1	LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTION INFORMATION
2	2014 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Marc K. Roberts
5	Senate Sponsor: Luz Robles
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Utah Code of Criminal Procedure regarding the use of forcible
10	entry by law enforcement officers when conducting a search or making an arrest.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>amends existing law regarding the use of forcible entry by law enforcement officers</li> </ul>
14	to include searches;
15	<ul> <li>requires law enforcement officers to identify themselves before forcing entry into a</li> </ul>
16	building;
17	<ul> <li>amends existing law to allow law enforcement officers to force entry into a building</li> </ul>
18	without first issuing a demand or explanation if there is probable cause to believe
19	that evidence will be easily or quickly destroyed;
20	requires law enforcement officers to use the least amount of force necessary when
21	executing forcible entry, as authorized;
22	<ul> <li>requires that any application for a warrant to forcibly enter a place of residence</li> </ul>
23	shall:
24	<ul> <li>explain why law enforcement officials cannot use less invasive or</li> </ul>
25	confrontational methods to effectuate the necessary search or arrest;
26	• explain why the search or arrest cannot be executed during the day, if it is to be



executed at night, as defined; and

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28	<ul> <li>describe investigative activities that have been or will be undertaken prior to</li> </ul>
29	executing the search or arrest to ensure that the correct building has been
30	identified or explain why no investigative activities are needed; and
31	<ul> <li>clarifies that any information or property obtained in violation of these provisions is</li> </ul>
32	inadmissable in court.
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	None
37	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
38	AMENDS:
39	77-7-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 29
40	
41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 77-7-8 is amended to read:
43	77-7-8. Forcible entry to conduct search or make arrest Conditions requiring a
44	warrant.
45	(1) (a) Subject to [Subsection] Subsections (2) and (3), a peace officer, when
46	conducting a search or making an arrest, may forcibly enter the building:
47	(i) in which the target of a search is reasonably believed to be located; or
48	(ii) where the person to be arrested is, or in which there are reasonable grounds for
49	believing [him] the person to be.
50	(b) Before making the forcible entry, the officer shall:
51	(i) identify himself or herself as a law enforcement officer; and
52	(ii) demand admission and explain the purpose for which admission is desired.
53	(c) (i) The officer need not give a demand and explanation before making a forcible
54	entry under the exceptions in [Section] Subsection 77-7-6(1)(a) or where there is [reason]
55	probable cause to believe evidence will be easily or quickly secreted or destroyed.
56	(ii) The officer shall identify himself or herself and state the purpose of entering the
57	premises as soon as practicable after entering the premises.
58	(d) The officer shall use the least amount of force necessary to effectuate forcible entry

59	under this section.
60	(2) If the building to be entered under Subsection (1) appears to be a private residence
61	or the officer knows the building is a private residence, [and] if there is no consent to enter [or
62	there are no exigent circumstances], if there are no exceptions present under Subsection
63	77-7-6(1)(a), and if there is no probable cause to believe evidence will be easily or quickly
64	secreted or destroyed, the officer shall, before entering the building:
65	(a) obtain an arrest or search warrant if the building is the residence of the person to be
66	arrested; or
67	(b) obtain a search warrant if the building is a residence, but not the residence of the
68	person whose arrest is sought.
69	(3) A judge or magistrate issuing a warrant pursuant to Subsection (2) shall ensure that
70	the affidavit:
71	(a) explains why law enforcement officers are unable to detain the suspect or search the
72	residence using less invasive or confrontational methods;
73	(b) explains why the warrant cannot be executed during daylight hours, if the warrant is
74	to be executed at night, which is the time between one hour after sunset on one day and one
75	hour before sunrise on the following day; and
76	(c) describes:
77	(i) investigative activities that have been, or will be, undertaken prior to execution of
78	the warrant to ensure that the correct building is identified and that potential harm to innocent
79	third parties, the building, and law enforcement officers may be minimized; or
80	(ii) why no investigative activities are needed.
81	(4) Any information or property obtained in violation of this section is inadmissible in
82	any judicial proceedings.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-2-14 8:09 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel