STATE TECHNOLOGY GOVERNANCE AMENDMENTS
2017 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Bruce R. Cutler
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to state technology governance.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 eliminates divisions within the Department of Technology Services;
 assigns duties formerly assigned to divisions within the Department of Technology
Services to the Department of Technology Services and the chief information
officer within the Department of Technology Services;
 directs the chief information officer within the Department of Technology Services
to appoint a chief information security officer; and
 defines terms.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
63F-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 114
63F-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
63F-1-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169

28	63F-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 387
29	63F-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
30	63F-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 53
31	63F-1-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 355
32	63F-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 114
33	63F-1-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
34	63F-1-208, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
35	63F-1-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
36	63F-1-210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 114
37	63F-1-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
38	63F-1-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
39	63F-1-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
40	63F-1-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 13
41	ENACTS:
42	63F-1-211, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	63F-1-212, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
45	63F-1-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
46	63F-1-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
47	63F-1-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
48	63F-1-503, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
49	63F-1-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
50	63F-1-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
51	REPEALS:
52	63F-1-602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 169
53	
54	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
55	Section 1. Section 63F-1-102 is amended to read:
56	63F-1-102. Definitions.
57	As used in this title:
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58 (1) "Board" means the Technology Advisory Board created in Section 63F-1-202.

59	(2) "Chief information officer" means the chief information officer appointed under
60	Section 63F-1-201.
61	[(3) "Computer center" means the location at which a central data processing platform
62	is managed to serve multiple executive branch agencies.]
63	[(4)] (3) "Data center" means a centralized repository for the storage, management, and
64	dissemination of data.
65	[(5)] (4) "Department" means the Department of Technology Services.
66	(5) "Enterprise architecture" means:
67	(a) information technology that can be applied across state government; and
68	(b) support for information technology that can be applied across state government,
69	including:
70	(i) technical support;
71	(ii) master software licenses; and
72	(iii) hardware and software standards.
73	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), "executive branch agency" means an
74	agency or administrative subunit of state government.
75	(b) "Executive branch agency" does not include:
76	(i) the legislative branch;
77	(ii) the judicial branch;
78	(iii) the State Board of Education;
79	(iv) the Board of Regents;
80	(v) institutions of higher education;
81	(vi) independent entities as defined in Section 63E-1-102; and
82	(vii) elective constitutional offices of the executive department which includes:
83	(A) the state auditor;
84	(B) the state treasurer; and
85	(C) the attorney general.
86	(7) "Executive branch strategic plan" means the executive branch strategic plan created
87	under Section 63F-1-203.
88	(8) "Individual with a disability" means an individual with a condition that meets the
89	definition of "disability" in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12102.

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90	(9) "Information technology" means all computerized and auxiliary automated
91	information handling, including:
92	(a) systems design and analysis;
93	(b) acquisition, storage, and conversion of data;
94	(c) computer programming;
95	(d) information storage and retrieval;
96	(e) voice, [radio,] video, and data communications;
97	(f) requisite systems controls;
98	(g) simulation; and
99	(h) all related interactions between people and machines.
100	(10) "State information architecture" means a logically consistent set of principles,
101	policies, and standards that guide the engineering of state government's information technology
102	and infrastructure in a way that ensures alignment with state government's business and service
103	needs.
104	[(11) "Telecommunications" means the transmission or reception of signs, signals,
105	writing, images, sounds, messages, data, or other information of any nature by wire, radio, light
106	waves, or other electromagnetic means.]
107	Section 2. Section 63F-1-104 is amended to read:
108	63F-1-104. Purposes.
109	The department shall:
110	(1) lead state executive branch agency efforts to establish and reengineer the state's
111	information technology architecture with the goal of coordinating central and individual agency
112	information technology in a manner that:
113	(a) ensures compliance with the executive branch agency strategic plan; and
114	(b) ensures that cost-effective, efficient information and communication systems and
115	resources are being used by agencies to:
116	(i) reduce data, hardware, and software redundancy;
117	(ii) improve system interoperability and data accessibility between agencies; and
118	(iii) meet the agency's and user's business and service needs;
119	(2) coordinate an executive branch strategic plan for all agencies;
120	[(3) each year, in coordination with the governor's office, convene a group of public

121 and private sector information technology and data security experts to identify best practices 122 from agencies and other public and private sector entities, including best practices for data and 123 information technology system security standards;] 124 $\left[\frac{4}{4}\right]$ (3) develop and implement processes to replicate information technology best 125 practices and standards [identified in Subsection (3),] throughout the executive branch; 126 [(5) by July 1, 2015, and] (4) at least once every [two years thereafter] odd-numbered 127 year: 128 (a) evaluate the adequacy of the department's and the executive branch agencies' data 129 and information technology system security standards through an independent third party 130 assessment; and 131 (b) communicate the results of the independent third party assessment to the 132 appropriate executive branch agencies and to the president of the Senate and the speaker of the 133 House of Representatives: 134 $\left[\frac{(6)}{(6)}\right]$ (5) oversee the expanded use and implementation of project and contract management principles as they relate to information technology projects within the executive 135 136 branch; 137 $\left[\frac{7}{7}\right]$ (6) serve as general contractor between the state's information technology users 138 and private sector providers of information technology products and services: 139 [(8)] (7) work toward building stronger partnering relationships with providers; 140 $\left[\frac{(9)}{2}\right]$ (8) develop service level agreements with executive branch departments and 141 agencies to ensure quality products and services are delivered on schedule and within budget; 142 [(10)] (9) develop standards for application development including a standard 143 methodology and cost-benefit analysis that all agencies shall utilize for application 144 development activities; 145 $\left[\frac{(11)}{(11)}\right]$ (10) determine and implement statewide efforts to standardize data elements 146 [and determine data ownership assignments among executive branch agencies]; 147 [(12)] (11) develop systems and methodologies to review, evaluate, and prioritize 148 existing information technology projects within the executive branch and report to the governor 149 and the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee on a semiannual basis 150 regarding the status of information technology projects; and 151 [(13)] (12) assist the Governor's Office of Management and Budget with the

152	development of information technology budgets for agencies.
153	Section 3. Section 63F-1-106 is amended to read:
154	63F-1-106. Executive director Jurisdiction over divisions and office directors
155	Authority.
156	(1) The executive director of the department:
157	(a) has administrative jurisdiction over each [division and] office in the department and
158	the [division and office directors. The executive director] director of each office;
159	(b) may make changes in <u>department</u> personnel and <u>each office's</u> service functions in
160	the divisions under the director's administrative jurisdiction[,]; and
161	(c) may authorize [designees] a designee to perform appropriate responsibilities[, to
162	effectuate greater efficiency and economy in the operations of the department as permitted by
163	this section.].
164	(2) The executive director may, to facilitate department management, establish offices
165	and bureaus to perform functions such as budgeting, planning, and personnel administration [to
166	facilitate management of the department.].
167	(3) (a) The executive director may hire employees in the department, divisions, and
168	offices as permitted by department resources.
169	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4), [any employees] each employee of the
170	department [are] is exempt from career service or classified service status as provided in
171	Section 67-19-15.
172	(4) (a) An employee of an executive branch agency who was a career service employee
173	as of July 1, 2005 who is transferred to the Department of Technology Services continues in
174	the employee's career service status during the employee's service to the Department of
175	Technology Services if the duties of the position in the new department are substantially
176	similar to those in the employee's previous position.
177	(b) A career service employee transferred to the new department under the provisions
178	of Subsection (4)(a), whose duties or responsibilities subsequently change, may not be
179	converted to exempt status without the review process required by Subsection 67-19-15(3).
180	[(c) The executive director shall work with executive branch agency directors, during
181	the period of transition to the new department, in good faith, to:]
182	[(i) preserve relevant career service positions;]

183	[(ii) retain qualified employees in non-relevant positions through transfers to other
184	positions in state government, with retraining as necessary; and]
185	[(iii) promote greater economy and efficiencies for the department.]
186	[(d) The Department of Technology Services together with the Department of Human
187	Resource Management may develop financial and other incentives to encourage a career
188	service employee who transfers to the department under the provisions of Subsection (4)(a) to
189	voluntarily convert to an exempt position under Section 67-19-15.]
190	[(e) If a career service employee transfers to the department under the provisions of
191	Subsection (4)(a) and terminates his employment with the department for any reason, the
192	employment position shall be exempt from career service status under the provisions of
193	Subsection (3).]
194	Section 4. Section 63F-1-202 is amended to read:
195	63F-1-202. Technology Advisory Board Membership Duties.
196	(1) There is created the Technology Advisory Board to the chief information officer.
197	The board shall have seven members as follows:
198	(a) three members appointed by the governor who are individuals actively involved in
199	business planning for state agencies;
200	(b) one member appointed by the governor who is actively involved in business
201	planning for higher education or public education;
202	(c) one member appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and
203	president of the Senate [from the Legislative Automation Committee of the Legislature to
204	represent the legislative branch];
205	(d) one member appointed by the Judicial Council [to represent the judicial branch];
206	and
207	(e) one member appointed by the governor who represents private sector business
208	needs in the state, but who is not an information technology vendor for the state.
209	(2) (a) The members of the advisory board shall elect a chair from the board by
210	majority vote.
211	(b) The department shall provide staff to the board.
212	(c) (i) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum.
213	(ii) Action by a majority of a quorum of the board constitutes an action of the board.

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214	(3) The board shall meet as necessary to advise the chief information officer and assist
215	the chief information officer and executive branch agencies in coming to consensus on:
216	(a) the development and implementation of the state's information technology strategic
217	plan;
218	(b) critical information technology initiatives for the state;
219	(c) the development of standards for state information architecture;
220	(d) identification of the business and technical needs of state agencies;
221	(e) the department's performance measures for service agreements with executive
222	branch agencies and subscribers of services, including a process in which an executive branch
223	agency may review the department's implementation of and compliance with an executive
224	branch agency's data security requirements; and
225	(f) the efficient and effective operation of the department.
226	(4) (a) A member who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or benefits for
227	the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
228	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
229	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
230	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance [according to] in accordance with Sections
231	63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
232	(b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by
233	Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
234	Section 5. Section 63F-1-203 is amended to read:
235	63F-1-203. Executive branch information technology strategic plan.
236	(1) In accordance with this section, the chief information officer shall prepare an
237	executive branch information technology strategic plan:
238	(a) that complies with this chapter; and
239	(b) [which shall include] that includes:
240	(i) a strategic plan for the:
241	(A) interchange of information related to information technology between executive
242	branch agencies;
243	(B) coordination between executive branch agencies in the development and
244	maintenance of information technology and information systems, including the coordination of

245	agency information technology plans described in Section 63F-1-204; and
246	(C) protection of the privacy of individuals who use state information technology or
247	information systems, including the implementation of industry best practices for data and
248	system security [that are identified in Subsection 63F-1-104(3)];
249	(ii) priorities for the development and implementation of information technology or
250	information systems including priorities determined on the basis of:
251	(A) the importance of the information technology or information system; and
252	(B) the time sequencing of the information technology or information system; and
253	(iii) maximizing the use of existing state information technology resources.
254	(2) In the development of the executive branch strategic plan, the chief information
255	officer shall consult with:
256	(a) all cabinet level officials; and
257	(b) the advisory board created in Section 63F-1-202[; and (c) the group convened in
258	accordance with Subsection 63F-1-104(3)].
259	(3) (a) Unless withdrawn by the chief information officer or the governor in accordance
260	with Subsection (3)(b), the executive branch strategic plan takes effect 30 days after the day on
261	which the executive branch strategic plan is submitted to:
262	(i) the governor; and
263	(ii) the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee.
264	(b) The chief information officer or the governor may withdraw the executive branch
265	strategic plan submitted under Subsection (3)(a) if the governor or chief information officer
266	determines that the executive branch strategic plan:
267	(i) should be modified; or
268	(ii) for any other reason should not take effect.
269	(c) The Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee may make
270	recommendations to the governor and to the chief information officer if the commission
271	determines that the executive branch strategic plan should be modified or for any other reason
272	should not take effect.
273	(d) Modifications adopted by the chief information officer shall be resubmitted to the
274	governor and the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee for their review
275	or approval as provided in Subsections (3)(a) and (b).

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307	(vi) any efforts the agency has taken to develop public and private partnerships to
308	accomplish the information technology objectives of the agency;
309	(vii) the efforts the executive branch agency has taken to conduct transactions
310	electronically in compliance with Section 46-4-503; and
311	(viii) the executive branch agency's plan for the timing and method of verifying the
312	department's security standards, if an agency intends to verify the department's security
313	standards for the data that the agency maintains or transmits through the department's servers.
314	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an agency information technology plan
315	described in Subsection (1) shall comply with the executive branch strategic plan established in
316	accordance with Section 63F-1-203.
317	(b) If the executive branch agency submitting the agency information technology plan
318	justifies the need to depart from the executive branch strategic plan, an agency information
319	technology plan may depart from the executive branch strategic plan to the extent approved by
320	the chief information officer.
321	[(3) (a) On receipt of a state agency information technology plan, the chief information
322	officer shall forward a complete copy of the agency information technology plan to the
323	Division of Enterprise Technology created in Section 63F-1-401 and the Division of Integrated
324	Technology created in Section 63F-1-501.]
325	[(b) The divisions shall provide the chief information officer a written analysis of each
326	agency plan submitted in accordance with Subsections 63F-1-404(14) and 63F-1-504(3).]
327	$\left[\frac{(4)(a)}{(3)}\right]$ The chief information officer shall review each agency plan to determine:
328	[(i) (A)] (a) (i) whether the agency plan complies with the executive branch strategic
329	plan and state information architecture; or
330	[(B)] (ii) to the extent that the agency plan does not comply with the executive branch
331	strategic plan or state information architecture, whether the executive branch entity is justified
332	in departing from the executive branch strategic plan, or state information architecture; and
333	[(ii)] (b) whether the agency plan meets the information technology and other needs of:
334	[(A)] (i) the executive branch agency submitting the plan; and
335	$\left[\frac{(B)}{(II)}\right]$ the state.
336	[(b) In conducting the review required by Subsection (4)(a), the chief information
337	officer shall consider the analysis submitted by the divisions under Subsection (3).]

338 $\left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right]$ (4) After the chief information officer conducts the review described in 339 Subsection [(4)] (3) of an agency information technology plan, the chief information officer 340 may: 341 (a) approve the agency information technology plan; 342 (b) disapprove the agency information technology plan; or 343 (c) recommend modifications to the agency information technology plan. 344 $\left[\frac{(6)}{(6)}\right]$ (5) An executive branch agency or the department may not submit a request for appropriation related to information technology or an information technology system to the 345 346 governor in accordance with Section 63J-1-201 until after the executive branch agency's 347 information technology plan is approved by the chief information officer. 348 Section 7. Section 63F-1-205 is amended to read: 349 63F-1-205. Approval of acquisitions of information technology. 350 (1) (a) Except as provided in Title 63N, Chapter 13, Part 2, Government Procurement 351 Private Proposal Program, in accordance with Subsection (2), the chief information officer 352 shall approve the acquisition by an executive branch agency of: 353 (i) information technology equipment: 354 (ii) telecommunications equipment; 355 (iii) software; 356 (iv) services related to the items listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii); and 357 (v) data acquisition. 358 (b) The chief information officer may negotiate the purchase, lease, or rental of private 359 or public information technology or telecommunication services or facilities in accordance with 360 this section. 361 (c) Where practical, efficient, and economically beneficial, the chief information 362 officer shall use existing private and public information technology or telecommunication 363 resources. 364 (d) Notwithstanding another provision of this section, an acquisition authorized by this 365 section shall comply with rules made by the applicable rulemaking authority under Title 63G, 366 Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code. 367 (2) Before negotiating a purchase, lease, or rental under Subsection (1) for an amount 368 that exceeds the value established by the chief information officer by rule in accordance with

369	Section 63F-1-206, the chief information officer shall:
370	(a) conduct an analysis of the needs of executive branch agencies and subscribers of
371	services and the ability of the proposed information technology or telecommunications services
372	or supplies to meet those needs; and
373	(b) for purchases, leases, or rentals not covered by an existing statewide contract,
374	certify in writing to the chief procurement officer in the Division of Purchasing and General
375	Services that:
376	(i) the analysis required in Subsection (2)(a) was completed; and
377	(ii) based on the analysis, the proposed purchase, lease, rental, or master contract of
378	services, products, or supplies is practical, efficient, and economically beneficial to the state
379	and the executive branch agency or subscriber of services.
380	(3) In approving an acquisition described in Subsections (1) and (2), the chief
381	information officer shall:
382	(a) establish by administrative rule, in accordance with Section 63F-1-206, standards
383	under which an agency must obtain approval from the chief information officer before
384	acquiring the items listed in Subsections (1) and (2);
385	(b) for those acquisitions requiring approval, determine whether the acquisition is in
386	compliance with:
387	(i) the executive branch strategic plan;
388	(ii) the applicable agency information technology plan;
389	(iii) the budget for the executive branch agency or department as adopted by the
390	Legislature;
391	(iv) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
392	(v) the information technology accessibility standards described in Section 63F-1-210;
393	and
394	(c) in accordance with Section 63F-1-207, require coordination of acquisitions between
395	two or more executive branch agencies if it is in the best interests of the state.
396	(4) $\left[\frac{(a)}{(a)}\right]$ Each executive branch agency shall provide the chief information officer with
397	complete access to all information technology records, documents, and reports:
398	$\left[\frac{(i)}{(a)}\right]$ at the request of the chief information officer; and
399	[(ii)] (b) related to the executive branch agency's acquisition of any item listed in

400	Subsection (1).
401	[(b) Beginning July 1, 2006 and in]
402	(5) (a) In accordance with administrative rules established by the department under
403	Section 63F-1-206, [no new technology projects may be initiated by an executive branch
404	agency or the department] an executive branch agency and the department may not initiate a
405	new technology project unless the technology project is described in a formal project plan and
406	[the] a business case analysis [has been] is approved by the chief information officer and
407	[agency head] the highest ranking executive branch agency official.
408	(b) The project plan and business case analysis required by this Subsection [(4)] (5)
409	shall [be in the form required by the chief information officer, and shall] include:
410	(i) a statement of work to be done and existing work to be modified or displaced;
411	(ii) total cost of system development and conversion effort, including system analysis
412	and programming costs, establishment of master files, testing, documentation, special
413	equipment cost and all other costs, including overhead;
414	(iii) savings or added operating costs that will result after conversion;
415	(iv) other advantages or reasons that justify the work;
416	(v) source of funding of the work, including ongoing costs;
417	(vi) consistency with budget submissions and planning components of budgets; and
418	(vii) whether the work is within the scope of projects or initiatives envisioned when the
419	current fiscal year budget was approved.
420	(c) The chief information officer shall determine the required form of the project plan
421	and business case analysis described in this Subsection (5).
422	[(5)] (6) The chief information officer and the Division of Purchasing and General
423	Services within the Department of Administrative Services shall work cooperatively to
424	establish procedures under which the chief information officer shall monitor and approve
425	acquisitions as provided in this section.
426	Section 8. Section 63F-1-206 is amended to read:
427	63F-1-206. Rulemaking Policies.
428	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the chief information officer shall, by rule
429	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act[, the
430	chief information officer shall make rules that]:

431	(i) provide standards that impose requirements on executive branch agencies that:
432	(A) are related to the security of the statewide area network; and
433	(B) establish standards for when an agency must obtain approval before obtaining
434	items listed in Subsection 63F-1-205(1);
435	(ii) specify the detail and format required in an agency information technology plan
436	submitted in accordance with Section 63F-1-204;
437	(iii) provide for standards related to the privacy policies of websites operated by or on
438	behalf of an executive branch agency;
439	(iv) provide for the acquisition, licensing, and sale of computer software;
440	(v) specify the requirements for the project plan and business case analysis required by
441	Section 63F-1-205;
442	(vi) provide for project oversight of agency technology projects when required by
443	Section 63F-1-205;
444	(vii) establish, in accordance with Subsection 63F-1-205(2), the implementation of the
445	needs assessment for information technology purchases;
446	(viii) establish telecommunications standards and specifications in accordance with
447	Section 63F-1-404; and
448	(ix) establish standards for accessibility of information technology by individuals with
449	disabilities in accordance with Section 63F-1-210.
450	(b) The rulemaking authority [in] granted by this Subsection (1) is in addition to any
451	other rulemaking authority granted by this title.
452	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
453	and subject to Subsection (2)(b), the chief information officer may adopt a policy that outlines
454	procedures to be followed by the chief information officer in facilitating the implementation of
455	this title by executive branch agencies if the policy:
456	(i) is consistent with the executive branch strategic plan; and
457	(ii) is not required to be made by rule under Subsection (1) or Section 63G-3-201.
458	(b) (i) A policy adopted by the chief information officer under Subsection (2)(a) may
459	not take effect until 30 days after the day on which the chief information officer submits the
460	policy to:
461	(A) the governor; and

 (ii) During the 30-day period described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), cabinet level officials may review and comment on a policy submitted under Subsection (2)(b)(i). (3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) or (2) or Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, without following the procedures of Subsection (1) or (2), the chief information officer may adopt a security procedure to be followed by executive branch agencies to protect the statewide area network if: (i) broad communication of the security procedure would create a significant potential for increasing the vulnerability of the statewide area network to breach or attack; and (ii) after consultation with the chief information officer, the governor agrees that broad communication of the security procedure would create a significant potential increase in the vulnerability of the statewide area network to breach or attack. (b) A security procedure described in Subsection (3)(a) is classified as a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. (c) The chief information officer shall provide a copy of the security procedure as a protected record to: (i) the chief justice of the Utah Supreme Court for the judicial branch; (ii) the chair of the Board of Regrents; and (iii) the chair of the State Board of Education. Section 9. Section 63F-1-207 is amended to read: 63F-1-207. Coordination within the executive branch - Cooperation with other branches. (1) In accordance with the executive branch strategic plan and the requirements of this title, the chief information officer shall coordinate the development of information technology systems between two or more executive branch agencies subject to: (a) the budget approved by the Legislature; and 	462	(B) all cabinet level officials.
 465 (3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) or (2) or Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, without following the procedures of Subsection (1) or (2), the chief information officer may adopt a security procedure to be followed by executive branch agencies to protect the statewide area network if: (i) broad communication of the security procedure would create a significant potential for increasing the vulnerability of the statewide area network to breach or attack; and (ii) after consultation with the chief information officer, the governor agrees that broad communication of the security procedure would create a significant potential increase in the vulnerability of the statewide area network to breach or attack. 474 (b) A security procedure described in Subsection (3)(a) is classified as a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. (c) The chief information officer shall provide a copy of the security procedure as a protected record to: (i) the chief justice of the Utah Supreme Court for the judicial branch; (ii) the chiar of the Board of Regents; and (iii) the chair of the Board of Regents; and (iv) the chair of the State Board of Education. 483 Section 9. Section 63F-1-207 is amended to read: 63F-1-207. Coordination within the executive branch Cooperation with other branches. 486 (1) In accordance with the executive branch strategic plan and the requirements of this title, the chief information officer shall coordinate the development of information technology systems between two or more executive branch agencies subject to: (a) the budget approved by the Legislature; and 	463	(ii) During the 30-day period described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), cabinet level officials
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489 (a) the budget approved by the Legislature; and	487	title, the chief information officer shall coordinate the development of information technology
	488	systems between two or more executive branch agencies subject to:
400 (b) T ⁴ = (21 Chanten 1 D 1 (D 1 A (489	(a) the budget approved by the Legislature; and
(b) 11tle 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act.	490	(b) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act.
491 (2) In addition to the coordination described in Subsection (1), the chief information	491	(2) In addition to the coordination described in Subsection (1), the chief information
492 officer shall promote cooperation regarding information technology [in a manner consistent	492	officer shall promote cooperation regarding information technology [in a manner consistent

493	with the interbranch coordination plan created in accordance with Section 63F-1-201.] between
494	branches of state government.
495	Section 10. Section 63F-1-208 is amended to read:
496	63F-1-208. Delegation of department functions.
497	(1) (a) If the conditions of Subsections (1)(b) and (2) are met and subject to the other
498	provisions of this section, the chief information officer may delegate a function of the
499	department to another executive branch agency or an institution of higher education by contract
500	or other means authorized by law.
501	(b) The chief information officer may delegate a function of the department as
502	provided in Subsection (1)(a) if in the judgment of the director of the executive branch agency[,
503	the director of the division,] and the chief information officer:
504	(i) the executive branch agency or institution of higher education has requested that the
505	function be delegated;
506	(ii) the executive branch agency or institution of higher education has the necessary
507	resources and skills to perform or control the function to be delegated; and
508	(iii) the function to be delegated is a unique or [mission critical] mission-critical
509	function of the agency or institution of higher education [which is not appropriate to: (A)
510	govern or manage under the Division of Enterprise Technology; or (B) govern or manage under
511	the Division of Integrated Technology.].
512	(2) The chief information officer may delegate a function of the department only when
513	the delegation results in net cost savings or improved service delivery to the state as a whole or
514	to the unique mission critical function of the executive branch agency.
515	(3) The delegation of a function under this section shall:
516	(a) be in writing;
517	(b) contain all of the following:
518	(i) a precise definition of each function to be delegated;
519	(ii) a clear description of the standards to be met in performing each function
520	delegated;
521	(iii) a provision for periodic administrative audits by the [Division of Agency Services
522	in accordance with Section 63F-1-604] department;
523	(iv) a date on which the agreement shall terminate if the agreement has not been

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524 previously terminated or renewed; and (v) any delegation of department staff to the agency to support the function in-house 525 526 with the agency and rates to be charged for the delegated staff; and 527 (c) include a cost-benefit analysis justifying the delegation [in accordance with Section] 528 63F-1-604]. 529 (4) An agreement to delegate functions to an executive branch agency or an institution 530 of higher education may be terminated by the department if the results of an administrative 531 audit conducted by the [division] department reveals a lack of compliance with the terms of the 532 agreement by the executive branch agency or institution of higher education. 533 Section 11. Section 63F-1-209 is amended to read: 534 63F-1-209. Delegation of department staff to executive branch agencies --535 Prohibition against executive branch agency information technology staff. 536 (1) (a) The chief information officer shall assign department staff to serve an agency 537 in-house if the chief information officer and the executive branch agency director jointly 538 determine it is appropriate to provide information technology services to: 539 (i) the agency's unique [mission critical] mission-critical functions and applications; 540 (ii) the agency's participation in and use of statewide enterprise architecture [under the 541 Division of Enterprise Technology]; and 542 (iii) the agency's use of coordinated technology services with other agencies that share 543 similar characteristics with the agency [under the Division of Integrated Technology]. 544 (b) (i) An agency may request the chief information officer to assign in-house staff 545 support from the department. 546 (ii) The chief information officer shall respond to the agency's request for in-house staff support in accordance with Subsection (1)(a). 547 548 (c) The department shall enter into service agreements with an agency when 549 department staff is assigned in-house to the agency under the provisions of this section. 550 (d) An agency that receives in-house staff support assigned from the department under 551 the provision of this section is responsible for paying the rates charged by the department for 552 that staff as established under Section 63F-1-301. 553 (2) (a) [After July 1, 2006, an] An executive branch agency may not create a full-time 554 equivalent position or part-time position, or request an appropriation to fund a full-time

555	equivalent position or part-time position under the provisions of Section 63J-1-201 for the
556	purpose of providing information technology services to the agency unless:
557	(i) the chief information officer has approved a delegation under Section 63F-1-208;
558	and
559	(ii) the [Division of Agency Services] department conducts an audit under Section
560	63F-1-604 and finds that the delegation of information technology services to the agency meets
561	the requirements of Section 63F-1-208.
562	(b) The prohibition against a request for appropriation under Subsection (2)(a) does not
563	apply to a request for appropriation needed to pay rates imposed under Subsection (1)(d).
564	Section 12. Section 63F-1-210 is amended to read:
565	63F-1-210. Accessibility standards for executive branch agency information
566	technology.
567	(1) The chief information officer shall establish, by rule made in accordance with Title
568	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
569	(a) minimum standards for accessibility of executive branch agency information
570	technology by an individual with a disability that:
571	(i) include accessibility criteria for:
572	(A) agency websites;
573	(B) hardware and software procured by an executive branch agency; and
574	(C) information systems used by executive branch agency employees; [and]
575	(ii) include a protocol to evaluate the standards via testing by individuals with a variety
576	of access limitations; and
577	(iii) are, at minimum, consistent with the most recent Web Content Accessibility
578	guidelines published by the World Wide Web Consortium; and
579	(b) grievance procedures for an individual with a disability who is unable to access
580	executive branch agency information technology, including:
581	(i) a process for an individual with a disability to report the access issue to the chief
582	information officer; and
583	(ii) a mechanism through which the chief information officer can respond to the
584	report[; and (c) are, at minimum, consistent with the Web Content Accessibility 2.0 guidelines
585	published by the World Wide Web Consortium.].

586	(2) The chief information officer shall update the standards described in Subsection
587	(1)(a) at least every three years to reflect advances in technology.
588	Section 13. Section 63F-1-211 is enacted to read:
589	63F-1-211. Chief information security officer.
590	(1) The chief information officer shall appoint a chief information security officer.
591	(2) The chief information security officer described in Subsection (1) shall:
592	(a) assess cybersecurity risks;
593	(b) coordinate with executive branch agencies to assess the sensitivity of information;
594	and
595	(c) manage cybersecurity support for the department and executive branch agencies.
596	Section 14. Section 63F-1-212 is enacted to read:
597	63F-1-212. Report to the Legislature.
598	The department shall, before November 1 of each year, report to the Public Utilities,
599	Energy, and Technology Interim Committee on:
600	(1) performance measures that the department uses to assess the department's
601	effectiveness in performing the department's duties under this chapter; and
602	(2) the department's performance, evaluated in accordance with the performance
603	measures described in Subsection (1).
604	Section 15. Section 63F-1-401 is repealed and reenacted to read:
605	Part 4. Enterprise Technology
606	<u>63F-1-401.</u> Title.
607	This part is known as "Enterprise Technology."
608	Section 16. Section 63F-1-403 is repealed and reenacted to read:
609	<u>63F-1-403.</u> Enterprise technology Chief information officer manages.
610	The chief information officer shall manage the department's duties related to enterprise
611	technology.
612	Section 17. Section 63F-1-404 is amended to read:
613	63F-1-404. Duties of the department Enterprise technology.
614	The [division] department shall:
615	(1) develop and implement an effective enterprise architecture governance model for
616	the executive branch.

616 the executive branch;

617	(2) provide oversight of information technology projects that impact statewide
618	information technology services, assets, or functions of state government to:
619	(a) control costs;
620	(b) ensure business value to a project;
621	(c) maximize resources;
622	(d) ensure the uniform application of best practices; and
623	(e) avoid duplication of resources;
624	(3) develop a method of accountability to agencies for services provided by the
625	[division] department through service agreements with the agencies;
626	[(4) beginning September 1, 2006, and each September 1 thereafter, provide the chief
627	information officer and the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee with
628	performance measures used by the division to measure the quality of service delivered by the
629	division and the results of the performance measures;]
630	[(5)] (4) serve as a project manager for enterprise architecture which includes the
631	management of applications, standards, and procurement of enterprise architecture;
632	[(6)] (5) coordinate the development and implementation of advanced state
633	telecommunication systems;
634	[(7)] (6) provide services including technical assistance:
635	(a) to executive branch agencies and subscribers to the services; and
636	(b) related to information technology or telecommunications;
637	[(8)] (7) establish telecommunication system specifications and standards for use by:
638	(a) one or more executive branch agencies; or
639	(b) one or more entities that subscribe to the telecommunication systems in accordance
640	with Section 63F-1-303;
641	[(9)] (8) coordinate state telecommunication planning in cooperation with:
642	(a) state telecommunication users;
643	(b) executive branch agencies; and
644	(c) other subscribers to the state's telecommunication systems;
645	[(10)] (9) cooperate with the federal government, other state entities, counties, and
646	municipalities in the development, implementation, and maintenance of:
647	(a) (i) governmental information technology; or

648	(ii) governmental telecommunication systems; and
649	(b) (i) as part of a cooperative organization; or
650	(ii) through means other than a cooperative organization;
651	[(11)] (10) establish, operate, manage, and maintain:
652	(a) one or more state data centers; and
653	(b) one or more regional computer centers;
654	[(12)] (11) design, implement, and manage all state-owned, leased, or rented land,
655	mobile, or radio telecommunication systems that are used in the delivery of services for state
656	government or its political subdivisions; and
657	[(13)] (12) in accordance with the executive branch strategic plan, implement
658	minimum standards to be used by the [division] department for purposes of compatibility of
659	procedures, programming languages, codes, and media that facilitate the exchange of
660	information within and among telecommunication systems[; and].
661	[(14) provide the chief information officer with an analysis of an executive branch
662	agency information technology plan that includes:]
663	[(a) an assessment of how the implementation of the agency information technology
664	plan will affect the costs, operations, and services of:]
665	[(i) the department; and]
666	[(ii) other executive branch agencies; and]
667	[(b) any recommended changes to the plan.]
668	Section 18. Section 63F-1-501 is repealed and reenacted to read:
669	Part 5. Integrated Technology
670	<u>63F-1-501.</u> Title.
671	This part is known as "Integrated Technology."
672	Section 19. Section 63F-1-502 is amended to read:
673	63F-1-502. Definitions.
674	As used in this part:
675	(1) "Center" means the Automated Geographic Reference Center created in Section
676	63F-1-506.
677	(2) "Database" means the State Geographic Information Database created in Section
678	63F-1-507.

679	[(3) "Director" means the director appointed in accordance with Section 63F-1-503.]
680	[(4) "Division" means the Division of Integrated Technology created in this part.]
681	[(5)] (3) "Geographic Information System" or "GIS" means a computer driven data
682	integration and map production system that interrelates disparate layers of data to specific
683	geographic locations.
684	[(6)] (4) "State Geographic Information Database" means the database created in
685	Section 63F-1-507.
686	[(7)] (5) "Statewide Global Positioning Reference Network" or "network" means the
687	network created in Section 63F-1-509.
688	Section 20. Section 63F-1-503 is repealed and reenacted to read:
689	63F-1-503. Integrated technology Chief information officer manages.
690	The chief information officer shall manage the department's duties related to integrated
691	technology.
692	Section 21. Section 63F-1-504 is amended to read:
693	63F-1-504. Duties of the department Integrated technology.
694	The [division] department shall:
695	(1) establish standards for the information technology needs of a collection of
696	executive branch agencies or programs that share common characteristics relative to the types
697	of stakeholders they serve, including:
698	(a) project management;
699	(b) application development; and
700	(c) procurement;
701	(2) provide oversight of information technology standards that impact multiple
702	executive branch agency information technology services, assets, or functions to:
703	(a) control costs;
704	(b) ensure business value to a project;
705	(c) maximize resources;
706	(d) ensure the uniform application of best practices; and
707	(e) avoid duplication of resources; <u>and</u>
708	[(3) in accordance with Section 63F-1-204, provide the chief information officer a
709	written analysis of any agency information technology plan provided to the division, which

710	shall include:]
711	[(a) a review of whether the agency's technology projects impact multiple agencies and
712	if so, whether the information technology projects are appropriately designed and developed;]
713	[(b) an assessment of whether the agency plan complies with the state information
714	architecture; and]
715	[(c) an assessment of whether the information technology projects included in the
716	agency plan comply with policies, procedures, and rules adopted by the department to ensure
717	that:]
718	[(i) information technology projects are phased in;]
719	[(ii) funding is released in phases;]
720	[(iii) an agency's authority to proceed to the next phase of an information technology
721	project is contingent upon the successful completion of the prior phase; and]
722	[(iv) one or more specific deliverables is identified for each phase of a technology
723	project;]
724	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(3)}\right]$ establish a system of accountability to user agencies through the use of service
725	agreements[;].
726	[(5) each year, provide the chief information officer and the Public Utilities, Energy,
727	and Technology Interim Committee with performance measures used by the division to
728	measure the quality of services delivered by the division and results of those measures; and]
729	[(6) establish administrative rules in accordance with Section 63F-1-206 and as
730	required by Section 63F-1-506.]
731	Section 22. Section 63F-1-601 is repealed and reenacted to read:
732	Part 6. Agency Services
733	<u>63F-1-601.</u> Title.
734	This part is known as "Agency Services."
735	Section 23. Section 63F-1-603 is repealed and reenacted to read:
736	63F-1-603. Agency services Chief information officer manages.
737	The chief information officer shall manage the department's duties related to agency
738	services.
739	Section 24. Section 63F-1-604 is amended to read:
740	63F-1-604. Duties of the department Agency services.

741	The [division] department shall:
742	(1) be responsible for providing support to executive branch agencies for an agency's
743	information technology assets and functions that are unique to the executive branch agency and
744	are mission critical functions of the agency;
745	[(2) conduct audits of an executive branch agency when requested under the provisions
746	of Section 63F-1-208;]
747	[(3) conduct cost-benefit analysis of delegating a department function to an agency in
748	accordance with Section 63F-1-208;]
749	[(4)] (2) provide in-house information technology staff support to executive branch
750	agencies;
751	[(5) establish accountability and performance measures for the division to assure that
752	the division is:]
753	[(a) meeting the business and service needs of the state and individual executive branch
754	agencies; and]
755	[(b) implementing security standards in accordance with Subsection 63F-1-203(4);]
756	[(6)] (3) establish a committee composed of agency user groups for the purpose of
757	coordinating department services with agency needs; and
758	[(7)] (4) assist executive branch agencies in complying with the requirements of any
759	rule adopted by the chief information officer[; and (8) by July 1, 2013, and each July 1
760	thereafter, report to the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee on the
761	performance measures used by the division under Subsection (5) and the results.].
762	Section 25. Repealer.
763	This bill repeals:
764	Section 63F-1-602, Definitions.

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