form. 4297 Section 89. Section 57-25-110 is amended to read: 4298 57-25-110. Amendment or termination by consent. 4299 (1) An environmental covenant may be amended or terminated by consent only if the 4300 amendment or termination is signed by: 4301 (a) the agency; 4302 (b) unless waived by the agency, the current owner of the fee simple of the real 4303 property subject to the covenant; 4304 (c) each person that originally signed the covenant, unless: 4305 (i) the person waived in a signed record the right to consent;

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4306	(ii) the executive director of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural
4307	Resources and Environment finds that the person:
4308	(A) no longer exists;
4309	(B) is not legally competent to sign the amendment or termination; or
4310	(C) cannot be located or identified with the exercise of reasonable diligence; or
4311	(iii) a court finds that the person no longer exists or cannot be located or identified with
4312	the exercise of reasonable diligence; and
4313	(d) except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4)(b), the holder.
4314	(2) If an interest in real property is subject to an environmental covenant, the interest is
4315	not affected by an amendment of the covenant unless the current owner of the interest consents
4316	to the amendment or has waived in a signed record the right to consent to amendments.
4317	(3) Except for an assignment undertaken under a governmental reorganization,
4318	assignment of an environmental covenant to a new holder is an amendment.
4319	(4) Except as otherwise provided in an environmental covenant:
4320	(a) a holder may not assign its interest without consent of the other parties; and
4321	(b) a holder may be removed and replaced by agreement of the other parties specified
4322	in Subsection (1).
4323	(5) A court of competent jurisdiction may fill a vacancy in the position of holder.
4324	(6) A person required by Subsection (1) to sign the amendment or termination may
4325	authorize in writing another person to sign the amendment or termination on the person's
4326	behalf.
4327	Section 90. Section 59-5-101 is amended to read:
4328	59-5-101. Definitions.
4329	As used in this part:
4330	(1) "Board" means the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created in Section 40-6-4.
4331	(2) "Coal-to-liquid" means the process of converting coal into a liquid synthetic fuel.
4332	(3) "Condensate" means those hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, that occur naturally
4333	in the gaseous phase in the reservoir that are separated from the natural gas as liquids through
4334	the process of condensation either in the reservoir, in the wellbore, or at the surface in field
4335	separators.
4336	(4) "Crude oil" means those hydrocarbons, regardless of gravity, that occur naturally in

4337	the liquid phase in the reservoir and are produced and recovered at the wellhead in liquid form.
4338	(5) "Development well" means any oil and gas producing well other than a wildcat
4339	well.
4340	(6) "Division" means the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy established under
4341	Title 40, Chapter 6, Division of Energy and Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining.
4342	(7) "Enhanced recovery project" means:
4343	(a) the injection of liquids or hydrocarbon or nonhydrocarbon gases directly into a
4344	reservoir for the purpose of:
4345	(i) augmenting reservoir energy;
4346	(ii) modifying the properties of the fluids or gases in a reservoir; or
4347	(iii) changing the reservoir conditions to increase the recoverable oil, gas, or oil and
4348	gas through the joint use of two or more well bores; and
4349	(b) a project initially approved by the board as a new or expanded enhanced recovery
4350	project on or after January 1, 1996.
4351	(8) (a) "Gas" means:
4352	(i) natural gas;
4353	(ii) natural gas liquids; or
4354	(iii) any mixture of natural gas and natural gas liquids.
4355	(b) "Gas" does not include solid hydrocarbons.
4356	(9) "Incremental production" means that part of production, certified by the Division of
4357	[Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy, which is achieved from an enhanced recovery project that
4358	would not have economically occurred under the reservoir conditions existing before the
4359	project and that has been approved by the division as incremental production.
4360	(10) "Natural gas" means those hydrocarbons, other than oil and other than natural gas
4361	liquids separated from natural gas, that occur naturally in the gaseous phase in the reservoir and
4362	are produced and recovered at the wellhead in gaseous form.
4363	(11) "Natural gas liquids" means those hydrocarbons initially in reservoir natural gas,
4364	regardless of gravity, that are separated in gas processing plants from the natural gas as liquids
4365	at the surface through the process of condensation, absorption, adsorption, or other methods.
4366	(12) (a) "Oil" means:
4367	(i) crude oil;

4368	(ii) condensate; or
4369	(iii) any mixture of crude oil and condensate.
4370	(b) "Oil" does not include solid hydrocarbons.
4371	(13) "Oil or gas field" means a geographical area overlying oil or gas structures. The
4372	boundaries of oil or gas fields shall conform with the boundaries as fixed by the Board of Oil,
4373	Gas, and Mining and Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy under Title 40, Chapter 6,
4374	[Board and Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining] Division of Energy and Board of Oil, Gas, and
4375	Mining.
4376	(14) "Oil shale" means a group of fine black to dark brown shales containing
4377	bituminous material that yields petroleum upon distillation.
4378	(15) "Operator" means any person engaged in the business of operating an oil or gas
4379	well, regardless of whether the person is:
4380	(a) a working interest owner;
4381	(b) an independent contractor; or
4382	(c) acting in a capacity similar to Subsection (15)(a) or (b) as determined by the
4383	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
4384	Rulemaking Act.
4385	(16) "Owner" means any person having a working interest, royalty interest, payment
4386	out of production, or any other interest in the oil or gas produced or extracted from an oil or gas
4387	well in the state, or in the proceeds of this production.
4388	(17) (a) Subject to Subsections (17)(b) and (c), "processing costs" means the
4389	reasonable actual costs of processing oil or gas to remove:
4390	(i) natural gas liquids; or
4391	(ii) contaminants.
4392	(b) If processing costs are determined on the basis of an arm's-length contract,
4393	processing costs are the actual costs.
4394	(c) (i) If processing costs are determined on a basis other than an arm's-length contract,
4395	processing costs are those reasonable costs associated with:
4396	(A) actual operating and maintenance expenses, including oil or gas used or consumed
4397	in processing;
4398	(B) overhead directly attributable and allocable to the operation and maintenance; and

4399	(C) (I) depreciation and a return on undepreciated capital investment; or
4400	(II) a cost equal to a return on the investment in the processing facilities as determined
4401	by the commission.
4402	(ii) Subsection (17)(c)(i) includes situations where the producer performs the
4403	processing for the producer's product.
4404	(18) "Producer" means any working interest owner in any lands in any oil or gas field
4405	from which gas or oil is produced.
4406	(19) "Recompletion" means any downhole operation that is:
4407	(a) conducted to reestablish the producibility or serviceability of a well in any geologic
4408	interval; and
4409	(b) approved by the division as a recompletion.
4410	(20) "Research and development" means the process of inquiry or experimentation
4411	aimed at the discovery of facts, devices, technologies, or applications and the process of
4412	preparing those devices, technologies, or applications for marketing.
4413	(21) "Royalty interest owner" means the owner of an interest in oil or gas, or in the
4414	proceeds of production from the oil or gas who does not have the obligation to share in the
4415	expenses of developing and operating the property.
4416	(22) "Solid hydrocarbons" means:
4417	(a) coal;
4418	(b) gilsonite;
4419	(c) ozocerite;
4420	(d) elaterite;
4421	(e) oil shale;
4422	(f) tar sands; and
4423	(g) all other hydrocarbon substances that occur naturally in solid form.
4424	(23) "Stripper well" means:
4425	(a) an oil well whose average daily production for the days the well has produced has
4426	been 20 barrels or less of crude oil a day during any consecutive 12-month period; or
4427	(b) a gas well whose average daily production for the days the well has produced has
4428	been 60 MCF or less of natural gas a day during any consecutive 90-day period.
4429	(24) "Tar sands" means impregnated sands that yield mixtures of liquid hydrocarbon

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4430	and require further processing other than mechanical blending before becoming finished
4430 4431	
	petroleum products.
4432	(25) (a) Subject to Subsections (25)(b) and (c), "transportation costs" means the
4433	reasonable actual costs of transporting oil or gas products from the well to the point of sale.
4434	(b) If transportation costs are determined on the basis of an arm's-length contract,
4435	transportation costs are the actual costs.
4436	(c) (i) If transportation costs are determined on a basis other than an arm's-length
4437	contract, transportation costs are those reasonable costs associated with:
4438	(A) actual operating and maintenance expenses, including fuel used or consumed in
4439	transporting the oil or gas;
4440	(B) overhead costs directly attributable and allocable to the operation and maintenance;
4441	and
4442	(C) depreciation and a return on undepreciated capital investment.
4443	(ii) Subsection (25)(c)(i) includes situations where the producer performs the
4444	transportation for the producer's product.
4445	(d) Regardless of whether transportation costs are determined on the basis of an
4446	arm's-length contract or a basis other than an arm's-length contract, transportation costs
4447	include:
4448	(i) carbon dioxide removal;
4449	(ii) compression;
4450	(iii) dehydration;
4451	(iv) gathering;
4452	(v) separating;
4453	(vi) treating; or
4454	(vii) a process similar to Subsections (25)(d)(i) through (vi), as determined by the
4455	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
4456	Rulemaking Act.
4457	(26) "Tribe" means the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation.
4458	(27) "Well or wells" means any extractive means from which oil or gas is produced or
4459	extracted, located within an oil or gas field, and operated by one person.
4460	(28) "Wildcat well" means an oil and gas producing well which is drilled and
1100	(20) Wheele were means an on and Sus producing were when is armed and

4461	completed in a pool, as defined under Section 40-6-2, in which a well has not been previously
4462	completed as a well capable of producing in commercial quantities.
4463	(29) "Working interest owner" means the owner of an interest in oil or gas burdened
4464	with a share of the expenses of developing and operating the property.
4465	(30) (a) "Workover" means any downhole operation that is:
4466	(i) conducted to sustain, restore, or increase the producibility or serviceability of a well
4467	in the geologic intervals in which the well is currently completed; and
4468	(ii) approved by the division as a workover.
4469	(b) "Workover" does not include operations that are conducted primarily as routine
4470	maintenance or to replace worn or damaged equipment.
4471	Section 91. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
4472	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
4473	tax revenues.
4474	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part for amounts paid or
4475	charged for the following transactions:
4476	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
4477	(b) amounts paid for:
4478	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
4479	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
4480	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
4481	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
4482	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
4483	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
4484	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
4485	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
4486	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
4487	(i) gas;
4488	(ii) electricity;
4489	(iii) heat;
4490	(iv) coal;
4491	(v) fuel oil; or

4492	(vi) other fuels;
4493	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
4494	(i) gas;
4495	(ii) electricity;
4496	(iii) heat;
4497	(iv) coal;
4498	(v) fuel oil; or
4499	(vi) other fuels;
4500	(e) sales of prepared food;
4501	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
4502	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
4503	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
4504	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
4505	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
4506	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
4507	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
4508	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
4509	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
4510	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
4511	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
4512	(i) the tangible personal property; and
4513	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
4514	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), whether or not any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations
4515	of that tangible personal property;
4516	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
4517	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
4518	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
4519	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
4520	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
4521	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
4522	this state the tangible personal property is:

4523	(i) stored;
4524	(ii) used; or
4525	(iii) otherwise consumed;
4526	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
4527	tangible personal property is:
4528	(i) stored;
4529	(ii) used; or
4530	(iii) consumed; and
4531	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
4532	(i) (A) of a product that:
4533	(I) is transferred electronically; and
4534	(II) would be subject to a tax under this chapter if the product was transferred in a
4535	manner other than electronically; or
4536	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product that:
4537	(I) is transferred electronically; and
4538	(II) would be subject to a tax under this chapter if the product was transferred in a
4539	manner other than electronically; and
4540	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
4541	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
4542	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
4543	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
4544	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
4545	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (e), a state tax and a local tax
4546	is imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
4547	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
4548	(A) 4.70%; and
4549	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
4550	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
4551	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
4552	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4553	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales

4554	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
4555	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
4556	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4557	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
4558	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
4559	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
4560	on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
4561	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
4562	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
4563	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
4564	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
4565	on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
4566	(i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at
4567	a tax rate of 1.75%; and
4568	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
4569	amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
4570	(d) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and
4571	tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is
4572	imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
4573	(A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
4574	(I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
4575	(II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State
4576	Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections
4577	59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18,
4578	Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4579	(Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State
4580	Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections
4581	59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which
4582	the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4583	(B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates
4584	described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).

4585 (ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iii), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled
4586 transaction described in Subsection (2)(d)(i):

(A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal
property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible
personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the
entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:

(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible
personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the
books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or

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(II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or

4595 (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of 4596 tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter 4597 at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the 4598 higher tax rate unless:

(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible
personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower
tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or

4602 (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.

4603 (iii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the
4604 seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular
4605 course of business for nontax purposes.

4606 (e) Subject to Subsections (2)(f) and (g), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax4607 rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:

- 4608 (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 4609 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 4610 (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 4611 (iv) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).

4612 (f) (i) A tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that
4613 begins after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction
4614 begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:

4615 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

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4616	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4617	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
4618	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4619	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
4620	billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate
4621	decrease if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of
4622	the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
4623	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
4624	(B) Subsection $(2)(b)(i)$;
4625	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
4626	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4627	(g) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(g)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale
4628	is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal
4629	or change in a tax rate takes effect:
4630	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
4631	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
4632	(ii) Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
4633	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
4634	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4635	(C) Subsection $(2)(c)(i)$; or
4636	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4637	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4638	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
4639	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
4640	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4641	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4642	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
4643	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
4644	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
4645	in this chapter:
4646	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);

4647	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
4648	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
4649	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B).
4650	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
4651	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be used as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
4652	through (g):
4653	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
4654	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
4655	(B) for the fiscal year; or
4656	(ii) \$17,500,000.
4657	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
4658	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
4659	Department of Natural Resources and Environment to:
4660	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
4661	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
4662	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
4663	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
4664	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
4665	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources and Environment under
4666	Subsection (4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or
4667	any other person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under
4668	the Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
4669	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
4670	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
4671	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
4672	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
4673	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
4674	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
4675	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
4676	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
4677	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund

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4678 created in Section 4-18-6.

- (d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water
 [Rights] <u>Resources</u> to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the
- 4682 adjudication of water rights.

4683 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year:

4684 (A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
4685 Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;

4686 (B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
4687 Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and

4688 (C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
4689 Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.

(e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described
in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Water Resources Conservation and Development
Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.

(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and
Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and
Development Fund may also be used to:

(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water
Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of
quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an
area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and
accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;

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(B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and

4702 (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the4703 hiring of technical and legal staff.

(f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount
created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.

4707 (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described
4708 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount

4709	created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of [Drinking Water] Water Resources to:
4710	(i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and
4711	distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
4712	(ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
4713	(iii) develop surface water sources.
4714	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
4715	2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this
4716	Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
4717	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the
4718	fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
4719	(ii) \$17,500,000.
4720	(b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
4721	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources and
4722	Environment as dedicated credits; and
4723	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources and Environment for watershed
4724	rehabilitation or restoration.
4725	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
4726	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
4727	created in Section 73-10-24.
4728	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
4729	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
4730	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated
4731	credits; and
4732	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
4733	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
4734	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
4735	in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
4736	created in Section 73-10-24.
4737	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 94% of the
4738	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
4739	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the

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4740 Division of Water Resources for: 4741 (i) preconstruction costs: 4742 (A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 4743 26, Bear River Development Act; and 4744 (B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project 4745 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; (ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73, 4746 4747 Chapter 26. Bear River Development Act: 4748 (iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project 4749 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and 4750 (iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, 73-10-30, and 4751 Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii). 4752 (e) Any unexpended [monies] money described in Subsection (5)(d) that remain in the 4753 Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund at the end of the fiscal year are 4754 nonlapsing. 4755 (f) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to 4756 Subsection (5)(g), 6% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be 4757 transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water [Rights] Resources to cover 4758 the costs incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water 4759 rights. 4760 (g) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in 4761 Subsection (5)(f) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development 4762 Fund created in Section 73-10-24. 4763 (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 4764 2003, and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16%4765 tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited in 4766 the Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102. 4767 (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and until Subsection (7)(b) applies, 4768 beginning on January 1, 2000, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial 4769 Highway Fund Restricted Account created in Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed 4770 under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable

4771 transactions under Subsection (1).

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), when the highway general obligation bonds
have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are intended to be paid from
revenues deposited in the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the
Executive Appropriations Committee under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the Division of
Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section
72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated
by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable transactions under Subsection (1).

(8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to the amount deposited in
Subsection (7)(a), for the 2010-11 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit into
the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account created by Section 72-2-118 a portion of the
taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 1.93% of the revenues collected from the
following taxes, which represents a portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax
revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:

- 4785
- (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 4786 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 4787 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 4788

(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amount deposited in
Subsection (7)(a), and until Subsection (8)(c) applies, for a fiscal year beginning on or after
July 1, 2011, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund
Restricted Account created by Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection
(3)(a) equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a
portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales
and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:

- 4796
- 4797 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

- 4798 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 4799 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).

4800 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to the amounts deposited under4801 Subsection (7)(b), when the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the

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highway projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the
Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations
Committee under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the
Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes
listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes,
which represents a portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated
annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:

- 4809
 - (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 4810 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 4811 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 4812 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).

(9) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for the fiscal year 2008-09 only, the
Division of Finance shall deposit \$55,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed
under Subsection (3)(a) into the Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and until Subsection (9)(c) applies, for a fiscal
year beginning on or after July 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall annually deposit
\$90,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the
Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125.

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to any amounts deposited under
Subsections (7) and (8), when the general obligation bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101
have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are included in the prioritized
project list under Subsection 72-2-125(4) as determined in accordance with Subsection
72-2-125(6), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit \$90,000,000 of the revenues
generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund
of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.

4827 (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year
4828 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund
4829 created by Section 9-4-1409 and expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.

(11) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection
(11)(a)(ii), and until Subsection (11)(b) applies, beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of
Finance shall deposit into the Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125 the

4833 amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in4834 Subsection (1).

(ii) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a)(i), the Division of Finance may not deposit into
the Critical Highway Needs Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for
food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction
attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and
food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).

4840 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (11)(b)(ii), 4841 and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (7), (9), and (10), when the general 4842 obligation bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 have been paid off and the highway 4843 projects completed that are included in the prioritized project list under Subsection 72-2-125(4) 4844 as determined in accordance with Subsection 72-2-125(6), the Division of Finance shall 4845 deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the 4846 amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in 4847 Subsection (1).

4848 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (11)(b)(i), the Division of Finance may not deposit into
4849 the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or
4850 charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled
4851 transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than
4852 food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).

(12) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and except as provided in Subsection
(12)(b), beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the
Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102 the amount of tax revenue generated by a
.025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) to be expended to address
chokepoints in construction management.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (12)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into
the Transportation Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and
food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food
and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients
described in Subsection (2)(e).

4863 Section 92. Section **59-23-4** is amended to read:

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4864	59-23-4. Brine shrimp royalty Royalty rate Commission to prepare billing
4865	statement Deposit of revenue.
4866	(1) A person shall pay for each tax year a brine shrimp royalty of 3.75 cents multiplied
4867	by the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs that the person harvests within
4868	the state during the tax year.
4869	(2) (a) A person that harvests unprocessed brine shrimp eggs shall report to the
4870	Department of Natural Resources and Environment the total number of pounds of unprocessed
4871	brine shrimp eggs harvested by that person for that tax year on or before the February 15
4872	immediately following the last day of that tax year.
4873	(b) The Department of Natural Resources and Environment shall provide the following
4874	information to the commission on or before the March 1 immediately following the last day of
4875	a tax year:
4876	(i) the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs harvested for that tax
4877	year; and
4878	(ii) for each person that harvested unprocessed brine shrimp eggs for that tax year:
4879	(A) the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs harvested by that
4880	person for that tax year; and
4881	(B) a current billing address for that person; and
4882	(iii) any additional information required by the commission.
4883	(c) (i) The commission shall prepare and mail a billing statement to each person that
4884	harvested unprocessed brine shrimp eggs in a tax year by the March 30 immediately following
4885	the last day of a tax year.
4886	(ii) The billing statement under Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall specify:
4887	(A) the total number of pounds of unprocessed brine shrimp eggs harvested by that
4888	person for that tax year;
4889	(B) the brine shrimp royalty that the person owes; and
4890	(C) the date that the brine shrimp royalty payment is due as provided in Section
4891	59-23-5.
4892	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4893	commission may make rules prescribing the information required under Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
4894	(3) Revenue generated by the brine shrimp royalty shall be deposited in the Species

4895	Protection Account created in Section 79-2-303.
4896	(4) Beginning with the 2004 interim, the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee:
4897	(a) shall review the brine shrimp royalty imposed under this section at least every five
4898	years;
4899	(b) shall determine on or before the November interim meeting of the year in which the
4900	Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee reviews the brine shrimp royalty imposed under this
4901	section whether the brine shrimp royalty should be continued, modified, or repealed; and
4902	(c) may review any other issue related to the brine shrimp royalty imposed under this
4903	part.
4904	Section 93. Section 63A-5-204 is amended to read:
4905	63A-5-204. Specific powers and duties of director.
4906	(1) As used in this section, "capitol hill facilities" and "capitol hill grounds" have the
4907	same meaning as provided in Section 63C-9-102.
4908	(2) (a) The director shall:
4909	(i) recommend rules to the executive director for the use and management of facilities
4910	and grounds owned or occupied by the state for the use of its departments and agencies;
4911	(ii) supervise and control the allocation of space, in accordance with legislative
4912	directive through annual appropriations acts or other specific legislation, to the various
4913	departments, commissions, institutions, and agencies in all buildings or space owned, leased, or
4914	rented by or to the state, except capitol hill facilities and capitol hill grounds and except as
4915	otherwise provided by law;
4916	(iii) comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63A, Chapter 5, Part 3,
4917	Division of Facilities Construction and Management Leasing;
4918	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), acquire, as authorized by the Legislature
4919	through the appropriations act or other specific legislation, and hold title to, in the name of the
4920	division, all real property, buildings, fixtures, or appurtenances owned by the state or any of its
4921	agencies;
4922	(v) adopt and use a common seal, of a form and design determined by the director, and
4923	of which courts shall take judicial notice;
4924	(vi) file a description and impression of the seal with the Division of Archives;
4925	(vii) collect and maintain all deeds, abstracts of title, and all other documents

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4926	evidencing title to or interest in property belonging to the state or any of its departments, except
4927	institutions of higher education and the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration;
4928	(viii) report all properties acquired by the state, except those acquired by institutions of
4929	higher education, to the director of the Division of Finance for inclusion in the state's financial
4930	records;
4931	(ix) before charging a rate, fee, or other amount for services provided by the division's
4932	internal service fund to an executive branch agency, or to a subscriber of services other than an
4933	executive branch agency:
4934	(A) submit the proposed rates, fees, and cost analysis to the Rate Committee
4935	established in Section 63A-1-114; and
4936	(B) obtain the approval of the Legislature as required by Section 63J-1-410;
4937	(x) conduct a market analysis by July 1, 2005, and periodically thereafter, of proposed
4938	rates and fees, which analysis shall include a comparison of the division's rates and fees with
4939	the fees of other public or private sector providers where comparable services and rates are
4940	reasonably available;
4941	(xi) implement the State Building Energy Efficiency Program under Section
4942	63A-5-701; and
4943	(xii) take all other action necessary for carrying out the purposes of this chapter.
4944	(b) Legislative approval is not required for acquisitions by the division that cost less
4945	than \$250,000.
4946	(3) (a) The director shall direct or delegate maintenance and operations, preventive
4947	maintenance, and facilities inspection programs and activities for any department, commission,
4948	institution, or agency, except:
4949	(i) the State Capitol Preservation Board; and
4950	(ii) state institutions of higher education.
4951	(b) The director may choose to delegate responsibility for these functions only when
4952	the director determines that:
4953	(i) the department or agency has requested the responsibility;
4954	(ii) the department or agency has the necessary resources and skills to comply with
4955	facility maintenance standards approved by the State Building Board; and
4956	(iii) the delegation would result in net cost savings to the state as a whole.

4957	(c) The State Capitol Preservation Board and state institutions of higher education are
4958	exempt from Division of Facilities Construction and Management oversight.
4959	(d) Each state institution of higher education shall comply with the facility
4960	maintenance standards approved by the State Building Board.
4961	(e) Except for the State Capitol Preservation Board, agencies and institutions that are
4962	exempt from division oversight shall annually report their compliance with the facility
4963	maintenance standards to the division in the format required by the division.
4964	(f) The division shall:
4965	(i) prescribe a standard format for reporting compliance with the facility maintenance
4966	standards;
4967	(ii) report agency and institution compliance or noncompliance with the standards to
4968	the Legislature; and
4969	(iii) conduct periodic audits of exempt agencies and institutions to ensure that they are
4970	complying with the standards.
4971	(4) (a) In making any allocations of space under Subsection (2), the director shall:
4972	(i) conduct studies to determine the actual needs of each department, commission,
4973	institution, or agency; and
4974	(ii) comply with the restrictions contained in this Subsection (4).
4975	(b) The supervision and control of the legislative area is reserved to the Legislature.
4976	(c) The supervision and control of the judicial area is reserved to the judiciary for trial
4977	courts only.
4978	(d) The director may not supervise or control the allocation of space for entities in the
4979	public and higher education systems.
4980	(e) The supervision and control of capitol hill facilities and capitol hill grounds is
4981	reserved to the State Capitol Preservation Board.
4982	(5) The director may:
4983	(a) hire or otherwise procure assistance and services, professional, skilled, or
4984	otherwise, that are necessary to carry out the director's responsibilities, and may expend funds
4985	provided for that purpose either through annual operating budget appropriations or from
4986	nonlapsing project funds;
4987	(b) sue and be sued in the name of the division; and

4988	(c) hold, buy, lease, and acquire by exchange or otherwise, as authorized by the
4989	Legislature, whatever real or personal property that is necessary for the discharge of the
4990	director's duties.
4991	(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (2)(a)(iv), the following entities may
4992	hold title to any real property, buildings, fixtures, and appurtenances held by them for purposes
4993	other than administration that are under their control and management:
4994	(a) the Office of Trust Administrator;
4995	(b) the Department of Transportation;
4996	(c) the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands;
4997	(d) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
4998	(e) the Utah National Guard;
4999	(f) any area vocational center or other institution administered by the State Board of
5000	Education;
5001	(g) any institution of higher education; and
5002	(h) the Utah Science Technology and Research Governing Authority.
5003	(7) The director shall ensure that any firm performing testing and inspection work
5004	governed by the American Society for Testing Materials Standard E-329 on public buildings
5005	under the director's supervision shall:
5006	(a) fully comply with the American Society for Testing Materials standard
5007	specifications for agencies engaged in the testing and inspection of materials known as ASTM
5008	E-329; and
5009	(b) carry a minimum of \$1,000,000 of errors and omissions insurance.
5010	(8) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(a)(iii) and (iv), the School and Institutional Trust
5011	Lands Administration may hold title to any real property, buildings, fixtures, and appurtenances
5012	held by it that are under its control.
5013	Section 94. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
5014	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage Health insurance
5015	coverage.
5016	(1) As used in this section:
5017	(a) "Capital developments" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
5018	(b) "Capital improvements" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.

5019	(c) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section				
5020	34A-2-104 who:				
5021	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and				
5022	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which				
5023	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.				
5024	(d) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.				
5025	(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means at the time the contract is entered into				
5026	or renewed:				
5027	(i) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined actuarial				
5028	value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark plan				
5029	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), and				
5030	a contribution level of 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of the				
5031	employee who reside or work in the state, in which:				
5032	(A) the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the				
5033	dependents of the employee who reside or work in the state; and				
5034	(B) for purposes of calculating actuarial equivalency under this Subsection (1)(e)(i):				
5035	(I) rather that the benchmark plan's deductible, and the benchmark plan's out-of-pocket				
5036	maximum based on income levels:				
5037	(Aa) the deductible is \$750 per individual and \$2,250 per family; and				
5038	(Bb) the out-of-pocket maximum is \$3,000 per individual and \$9,000 per family;				
5039	(II) dental coverage is not required; and				
5040	(III) other than Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), the provisions of Section 26-40-106 do not				
5041	apply; or				
5042	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum, has a				
5043	deductible that is either:				
5044	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;				
5045	or				
5046	(II) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally				
5047	qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings				
5048	account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest				
5049	deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the				

5050	employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan;
5051	(B) an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
5052	annual deductible; and
5053	(C) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
5054	dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.
5055	(f) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
5056	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code, the director may:
5057	(a) subject to Subsection (3), enter into contracts for any work or professional services
5058	which the division or the State Building Board may do or have done; and
5059	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
5060	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
5061	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), this Subsection (3) applies to all design
5062	or construction contracts entered into by the division or the State Building Board on or after
5063	July 1, 2009, and:
5064	(i) applies to a prime contractor if the prime contract is in the amount of \$1,500,000 or
5065	greater; and
5066	(ii) applies to a subcontractor if the subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
5067	(b) This Subsection (3) does not apply:
5068	(i) if the application of this Subsection (3) jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
5069	(ii) if the contract is a sole source contract;
5070	(iii) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or
5071	(iv) to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102, or a modification to a contract,
5072	when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3)(a).
5073	(c) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
5074	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of an infraction.
5075	(d) (i) A contractor subject to Subsection (3)(a) shall demonstrate to the director that
5076	the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
5077	contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.
5078	(ii) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3)(a), the contractor
5079	shall demonstrate to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
5080	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'

5081	dependents.
5082	(e) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i)
5083	during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative
5084	rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).
5085	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
5086	requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii).
5087	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii)
5088	during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative
5089	rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).
5090	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
5091	requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i).
5092	(f) The division shall adopt administrative rules:
5093	(i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
5094	(ii) in coordination with:
5095	(A) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
5096	(B) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment in accordance with Section
5097	79-2-404;
5098	(C) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
5099	(D) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
5100	(E) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
5101	(F) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
5102	(iii) which establish:
5103	(A) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
5104	director compliance with this Subsection (3) which shall include:
5105	(I) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (3)(d)(i)
5106	or (ii) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
5107	(II) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by
5108	the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of
5109	actuarial equivalency from either:
5110	(Aa) the Utah Insurance Department;
5111	(Bb) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or

5112	(Cc) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
5113	rates;
5114	(B) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
5115	violates the provisions of this Subsection (3), which may include:
5116	(I) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
5117	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
5118	(II) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
5119	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
5120	(III) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
5121	Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
5122	(IV) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
5123	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an
5124	employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance
5125	coverage during the duration of the contract; and
5126	(C) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
5127	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(e)(i).
5128	(g) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (3)(f)(iii), a contractor or
5129	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
5130	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
5131	coverage.
5132	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
5133	(3)(g)(i) if:
5134	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
5135	provided by:
5136	(I) an actuary; or
5137	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
5138	rates; or
5139	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
5140	the provisions of Subsection (3)(b).
5141	(iii) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
5142	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (3)(g).

5143	(h) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the				
5144	Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.				
5145	(i) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance				
5146	coverage as required by this section:				
5147	(i) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,				
5148	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,				
5149	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and				
5150	(ii) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or				
5151	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design				
5152	or construction.				
5153	(4) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a bidder				
5154	is conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith.				
5155	(5) The division shall make all payments to the contractor for completed work in				
5156	accordance with the contract and pay the interest specified in the contract on any payments that				
5157	are late.				
5158	(6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the division or				
5159	the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as				
5160	provided in Section 13-8-5.				
5161	Section 95. Section 63A-5-222 is amended to read:				
5162	63A-5-222. Critical land near state prison Definitions Preservation as open				
5163	land Management and use of land Restrictions on transfer Wetlands development				
5164	Conservation easement.				
5165	(1) For purposes of this section:				
5166	(a) "Corrections" means the Department of Corrections created under Section 64-13-2.				
5167	(b) "Critical land" means:				
5168	(i) a parcel of approximately 250 acres of land owned by the division and located on				
5169	the east edge of the Jordan River between about 12300 South and 14600 South in Salt Lake				
5170	County, approximately the southern half of whose eastern boundary abuts the Denver and Rio				
5171	Grande Western Railroad right-of-way; and				
5172	(ii) any parcel acquired in a transaction authorized under Subsection (3)(c) as a				
5173	replacement for a portion of the parcel described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) that is conveyed as part				

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5174	of the transaction.		
5175	(c) (i) "Open land" means land that is:		
5176	(A) preserved in or restored to a predominantly natural, open, and undeveloped		
5177	condition; and		
5178	(B) used for:		
5179	(I) wildlife habitat;		
5180	(II) cultural or recreational use;		
5181	(III) watershed protection; or		
5182	(IV) another use consistent with the preservation of the land in or restoration of the		
5183	land to a predominantly natural, open, and undeveloped condition.		
5184	(ii) (A) "Open land" does not include land whose predominant use is as a developed		
5185	facility for active recreational activities, including baseball, tennis, soccer, golf, or other		
5186	sporting or similar activity.		
5187	(B) The condition of land does not change from a natural, open, and undeveloped		
5188	condition because of the development or presence on the land of facilities, including trails,		
5189	waterways, and grassy areas, that:		
5190	(I) enhance the natural, scenic, or aesthetic qualities of the land; or		
5191	(II) facilitate the public's access to or use of the land for the enjoyment of its natural,		
5192	scenic, or aesthetic qualities and for compatible recreational activities.		
5193	(2) (a) (i) The critical land shall be preserved in perpetuity as open land.		
5194	(ii) The long-term ownership and management of the critical land should eventually be		
5195	turned over to the Department of Natural Resources and Environment created under Section		
5196	79-2-201 or another agency or entity that is able to accomplish the purposes and intent of this		
5197	section.		
5198	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i) and as funding is available, certain actions		
5199	should be taken on or with respect to the critical land, including:		
5200	(i) the development and implementation of a program to eliminate noxious vegetation		
5201	and restore and facilitate the return of natural vegetation on the critical land;		
5202	(ii) the development of a system of trails through the critical land that is compatible		
5203	with the preservation of the critical land as open land;		
5204	(iii) the development and implementation of a program to restore the natural features of		

5205	and improve the flows of the Jordan River as it crosses the critical land;			
5206	(iv) the preservation of the archeological site discovered on the critical land and the			
5207	development of an interpretive site in connection with the archeological discovery;			
5208	(v) in restoring features on the critical land, the adoption of methods and plans that will			
5209	enhance the critical land's function as a wildlife habitat;			
5210	(vi) taking measures to reduce safety risks on the critical land; and			
5211	(vii) the elimination or rehabilitation of a prison dump site on the critical land.			
5212	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(b) and (c), no interest in the critical land			
5213	may be sold, assigned, leased, or otherwise transferred unless measures are taken to ensure that			
5214	the critical land that is transferred will be preserved as open land in perpetuity.			
5215	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), exchanges of property may be undertaken to			
5216	resolve boundary disputes with adjacent property owners and easements may be granted for			
5217	trails and other purposes consistent with Subsection (2)(b) and with the preservation of the			
5218	critical land as open land.			
5219	(c) The Department of Natural Resources and Environment may transfer title to a			
5220	portion of the critical land described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) in exchange for a parcel of land if:			
5221	(i) the parcel being acquired is:			
5222	(A) open land; and			
5223	(B) located within one mile of the portion of critical land being transferred; and			
5224	(ii) the purpose of the exchange is to facilitate the development of a commuter rail			
5225	transit station and associated transit oriented development.			
5226	(4) The division shall use the funds remaining from the appropriation under Laws of			
5227	Utah 1998, Chapter 399, for the purposes of:			
5228	(a) determining the boundaries and legal description of the critical land;			
5229	(b) determining the boundaries and legal description of the adjacent property owned by			
5230	the division;			
5231	(c) fencing the critical land and adjacent land owned by the division where appropriate			
5232	and needed; and			
5233	(d) assisting to carry out the intent of this section.			
5234	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection $(2)(a)(i)$, the division or its successor in title to the			
5235	critical land may develop or allow a public agency or private entity to develop more wetlands			

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on the critical land than exist naturally or existed previously.

- 5237 (b) (i) Subject to Subsections (3)(a) and (5)(b)(ii), the division or its successor in title 5238 may transfer jurisdiction of all or a portion of the critical land to a public agency or private 5239 entity to provide for the development and management of wetlands and designated wetland 5240 buffer areas.
- (ii) Before transferring jurisdiction of any part of the critical land under Subsection
 (5)(b)(i), the division or its successor in title shall assure that reasonable efforts are made to
 obtain approval from the appropriate federal agency to allow mitigation credits in connection
 with the critical land to be used for impacts occurring anywhere along the Wasatch Front.
- 5245 (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, corrections shall have access to 5246 the cooling pond located on the critical land as long as that access to and use of the cooling 5247 pond are not inconsistent with the preservation of the critical land as open land.
- 5248 (7) The Department of Corrections, the division, and all other state departments,5249 divisions, or agencies shall cooperate together to carry out the intent of this section.
- (8) In order to ensure that the land referred to in this section is preserved as open land,
 the division shall, as soon as practicable, place the land under a perpetual conservation
 easement in favor of an independent party such as a reputable land conservation organization or
 a state or local government agency with experience in conservation easements.
- 5254 Section 96. Section **63A-9-301** is amended to read:
- 5255 63A-9-301. Motor Vehicle Review Committee -- Composition.
- 5256 (1) There is created a Motor Vehicle Review Committee to advise the division.
- 5257 (2) The committee shall be composed of nine members as follows:
- (a) the executive director of the Department of Administrative Services or the director'sdesignee;
- (b) a member from a state agency other than higher education, the Department of
 Transportation, the Department of Public Safety, or the Department of Natural Resources <u>and</u>
 <u>Environment</u>, who uses the division's services;
- 5263 (c) the director of the Division of Purchasing and General Services or the director's5264 designee;
- 5265 (d) one member from:
- 5266 (i) higher education, designated annually by the executive director of the Department

5267	of Administrative Services;
5268	(ii) the Department of Transportation, designated annually by the executive director of
5269	the Department of Administrative Services;
5270	(iii) the Department of Public Safety, designated annually by the executive director of
5271	the Department of Administrative Services; and
5272	(iv) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, designated annually by the
5273	executive director of the Department of Administrative Services; and
5274	(e) two public members with experience in fleet operations and maintenance appointed
5275	by the governor.
5276	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), the governor shall appoint each public
5277	member to a four-year term.
5278	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
5279	time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of public members are
5280	staggered so that one of the public members is appointed every two years.
5281	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
5282	appointed for the unexpired term.
5283	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
5284	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
5285	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
5286	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
5287	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
5288	63A-3-107.
5289	(5) Five members of the committee are a quorum.
5290	(6) The executive director of the Department of Administrative Services is chair of the
5291	committee.
5292	Section 97. Section 63B-3-301 is amended to read:
5293	63B-3-301. Legislative intent Additional projects.
5294	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, for any lease purchase agreement that the
5295	Legislature may authorize the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to enter into
5296	during its 1994 Annual General Session, the State Building Ownership Authority, at the
5297	reasonable rates and amounts it may determine, and with technical assistance from the state

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treasurer, the director of the Division of Finance, and the director of the Governor's Office of
Planning and Budget, may seek out the most cost effective and prudent lease purchase plans
available to the state and may, pursuant to Title 63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building
Ownership Authority Act, certificate out interests in, or obligations of the authority pertaining
to:

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(a) the lease purchase obligation; or

(b) lease rental payments under the lease purchase obligation.

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Transportation dispose of
surplus real properties and use the proceeds from those properties to acquire or construct
through the Division of Facilities Construction and Management a new District Two Complex.

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that the State Building Board allocate funds from
the Capital Improvement appropriation and donations to cover costs associated with the
upgrade of the Governor's Residence that go beyond the restoration costs which can be covered
by insurance proceeds.

(4) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the State Building Ownership
Authority under authority of Title 63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building Ownership Authority
Act, to issue or execute obligations or enter into or arrange for a lease purchase agreement in
which participation interests may be created, to provide up to \$10,600,000 for the construction
of a Natural Resources Building in Salt Lake City, together with additional amounts necessary
to:

- 5318 (i) pay costs of issuance;
- 5319 (ii) pay capitalized interest; and
- 5320 (iii) fund any debt service reserve requirements.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the authority seek out the most cost effective
and prudent lease purchase plan available with technical assistance from the state treasurer, the
director of the Division of Finance, and the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and
Budget.

- (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that the operating budget for the Department ofNatural Resources <u>and Environment</u> not be increased to fund these lease payments.
- 5327 (5) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the State Building Ownership
 5328 Authority under authority of Title 63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building Ownership Authority

5329 Act, to issue or execute obligations or enter into or arrange for a lease purchase agreement in

- 5330 which participation interests may be created, to provide up to \$8,300,000 for the acquisition of
- the office buildings currently occupied by the Department of Environmental Quality and
- approximately 19 acres of additional vacant land at the Airport East Business Park in Salt Lake
- 5333 City, together with additional amounts necessary to:
- 5334 (i) pay costs of issuance;
- 5335 (ii) pay capitalized interest; and
- 5336 (iii) fund any debt service reserve requirements.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the authority seek out the most cost effective
 and prudent lease purchase plan available with technical assistance from the state treasurer, the
 director of the Division of Finance, and the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and
 Budget.
- (6) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the State Building Ownership
 Authority under authority of Title 63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building Ownership Authority
 Act, to issue or execute obligations or enter into or arrange for a lease purchase agreement in
 which participation interests may be created, to provide up to \$9,000,000 for the acquisition or
 construction of up to two field offices for the Department of Human Services in the
 southwestern portion of Salt Lake County, together with additional amounts necessary to:
- 5347 (i) pay costs of issuance;
- 5348 (ii) pay capitalized interest; and
- 5349 (iii) fund any debt service reserve requirements.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the authority seek out the most cost effective
 and prudent lease purchase plan available with technical assistance from the state treasurer, the
 director of the Division of Finance, and the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and
 Budget.
- (7) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the State Building Ownership
 Authority under authority of Title 63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building Ownership Authority
 Act, to issue or execute obligations or enter into or arrange for lease purchase agreements in
 which participation interests may be created, to provide up to \$5,000,000 for the acquisition or
 construction of up to 13 stores for the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, together
 with additional amounts necessary to:

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5360 (i) pay costs of issuance; 5361 (ii) pay capitalized interest; and 5362 (iii) fund any debt service reserve requirements. 5363 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the authority seek out the most cost effective 5364 and prudent lease purchase plan available with technical assistance from the state treasurer, the 5365 director of the Division of Finance, and the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and 5366 Budget. 5367 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that the operating budget for the Department of 5368 Alcoholic Beverage Control not be increased to fund these lease payments. 5369 (8) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the State Building Ownership 5370 Authority under authority of Title 63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building Ownership Authority 5371 Act, to issue or execute obligations or enter into or arrange for a lease purchase agreement in 5372 which participation interests may be created, to provide up to \$6,800,000 for the construction

of a Prerelease and Parole Center for the Department of Corrections, containing a minimum of300 beds, together with additional amounts necessary to:

- 5375 (i) pay costs of issuance;
- 5376 (ii) pay capitalized interest; and
- 5377 (iii) fund any debt service reserve requirements.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the authority seek out the most cost effective
and prudent lease purchase plan available with technical assistance from the state treasurer, the
director of the Division of Finance, and the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and
Budget.

(9) If S.B. 275, 1994 General Session, which authorizes funding for a Courts Complex
in Salt Lake City, becomes law, it is the intent of the Legislature that:

(a) the Legislative Management Committee, the Interim Appropriation Subcommittees
for General Government and Capital Facilities and Executive Offices, Courts, and Corrections,
the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, and
the State Building Board participate in a review of the proposed facility design for the Courts
Complex no later than December 1994; and

(b) although this review will not affect the funding authorization issued by the 1994
Legislature, it is expected that Division of Facilities Construction and Management will give

5391 proper attention to concerns raised in these reviews and make appropriate design changes 5392 pursuant to the review. 5393 (10) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 5394 (a) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, in cooperation with the 5395 Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, 5396 develop a flexible use prototype facility for the Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 5397 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services; 5398 (b) the development process use existing prototype proposals unless it can be 5399 quantifiably demonstrated that the proposals cannot be used; 5400 (c) the facility is designed so that with minor modifications, it can accommodate 5401 detention, observation and assessment, transition, and secure programs as needed at specific 5402 geographical locations; 5403 (d) (i) funding as provided in the fiscal year 1995 bond authorization for the Division 5404 of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services is used to 5405 design and construct one facility and design the other; 5406 (ii) the Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services shall: 5407 5408 (A) determine the location for the facility for which design and construction are fully 5409 funded; and 5410 (B) in conjunction with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, 5411 determine the best methodology for design and construction of the fully funded facility; 5412 (e) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management submit the prototype as 5413 soon as possible to the Capital Facilities and Administrative Services Appropriation 5414 Subcommittee and Executive Offices, Criminal Justice, and Legislature Appropriation 5415 Subcommittee for review; 5416 (f) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management issue a Request for 5417 Proposal for one of the facilities, with that facility designed and constructed entirely by the 5418 winning firm; 5419 (g) the other facility be designed and constructed under the existing Division of 5420 Facilities Construction and Management process; 5421 (h) that both facilities follow the program needs and specifications as identified by

5422	Division of Facilities Construction and Management and the Division of Youth Corrections			
5423	renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services in the prototype; and			
5424	(i) the fully funded facility should be ready for occupancy by September 1, 1995.			
5425	(11) It is the intent of the Legislature that the fiscal year 1995 funding for the State Fair			
5426	Park Master Study be used by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to			
5427	develop a master plan for the State Fair Park that:			
5428	(a) identifies capital facilities needs, capital improvement needs, building			
5429	configuration, and other long term needs and uses of the State Fair Park and its buildings; and			
5430	(b) establishes priorities for development, estimated costs, and projected timetables.			
5431	(12) It is the intent of the Legislature that:			
5432	(a) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, in cooperation with the			
5433	Division of Parks and Recreation and surrounding counties, develop a master plan and general			
5434	program for the phased development of Antelope Island;			
5435	(b) the master plan:			
5436	(i) establish priorities for development;			
5437	(ii) include estimated costs and projected time tables; and			
5438	(iii) include recommendations for funding methods and the allocation of			
5439	responsibilities between the parties; and			
5440	(c) the results of the effort be reported to the Natural Resources Appropriations			
5441	Subcommittee and Capital Facilities and Administrative Services Appropriation			
5442	Subcommittee.			
5443	(13) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the University of Utah to use:			
5444	(a) bond reserves to plan, design, and construct the Kingsbury Hall renovation under			
5445	the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management			
5446	unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director; and			
5447	(b) donated and other nonappropriated funds to plan, design, and construct the Biology			
5448	Research Building under the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities			
5449	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director.			
5450	(14) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize Utah State University to use:			
5451	(a) federal and other funds to plan, design, and construct the Bee Lab under the			
5452	supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless			

5453 supervisory authority is delegated by the director; 5454 (b) donated and other nonappropriated funds to plan, design, and construct an Athletic 5455 Facility addition and renovation under the supervision of the director of the Division of 5456 Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the 5457 director; (c) donated and other nonappropriated funds to plan, design, and construct a renovation 5458 5459 to the Nutrition and Food Science Building under the supervision of the director of the 5460 Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated 5461 by the director; and 5462 (d) federal and private funds to plan, design, and construct the Millville Research 5463 Facility under the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and 5464 Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director. 5465 (15) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize Salt Lake Community College to use: 5466 (a) institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a remodel to the Auto Trades 5467 Office and Learning Center under the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities 5468 Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director; 5469 (b) institutional funds to plan, design, and construct the relocation and expansion of a 5470 temporary maintenance compound under the supervision of the director of the Division of 5471 Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the 5472 director; and 5473 (c) institutional funds to plan, design, and construct the Alder Amphitheater under the 5474 supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless 5475 supervisory authority is delegated by the director. 5476 (16) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize Southern Utah University to use:

(a) federal funds to plan, design, and construct a Community Services Building under
the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director; and

(b) donated and other nonappropriated funds to plan, design, and construct a stadium
expansion under the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and
Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director.

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(17) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize the Department of Corrections to use

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donated funds to plan, design, and construct a Prison Chapel at the Central Utah Correctional
Facility in Gunnison under the supervision of the director of the Division of Facilities
Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated by the director.

(18) If the Utah National Guard does not relocate in the Signetics Building, it is the
intent of the Legislature to authorize the Guard to use federal funds and funds from Provo City
to plan and design an Armory in Provo, Utah, under the supervision of the director of the
Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated
by the director.

(19) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Utah Department of Transportation use
\$250,000 of the fiscal year 1995 highway appropriation to fund an environmental study in
Ogden, Utah of the 2600 North Corridor between Washington Boulevard and I-15.

(20) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Ogden-Weber Applied Technology
Center use the money appropriated for fiscal year 1995 to design the Metal Trades Building
and purchase equipment for use in that building that could be used in metal trades or other
programs in other Applied Technology Centers.

(21) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Bridgerland Applied Technology Center
and the Ogden-Weber Applied Technology Center projects as designed in fiscal year 1995 be
considered as the highest priority projects for construction funding in fiscal year 1996.

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(22) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

(a) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management complete physical space
utilization standards by June 30, 1995, for the use of technology education activities;

(b) these standards are to be developed with and approved by the State Office ofEducation, the Board of Regents, and the Utah State Building Board;

5507 (c) these physical standards be used as the basis for:

(i) determining utilization of any technology space based on number of stations capableand occupied for any given hour of operation; and

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(ii) requests for any new space or remodeling;

(d) the fiscal year 1995 projects at the Bridgerland Applied Technology Center and theOgden-Weber Applied Technology Center are exempt from this process; and

(e) the design of the Davis Applied Technology Center take into account the utilizationformulas established by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management.

5515 (23) It is the intent of the Legislature that Utah Valley State College may use the 5516 money from the bond allocated to the remodel of the Signetics building to relocate its technical 5517 education programs at other designated sites or facilities under the supervision of the director 5518 of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is 5519 delegated by the director.

5520 (24) It is the intent of the Legislature that the money provided for the fiscal year 1995 5521 project for the Bridgerland Applied Technology Center be used to design and construct the 5522 space associated with Utah State University and design the technology center portion of the 5523 project.

(25) It is the intent of the Legislature that the governor provide periodic reports on the
expenditure of the funds provided for electronic technology, equipment, and hardware to the
Information Technology Commission, the Capital Facilities and Administrative Services
Appropriation Subcommittee, and the Legislative Management Committee.

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Section 98. Section 63B-4-102 is amended to read:

63B-4-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

5530 (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$45,300,000.

(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide
funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this
Subsection (2).

(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.

5540 (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

5541	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		
5542	Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements	\$7,200,000	
5543	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS	\$7,200,000	
5544	CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		

5545	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT FUNDED	ESTIMATED OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE COSTS
5546	Corrections - Uinta IVA	\$11,300,000	\$212,800
5547	Utah County Youth Correctional Facility	\$6,650,000	\$245,000
5548	Ogden Weber Applied Technology Center - Metal Trades	\$5,161,000	\$176,000
5549	Project Reserve Fund	\$3,500,000	None
5550	Weber State University - Browning Center Remodel	\$3,300,000	None
5551	Heber Wells Building Remodel	\$2,000,000	None
5552	Higher Education Davis County - Land Purchase	\$1,600,000	None
5553	National Guard Provo Armory	\$1,500,000	\$128,000
5554	Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u> - Pioneer Trails Visitor Center	\$900,000	\$65,000
5555	Higher Education Design Projects	\$800,000	Varies depending upon projects selected
5556	Salt Lake Community College -South Valley Planning	\$300,000	None
5557	Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services - Logan Land Purchase	\$120,000	None
5558	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		\$37,131,000
5559	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT		\$44,331,000
5560	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and n	naintenance costs	5:
5561	(i) are estimates only;		

5562 (ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing agency budgets; and 5563 5564 (iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those 5565 operations and maintenance costs. 5566 (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not 5567 constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project. 5568 (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a 5569 project among the projects authorized. 5570 (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one 5571 or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could 5572 be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation. 5573 (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the 5574 receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter. 5575 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered 5576 building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 5577 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 5578 of bonds issued under this chapter. 5579 (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 5580 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 5581 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), 5582 it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be 5583 addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale 5584 of bonds. 5585 (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to 5586 exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those 5587 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. 5588 (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 5589 convenience of the state as required by Section 63G-6-601. 5590 (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not 5591 bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization. 5592 Section 99. Section 63B-6-102 is amended to read:

5593	63B-6-102. Maximum amount Projects au	thorized.	
5594	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this f	part may not exce	eed \$57,000,000.
5595	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall	l be provided to t	he division to provide
5596	funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and const	ructing the project	cts listed in this
5597	Subsection (2).		
5598	(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring	g land, interests in	n land, easements and
5599	rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing	ng, equipping, an	d furnishing facilities
5600	and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and i	improvements ne	cessary, incidental, or
5601	convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue of	on these bonds du	ring the period to be
5602	covered by construction of the projects plus a period of s	ix months after t	he end of the
5603	construction period, and all related engineering, architect	tural, and legal fe	ees.
5604	(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided f	for the following:	
5605	CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC D	EVELOPMENT	
5606	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	ESTIMATED
		FUNDED	OPERATIONS
			AND
			MAINTENANCE
5607	Youth Corrections - Carbon / Emery (18 beds)	\$2,298,100	\$70,000
5608	State Hospital - 100 bed Forensic Facility	\$13,800,700	\$320,600
5609	Utah State University - Widtsoe Hall	\$23,986,700	\$750,200
5610	Davis Applied Technology Center - Medical/Health	\$6,344,900	\$144,000
	Tech Addition		
5611	Southern Utah University Physical Education	\$1,100,000	\$456,100
	Building (Design)		
5612	Salt Lake Community College High Technology	\$1,165,000	\$718,500
	Building, 90th So. Campus (Design)		
5613	Department of Natural Resources and Environment -	\$3,600,000	None
	Antelope Island Road		
5614	Youth Corrections - Region 1 72 Secured Bed	\$1,500,000	None
	Facility		

5615	Department of Natural Resources and Environment - \$1,350,000	\$5,700
	Dead Horse Point Visitors Center	
5616	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$55,145,400
	DEVELOPMENT	
5617	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and maintenance costs	8:
5618	(i) are estimates only;	
5619	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already fur	nded in existing
5620	agency budgets; and	
5621	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislature	es to fund those
5622	operations and maintenance costs.	
5623	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimat	es only and do not
5624	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project	et.
5625	(b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amo	ount estimated for a
5626	project among the projects authorized.	
5627	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the be	oard, may delete one
5628	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those proj	ects in the list could
5629	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.	
5630	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these pro-	ojects before the
5631	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.	
5632	(b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended	and unencumbered
5633	building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.	
5634	(c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon re	eceipt of the proceeds
5635	of bonds issued under this chapter.	
5636	(d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of in	tent relating to that
5637	reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax la	W.
5638	(5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provide	ed in Subsection (2),
5639	it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete th	e projects be
5640	addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through	the issuance or sale
5641	of bonds.	
5642	(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contract	ts for amounts not to
5643	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be p	performed on those

H.B. 97 5644 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. 5645 (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 5646 convenience of the state as required by Section 63G-6-601. 5647 (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization. 5648 5649 Section 100. Section 63B-10-401 is amended to read: 5650 63B-10-401. Other capital facility authorizations and intent language. 5651 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 5652 (a) Utah State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an 5653 expansion of the HPER Building under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities 5654 Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated; 5655 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 5656 (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent 5657 that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets 5658 approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710. 5659 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that: (a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct the 5660 5661 Moran Eye Center II project under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities

5662 Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;

5663

(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

- (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent 5664 that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets 5665 5666 approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
- 5667

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

5668 (a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct the E.

5669 E. Jones Medical Science Addition under the direction of the director of the Division of

- 5670 Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
- 5671
- (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

5672 (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent 5673 that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets 5674 approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.

5675	(4) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5676	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
5677	Museum of Natural History under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5678	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5679	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5680	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
5681	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
5682	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
5683	(5) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5684	(a) Dixie College use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct the Hurricane
5685	Education Center under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction
5686	and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5687	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5688	(c) the college may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
5689	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
5690	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
5691	(6) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5692	(a) Southern Utah University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct the
5693	Shakespearean Festival Center under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5694	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5695	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5696	(c) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5697	(7) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5698	(a) the Department of Corrections use donations to plan, design, and construct the
5699	Wasatch Family History Center under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5700	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5701	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5702	(c) the department may request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5703	(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5704	(a) the Department of Workforce Services use \$1,186,700 from its Special
5705	Administrative Expense Account created in Section 35A-4-506 to plan, design, and construct

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an addition to the Cedar City Employment Center under the direction of the director of the
Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
delegated; and
(b) the department may request state funds for operations and maintenance.

(9) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, acting on behalf of the Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u>, may enter into a lease purchase agreement with Carbon County to provide needed space for agency programs in the area if the Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u> obtains the approval of the State Building Board by demonstrating that the lease purchase will be a benefit to the state and that the lease, including operation and maintenance costs, can be funded within existing agency budgets.

5717 Section 101. Section **63B-13-401** is amended to read:

5718 **63B-13-401.** Authorizations to construct capital facilities using institutional or

5719 agency funds.

5720

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

(a) the University of Utah may use federal grants, research funds, and other
institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a Department of Chemistry Gauss Haus under
the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless
supervisory authority has been delegated;

5725

(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

- (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
 that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
 approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
- 5729 (2)

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

(a) the University of Utah use donations and other institutional funds to plan, design,
and construct a College of Health Academic Facility under the direction of the director of the
Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
delegated;

(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

5735 (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent 5736 that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets

5737 approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710. 5738 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 5739 (a) the University of Utah use donations and other institutional funds to plan, design, 5740 and construct a Geology and Geophysics Building and parking terrace under the direction of 5741 the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory 5742 authority has been delegated; 5743 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 5744 (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent 5745 that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets 5746 approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710. 5747 (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 5748 (a) Utah State University use donations, federal grants, and other institutional funds to 5749 plan, design, and construct a Child Care Facility under the direction of the director of the 5750 Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been 5751 delegated; 5752 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 5753 (c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance. 5754 (5) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 5755 (a) Utah State University use donations and other institutional funds to plan, design, 5756 and construct a replacement Team Building at Romney Stadium under the direction of the 5757 director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory 5758 authority has been delegated; 5759 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 5760 (c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance. 5761 (6) It is the intent of the Legislature that Utah State University use up to \$200,000 of 5762 excess funds in its Contingency Reserve from state funded projects to increase the capacity of 5763 its chilled water plant. 5764 (7) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 5765 (a) the Utah College of Applied Technology use donations to plan, design, and 5766 construct an Entrepreneurial Building at the Davis ATC campus under the direction of the 5767 director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory

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5768	authority has been delegated;
5769	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5770	(c) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5771	(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5772	(a) the Utah College of Applied Technology use donations, grants from the Community
5773	Impact Board, and existing reserves to plan, design, and construct a technology building at the
5774	Blanding campus of the Southeast ATC under the direction of the director of the Division of
5775	Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated; and
5776	(b) the college may request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5777	(9) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Workforce Services use
5778	up to \$2,801,000 from its Special Administrative Expense Fund to plan, design, and construct
5779	an Employment Center in Logan under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5780	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority is delegated.
5781	(b) It is the intent of the Legislature that, if agreement is reached to acquire a site from
5782	Cache County or Logan City for the project, the Division of Facilities Construction and
5783	Management may sell or exchange the currently-owned Workforce Services property and apply
5784	the proceeds to the acquisition of the site and towards the cost of the project.
5785	(10) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Natural Resources and
5786	Environment use up to \$250,000 of the existing balance in its Wildlife Resources Trust
5787	Account to purchase property in Price to be used for a future office complex for the
5788	Department of Natural Resources and Environment.
5789	(11) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5790	(a) the Utah National Guard use federal funds to plan, design, and construct a Total
5791	Army School System (TASS) Barracks at Camp Williams under the direction of the director of
5792	the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
5793	delegated;
5794	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5795	(c) the National Guard may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5796	(12) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5797	(a) the Utah National Guard use federal funds to plan, design, and construct a
5798	Readiness Center at Camp Williams under the direction of the director of the Division of

5799	Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5800	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5801	(c) the National Guard may request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5802	(13) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5803	(a) the Department of Public Safety, the Department of Corrections, and Salt Lake
5804	Community College use donations, federal funds, and other non-appropriated funds to plan,
5805	design, and construct a Western Regional Public Safety Education and Training Center under
5806	the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless
5807	supervisory authority has been delegated or the construction of the project is otherwise exempt
5808	from the director's oversight;
5809	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project other than planning and
5810	design;
5811	(c) the Department of Public Safety and the Department of Corrections may request
5812	state funds for operations and maintenance; and
5813	(d) the college may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
5814	that the college is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets approved
5815	academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
5816	Section 102. Section 63B-14-401 is amended to read:
5817	63B-14-401. Authorizations to construct capital facilities using institutional or
5818	agency funds.
5819	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5820	(a) the University of Utah use donations and other institutional funds to plan, design,
5821	and construct an addition to the Social Work Building under the direction of the director of the
5822	Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
5823	delegated;
5824	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5825	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
5826	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
5827	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
5828	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5829	(a) the University of Utah use donations and other institutional funds to plan, design,

5830	and construct the first phase of a College of Humanities Building under the direction of the
5831	director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory
5832	authority has been delegated;
5833	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5834	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
5835	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
5836	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
5837	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5838	(a) Snow College use donations and other institutional funds to plan, design, and
5839	construct improvements to its football stadium under the direction of the director of the
5840	Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
5841	delegated;
5842	(b) the contractor may be required to provide for financing of construction costs, if
5843	necessary, to cover the timing of cash flow of committed donations;
5844	(c) Snow College retain financial responsibility for all project costs through its
5845	commitment, if necessary, to raise student fees and seek future approval of a revenue bond;
5846	(d) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5847	(e) the college may not request additional state funds for operations and maintenance.
5848	(4) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5849	(a) the Department of Corrections use donations and institutional funds provided by
5850	Snow College to plan, design, and construct an expansion of the education area at the Central
5851	Utah Correctional Facility under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5852	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5853	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5854	(c) the Department of Corrections may request state funds for operations and
5855	maintenance.
5856	(5) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Administrative Office of the Courts
5857	exercise its option to purchase the West Valley courthouse using equity accrued through its
5858	lease payments.
5859	(6) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5860	(a) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, Division of Wildlife

5861	Resources, use up to \$938,000 from the General Fund Restricted Fish Hatchery Maintenance
5862	Account to plan, design, and construct a Fisheries Experiment Station Technical Services
5863	Building under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and
5864	Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated; and
5865	(b) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment may not request state funds
5866	for operations and maintenance.
5867	(7) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5868	(a) the Utah National Guard use federal funds to plan, design, and construct a
5869	Readiness Center for the 85th Civil Support Team under the direction of the director of the
5870	Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been
5871	delegated;
5872	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5873	(c) the Utah National Guard may request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5874	(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5875	(a) the Utah National Guard use federal funds to plan, design, and construct a Joint
5876	Forces Headquarters addition under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5877	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5878	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5879	(c) the Utah National Guard may request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5880	(9) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5881	(a) the Utah National Guard use federal funds to plan, design, and construct a 19th
5882	Special Forces Armory addition under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
5883	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5884	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
5885	(c) the Utah National Guard may request state funds for operations and maintenance.
5886	(10) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5887	(a) the Utah National Guard use federal funds to plan, design, and construct a
5888	Readiness Center for the 117th Utilities Detachment and the 120th Quartermaster Detachment
5889	under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
5890	unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
5891	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

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(c) the Utah National Guard may request state funds for operations and maintenance. 5892 5893 (11) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Division of Facilities Construction and Management negotiate and enter into an agreement with the city of St. George for the future 5894 5895 exchange of the current courthouse property in St. George for a replacement court facility site, 5896 with the exchange of title occurring after funding is authorized by the Legislature for the 5897 construction of the replacement facility. 5898 Section 103. Section 63B-17-401 is amended to read: 5899 63B-17-401. Authorizations to acquire or exchange property. 5900 The Legislature intends that: 5901 (1) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, acting on behalf of the 5902 Department of Natural Resources and Environment, may enter into a lease purchase agreement with Uintah County to provide needed space for agency programs in the area; 5903 5904 (2) the agreement shall involve a trade at fair market value between the Division of 5905 Facilities Construction and Management and Uintah County of the following two properties: 5906 (a) that portion of the current Uintah County complex that is owned by the state, 5907 located at 147 East Main Street, Vernal, Utah, which currently houses the Department of 5908 Natural Resources and Environment and other state agencies; and 5909 (b) a parcel of land owned by Uintah County, located at approximately 318 North 5910 Vernal Avenue, Vernal, Utah, which would become the location of the needed space under the 5911 lease purchase agreement; 5912 (3) before entering into an agreement with Uintah County, the Division of Facilities 5913 Construction and Management shall ensure that all other state agencies in the Uintah County 5914 complex stay in their current location or receive adequate replacement space, with the terms of 5915 any replacement space acceptable to each state agency; 5916 (4) before entering into an agreement with Uintah County, the Department of Natural 5917 Resources and Environment shall obtain the approval of the State Building Board: 5918 (5) the State Building Board may approve the agreement only if the Department of 5919 Natural Resources and Environment demonstrates that the lease purchase will be a benefit to 5920 the state; and 5921 (6) before entering into an agreement with Uintah County, and after obtaining the 5922 approval of the State Building Board, the Department of Natural Resources and Environment

- shall report the terms of the agreement to the legislative Executive Appropriations Committee.
- 5924 Section 104. Section **63B-18-301** is amended to read:
- 592563B-18-301. Authorizations to design and construct capital facilities using5926institutional or agency funds.
- 5927 (1) The Legislature intends that:

(a) the University of Utah may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State
Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use institutional funds
to plan and design an ambulatory care complex;

- (b) this authorization and the existence of plans and designs do not guarantee nor
 improve the chances for legislative approval of the remainder of the building in any subsequent
 year; and
- 5934 (c) no state funds be used for any portion of this planning and design.
- 5935 (2) The Legislature intends that:

(a) the University of Utah may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State
Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$64,445,000 in
donations to plan, design, and construct a replacement and expansion of the Eccles School of
Business Building, with 135,000 new square feet;

- (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project unless expressly appropriatedfor this purpose or approved in a general obligation bond bill; and
- (c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and
 capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of
 Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of
 Regents policy R710.
- 5946 (3) The Legislature intends that:

(a) the University of Utah may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State
Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$8,689,000 in
donations to plan, design, and construct a renovation of the Kennecott Building, with 19,400
new square feet;

- 5951 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
- 5952 (c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and 5953 capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of

H.B. 97 5954 Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of 5955 Regents policy R710. 5956 (4) The Legislature intends that: 5957 (a) the University of Utah may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State 5958 Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$30,737,000 in 5959 donations to plan, design, and construct a Sorenson Arts and Education Complex, with 85,400 5960 new square feet; 5961 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 5962 (c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and 5963 capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of 5964 Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of 5965 Regents policy R710. 5966 (5) The Legislature intends that: 5967 (a) the University of Utah may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State 5968 Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$4,477,500 in 5969 donations to plan, design, and construct a Meldrum Civil Engineering Building, with 11,800 5970 new square feet; 5971 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 5972 (c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and 5973 capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of 5974 Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of 5975 Regents policy R710. 5976 (6) The Legislature intends that: 5977 (a) the University of Utah may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State 5978 Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, negotiate with a private 5979 developer to develop the Universe Project on land west of the university football stadium; 5980 (b) before entering into a contract with the developer, the university shall: 5981 (i) present the final contract terms to the Legislature's Executive Appropriations 5982 Committee: 5983 (ii) obtain the approval of the State Building Board; and 5984 (iii) the State Building Board may approve the agreement only if the university

5985 demonstrates that the contract terms will be a benefit to the state;

- 5986 (c) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
- (d) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and
 capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of
 Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of
 Regents policy R710.
- 5991

(7) The Legislature intends that:

(a) Utah Valley University may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State
Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$2,650,000 in
grants and institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a Business Resource Center, with
12,000 new square feet;

5996

(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

(c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and
capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of
Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of
Regents policy R710.

6001

(8) The Legislature intends that:

(a) Utah Valley University may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State
Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$1,200,000 in
donations and institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a track and field facility;

6005

(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

6006 (c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and
6007 capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of
6008 Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of
6009 Regents policy R710.

6010

(9) The Legislature intends that:

6011 (a) Utah Valley University may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State
6012 Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$600,000 in
6013 institutional funds to plan, design, and construct intramural playing fields;

6014

(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and

6015 (c) the university may request state funds for operation and maintenance costs and

6016	capital improvements to the extent that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of
6017	Regents that the facility meets approved academic and training purposes under Board of
6018	Regents policy R710.
6019	(10) The Legislature intends that:
6020	(a) Southern Utah University may, subject to requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5,
6021	State Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use \$2,000,000 in
6022	donations to plan, design, and construct a baseball and soccer complex upgrade;
6023	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
6024	(c) the university may not request state funds for operation and maintenance costs or
6025	capital improvements.
6026	(11) The Legislature intends that:
6027	(a) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment may, subject to
6028	requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities
6029	Construction and Management, use \$3,000,000 in federal grants to plan, design, and construct
6030	an interagency fire dispatch center, with 10,000 new square feet;
6031	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
6032	(c) the department may not request state funds for operation and maintenance costs or
6033	capital improvements.
6034	(12) The Legislature intends that:
6035	(a) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment may, subject to
6036	requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities
6037	Construction and Management, use \$7,500,000 in federal grants to plan, design, and construct
6038	a curation facility in Vernal, with 21,000 new square feet;
6039	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
6040	(c) the department may not request state funds for operation and maintenance costs or
6041	capital improvements.
6042	(13) The Legislature intends that:
6043	(a) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment may, subject to
6044	requirements in Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities
6045	Construction and Management, use \$650,000 in federal grants to plan, design, and construct an
6046	expansion to the seed warehouse at the Great Basin Research Center, with 9,000 new square

6047	feet;
6048	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project unless expressly appropriated
6049	for this purpose; and
6050	(c) the department may not request state funds for operation and maintenance costs or
6051	capital improvements.
6052	(14) The Legislature intends that:
6053	(a) the Department of Veterans' Affairs may, subject to requirements in Title 63A,
6054	Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction and Management, use
6055	\$3,500,000 in federal grants to plan, design, and construct improvements at the Veterans'
6056	Cemetery, with 15,000 new square feet;
6057	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project unless expressly appropriated
6058	for this purpose; and
6059	(c) the department may not request state funds for operation and maintenance costs or
6060	capital improvements.
6061	Section 105. Section 63C-4-101 is amended to read:
6062	63C-4-101. Creation of Constitutional Defense Council Membership
6063	Vacancies Reports Per diem, travel expenses, and funding.
6064	(1) There is created the Constitutional Defense Council.
6065	(2) (a) The defense council shall consist of the following members:
6066	(i) the governor or the lieutenant governor, who shall serve as chair of the council;
6067	(ii) the president of the Senate or the president of the Senate's designee who shall serve
6068	as vice chair of the council;
6069	(iii) the speaker of the House or the speaker of the House's designee who shall serve as
6070	vice chair of the council;
6071	(iv) the minority leader of the Senate or the minority leader of the Senate's designee;
6072	(v) the minority leader of the House or the minority leader of the House's designee;
6073	(vi) the attorney general or the attorney general's designee, who shall be one of the
6074	attorney general's appointees, not a current career service employee;
6075	(vii) the director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration;
6076	(viii) four elected county commissioners, county council members, or county
6077	executives from different counties who are selected by the Utah Association of Counties, at

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6078 least one of whom shall be from a county of the first or second class;

- 6079 (ix) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment,
 6080 who may not vote;
- 6081 (x) the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food, who may not vote;
- 6082 (xi) the director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development, who may not 6083 vote; and
- 6084(xii) two elected county commissioners, county council members, or county executives6085from different counties appointed by the Utah Association of Counties, who may not vote.
- (b) The council vice chairs shall conduct a council meeting in the absence of the chair.
- 6087 (c) If both the governor and the lieutenant governor are absent from a meeting of the 6088 council, the governor may designate a person to attend the meeting solely for the purpose of 6089 casting a vote on any matter on the governor's behalf.
- 6090 (3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be6091 appointed for the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.
- 6092 (4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the defense council shall meet at
 6093 least monthly or more frequently as needed.
- 6094 (ii) The defense council need not meet monthly if the chair, after polling the members,6095 determines that a majority of the members do not wish to meet.
- 6096

(b) The governor or any six members of the council may call a meeting of the council.

- 6097 (c) Before calling a meeting, the governor or council members shall solicit items for 6098 the agenda from other members of the council.
- 6099 (d) (i) The Constitutional Defense Council shall require that any entity that receives
 6100 money from the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account provide financial reports and
 6101 litigation reports to the Council.
- (ii) Nothing in this Subsection (4)(d) prohibits the council from closing a meeting
 under Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, or prohibits the council from
 complying with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
- 6105 (e) A majority of the voting membership on the defense council is required for a
 6106 quorum to conduct council business. A majority vote of the quorum is required for any action
 6107 taken by the defense council.
- 6108
- (5) The Office of the Attorney General shall advise the defense council.

6109	(6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
6110	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
6111	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
6112	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
6113	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
6114	63A-3-107.
6115	(7) (a) The council shall be funded from the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account
6116	created in Section 63C-4-103.
6117	(b) Money appropriated for or received by the council may be expended by the
6118	governor in consultation with the council.
6119	Section 106. Section 63C-6-101 is amended to read:
6120	63C-6-101. Creation of commission Membership Appointment Vacancies.
6121	(1) There is created the Utah Seismic Safety Commission consisting of 15 members,
6122	designated as follows:
6123	(a) the director of the Division of Homeland Security or his designee;
6124	(b) [the director] a representative of the Utah Geological Survey [or his designee];
6125	(c) the director of the University of Utah Seismograph Stations or his designee;
6126	(d) the executive director of the Utah League of Cities and Towns or his designee;
6127	(e) a representative from the Structural Engineers Association of Utah biannually
6128	selected by its membership;
6129	(f) the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management or his
6130	designee;
6131	(g) the executive director of the Department of Transportation or his designee;
6132	(h) the State Planning Coordinator or his designee;
6133	(i) a representative from the American Institute of Architects, Utah Section;
6134	(j) a representative from the American Society of Civil Engineers, Utah Section;
6135	(k) a member of the House of Representatives appointed biannually by the speaker of
6136	the House;
6137	(1) a member of the Senate appointed biannually by the president of the Senate;
6138	(m) the commissioner of the Department of Insurance or his designee;
6139	(n) a representative from the Association of Contingency Planners, Utah Chapter,

6140	biannually selected by its membership; and
6141	(o) a representative from the American Public Works Association, Utah Chapter,
6142	biannually selected by its membership.
6143	(2) The commission shall annually select one of its members to serve as chair of the
6144	commission.
6145	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
6146	appointed for the unexpired term.
6147	Section 107. Section 63C-9-403 is amended to read:
6148	63C-9-403. Contracting power of executive director Health insurance coverage.
6149	(1) For purposes of this section:
6150	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
6151	34A-2-104 who:
6152	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
6153	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
6154	may not exceed the first of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
6155	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
6156	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means at the time the contract is entered into
6157	or renewed:
6158	(i) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined actuarial
6159	value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark plan
6160	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), and
6161	a contribution level of 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of the
6162	employee who reside or work in the state, in which:
6163	(A) the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the
6164	dependents of the employee who reside or work in the state; and
6165	(B) for purposes of calculating actuarial equivalency under this Subsection (1)(c)(i):
6166	(I) rather that the benchmark plan's deductible, and the benchmark plan's out-of-pocket
6167	maximum based on income levels:
6168	(Aa) the deductible is \$750 per individual and \$2,250 per family; and
6169	(Bb) the out-of-pocket maximum is \$3,000 per individual and \$9,000 per family;
6170	(II) dental coverage is not required; and

6171	(III) other than Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), the provisions of Section 26-40-106 do not
6172	apply; or
6173	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum, has a
6174	deductible that is either:
6175	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;
6176	or
6177	(II) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally
6178	qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings
6179	account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest
6180	deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the
6181	employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan;
6182	(B) an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
6183	annual deductible; and
6184	(C) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
6185	dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.
6186	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
6187	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
6188	construction contract entered into by the board or on behalf of the board on or after July 1,
6189	2009, and to a prime contractor or a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
6190	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
6191	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
6192	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
6193	\$750,000 or greater.
6194	(3) This section does not apply if:
6195	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
6196	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
6197	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
6198	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
6199	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
6200	by Subsection (2).
6201	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to

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6202 circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.

- (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive
 director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
 coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of
 the contract.
- (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
 shall demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer
 of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
 dependents during the duration of the contract.
- 6211 (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
 6212 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
 6213 adopted by the division under Subsection (6).
- 6214 (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the 6215 requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
 adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
- 6219 (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the 6220 requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
- 6221 (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
- 6222 (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- 6223 (b) in coordination with:
- (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
- (ii) the Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u> in accordance with Section79-2-404;
- 6227 (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
- 6228 (iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
- 6229 (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
- 6230 (vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
- 6231 (c) which establish:
- (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the

6233 executive director compliance with this section which shall include: 6234 (A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or 6235 (b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and 6236 (B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by 6237 the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of 6238 actuarial equivalency from either: 6239 (I) the Utah Insurance Department; 6240 (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or 6241 (III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 6242 rates; 6243 (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally 6244 violates the provisions of this section, which may include: 6245 (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into 6246 future contracts with the state upon the first violation; (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future 6247 6248 contracts with the state upon the second violation; 6249 (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with 6250 Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and 6251 (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to 6252 purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of 6253 the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage 6254 during the duration of the contract; and 6255 (iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified 6256 health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c)(i). 6257 (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or 6258 subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the 6259 employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance 6260 coverage. 6261 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 6262 (7)(a)(i) if: (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency 6263

6264	provided by:
6265	(I) an actuary; or
6266	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
6267	rates; or
6268	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
6269	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
6270	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
6271	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
6272	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
6273	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
6274	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
6275	coverage as required by this section:
6276	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
6277	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
6278	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
6279	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
6280	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
6281	or construction.
6282	Section 108. Section 63C-12-107 is amended to read:
6283	63C-12-107. Research team.
6284	(1) There is created a Snake Valley Aquifer Research Team composed of the following
6285	four members:
6286	(a) a representative of the Division of Air Quality, appointed by the executive director
6287	of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment;
6288	(b) a representative of the Department of Agriculture and Food, appointed by the
6289	commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food;
6290	(c) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment or
6291	the executive director's designee; and
6292	(d) the director of the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office.
6293	(2) The director of the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office shall coordinate and
6294	direct the research team's data and information compilation and reporting required by Section

6295	63C-12-108.
6296	Section 109. Section 63F-1-801 is amended to read:
6297	63F-1-801. Statewide Communications Interoperability Committee
6298	Membership Chair Quorum.
6299	(1) As used in this part:
6300	(a) "Committee" means the Statewide Communications Interoperability Committee.
6301	(b) "Interoperability spectrum" means the radio signal transmission spectrum to
6302	communicate between agencies as assigned by the Federal Communications Commission.
6303	(2) There is created within the department the Statewide Communications
6304	Interoperability Committee.
6305	(3) (a) The governor shall appoint the following 25 committee members:
6306	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4), five representatives from counties of the first
6307	or second class who are in:
6308	(A) law enforcement or fire service; and
6309	(B) a leadership position with radio communication experience;
6310	(ii) one representative each of six associations of government from rural Utah that
6311	represent counties not represented in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
6312	(iii) one representative of the Utah Communications Agency Network established
6313	under Title 63C, Chapter 7, Utah Communications Agency Network Act;
6314	(iv) one representative of the Native American tribes;
6315	(v) one representative of the Utah National Guard;
6316	(vi) one representative of an association that represents chiefs of police;
6317	(vii) one representative of an association that represents sheriffs;
6318	(viii) one representative of an association that represents fire chiefs; and
6319	(ix) one representative of an association that represents urban security efforts.
6320	(b) The following shall also be committee members:
6321	(i) the chief information officer or the chief information officer's designee;
6322	(ii) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety or the commissioner's
6323	designee;
6324	(iii) the executive director of the Department of Transportation or the executive
6325	director's designee;

6326	(iv) the executive director of the Department of Corrections or the executive director's
6327	designee;
6328	(v) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment or
6329	the executive director's designee;
6330	(vi) the director of the Department of Health or the director's designee; and
6331	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Technology Services or the executive
6332	director's designee.
6333	(4) Subject to Subsection (3)(a)(i), if a member of law enforcement cannot be seated,
6334	then a representative who has leadership experience in radio communications and public safety
6335	shall be seated.
6336	(5) (a) The term of office of each member described in Subsection $(3)(a)$ is four years.
6337	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the committee chair with
6338	the approval of the governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the
6339	length of terms to stagger the terms of committee members so that approximately 1/2 of the
6340	committee members are appointed every two years.
6341	(c) A mid-term vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term in the same manner as an
6342	appointment under Subsection (3)(a).
6343	(6) (a) The chief information officer shall serve as the committee chair.
6344	(b) (i) The committee members shall elect a vice-chair from their number; and
6345	(ii) the vice-chair shall rotate among representatives described in Subsection (3)(a)
6346	every year.
6347	(c) The committee shall establish bylaws for the organization and operation of the
6348	committee.
6349	(7) (a) A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for voting purposes.
6350	(b) All actions shall be by majority vote of the quorum in attendance.
6351	(8) The committee:
6352	(a) may meet as often as necessary to perform its duties; and
6353	(b) shall meet at least monthly.
6354	(9) The department shall provide staff services to the committee.
6355	(10) (a) No member may receive compensation or benefits for the member's service on
6356	the committee.

6357	(b) A committee member is not required to give a bond for the performance of official
6358	duties.
6359	(11) (a) The committee may create an executive committee from its number to:
6360	(i) plan agendas;
6361	(ii) call committee meetings; and
6362	(iii) meet as often as necessary, at the call of the chair.
6363	(b) The committee may establish subcommittees and working groups to address
6364	wireless technology coordination and communication issues among agencies providing vital
6365	services to citizens.
6366	(12) The committee does not have the authority to require expenditure of public funds.
6367	Section 110. Section 63G-2-206 is amended to read:
6368	63G-2-206. Sharing records.
6369	(1) A governmental entity may provide a record that is private, controlled, or protected
6370	to another governmental entity, a government-managed corporation, a political subdivision, the
6371	federal government, or another state if the requesting entity:
6372	(a) serves as a repository or archives for purposes of historical preservation,
6373	administrative maintenance, or destruction;
6374	(b) enforces, litigates, or investigates civil, criminal, or administrative law, and the
6375	record is necessary to a proceeding or investigation;
6376	(c) is authorized by state statute to conduct an audit and the record is needed for that
6377	purpose;
6378	(d) is one that collects information for presentence, probationary, or parole purposes; or
6379	(e) (i) is:
6380	(A) the Legislature;
6381	(B) a legislative committee;
6382	(C) a member of the Legislature; or
6383	(D) a legislative staff member acting at the request of the Legislature, a legislative
6384	committee, or a member of the Legislature; and
6385	(ii) requests the record in relation to the Legislature's duties including:
6386	(A) the preparation or review of a legislative proposal or legislation;
6387	(B) appropriations; or

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6388 (C) an investigation or review conducted by the Legislature or a legislative committee. 6389 (2) (a) A governmental entity may provide a private, controlled, or protected record or 6390 record series to another governmental entity, a political subdivision, a government-managed 6391 corporation, the federal government, or another state if the requesting entity provides written 6392 assurance: 6393 (i) that the record or record series is necessary to the performance of the governmental 6394 entity's duties and functions; 6395 (ii) that the record or record series will be used for a purpose similar to the purpose for 6396 which the information in the record or record series was collected or obtained; and 6397 (iii) that the use of the record or record series produces a public benefit that outweighs 6398 the individual privacy right that protects the record or record series. 6399 (b) A governmental entity may provide a private, controlled, or protected record or 6400 record series to a contractor or a private provider according to the requirements of Subsection 6401 (6)(b). 6402 (3) (a) A governmental entity shall provide a private, controlled, or protected record to 6403 another governmental entity, a political subdivision, a government-managed corporation, the 6404 federal government, or another state if the requesting entity: 6405 (i) is entitled by law to inspect the record; 6406 (ii) is required to inspect the record as a condition of participating in a state or federal 6407 program or for receiving state or federal funds; or 6408 (iii) is an entity described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e). 6409 (b) Subsection (3)(a)(iii) applies only if the record is a record described in Subsection 6410 63G-2-305(4). 6411 (4) Before disclosing a record or record series under this section to another 6412 governmental entity, another state, the United States, a foreign government, or to a contractor 6413 or private provider, the originating governmental entity shall: 6414 (a) inform the recipient of the record's classification and the accompanying restrictions 6415 on access; and 6416 (b) if the recipient is not a governmental entity to which this chapter applies, obtain the 6417 recipient's written agreement which may be by mechanical or electronic transmission that it 6418 will abide by those restrictions on access unless a statute, federal regulation, or interstate

6419	agreement otherwise governs the sharing of the record or record series.
6420	(5) A governmental entity may disclose a record to another state, the United States, or a
6421	foreign government for the reasons listed in Subsections (1) and (2) without complying with
6422	the procedures of Subsection (2) or (4) if disclosure is authorized by executive agreement,
6423	treaty, federal statute, compact, federal regulation, or state statute.
6424	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(b) and (c), an entity receiving a record under this
6425	section is subject to the same restrictions on disclosure of the record as the originating entity.
6426	(b) A contractor or a private provider may receive information under this section only
6427	if:
6428	(i) the contractor or private provider's use of the record or record series produces a
6429	public benefit that outweighs the individual privacy right that protects the record or record
6430	series;
6431	(ii) the record or record series it requests:
6432	(A) is necessary for the performance of a contract with a governmental entity;
6433	(B) will only be used for the performance of the contract with the governmental entity;
6434	(C) will not be disclosed to any other person; and
6435	(D) will not be used for advertising or solicitation purposes; and
6436	(iii) the contractor or private provider gives written assurance to the governmental
6437	entity that is providing the record or record series that it will adhere to the restrictions of this
6438	Subsection (6)(b).
6439	(c) The classification of a record already held by a governmental entity and the
6440	applicable restrictions on disclosure of that record are not affected by the governmental entity's
6441	receipt under this section of a record with a different classification that contains information
6442	that is also included in the previously held record.
6443	(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if a more specific court rule or
6444	order, state statute, federal statute, or federal regulation prohibits or requires sharing
6445	information, that rule, order, statute, or federal regulation controls.
6446	(8) The following records may not be shared under this section:
6447	(a) records held by the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy that pertain to any
6448	person and that are gathered under authority of Title 40, Chapter 6, [Board and Division of Oil,
6449	Gas, and Mining] Division of Energy and Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining; and

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6481 and Public Meetings Act, including the records of all votes of each member of the 6482 governmental entity; 6483 (f) judicial records unless a court orders the records to be restricted under the rules of 6484 civil or criminal procedure or unless the records are private under this chapter; 6485 (g) unless otherwise classified as private under Section 63G-2-303, records or parts of 6486 records filed with or maintained by county recorders, clerks, treasurers, surveyors, zoning 6487 commissions, the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School and Institutional Trust 6488 Lands Administration, the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy, the Division of Water 6489 [Rights] <u>Resources</u>, or other governmental entities that give public notice of: 6490 (i) titles or encumbrances to real property; 6491 (ii) restrictions on the use of real property; 6492 (iii) the capacity of persons to take or convey title to real property; or 6493 (iv) tax status for real and personal property; 6494 (h) records of the Department of Commerce that evidence incorporations, mergers, 6495 name changes, and uniform commercial code filings; 6496 (i) data on individuals that would otherwise be private under this chapter if the 6497 individual who is the subject of the record has given the governmental entity written 6498 permission to make the records available to the public; 6499 (j) documentation of the compensation that a governmental entity pays to a contractor 6500 or private provider; 6501 (k) summary data; and 6502 (1) voter registration records, including an individual's voting history, except for those 6503 parts of the record that are classified as private in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(i). 6504 (3) The following records are normally public, but to the extent that a record is 6505 expressly exempt from disclosure, access may be restricted under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b), 6506 Section 63G-2-302, 63G-2-304, or 63G-2-305: 6507 (a) administrative staff manuals, instructions to staff, and statements of policy; (b) records documenting a contractor's or private provider's compliance with the terms 6508 6509 of a contract with a governmental entity; 6510 (c) records documenting the services provided by a contractor or a private provider to 6511 the extent the records would be public if prepared by the governmental entity;

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6512	(d) contracts entered into by a governmental entity;
6513	(e) any account, voucher, or contract that deals with the receipt or expenditure of funds
6514	by a governmental entity;
6515	(f) records relating to government assistance or incentives publicly disclosed,
6516	contracted for, or given by a governmental entity, encouraging a person to expand or relocate a
6517	business in Utah, except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305(35);
6518	(g) chronological logs and initial contact reports;
6519	(h) correspondence by and with a governmental entity in which the governmental entity
6520	determines or states an opinion upon the rights of the state, a political subdivision, the public,
6521	or any person;
6522	(i) empirical data contained in drafts if:
6523	(i) the empirical data is not reasonably available to the requester elsewhere in similar
6524	form; and
6525	(ii) the governmental entity is given a reasonable opportunity to correct any errors or
6526	make nonsubstantive changes before release;
6527	(j) drafts that are circulated to anyone other than:
6528	(i) a governmental entity;
6529	(ii) a political subdivision;
6530	(iii) a federal agency if the governmental entity and the federal agency are jointly
6531	responsible for implementation of a program or project that has been legislatively approved;
6532	(iv) a government-managed corporation; or
6533	(v) a contractor or private provider;
6534	(k) drafts that have never been finalized but were relied upon by the governmental
6535	entity in carrying out action or policy;
6536	(l) original data in a computer program if the governmental entity chooses not to
6537	disclose the program;
6538	(m) arrest warrants after issuance, except that, for good cause, a court may order
6539	restricted access to arrest warrants prior to service;
6540	(n) search warrants after execution and filing of the return, except that a court, for good
6541	cause, may order restricted access to search warrants prior to trial;
6542	(o) records that would disclose information relating to formal charges or disciplinary

6543	actions against a past or present governmental entity employee if:
6544	(i) the disciplinary action has been completed and all time periods for administrative
6545	appeal have expired; and
6546	(ii) the charges on which the disciplinary action was based were sustained;
6547	(p) records maintained by the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School
6548	and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, or the Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy
6549	that evidence mineral production on government lands;
6550	(q) final audit reports;
6551	(r) occupational and professional licenses;
6552	(s) business licenses; and
6553	(t) a notice of violation, a notice of agency action under Section 63G-4-201, or similar
6554	records used to initiate proceedings for discipline or sanctions against persons regulated by a
6555	governmental entity, but not including records that initiate employee discipline.
6556	(4) The list of public records in this section is not exhaustive and should not be used to
6557	limit access to records.
6558	Section 112. Section 63I-1-219 is amended to read:
6559	63I-1-219. Repeal dates, Title 19.
6560	(1) The following Sections are repealed July 1, 2012:
6561	<u>(a) Section 19-1-104;</u>
6562	<u>(b) Section 19-1-105;</u>
6563	(c) Section 19-1-106;
6564	(d) Section 19-1-204;
6565	<u>(e) Section 19-1-205:</u>
6566	(f) Section 19-1-206; and
6567	(g) Section 19-1-304.
6568	[(1)] (2) Title 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act, is repealed July 1, 2014.
6569	[(2)] (3) Title 19, Chapter 3, Radiation Control Act, is repealed July 1, [2012] 2014.
6570	[(3)] (4) Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe Drinking Water Act, is repealed July 1, 2019.
6571	[(4)] (5) Title 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, is repealed July 1, 2019.
6572	[(5)] (6) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 1, Solid and Hazardous Waste Act, is repealed July 1,
6573	2019.

6574	[(6)] (7) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 3, Hazardous Substances Mitigation Act, is repealed
6575	July 1, 2020.
6576	[(7)] (8) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 4, Underground Storage Tank Act, is repealed July 1,
6577	2018.
6578	[(8)] (9) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 6, Lead Acid Battery Disposal, is repealed July 1,
6579	2016.
6580	[(9)] (10) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 7, Used Oil Management Act, is repealed July 1,
6581	2019.
6582	[(10)] (11) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 8, Waste Tire Recycling Act, is repealed July 1,
6583	2020.
6584	[(11)] (12) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 10, Mercury Switch Removal Act, is repealed July
6585	1, [2012] <u>2014</u> .
6586	Section 113. Section 63I-1-273 is amended to read:
6587	63I-1-273. Repeal dates, Title 73.
6588	(1) The following sections are repealed July 1, 2012:
6589	(a) Section 73-2-1.1; and
6590	(b) Section 73-2-1.2.
6591	[(1)] (2) Title 73, Chapter 27, State Water Development Commission, is repealed
6592	December 31, 2018.
6593	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ The instream flow water right for trout habitat established in Subsection
6594	73-3-30(3) is repealed December 31, 2018.
6595	Section 114. Section 63I-1-279 is enacted to read:
6596	<u>63I-1-279.</u> Repeal dates, Title 79.
6597	Section 79-3-203 is repealed July 1, 2012.
6598	Section 115. Section 63J-4-401 is amended to read:
6599	63J-4-401. Planning duties of the planning coordinator and office.
6600	(1) The state planning coordinator shall:
6601	(a) act as the governor's adviser on state, regional, metropolitan, and local
6602	governmental planning matters relating to public improvements and land use;
6603	(b) counsel with the authorized representatives of the Department of Transportation,
6604	the State Building Board, the Department of Health, the Department of Workforce Services,

the Labor Commission, the Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u>, the School and
Institutional Trust Lands Administration, and other proper persons concerning all state
planning matters;

6608 (c) when designated to do so by the governor, receive funds made available to Utah by 6609 the federal government;

(d) receive and review plans of the various state agencies and political subdivisionsrelating to public improvements and programs;

(e) when conflicts occur between the plans and proposals of state agencies, prepare
specific recommendations for the resolution of the conflicts and submit the recommendations
to the governor for a decision resolving the conflict;

(f) when conflicts occur between the plans and proposals of a state agency and a
political subdivision or between two or more political subdivisions, advise these entities of the
conflict and make specific recommendations for the resolution of the conflict;

6618 (g) act as the governor's planning agent in planning public improvements and land use 6619 and, in this capacity, undertake special studies and investigations;

(h) provide information and cooperate with the Legislature or any of its committees inconducting planning studies;

(i) cooperate and exchange information with federal agencies and local, metropolitan,
or regional agencies as necessary to assist with federal, state, regional, metropolitan, and local
programs;

(j) make recommendations to the governor that the planning coordinator considers
advisable for the proper development and coordination of plans for state government and
political subdivisions; and

(k) oversee and supervise the activities and duties of the public lands policycoordinator.

6630 (2) The state planning coordinator may:

6631 (a) perform regional and state planning and assist state government planning agencies6632 in performing state planning;

(b) provide planning assistance to Indian tribes regarding planning for Indianreservations; and

6635 (c) assist city, county, metropolitan, and regional planning agencies in performing

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local, metropolitan, and regional planning, provided that the state planning coordinator and the
state planning coordinator's agents and designees recognize and promote the plans, policies,
programs, processes, and desired outcomes of each planning agency whenever possible.

(3) When preparing or assisting in the preparation of plans, policies, programs, or
processes related to the management or use of federal lands or natural resources on federal
lands in Utah, the state planning coordinator shall:

(a) incorporate the plans, policies, programs, processes, and desired outcomes of the
counties where the federal lands or natural resources are located, to the maximum extent
consistent with state and federal law, provided that this requirement shall not be interpreted to
infringe upon the authority of the governor;

(b) identify inconsistencies or conflicts between the plans, policies, programs,
processes, and desired outcomes prepared under Subsection (3)(a) and the plans, programs,
processes, and desired outcomes of local government as early in the preparation process as
possible, and seek resolution of the inconsistencies through meetings or other conflict
resolution mechanisms involving the necessary and immediate parties to the inconsistency or
conflict;

(c) present to the governor the nature and scope of any inconsistency or other conflict
that is not resolved under the procedures in Subsection (3)(b) for the governor's decision about
the position of the state concerning the inconsistency or conflict;

(d) develop, research, and use factual information, legal analysis, and statements of
desired future condition for the state, or subregion of the state, as necessary to support the
plans, policies, programs, processes, and desired outcomes of the state and the counties where
the federal lands or natural resources are located;

(e) establish and coordinate agreements between the state and federal land management
agencies, federal natural resource management agencies, and federal natural resource
regulatory agencies to facilitate state and local participation in the development, revision, and
implementation of land use plans, guidelines, regulations, other instructional memoranda, or
similar documents proposed or promulgated for lands and natural resources administered by
federal agencies; and

6665 (f) work in conjunction with political subdivisions to establish agreements with federal 6666 land management agencies, federal natural resource management agencies, and federal natural

6667	resource regulatory agencies to provide a process for state and local participation in the
6668	preparation of, or coordinated state and local response to, environmental impact analysis
6669	documents and similar documents prepared pursuant to law by state or federal agencies.
6670	(4) The state planning coordinator shall comply with the requirements of Subsection
6671	63C-4-102(8) before submitting any comments on a draft environmental impact statement or
6672	on an environmental assessment for a proposed land management plan, if the governor would
6673	be subject to Subsection 63C-4-102(8) if the governor were submitting the material.
6674	(5) The state planning coordinator shall cooperate with and work in conjunction with
6675	appropriate state agencies and political subdivisions to develop policies, plans, programs,
6676	processes, and desired outcomes authorized by this section by coordinating the development of
6677	positions:
6678	(a) through the Resource Development Coordinating Committee;
6679	(b) in conjunction with local government officials concerning general local government
6680	plans;
6681	(c) by soliciting public comment through the Resource Development Coordinating
6682	Committee; and
6683	(d) by working with the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office.
6684	(6) The state planning coordinator shall recognize and promote the following principles
6685	when preparing any policies, plans, programs, processes, or desired outcomes relating to
6686	federal lands and natural resources on federal lands pursuant to this section:
6687	(a) (i) the citizens of the state are best served by applying multiple-use and
6688	sustained-yield principles in public land use planning and management; and
6689	(ii) multiple-use and sustained-yield management means that federal agencies should
6690	develop and implement management plans and make other resource-use decisions that:
6691	(A) achieve and maintain in perpetuity a high-level annual or regular periodic output of
6692	mineral and various renewable resources from public lands;
6693	(B) support valid existing transportation, mineral, and grazing privileges at the highest
6694	reasonably sustainable levels;
6695	(C) support the specific plans, programs, processes, and policies of state agencies and
6696	local governments;
6697	(D) are designed to produce and provide the desired vegetation for the watersheds,

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6698	timber, food, fiber, livestock forage, and wildlife forage, and minerals that are necessary to
6699	meet present needs and future economic growth and community expansion without permanent
6700	impairment of the productivity of the land;
6701	(E) meet the recreational needs and the personal and business-related transportation
6702	needs of the citizens of the state by providing access throughout the state;
6703	(F) meet the recreational needs of the citizens of the state;
6704	(G) meet the needs of wildlife;
6705	(H) provide for the preservation of cultural resources, both historical and
6706	archaeological;
6707	(I) meet the needs of economic development;
6708	(J) meet the needs of community development; and
6709	(K) provide for the protection of water rights;
6710	(b) managing public lands for "wilderness characteristics" circumvents the statutory
6711	wilderness process and is inconsistent with the multiple-use and sustained-yield management
6712	standard that applies to all Bureau of Land Management and U.S. Forest Service lands that are
6713	not wilderness areas or wilderness study areas;
6714	(c) all waters of the state are:
6715	(i) owned exclusively by the state in trust for its citizens;
6716	(ii) are subject to appropriation for beneficial use; and
6717	(iii) are essential to the future prosperity of the state and the quality of life within the
6718	state;
6719	(d) the state has the right to develop and use its entitlement to interstate rivers;
6720	(e) all water rights desired by the federal government must be obtained through the
6721	state water appropriation system;
6722	(f) land management and resource-use decisions which affect federal lands should give
6723	priority to and support the purposes of the compact between the state and the United States
6724	related to school and institutional trust lands;
6725	(g) development of the solid, fluid, and gaseous mineral resources of the state is an
6726	important part of the economy of the state, and of local regions within the state;

6727 (h) the state should foster and support industries that take advantage of the state's 6728 outstanding opportunities for outdoor recreation;

6729 (i) wildlife constitutes an important resource and provides recreational and economic 6730 opportunities for the state's citizens; 6731 (i) proper stewardship of the land and natural resources is necessary to ensure the 6732 health of the watersheds, timber, forage, and wildlife resources to provide for a continuous 6733 supply of resources for the people of the state and the people of the local communities who 6734 depend on these resources for a sustainable economy; 6735 (k) forests, rangelands, timber, and other vegetative resources: 6736 (i) provide forage for livestock: 6737 (ii) provide forage and habitat for wildlife; 6738 (iii) provide resources for the state's timber and logging industries; 6739 (iv) contribute to the state's economic stability and growth; and 6740 (v) are important for a wide variety of recreational pursuits; 6741 (1) management programs and initiatives that improve watersheds, forests, and increase 6742 forage for the mutual benefit of wildlife species and livestock, logging, and other agricultural

6743 industries by utilizing proven techniques and tools are vital to the state's economy and the6744 quality of life in Utah; and

(m) (i) land management plans, programs, and initiatives should provide that the
amount of domestic livestock forage, expressed in animal unit months, for permitted, active
use as well as the wildlife forage included in that amount, be no less than the maximum
number of animal unit months sustainable by range conditions in grazing allotments and
districts, based on an on-the-ground and scientific analysis;

(ii) the state opposes the relinquishment or retirement of grazing animal unit months infavor of conservation, wildlife, and other uses;

(iii) (A) the state favors the best management practices that are jointly sponsored by
cattlemen's, sportsmen's, and wildlife management groups such as chaining, logging, seeding,
burning, and other direct soil and vegetation prescriptions that are demonstrated to restore
forest and rangeland health, increase forage, and improve watersheds in grazing districts and
allotments for the mutual benefit of domestic livestock and wildlife;

(B) when practices described in Subsection (6)(m)(iii)(A) increase a grazing
allotment's forage beyond the total permitted forage use that was allocated to that allotment in
the last federal land use plan or allotment management plan still in existence as of January 1,

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2005, a reasonable and fair portion of the increase in forage beyond the previously allocated
total permitted use should be allocated to wildlife as recommended by a joint, evenly balanced
committee of livestock and wildlife representatives that is appointed and constituted by the
governor for that purpose;

(C) the state favors quickly and effectively adjusting wildlife population goals and
population census numbers in response to variations in the amount of available forage caused
by drought or other climatic adjustments, and state agencies responsible for managing wildlife
population goals and population census numbers will give due regard to both the needs of the
livestock industry and the need to prevent the decline of species to a point where listing under
the terms of the Endangered Species Act when making such adjustments;

6770 (iv) the state opposes the transfer of grazing animal unit months to wildlife for6771 supposed reasons of rangeland health;

(v) reductions in domestic livestock animal unit months must be temporary andscientifically based upon rangeland conditions;

(vi) policies, plans, programs, initiatives, resource management plans, and forest plans
may not allow the placement of grazing animal unit months in a suspended use category unless
there is a rational and scientific determination that the condition of the rangeland allotment or
district in question will not sustain the animal unit months sought to be placed in suspended
use;

(vii) any grazing animal unit months that are placed in a suspended use category shouldbe returned to active use when range conditions improve;

(viii) policies, plans, programs, and initiatives related to vegetation management
should recognize and uphold the preference for domestic grazing over alternate forage uses in
established grazing districts while upholding management practices that optimize and expand
forage for grazing and wildlife in conjunction with state wildlife management plans and
programs in order to provide maximum available forage for all uses; and

(ix) in established grazing districts, animal unit months that have been reduced due to
rangeland health concerns should be restored to livestock when rangeland conditions improve,
and should not be converted to wildlife use.

(7) The state planning coordinator shall recognize and promote the following findingsin the preparation of any policies, plans, programs, processes, or desired outcomes relating to

6791 federal lands and natural resources on federal lands under this section: 6792 (a) as a coholder of R.S. 2477 rights-of-way with the counties, the state supports its 6793 recognition by the federal government and the public use of R.S. 2477 rights-of-way and urges 6794 the federal government to fully recognize the rights-of-way and their use by the public as 6795 expeditiously as possible; 6796 (b) it is the policy of the state to use reasonable administrative and legal measures to 6797 protect and preserve valid existing rights-of-way granted by Congress under R.S. 2477, and to 6798 support and work in conjunction with counties to redress cases where R.S. 2477 rights-of-way 6799 are not recognized or are impaired; and (c) transportation and access routes to and across federal lands, including all 6800 6801 rights-of-way vested under R.S. 2477, are vital to the state's economy and to the quality of life 6802 in the state, and must provide, at a minimum, a network of roads throughout the resource 6803 planning area that provides for: 6804 (i) movement of people, goods, and services across public lands; 6805 (ii) reasonable access to a broad range of resources and opportunities throughout the 6806 resource planning area, including: 6807 (A) livestock operations and improvements; 6808 (B) solid, fluid, and gaseous mineral operations; 6809 (C) recreational opportunities and operations, including motorized and nonmotorized 6810 recreation; 6811 (D) search and rescue needs; 6812 (E) public safety needs; and 6813 (F) access for transportation of wood products to market; 6814 (iii) access to federal lands for people with disabilities and the elderly; and 6815 (iv) access to state lands and school and institutional trust lands to accomplish the 6816 purposes of those lands. 6817 (8) The state planning coordinator shall recognize and promote the following findings 6818 in the preparation of any plans, policies, programs, processes, or desired outcomes relating to 6819 federal lands and natural resources on federal lands pursuant to this section: 6820 (a) the state's support for the addition of a river segment to the National Wild and 6821 Scenic Rivers System, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1271 et seq., will be withheld until:

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(i) it is clearly demonstrated that water is present and flowing at all times;

- (ii) it is clearly demonstrated that the required water-related value is considered
 outstandingly remarkable within a region of comparison consisting of one of the three
 physiographic provinces in the state, and that the rationale and justification for the conclusions
 are disclosed;
- (iii) it is clearly demonstrated that the inclusion of each river segment is consistent
 with the plans and policies of the state and the county or counties where the river segment is
 located as those plans and policies are developed according to Subsection (3);
- (iv) the effects of the addition upon the local and state economies, agricultural and
 industrial operations and interests, outdoor recreation, water rights, water quality, water
 resource planning, and access to and across river corridors in both upstream and downstream
 directions from the proposed river segment have been evaluated in detail by the relevant federal
 agency;
- (v) it is clearly demonstrated that the provisions and terms of the process for review of
 potential additions have been applied in a consistent manner by all federal agencies;
- (vi) the rationale and justification for the proposed addition, including a comparison
 with protections offered by other management tools, is clearly analyzed within the multiple-use
 mandate, and the results disclosed;
- (vii) it is clearly demonstrated that the federal agency with management authority over
 the river segment, and which is proposing the segment for inclusion in the National Wild and
 Scenic River System will not use the actual or proposed designation as a basis to impose
 management standards outside of the federal land management plan;
- (viii) it is clearly demonstrated that the terms and conditions of the federal land and
 resource management plan containing a recommendation for inclusion in the National Wild
 and Scenic River System:
- 6847 (A) evaluates all eligible river segments in the resource planning area completely and6848 fully for suitability for inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic River System;
- 6849 (B) does not suspend or terminate any studies for inclusion in the National Wild and6850 Scenic River System at the eligibility phase;
- 6851 (C) fully disclaims any interest in water rights for the recommended segment as a result6852 of the adoption of the plan; and

(D) fully disclaims the use of the recommendation for inclusion in the National Wild
and Scenic River System as a reason or rationale for an evaluation of impacts by proposals for
projects upstream, downstream, or within the recommended segment;

(ix) it is clearly demonstrated that the agency with management authority over the river
segment commits not to use an actual or proposed designation as a basis to impose Visual
Resource Management Class I or II management prescriptions that do not comply with the
provisions of Subsection (8)(t); and

(x) it is clearly demonstrated that including the river segment and the terms and
conditions for managing the river segment as part of the National Wild and Scenic River
System will not prevent, reduce, impair, or otherwise interfere with:

(A) the state and its citizens' enjoyment of complete and exclusive water rights in andto the rivers of the state as determined by the laws of the state; or

6865 (B) local, state, regional, or interstate water compacts to which the state or any county6866 is a party;

(b) the conclusions of all studies related to potential additions to the National Wild and
Scenic River System, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1271 et seq., are submitted to the state for review and
action by the Legislature and governor, and the results, in support of or in opposition to, are
included in any planning documents or other proposals for addition and are forwarded to the
United States Congress;

(c) the state's support for designation of an Area of Critical Environmental Concern
(ACEC), as defined in 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1702, within federal land management plans will be
withheld until:

(i) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed area satisfies all the definitional
requirements of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. Sec.
1702(a);

6878 (ii) it is clearly demonstrated that the area proposed for designation as an ACEC is 6879 limited in geographic size and that the proposed management prescriptions are limited in scope 6880 to the minimum necessary to specifically protect and prevent irreparable damage to the relevant 6881 and important values identified, or limited in geographic size and management prescriptions to 6882 the minimum required to specifically protect human life or safety from natural hazards; 6883

6883 (iii) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed area is limited only to areas that are

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already developed or used or to areas where no development is required;

- (iv) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed area contains relevant and important
 historic, cultural or scenic values, fish or wildlife resources, or natural processes which are
 unique or substantially significant on a regional basis, or contain natural hazards which
 significantly threaten human life or safety;
- (v) the federal agency has analyzed regional values, resources, processes, or hazards for
 irreparable damage and its potential causes resulting from potential actions which are
 consistent with the multiple-use, sustained-yield principles, and the analysis describes the
 rationale for any special management attention required to protect, or prevent irreparable
 damage to the values, resources, processes, or hazards;
- (vi) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed designation is consistent with the plans
 and policies of the state and of the county where the proposed designation is located as those
 plans and policies are developed according to Subsection (3);
- 6897 (vii) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed ACEC designation will not be applied 6898 redundantly over existing protections provided by other state and federal laws for federal lands 6899 or resources on federal lands, and that the federal statutory requirement for special management 6900 attention for a proposed ACEC will discuss and justify any management requirements needed 6901 in addition to those specified by the other state and federal laws;
- (viii) the difference between special management attention required for an ACEC and
 normal multiple-use management has been identified and justified, and that any determination
 of irreparable damage has been analyzed and justified for short and long-term horizons;
- 6905
- (ix) it is clearly demonstrated that the proposed designation:
- 6906

(A) is not a substitute for a wilderness suitability recommendation;

6907 (B) is not a substitute for managing areas inventoried for wilderness characteristics 6908 after 1993 under the BLM interim management plan for valid wilderness study areas; and

- 6909 (C) it is not an excuse or justification to apply de facto wilderness management 6910 standards; and
- 6911 (x) the conclusions of all studies are submitted to the state, as a cooperating agency, for
 6912 review, and the results, in support of or in opposition to, are included in all planning
 6913 documents;
- 6914
 - 14 (d) sufficient federal lands are made available for government-to-government

6915 exchanges of school and institutional trust lands and federal lands without regard for a
6916 resource-to-resource correspondence between the surface or mineral characteristics of the
6917 offered trust lands and the offered federal lands;

(e) federal agencies should support government-to-government exchanges of land with
the state based on a fair process of valuation which meets the fiduciary obligations of both the
state and federal governments toward trust lands management, and which assures that revenue
authorized by federal statute to the state from mineral or timber production, present or future, is
not diminished in any manner during valuation, negotiation, or implementation processes;

(f) agricultural and grazing lands should continue to produce the food and fiber needed
by the citizens of the state and the nation, and the rural character and open landscape of rural
Utah should be preserved through a healthy and active agricultural and grazing industry,
consistent with private property rights and state fiduciary duties;

(g) the resources of the forests and rangelands of the state should be integrated as part
of viable, robust, and sustainable state and local economies, and available forage should be
evaluated for the full complement of herbivores the rangelands can support in a sustainable
manner, and forests should contain a diversity of timber species, and disease or insect
infestations in forests should be controlled using logging or other best management practices;

(h) the state opposes any additional evaluation of national forest service lands as
"roadless" or "unroaded" beyond the forest service's second roadless area review evaluation and
opposes efforts by agencies to specially manage those areas in a way that:

(i) closes or declassifies existing roads unless multiple side by side roads exist running
to the same destination and state and local governments consent to close or declassify the extra
roads;

6938 (ii) permanently bars travel on existing roads;

6939 (iii) excludes or diminishes traditional multiple-use activities, including grazing and6940 proper forest harvesting;

(iv) interferes with the enjoyment and use of valid, existing rights, including water
rights, local transportation plan rights, R.S. 2477 rights, grazing allotment rights, and mineral
leasing rights; or

6944 (v) prohibits development of additional roads reasonably necessary to pursue
6945 traditional multiple-use activities;

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(i) the state's support for any forest plan revision or amendment will be withheld untilthe appropriate plan revision or plan amendment clearly demonstrates that:

(i) established roads are not referred to as unclassified roads or a similar classification;

(ii) lands in the vicinity of established roads are managed under the multiple-use,sustained-yield management standard; and

6951 (iii) no roadless or unroaded evaluations or inventories are recognized or upheld
6952 beyond those that were recognized or upheld in the forest service's second roadless area review
6953 evaluation;

(j) the state's support for any recommendations made under the statutory requirement to
examine the wilderness option during the revision of land and resource management plans by
the U.S. Forest Service will be withheld until it is clearly demonstrated that:

(i) the duly adopted transportation plans of the state and county or counties within the
planning area are fully and completely incorporated into the baseline inventory of information
from which plan provisions are derived;

(ii) valid state or local roads and rights-of-way are recognized and not impaired in anyway by the recommendations;

6962 (iii) the development of mineral resources by underground mining is not affected by6963 the recommendations;

(iv) the need for additional administrative or public roads necessary for the full use of
the various multiple-uses, including recreation, mineral exploration and development, forest
health activities, and grazing operations is not unduly affected by the recommendations;

(v) analysis and full disclosure is made concerning the balance of multiple-use
management in the proposed areas, and that the analysis compares the full benefit of
multiple-use management to the recreational, forest health, and economic needs of the state and
the counties to the benefits of the requirements of wilderness management; and

(vi) the conclusions of all studies related to the requirement to examine the wilderness
option are submitted to the state for review and action by the Legislature and governor, and the
results, in support of or in opposition to, are included in any planning documents or other
proposals that are forwarded to the United States Congress;

6975 (k) the invasion of noxious weeds and undesirable invasive plant species into the state6976 should be reversed, their presence eliminated, and their return prevented;

6977	(1) management and resource-use decisions by federal land management and regulatory
6978	agencies concerning the vegetative resources within the state should reflect serious
6979	consideration of the proper optimization of the yield of water within the watersheds of the
6980	state;
6981	(m) (i) it is the policy of the state that:
6982	(A) mineral and energy production and environmental protection are not mutually
6983	exclusive;
6984	(B) it is technically feasible to permit appropriate access to mineral and energy
6985	resources while preserving nonmineral and nonenergy resources;
6986	(C) resource management planning should seriously consider all available mineral and
6987	energy resources;
6988	(D) the development of the solid, fluid, and gaseous mineral resources of the state and
6989	the renewable resources of the state should be encouraged;
6990	(E) the waste of fluid and gaseous minerals within developed areas should be
6991	prohibited; and
6992	(F) requirements to mitigate or reclaim mineral development projects should be based
6993	on credible evidence of significant impacts to natural or cultural resources;
6994	(ii) the state's support for mineral development provisions within federal land
6995	management plans will be withheld until the appropriate land management plan environmental
6996	impact statement clearly demonstrates:
6997	(A) that the authorized planning agency has:
6998	(I) considered and evaluated the mineral and energy potential in all areas of the
6999	planning area as if the areas were open to mineral development under standard lease
7000	agreements; and
7001	(II) evaluated any management plan prescription for its impact on the area's baseline
7002	mineral and energy potential;
7003	(B) that the development provisions do not unduly restrict access to public lands for
7004	energy exploration and development;
7005	(C) that the authorized planning agency has supported any closure of additional areas
7006	to mineral leasing and development or any increase of acres subject to no surface occupancy
7007	restrictions by adhering to:

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7008 (I) the relevant provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 7009 U.S.C. Sec. 1701 et seq.; 7010 (II) other controlling mineral development laws; and 7011 (III) the controlling withdrawal and reporting procedures set forth in the Federal Land 7012 Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1701 et seq.; 7013 (D) that the authorized planning agency evaluated whether to repeal any moratorium 7014 that may exist on the issuance of additional mining patents and oil and gas leases; 7015 (E) that the authorized planning agency analyzed all proposed mineral lease 7016 stipulations and considered adopting the least restrictive necessary to protect against damage to 7017 other significant resource values; 7018 (F) that the authorized planning agency evaluated mineral lease restrictions to 7019 determine whether to waive, modify, or make exceptions to the restrictions on the basis that 7020 they are no longer necessary or effective; 7021 (G) that the authorized federal agency analyzed all areas proposed for no surface 7022 occupancy restrictions, and that the analysis evaluated: 7023 (I) whether directional drilling is economically feasible and ecologically necessary for 7024 each proposed no surface occupancy area; 7025 (II) whether the directional drilling feasibility analysis, or analysis of other 7026 management prescriptions, demonstrates that the proposed no surface occupancy prescription, 7027 in effect, sterilizes the mineral and energy resources beneath the area; and 7028 (III) whether, if the minerals are effectively sterilized, the area must be reported as 7029 withdrawn under the provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act; and 7030 (H) that the authorized planning agency has evaluated all directional drilling 7031 requirements in no surface occupancy areas to determine whether directional drilling is feasible 7032 from an economic, ecological, and engineering standpoint; 7033 (n) motorized, human, and animal-powered outdoor recreation should be integrated 7034 into a fair and balanced allocation of resources within the historical and cultural framework of 7035 multiple-uses in rural Utah, and outdoor recreation should be supported as part of a balanced 7036 plan of state and local economic support and growth; 7037 (o) off-highway vehicles should be used responsibly, the management of off-highway 7038 vehicles should be uniform across all jurisdictions, and laws related to the use of off-highway

7039 vehicles should be uniformly applied across all jurisdictions; 7040 (p) (i) rights-of-way granted and vested under the provisions of R.S. 2477 should be 7041 preserved and acknowledged; 7042 (ii) land use management plans, programs, and initiatives should be consistent with 7043 both state and county transportation plans developed according to Subsection (3) in order to 7044 provide a network of roads throughout the planning area that provides for: 7045 (A) movement of people, goods, and services across public lands; 7046 (B) reasonable access to a broad range of resources and opportunities throughout the 7047 planning area, including access to livestock, water, and minerals; 7048 (C) economic and business needs; 7049 (D) public safety; 7050 (E) search and rescue; 7051 (F) access for people with disabilities and the elderly; 7052 (G) access to state lands; and 7053 (H) recreational opportunities; 7054 (q) transportation and access provisions for all other existing routes, roads, and trails 7055 across federal, state, and school trust lands within the state should be determined and 7056 identified, and agreements should be executed and implemented, as necessary to fully authorize 7057 and determine responsibility for maintenance of all routes, roads, and trails; 7058 (r) the reasonable development of new routes and trails for motorized, human, and 7059 animal-powered recreation should be implemented; 7060 (s) (i) forests, rangelands, and watersheds, in a healthy condition, are necessary and 7061 beneficial for wildlife, livestock grazing, and other multiple-uses; 7062 (ii) management programs and initiatives that are implemented to increase forage for 7063 the mutual benefit of the agricultural industry, livestock operations, and wildlife species should 7064 utilize all proven techniques and tools; (iii) the continued viability of livestock operations and the livestock industry should be 7065 7066 supported on the federal lands within the state by management of the lands and forage 7067 resources, by the proper optimization of animal unit months for livestock, in accordance with 7068 the multiple-use provisions of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, 43 7069 U.S.C. 1701 et seq., the provisions of the Taylor Grazing Act of 1934, 43 U.S.C. 315 et seq.,

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and the provisions of the Public Rangelands Improvement Act of 1978, 43 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.;

- (iv) provisions for predator control initiatives or programs under the direction of stateand local authorities should be implemented; and
- (v) resource-use and management decisions by federal land management and
 regulatory agencies should support state-sponsored initiatives or programs designed to stabilize
 wildlife populations that may be experiencing a scientifically demonstrated decline in those
 populations; and
- (t) management and resource use decisions by federal land management and regulatory
 agencies concerning the scenic resources of the state must balance the protection of scenery
 with the full management requirements of the other authorized uses of the land under
 multiple-use management, and should carefully consider using Visual Resource Management
 Class I protection only for areas of inventoried Class A scenery or equivalent.
- (9) Nothing contained in this section may be construed to restrict or supersede the
 planning powers conferred upon state departments, agencies, instrumentalities, or advisory
 councils of the state or the planning powers conferred upon political subdivisions by any other
 existing law.
- (10) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect any lands withdrawn from the
 public domain for military purposes, which are administered by the United States Army, Air
 Force, or Navy.

7089 Section 116. Section **63J-4-502** is amended to read:

7090

(1) The Resource Development Coordinating Committee shall consist of the following
 [25] members:

63J-4-502. Membership -- Terms -- Chair -- Expenses.

7093 (a) the state science advisor;

- (b) a representative from the Department of Agriculture and Food appointed by theexecutive director;
- (c) a representative from the Department of Community and Culture appointed by theexecutive director;
- 7098 [(d) a representative from the Department of Environmental Quality appointed by the
 7099 executive director;]
- 7100 [(e)] (d) a representative from the Department of Natural Resources and Environment

7101	appointed by the executive director;
7102	[(f)] (e) a representative from the Department of Transportation appointed by the
7103	executive director;
7104	[(g)] (f) a representative from the Governor's Office of Economic Development
7105	appointed by the director;
7106	[(h)] (g) a representative from the Division of Housing and Community Development
7107	appointed by the director;
7108	[(i)] (h) a representative from the Division of State History appointed by the director;
7109	[(j)] (i) a representative from the Division of Air Quality appointed by the director;
7110	[(k) a representative from the Division of Drinking Water appointed by the director;]
7111	[(1) a representative from the Division of Environmental Response and Remediation
7112	appointed by the director;]
7113	[(m)] (j) a representative from the Division of Radiation appointed by the director;
7114	[(n)] (k) a representative from the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste appointed by
7115	the director;
7116	[(o) a representative from the Division of Water Quality appointed by the director;]
7117	[(p)] (1) a representative from the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining appointed by the
7118	director;
7119	[(q)] (m) a representative from the Division of Parks and Recreation appointed by the
7120	director;
7121	[(r)] (n) a representative from the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands appointed
7122	by the director;
7123	[(s)] (o) a representative from the Utah Geological Survey appointed by the executive
7124	director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
7125	[(t)] (p) a representative from the Division of Water Resources appointed by the
7126	director;
7127	[(u) a representative from the Division of Water Rights appointed by the director;]
7128	[(v)] (q) a representative from the Division of Wildlife Resources appointed by the
7129	director;
7130	[(w)] (r) a representative from the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration
7131	appointed by the director;

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7132	[(x)] (s) a representative from the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
7133	appointed by the director; and
7134	[(y)] (t) a representative from the Division of Homeland Security appointed by the
7135	director.
7136	(2) (a) As particular issues require, the committee may, by majority vote of the
7137	members present, and with the concurrence of the state planning coordinator, appoint
7138	additional temporary members to serve as ex officio voting members.
7139	(b) Those ex officio members may discuss and vote on the issue or issues for which
7140	they were appointed.
7141	(3) A chair shall be selected by a majority vote of committee members with the
7142	concurrence of the state planning coordinator.
7143	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
7144	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
7145	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
7146	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
7147	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
7148	63A-3-107.
7149	Section 117. Section 63K-1-102 is amended to read:
7150	63K-1-102. Definitions.
7151	(1) (a) "Absent" means:
7152	(i) not physically present or not able to be communicated with for 48 hours; or
7153	(ii) for local government officers, as defined by local ordinances.
7154	(b) "Absent" does not include a person who can be communicated with via telephone,
7155	radio, or telecommunications.
7156	(2) "Attack" means a nuclear, conventional, biological, or chemical warfare action
7157	against the United States of America or this state.
7158	(3) "Department" means the Department of Administrative Services, the Department of
7159	Agriculture and Food, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission, the Department of
7160	Commerce, the Department of Community and Culture, the Department of Corrections, [the
7161	Department of Environmental Quality,] the Department of Financial Institutions, the
7162	Department of Health, the Department of Human Resource Management, the Department of

7163 Workforce Services, the Labor Commission, the National Guard, the Department of Insurance, 7164 the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, the Department of Public Safety, the 7165 Public Service Commission, the Department of Human Services, the State Tax Commission, 7166 the Department of Technology Services, the Department of Transportation, any other major 7167 administrative subdivisions of state government, the State Board of Education, the State Board 7168 of Regents, the Utah Housing Corporation, the Workers' Compensation Fund, the State 7169 Retirement Board, and each institution of higher education within the system of higher 7170 education. 7171 (4) "Disaster" means a situation causing, or threatening to cause, widespread damage, 7172 social disruption, or injury or loss of life or property resulting from attack, internal disturbance, 7173 natural phenomenon, or technological hazard. 7174 (5) "Division" means the Division of Homeland Security established in Title 53, 7175 Chapter 2, Part 1, Homeland Security Act. 7176 (6) "Emergency interim successor" means a person designated by this chapter to 7177 exercise the powers and discharge the duties of an office when the person legally exercising the 7178 powers and duties of the office is unavailable. 7179 (7) "Executive director" means the person with ultimate responsibility for managing 7180 and overseeing the operations of each department, however denominated. 7181 (8) "Internal disturbance" means a riot, prison break, terrorism, or strike. 7182 (9) "Natural phenomenon" means any earthquake, tornado, storm, flood, landslide, 7183 avalanche, forest or range fire, drought, epidemic, or other catastrophic event. 7184 (10) (a) "Office" includes all state and local offices, the powers and duties of which are 7185 defined by constitution, statutes, charters, optional plans, ordinances, articles, or by-laws. 7186 (b) "Office" does not include the office of governor or the legislative or judicial offices. 7187 (11) "Place of governance" means the physical location where the powers of an office 7188 are being exercised. 7189 (12) "Political subdivision" includes counties, cities, towns, townships, districts, 7190 authorities, and other public corporations and entities whether organized and existing under 7191 charter or general law. 7192 (13) "Political subdivision officer" means a person holding an office in a political 7193 subdivision.

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7194	(14) "State officer" means the attorney general, the state treasurer, the state auditor, and
7195	the executive director of each department.
7196	(15) "Technological hazard" means any hazardous materials accident, mine accident,
7197	train derailment, air crash, radiation incident, pollution, structural fire, or explosion.
7198	(16) "Unavailable" means:
7199	(a) absent from the place of governance during a disaster that seriously disrupts normal
7200	governmental operations, whether or not that absence or inability would give rise to a vacancy
7201	under existing constitutional or statutory provisions; or
7202	(b) as otherwise defined by local ordinance.
7203	Section 118. Section 63K-3-201 is amended to read:
7204	63K-3-201. Emergency Management Administration Council created Function
7205	Composition Expenses.
7206	(1) There is created the Emergency Management Administration Council to provide
7207	advice and coordination for state and local government agencies on government emergency
7208	prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery actions and activities.
7209	(2) The council shall meet at the call of the chair, but at least quarterly.
7210	(3) The council shall be made up of the:
7211	(a) lieutenant governor, or the lieutenant governor's designee;
7212	(b) attorney general, or the attorney general's designee;
7213	(c) heads of the following state agencies, or their designees:
7214	(i) Department of Public Safety;
7215	(ii) Division of Homeland Security;
7216	(iii) Department of Transportation;
7217	(iv) Department of Health;
7218	[(v) Department of Environmental Quality;]
7219	[(vi)] (v) Department of Community and Economic Development; and
7220	[(vii)] (vi) Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
7221	(d) adjutant general of the National Guard or the adjutant general's designee;
7222	(e) commissioner of agriculture and food or the commissioner's designee;
7223	(f) two representatives with expertise in emergency management appointed by the Utah
7224	League of Cities and Towns;

7225	(g) two representatives with expertise in emergency management appointed by the
7226	Utah Association of Counties;
7227	(h) up to four additional members with expertise in homeland security, critical
7228	infrastructure, or key resources as these terms are defined under 6 U.S. Code Section 101
7229	appointed from the private sector, by the chair of the council; and
7230	(i) two representatives appointed by the Utah Emergency Management Association.
7231	(4) The commissioner of Public Safety and the lieutenant governor shall serve as
7232	co-chairs of the council.
7233	(5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
7234	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
7235	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
7236	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
7237	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
7238	63A-3-107.
7239	(6) The council shall coordinate with existing emergency management related entities
7240	including:
7241	(a) the Homeland Security Regional Committees established by the Department of
7242	Public Safety;
7243	(b) the Statewide Mutual Aid Committee established under Section 53-2-503; and
7244	(c) the Hazardous Chemical Emergency Response Commission designated under
7245	Section 63K-3-301.
7246	(7) The council may establish other committees and task forces as determined
7247	necessary by the council to carry out the duties of the council.
7248	Section 119. Section 63K-3-301 is amended to read:
7249	63K-3-301. Hazardous Chemical Emergency Response Commission Allocation
7250	of responsibilities Local planning committees Specified federal law considered law of
7251	state Application to federal agencies and facilities.
7252	(1) (a) The commissioner of the Department of Public Safety and the executive director
7253	of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment, or their
7254	respective designees, are designated as the state's Hazardous Chemical Emergency Response
7255	Commission for purposes of carrying out all requirements of the federal Emergency Planning

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and Community Right To Know Act of 1986.

(b) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, butmay receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

(i) Section 63A-3-106;

(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and

(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and63A-3-107.

(2) The Department of Public Safety has primary responsibility for all emergency
planning activities under the federal Emergency Planning and Community Right To Know Act
of 1986, and shall prepare policy and procedure and make rules necessary for implementation
of that act in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

(3) The Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment
has primary responsibility for receiving, processing, and managing hazardous chemical
information and notifications under the federal Emergency Planning and Community Right To
Know Act of 1986, including preparation of policy and procedure, and promulgation of rules
necessary for implementation of that act. Funding for this program must be from the
appropriation acts.

(4) The Department of Public Safety and the Department of [Environmental Quality]
 Natural Resources and Environment shall enter into an interagency agreement providing for
 exchange of information and coordination of their respective duties and responsibilities under
 this section.

(5) (a) The Hazardous Chemical Emergency Response Commission shall appoint a
local planning committee for each local planning district that it establishes, as required by the
federal Emergency Planning and Community Right To Know Act of 1986, and to the extent
possible, shall use an existing local governmental organization as the local planning committee.

(b) (i) Local government members who do not receive salary, per diem, or expenses
from the entity that they represent for their service may receive per diem and expenses incurred
in the performance of their official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance
under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.

(ii) Local government members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for theirservice.

7287	(6) Requirements of the federal Emergency Planning and Community Right To Know
7288	Act of 1986 pertaining to notification and submission of information are the law of this state,
7289	and apply equally to federal agencies, departments, installations, and facilities located in this
7290	state, as well as to other facilities that are subject to that act.
7291	Section 120. Section 63K-5-102 is amended to read:
7292	63K-5-102. Definitions.
7293	As used in this chapter:
7294	(1) "Claim" has the same definition as in the following sections, as applicable:
7295	(a) Section 6-902, Idaho Code; or
7296	(b) Section 63G-7-102, Utah Code Annotated.
7297	(2) "Emergency":
7298	(a) means a situation where it reasonably appears that the life or safety of a person is at
7299	peril or real or personal property is at risk of destruction or loss;
7300	(b) includes disasters, fires, persons who are lost or missing, boats that are sinking or
7301	are in danger of sinking, medical situations where care is needed, and transportation of persons
7302	by ambulance; and
7303	(c) is not limited in duration to a discrete period of time.
7304	(3) (a) "Emergency responder" means a person whose duties include providing services
7305	to protect property or the life or safety of any person and who is:
7306	(i) employed by a governmental entity of another state;
7307	(ii) temporarily employed by a governmental entity; or
7308	(iii) a volunteer who is serving at the request of a governmental entity.
7309	(b) "Emergency responder" includes:
7310	(i) law enforcement officers, fire fighters, search and rescue personnel, emergency
7311	medical technicians, ambulance personnel, Department of Natural Resources and Environment
7312	employees, park rangers, and volunteers participating in search and rescue operations; and
7313	(ii) persons and parties identified in the interstate mutual aid agreement.
7314	(4) "Interstate mutual aid agreement" means an agreement that establishes procedures
7315	for claims against an out-of-state emergency responder, and that:
7316	(a) is established reciprocally between the Utah Highway Patrol and the Idaho State
7317	Police;

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7318	(b) is on file with the Utah Highway Patrol; and
7319	(c) has a duration of one year from the time the agreement is entered into by Utah and
7320	Idaho.
7321	Section 121. Section 63M-1-604 is amended to read:
7322	63M-1-604. Members Appointment Terms Qualifications Vacancies
7323	Chair and vice chair Executive secretary Executive committee Quorum
7324	Expenses.
7325	(1) The council comprises the following nonvoting members or their designees:
7326	(a) the adviser;
7327	(b) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
7328	(c) the executive director of the Department of Community and Culture;
7329	(d) the executive director of the Department of Health;
7330	[(e) the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality;]
7331	[(f)] (e) the commissioner of agriculture and food;
7332	[(g)] (f) the commissioner of higher education;
7333	$\left[\frac{h}{2}\right]$ the state planning coordinator; and
7334	[(i)] (h) the executive director of the Department of Transportation.
7335	(2) The governor may appoint other voting members, not to exceed 12.
7336	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current council members
7337	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
7338	term.
7339	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the
7340	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
7341	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
7342	years.
7343	(4) The governor shall consider all institutions of higher education in the state in the
7344	appointment of council members.
7345	(5) The voting members of the council shall be experienced or knowledgeable in the
7346	application of science and technology to business, industry, or public problems and have
7347	demonstrated their interest in and ability to contribute to the accomplishment of the purposes of
7348	this part.

7349	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
7350	appointed for the unexpired term.
7351	(7) (a) Each year the council shall select from its membership a chair and a vice chair.
7352	(b) The chair and vice chair shall hold office for one year or until a successor is
7353	appointed and qualified.
7354	(8) The adviser serves as executive secretary of the council.
7355	(9) An executive committee shall be established consisting of the chair, vice chair, and
7356	the adviser.
7357	(10) (a) In order to conduct business matters of the council at regularly convened
7358	meetings, a quorum consisting of a simple majority of the total voting membership of the
7359	council is required.
7360	(b) All matters of business affecting public policy require not less than a simple
7361	majority of affirmative votes of the total membership.
7362	(11) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
7363	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
7364	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
7365	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
7366	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
7367	63A-3-107.
7368	Section 122. Section 65A-1-2 is amended to read:
7369	65A-1-2. Forestry, Fire, and State Lands Advisory Council Creation
7370	Responsibilities.
7371	(1) (a) The Forestry, Fire, and State Lands Advisory Council is created within the
7372	Department of Natural Resources and Environment.
7373	(b) The council advises the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands on matters
7374	relating to state land management.
7375	(c) (i) Where reference is made in the Utah Code to the State Land Board or the Board
7376	of State Lands, it shall be construed as referring to the Forestry, Fire, and State Lands Advisory
7377	Council, but only if the reference pertains to advisory functions, powers, and duties related to
7378	state land management.
7379	(ii) In all other instances, the reference shall be construed as referring to the Division of

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7380	Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, except in matters related to school and institutional trust lands
7381	as defined in Section 53C-1-103, in which case the reference shall be considered as referring to
7382	the director of school and institutional trust lands or its board of trustees.
7383	(2) In carrying out its responsibilities the council shall provide the division with advice
7384	and expertise for the administration of state lands under comprehensive land management
7385	policies using multiple use-sustained yield principles.
7386	Section 123. Section 65A-1-4 is amended to read:
7387	65A-1-4. Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands Creation Power and
7388	authority.
7389	(1) (a) The Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands is created within the Department
7390	of Natural Resources and Environment under the administration and general supervision of the
7391	executive director of the department.
7392	(b) The division is the executive authority for the management of sovereign lands, and
7393	the state's mineral estates on lands other than school and institutional trust lands, and shall
7394	provide for forestry and fire control activities as required in Section 65A-8-101.
7395	(2) The division shall adopt rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
7396	Rulemaking Act, necessary to fulfill the purposes of this title.
7397	(3) The director of the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands is the executive and
7398	administrative head of the division and shall be a person experienced in administration and
7399	management of natural resources.
7400	(4) The director shall inform the council:
7401	(a) in an annual meeting of the division's plans, policies, and budget; and
7402	(b) of policy changes and developing conflicts.
7403	(5) The director shall give the council an opportunity to advise on the changes and
7404	conflicts.
7405	(6) (a) An aggrieved party to a final action by the director may appeal that action to the
7406	executive director of the Department of Natural Resources within 20 days after the action.
7407	(b) The executive director shall rule on the director's action within 20 days after receipt
7408	of the appeal.
7409	Section 124. Section 65A-4-2 is amended to read:
7410	65A-4-2. Central index Division to maintain index of lands owned by agencies

7411	of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment Information to be furnished.
7412	(1) The division shall maintain a central index of all lands owned by agencies of the
7413	Department of Natural Resources and Environment and shall make that index available for the
7414	public.
7415	(2) All agencies of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment having any
7416	right, title, or interest in lands shall furnish the division with the following information:
7417	(a) legal description of the land;
7418	(b) when the land was acquired;
7419	(c) where the abstracts, deeds, or other indicia of interest in the property may be found;
7420	(d) name of agency acquiring or holding the mineral interest;
7421	(e) name of the grantor; and
7422	(f) nature of state's interest in the land including whether mineral interests were
7423	obtained.
7424	(3) This section does not apply to Board of Water Resources lands that are subject to a
7425	repurchase agreement by the water project sponsor.
7426	Section 125. Section 65A-10-2 is amended to read:
7427	65A-10-2. Recreational use of sovereign lands.
7428	(1) The division, with the approval of the executive director of the Department of
7429	Natural Resources and Environment and the governor, may set aside for public or recreational
7430	use any part of the lands claimed by the state as the beds of lakes or streams.
7431	(2) Management of those lands may be delegated to the Division of Parks and
7432	Recreation, the Division of Wildlife Resources, or any other state agency.
7433	Section 126. Section 65A-10-8 is amended to read:
7434	65A-10-8. Great Salt Lake Management responsibilities of the division.
7435	The division has the following powers and duties:
7436	(1) Prepare and maintain a comprehensive plan for the lake which recognizes the
7437	following policies:
7438	(a) develop strategies to deal with a fluctuating lake level;
7439	(b) encourage development of the lake in a manner which will preserve the lake,
7440	encourage availability of brines to lake extraction industries, protect wildlife, and protect
7441	recreational facilities;

7442	(c) maintain the lake's flood plain as a hazard zone;
7443	(d) promote water quality management for the lake and its tributary streams;
7444	(e) promote the development of lake brines, minerals, chemicals, and petro-chemicals
7445	to aid the state's economy;
7446	(f) encourage the use of appropriate areas for extraction of brine, minerals, chemicals,
7447	and petro-chemicals;
7448	(g) maintain the lake and the marshes as important to the waterfowl flyway system;
7449	(h) encourage the development of an integrated industrial complex;
7450	(i) promote and maintain recreation areas on and surrounding the lake;
7451	(j) encourage safe boating use of the lake;
7452	(k) maintain and protect state, federal, and private marshlands, rookeries, and wildlife
7453	refuges; and
7454	(1) provide public access to the lake for recreation, hunting, and fishing.
7455	(2) Employ personnel and purchase equipment and supplies which the Legislature
7456	authorizes through appropriations for the purposes of this chapter.
7457	(3) Initiate studies of the lake and its related resources.
7458	(4) Publish scientific and technical information concerning the lake.
7459	(5) Define the lake's flood plain.
7460	(6) Qualify for, accept, and administer grants, gifts, or other funds from the federal
7461	government and other sources, for carrying out any functions under this chapter.
7462	(7) Determine the need for public works and utilities for the lake area.
7463	(8) Implement the comprehensive plan through state and local entities or agencies.
7464	(9) Coordinate the activities of the various divisions within the Department of Natural
7465	Resources and Environment with respect to the lake.
7466	(10) Perform all other acts reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes and
7467	provisions of this chapter.
7468	(11) Retain and encourage the continued activity of the Great Salt Lake technical team.
7469	Section 127. Section 67-19-6.7 is amended to read:
7470	67-19-6.7. Overtime policies for state employees.
7471	(1) As used in this section:
7472	(a) "Accrued overtime hours" means:

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7473 (i) for nonexempt employees, overtime hours earned during a fiscal year that, at the end 7474 of the fiscal year, have not been paid and have not been taken as time off by the nonexempt 7475 state employee who accrued them; and 7476 (ii) for exempt employees, overtime hours earned during an overtime year. 7477 (b) "Appointed official" means: 7478 (i) each department executive director and deputy director, each division director, and 7479 each member of a board or commission; and 7480 (ii) any other person employed by a department who is appointed by, or whose 7481 appointment is required by law to be approved by, the governor and who: 7482 (A) is paid a salary by the state; and 7483 (B) who exercises managerial, policy-making, or advisory responsibility. 7484 (c) "Department" means the Department of Administrative Services, the Department of 7485 Corrections, the Department of Financial Institutions, the Department of Alcoholic Beverage 7486 Control, the Insurance Department, the Public Service Commission, the Labor Commission, 7487 the Department of Agriculture and Food, the Department of Human Services, the State Board 7488 of Education, the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, the Department of 7489 Technology Services, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Commerce, the 7490 Department of Workforce Services, the State Tax Commission, the Department of Community 7491 and Culture, the Department of Health, the National Guard, [the Department of Environmental 7492 Quality,] the Department of Public Safety, the Department of Human Resource Management, 7493 the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, all merit employees except attorneys in the 7494 Office of the Attorney General, merit employees in the Office of the State Treasurer, merit 7495 employees in the Office of the State Auditor, Department of Veterans' Affairs, and the Board of 7496 Pardons and Parole. 7497 (d) "Elected official" means any person who is an employee of the state because the 7498 person was elected by the registered voters of Utah to a position in state government.

7499 (e) "Exempt employee" means a state employee who is exempt as defined by the Fair 7500 Labor Standards Act of 1978, 29 U.S.C. Section 201 et seq.

7501

(f) "FLSA" means the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1978, 29 U.S.C. Section 201 et seq. 7502 (g) "FLSA agreement" means the agreement authorized by the Fair Labor Standards

7503 Act of 1978, 29 U.S.C. Section 201 et seq., by which a nonexempt employee elects the form of

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7504	compensation the nonexempt employee will receive for overtime.
7505	(h) "Nonexempt employee" means a state employee who is nonexempt as defined by
7506	the Department of Human Resource Management applying FLSA requirements.
7507	(i) "Overtime" means actual time worked in excess of the employee's defined work
7508	period.
7509	(j) "Overtime year" means the year determined by a department under Subsection
7510	(4)(b) at the end of which an exempt employee's accrued overtime lapses.
7511	(k) "State employee" means every person employed by a department who is not:
7512	(i) an appointed official;
7513	(ii) an elected official;
7514	(iii) a member of a board or commission who is paid only on a per diem or travel
7515	expenses basis; or
7516	(iv) employed on a contractual basis at the State Office of Education.
7517	(l) "Uniform annual date" means the date when an exempt employee's accrued
7518	overtime lapses.
7519	(m) "Work period" means:
7520	(i) for all nonexempt employees, except law enforcement and hospital employees, a
7521	consecutive seven day 24 hour work period of 40 hours;
7522	(ii) for all exempt employees, a 14 day, 80 hour payroll cycle; and
7523	(iii) for nonexempt law enforcement and hospital employees, the period established by
7524	each department by rule for those employees according to the requirements of the Fair Labor
7525	Standards Act of 1978, 29 U.S.C. Section 201 et seq.
7526	(2) Each department shall compensate each state employee who works overtime by
7527	complying with the requirements of this section.
7528	(3) (a) Each department shall negotiate and obtain a signed FLSA agreement from each
7529	nonexempt employee.
7530	(b) In the FLSA agreement, the nonexempt employee shall elect either to be
7531	compensated for overtime by:
7532	(i) taking time off work at the rate of one and one-half hour off for each overtime hour
7533	worked; or

(ii) being paid for the overtime worked at the rate of one and one-half times the rate per

7535 hour that the state employee receives for nonovertime work. 7536 (c) Any nonexempt employee who elects to take time off under this Subsection (3) 7537 shall be paid for any overtime worked in excess of the cap established by the Department of 7538 Human Resource Management. 7539 (d) Before working any overtime, each nonexempt employee shall obtain authorization 7540 to work overtime from the employee's immediate supervisor. 7541 (e) Each department shall: 7542 (i) for employees who elect to be compensated with time off for overtime, allow 7543 overtime earned during a fiscal year to be accumulated; and 7544 (ii) for employees who elect to be paid for overtime worked, pay them for overtime 7545 worked in the paycheck for the pay period in which the employee worked the overtime. 7546 (f) If the department pays a nonexempt employee for overtime, the department shall 7547 charge that payment to the department's budget. 7548 (g) At the end of each fiscal year, the Division of Finance shall total all the accrued 7549 overtime hours for nonexempt employees and charge that total against the appropriate fund or 7550 subfund. 7551 (4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), each department shall 7552 compensate exempt employees who work overtime by granting them time off at the rate of one 7553 hour off for each hour of overtime worked. 7554 (ii) The executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management may 7555 grant limited exceptions to this requirement, where work circumstances dictate, by authorizing 7556 a department to pay employees for overtime worked at the rate per hour that the employee 7557 receives for nonovertime work, if the department has funds available. 7558 (b) (i) Each department shall: 7559 (A) establish in its written human resource policies a uniform annual date for each 7560 division that is at the end of any pay period; and 7561 (B) communicate the uniform annual date to its employees. 7562 (ii) If any department fails to establish a uniform annual date as required by this 7563 Subsection (4), the executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management, in 7564 conjunction with the director of the Division of Finance, shall establish the date for that 7565 department.

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7566 (c) (i) Any overtime earned under this Subsection (4) is not an entitlement, is not a 7567 benefit, and is not a vested right. 7568 (ii) A court may not construe the overtime for exempt employees authorized by this 7569 Subsection (4) as an entitlement, a benefit, or as a vested right. 7570 (d) At the end of the overtime year, upon transfer to another department at any time, 7571 and upon termination, retirement, or other situations where the employee will not return to 7572 work before the end of the overtime year: 7573 (i) any of an exempt employee's overtime that is more than the maximum established 7574 by the Department of Human Resource Management rule lapses; and 7575 (ii) unless authorized by the executive director of the Department of Human Resource 7576 Management under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), a department may not compensate the exempt 7577 employee for that lapsed overtime by paying the employee for the overtime or by granting the 7578 employee time off for the lapsed overtime. 7579 (e) Before working any overtime, each exempt employee shall obtain authorization to 7580 work overtime from the exempt employee's immediate supervisor. 7581 (f) If the department pays an exempt employee for overtime under authorization from 7582 the executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management, the department 7583 shall charge that payment to the department's budget in the pay period earned. 7584 (5) The Department of Human Resource Management shall: 7585 (a) ensure that the provisions of the FLSA and this section are implemented throughout 7586 state government; 7587 (b) determine, for each state employee, whether that employee is exempt, nonexempt, 7588 law enforcement, or has some other status under the FLSA; 7589 (c) in coordination with modifications to the systems operated by the Division of 7590 Finance, make rules: 7591 (i) establishing procedures for recording overtime worked that comply with FLSA 7592 requirements; 7593 (ii) establishing requirements governing overtime worked while traveling and 7594 procedures for recording that overtime that comply with FLSA requirements; 7595 (iii) establishing requirements governing overtime worked if the employee is "on call" 7596 and procedures for recording that overtime that comply with FLSA requirements;

7597	(iv) establishing requirements governing overtime worked while an employee is being
7598	trained and procedures for recording that overtime that comply with FLSA requirements;
7599	(v) subject to the FLSA, establishing the maximum number of hours that a nonexempt
7600	employee may accrue before a department is required to pay the employee for the overtime
7601	worked;
7602	(vi) subject to the FLSA, establishing the maximum number of overtime hours for an
7603	exempt employee that do not lapse; and
7604	(vii) establishing procedures for adjudicating appeals of any FLSA determinations
7605	made by the Department of Human Resource Management as required by this section;
7606	(d) monitor departments for compliance with the FLSA; and
7607	(e) recommend to the Legislature and the governor any statutory changes necessary
7608	because of federal government action.
7609	(6) In coordination with the procedures for recording overtime worked established in
7610	rule by the Department of Human Resource Management, the Division of Finance shall modify
7611	its payroll and human resource systems to accommodate those procedures.
7612	(a) Notwithstanding the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4,
7613	Administrative Procedures Act, Section 67-19-31, and Section 67-19a-301, any employee who
7614	is aggrieved by the FLSA designation made by the Department of Human Resource
7615	Management as required by this section may appeal that determination to the executive director
7616	of the Department of Human Resource Management by following the procedures and
7617	requirements established in Department of Human Resource Management rule.
7618	(b) Upon receipt of an appeal under this section, the executive director shall notify the
7619	executive director of the employee's department that the appeal has been filed.
7620	(c) If the employee is aggrieved by the decision of the executive director of the
7621	Department of Human Resource Management, the employee shall appeal that determination to
7622	the Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division, according to the procedures and
7623	requirements of federal law.
7624	Section 128. Section 67-19-27 is amended to read:
7625	67-19-27. Leave of absence with pay for disabled employees covered under other
7626	civil service systems.
7677	(1) As used in this section:

7627 (1) As used in this section:

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7628	(a) (i) "Law enforcement officer" means a sworn and certified peace officer who is an
7629	employee of a law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state, and whose
7630	primary and principal duties consist of the prevention and detection of crime and the
7631	enforcement of criminal statutes of this state.
7632	(ii) "Law enforcement officer" specifically includes the following:
7633	(A) the commissioner of public safety and any member of the Department of Public
7634	Safety certified as a peace officer;
7635	(B) all persons specified in Sections 23-20-1.5 and 79-4-501;
7636	(C) investigators for the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division;
7637	(D) special agents or investigators employed by the attorney general;
7638	(E) employees of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment designated as
7639	peace officers by law;
7640	(F) the executive director of the Department of Corrections and any correctional
7641	enforcement or investigative officer designated by the executive director and approved by the
7642	commissioner of public safety and certified by the division; and
7643	(G) correctional enforcement, investigative, or adult probation and parole officers
7644	employed by the Department of Corrections serving on or before July 1, 1993.
7645	(b) "State correctional officer" means a correctional officer as defined in Section
7646	53-13-104 who is employed by the Department of Corrections.
7647	(2) (a) Each law enforcement officer, state correctional officer, operator license
7648	examiner, commercial license examiner, or Driver License Division hearing examiner who is
7649	injured in the course of employment shall be given a leave of absence with full pay during the
7650	period the employee is temporarily disabled.
7651	(b) This compensation is in lieu of all other compensation provided by law except
7652	hospital and medical services that are provided by law.
7653	(3) Each law enforcement officer or state correctional officer who is 100% disabled
7654	through a criminal act upon his person while in the lawful discharge of his duties, shall be
7655	given a leave of absence with full compensation until he retires or reaches the retirement age of
7656	62 years.
7657	Section 129. Section 67-19c-101 is amended to read:
7658	67-19c-101. Department award program.

7659 (1) As used in this section:

7660 (a) "Department" means the Department of Administrative Services, the Department of 7661 Agriculture and Food, the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, the Department of 7662 Commerce, the Department of Community and Culture, the Department of Corrections, the 7663 Department of Workforce Services, [the Department of Environmental Quality,] the 7664 Department of Financial Institutions, the Department of Health, the Department of Human 7665 Resource Management, the Department of Human Services, the Insurance Department, the 7666 National Guard, the Department of Natural Resources and Environment, the Department of 7667 Public Safety, the Public Service Commission, the Labor Commission, the State Board of 7668 Education, the State Board of Regents, the State Tax Commission, the Department of 7669 Technology Services, and the Department of Transportation.

(b) "Department head" means the individual or body of individuals in whom theultimate legal authority of the department is vested by law.

7672 (2) There is created a department awards program to award an outstanding employee in7673 each department of state government.

(3) (a) By April 1 of each year, each department head shall solicit nominations foroutstanding employee of the year for his department from the employees in his department.

(b) By July 1 of each year, the department head shall:

(i) select a person from the department to receive the outstanding employee of the yearaward using the criteria established in Subsection (3)(c); and

(ii) announce the recipient of the award to his employees.

7680 (c) Department heads shall make the award to a person who demonstrates:

(i) extraordinary competence in performing his function;

(ii) creativity in identifying problems and devising workable, cost-effective solutions tothem;

7684 (iii) excellent relationships with the public and other employees;

- 7685 (iv) a commitment to serving the public as the client; and
- 7686 (v) a commitment to economy and efficiency in government.
- 7687 (4) (a) The Department of Human Resource Management shall divide any

appropriation for outstanding department employee awards that it receives from the Legislatureequally among the departments.

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7690	(b) If the department receives money from the Department of Human Resource
7691	Management or if the department budget allows, the department head shall provide the
7692	employee with a bonus, a plaque, or some other suitable acknowledgement of the award.
7693	(5) (a) The department head may name the award after an exemplary present or former
7694	employee of the department.
7695	(b) A department head may not name the award for himself or for any relative as
7696	defined in Section 52-3-1.
7697	(c) Any awards or award programs existing in any department as of May 3, 1993, shall
7698	be modified to conform to the requirements of this section.
7699	Section 130. Section 67-22-2 is amended to read:
7700	67-22-2. Compensation Other state officers.
7701	(1) As used in this section:
7702	(a) "Appointed executive" means the:
7703	(i) Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food;
7704	(ii) Commissioner of the Insurance Department;
7705	(iii) Commissioner of the Labor Commission;
7706	(iv) Director, Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission;
7707	(v) Commissioner of the Department of Financial Institutions;
7708	(vi) Executive Director, Department of Commerce;
7709	(vii) Executive Director, Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice;
7710	(viii) Adjutant General;
7711	(ix) Executive Director, Department of Community and Culture;
7712	(x) Executive Director, Department of Corrections;
7713	(xi) Commissioner, Department of Public Safety;
7714	(xii) Executive Director, Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
7715	(xiii) Director, Governor's Office of Planning and Budget;
7716	(xiv) Executive Director, Department of Administrative Services;
7717	(xv) Executive Director, Department of Human Resource Management;
7718	[(xvi) Executive Director, Department of Environmental Quality;]
7719	[(xvii)] (xvi) Director, Governor's Office of Economic Development;
7720	[(xviii)] (xvii) Executive Director, Utah Science Technology and Research Governing

7721	Authority;
7722	[(xix)] (xviii) Executive Director, Department of Workforce Services;
7723	[(xx)] (xix) Executive Director, Department of Health, Nonphysician;
7724	[(xxi)] (xx) Executive Director, Department of Human Services;
7725	[(xxii)] (xxi) Executive Director, Department of Transportation;
7726	[(xxiii)] (xxii) Executive Director, Department of Technology Services; and
7727	[(xxiv)] (xxiii) Executive Director, Department of Veterans Affairs.
7728	(b) "Board or commission executive" means:
7729	(i) Members, Board of Pardons and Parole;
7730	(ii) Chair, State Tax Commission;
7731	(iii) Commissioners, State Tax Commission;
7732	(iv) Executive Director, State Tax Commission;
7733	(v) Chair, Public Service Commission; and
7734	(vi) Commissioners, Public Service Commission.
7735	(c) "Deputy" means the person who acts as the appointed executive's second in
7736	command as determined by the Department of Human Resource Management.
7737	(2) (a) The executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management
7738	shall:
7739	(i) before October 31 of each year, recommend to the governor a compensation plan for
7740	the appointed executives and the board or commission executives; and
7741	(ii) base those recommendations on market salary studies conducted by the Department
7742	of Human Resource Management.
7743	(b) (i) The Department of Human Resource Management shall determine the salary
7744	range for the appointed executives by:
7745	(A) identifying the salary range assigned to the appointed executive's deputy;
7746	(B) designating the lowest minimum salary from those deputies' salary ranges as the
7747	minimum salary for the appointed executives' salary range; and
7748	(C) designating 105% of the highest maximum salary range from those deputies' salary
7749	ranges as the maximum salary for the appointed executives' salary range.
7750	(ii) If the deputy is a medical doctor, the Department of Human Resource Management
7751	may not consider that deputy's salary range in designating the salary range for appointed

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7752	executives.
7753	(c) In establishing the salary ranges for board or commission executives, the
7754	Department of Human Resource Management shall set the maximum salary in the salary range
7755	for each of those positions at 90% of the salary for district judges as established in the annual
7756	appropriation act under Section 67-8-2.
7757	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the governor shall establish a
7758	specific salary for each appointed executive within the range established under Subsection
7759	(2)(b).
7760	(ii) If the executive director of the Department of Health is a physician, the governor
7761	shall establish a salary within the highest physician salary range established by the Department
7762	of Human Resource Management.
7763	(iii) The governor may provide salary increases for appointed executives within the
7764	range established by Subsection (2)(b) and identified in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
7765	(b) The governor shall apply the same overtime regulations applicable to other FLSA
7766	exempt positions.
7767	(c) The governor may develop standards and criteria for reviewing the appointed
7768	executives.
7769	(4) Salaries for other Schedule A employees, as defined in Section 67-19-15, that are
7770	not provided for in this chapter, or in Title 67, Chapter 8, Utah Elected Official and Judicial
7771	Salary Act, shall be established as provided in Section 67-19-15.
7772	(5) (a) The Legislature fixes benefits for the appointed executives and the board or
7773	commission executives as follows:
7774	(i) the option of participating in a state retirement system established by Title 49, Utah
7775	State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act, or in a deferred compensation plan administered
7776	by the State Retirement Office in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code and its
7777	accompanying rules and regulations;
7778	(ii) health insurance;
7779	(iii) dental insurance;
7780	(iv) basic life insurance;
7781	(v) unemployment compensation;
7782	(vi) workers' compensation;

7783	(vii) required employer contribution to Social Security;
7784	(viii) long-term disability income insurance;
7785	(ix) the same additional state-paid life insurance available to other noncareer service
7786	employees;
7787	(x) the same severance pay available to other noncareer service employees;
7788	(xi) the same leave, holidays, and allowances granted to Schedule B state employees as
7789	follows:
7790	(A) sick leave;
7791	(B) converted sick leave if accrued prior to January 1, 2014;
7792	(C) educational allowances;
7793	(D) holidays; and
7794	(E) annual leave except that annual leave shall be accrued at the maximum rate
7795	provided to Schedule B state employees;
7796	(xii) the option to convert accumulated sick leave to cash or insurance benefits as
7797	provided by law or rule upon resignation or retirement according to the same criteria and
7798	procedures applied to Schedule B state employees;
7799	(xiii) the option to purchase additional life insurance at group insurance rates according
7800	to the same criteria and procedures applied to Schedule B state employees; and
7801	(xiv) professional memberships if being a member of the professional organization is a
7802	requirement of the position.
7803	(b) Each department shall pay the cost of additional state-paid life insurance for its
7804	executive director from its existing budget.
7805	(6) The Legislature fixes the following additional benefits:
7806	(a) for the executive director of the State Tax Commission a vehicle for official and
7807	personal use;
7808	(b) for the executive director of the Department of Transportation a vehicle for official
7809	and personal use;
7810	(c) for the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment
7811	a vehicle for commute and official use;
7812	(d) for the Commissioner of Public Safety:
7813	(i) an accidental death insurance policy if POST certified; and

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7814	(ii) a public safety vehicle for official and personal use;
7815	(e) for the executive director of the Department of Corrections:
7816	(i) an accidental death insurance policy if POST certified; and
7817	(ii) a public safety vehicle for official and personal use;
7818	(f) for the Adjutant General a vehicle for official and personal use; and
7819	(g) for each member of the Board of Pardons and Parole a vehicle for commute and
7820	official use.
7821	Section 131. Section 72-6-107.5 is amended to read:
7822	72-6-107.5. Construction of improvements of highway Contracts Health
7823	insurance coverage.
7824	(1) For purposes of this section:
7825	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
7826	34A-2-104 who:
7827	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
7828	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
7829	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
7830	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
7831	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means at the time the contract is entered into
7832	or renewed:
7833	(i) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined actuarial
7834	value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark plan
7835	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), and
7836	a contribution level of 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of the
7837	employee who reside or work in the state, in which:
7838	(A) the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the
7839	dependents of the employee who reside or work in the state; and
7840	(B) for purposes of calculating actuarial equivalency under this Subsection (1)(c)(i):
7841	(I) rather that the benchmark plan's deductible, and the benchmark plan's out-of-pocket
7842	maximum based on income levels:
7843	(Aa) the deductible is \$750 per individual and \$2,250 per family; and
7844	(Bb) the out-of-pocket maximum is \$3,000 per individual and \$9,000 per family;

7845	(II) dental coverage is not required; and
7846	(III) other than Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), the provisions of Section 26-40-106 do not
7847	apply; or
7848	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum, has a
7849	deductible that is either:
7850	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;
7851	or
7852	(II) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally
7853	qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings
7854	account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest
7855	deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the
7856	employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan;
7857	(B) an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the
7858	annual deductible; and
7859	(C) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the
7860	dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.
7861	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
7862	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to contracts entered
7863	into by the department on or after July 1, 2009, for construction or design of highways and to a
7864	prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
7865	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
7866	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
7867	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
7868	\$750,000 or greater.
7869	(3) This section does not apply if:
7870	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
7871	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
7872	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
7873	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102,
7874	or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required
7875	by Subsection (2).

7876	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
7877	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
7878	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the department that
7879	the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
7880	contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
7881	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall
7882	demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified
7883	health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents
7884	during the duration of the contract.
7885	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
7886	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
7887	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
7888	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
7889	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
7890	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
7891	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
7892	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
7893	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
7894	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
7895	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
7896	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
7897	(b) in coordination with:
7898	[(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;]
7899	[(ii)] (i) the Department of Natural Resources and Environment in accordance with
7900	Section 79-2-404;
7901	[(iii)] (ii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
7902	[(iv)] (iii) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
7903	[(v)] (iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; and
7904	[(vi)] (v) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
7905	(c) [which] that establish:
7906	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the

7907 department compliance with this section which shall include: 7908 (A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or 7909 (b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and 7910 (B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by 7911 the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of 7912 actuarial equivalency from either: 7913 (I) the Utah Insurance Department; 7914 (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or 7915 (III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 7916 rates; 7917 (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally 7918 violates the provisions of this section, which may include: 7919 (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into 7920 future contracts with the state upon the first violation; (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future 7921 7922 contracts with the state upon the second violation; 7923 (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with 7924 Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and 7925 (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to 7926 purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of the employee 7927 of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage 7928 during the duration of the contract; and 7929 (iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified 7930 health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c)(i). 7931 (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or 7932 subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the 7933 employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance 7934 coverage. 7935 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 7936 (7)(a)(i) if: 7937 (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency

7938	provided by:
7939	(I) an actuary; or
7940	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
7941	rates; or
7942	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
7943	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
7944	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
7945	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
7946	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
7947	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
7948	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
7949	coverage as required by this section:
7950	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
7951	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,
7952	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and
7953	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
7954	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
7955	or construction.
7956	Section 132. Section 72-6-115 is amended to read:
7957	72-6-115. Traffic Management Committee Appointment Duties.
7958	(1) As used in this section, "committee" means the Traffic Management Committee
7959	created in this section.
7960	(2) (a) There is created within the Department of Transportation the Traffic
7961	Management Committee comprising up to [13] 12 members knowledgeable about traffic
7962	engineering, traffic flow, air quality, or intelligent transportation systems as follows:
7963	(i) two members designated by the executive director of the department;
7964	(ii) one member designated by the Utah Association of Counties;
7965	[(iii) one member designated by the Department of Environmental Quality;]
7966	[(iv)] (iii) one member designated by the Wasatch Front Regional Council;
7967	[(v)] (iv) one member designated by the Mountainland Association of Governments;
7968	[(vi)] (v) one member designated by the Commissioner of Public Safety;

7969	[(vii)] (vi) one member designated by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
7970	[(viii)] (vii) one member designated by the general manager of a public transit district
7971	with more than 200,000 people residing within the public transit district boundaries;
7972	[(ix)] (viii) up to four additional members designated by the committee for one-year
7973	terms; and
7974	[(x)] (ix) a designating entity under Subsections (2)(a)(i) through (viii) may designate
7975	an alternative member to serve in the absence of its designated member.
7976	(b) The committee shall:
7977	(i) advise the department on matters related to the implementation and administration
7978	of this section;
7979	(ii) make recommendations to law enforcement agencies related to traffic flow and
7980	incident management during heavy traffic periods;
7981	(iii) make recommendations to the department, counties, and municipalities on
7982	increasing the safety and efficiency of highways using current traffic management systems,
7983	including traffic signal coordination, traffic monitoring, freeway ramp metering, variable
7984	message signing, and incident management; and
7985	(iv) evaluate the cost effectiveness of implementing a specific traffic management
7986	system on a highway considering:
7987	(A) existing traffic volume in the area;
7988	(B) the necessity and potential of reducing vehicle emissions in the area;
7989	(C) the feasibility of the traffic management system on the highway; and
7990	(D) whether traffic congestion will be reduced by the system.
7991	(c) The committee shall annually elect a chair and a vice chair from its members.
7992	(d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
7993	appointed.
7994	(e) The committee shall meet as it determines necessary to accomplish its duties.
7995	(f) Reasonable notice shall be given to each member of the committee prior to any
7996	meeting.
7997	(g) A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
7998	(h) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
7999	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

H.B. 97 01-31-11 11:00 AM 8000 (i) Section 63A-3-106; 8001 (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and 8002 (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 8003 63A-3-107. 8004 (3) (a) The Department of Transportation shall implement and administer traffic 8005 management systems to facilitate the efficient flow of motor vehicle traffic on state highways 8006 to improve regional mobility, and to reduce motor vehicle emissions where those 8007 improvements are cost effective, as determined by the committee in accordance with criteria 8008 under Subsection (2)(b). 8009 (b) A traffic management system shall be designed to allow safe, efficient, and 8010 effective: 8011 (i) integration of existing traffic management systems; 8012 (ii) additions of highways and intersections under county and city administrative 8013 jurisdiction; 8014 (iii) incorporation of other traffic management systems; and 8015 (iv) adaptation to future traffic needs. 8016 (4) (a) The cost of implementing and administering a traffic management system shall 8017 be shared pro rata by the department and the counties and municipalities using it. 8018 (b) The department shall enter into an agreement or contract under Title 11, Chapter 8019 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, with a county or municipality to share costs incurred under this 8020 section. 8021 (5) Additional highways and intersections under the administrative jurisdiction of a 8022 county or municipality may be added to a traffic management system upon application of the 8023 county or municipality after: 8024 (a) a recommendation of the committee; 8025 (b) approval by the department; 8026 (c) determination of the appropriate cost share of the addition under Subsection (4)(a); 8027 and 8028 (d) an agreement under Subsection (4)(b).

8029 (6) The committee may establish technical advisory committees as needed to assist in8030 accomplishing its duties under this section.

8031 Section 133. Section 73-1-4.5 is amended to read: 8032 73-1-4.5. Authorization for water companies to allocate water rights lost by 8033 forfeiture or nonuse -- Redemption and retirement of water shares. 8034 (1) (a) If a water right, to which a mutual water company holds title, ceases or is lost 8035 due to forfeiture or abandonment for lack of beneficial use, in whole or in part, the water 8036 company shall, through procedures consistent with this section, and as defined in the 8037 company's articles of incorporation or bylaws, apportion the loss to each stockholder whose 8038 failure to make beneficial use caused the loss of the water right. 8039 (b) The water company shall make an apportionment if the [Utah Division of Water 8040 **Rights**] state engineer or a court of proper jurisdiction makes a final decision that a loss has 8041 occurred. 8042 (c) The water company shall also reduce the amount of water provided to the 8043 shareholder in proportion to the amount of the lost water right during an appeal of a decision 8044 that reduced the company water rights, unless otherwise ordered by a court of proper 8045 jurisdiction. 8046 (d) The water company may take any action under this Subsection (1), whether the loss 8047 occurred: 8048 (i) under Utah Code Annotated Section 73-1-4, including losses that occur as part of a 8049 general determination under Title 73, Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights; or 8050 (ii) through any other decision by a court of proper jurisdiction. 8051 (2) (a) If the water company apportions a water right under Subsection (1), a sufficient 8052 number of shares to account for the water right lost, including necessary transport or "carrier 8053 water" losses, shall be treated by the water company as shares redeemed by the company from 8054 the stockholder responsible for the loss.

8055 (b) The number of shares owned by that shareholder shall be reduced accordingly on 8056 the records of the company.

8057 (c) Upon the redemption, the authorized shares of the company shall be reduced by the 8058 amount of shares that were redeemed under this Subsection (2).

8059 (3) The redemption and retirement under this section of shares belonging to a 8060 stockholder does not relieve the stockholder of liability for unpaid assessments on the stock or 8061 debts the shareholder may owe to the water company.

8062	Section 134. Section 73-2-1 is amended to read:
8063	73-2-1. State engineer Term Powers and duties Qualification for duties.
8064	(1) There shall be a state engineer within the Division of Water Resources.
8065	(2) The state engineer shall:
8066	(a) be appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate;
8067	(b) hold office for the term of four years and until a successor is appointed; and
8068	(c) have five years experience as a practical engineer or the theoretical knowledge,
8069	practical experience, and skill necessary for the position.
8070	(3) (a) The state engineer shall be responsible for the general administrative
8071	supervision of the waters of the state and the measurement, appropriation, apportionment, and
8072	distribution of those waters.
8073	(b) The state engineer may secure the equitable apportionment and distribution of the
8074	water according to the respective rights of appropriators.
8075	(4) The state engineer shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
8076	Administrative Rulemaking Act, consistent with the purposes and provisions of this title,
8077	regarding:
8078	(a) reports of water right conveyances;
8079	(b) the construction of water wells and the licensing of water well drillers;
8080	(c) dam construction and safety;
8081	(d) the alteration of natural streams;
8082	(e) sewage effluent reuse;
8083	(f) geothermal resource conservation; and
8084	(g) enforcement orders and the imposition of fines and penalties.
8085	(5) The state engineer may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
8086	Administrative Rulemaking Act, consistent with the purposes and provisions of this title,
8087	governing:
8088	(a) water distribution systems and water commissioners;
8089	(b) water measurement and reporting;
8090	(c) ground-water recharge and recovery;
8091	(d) the determination of water rights; and
8092	(e) the form and content of applications and related documents, maps, and reports.

8093	(6) The state engineer may bring suit in courts of competent jurisdiction to:
8094	(a) enjoin the unlawful appropriation, diversion, and use of surface and underground
8095	water without first seeking redress through the administrative process;
8096	(b) prevent theft, waste, loss, or pollution of those waters;
8097	(c) enable him to carry out the duties of the state engineer's office; and
8098	(d) enforce administrative orders and collect fines and penalties.
8099	(7) The state engineer may:
8100	(a) upon request from the board of trustees of an irrigation district under Title 17B,
8101	Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act, or another local district under Title 17B, Limited
8102	Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, or a special service district under Title
8103	17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, that operates an irrigation water system, cause a
8104	water survey to be made of all lands proposed to be annexed to the district in order to
8105	determine and allot the maximum amount of water that could be beneficially used on the land,
8106	with a separate survey and allotment being made for each 40-acre or smaller tract in separate
8107	ownership; and
8108	(b) upon completion of the survey and allotment under Subsection (7)(a), file with the
8109	district board a return of the survey and report of the allotment.
8110	(8) (a) The state engineer may establish water distribution systems and define their
8111	boundaries.
8112	(b) The water distribution systems shall be formed in a manner that:
8113	(i) secures the best protection to the water claimants; and
8114	(ii) is the most economical for the state to supervise.
8115	Section 135. Section 73-2-1.5 is amended to read:
8116	73-2-1.5. Procedures Adjudicative proceedings.
8117	Except as provided in Sections 63G-4-102 and 73-2-25, the state engineer [and the
8118	Division of Water Rights] shall comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G,
8119	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in [their] adjudicative proceedings.
8120	Section 136. Section 73-2-14 is amended to read:
8121	73-2-14. Fees of state engineer Deposited as a dedicated credit.
8122	(1) The [state engineer] Division of Water Resources shall charge fees pursuant to
8123	Section 63J-1-504 for the following:

8124	(a) applications to appropriate water;
8125	(b) applications to temporarily appropriate water;
8126	(c) applications for permanent or temporary change;
8127	(d) applications for exchange;
8128	(e) applications for an extension of time in which to resume use of water;
8129	(f) applications to appropriate water, or make a permanent or temporary change, for use
8130	outside the state filed pursuant to Title 73, Chapter 3a, Water Exports;
8131	(g) groundwater recovery permits;
8132	(h) diligence claims for surface or underground water filed pursuant to Section
8133	73-5-13;
8134	(i) republication of notice to water users after amendment of application where
8135	required by this title;
8136	(j) applications to segregate;
8137	(k) requests for an extension of time in which to submit proof of appropriation not to
8138	exceed 14 years after the date of approval of the application;
8139	(l) requests for an extension of time in which to submit proof of appropriation 14 years
8140	or more after the date of approval of the application;
8141	(m) groundwater recharge permits;
8142	(n) applications for a well driller's license, annual renewal of a well driller's license,
8143	and late annual renewal of a well driller's license;
8144	(o) certification of copies;
8145	(p) preparing copies of documents;
8146	(q) reports of water right conveyance; and
8147	(r) requests for a livestock water use certificate under Section 73-3-31.
8148	(2) Fees for the services specified in Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be based upon
8149	the rate of flow or volume of water. If it is proposed to appropriate by both direct flow and
8150	storage, the fee shall be based upon either the rate of flow or annual volume of water stored,
8151	whichever fee is greater.
8152	(3) Fees collected under this section:
8153	(a) shall be deposited in the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the
8154	Division of Water [Rights] Resources; and

8155	(b) may only be used by the Division of Water [Rights] Resources only to:
8156	(i) meet the publication of notice requirements under this title;
8157	(ii) process reports of water right conveyance;
8158	(iii) process a request for a livestock water use certificate; and
8159	(iv) hire an employee to assist with processing an application.
8160	Section 137. Section 73-2-26 is amended to read:
8161	73-2-26. Administrative penalties.
8162	(1) (a) As part of a final order issued under Section 73-2-25, the state engineer may
8163	order that a person to whom an order is issued:
8164	(i) pay an administrative fine not to exceed:
8165	(A) \$5,000 for each knowing violation; or
8166	(B) \$1,000 for each violation that is not knowing;
8167	(ii) replace up to 200% of water taken; and
8168	(iii) be liable for any expense incurred by the state engineer or division in investigating
8169	and stopping the violation.
8170	(b) The definition of "knowingly" under Subsection 76-2-103(2) shall apply to
8171	determinations under Subsection (1)(a)(i).
8172	(c) The penalties described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be in addition to:
8173	(i) any criminal penalty established for a violation described in Subsection (1); and
8174	(ii) any private right of action.
8175	(d) (i) Each day of a continuing violation of the provisions described in Subsection
8176	73-2-25(2)(a) or an initial or final order issued under Section 73-2-25 is a separate violation.
8177	(ii) A penalty may not be imposed for a violation of the provisions listed in Subsection
8178	73-2-25(2)(a) or an initial or a final order issued under Section 73-2-25 for a violation
8179	occurring more than 12 months before the day on which a notice of violation is issued.
8180	(e) Separate violations under Subsection (1)(d) may be consolidated for resolution in
8181	one enforcement proceeding under Section 73-2-25.
8182	(f) The state engineer has discretion to pursue an administrative fine, order requiring
8183	replacement, or both.
8184	(2) Before imposing a fine or ordering replacement under Subsection (1), the state
8185	engineer shall consider:

8186	(a) the value or quantity of water unlawfully taken, including the cost or difficulty of
8187	replacing the water;
8188	(b) the gravity of the violation, including the economic injury or impact to others;
8189	(c) whether the person subject to fine or replacement attempted to comply with the
8190	state engineer's orders; and
8191	(d) the violator's economic benefit from the violation.
8192	(3) (a) The state engineer may require that the water unlawfully taken be replaced after:
8193	(i) a person fails to request judicial review of a final order issued under Section
8194	73-2-25; or
8195	(ii) the completion of judicial review, including any appeals.
8196	(b) The state engineer's order shall require that replacement of water begin within one
8197	year of the day on which:
8198	(i) the time period for requesting judicial review of a final order issued under Section
8199	73-2-25 expires without a person requesting judicial review of the final order; or
8200	(ii) the completion of judicial review, including any appeals.
8201	(4) Water replaced under Subsection (3) shall be taken from water that the person
8202	subject to the order requiring replacement would be entitled to use during the replacement
8203	period.
8204	(5) (a) If the state engineer issues an order requiring replacement, a copy of the order
8205	shall be placed in the Division of Water [Rights'] Resources' water rights records.
8206	(b) The order requiring replacement shall constitute a lien upon the water right affected
8207	if the state engineer files a notice of lien in the office of the county recorder in the county
8208	where the place of use of the water right is located.
8209	(c) A notice of lien under Subsection (5)(b) shall include a legal description of the
8210	place of use of the water right.
8211	(6) Any money collected under this section shall be deposited into the General Fund.
8212	Section 138. Section 73-2-29 is amended to read:
8213	73-2-29. Agreement with another state Regulation, distribution, and
8214	administration of interstate water.
8215	(1) The state engineer, after receiving approval from the executive director of the
8216	Department of Natural Resources and Environment and the governor, may enter into an

8217	agreement with another state to regulate, distribute, and administer the water from an interstate
8218	surface water source that is not otherwise subject to an interstate compact.
8219	(2) The state engineer may coordinate with another state to implement:
8220	(a) the terms of an agreement entered into according to Subsection (1); and
8221	(b) an interstate compact that regulates, distributes, or administers an interstate surface
8222	water source.
8223	Section 139. Section 73-3-25 is amended to read:
8224	73-3-25. Well driller's license Enforcement.
8225	(1) As used in this section:
8226	(a) "Well" means an open or cased excavation or borehole for diverting, using, or
8227	monitoring underground water made by any construction method.
8228	(b) "Well driller" means a person with a license to engage in well drilling for
8229	compensation or otherwise.
8230	(c) "Well drilling" means the act of:
8231	(i) drilling, constructing, repairing, renovating, deepening, cleaning, developing, or
8232	abandoning a well; or
8233	(ii) installing or repairing a pump in a well.
8234	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), a person who installs or repairs a pump in a
8235	well on the person's own property for the person's own use is not required to obtain a license
8236	under this section.
8237	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), a person who installs or repairs a pump in
8238	a well for compensation:
8239	(i) shall obtain a license as required by Subsection (3); and
8240	(ii) is subject to all of this section's provisions.
8241	(c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(b), a person who performs
8242	electrical repairs on a pump in a well is not required to obtain a license as required by
8243	Subsection (3).
8244	(3) (a) (i) A person shall obtain a license as provided in this section before engaging in
8245	well drilling.
8246	(ii) The state engineer may enforce Subsection (3)(a)(i) in accordance with Sections
8247	73-2-25 and 73-2-26.

8248	(b) A person applying for a well driller license shall file a well driller bond:
8249	(i) with the state engineer; and
8250	(ii) payable to the Division of Water [Rights] Resources.
8251	(c) (i) Compliance with this section and the rules authorized by this section is required
8252	to obtain or renew a well driller license.
8253	(ii) The state engineer may refuse to issue a license if it appears an applicant violates a
8254	rule authorized by this section.
8255	(d) A well driller license is not transferable.
8256	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
8257	state engineer may make rules establishing:
8258	(a) the amount, form, and general administrative requirements of a well driller bond;
8259	(b) the amount of a well driller fine;
8260	(c) minimum well drilling standards;
8261	(d) well driller reporting requirements;
8262	(e) the requirements for obtaining a well driller license, including:
8263	(i) a well driller license application form;
8264	(ii) the license expiration date; and
8265	(iii) the license renewal cycle; and
8266	(f) a procedure to enforce a well drilling standard or other well drilling requirement.
8267	(5) (a) A well driller shall submit a report to the state engineer:
8268	(i) containing data relating to each well;
8269	(ii) within 30 days after the completion or abandonment of the well drilling;
8270	(iii) on forms furnished by the state engineer; and
8271	(iv) containing information required by the state engineer.
8272	(b) In accordance with Sections 73-2-25 and 73-2-26, the state engineer may
8273	commence an enforcement action against a person who fails to submit a report required by
8274	Subsection (5)(a) within 90 days of the day on which the well driller license lapses.
8275	(6) (a) A well driller shall comply with the rules authorized by this section.
8276	(b) If the state engineer determines that a well driller has failed to comply with a rule,
8277	the state engineer may, in accordance with the procedures established in rule:
8278	(i) (A) order that a well driller pay a fine; or

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8279 (B) revoke or suspend the well driller's license; and 8280 (ii) exact the bond. (7) (a) The state engineer shall retain the money from a fine or exacting a bond as a 8281 8282 dedicated credit. 8283 (b) The state engineer may expend: 8284 (i) money retained from a fine for: (A) well drilling inspection; 8285 8286 (B) well drilling enforcement; or 8287 (C) well driller education; and 8288 (ii) money retained from exacting a bond to investigate or correct a deficiency by a 8289 well driller that could adversely affect the public interest resulting from noncompliance with a 8290 rule authorized by this section. 8291 Section 140. Section 73-3-29 is amended to read: 8292 73-3-29. Relocation of natural streams -- Written permit required -- Emergency 8293 work -- Violations. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a state agency, county, city, corporation, or 8294 8295 person may not relocate any natural stream channel or alter the beds and banks of any natural 8296 stream without first obtaining the written approval of the state engineer. 8297 (2) (a) The state engineer may issue an emergency permit or order to relocate a natural 8298 stream channel or alter the beds and banks of a natural stream as provided by this Subsection 8299 (2) and Section 63G-4-502. 8300 (b) If an emergency situation arises which involves immediate or actual flooding and 8301 threatens injury or damage to persons or property, steps reasonably necessary to alleviate or 8302 mitigate the threat may be taken before a written permit is issued subject to the requirements of 8303 this section. 8304 (c) (i) If the threat occurs during normal working hours, the state engineer or the state engineer's representative must be notified immediately of the threat. After receiving 8305 8306 notification of the threat, the state engineer or the state engineer's representative may orally 8307 approve action to alleviate or mitigate the threat. 8308 (ii) If the threat does not occur during normal working hours, action may be taken to 8309 alleviate or mitigate the threat and the state engineer or the state engineer's representative shall

8310	be notified of the action taken on the first working day following the work.
8311	(d) A written application outlining the action taken or the action proposed to be taken
8312	to alleviate or mitigate the threat shall be submitted to the state engineer within two working
8313	days following notification of the threat to the state engineer or the state engineer's
8314	representative.
8315	(e) (i) The state engineer shall inspect in a timely manner the site where the emergency
8316	action was taken.
8317	(ii) After inspection, additional requirements, including mitigation measures, may be
8318	imposed.
8319	(f) Adjudicative proceedings following the emergency work shall be informal unless
8320	otherwise designated by the state engineer.
8321	(3) An application to relocate any natural stream channel or alter the beds and banks of
8322	any natural stream shall be in writing and shall contain the following:
8323	(a) the name and address of the applicant;
8324	(b) a complete and detailed statement of the location, nature, and type of relocation or
8325	alteration;
8326	(c) the methods to be employed;
8327	(d) the purposes of the application; and
8328	(e) any additional information that the state engineer considers necessary, including,
8329	but not limited to, plans and specifications of the proposed construction of works.
8330	(4) (a) The state engineer shall, without undue delay, conduct investigations that may
8331	be reasonably necessary to determine whether the proposed relocation or alteration will:
8332	(i) impair vested water rights;
8333	(ii) unreasonably or unnecessarily affect any recreational use or the natural stream
8334	environment;
8335	(iii) unreasonably or unnecessarily endanger aquatic wildlife; or
8336	(iv) unreasonably or unnecessarily diminish the natural channel's ability to conduct
8337	high flows.
8338	(b) The application shall be approved unless the proposed relocation or alteration will:
8339	(i) impair vested water rights;
8340	(ii) unreasonably or unnecessarily adversely affect any public recreational use or the

8341	natural stream environment;
8342	(iii) unreasonably or unnecessarily endanger aquatic wildlife; or
8343	(iv) unreasonably or unnecessarily diminish the natural channel's ability to conduct
8344	high flows.
8345	(c) The state engineer may approve the application, in whole or in part, with any
8346	reasonable terms to protect vested water rights, any public recreational use, the natural stream
8347	environment, or aquatic wildlife.
8348	(5) No cost incurred by the applicant, including any cost incurred to comply with the
8349	terms imposed by the state engineer, is reimbursable by the Division of Water [Rights]
8350	Resources.
8351	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who knowingly or intentionally
8352	relocates any natural stream channel, or alters the bed or bank of any natural stream channel
8353	without first obtaining the written approval of the state engineer is guilty of a crime punishable
8354	under Section 73-2-27.
8355	Section 141. Section 73-3b-102 is amended to read:
8356	73-3b-102. Definitions.
8357	As used in this chapter:
8358	(1) "Artificially recharge" means to place water in an aquifer:
8359	(a) by means of:
8360	(i) injection;
8361	(ii) surface infiltration; or
8362	(iii) another method; and
8363	(b) for the purposes of:
8364	(i) storing the water; and
8365	(ii) recovering the water.
8366	(2) "Division" means Division of Water [Rights] Resources.
8367	(3) "Recharge permit" means a permit issued by the state engineer to construct and
8368	operate a recharge project.
8369	(4) "Recharge project" means to artificially recharge water into an aquifer.
8370	(5) "Recovery permit" means a permit issued by the state engineer to construct and
8371	operate a recovery project.

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- 8372 (6) "Recovery project" means to withdraw from an aquifer water that has been 8373 artificially recharged pursuant to a recharge permit.
- 8374

Section 142. Section **73-4-1** is amended to read:

8375 73-4-1. By engineer on petition of users -- Upon request of Department of Natural 8376 **Resources and Environment.**

8377 (1) (a) Upon a verified petition to the state engineer, signed by five or more or a 8378 majority of water users upon any stream or water source, requesting the investigation of the 8379 relative rights of the various claimants to the waters of such stream or water source, it shall be 8380 the duty of the state engineer, if upon such investigation he finds the facts and conditions are 8381 such as to justify a determination of said rights, to file in the district court an action to 8382 determine the various rights.

8383 (b) In any suit involving water rights the court may order an investigation and survey by the state engineer of all the water rights on the source or system involved. 8384

8385 (2) (a) As used in this section, "executive director" means the executive director of the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and Environment. 8386

8387 (b) The executive director, with the concurrence of the governor, may request that the 8388 state engineer file in the district court an action to determine the various water rights in the 8389 stream, water source, or basin for an area within the exterior boundaries of the state for which 8390 any person or organization or the federal government is actively pursuing or processing a 8391 license application for a storage facility or transfer facility for high-level nuclear waste or 8392 greater than class C radioactive waste.

8393 (c) Upon receipt of a request made under Subsection (2)(b), the state engineer shall file 8394 the action in the district court.

8395 (d) If a general adjudication has been filed in the state district court regarding the area 8396 requested pursuant to Subsection (2)(b), the state engineer and the state attorney general shall 8397 join the United States as a party to the action.

8398

Section 143. Section **73-10-1.5** is amended to read:

8399 73-10-1.5. Board of Water Resources -- Creation -- Transfer of powers and 8400 duties.

8401 (1) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources and Environment a 8402 Board of Water Resources which, except as otherwise provided in this act, shall assume all of

the policy-making functions, powers, duties, rights and responsibilities of the Utah water and
power board, together with all functions, powers, duties, rights and responsibilities granted to
the Board of Water Resources by this act.

8406 (2) The Board of Water Resources shall be the policy-making body of the Division of
8407 Water Resources except as provided in Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe Drinking Water Act, and
8408 Chapter 5, Water Quality Act.

8409 (3) Except as otherwise provided in this act, whenever reference is made in Title 73,
8410 Water and Irrigation, or any other provision of law, to the Utah Water and Power Board, it shall

8411 be construed as referring to the Board of Water Resources where such reference pertains to

8412 policy-making functions, powers, duties, rights and responsibilities; but in all other instances

such reference shall be construed as referring to the Division of Water Resources.

8414 Section 144. Section **73-10-18** is amended to read:

8415 **73-10-18.** Division of Water Resources -- Creation -- Power and authority.

8416 (1) There is created the Division of Water Resources, which shall be within the
8417 Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u> under the administration and general
8418 supervision of the executive director of natural resources and under the policy direction of the
8419 Board of Water Resources, the Drinking Water Board, and the Water Quality Board.

8420 (2) The Division of Water Resources shall be the water [resource(s)] resource authority 8421 for the state [of Utah], shall assume all of the functions, powers, duties, rights and 8422 responsibilities of the Utah water and power board except those which are delegated to the 8423 board by this act and is vested with such other functions, powers, duties, rights and 8424 responsibilities as provided in this act and other law.

8425 (3) The Division of Water Resources shall administer Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe

8426 Drinking Water Act, and Chapter 5, Water Quality Act.

8427 Section 145. Section **73-10c-3** is amended to read:

8428 73-10c-3. Water Development Coordinating Council created -- Purpose --

8429 Members.

8430 (1) (a) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources <u>and Environment</u> a

- 8431 Water Development Coordinating Council. The council comprises:
- (i) the director of the Division of Water Resources;
- 8433 [(ii) the executive secretary of the Water Quality Board;]

8434	[(iii) the executive secretary of the Drinking Water Board;]
8435	[(iv)] (ii) the executive director of the Department of Community and Culture or the
8436	executive director's designee; and
8437	$\left[\frac{(v)}{(v)}\right]$ (iii) the state treasurer or the treasurer's designee.
8438	(b) The council shall choose a chair and vice chair from among its own members.
8439	(c) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
8440	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
8441	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
8442	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
8443	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
8444	63A-3-107.
8445	(2) The purposes of the council are to:
8446	(a) coordinate the use and application of the funds available to the state to give
8447	financial assistance to political subdivisions of this state so as to promote the conservation,
8448	development, treatment, restoration, and protection of the waters of this state;
8449	(b) promote the coordination of the financial assistance programs administered by the
8450	state and the use of the financing alternative most economically advantageous to the state and
8451	its political subdivisions;
8452	(c) promote the consideration by the Board of Water Resources, Drinking Water
8453	Board, and Water Quality Board of regional solutions to the water and wastewater needs of
8454	individual political subdivisions of this state; and
8455	(d) assess the adequacy and needs of the state and its political subdivisions with respect
8456	to water-related infrastructures and advise the governor and the Legislature on those funding
8457	needs.
8458	Section 146. Section 73-10c-6 is amended to read:
8459	73-10c-6. Credit enhancement agreement Provisions for use of funds.
8460	(1) (a) A credit enhancement agreement may be made for the purpose of facilitating
8461	financing for political subdivisions.
8462	(b) A credit enhancement agreement may provide for the use of funds from the security
8463	fund to accomplish the purposes specified in Section 73-10c-4.
8464	(2) (a) The political subdivision, [prior to] before the sale or issuance of a drinking

8465 water or a wastewater project obligation, shall: 8466 (i) apply to the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board to have its drinking 8467 water or wastewater project obligation or both, as desired, designated as covered by a credit 8468 enhancement agreement; and 8469 (ii) have entered into a credit enhancement agreement with the Drinking Water Board 8470 or Water Quality Board setting forth the terms and conditions of the security or other forms of 8471 assistance provided by the agreement. 8472 (b) The Drinking Water Board and Water Quality Board may not designate any 8473 drinking water or wastewater project obligation as covered by the credit enhancement 8474 agreement: 8475 (i) unless immediately after the designation there is on deposit in the security fund, 8476 based on the purchase or then market price of the investments therein, whichever is lower, an 8477 amount determined by the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board to be sufficient to: 8478 (A) reasonably improve the security for and marketability of the drinking water or 8479 wastewater project obligation, or both; and 8480 (B) comply with the terms and provisions of all existing credit enhancement 8481 agreements; and 8482 (ii) while held by the state, any agency of the state, the federal government, or any 8483 agency of the federal government. 8484 (c) A drinking water project obligation may not be designated as covered by a credit 8485 enhancement agreement unless the drinking water project for which it was issued by the 8486 political subdivision has been approved by the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural 8487 Resources and Environment, acting through the Drinking Water Board. 8488 (d) A wastewater project obligation may not be designated as secured by a credit 8489 enhancement unless the wastewater project for which it was issued by the political subdivision 8490 has been approved by the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural Resources and 8491 Environment, acting through the Water Quality Board. 8492 (3) (a) A credit enhancement agreement must provide that the security provided under 8493 this chapter and the credit enhancement agreement: 8494 (i) is limited to the money available in the security fund; and 8495 (ii) does not constitute a pledge of or charge against the general revenues, credit, or

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taxing powers of the state or any political subdivision.

(b) A credit enhancement agreement which obligates the state to pay principal of or
interest on any drinking water or wastewater project obligation, including any credit
enhancement agreement entered into under Section 73-10c-4, may provide that:

(i) the political subdivision or its agent will notify the council whenever it is not able to
pay principal of or interest on the drinking water or wastewater project obligation covered by
the credit enhancement agreement and request payment from the security fund; and

(ii) money in the security fund needed to make the payment requested by the political
subdivision may be segregated within the security fund and held until the requested payment is
made.

(c) A default of the political subdivision under the drinking water or wastewater project
obligation may not alter, in any manner, the obligations of the state as provided in the credit
enhancement agreement.

(d) [Any] <u>A</u> drinking water or wastewater project obligation covered by the credit
enhancement agreement which is represented by a bond, note, or other written instrument shall
bear a legend which states these provisions and makes reference to this chapter and the credit
enhancement agreement pursuant to which the obligation is secured.

(4) [Any] <u>A</u> credit enhancement agreement for a drinking water or wastewater project
obligation may provide that the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board:

(a) purchase from the money in the security fund the obligation which the political
subdivision is unable to pay, whereupon the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board, on
behalf of the state, will become the holder of the obligation and entitled to all rights of a holder
under the terms of the obligation;

(b) pay, as a loan to the political subdivision from the money in the security fund, to
the holder of the obligation the principal or interest, or both, due or to become due on the
obligation which the political subdivision is unable to pay;

(c) take both actions referred to in Subsections (4)(a) and (b) relating to [any] an issue
of obligations; or

(d) take any other action specified in or contemplated by the credit enhancementagreement.

8526 (5) (a) [Any] <u>A</u> credit enhancement agreement [must] <u>shall</u> require that the political

subdivision repay to the state any loan of money made from the security fund to make any
payments specified in the credit enhancement agreement, which repayment obligation may also
be evidenced by bonds or notes of the political subdivision, as the Drinking Water Board or
Water Quality Board may determine.

(b) The loan may be for a term, may bear interest at a rate or rates or may bear no
interest, as the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board may determine, and may be
secured by any security the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board may determine.

(c) The interest rate for [any] <u>a</u> loan contemplated by, but not made at the time the
credit enhancement agreement is executed, may be specified in relationship to a prime rate or
other identifiable rate existing at the time the loan is made.

(d) The term of the loan may be specified in the credit enhancement agreement as amaximum term and the actual term stated when the loan is made.

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(e) [Any security] Security for the loan may include:

(i) a pledge of the revenues from the particular drinking water project or wastewaterproject;

(ii) an assignment from the holder or holders of the drinking water or wastewater
project obligation of the holders' interest in any security for the obligation in the amount
needed to service the indebtedness represented by the loan; or

8545

(iii) [any other] another security device.

(f) The Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board, on behalf of the state, is
subrogated to all rights of the holder of the drinking water or wastewater project obligation
against the political subdivision [which] that issued the obligation with respect to the collection
of the amount of the loan, but the state is not relieved by this subrogation from its obligation to
make payments from the security fund as provided in its credit enhancement agreement with
the political subdivision.

(6) [Prior to] Before entering into a credit enhancement agreement, the Drinking Water
Board or Water Quality Board shall obtain an opinion of counsel experienced in bond matters
to the effect that the drinking water or wastewater project obligation to be purchased or with
respect to which a loan is to be made, is a valid and binding obligation of the political
subdivision [which] that issued it.

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(7) [Prior to] Before making [any] a payment under the credit enhancement agreement,

8558	the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board shall:
8559	(a) verify the correctness of the information in any notification referred to in
8560	Subsection (3); and
8561	(b) determine that funds in the security fund are adequate to purchase the drinking
8562	water or wastewater project obligations or to make any loan of funds provided by the credit
8563	enhancement agreement.
8564	Section 147. Section 73-15-4 is amended to read:
8565	73-15-4. Water from cloud seeding part of natural water supply Notice of
8566	intent prior to cloud-seeding project.
8567	(1) All water derived as a result of cloud seeding shall be considered a part of the
8568	natural water supply of the basin in the same sense as if no cloud seeding operations had been
8569	conducted, and any water so derived shall not be subject to new appropriations but shall be
8570	administered and distributed to users on the stream system in accordance with existing water
8571	rights.
8572	(2) A notice of intent shall be filed with the Division of Water [Rights] Resources prior
8573	to the commencement of a cloud-seeding project.
8574	Section 148. Section 73-18a-5 is amended to read:
8575	73-18a-5. Chemical treatment of marine toilet contents Rules established by
8576	board and Department of Natural Resources and Environment.
8577	The board shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
8578	Administrative Rulemaking Act, with approval by the Department of [Environmental Quality]
8579	Natural Resources and Environment, as provided in this chapter, standards relating to chemical
8580	treatment of marine toilet contents.
8581	Section 149. Section 73-18a-12 is amended to read:
8582	73-18a-12. Rules adopted by board Subject to approval by Department of
8583	Natural Resources and Environment.
8584	(1) The board may [promulgate] make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
8585	Administrative Rulemaking Act, [which are] as necessary for the carrying out of duties,
8586	obligations, and powers conferred on the division by this chapter.
8587	(2) These rules [shall be] are subject to review and approval by the Department of
8588	[Environmental Quality. This] Natural Resources and Environment.

8589 (3) The approval described in Subsection (2) shall be recorded as part of the rules. 8590 Section 150. Section 73-22-3 is amended to read: 8591 73-22-3. Definitions. 8592 As used in this chapter: 8593 (1) "Correlative rights" mean the rights of each geothermal owner in a geothermal area 8594 to produce without waste his just and equitable share of the geothermal resource underlying the 8595 geothermal area. 8596 (2) "Division" means the Division of Water [Rights, Department of Natural Resources] 8597 Resources. (3) "Geothermal area" means the general land area which is underlain or reasonably 8598 8599 appears to be underlain by geothermal resources. (4) "Geothermal fluid" means water and steam at temperatures greater than 120 degrees 8600 8601 centigrade naturally present in a geothermal system. 8602 (5) "Geothermal resource" means: (a) the natural heat of the earth at temperatures 8603 greater than 120 degrees centigrade; and (b) the energy, in whatever form, including pressure, 8604 present in, resulting from, created by, or which may be extracted from that natural heat, directly 8605 or through a material medium. Geothermal resource does not include geothermal fluids. 8606 (6) "Geothermal system" means any strata, pool, reservoir, or other geologic formation 8607 containing geothermal resources. 8608 (7) "Material medium" means geothermal fluids, or water and other substances 8609 artificially introduced into a geothermal system to serve as a heat transfer medium. 8610 (8) "Operator" means any person drilling, maintaining, operating, producing, or in 8611 control of any well. 8612 (9) "Owner" means a person who has the right to drill into, produce, and make use of 8613 the geothermal resource. 8614 (10) "Person" means any individual, business entity (corporate or otherwise), or 8615 political subdivision of this or any other state. 8616 (11) "Waste" means any inefficient, excessive, or improper production, use, or 8617 dissipation of geothermal resources. Wasteful practices include, but are not limited to: (a) 8618 transporting or storage methods that cause or tend to cause unnecessary surface loss of 8619 geothermal resources; or (b) locating, spacing, constructing, equipping, operating, producing,

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- or venting of any well in a manner that results or tends to result in unnecessary surface loss orin reducing the ultimate economic recovery of geothermal resources.
- 8622 (12) "Well" means any well drilled, converted, or reactivated for the discovery, testing,8623 production, or subsurface injection of geothermal resources.
- 8624

Section 151. Section **73-22-5** is amended to read:

8625 73-22-5. Jurisdiction of division -- Hearings -- Subpoena power -- Restraining
8626 violations -- Actions for damages against violators unaffected.

8627 (1) The division has jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property, public and
8628 private, necessary to enforce the provisions of this chapter and may enact, issue, and enforce
8629 necessary rules and orders to carry out the requirements of this chapter.

(2) (a) Any affected person may apply for a hearing before the division, or the division
may initiate proceedings upon any question relating to the administration of this chapter by
following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures
Act.

(b) The [Division of Water Rights] division shall comply with the procedures and
requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in its adjudicative
proceedings.

8637 (3) The division shall have the power to summon witnesses, to administer oaths, and to
8638 require the production of records, books, and documents for examination at any hearing or
8639 investigation conducted by it.

(4) (a) If any person fails or refuses to comply with a subpoena issued by the division,
or if any witness fails or refuses to testify about any matter regarding which the witness may be
interrogated, the division may petition any district court in the state to issue an order
compelling the person to:

(i) comply with the subpoena and attend before the division;

(ii) produce any records, books, and documents covered by the subpoena; or

- 8646 (iii) to give testimony.
- 8647

(b) The court may punish failure to comply with the order as contempt.

(5) (a) Whenever it appears that any person is violating or threatening to violate any
provision of this chapter, or any rule or order made under this chapter, the division may file suit
in the name of the state to restrain that person from continuing the violation or from carrying

8651	out the threat of violation.
8652	(b) Venue for the action is in the district court in the county where any defendant
8653	resides or in the county where the violation is alleged to have occurred.
8654	(6) (a) Nothing in this chapter, no suit by or against the division, and no violation
8655	charged or asserted against any person under this chapter, or any rule or order issued under it,
8656	shall impair, abridge, or delay any cause of action for damages that any person may have or
8657	assert against any person violating this chapter, or any rule or order issued under it.
8658	(b) Any person so damaged by the violation may sue for and recover whatever damages
8659	that the person is otherwise entitled to receive.
8660	Section 152. Section 73-27-102 is amended to read:
8661	73-27-102. State Water Development Commission created.
8662	(1) The Joint Gubernatorial and Legislative State Water Development Commission is
8663	created to determine the state's role in the protection, conservation, and development of the
8664	state's water resources.
8665	(2) The commission membership shall include:
8666	(a) four members of the Senate, of whom:
8667	(i) no more than one shall represent the same river district; and
8668	(ii) no more than two shall be from the same party, except the president of the Senate
8669	may appoint up to three senators from the same party if the appointment is necessary to comply
8670	with Subsection (2)(a)(i);
8671	(b) six members of the House of Representatives, of whom no more than two shall
8672	represent the same river district and no more than four shall be from the same party;
8673	(c) a representative of the Office of the Governor;
8674	(d) a representative of the Green River District;
8675	(e) a representative of the Upper Colorado River District;
8676	(f) a representative of the Lower Colorado River District;
8677	(g) a representative of the Lower Sevier River District;
8678	(h) a representative of the Upper Sevier River District;
8679	(i) a representative of the Provo River District;
8680	(j) a representative of the Salt Lake District;
8681	(k) a representative of the Weber River District;

8682	(l) a representative of the Bear River District;
8683	(m) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
8684	[(n) the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality;]
8685	$[(\mathbf{o})]$ (n) the commissioner of agriculture and food;
8686	[(p)] (o) a member of the Board of Water Resources;
8687	[(q)] (p) a representative of an organized environmental group; and
8688	$\left[\frac{(\mathbf{r})}{(\mathbf{q})}\right]$ a representative of agricultural production.
8689	(3) (a) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall appoint the
8690	commission members from the Senate and the House, respectively.
8691	(b) The governor shall appoint the other commission members.
8692	(4) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House shall designate one
8693	senator and one representative, respectively, as cochair.
8694	(5) Attendance of a majority of the members at a meeting constitutes a quorum for the
8695	transaction of the business of the commission.
8696	Section 153. Section 73-30-201 is amended to read:
8697	73-30-201. Advisory council created Staffing.
8698	(1) There is created an advisory council known as the "Great Salt Lake Advisory
8699	Council" consisting of 11 members listed in Subsection (2).
8700	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint the following members, with the consent of the
8701	Senate:
8702	(i) one representative of industry representing the extractive industry;
8703	(ii) one representative of industry representing aquaculture;
8704	(iii) one representative of conservation interests;
8705	(iv) one representative of a migratory bird protection area as defined in Section
8706	23-28-102;
8707	(v) one representative who is an elected official from municipal government, or the
8708	elected official's designee;
8709	(vi) five representatives who are elected officials from county government, or the
8710	elected official's designee, one each representing:
8711	(A) Box Elder County;
8712	(B) Davis County;

8713	(C) Salt Lake County;
8714	(D) Tooele County; and
8715	(E) Weber County; and
8716	(vii) one representative of a publicly owned treatment works.
8717	(3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), each member shall serve a four-year
8718	term.
8719	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), at the time of appointment or reappointment,
8720	the governor shall adjust the length of terms of voting members to ensure that the terms of
8721	council members are staggered so that approximately half of the council is appointed every two
8722	years.
8723	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor shall
8724	appoint a replacement for the unexpired term with the consent of the Senate.
8725	(d) A member shall hold office until the member's successor is appointed and qualified.
8726	(4) The council shall determine:
8727	(a) the time and place of meetings; and
8728	(b) any other procedural matter not specified in this chapter.
8729	(5) (a) Attendance of six members at a meeting of the council constitutes a quorum.
8730	(b) A vote of the majority of the members present at a meeting when a quorum is
8731	present constitutes an action of the council.
8732	(6) (a) (i) A member who is not a government employee may not receive compensation
8733	or benefits for the member's services, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the
8734	performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by the Division of Finance
8735	under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
8736	(ii) A member who is not a government employee may decline to receive per diem and
8737	expenses for the member's service.
8738	(b) (i) A state government officer or employee member who does not receive salary,
8739	per diem, or expenses from the member's agency for the member's service may receive per
8740	diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the official duties from the council at the
8741	rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
8742	(ii) A state government officer or employee member may decline to receive per diem
8743	and expenses for the member's service.

8744	(c) (i) A local government member who does not receive salary, per diem, or expenses
8745	from the entity that the member represents for the member's service may receive per diem and
8746	expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at the rates established by
8747	the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
8748	(ii) A local government member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the
8749	member's service.
8750	(7) The Department of Natural Resources and [the Department of Environmental
8751	Quality shall coordinate and] Environment shall provide necessary staff assistance to the
8752	council.
8753	Section 154. Section 73-30-202 is amended to read:
8754	73-30-202. Duties of the council.
8755	(1) (a) The council shall advise the persons listed in Subsection (1)(b) on the
8756	sustainable use, protection, and development of the Great Salt Lake in terms of balancing:
8757	(i) sustainable use;
8758	(ii) environmental health; and
8759	(iii) reasonable access for existing and future development.
8760	(b) The council shall advise, as provided in Subsection (1)(a):
8761	(i) the governor; <u>and</u>
8762	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources[; and] and Environment.
8763	[(iii) the Department of Environmental Quality.]
8764	(2) The council shall assist the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands in its
8765	responsibilities for the Great Salt Lake described in Section 65A-10-8.
8766	(3) The council:
8767	(a) may recommend appointments to the Great Salt Lake technical team created by the
8768	Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands; and
8769	(b) shall receive and utilize technical support from the Great Salt Lake technical team.
8770	(4) The council shall assist the Department of Natural Resources[, the Department of
8771	Environmental Quality, and their] and Environment and its applicable boards in accomplishing
8772	their responsibilities for the Great Salt Lake.
8773	(5) The council shall report annually to the Natural Resources Appropriations
8774	Subcommittee on the council's activities.

8775	Section 155. Section 78A-3-102 is amended to read:
8776	78A-3-102. Supreme Court jurisdiction.
8777	(1) The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction to answer questions of state law
8778	certified by a court of the United States.
8779	(2) The Supreme Court has original jurisdiction to issue all extraordinary writs and
8780	authority to issue all writs and process necessary to carry into effect its orders, judgments, and
8781	decrees or in aid of its jurisdiction.
8782	(3) The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction, including jurisdiction of
8783	interlocutory appeals, over:
8784	(a) a judgment of the Court of Appeals;
8785	(b) cases certified to the Supreme Court by the Court of Appeals prior to final
8786	judgment by the Court of Appeals;
8787	(c) discipline of lawyers;
8788	(d) final orders of the Judicial Conduct Commission;
8789	(e) final orders and decrees in formal adjudicative proceedings originating with:
8790	(i) the Public Service Commission;
8791	(ii) the State Tax Commission;
8792	(iii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees;
8793	(iv) the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining;
8794	(v) the state engineer; or
8795	(vi) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment
8796	reviewing actions of the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands;
8797	(f) final orders and decrees of the district court review of informal adjudicative
8798	proceedings of agencies under Subsection (3)(e);
8799	(g) a final judgment or decree of any court of record holding a statute of the United
8800	States or this state unconstitutional on its face under the Constitution of the United States or the
8801	Utah Constitution;
8802	(h) interlocutory appeals from any court of record involving a charge of a first degree
8803	or capital felony;
8804	(i) appeals from the district court involving a conviction or charge of a first degree
8805	felony or capital felony;

8806	(j) orders, judgments, and decrees of any court of record over which the Court of
8807	Appeals does not have original appellate jurisdiction; and
8808	(k) appeals from the district court of orders, judgments, or decrees ruling on legislative
8809	subpoenas.
8810	(4) The Supreme Court may transfer to the Court of Appeals any of the matters over
8811	which the Supreme Court has original appellate jurisdiction, except:
8812	(a) capital felony convictions or an appeal of an interlocutory order of a court of record
8813	involving a charge of a capital felony;
8814	(b) election and voting contests;
8815	(c) reapportionment of election districts;
8816	(d) retention or removal of public officers;
8817	(e) matters involving legislative subpoenas; and
8818	(f) those matters described in Subsections (3)(a) through (d).
8819	(5) The Supreme Court has sole discretion in granting or denying a petition for writ of
8820	certiorari for the review of a Court of Appeals adjudication, but the Supreme Court shall
8821	review those cases certified to it by the Court of Appeals under Subsection (3)(b).
8822	(6) The Supreme Court shall comply with the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4,
8823	Administrative Procedures Act, in its review of agency adjudicative proceedings.
8824	Section 156. Section 78A-4-103 is amended to read:
8825	78A-4-103. Court of Appeals jurisdiction.
8826	(1) The Court of Appeals has jurisdiction to issue all extraordinary writs and to issue
8827	all writs and process necessary:
8828	(a) to carry into effect its judgments, orders, and decrees; or
8829	(b) in aid of its jurisdiction.
8830	(2) The Court of Appeals has appellate jurisdiction, including jurisdiction of
8831	interlocutory appeals, over:
8832	(a) the final orders and decrees resulting from formal adjudicative proceedings of state
8833	agencies or appeals from the district court review of informal adjudicative proceedings of the
8834	agencies, except the Public Service Commission, State Tax Commission, School and
8835	Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees, Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands actions
8836	reviewed by the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources and Environment,

8837 Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, and the state engineer; 8838 (b) appeals from the district court review of: 8839 (i) adjudicative proceedings of agencies of political subdivisions of the state or other 8840 local agencies; and (ii) a challenge to agency action under Section 63G-3-602; 8841 8842 (c) appeals from the juvenile courts; 8843 (d) interlocutory appeals from any court of record in criminal cases, except those 8844 involving a charge of a first degree or capital felony; 8845 (e) appeals from a court of record in criminal cases, except those involving a 8846 conviction or charge of a first degree felony or capital felony; 8847 (f) appeals from orders on petitions for extraordinary writs sought by persons who are incarcerated or serving any other criminal sentence, except petitions constituting a challenge to 8848 8849 a conviction of or the sentence for a first degree or capital felony; 8850 (g) appeals from the orders on petitions for extraordinary writs challenging the 8851 decisions of the Board of Pardons and Parole except in cases involving a first degree or capital 8852 felony; 8853 (h) appeals from district court involving domestic relations cases, including, but not 8854 limited to, divorce, annulment, property division, child custody, support, parent-time, 8855 visitation, adoption, and paternity; 8856 (i) appeals from the Utah Military Court; and 8857 (i) cases transferred to the Court of Appeals from the Supreme Court. 8858 (3) The Court of Appeals upon its own motion only and by the vote of four judges of 8859 the court may certify to the Supreme Court for original appellate review and determination any 8860 matter over which the Court of Appeals has original appellate jurisdiction. 8861 (4) The Court of Appeals shall comply with the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, 8862 Administrative Procedures Act, in its review of agency adjudicative proceedings. 8863 Section 157. Section 78B-6-909 is amended to read: 8864 78B-6-909. Environmental impairment to real property security interest --8865 **Remedies of lender.** 8866 (1) As used in this section: 8867 (a) "Borrower" means:

8868	(i) the trustor under a deed of trust, or a mortgagor under a mortgage, when the deed of
8869	trust or mortgage encumbers real property security and secures the performance of the trustor
8870	or mortgagor under a loan, extension of credit, guaranty, or other obligation; and
8871	(ii) includes any successor-in-interest of the trustor or mortgagor to the real property
8872	security before the deed of trust or mortgage has been discharged, reconveyed, or foreclosed
8873	upon.
8874	(b) "Environmentally impaired" means the estimated costs to clean up and remediate a
8875	past or present release of any hazardous matter into, onto, beneath, or from the real property
8876	security exceed 25% of the higher of the aggregate fair market value of all security for the loan
8877	or extension of credit at the time:
8878	(i) of the making of the loan or extension of credit;
8879	(ii) of the discovery of the release or threatened release by the secured lender; or
8880	(iii) an action is brought under this section.
8881	(c) "Hazardous matter" means:
8882	(i) any hazardous substance or hazardous material as defined in Section 19-6-302; or
8883	(ii) any waste or pollutant as defined in Section 19-5-102.
8884	(d) "Real property security" means any real property and improvements other than real
8885	property that contains only one but not more than four dwelling units, and is solely used for
8886	either:
8887	(i) residential purposes; or
8888	(ii) if reasonably contemplated by the parties to the deed of trust or mortgage,
8889	residential purposes as well as limited agricultural or commercial purposes incidental to the
8890	residential purposes.
8891	(e) "Release" has the same meaning as in Section 19-6-302.
8892	(f) "Secured lender" means:
8893	(i) the trustee, the beneficiary, or both under a deed of trust against the real property
8894	security;
8895	(ii) the mortgagee under a mortgage against the real property security; and
8896	(iii) any successor-in-interest of the trustee, beneficiary, or mortgagee under the deed
8897	of trust or mortgage.
8898	(2) Under this section:

8899	(a) Estimated costs to clean up and remediate the contamination caused by the release			
8900	include only those costs that would be incurred reasonably and in good faith.			
8901	(b) Fair market value is determined without giving consideration to the release, and is			
8902	exclusive of the amount of all liens and encumbrances against the security that are senior in			
8903	priority to the lien of the secured lender.			
8904	(c) Any real property security for any loan or extension of credit secured by a single			
8905	parcel of real property is considered environmentally impaired if the property is:			
8906	(i) included in or proposed for the National Priorities List under Section 42 U.S.C.			
8907	9605;			
8908	(ii) any list identifying leaking underground storage tanks under 42 U.S.C. 6991 et			
8909	seq.; or			
8910	(iii) in any list published by the Department of [Environmental Quality] Natural			
8911	Resources and Environment under Section 19-6-311.			
8912	(3) A secured lender may elect between the following when the real property security is			
8913	environmentally impaired and the borrower's obligations to the secured lender are in default:			
8914	(a) (i) waiver of its lien against:			
8915	(A) any parcel of real property security or any portion of that parcel that is			
8916	environmentally impaired; and			
8917	(B) all or any portion of the fixtures and personal property attached to the parcels; and			
8918	(ii) exercise of:			
8919	(A) the rights and remedies of an unsecured creditor, including reduction of its claim			
8920	against the borrower to judgment; and			
8921	(B) any other rights and remedies permitted by law; or			
8922	(b) exercise of:			
8923	(i) the rights and remedies of a creditor secured by a deed of trust or mortgage and, if			
8924	applicable, a lien against fixtures or personal property attached to the real property security;			
8925	and			
8926	(ii) any other rights and remedies permitted by law, including the right to obtain a			
8927	deficiency judgment.			
8928	(c) The provisions of this subsection take precedence over Section 78B-6-901.			
8929	(4) (a) Subsection (3) is applicable only if in conjunction with and at the time of the			

8930	making, renewal, or modification of the loan, extension of credit, guaranty, or other obligation		
8931	secured by the real property security, the secured lender:		
8932	(i) did not know or have reason to know of a release of any hazardous matter into,		
8933	onto, beneath, or from the real property security; and		
8934	(ii) undertook all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and uses of the real		
8935	property security consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to		
8936	minimize liability.		
8937	(b) For the purposes of Subsection $(4)(a)(ii)$, the court shall take into account:		
8938	(i) any specialized knowledge or experience of the secured lender;		
8939	(ii) the relationship of the purchase price to the value of the real property security if		
8940	uncontaminated;		
8941	(iii) commonly known or reasonably ascertainable information about the real property		
8942	security;		
8943	(iv) the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of contamination at the real		
8944	property security; and		
8945	(v) the ability to detect the contamination by appropriate inspection.		
8946	(5) (a) Before the secured lender may waive its lien against any real property security		
8947	under Subsection (3)(a) on the basis of environmental impairment the secured lender shall:		
8948	(i) provide written notice of the default to the borrower; and		
8949	(ii) bring a valuation and confirmation action against the borrower in a court of		
8950	competent jurisdiction and obtain an order establishing the value of the subject real property		
8951	security.		
8952	(b) The complaint in an action under Subsection (5)(a)(ii) may include causes of action		
8953	for a money judgment for all or part of the secured obligation, in which case the waiver of the		
8954	secured lender's liens under Subsection (3)(a) may result only if a final money judgment is		
8955	obtained against the borrower.		
8956	(6) (a) If a secured lender elects the rights and remedies under Subsection (3)(a) and		
8957	the borrower's obligations are also secured by other real property security, fixtures, or personal		
8958	property, the secured lender shall first foreclose against the additional collateral to the extent		
8959	required by applicable law.		
8960	(b) Under this subsection the amount of the judgment of the secured lender under		

8961	Subsection (3)(a) is limited to the remaining balance of the borrower's obligations after the			
8962	application of the proceeds of the additional collateral.			
8963	(c) The borrower may waive or modify the foreclosure requirements of this Subsection			
8964	(6) if the waiver or modification is in writing and signed by the borrower after default.			
8965	(7) This section does not affect any rights or obligations arising under contracts			
8966	existing before July 1, 1993, and applies only to loans, extensions of credit, guaranties, or other			
8967	obligations secured by real property security made, renewed, or modified on or after July 1,			
8968	1993.			
8969	Section 158. Section 79-1-102 is amended to read:			
8970	79-1-102. Definitions.			
8971	As used in this title:			
8972	(1) "Department" means the Department of Natural Resources and Environment			
8973	created in Section 79-2-201.			
8974	(2) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department who is			
8975	appointed under Section 79-2-202.			
8976	Section 159. Section 79-2-101 is amended to read:			
8977	CHAPTER 2. DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT			
8978	79-2-101. Title.			
8979	This chapter is known as the "Department of Natural Resources and Environment."			
8980	Section 160. Section 79-2-201 is amended to read:			
8981	79-2-201. Department of Natural Resources and Environment created.			
8982	(1) There is created the Department of Natural Resources and Environment.			
8983	(2) The department comprises the following:			
8984	(a) Board of Water Resources, created in Section 73-10-1.5;			
8985	(b) Forestry, Fire, and State Lands Advisory Council, created in Section 65A-1-2;			
8986	(c) Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, created in Section 40-6-4;			
8987	(d) Board of Parks and Recreation, created in Section 79-4-301;			
8988	(e) Wildlife Board, created in Section 23-14-2;			
8989	(f) Board of the Utah Geological Survey, created in Section 79-3-301;			
8990	(g) Water Development Coordinating Council, created in Section 73-10c-3;			
8991	[(h) Division of Water Rights, created in Section 73-2-1.1;]			

8992	[(i)] (h) Division of Water Resources, created in Section 73-10-18;		
8993	[(j)] (i) Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, created in Section 65A-1-4;		
8994	[(k)] (j) Division of [Oil, Gas, and Mining] Energy, created in Section 40-6-15;		
8995	[(1)] (k) Division of Parks and Recreation, created in Section 79-4-201;		
8996	[(m)] (1) Division of Wildlife Resources, created in Section 23-14-1;		
8997	[(n)] (m) Utah Geological Survey, created in Section 79-3-201;		
8998	[(0)] (n) Heritage Trees Advisory Committee, created in Section 65A-8-306;		
8999	[(p)] (o) Recreational Trails Advisory Council, authorized by Section 79-5-201;		
9000	[(q)] (p) Boating Advisory Council, authorized by Section 73-18-3.5;		
9001	[(r)] (q) Wildlife Board Nominating Committee, created in Section 23-14-2.5; [and]		
9002	[(s)] (r) Wildlife Regional Advisory Councils, created in Section 23-14-2.6[-];		
9003	(s) the Division of Air Quality, to administer Title 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation		
9004	Act;		
9005	(t) the Division of Radiation, to administer Title 19, Chapter 3, Radiation Control Act;		
9006	(u) the Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste, to administer Title 19, Chapter 6,		
9007	Hazardous Substances;		
9008	(v) the Air Quality Board, appointed under Section 19-2-103;		
9009	(w) the Radiation Control Board, appointed under Section 19-3-103;		
9010	(x) the Drinking Water Board, appointed under Section 19-4-103;		
9011	(y) the Water Quality Board, appointed under Section 19-5-103; and		
9012	(z) the Solid and Hazardous Waste Control Board, appointed under Section 19-6-103.		
9013	Section 161. Section 79-2-201.5 is enacted to read:		
9014	<u>79-2-201.5.</u> Creation of Office of Energy.		
9015	(1) In addition to the divisions, boards, and offices created within the department under		
9016	Section 79-2-201, there is created within the department the Office of Energy.		
9017	(2) The Office of Energy shall supervise the following:		
9018	(a) the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining, created in Section 40-60-4;		
9019	(b) the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining, created in Section 40-6-15;		
9020	(c) the duties of the state energy advisor under Chapter 6, Utah Energy Act; and		
9021	(d) other energy and mineral development issues:		
9022	(i) that are part of the divisions, offices or boards in Section 79-2-201; and		

9023	(ii) that are assigned to the energy office by the transition directors who are		
9024	coordinating the consolidation of the Department of Environmental Quality with the		
9025	Department of Natural Resources.		
9026	Section 162. Section 79-2-204 is amended to read:		
9027	79-2-204. Division directors Appointment Removal Jurisdiction of		
9028	executive director Deputy directors.		
9029	(1) (a) The chief administrative officer of a division within the department is a director		
9030	appointed by the executive director with the concurrence of the board having policy authority		
9031	for the division.		
9032	(b) The director of a division may be removed from office by the executive director.		
9033	(c) The appointment and term of office of the state engineer, notwithstanding anything		
9034	to the contrary contained in this section, shall be in accordance with Section 73-2-1.		
9035	(2) (a) The executive director has administrative jurisdiction over a division director		
9036	for the purpose of implementing department policy as established by the division's board.		
9037	(b) The executive director may:		
9038	(i) consolidate personnel and service functions in the divisions to effectuate efficiency		
9039	and economy in the operations of the department;		
9040	(ii) establish a departmental services division to perform service functions; and		
9041	(iii) employ law enforcement officers and special function officers within the		
9042	department that have all of the powers of a conservation officer and law enforcement officer,		
9043	with the exception of the power to serve civil process.		
9044	(3) Subject to available resources, the executive director may hire one or more deputy		
9045	directors, at least one of whom shall have expertise in environmental regulation.		
9046	Section 163. Section 79-2-206 is enacted to read:		
9047	79-2-206. Department legal advice.		
9048	(1) The attorney general is the legal adviser for the department and the executive		
9049	director and shall defend the department and director in all actions and proceedings brought		
9050	against either of them.		
9051	(2) The attorney general or the county attorney of the county in which a cause of action		
9052	arises or a public offense occurs shall bring any civil or criminal action requested by the		
9053	executive director or any board listed in Section 79-2-201 to abate a condition which exists in		

9054	violation of, or to prosecute for the violation of or for the enforcement of, the laws or			
9055	standards, orders, and rules of the department.			
9056	Section 164. Section 79-2-404 is amended to read:			
9057	79-2-404. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.			
9058	(1) For purposes of this section:			
9059	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section			
9060	34A-2-104 who:			
9061	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and			
9062	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which			
9063	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.			
9064	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.			
9065	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" means at the time the contract is entered into			
9066	or renewed:			
9067	(i) a health benefit plan and employer contribution level with a combined actuarial			
9068	value at least actuarially equivalent to the combined actuarial value of the benchmark plan			
9069	determined by the Children's Health Insurance Program under Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), and			
9070	a contribution level of 50% of the premium for the employee and the dependents of the			
9071	employee who reside or work in the state, in which:			
9072	(A) the employer pays at least 50% of the premium for the employee and the			
9073	dependents of the employee who reside or work in the state; and			
9074	(B) for purposes of calculating actuarial equivalency under this Subsection (1)(c)(i):			
9075	(I) rather that the benchmark plan's deductible, and the benchmark plan's out-of-pocket			
9076	maximum based on income levels:			
9077	(Aa) the deductible is \$750 per individual and \$2,250 per family; and			
9078	(Bb) the out-of-pocket maximum is \$3,000 per individual and \$9,000 per family;			
9079	(II) dental coverage is not required; and			
9080	(III) other than Subsection 26-40-106(2)(a), the provisions of Section 26-40-106 do not			
9081	apply; or			
9082	(ii) (A) is a federally qualified high deductible health plan that, at a minimum, has a			
9083	deductible that is either:			
9084	(I) the lowest deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible health plan;			

9085	or			
9086	(II) a deductible that is higher than the lowest deductible permitted for a federally			
9087	qualified high deductible health plan, but includes an employer contribution to a health savings			
9088	account in a dollar amount at least equal to the dollar amount difference between the lowest			
9089	deductible permitted for a federally qualified high deductible plan and the deductible for the			
9090	employer offered federally qualified high deductible plan;			
9091	(B) an out-of-pocket maximum that does not exceed three times the amount of the			
9092	annual deductible; and			
9093	(C) under which the employer pays 75% of the premium for the employee and the			
9094	dependents of the employee who work or reside in the state.			
9095	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.			
9096	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies a design or			
9097	construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the department or a division, board, or			
9098	council of the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or to a			
9099	subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).			
9100	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the			
9101	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.			
9102	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of			
9103	\$750,000 or greater.			
9104	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a			
9105	division, board, or council of the department if:			
9106	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;			
9107	(b) the contract or agreement is between:			
9108	(i) the department or a division, board, or council of the department; and			
9109	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;			
9110	(B) the federal government;			
9111	(C) another state;			
9112	(D) an interstate agency;			
9113	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or			
9114	(F) a political subdivision of another state; or			
9115	(c) the contract or agreement is:			

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9116 (i) for the purpose of disbursing grants or loans authorized by statute; 9117 (ii) a sole source contract; or 9118 (iii) an emergency procurement. 9119 (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section 63G-6-102, 9120 or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required 9121 by Subsection (2). 9122 (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to 9123 circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction. 9124 (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall demonstrate to the department 9125 that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the 9126 contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract. 9127 (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the contractor 9128 shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of 9129 qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' 9130 dependents during the duration of the contract. 9131 (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during 9132 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules 9133 adopted by the department under Subsection (6). 9134 (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the 9135 requirements of Subsection (5)(b). 9136 (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during 9137 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules 9138 adopted by the department under Subsection (6). 9139 (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the 9140 requirements of Subsection (5)(a). 9141 (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules: 9142 (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; 9143 (b) in coordination with: 9144 (i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206; 9145 (ii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; 9146 (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;

(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;			
(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and			
(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and			
(c) which establish:			
(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate			
compliance with this section to the department which shall include:			
(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or			
(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and			
(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required in Subsection (1) is met by			
the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of			
actuarial equivalency from either:			
(I) the Utah Insurance Department;			
(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or			
(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium			
rates;			
(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally			
violates the provisions of this section, which may include:			
(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into			
future contracts with the state upon the first violation;			
(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future			
contracts with the state upon the second violation;			
(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with			
Section 63G-6-804 upon the third or subsequent violation; and			
(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to			
purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of an employee			
of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage			
during the duration of the contract; and			
(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified			
health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c)(i).			
(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or			
subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the			

9178	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance		
9179	coverage.		
9180	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection		
9181	(7)(a)(i) if:		
9182	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency		
9183	provided by:		
9184	(I) an actuary; or		
9185	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium		
9186	rates; or		
9187	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under		
9188	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).		
9189	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to		
9190	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).		
9191	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the		
9192	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.		
9193	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance		
9194	coverage as required by this section:		
9195	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,		
9196	or contractor under Section 63G-6-801 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8,		
9197	Legal and Contractual Remedies; and		
9198	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or		
9199	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design		
9200	or construction.		
9201	Section 165. Section 79-3-102 is amended to read:		
9202	79-3-102. Definitions.		
9203	As used in this chapter:		
9204	(1) "Agency" means a department, division, office, bureau, board, commission, or		
9205	other administrative unit of the state.		
9206	(2) "Board" means the Board of the Utah Geological Survey.		
9207	(3) "Collection" means a specimen and the associated records documenting the		
9208	specimen and its recovery.		

9209	(4) "Critical paleontological resources" means vertebrate fossils and other exceptional			
9210	fossils that are designated state paleontological landmarks as provided for in Section 79-3-505.			
9211	(5) "Curation" means:			
9212	(a) management and care of collections according to standard professional museum			
9213	practice, which may include inventorying, accessioning, labeling, cataloging, identifying,			
9214	evaluating, documenting, storing, maintaining, periodically inspecting, cleaning, stabilizing,			
9215	conserving, exhibiting, exchanging, or otherwise disposing of original collections or			
9216	reproductions; and			
9217	(b) providing access to and facilities for studying collections.			
9218	(6) "Curation facility" is as defined in Section 53B-17-603.			
9219	[(7) "Director" means the director of the survey.]			
9220	[(8)] (7) "Excavate" means the recovery of critical paleontological resources.			
9221	[(9)] (8) "Museum" means the Utah Museum of Natural History.			
9222	[(10)] (9) "Paleontological resources" means remains of prehistoric life pertaining to			
9223	the natural history of the state.			
9224	[(11)] (10) "Repository" is defined as provided in Section 53B-17-603.			
9225	[(12)] (11) "School and institutional land grants" means the transfer of properties			
9226	pursuant to Sections 6 and 8 of the Utah Enabling Act and Utah Constitution Article XX.			
9227	[(13)] (12) "School and institutional trust lands" are those properties defined in Section			
9228	53C-1-103.			
9229	[(14)] (13) "Site" means any paleontological deposit or other location that is the source			
9230	of a specimen.			
9231	[(15)] (14) "Specimen" means remains of a critical paleontological nature found on or			
9232	below the surface of the earth.			
9233	[(16)] (15) "State Paleontological Register" means a register of paleontological sites			
9234	and localities.			
9235	[(17)] (16) "Survey" means the Utah Geological Survey.			
9236	Section 166. Section 79-3-204 is amended to read:			
9237	79-3-204. Personnel of survey Employment Restrictions Salaries and			
9238	benefits.			
9239	(1) The [director, after consultation with the board and approval by the] executive			

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- 9240 director[,] shall select, employ, or contract for qualified individuals and services required to
- 9241 carry out the provisions of this chapter within the authorized programs and within the allocated9242 and budgeted funds.
- (2) (a) Persons retained on a contract basis act in the capacity of independentcontractors and are not subject to the Utah State Personnel Management Act.
- (b) Each contract written for the services described in Subsection (1) shall include theinformation in this Subsection (2).
- 9247

(3) (a) An employee of the survey may not:

- (i) have an interest in lands within the state that creates a conflict of interest harmful tothe goals and objectives of the survey; or
- 9250 (ii) obtain financial gain by reason of information obtained through work as an9251 employee of the survey.
- 9252 (b) The board shall resolve questions regarding potential conflicts and financial gain.
- (c) For permanent employees, the restriction in Subsection (3)(a) is terminated at the
 end of a two-year period following termination of service or, with respect to information
 [which] that is confidential and not a public record, for however long the information is
 classified as confidential and not a public record, whichever period of time is longer.
- 9257 (d) The time periods established in Subsection (3)(c), which can be modified only after9258 publication of the data, apply to contractors or consultants employed on special problems.
- (4) (a) A survey employee may not engage in outside or private work [which] that is orcan be in conflict with the operations, goals, and objectives of the survey.
- (b) The board shall resolve issues regarding outside or private work by a surveyemployee.
- 9263 (5) Survey personnel are paid in accordance with state salary schedules and are subject9264 to state benefit and retirement programs.
- 9265 Section 167. Section **79-3-303** is amended to read:
- 9266 **79-3-303.** Responsibilities of board.
- 9267 The board has the following responsibilities:
- 9268 (1) establish and review policies, programs, and priorities;
- 9269 (2) review and recommend budgets;
- 9270 (3) assess the needs of the community with regard to development and use of geologic

9271	resources;			
9272	(4) keep the <u>executive</u> director advised concerning survey policies; and			
9273	(5) enact rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, the Utah Administrative			
9274	Rulemaking Act, that are necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.			
9275	Section 168. Section 79-3-402 is amended to read:			
9276	79-3-402. Utah Geological Survey Sample Library Fund.			
9277	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Utah Geological			
9278	Survey Sample Library Fund."			
9279	(2) The fund consists of money from the following revenue sources:			
9280	(a) donations or contributions from individuals, companies, organizations, or			
9281	government entities; and			
9282	(b) interest generated by the fund.			
9283	(3) The <u>executive</u> director shall administer the fund.			
9284	(4) (a) Donations and other contributions to the fund and unallocated interest as			
9285	provided in Subsection (5)(c) shall constitute the fund's principal.			
9286	(b) The principal may be expended only with the concurrence of the board.			
9287	(5) (a) Interest generated by the fund may be expended to support the sample library as			
9288	provided in Subsections (5)(b) and (c).			
9289	(b) An amount of money equal to or less than the interest generated by the fund in the			
9290	previous fiscal year may be expended annually in support of the sample library.			
9291	(c) Funds that are eligible to be spent, but remain unallocated at the end of any fiscal			
9292	year, revert to the fund and become part of the fund's principle.			
9293	Section 169. Section 79-3-501 is amended to read:			
9294	79-3-501. Permit required to excavate critical paleontological resources on state			
9295	lands Removal of specimen or site.			
9296	(1) (a) Before excavating for critical paleontological resources on lands owned or			
9297	controlled by the state or its subdivisions, except as provided in Section 79-3-502, a person			
9298	must obtain a permit from the survey.			
9299	(b) Application for a permit shall be made on a form furnished by the survey.			
9300	(c) The survey shall make rules for the issuance of permits specifying or requiring:			
9301	(i) the minimum permittee qualifications;			

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9302 (ii) the duration of the permit; 9303 (iii) proof of permission from the land owner that the permittee may enter the property 9304 for purposes specified in the permit; 9305 (iv) research designs that provide for the maximum recovery of scientific, 9306 paleontological, and educational information, in addition to the physical recovery of specimens 9307 and the reporting of paleontological information meeting current standards of scientific rigor; 9308 (v) the need, if any, to submit data obtained in the course of field investigations to the 9309 survey; 9310 (vi) proof of consultation with the designated museum representative regarding 9311 curation of collections; 9312 (vii) proof of consultation with other agencies that may manage other legal interests in 9313 the land; and 9314 (viii) other information the survey considers necessary. 9315 (2) All paleontological work shall be carried out under the supervision of [the director, 9316 or assigned] survey staff. 9317 (3) A person may not remove from the state, prior to placement in a repository or 9318 curation facility, a specimen, site, or portion of a specimen or site from lands owned or 9319 controlled by the state or its subdivisions, except as provided in Section 79-3-502, without 9320 permission from the survey, and without prior consultation with the landowner or other 9321 agencies managing other interests in the land. 9322 Section 170. Section **79-3-502** is amended to read: 9323 79-3-502. Permit required to excavate critical paleontological resources on school 9324 and institutional trust lands -- Removal of specimen or site. 9325 (1) (a) Before excavating for critical paleontological resources on school or 9326 institutional trust lands, a person must obtain a permit from the School and Institutional Trust 9327 Lands Administration. 9328 (b) The School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration may, by rule, delegate the 9329 authority to issue excavation permits for critical paleontological resources to the survey. 9330 (c) Application for a permit shall be made on a form furnished by the School and 9331 Institutional Trust Lands Administration. 9332 (d) Prior to issuing a permit, the school and institutional trust lands administration shall

9333 consult with the survey [director, or assigned staff], pursuant to Section 79-3-508. 9334 (e) The School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration shall enact rules for the 9335 issuance of permits specifying or requiring: 9336 (i) the minimum permittee qualifications; 9337 (ii) the duration of the permit; 9338 (iii) the need, if any, to submit data obtained in the course of field investigations to the administration; 9339 9340 (iv) proof of consultation with the designated museum representative regarding 9341 curation of collections; and 9342 (v) other information the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration 9343 considers necessary. 9344 (2) A person may not remove from the state, prior to placement in a repository or 9345 curation facility, a specimen, site, or portion of a specimen or site from school and institutional 9346 trust lands without permission from the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, granted after consultation with the survey. 9347 9348 Section 171. Section **79-3-508** is amended to read: 9349 79-3-508. Survey responsibilities -- Allowing survey reasonable opportunity to 9350 comment. 9351 (1) Before expending state funds or approving an undertaking, each state agency shall: 9352 (a) take into account the effect of the undertaking on a specimen that is included in or 9353 eligible for inclusion in the State Paleontological Register; and 9354 (b) allow the [director or assigned staff] survey a reasonable opportunity to comment 9355 regarding the undertaking or expenditure. 9356 (2) The [director or assigned staff] survey shall advise on ways to maximize the 9357 amount of scientific, paleontological, and educational information recovered, in addition to the 9358 physical recovery of specimens and the reporting of paleontological information, at current 9359 standards of scientific rigor. 9360 Section 172. Section **79-3-509** is amended to read: 9361 79-3-509. Curriculum and materials for the training of volunteers who assist 9362 paleontologists. 9363 (1) The survey shall develop a curriculum and materials for the training of volunteers

9364	who assist paleontologists i	n the field and laboratory.		
9365	(2) The <u>executive</u> director shall appoint a qualified survey employee to develop the			
9366	curriculum and materials under this section.			
9367	(3) The survey may request input and assistance from any interested organization in			
9368	developing the curriculum and materials.			
9369	(4) The survey may collect fees to cover the costs of the materials and updating of the			
9370	curriculum.			
9371	Section 173. Section 79-4-501 is amended to read:			
9372	79-4-501. Peace o	fficer authority of park rangers.		
9373	(1) The division has	s the duty to:		
9374	(a) protect state par	ks and park property from misuse or damage; and		
9375	(b) preserve the pea	ce within state parks.		
9376	(2) Employees of th	ne [division] Department of Natural Resources and Environment		
9377	who are POST certified pea	ce officers and who are designated as park rangers by the executive		
9378	director and division director, are law enforcement officers under Section 53-13-103 and have			
9379	all the powers of law enforcement officers in the state, with the exception of the power to serve			
9380	civil process.			
9381	(3) The division has	s the authority to deputize persons who are peace officers or special		
9382	function officers to assist pa	ark rangers on a seasonal temporary basis.		
9383	Section 174. Sectio	n 79-6-101, which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-101 is		
9384	renumbered and amended to	o read:		
9385		CHAPTER 6. UTAH ENERGY ACT		
9386		Part 1. General Provisions		
9387	[63M-4-101].	<u>79-6-101.</u> Title.		
9388	This chapter is know	vn as the "Utah Energy Act."		
9389	Section 175. Section 79-6-102 , which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-102 is			
9390	renumbered and amended to read:			
9391	[63M-4-102].	<u>79-6-102.</u> Definitions.		
9392	As used in this chap	ter, "state agency" means an executive branch:		
9393	(1) department;			
9394	(2) agency;			

9395	(3) board;
9396	(4) commission;
9397	(5) division; or
9398	(6) state educational institution.
9399	Section 176. Section 79-6-201 , which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-201 is
9400	renumbered and amended to read:
9401	Part 2. Energy Advisor
9402	[63M-4-201]. <u>79-6-201.</u> Energy advisor Duties.
9403	(1) (a) The [governor] executive director shall appoint an energy advisor within the
9404	Division of Energy.
9405	(b) The [governor's] energy advisor serves at the pleasure of the [governor] executive
9406	director.
9407	(2) The [governor's] energy advisor shall:
9408	(a) advise [the governor] state agencies on energy-related matters;
9409	(b) annually review and propose updates to the state's energy policy, as contained in
9410	Section [63M-4-301] <u>79-6-301;</u>
9411	(c) promote as the [governor's] energy advisor considers necessary:
9412	(i) the development of cost-effective energy resources both renewable and
9413	nonrenewable; and
9414	(ii) educational programs, including programs supporting conservation and energy
9415	efficiency measures;
9416	(d) coordinate across state agencies to assure consistency with state energy policy,
9417	including:
9418	(i) working with the State Energy Program to promote access to federal assistance for
9419	energy-related projects for state agencies and members of the public;
9420	(ii) working with the Division of Homeland Security to assist the governor in carrying
9421	out the governor's energy emergency powers under Title 63K, Chapter 2, Energy Emergency
9422	Powers of <u>the</u> Governor <u>Act</u> ;
9423	(iii) participating in the annual review of the energy emergency plan and the
9424	maintenance of the energy emergency plan and a current list of contact persons required by
9425	Section 53-2-110; and

9426	(iv) identifying and proposing measures necessary to facilitate low-income consumers'
9427	access to energy services;
9428	(e) coordinate with the Division of Homeland Security ongoing activities designed to
9429	test an energy emergency plan to ensure coordination and information sharing among state
9430	agencies and political subdivisions in the state, public utilities and other energy suppliers, and
9431	other relevant public sector persons as required by Sections 53-2-110, 63K-2-201, 63K-2-205,
9432	and 63K-2-301;
9433	(f) coordinate with requisite state agencies to study:
9434	(i) the creation of a centralized state repository for energy-related information;
9435	(ii) methods for streamlining state review and approval processes for energy-related
9436	projects; and
9437	(iii) the development of multistate energy transmission and transportation
9438	infrastructure;
9439	(g) coordinate energy-related regulatory processes within the state;
9440	(h) compile, and make available to the public, information about federal, state, and
9441	local approval requirements for energy-related projects;
9442	(i) act as the state's advocate before federal and local authorities for energy-related
9443	infrastructure projects or coordinate with the appropriate state agency; and
9444	(j) help promote the Division of Facilities Construction and Management's measures to
9445	improve energy efficiency in state buildings.
9446	Section 177. Section 79-6-202 , which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-202 is
9447	renumbered and amended to read:
9448	[63M-4-202]. <u>79-6-202.</u> Agency cooperation.
9449	A state agency shall provide the state energy officer with any energy-related
9450	information requested by the [governor's] energy advisor if the [governor's] energy advisor's
9451	request is consistent with other law.
9452	Section 178. Section 79-6-203 , which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-203 is
9453	renumbered and amended to read:
9454	[63M-4-203]. <u>79-6-203.</u> Reports.
9455	(1) The [governor's] energy advisor shall report annually to:
9456	(a) the [governor] executive director;

9457	(b) the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee; and
9458	(c) the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee.
9459	(2) The report required in Subsection (1) shall:
9460	(a) summarize the status and development of the state's energy resources;
9461	(b) address the [governor's] energy advisor's activities under this part; and
9462	(c) recommend any energy-related executive or legislative action the [governor's]
9463	energy advisor considers beneficial to the state, including updates to the state energy policy
9464	under Section [63M-4-301] <u>79-6-301</u> .
9465	Section 179. Section 79-6-301 , which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-301 is
9466	renumbered and amended to read:
9467	Part 3. State Energy Policy
9468	[63M-4-301]. <u>79-6-301.</u> State energy policy.
9469	(1) It is the policy of the state that:
9470	(a) Utah have adequate, reliable, affordable, sustainable, and clean energy resources;
9471	(b) Utah will promote the development of:
9472	(i) nonrenewable energy resources, including natural gas, coal, oil, oil shale, and tar
9473	sands; and
9474	(ii) renewable energy resources, including geothermal, solar, wind, biomass, biodiesel,
9475	hydroelectric, and ethanol;
9476	(c) Utah will promote the study of nuclear power generation;
9477	(d) Utah will promote the development of resources and infrastructure sufficient to
9478	meet the state's growing demand, while contributing to the regional and national energy supply,
9479	thus reducing dependence on international energy sources;
9480	(e) Utah will allow market forces to drive prudent use of energy resources, although
9481	incentives and other methods may be used to ensure the state's optimal development and use of
9482	energy resources in the short- and long-term;
9483	(f) Utah will pursue energy conservation, energy efficiency, and environmental quality;
9484	(g) (i) state regulatory processes should be streamlined to balance economic costs with
9485	the level of review necessary to ensure protection of the state's various interests; and
9486	(ii) where federal action is required, Utah will encourage expedited federal action and
9487	will collaborate with federal agencies to expedite review;

9488	(h) Utah will maintain an environment that provides for stable consumer prices that are
9489	as low as possible while providing producers and suppliers a fair return on investment,
9490	recognizing that:
9491	(i) economic prosperity is linked to the availability, reliability, and affordability of
9492	consumer energy supplies; and
9493	(ii) investment will occur only when adequate financial returns can be realized; and
9494	(i) Utah will promote training and education programs focused on developing a
9495	comprehensive understanding of energy, including programs addressing:
9496	(i) energy conservation;
9497	(ii) energy efficiency;
9498	(iii) supply and demand; and
9499	(iv) energy related workforce development.
9500	(2) State agencies are encouraged to conduct agency activities consistent with
9501	Subsection (1).
9502	(3) A person may not file suit to challenge a state agency's action that is inconsistent
9503	with Subsection (1).
9504	Section 180. Section 79-6-302 , which is renumbered from Section 63M-4-302 is
9505	renumbered and amended to read:
9506	[63M-4-302]. <u>79-6-302.</u> Legislative committee review.
9507	The Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee and the
9508	Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee shall review the state energy policy
9509	annually and propose any changes to the Legislature.
9510	Section 181. Transition of departments and divisions.
9511	(1) The Legislature finds that the consolidation of the Department of Natural Resources
9512	and the Department of Environmental Quality is in the best interest of the state, will improve
9513	the efficiency of government, reduce the cost of government, better focus the state and its'
9514	employees on protecting the environment and on the proper development of Utah's mineral
9515	resources and energy needs, enhance the development of alternate and green energy, allow for
9516	better protection of the health of Utahns, and improve the protection, preservation, use, and
9517	management of Utah's resources, parks, wildlife, and recreation.
9518	(2) The Legislature directs the Department of Environmental Quality and the

9519	Department of Natural Resources to consolidate into one department for the purpose of
9520	preserving the state's natural resources, preserving the state's environment, improving the
9521	quality of life and the environment, and appropriately developing the state's natural resources.
9522	The implementation of the department consolidation should be structured so that the state
9523	experiences reduced administrative costs associated with running one rather than two
9524	departments, increased governmental efficiencies through each division, department, office,
9525	and board within the consolidated department, and the redirection of resources from
9526	administrative functions of two departments to environmental and natural resource services in
9527	the state.
9528	(3) The executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality and the
9529	Executive Director of the Department of Natural Resources will serve as transition directors for
9530	the consolidation of the departments into the Department of Natural Resources and
9531	Environment by July 1, 2012.
9532	(b) The transition directors:
9533	(i) shall consolidate the departments in a manner that promotes the efficient
9534	administration of the departments into a single department and shall make internal
9535	organizational changes as necessary to complete the re-alignment of responsibilities required
9536	by this bill; and
9537	(ii) may remove or appoint employees and officials as necessary to effectuate the
9538	changes made by this bill.
9539	(c) The transition directors shall jointly identify the employees and functions that will
9540	transfer to the new department and organize the offices, boards, and division within the new
9541	department in accordance with the consolidation plan described in Subsection (6).
9542	(d) If the transition directors are unable to agree on the position to be transferred, or the
9543	organization of the consolidated departments, each transition director shall submit a
9544	recommendation to the governor and to the Legislature's Natural Resources, Agriculture, and
9545	Environment Interim Committee. The governor shall determine which position or function to
9546	transfer to the consolidated department and the organization of the department.
9547	(e) The transition directors shall involve stakeholders in the transition discussions and
9548	meetings and solicit input as to the proper realignment of divisions, functions, and programs.
9549	The directors shall include at least the following stakeholder groups in discussions:

9550	(i) mineral resources;
9551	(ii) energy:
9552	(iii) environmental;
9553	(iv) recreation;
9554	(v) wildlife and sportsmen;
9555	(vi) environmentally regulated companies; and
9556	(vi) water companies and users.
9557	(4) The transition directors and other individuals identified by the governor may:
9558	(a) request the assistance of any executive branch agency with respect to personnel.
9559	budgeting, procurement, and other management related functions, and the executive branch
9560	agency shall provide the requested assistance;
9561	(b) within existing budgets, temporarily hire or retain contractors, subcontractors, or
9562	advisors as the transition directors determine are necessary for the strategic planning and
9563	implementation of the transition; and
9564	(c) request assistance, support and involvement from local government, private
9565	business, and legislative staff.
9566	(5) After consultation with the transition directors and the governor, the state budget
9567	director shall:
9568	(a) determine the most efficient process necessary for transitioning budgets of the
9569	division, boards, and programs within the Department of Environmental Quality into the
9570	Department of Natural Resources and Environment;
9571	(b) submit a supplemental budget request, and if needed, a 2012-2013 budget
9572	recommendation to the Legislature prior to the 2012 General Session detailing the steps
9573	necessary to transition employees, activities, assets, liabilities, budgets, and other authorities of
9574	appropriated functions into the department; and
9575	(c) handle the financial transactions and records in the state's financial management
9576	and record system during the period of transition.
9577	(6) The plan of consolidation for the Department of Environmental Quality into the
9578	Department of Natural Resources shall:
9579	(a) create a combined agency called the Department of Natural Resources and
9580	Environment:

9581	(b) create one executive director for the department who shall supervise:
9582	(i) the deputy director for state resources;
9583	(ii) the chief environmental officer;
9584	(iii) administrative support for the department, including:
9585	(A) law enforcement;
9586	(B) finance;
9587	(C) auditing;
9588	(D) paleontology;
9589	(E) geo hazards:
9590	(F) geographic imaging services;
9591	(G) mapping;
9592	(H) bookstore;
9593	(I) geological survey;
9594	(J) human resources and payroll; and
9595	(K) legal; and
9596	(iv) offices and boards related to the new State Energy Office that is created in this bill
9597	and effective July 1, 2011, and energy resources in the state, including:
9598	<u>(A) oil;</u>
9599	<u>(B) gas;</u>
9600	
	(C) mining;
9601	(C) mining; (D) the state energy program;
9601 9602	
	(D) the state energy program;
9602	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals;
9602 9603	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals; (F) resources;
9602 9603 9604	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals; (F) resources; (G) renewable energy;
9602 9603 9604 9605	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals; (F) resources; (G) renewable energy; (H) the state energy officer; and
9602 9603 9604 9605 9606	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals; (F) resources; (G) renewable energy; (H) the state energy officer; and (I) energy and sustainability; and
9602 9603 9604 9605 9606 9607	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals; (F) resources; (G) renewable energy; (H) the state energy officer; and (I) energy and sustainability; and (c) create a State Resource Director who shall supervise:
9602 9603 9604 9605 9606 9607 9608	 (D) the state energy program; (E) energy and minerals; (F) resources; (G) renewable energy; (H) the state energy officer; and (I) energy and sustainability; and (c) create a State Resource Director who shall supervise: (i) the Division of Water, including:

9612(D) water rights;9613(ii) the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands;9614(iii) the Division of Parks and Recreation; and9615(iv) the Wildlife Division; and9616(d) create the Chief Utah Environmental Officer who:9617(i) shall serve as the chief mediator and appellate person in the department for	
9614(iii) the Division of Parks and Recreation; and9615(iv) the Wildlife Division; and9616(d) create the Chief Utah Environmental Officer who:	
9615(iv) the Wildlife Division; and9616(d) create the Chief Utah Environmental Officer who:	
9616 (d) create the Chief Utah Environmental Officer who:	
9617 (i) shall serve as the chief mediator and appellate person in the department for	
9618 <u>environmental issues; and</u>	
9619 (ii) shall supervise:	
9620 (A) a manager for permits, appeals, and regulatory affairs related to air quality,	
9621 <u>radiation, and response and waste;</u>	
9622 (B) a division of air quality;	
9623 (C) a division of radiation, including solid waste and hazardous waste; and	
9624 (D) the division of response and waste, including solid waste and hazardous waste.	
9625 (7) All administrative rules, orders, contracts, grants, and agreements relating to the	
9626 <u>functions of the Department of Environmental Quality, its boards or offices, adopted prior</u>	<u>)</u>
9627 July 1, 2012, remain in effect until revised, amended, or rescinded and shall be administered	by
9628 the appropriate board or division in accordance with this bill.	
9629 (8) Any suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by, against, or before	
9630 any entity affected by this chapter shall not be abated by reason of this bill or the reorganization	<u>ion</u>
9631 of the departments.	
9632 (9) The Department of Natural Resources and Environment and its divisions and	
9633 <u>boards shall amend administrative rules on or after July 1, 2012, to the extent necessary to</u>	
9634 reflect the changes in authority and responsibility made by this bill.	
9635 (10) The transition directors shall report to the Legislature's Natural Resources,	
9636 Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee on or before July 20, 2011, and October	<u>9,</u>
9637 <u>2011, and to the Legislative Management Committee on or before December 15, 2011,</u>	
9638 concerning the department's implementation of the department consolidation, including the	
9639 costs and savings, stakeholder recommendations, management changes, and statutory or	
9640 <u>administrative rule changes necessary to implement the consolidation.</u>	
9641 Section 182. Effective date.	
9642 (1) The following sections in this bill take effect on May 10, 2011:	

9643	(a) the amendments to Section 63I-1-219;
9644	(b) the amendments to Section 63I-1-273;
9645	(c) the enactment of Section 63I-1-279; and
9646	(d) uncodified Section 182, Transition of departments and divisions.
9647	(2) Amendments to the following sections take effect on July 1, 2011:
9648	(a) Section 79-2-201.5;
9649	(b) Section 79-6-101;
9650	(c) Section 79-6-102;
9651	(d) Section 79-6-201;
9652	(e) Section 79-6-202;
9653	(f) Section 79-6-203;
9654	(g) Section 79-6-301; and
9655	(h) Section 79-6-302.
9656	(3) Except as provided in Subsections (1) and (2), this bill takes effect on July 1, 2012.
9657	Section 183. Revisor instructions.
9658	It is the intent of the Legislature that, in preparing the Utah Code database for
9659	publication, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall replace the words
9660	"this bill" in Section 182, Transition of departments and divisions, with the bill's designated
9661	chapter number in the Laws of Utah.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-27-11 1:20 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

FISCAL NOTE H.B. 97 SHORT TITLE: Consolidation of the Department of Environmental Quality with the Department of Natural Resources SPONSOR: Harper, W. 2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)) Enactment of this bill will facilitate \$747,900 in budget reductions and elimination of 10 FTE. Those budget actions are presumed in Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environmental Quality Base Budget (S.B. 8, 2011 General Session). Enactment of this bill will reallocate approximately \$1,250,000 in administrative costs between the Department of Environmental Quality and the new Department of Natural Resources and Environment beginning in FY 2013. STATE BUDGET DETAIL TABLE FY 2013 FY 2011 FY 2012 \$0 \$0 Revenue \$0 Expenditure: General Fund \$0 \$0 \$1,250,000 \$0 \$0 (\$1,250,000)General Fund **Total Expenditure** \$0 \$0 \$0 Net Impact, All Funds (Rev.-Exp.) \$0 \$0 \$0 Net Impact, General/Education Funds \$0 \$0 \$0 LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for local governments. DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses. 2/7/2011, 08:06 AM, Lead Analyst: Djambov, I./Attorney: CJD Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst