1	ADMINISTRATIVE APPEAL RIGHTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Fair Housing Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 permits an aggrieved person to appeal a determination, of a director of the Division
13	of Antidiscrimination and Labor, dismissing a complaint alleging housing
14	discrimination under the Fair Housing Act; and
15	 makes technical and conforming changes.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	None
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	57-21-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 244
23	57-21-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
24	
25	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
26	Section 1. Section 57-21-9 is amended to read:
27	57-21-9. Procedure for an aggrieved person to file a complaint Conciliation
28	Investigation Determination.
29	(1) An aggrieved person may file a written verified complaint with the division within

H.B. 38

30	180 days after the day on which an alleged discriminatory housing practice occurs.
31	(2) (a) The commission shall adopt rules consistent with [the provisions of] 24 C.F.R.
32	Sec. 115.3 (1990), relating to procedures under related federal law, to govern:
33	(i) the form of the complaint;
34	(ii) the form of any answer to the complaint;
35	(iii) procedures for filing or amending a complaint or answer; and
36	(iv) the form of notice to [parties] a party accused of the [acts] act or [omissions]
37	omission giving rise to the complaint.
38	(b) The commission may, by rule, prescribe any other procedure pertaining to the
39	division's processing of the complaint.
40	(3) During the period beginning with the filing of the complaint and ending with the
41	director's determination, the division shall, to the extent feasible, engage in conciliation with
42	respect to the complaint.
43	(4) (a) The division shall commence proceedings to investigate and conciliate a
44	complaint alleging a discriminatory housing practice within 30 days after the [filing of the
45	complaint] day on which the complainant files the complaint.
46	(b) After the commencement of an investigation, any party may request that the
47	commission review the proceedings to [insure] ensure compliance with the requirements of this
48	chapter.
49	(5) (a) The division shall complete the investigation within 100 days after the [filing of
50	the complaint] day on which the complainant files the complaint, unless it is impracticable to
51	do so.
52	(b) If the division is unable to complete the investigation within 100 days after the
53	[filing of the complaint] day on which the complainant files the complaint, the division shall
54	notify the complainant and respondent in writing of the reasons for the delay.
55	(6) $[(a)]$ If, as a result of the division's investigation, the director determines that there
56	is no reasonable cause to support [the allegations] an allegation in the complaint, the director
57	shall issue a written determination dismissing the complaint.

58	[(b) If the director dismisses the complaint pursuant to Subsection (6)(a), the
59	complainant may request that the director reconsider the dismissal pursuant to Section
60	63G-4-302.]
61	[(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
62	Procedures Act, the director's determination to dismiss a complaint or, in the case of a request
63	for reconsideration, the director's order denying reconsideration is not subject to further agency
64	action or direct judicial review. However, the complainant may commence a private action
65	pursuant to Section 57-21-12.]
66	(7) If, as a result of the division's investigation of a complaint, the director determines
67	that there is reasonable cause to support [the allegations] an allegation in the complaint[, all of
68	the following apply]:
69	(a) [The] (i) the division shall informally endeavor to eliminate or correct the
70	discriminatory housing practice through a conciliation conference between the parties, presided
71	over by the division[. Nothing]; and
72	(ii) nothing said or done in the course of [the] a conciliation conference described in
73	Subsection (7)(a)(i) may be made public or admitted as evidence in a subsequent proceeding
74	under this chapter without the written consent of the parties concerned[-]; and
75	(b) [H] (i) if the conciliation conference described in Subsection (7)(a) results in
76	voluntary compliance with this chapter[;]:
77	(A) the parties shall execute a conciliation agreement, approved by the division, setting
78	forth the resolution of the issues [shall be executed by the parties. The]; and
79	(B) the parties or the division may enforce the conciliation agreement in an action filed
80	in a court of competent jurisdiction[.]; or
81	[(c) If] (ii) if the division is unable to obtain a conciliation agreement, the director
82	shall issue a written determination stating the director's findings and ordering [any] appropriate
83	relief under Section 57-21-11.
84	Section 2. Section 57-21-10 is amended to read:
85	57-21-10. Judicial election or formal adjudicative hearing.

H.B. 38

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86	(1) (a) If, pursuant to Subsection 57-21-9(6) or (7)[(c)](b)(ii), the director issues a
87	written determination [finding reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing
88	practice has occurred, or is about to occur, a respondent], a party to the complaint may obtain
89	de novo review of the determination by submitting a written request for a formal adjudicative
90	hearing to be conducted by the commission's Division of Adjudication in accordance with Title
91	34A, Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings, to the director within 30 days [from the date
92	of issuance of] after the day on which the director issues the determination.
93	(b) If the director does not receive a timely request for review, the director's
94	determination becomes the final order of the commission and is not subject to further agency
95	action or direct judicial review.
96	(2) If a [respondent] party files a timely request for review pursuant to Subsection (1):
97	(a) any [respondent, complainant, or aggrieved party] party to the complaint may elect
98	to have the de novo review take place in a civil action in the district court rather than in a
99	formal adjudicative hearing with the Division of Adjudication by filing an election with the
100	commission in accordance with rules established by the commission pursuant to Title 63G,
101	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the form and time period for the
102	election;
103	(b) the complainant shall file a complaint for review in the forum selected pursuant to
104	Subsection (2)(a) within 30 days after the completion of the forum selection process; and
105	(c) the commission shall determine whether the director's determination is supported
106	by substantial evidence.
107	(3) (a) [If, pursuant to Subsection (2)(c), the commission determines that the director's
108	determination is supported by substantial evidence, the] The commission shall provide legal
109	representation on behalf of the aggrieved person, including the filing of a complaint for review
110	as required by Subsection (2)(b), to support and enforce the director's determination in the de
111	novo review proceeding, if:
112	(i) in accordance with Subsection 57-21-9(7)(b)(ii), the director issued a written
113	determination finding reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory housing practice had

- 4 -

114	occurred, or was about to occur; and
115	(ii) under Subsection (2)(c), the commission determines that the director's
116	determination under 57-21-9(7)(b)(ii) is supported by substantial evidence.
117	(b) Notwithstanding [any provisions of] Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
118	Procedures Act, the commission's determination, under Subsection (2)(c), regarding the
119	existence or nonexistence of substantial evidence to support the director's determination is not
120	subject to further agency action or direct judicial review.
121	(4) Upon timely application, an aggrieved person may intervene with respect to the
122	issues to be determined in a formal adjudicative hearing or in a civil action brought under this
123	section.
124	(5) If a formal adjudicative hearing is elected[, all of the following apply]:
125	(a) [The] the presiding officer shall commence the formal adjudicative hearing within
126	150 days after the [respondent files] day on which a request for review of the director's
127	determination is filed, unless it is impracticable to do so[-];
128	(b) [The] the investigator who investigated the matter may not participate:
129	(i) in the formal adjudicative hearing, except as a witness[, nor may the investigator
130	participate]; or
131	(ii) in the deliberations of the presiding officer[\cdot];
132	(c) [Any] any party to the complaint may file a written request to the Division of
133	Adjudication for review of the presiding officer's order in accordance with Section 63G-4-301
134	and Title 34A, Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings[-]; and
135	(d) $[A] \underline{a}$ final order of the commission under this section is subject to judicial review
136	as provided in Section 63G-4-403 and Title 34A, Chapter 1, Part 3, Adjudicative Proceedings.
137	(6) If a civil action is elected, the commission is barred from continuing or
138	commencing any adjudicative proceeding in connection with the same claims under this
139	chapter.
140	(7) (a) The commission shall make final administrative disposition of the complaint
141	alleging a discriminatory housing practice within one year after the [filing of] complainant filed

H.B. 38

- 142 the complaint, unless it is impracticable to do so.
- 143 (b) If the commission is unable to make final administrative disposition within [one
- 144 year] the time period described in Subsection (7)(a), the commission shall notify the
- 145 complainant, respondent, and any other interested party in writing of the reasons for the delay.