1	OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSING AMENDMENTS
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies statutory provisions related to the Division of Occupational and
10	Professional Licensing (DOPL).
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 modifies DOPL's authority to share certain licensee information;
14	 modifies provisions related to unlawful and unprofessional conduct;
15	modifies provisions related to unpaid penalties;
16	 modifies the exemptions from licensure and other requirements related to
17	cosmetology and associated professions;
18	 modifies background check requirements and other requirements for certain medical
19	professions;
20	 modifies certain contractor licensing requirements;
21	 modifies the membership of the Hunting Guides and Outfitters Licensing Board;
22	and
23	makes technical changes.
24	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
25	None
26	Other Special Clauses:
27	This bill provides a special effective date.
28	Utah Code Sections Affected:

29	AMENDS:
30	58-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 238
31	58-1-301.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 262
32	58-1-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 408
33	58-1-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 238
34	58-3a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
35	58-11a-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 13
36	58-11a-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 274
37	58-11a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 100
38	58-17b-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 93
39	58-17b-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 23
40	58-22-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 218
41	58-24b-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 164
42	58-24b-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 238
43	58-28-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
44	58-31b-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 372
45	58-31b-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 316
46	58-31b-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340
47	58-37-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 237
48	58-37-6.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 180
49	58-37f-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 23
50	58-37f-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 450
51	58-44a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
52	58-47b-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 309
53	58-53-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
54	58-55-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 430 and 449
55	58-55-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 188

56	58-55-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 339
57	58-56-9.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
58	58-60-117, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 197
59	58-63-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 246 and 382
60	58-67-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 162 and 225
51	58-67-302.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 214
52	58-67-302.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 258
63	58-67-302.8 (Effective 07/01/18), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 299
54	58-67-304 (Superseded 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters
65	161 and 214
66	58-67-304 (Effective 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 299
67	58-67-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 214
58	58-67-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
59	58-68-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 162 and 225
70	58-68-302.5 (Effective 07/01/18), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 299
71	58-68-304 (Superseded 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters
72	161 and 214
73	58-68-304 (Effective 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 299
74	58-68-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 214
75	58-68-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
76	58-71-503, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 282
77	58-76-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
78	58-79-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 52
79	78B-3-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 97 and 286
30	ENACTS:
31	58-24b-302.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	58-67-302.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

58-68-302.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 58-1-106 is amended to read:
58-1-106. Division Duties, functions, and responsibilities.
(1) The duties, functions, and responsibilities of the division include the following:
(a) prescribing, adopting, and enforcing rules to administer this title;
(b) investigating the activities of any person whose occupation or profession is
regulated or governed by the laws and rules administered and enforced by the division;
(c) subpoenaing witnesses, taking evidence, and requiring by subpoena duces tecum
the production of any books, papers, documents, records, contracts, recordings, tapes,
correspondence, or information relevant to an investigation upon a finding of sufficient need by
the director or by the director's designee;
(d) taking administrative and judicial action against persons in violation of the laws
and rules administered and enforced by the division, including the issuance of cease and desist
orders;
(e) seeking injunctions and temporary restraining orders to restrain unauthorized
activity;
(f) complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
(g) issuing, refusing to issue, revoking, suspending, renewing, refusing to renew, or
otherwise acting upon any license;
(h) preparing and submitting to the governor and the Legislature an annual report of the
division's operations, activities, and goals;
(i) preparing and submitting to the executive director a budget of the expenses for the
division;
(j) establishing the time and place for the administration of examinations; and
(k) preparing lists of licensees and making these lists available to the public at cost

110	upon request unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law.
111	(2) The division may not include home telephone numbers or home addresses of
112	licensees on the lists prepared under Subsection (1)(k), except as otherwise provided by rules
113	of the division made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
114	Rulemaking Act.
115	(3) (a) The division may provide the home address or home telephone number of a
116	licensee on a list prepared under Subsection (1) upon the request of an individual who provides
117	proper identification and the reason for the request, in writing, to the division.
118	(b) A request under Subsection (3)(a) is limited to providing information on only one
119	licensee per request.
120	(c) The division shall provide, by rule, what constitutes proper identification under
121	Subsection (3)(a).
122	(4) (a) Nothwithstanding any contrary provisions in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
123	Records Access and Management Act, the division may share licensee information with:
124	(i) the division's contracted agents when sharing the information in compliance with
125	state or federal law; and
126	(ii) a person who is evaluating the progress or monitoring the compliance of an
127	individual who has been disciplined by the division under this title.
128	(b) The division may make rules to implement the provisions of this Subsection (4).
129	(5) All rules made by the division under this title shall be made in accordance with
130	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
131	Section 2. Section 58-1-301.5 is amended to read:
132	58-1-301.5. Division access to Bureau of Criminal Identification records.
133	(1) The division shall have direct access to criminal background information
134	maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Identification under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau
135	of Criminal Identification, for background screening of persons who are applying for licensure,
136	licensure renewal, licensure reinstatement, or relicensure, as required in:

137	(a) Section 58-17b-307 of Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
138	(b) Sections 58-24b-302 and 58-24b-302.1 of Title 58, Chapter 24b, Physical Therapy
139	Practice Act;
140	[(b)] (c) Section 58-31b-302 of Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
141	[(c)] (d) Section 58-47b-302 of Title 58, Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act;
142	[(d)] (e) Section 58-55-302 of Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades
143	Licensing Act, as it applies to alarm companies and alarm company agents;
144	[(e)] (f) Section 58-63-302 of Title 58, Chapter 63, Security Personnel Licensing Act;
145	[and]
146	[(f)] (g) Section 58-64-302 of Title 58, Chapter 64, Deception Detection Examiners
147	Licensing Act[-];
148	(h) Sections 58-67-302 and 58-67-302.1 of Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice
149	Act; and
150	(i) Sections 58-68-302 and 58-68-302.1 of Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic
151	Medical Practice Act.
152	(2) The division's access to criminal background information under this section:
153	(a) shall meet the requirements of Section 53-10-108; and
154	(b) includes convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, pleas of guilty or nolo contendere
155	held in abeyance, dismissed charges, and charges without a known disposition.
156	(3) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
157	record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
158	Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
159	section.
160	Section 3. Section 58-1-501 is amended to read:
161	58-1-501. Unlawful and unprofessional conduct.
162	(1) "Unlawful conduct" means conduct, by any person, that is defined as unlawful
163	under this title and includes:

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181

182

183

184

185

186

187

188

189

190

(a) practicing or engaging in, representing oneself to be practicing or engaging in, or attempting to practice or engage in any occupation or profession requiring licensure under this title if the person is: (i) not licensed to do so or not exempted from licensure under this title; or (ii) restricted from doing so by a suspended, revoked, restricted, temporary, probationary, or inactive license; (b) (i) impersonating another licensee or practicing an occupation or profession under a false or assumed name, except as permitted by law; or (ii) for a licensee who has had a license under this title reinstated following disciplinary action, practicing the same occupation or profession using a different name than the name used before the disciplinary action, except as permitted by law and after notice to, and approval by, the division; (c) knowingly employing any other person to practice or engage in or attempt to practice or engage in any occupation or profession licensed under this title if the employee is not licensed to do so under this title: (d) knowingly permitting the person's authority to practice or engage in any occupation or profession licensed under this title to be used by another, except as permitted by law; (e) obtaining a passing score on a licensure examination, applying for or obtaining a license, or otherwise dealing with the division or a licensing board through the use of fraud, forgery, or intentional deception, misrepresentation, misstatement, or omission; or (f) (i) issuing, or aiding and abetting in the issuance of, an order or prescription for a drug or device to a person located in this state: (A) without prescriptive authority conferred by a license issued under this title, or by an exemption to licensure under this title; or

(B) with prescriptive authority conferred by an exception issued under this title or a

multistate practice privilege recognized under this title, if the prescription was issued without

first obtaining information, in the usual course of professional practice, that is sufficient to

establish a diagnosis, to identify underlying conditions, and to identify contraindications to the proposed treatment; and

- (ii) Subsection (1)(f)(i) does not apply to treatment rendered in an emergency, on-call or cross coverage situation, provided that the person who issues the prescription has prescriptive authority conferred by a license under this title, or is exempt from licensure under this title.
- (2) "Unprofessional conduct" means conduct, by a licensee or applicant, that is defined as unprofessional conduct under this title or under any rule adopted under this title and includes:
- (a) violating, or aiding or abetting any other person to violate, any statute, rule, or order regulating an occupation or profession under this title;
- (b) violating, or aiding or abetting any other person to violate, any generally accepted professional or ethical standard applicable to an occupation or profession regulated under this title;
- (c) engaging in conduct that results in conviction, a plea of nolo contendere, or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere which is held in abeyance pending the successful completion of probation with respect to a crime of moral turpitude or any other crime that, when considered with the functions and duties of the occupation or profession for which the license was issued or is to be issued, bears a reasonable relationship to the licensee's or applicant's ability to safely or competently practice the occupation or profession;
- (d) engaging in conduct that results in disciplinary action, including reprimand, censure, diversion, probation, suspension, or revocation, by any other licensing or regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the licensee or applicant in the same occupation or profession if the conduct would, in this state, constitute grounds for denial of licensure or disciplinary proceedings under Section 58-1-401;
- (e) engaging in conduct, including the use of intoxicants, drugs, narcotics, or similar chemicals, to the extent that the conduct does, or might reasonably be considered to, impair the

ability of the licensee or applicant to safely engage in the occupation or profession;

- (f) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under this title despite being physically or mentally unfit to do so;
- (g) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under this title through gross incompetence, gross negligence, or a pattern of incompetency or negligence;
- (h) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession requiring licensure under this title by any form of action or communication which is false, misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent;
- (i) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under this title beyond the scope of the licensee's competency, abilities, or education;
- (j) practicing or attempting to practice an occupation or profession regulated under this title beyond the scope of the licensee's license;
- (k) verbally, physically, mentally, or sexually abusing or exploiting any person through conduct connected with the licensee's practice under this title or otherwise facilitated by the licensee's license:
- (l) acting as a supervisor without meeting the qualification requirements for that position that are defined by statute or rule;
- (m) issuing, or aiding and abetting in the issuance of, an order or prescription for a drug or device:
- (i) without first obtaining information in the usual course of professional practice, that is sufficient to establish a diagnosis, to identify conditions, and to identify contraindications to the proposed treatment; or
- (ii) with prescriptive authority conferred by an exception issued under this title, or a multi-state practice privilege recognized under this title, if the prescription was issued without first obtaining information, in the usual course of professional practice, that is sufficient to establish a diagnosis, to identify underlying conditions, and to identify contraindications to the proposed treatment;

	(n) violating a provision of Section 38-1-301.3; or
	(o) violating the terms of an order governing a license.
	(3) Unless otherwise specified by statute or administrative rule, in a civil or
<u>a</u>	dministrative proceeding commenced by the division under this title, a person subject to any
<u>c</u>	of the unlawful and unprofessional conduct provisions of this title is strictly liable for each
V	violation.
	Section 4. Section 58-1-502 is amended to read:
	58-1-502. Unlawful and unprofessional conduct Penalties.
	(1) Unless otherwise specified in this title, a person who violates the unlawful conduct
p	provisions defined in this title is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
	(2) (a) In addition to any other statutory penalty for a violation related to a specific
C	occupation or profession regulated by this title, if upon inspection or investigation, the division
C	concludes that a person has violated Subsection 58-1-501(1)(a), (1)(c), or (2)(o), or a rule or
C	order issued with respect to those subsections, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the
Ċ	lirector or the director's designee from within the division shall promptly:
	(i) issue a citation to the person according to this section and any pertinent rules;
	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
	(iii) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
]	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
	(b) (i) The division may assess a fine under this Subsection (2) against a person who
V	riolates Subsection 58-1-501(1)(a), (1)(c), or (2)(o), or a rule or order issued with respect to
t	hose subsections, as evidenced by:
	(A) an uncontested citation;
	(B) a stipulated settlement; or
	(C) a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding.
	(ii) The division may, in addition to or in lieu of a fine under Subsection (2)(b)(i),
C	order the person to cease and desist from violating Subsection $58-1-501(1)(a)$ (1)(c) or (2)(o)

or a rule or order issued with respect to those subsections.

- (c) Except for a cease and desist order, the division may not assess the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-1-401 through a citation.
 - (d) A citation shall:
- (i) be in writing;

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281

282

283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

- (ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
- (iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
- (iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of a fine assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
 - (e) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.
- (f) (i) If within 20 calendar days from the service of the citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
 - (ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (g) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
- (h) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
- (i) The division may not issue a citation under this section after the expiration of one year following the occurrence of a violation.
 - (j) The director or the director's designee shall assess fines according to the following:
 - (i) for the first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (2)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- (ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (2)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000;
- 298 and

299	(iii) for each subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (2)(a), a fine of up to
300	\$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
301	(3) (a) An action for a first or second offense that has not yet resulted in a final order of
302	the division may not preclude initiation of a subsequent action for a second or subsequent
303	offense during the pendency of a preceding action.
304	(b) The final order on a subsequent action is considered a second or subsequent
305	offense, respectively, provided the preceding action resulted in a first or second offense,
306	respectively.
307	(4) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
308	(i) [either] referring the matter to a collection agency; or
309	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
310	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
311	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
312	and advice to the director in an action to collect [the] <u>a</u> penalty.
313	(c) A court may award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the [division] prevailing
314	<u>party</u> in an action brought by the division to [<u>enforce the provisions of this section</u>] <u>collect a</u>
315	penalty.
316	Section 5. Section 58-3a-502 is amended to read:
317	58-3a-502. Penalty for unlawful conduct.
318	(1) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
319	violated Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-3a-501 or any rule or order
320	issued with respect to Section 58-3a-501, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the
321	director or the director's designee from within the division for each alternative respectively,
322	shall promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules,
323	attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an
324	adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
325	(i) A person who violates Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-3a-501

or any rule or order issued with respect to Section 58-3a-501, as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (1) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from violating Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-3a-501 or any rule or order issued with respect to this section.

- (ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-3a-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
 - (b) A citation shall:
 - (i) be in writing;

- (ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
- (iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
- (iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
 - (c) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.
- (d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon a person upon whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person specially designated by the director or by mail.
- (e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of the citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.

353	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes
354	final is a ground for denial of license.
355	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months
356	following the occurrence of any violation.
357	(i) The director or the director's designee shall assess fines according to the following:
358	(i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
359	(ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000;
360	and
361	(iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to
362	\$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
363	(2) An action initiated for a first or second offense which has not yet resulted in a final
364	order of the division shall not preclude initiation of any subsequent action for a second or
365	subsequent offense during the pendency of any preceding action. The final order on a
366	subsequent action shall be considered a second or subsequent offense, respectively, provided
367	the preceding action resulted in a first or second offense, respectively.
368	[(3) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring
369	the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in
370	which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office
371	of the director is located. Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide
372	legal assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action
373	brought to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be
374	awarded to the division.]
375	(3) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
376	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
377	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
378	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
379	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance

380	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
381	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
382	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
383	Section 6. Section 58-11a-304 is amended to read:
384	58-11a-304. Exemptions from licensure.
385	In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following persons
386	may engage in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, esthetics, master-level
387	esthetics, electrology, or nail technology without being licensed under this chapter:
388	(1) a person licensed under the laws of this state to engage in the practice of medicine,
389	surgery, osteopathy, or chiropractic when engaged in the practice of the profession for which
390	they are licensed;
391	(2) a commissioned physician or surgeon serving in the armed forces of the United
392	States or another federal agency;
393	(3) a registered nurse, undertaker, or mortician licensed under the laws of this state
394	when engaged in the practice of the profession for which the person is licensed;
395	(4) a person who visits the state to engage in instructional seminars, advanced classes,
396	trade shows, or competitions of a limited duration;
397	(5) a person who engages in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, <u>hair</u>
398	design, esthetics, master-level esthetics, electrology, or nail technology without compensation;
399	(6) a person instructing an adult education class or other educational program directed
400	toward persons who are not licensed under this chapter and that is not intended to train persons
401	to become licensed under this chapter, provided:
402	(a) an attendee receives no credit toward educational requirements for licensure under
403	this chapter;
404	(b) the instructor informs each attendee in writing that taking such a class or program
405	will not certify or qualify the attendee to perform a service for compensation that requires
406	licensure under this chapter; and

407	(c) (i) the instructor is properly licensed; or
408	(ii) the instructor receives no compensation;
409	(7) a person providing instruction in workshops, seminars, training meetings, or other
410	educational programs whose purpose is to provide continuing professional development to
411	licensed barbers, cosmetologists/barbers, hair designers, estheticians, master estheticians,
412	electrologists, or nail technicians;
413	(8) a person enrolled in a licensed barber or cosmetology/barber school when
414	participating in an on the job training internship under the direct supervision of a licensed
415	barber or cosmetologist/barber upon completion of a basic program under the standards
416	established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board;
417	(9) a person enrolled in an approved apprenticeship pursuant to Section 58-11a-306;
418	(10) an employee of a company that is primarily engaged in the business of selling
419	products used in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, esthetics, master-level
420	esthetics, electrology, or nail technology when demonstrating the company's products to a
421	potential customer, provided the employee makes no representation to a potential customer that
422	attending such a demonstration will certify or qualify the attendee to perform a service for
423	compensation that requires licensure under this chapter;
424	(11) a person who:
425	(a) is qualified to engage in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, esthetics,
426	master-level esthetics, electrology, or nail technology in another jurisdiction as evidenced by
427	licensure, certification, or lawful practice in the other jurisdiction;
428	(b) is employed by, or under contract with, a motion picture company; and
429	(c) engages in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, esthetics, master-level
430	esthetics, electrology, or nail technology in the state:
431	(i) solely to assist in the production of a motion picture; and
432	(ii) for no more than 120 days per calendar year; and
433	(12) a person who:

434	(a) engages in hair braiding; and
435	(b) unless it is expressly exempted under this section or Section 58-1-307, does not
436	engage in other activity requiring licensure under this chapter.
437	Section 7. Section 58-11a-306 is amended to read:
438	58-11a-306. Apprenticeship.
439	(1) An approved barber apprenticeship shall:
440	(a) consist of not less than 1,250 hours of training in not less than eight months; and
441	(b) be conducted by a supervisor who:
442	(i) is licensed under this chapter as a barber instructor or a cosmetology/barber
443	instructor; and
444	(ii) provides one-on-one direct supervision of the barber apprentice during the
445	apprenticeship program.
446	(2) An approved cosmetologist/barber apprenticeship shall:
447	(a) consist of not less than 2,500 hours of training in not less than 15 months; and
448	(b) be conducted by a supervisor who:
449	(i) is licensed under this chapter as a cosmetologist/barber instructor; and
450	(ii) provides one-on-one direct supervision of the cosmetologist/barber apprentice
451	during the apprenticeship program.
452	(3) An approved esthetician apprenticeship shall:
453	(a) consist of not less than 800 hours of training in not less than five months; and
454	(b) be conducted by a supervisor who:
455	(i) is licensed under this chapter as an esthetician instructor; and
456	(ii) provides one-on-one direct supervision of the esthetician apprentice during the
457	apprenticeship program.
458	(4) An approved master esthetician apprenticeship shall:
459	(a) consist of not less than 1,500 hours of training in not less than 10 months; and
460	(b) be conducted by a supervisor who:

1 01	(1) Is licensed under this chapter as a master-level esthetician instructor; and
462	(ii) provides one-on-one direct supervision of the master esthetician apprentice during
463	the apprenticeship program.
164	(5) An approved nail technician apprenticeship shall:
465	(a) consist of not less than 375 hours of training in not less than three months; and
466	(b) be conducted by a supervisor who:
467	(i) is licensed under this chapter as a nail technician instructor or a cosmetology/barber
468	instructor; [and]
169	(ii) provides [one-on-one] direct supervision of the nail technician apprentice during
470	the apprenticeship program[-]; and
471	(iii) provides direct supervision to no more than two nail technician apprentices during
472	the apprentice program.
473	(6) A person seeking to qualify for licensure by apprenticing in an approved
174	apprenticeship under this chapter shall:
475	(a) register with the division before beginning the training requirements by:
476	(i) submitting a form prescribed by the division, which includes the name of the
177	licensed supervisor; and
1 78	(ii) paying a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
179	(b) complete the apprenticeship within five years of the date on which the division
480	approves the registration; and
481	(c) notify the division within 30 days if the licensed supervisor changes after the
182	registration is approved by the division.
483	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6), if a person seeking to qualify for licensure by
184	apprenticing in an approved apprenticeship under this chapter registers with the division before
485	January 1, 2017, any training requirements completed by the person as an apprentice in an
486	approved apprenticeship before registration may be applied to successful completion of the
1 87	approved apprenticeship.

Section 8. Section **58-11a-503** is amended to read:

58-11a-503. Penalties.

- (1) Unless Subsection (2) applies, an individual who commits an act of unlawful conduct under Section 58-11a-502 or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this section after it is final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- (2) Sexual conduct that violates Section 58-11a-502 and Title 76, Utah Criminal Code, shall be subject to the applicable penalties in Title 76. Utah Criminal Code.
- (3) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division include the issuance of a citation for violation of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7).
- (4) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has violated the provisions of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7), or a rule or order issued with respect to Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7), and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (i) A person who is in violation of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (4) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from violating Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7).
- (ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-11a-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
- (b) (i) Each citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated.
 - (ii) The citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing

- within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (iii) The citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of a fine assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
- (c) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon a person upon whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by a person specially designated by the director or by mail.
- (d) (i) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
 - (ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (e) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
- (f) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
- (g) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of a violation.
- (h) Fines shall be assessed by the director or the director's designee according to the following:
 - (i) for a first offense under Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
 - (ii) for a second offense under Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
- 538 (iii) for any subsequent offense under Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
 - (i) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under Subsection (4)(h), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:

542	(A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a
543	first or second offense in violation of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7); or
544	(B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
545	(II) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under
546	Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I);
547	(III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of
548	the action under Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I) that the person committed a second or subsequent
549	violation of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (2), (4), (5), (6), or (7); and
550	(IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
551	Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under
552	Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I).
553	(ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection
554	(4)(i)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
555	(5) (a) A penalty imposed by the director under Subsection (4)(h) shall be deposited
556	into the Barber, Cosmetologist/Barber, Esthetician, Electrologist, and Nail Technician
557	Education and Enforcement Fund.
558	(b) A penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either:
559	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
560	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person against
561	whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located
562	(c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state [is to] shall provide legal
563	assistance and advice to the director in an action to collect [the] a penalty.
564	(d) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs [in an action brought to
565	enforce the provisions of this section] to the prevailing party in an action brought by the
566	division to collect a penalty.
667	Section 9. Section 58-17b-307 is amended to read:
568	58-17b-307. Qualification for licensure Criminal background checks.

569	(1) An applicant for licensure under this chapter shall:
570	(a) submit fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the license
571	application is filed; and
572	(b) in accordance with this section and requirements established by rule made in
573	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, consent to a
574	fingerprint background check regarding the application conducted by the:
575	(i) Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
576	(ii) Federal Bureau of Investigation.
577	[(2) The division shall request the Department of Public Safety to complete a Federal
578	Bureau of Investigation criminal background check for each applicant through the National
579	Criminal History System (NCIC) or any successor system.]
580	(2) The division shall:
581	(a) in addition to other fees authorized by this chapter, collect from each applicant
582	submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fee that the Bureau of Criminal
583	Identification is authorized to collect for the services provided under Section 53-10-108 and the
584	fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the purpose of
585	obtaining federal criminal history record information;
586	(b) submit from each applicant the fingerprint card and the fees described in
587	Subsection (2)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
588	(c) obtain and retain in division records, a signed waiver approved by the Bureau of
589	Criminal Identification in accordance with Section 53-10-108 for each applicant.
590	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall, in accordance with the requirements of
591	Section 53-10-108:
592	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2)(b) against the applicable state
593	and regional criminal records databases;
594	(b) forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
595	criminal history background check; and

596	(c) provide the results from the state, regional, and nationwide criminal history
597	background checks to the division.
598	[(3)] (4) For purposes of conducting the criminal background check required in
599	Subsection (1), the division shall have direct access to criminal background information
600	maintained under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
601	[(4)] (5) (a) A new pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician license issued
602	under this section is conditional, pending completion of the criminal background check.
603	(b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, if the
604	criminal background check required in Subsection (1), discloses the applicant has failed to
605	accurately disclose a criminal history, the license is immediately and automatically revoked
606	upon notice to the licensee by the division.
607	[(5)] (6) (a) A person whose conditional license has been revoked under Subsection
608	$[\frac{4}{2}]$ is entitled to a postrevocation hearing to challenge the revocation.
609	(b) The division shall conduct [the] a postrevocation hearing in accordance with Title
610	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
611	(7) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
612	record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
613	Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
614	section.
615	Section 10. Section 58-17b-504 is amended to read:
616	58-17b-504. Penalty for unlawful or unprofessional conduct Fines Citations.
617	(1) Any person who violates any of the unlawful conduct provisions of Subsection
618	58-1-501(1)(a)(i) and Subsections 58-17b-501(7) and (11) is guilty of a third degree felony.
619	(2) Any person who violates any of the unlawful conduct provisions of Subsection
620	58-1-501(1)(a)(ii), Subsections 58-1-501(1)(b) through (e), and Section 58-17b-501, except
621	Subsections 58-17b-501(7) and (11), is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
622	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5) and in accordance with Section 58-17b-401, for acts

- of unprofessional or unlawful conduct, the division may:
- (i) assess administrative penalties; and
 - (ii) take any other appropriate administrative action.
 - (b) An administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the division for pharmacy licensee education and enforcement as provided in Section 58-17b-505.
 - (4) If a licensee has been convicted of violating Section 58-17b-501 prior to an administrative finding of a violation of the same section, the licensee may not be assessed an administrative fine under this chapter for the same offense for which the conviction was obtained.
 - (5) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has violated the provisions of Section 58-17b-501 or 58-17b-502, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37f, Controlled Substance Database Act, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, or any rule or order issued with respect to these provisions, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
 - (b) Any person who is in violation of the provisions of Section 58-17b-501 or 58-17b-502, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37f, Controlled Substance Database Act, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, or any rule or order issued with respect to these provisions, as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (5) of up to \$10,000 per single violation or up to \$2,000 per day of ongoing violation, whichever is greater, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule, and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from violating the

provisions of Section 58-17b-501 or 58-17b-502, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, or any rule or order issued with respect to these provisions.

- (c) Except for an administrative fine and a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-17b-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
- (d) Each citation shall be in writing and specifically describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated. The citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation in order to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act. The citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
- (e) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon any person upon whom a summons may be served:
 - (i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
- (ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person specially designated by the director; or
 - (iii) by mail.

- (f) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest the citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (g) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with the citation after it becomes final.
- (h) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
 - (i) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months

6//	following the occurrence of any violation.
678	(6) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
679	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
680	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
681	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
682	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
683	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
684	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
685	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
686	Section 11. Section 58-22-503 is amended to read:
687	58-22-503. Penalties and administrative actions for unlawful or unprofessional
688	conduct.
689	(1) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
690	violated Section 58-1-501, 58-22-501, or 58-22-502.5, or any rule or order issued with respect
691	to Section 58-22-501 or 58-22-502.5, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or
692	the director's designee from within the division for each alternative respectively, shall promptly
693	issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to
694	negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an adjudicative
695	proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
696	(i) A person who violates Section 58-1-501, 58-22-501, or 58-22-502.5, or any rule or
697	order issued with respect to Section 58-22-501 or 58-22-502.5, as evidenced by an uncontested
698	citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may
699	be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (1) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be
700	ordered to cease and desist from violating Section 58-1-501, 58-22-501, or 58-22-502.5, or
701	any rule or order issued with respect to this section.
702	(ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section
703	58-22-401 may not be assessed through a citation.

704	(b)	A citation	shall:

- (i) be in writing;
- (ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
- (iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
- (iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
 - (c) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.
- (d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon a person upon whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person specially designated by the director or by mail.
- (e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of the citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
- (g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
- (h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of any violation.
 - (i) The director or the director's designee shall assess fines according to the following:
 - (i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- 730 (ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000;

756

757

731	and
732	(iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to
733	\$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
734	(2) An action initiated for a first or second offense which has not yet resulted in a final
735	order of the division shall not preclude initiation of any subsequent action for a second or
736	subsequent offense during the pendency of any preceding action. The final order on a
737	subsequent action shall be considered a second or subsequent offense, respectively, provided
738	the preceding action resulted in a first or second offense, respectively.
739	[(3) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring
740	the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in
741	which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office
742	of the director is located. Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide
743	legal assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action
744	brought to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be
745	awarded to the division.]
746	(3) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
747	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
748	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
749	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
750	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
751	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
752	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
753	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
754	Section 12. Section 58-24b-302 is amended to read:
755	58-24b-302. Licensure.

(1) An applicant for a license as a physical therapist shall:

(a) be of good moral character;

758	(b) complete the application process, including payment of fees;
759	(c) submit proof of graduation from a professional physical therapist education
760	program that is accredited by a recognized accreditation agency;
761	(d) after complying with Subsection (1)(c), pass a licensing examination;
762	(e) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English language
763	and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the board; [and]
764	(f) if the applicant is applying to participate in the Physical Therapy Licensure
765	Compact under Chapter 24c, Physical Therapy Licensure Compact, consent to a criminal
766	background check in accordance with Section 58-24b-302.1 and any requirements established
767	by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
768	<u>and</u>
769	[(f)] (g) meet any other requirements established by the division, by rule made in
770	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
771	(2) An applicant for a license as a physical therapist assistant shall:
772	(a) be of good moral character;
773	(b) complete the application process, including payment of fees set by the division, in
774	accordance with Section 63J-1-504, to recover the costs of administering the licensing
775	requirements relating to physical therapist assistants;
776	(c) submit proof of graduation from a physical therapist assistant education program
777	that is accredited by a recognized accreditation agency;
778	(d) after complying with Subsection (2)(c), pass a licensing examination approved by
779	division rule made in collaboration with the board and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
780	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
781	(e) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English language
782	and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the board;
783	(f) submit to, and pass, a criminal background check, in accordance with <u>Section</u>
784	58-24b-302.1 and standards established by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,

/85	Utan Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
786	(g) meet any other requirements established by the division, by rule made in
787	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
788	(3) An applicant for a license as a physical therapist who is educated outside of the
789	United States shall:
790	(a) be of good moral character;
791	(b) complete the application process, including payment of fees;
792	(c) (i) provide satisfactory evidence that the applicant graduated from a professional
793	physical therapist education program that is accredited by a recognized accreditation agency; or
794	(ii) (A) provide satisfactory evidence that the applicant graduated from a physical
795	therapist education program that prepares the applicant to engage in the practice of physical
796	therapy, without restriction;
797	(B) provide satisfactory evidence that the education program described in Subsection
798	(3)(c)(ii)(A) is recognized by the government entity responsible for recognizing a physical
799	therapist education program in the country where the program is located; and
800	(C) pass a credential evaluation to ensure that the applicant has satisfied uniform
801	educational requirements;
802	(d) after complying with Subsection (3)(c), pass a licensing examination;
803	(e) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English language
804	and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the board; [and]
805	(f) if the applicant is applying to participate in the Physical Therapy Licensure
806	Compact under Chapter 24c, Physical Therapy Licensure Compact, consent to a criminal
807	background check in accordance with Section 58-24b-302.1 and any requirements established
808	by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
809	<u>and</u>
810	[(f)] (g) meet any other requirements established by the division, by rule made in
811	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

812	(4) The division shall issue a license to a person who holds a current unrestricted
813	license to practice physical therapy in a state, district, or territory of the United States of
814	America, other than Utah, if the person:
815	(a) is of good moral character;
816	(b) completes the application process, including payment of fees; [and]
817	(c) is able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English language
818	and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the board[-];
819	(d) if the applicant is applying to participate in the Physical Therapy Licensure
820	Compact under Chapter 24c, Physical Therapy Licensure Compact, consents to a criminal
821	background check in accordance with Section 58-24b-302.1 and any requirements established
822	by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
823	<u>and</u>
824	(e) meets any other requirements established by the division, by rule made in
825	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
826	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 58-1-307(1)(c), an individual may not engage in an
827	internship in physical therapy, unless the person is:
828	(i) certified by the division; or
829	(ii) exempt from licensure under Section 58-24b-304.
830	(b) The provisions of Subsection (5)(a) apply, regardless of whether the individual is
831	participating in the supervised clinical training program for the purpose of becoming a physical
832	therapist or a physical therapist assistant.
833	Section 13. Section 58-24b-302.1 is enacted to read:
834	58-24b-302.1. Criminal background check.
835	(1) An applicant for licensure under this chapter who requires a criminal background
836	check shall:
837	(a) submit fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the license

838

application is filed; and

839	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check conducted by the Bureau of Criminal
840	Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding the application.
841	(2) The division shall:
842	(a) in addition to other fees authorized by this chapter, collect from each applicant
843	submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fee that the Bureau of Criminal
844	<u>Identification</u> is authorized to collect for the services provided under Section 53-10-108 and the
845	fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the purpose of
846	obtaining federal criminal history record information;
847	(b) submit from each applicant the fingerprint card and the fees described in
848	Subsection (2)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
849	(c) obtain and retain in division records a signed waiver approved by the Bureau of
850	Criminal Identification in accordance with Section 53-10-108 for each applicant.
851	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall, in accordance with the requirements of
852	Section 53-10-108:
853	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2)(b) against the applicable state
854	and regional criminal records databases;
855	(b) forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
856	criminal history background check; and
857	(c) provide the results from the state, regional, and nationwide criminal history
858	background checks to the division.
859	(4) For purposes of conducting a criminal background check required under this
860	section, the division shall have direct access to criminal background information maintained
861	under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
862	(5) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
863	record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
864	Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
865	section.

866	(6) (a) A new physical therapist assistant license issued under Subsection
867	58-24b-302(2) is conditional pending completion of the criminal background check.
868	(b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, if the
869	criminal background check required in Subsection 58-24b-302(2) demonstrates the applicant
870	has failed to accurately disclose a criminal history, the license is immediately and automatically
871	revoked upon notice to the licensee by the division.
872	(c) A person whose conditional license has been revoked under Subsection (6)(b) is
873	entitled to a postrevocation hearing to challenge the revocation.
874	(d) The division shall conduct a postrevocation hearing in accordance with Title 63G,
875	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
876	(7) The division may not issue a letter of qualification to participate in the Physical
877	Therapy Licensure Compact until the criminal background check described in this section is
878	completed.
879	Section 14. Section 58-24b-303 is amended to read:
017	Section 1. Section 50 2 is distributed to fedd.
880	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical
880	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical
880 881	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant.
880 881 882	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant.(1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year
880 881 882 883	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license
880 881 882 883 884	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division administers.
880 881 882 883 884 885	 58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division administers. (2) At the time of license renewal, the licensee shall provide satisfactory evidence that
880 881 882 883 884 885 886	 58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division administers. (2) At the time of license renewal, the licensee shall provide satisfactory evidence that the licensee completed continuing education competency requirements, established by the
880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887	 58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division administers. (2) At the time of license renewal, the licensee shall provide satisfactory evidence that the licensee completed continuing education competency requirements, established by the division, by rule.
880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888	 58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division administers. (2) At the time of license renewal, the licensee shall provide satisfactory evidence that the licensee completed continuing education competency requirements, established by the division, by rule. (3) If a license renewal cycle is shortened or extended under Subsection (1), the
880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889	therapist assistant. (1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division administers. (2) At the time of license renewal, the licensee shall provide satisfactory evidence that the licensee completed continuing education competency requirements, established by the division, by rule. (3) If a license renewal cycle is shortened or extended under Subsection (1), the division shall increase or reduce the required continuing education competency requirements

893	[(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the division may, by rule,
894	grant a temporary license, that expires on July 1, 2014, as a physical therapist assistant to an
895	individual who:]
896	[(a) was working as a physical therapist assistant in Utah before July 1, 2009; and]
897	[(b) complies with the requirements described in Subsections 58-24b-302(2)(a), (b),
898	(c), (e), and (f).]
899	Section 15. Section 58-28-503 is amended to read:
900	58-28-503. Penalty for unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
901	(1) Any person who violates the unlawful conduct provisions of Section 58-28-501 is
902	guilty of a third degree felony.
903	(2) After proceeding pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act,
904	and Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, the division may
905	impose administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 for acts of unprofessional conduct or
906	unlawful conduct under this chapter.
907	(3) Assessment of a penalty under this section does not affect any other action the
908	division is authorized to take regarding a license issued under this chapter.
909	(4) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
910	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
911	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
912	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
913	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
914	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
915	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
916	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
917	Section 16. Section 58-31b-201 is amended to read:
918	58-31b-201. Board.
919	(1) There is created the Board of Nursing that consists of the following 11 members:

920	(a) nine nurses in a manner as may be further defined in division rule; and
921	(b) two members of the public.
922	(2) The board shall be appointed and serve in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
923	(3) The board shall carry out the duties and responsibilities in Sections 58-1-202 and
924	58-1-203 and shall:
925	(a) (i) recommend to the division minimum standards for educational programs
926	qualifying a person for licensure or certification under this chapter;
927	(ii) recommend to the division denial, approval, or withdrawal of approval regarding
928	educational programs that meet or fail to meet the established minimum standards; and
929	(iii) designate one of its members on a permanent or rotating basis to:
930	(A) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or
931	unprofessional conduct of a licensee; and
932	(B) advise the division in its investigation of these complaints.
933	(b) A board member who has, under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), reviewed a complaint or
934	advised in its investigation may be disqualified from participating with the board when the
935	board serves as a presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint.
936	[(4) (a) The director shall appoint an individual to serve as an ex officio member of the
937	Board of Nursing to represent the position of the division in matters considered by the board.]
938	[(b) The ex officio member shall be a licensed registered nurse, shall have earned a
939	masters degree in nursing, and shall have a minimum of five years of experience working in
940	nursing administration or nursing education.]
941	Section 17. Section 58-31b-302 is amended to read:
942	58-31b-302. Qualifications for licensure or certification Criminal background
943	checks.
944	(1) An applicant for certification as a medication aide shall:
945	(a) submit an application to the division on a form prescribed by the division;
946	(b) pay a fee to the division as determined under Section 63J-1-504;

947	(c) have a high school diploma or its equivalent;
948	(d) have a current certification as a nurse aide, in good standing, from the Department
949	of Health;
950	(e) have a minimum of 2,000 hours of experience within the two years prior to
951	application, working as a certified nurse aide in a long-term care facility;
952	(f) obtain letters of recommendation from a long-term care facility administrator and
953	one licensed nurse familiar with the applicant's work practices as a certified nurse aide;
954	(g) be in a condition of physical and mental health that will permit the applicant to
955	practice safely as a medication aide certified;
956	(h) have completed an approved education program or an equivalent as determined by
957	the division in collaboration with the board;
958	(i) have passed the examinations as required by division rule made in collaboration
959	with the board; and
960	(j) meet with the board, if requested, to determine the applicant's qualifications for
961	certification.
962	(2) An applicant for licensure as a licensed practical nurse shall:
963	(a) submit to the division an application in a form prescribed by the division;
964	(b) pay to the division a fee determined under Section 63J-1-504;
965	(c) have a high school diploma or its equivalent;
966	(d) be in a condition of physical and mental health that will permit the applicant to
967	practice safely as a licensed practical nurse;
968	(e) have completed an approved practical nursing education program or an equivalent
969	as determined by the board;
970	(f) have passed the examinations as required by division rule made in collaboration
971	with the board; and
972	(g) meet with the board, if requested, to determine the applicant's qualifications for
973	licensure.

974	(3) An applicant for licensure as a registered nurse shall:
975	(a) submit to the division an application form prescribed by the division;
976	(b) pay to the division a fee determined under Section 63J-1-504;
977	(c) have a high school diploma or its equivalent;
978	(d) be in a condition of physical and mental health that will allow the applicant to
979	practice safely as a registered nurse;
980	(e) have completed an approved registered nursing education program;
981	(f) have passed the examinations as required by division rule made in collaboration
982	with the board; and
983	(g) meet with the board, if requested, to determine the applicant's qualifications for
984	licensure.
985	(4) Applicants for licensure as an advanced practice registered nurse shall:
986	(a) submit to the division an application on a form prescribed by the division;
987	(b) pay to the division a fee determined under Section 63J-1-504;
988	(c) be in a condition of physical and mental health which will allow the applicant to
989	practice safely as an advanced practice registered nurse;
990	(d) hold a current registered nurse license in good standing issued by the state or be
991	qualified at the time for licensure as a registered nurse;
992	(e) (i) have earned a graduate degree in:
993	(A) an advanced practice registered nurse nursing education program; or
994	(B) a related area of specialized knowledge as determined appropriate by the division
995	in collaboration with the board; or
996	(ii) have completed a nurse anesthesia program in accordance with Subsection
997	(4)(f)(ii);
998	(f) have completed:
999	(i) course work in patient assessment, diagnosis and treatment, and
1000	pharmacotherapeutics from an education program approved by the division in collaboration

1026

1027

	Emoneu Cop
1001	with the board; or
1002	(ii) a nurse anesthesia program which is approved by the Council on Accreditation of
1003	Nurse Anesthesia Educational Programs;
1004	(g) to practice within the psychiatric mental health nursing specialty, demonstrate, as
1005	described in division rule, that the applicant, after completion of a doctorate or master's degree
1006	required for licensure, is in the process of completing the applicant's clinical practice
1007	requirements in psychiatric mental health nursing, including in psychotherapy;
1008	(h) have passed the examinations as required by division rule made in collaboration
1009	with the board;
1010	(i) be currently certified by a program approved by the division in collaboration with
1011	the board and submit evidence satisfactory to the division of the certification; and
1012	(j) meet with the board, if requested, to determine the applicant's qualifications for
1013	licensure.
1014	(5) For each applicant for licensure or certification under this chapter:
1015	(a) the applicant shall:
1016	(i) submit fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the
1017	application is filed; and
1018	(ii) consent to a fingerprint background check conducted by the [Utah] Bureau of
1019	Criminal Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding the application; [and]
1020	[(b) the division shall request the Department of Public Safety to complete a Federal
1021	Bureau of Investigation criminal background check through the national criminal history
1022	system (NCIC) or any successor system.]
1023	(b) the division shall:
1024	(i) in addition to other fees authorized by this chapter, collect from each applicant

submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fee that the Bureau of Criminal

Identification is authorized to collect for the services provided under Section 53-10-108 and the

fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the purpose of

1028	obtaining federal criminal history record information;
1029	(ii) submit from each applicant the fingerprint card and the fees described in this
1030	Subsection (5)(b) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1031	(iii) obtain and retain in division records a signed waiver approved by the Bureau of
1032	Criminal Identification in accordance with Section 53-10-108 for each applicant; and
1033	(c) the Bureau of Criminal Identification shall, in accordance with the requirements of
1034	Section 53-10-108:
1035	(i) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (5)(b) against the applicable state
1036	and regional criminal records databases;
1037	(ii) forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
1038	criminal history background check; and
1039	(iii) provide the results from the state, regional, and nationwide criminal history
1040	background checks to the division.
1041	(6) For purposes of conducting the criminal background checks required in Subsection
1042	(5), the division shall have direct access to criminal background information maintained
1043	pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
1044	(7) (a) (i) Any new nurse license or certification issued under this section shall be
1045	conditional, pending completion of the criminal background check.
1046	(ii) [H] Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, if the
1047	criminal background check discloses the applicant has failed to accurately disclose a criminal
1048	history, the license or certification shall be immediately and automatically revoked <u>upon notice</u>
1049	to the licensee by the division.
1050	(b) (i) $[Any]$ \underline{A} person whose conditional license or certification has been revoked
1051	under Subsection (7)(a) [shall be] is entitled to a postrevocation hearing to challenge the
1052	revocation.
1053	(ii) [The] A postrevocation hearing shall be conducted in accordance with Title 63G,
1054	Chapter 4 Administrative Procedures Act

Enrolled Copy

1055	(8) [(a)] If a person has been charged with a violent felony, as defined in Subsection
1056	76-3-203.5(1)(c), and, as a result, the person has been convicted, entered a plea of guilty or
1057	nolo contendere, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere held in abeyance pending the
1058	successful completion of probation[: (i)], the person is disqualified for licensure under this
1059	chapter[;] and:
1060	[(ii) (A)] (a) if the person is licensed under this chapter, the division:
1061	$[\underbrace{(1)}]$ (i) shall act upon the license as required under Section 58-1-401; and
1062	[(H)] (ii) may not renew or subsequently issue a license to the person under this
1063	chapter; and
1064	[(B)] (b) if the person is not licensed under this chapter, the division may not issue a
1065	license to the person under this chapter.
1066	[(b)] (9) If a person has been charged with a felony other than a violent felony, as
1067	defined in Subsection 76-3-203.5(1)(c), and, as a result, the person has been convicted, entered
1068	a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere held in
1069	abeyance pending the successful completion of probation[: (i) if the person is licensed under
1070	this chapter], the division shall determine whether the felony disqualifies the person for
1071	licensure under this chapter and act upon the license, as required, in accordance with Section
1072	58-1-401[; and].
1073	[(ii) if the person is not licensed under this chapter, the person may not file an
1074	application for licensure under this chapter any sooner than five years after having completed
1075	the conditions of the sentence or plea agreement.]
1076	(10) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
1077	record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
1078	Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
1079	section.
1080	Section 18. Section 58-31b-503 is amended to read:
1081	58-31b-503. Penalties and administrative actions for unlawful conduct and

unprofessional conduct.

(1) Any person who violates the unlawful conduct provision specifically defined in Subsection 58-1-501(1)(a) is guilty of a third degree felony.

- (2) Any person who violates any of the unlawful conduct provisions specifically defined in Subsections 58-1-501(1)(b) through (f) and 58-31b-501(1)(d) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- (3) Any person who violates any of the unlawful conduct provisions specifically defined in this chapter and not set forth in Subsection (1) or (2) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (4) (a) Subject to Subsection (6) and in accordance with Section 58-31b-401, for acts of unprofessional or unlawful conduct, the division may:
 - (i) assess administrative penalties; and
 - (ii) take any other appropriate administrative action.
- (b) An administrative penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the "Nurse Education and Enforcement Account" as provided in Section 58-31b-103.
- (5) If a licensee has been convicted of violating Section 58-31b-501 prior to an administrative finding of a violation of the same section, the licensee may not be assessed an administrative fine under this chapter for the same offense for which the conviction was obtained.
- (6) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has violated the provisions of Section 58-31b-401, 58-31b-501, or 58-31b-502, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or any rule or order issued with respect to these provisions, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall:
- (i) promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent administrative rules;
 - (ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or

Enrolled Copy

1109	(111) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
1110	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1111	(b) Any person who is in violation of a provision described in Subsection (6)(a), as
1112	evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or a finding of violation in an
1113	adjudicative proceeding may be assessed a fine:
1114	(i) pursuant to this Subsection (6) of up to \$10,000 per single violation or up to \$2,000
1115	per day of ongoing violation, whichever is greater, in accordance with a fine schedule
1116	established by rule; and
1117	(ii) in addition to or in lieu of the fine imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(i), be ordered
1118	to cease and desist from violating a provision of Sections 58-31b-501 and 58-31b-502, Chapter
1119	1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
1120	Substances Act, or any rule or order issued with respect to those provisions.
1121	(c) Except for an administrative fine and a cease and desist order, the licensure
1122	sanctions cited in Section 58-31b-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
1123	(d) Each citation issued under this section shall:
1124	(i) be in writing; and
1125	(ii) clearly describe or explain:
1126	(A) the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter,
1127	rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
1128	(B) that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of
1129	service of the citation in order to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G,
1130	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
1131	(C) the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of
1132	any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation; and
1133	(iii) be served upon any person upon whom a summons may be served:
1134	(A) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
1135	(B) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person

1136	specially designated by the director; or
1137	(C) by mail.
1138	(e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the
1139	citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the
1140	final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest the
1141	citation may be extended by the division for cause.
1142	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation
1143	the license of a licensee who fails to comply with the citation after it becomes final.
1144	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes
1145	final is a ground for denial of license.
1146	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months
1147	following the occurrence of any violation.
1148	(7) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
1149	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
1150	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
1151	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
1152	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
1153	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
1154	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
1155	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
1156	Section 19. Section 58-37-6 is amended to read:
1157	58-37-6. License to manufacture, produce, distribute, dispense, administer, or
1158	conduct research Issuance by division Denial, suspension, or revocation Records
1159	required Prescriptions.
1160	(1) (a) The division may adopt rules relating to the licensing and control of the
1161	manufacture, distribution, production, prescription, administration, dispensing, conducting of
1162	research with, and performing of laboratory analysis upon controlled substances within this

1163 state.

- (b) The division may assess reasonable fees to defray the cost of issuing original and renewal licenses under this chapter pursuant to Section 63J-1-504.
- (2) (a) (i) Every person who manufactures, produces, distributes, prescribes, dispenses, administers, conducts research with, or performs laboratory analysis upon any controlled substance in Schedules I through V within this state, or who proposes to engage in manufacturing, producing, distributing, prescribing, dispensing, administering, conducting research with, or performing laboratory analysis upon controlled substances included in Schedules I through V within this state shall obtain a license issued by the division.
- (ii) The division shall issue each license under this chapter in accordance with a two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may by rule extend or shorten a renewal period by as much as one year to stagger the renewal cycles it administers.
- (b) Persons licensed to manufacture, produce, distribute, prescribe, dispense, administer, conduct research with, or perform laboratory analysis upon controlled substances in Schedules I through V within this state may possess, manufacture, produce, distribute, prescribe, dispense, administer, conduct research with, or perform laboratory analysis upon those substances to the extent authorized by their license and in conformity with this chapter.
- (c) The following persons are not required to obtain a license and may lawfully possess controlled substances included in Schedules II through V under this section:
- (i) an agent or employee, except a sales representative, of any registered manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser of any controlled substance, if the agent or employee is acting in the usual course of the person's business or employment; however, nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted to permit an agent, employee, sales representative, or detail man to maintain an inventory of controlled substances separate from the location of the person's employer's registered and licensed place of business;
- (ii) a motor carrier or warehouseman, or an employee of a motor carrier or warehouseman, who possesses any controlled substance in the usual course of the person's

business or employment; and

(iii) an ultimate user, or any person who possesses any controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner.

- (d) The division may enact rules waiving the license requirement for certain manufacturers, producers, distributors, prescribers, dispensers, administrators, research practitioners, or laboratories performing analysis if consistent with the public health and safety.
- (e) A separate license is required at each principal place of business or professional practice where the applicant manufactures, produces, distributes, dispenses, conducts research with, or performs laboratory analysis upon controlled substances.
- (f) The division may enact rules providing for the inspection of a licensee or applicant's establishment, and may inspect the establishment according to those rules.
- (3) (a) (i) Upon proper application, the division shall license a qualified applicant to manufacture, produce, distribute, conduct research with, or perform laboratory analysis upon controlled substances included in Schedules I through V, unless it determines that issuance of a license is inconsistent with the public interest.
- (ii) The division may not issue a license to any person to prescribe, dispense, or administer a Schedule I controlled substance except under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
- (iii) In determining public interest under this Subsection (3)(a), the division shall consider whether or not the applicant has:
- (A) maintained effective controls against diversion of controlled substances and any Schedule I or II substance compounded from any controlled substance into other than legitimate medical, scientific, or industrial channels;
 - (B) complied with applicable state and local law;
- (C) been convicted under federal or state laws relating to the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of substances;
 - (D) past experience in the manufacture of controlled dangerous substances;
- 1216 (E) established effective controls against diversion; and

- (F) complied with any other factors that the division establishes that promote the public health and safety.
- (b) Licenses granted under Subsection (3)(a) do not entitle a licensee to manufacture, produce, distribute, conduct research with, or perform laboratory analysis upon controlled substances in Schedule I other than those specified in the license.
- (c) (i) Practitioners shall be licensed to administer, dispense, or conduct research with substances in Schedules II through V if they are authorized to administer, dispense, or conduct research under the laws of this state.
- (ii) The division need not require a separate license for practitioners engaging in research with nonnarcotic controlled substances in Schedules II through V where the licensee is already licensed under this chapter in another capacity.
- (iii) With respect to research involving narcotic substances in Schedules II through V, or where the division by rule requires a separate license for research of nonnarcotic substances in Schedules II through V, a practitioner shall apply to the division prior to conducting research.
- (iv) Licensing for purposes of bona fide research with controlled substances by a practitioner considered qualified may be denied only on a ground specified in Subsection (4), or upon evidence that the applicant will abuse or unlawfully transfer or fail to safeguard adequately the practitioner's supply of substances against diversion from medical or scientific use.
- (v) Practitioners registered under federal law to conduct research in Schedule I substances may conduct research in Schedule I substances within this state upon furnishing the division evidence of federal registration.
- (d) Compliance by manufacturers, producers, and distributors with the provisions of federal law respecting registration, excluding fees, entitles them to be licensed under this chapter.
 - (e) The division shall initially license those persons who own or operate an

1244

1245

1246

1247

1248

1249

1250

1251

1252

1253

1254

1255

1256

1257

1258

1259

1260

1261

1262

1263

1264

1265

1266

1267

1268

1269

1270

or

establishment engaged in the manufacture, production, distribution, dispensation, or administration of controlled substances prior to April 3, 1980, and who are licensed by the state. (4) (a) Any license pursuant to Subsection (2) or (3) may be denied, suspended, placed on probation, or revoked by the division upon finding that the applicant or licensee has: (i) materially falsified any application filed or required pursuant to this chapter; (ii) been convicted of an offense under this chapter or any law of the United States, or any state, relating to any substance defined as a controlled substance; (iii) been convicted of a felony under any other law of the United States or any state within five years of the date of the issuance of the license; (iv) had a federal registration or license denied, suspended, or revoked by competent federal authority and is no longer authorized to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense controlled substances; (v) had the licensee's license suspended or revoked by competent authority of another state for violation of laws or regulations comparable to those of this state relating to the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of controlled substances; (vi) violated any division rule that reflects adversely on the licensee's reliability and integrity with respect to controlled substances; (vii) refused inspection of records required to be maintained under this chapter by a person authorized to inspect them; or (viii) prescribed, dispensed, administered, or injected an anabolic steroid for the purpose of manipulating human hormonal structure so as to: (A) increase muscle mass, strength, or weight without medical necessity and without a written prescription by any practitioner in the course of the practitioner's professional practice;

- (B) improve performance in any form of human exercise, sport, or game.
- (b) The division may limit revocation or suspension of a license to a particular

controlled substance with respect to which grounds for revocation or suspension exist.

- (c) (i) Proceedings to deny, revoke, or suspend a license shall be conducted pursuant to this section and in accordance with the procedures set forth in Title 58, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, and conducted in conjunction with the appropriate representative committee designated by the director of the department.
- (ii) Nothing in this Subsection (4)(c) gives the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing exclusive authority in proceedings to deny, revoke, or suspend licenses, except where the division is designated by law to perform those functions, or, when not designated by law, is designated by the executive director of the Department of Commerce to conduct the proceedings.
- (d) (i) The division may suspend any license simultaneously with the institution of proceedings under this section if it finds there is an imminent danger to the public health or safety.
- (ii) Suspension shall continue in effect until the conclusion of proceedings, including judicial review, unless withdrawn by the division or dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (e) (i) If a license is suspended or revoked under this Subsection (4), all controlled substances owned or possessed by the licensee may be placed under seal in the discretion of the division.
- (ii) Disposition may not be made of substances under seal until the time for taking an appeal has lapsed, or until all appeals have been concluded, unless a court, upon application, orders the sale of perishable substances and the proceeds deposited with the court.
 - (iii) If a revocation order becomes final, all controlled substances shall be forfeited.
- (f) The division shall notify promptly the Drug Enforcement Administration of all orders suspending or revoking a license and all forfeitures of controlled substances.
- (g) If an individual's Drug Enforcement Administration registration is denied, revoked, surrendered, or suspended, the division shall immediately suspend the individual's controlled

substance license, which shall only be reinstated by the division upon reinstatement of the federal registration, unless the division has taken further administrative action under Subsection (4)(a)(iv), which would be grounds for the continued denial of the controlled substance license.

- (5) (a) Persons licensed under Subsection (2) or (3) shall maintain records and inventories in conformance with the record keeping and inventory requirements of federal and state law and any additional rules issued by the division.
- (b) (i) Every physician, dentist, naturopathic physician, veterinarian, practitioner, or other person who is authorized to administer or professionally use a controlled substance shall keep a record of the drugs received by him and a record of all drugs administered, dispensed, or professionally used by him otherwise than by a prescription.
- (ii) A person using small quantities or solutions or other preparations of those drugs for local application has complied with this Subsection (5)(b) if the person keeps a record of the quantity, character, and potency of those solutions or preparations purchased or prepared by him, and of the dates when purchased or prepared.
- (6) Controlled substances in Schedules I through V may be distributed only by a licensee and pursuant to an order form prepared in compliance with division rules or a lawful order under the rules and regulations of the United States.
- (7) (a) A person may not write or authorize a prescription for a controlled substance unless the person is:
- (i) a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs and medicine under the laws of this state or under the laws of another state having similar standards; and
- (ii) licensed under this chapter or under the laws of another state having similar standards.
- (b) A person other than a pharmacist licensed under the laws of this state, or the pharmacist's licensed intern, as required by Sections 58-17b-303 and 58-17b-304, may not dispense a controlled substance.

Enrolled Copy

1325	(c) (1) A controlled substance may not be dispensed without the written prescription of
1326	a practitioner, if the written prescription is required by the federal Controlled Substances Act.
1327	(ii) That written prescription shall be made in accordance with Subsection (7)(a) and in
1328	conformity with Subsection (7)(d).
1329	(iii) In emergency situations, as defined by division rule, controlled substances may be
1330	dispensed upon oral prescription of a practitioner, if reduced promptly to writing on forms
1331	designated by the division and filed by the pharmacy.
1332	(iv) Prescriptions reduced to writing by a pharmacist shall be in conformity with
1333	Subsection (7)(d).
1334	(d) Except for emergency situations designated by the division, a person may not issue,
1335	fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance unless the prescription is
1336	signed by the prescriber in ink or indelible pencil or is signed with an electronic signature of
1337	the prescriber as authorized by division rule, and contains the following information:
1338	(i) the name, address, and registry number of the prescriber;
1339	(ii) the name, address, and age of the person to whom or for whom the prescription is
1340	issued;
1341	(iii) the date of issuance of the prescription; and
1342	(iv) the name, quantity, and specific directions for use by the ultimate user of the
1343	controlled substance.
1344	(e) A prescription may not be written, issued, filled, or dispensed for a Schedule I
1345	controlled substance unless:
1346	(i) the person who writes the prescription is licensed under Subsection (2); and
1347	(ii) the prescribed controlled substance is to be used in research.
1348	(f) Except when administered directly to an ultimate user by a licensed practitioner,
1349	controlled substances are subject to the restrictions of this Subsection (7)(f).
1350	(i) A prescription for a Schedule II substance may not be refilled.
1351	(ii) A Schedule II controlled substance may not be filled in a quantity to exceed a

one-month's supply, as directed on the daily dosage rate of the prescriptions.

(iii) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(f)(iii)(B), a prescription for a Schedule II or Schedule III controlled substance that is an opiate and that is issued for an acute condition shall be completely or partially filled in a quantity not to exceed a seven-day supply as directed on the daily dosage rate of the prescription.

- (B) Subsection (7)(f)(iii)(A) does not apply to a prescription issued for a surgery when the practitioner determined that a quantity exceeding seven days is needed, in which case the practitioner may prescribe up to a 30-day supply, with a partial fill at the discretion of the practitioner.
- (C) Subsection (7)(f)(iii)(A) does not apply to prescriptions issued for complex or chronic conditions which are documented as being complex or chronic in the medical record.
- (D) A pharmacist is not required to verify that a prescription is in compliance with Subsection (7)(f)(iii).
- (iv) A Schedule III or IV controlled substance may be filled only within six months of issuance, and may not be refilled more than six months after the date of its original issuance or be refilled more than five times after the date of the prescription unless renewed by the practitioner.
- (v) All other controlled substances in Schedule V may be refilled as the prescriber's prescription directs, but they may not be refilled one year after the date the prescription was issued unless renewed by the practitioner.
- (vi) Any prescription for a Schedule II substance may not be dispensed if it is not presented to a pharmacist for dispensing by a pharmacist or a pharmacy intern within 30 days after the date the prescription was issued, or 30 days after the dispensing date, if that date is specified separately from the date of issue.
- (vii) A practitioner may issue more than one prescription at the same time for the same Schedule II controlled substance, but only under the following conditions:
 - (A) no more than three prescriptions for the same Schedule II controlled substance may

be issued at the same time;

- (B) no one prescription may exceed a 30-day supply; and
- 1381 (C) a second or third prescription shall include the date of issuance and the date for dispensing.
 - (g) An order for a controlled substance in Schedules II through V for use by an inpatient or an outpatient of a licensed hospital is exempt from all requirements of this Subsection (7) if the order is:
 - (i) issued or made by a prescribing practitioner who holds an unrestricted registration with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration, and an active Utah controlled substance license in good standing issued by the division under this section, or a medical resident who is exempted from licensure under Subsection 58-1-307(1)(c);
 - (ii) authorized by the prescribing practitioner treating the patient and the prescribing practitioner designates the quantity ordered;
 - (iii) entered upon the record of the patient, the record is signed by the prescriber affirming the prescriber's authorization of the order within 48 hours after filling or administering the order, and the patient's record reflects the quantity actually administered; and
 - (iv) filled and dispensed by a pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession within the physical structure of the hospital, or the order is taken from a supply lawfully maintained by the hospital and the amount taken from the supply is administered directly to the patient authorized to receive it.
 - (h) A practitioner licensed under this chapter may not prescribe, administer, or dispense a controlled substance to a child, without first obtaining the consent required in Section 78B-3-406 of a parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis of the child except in cases of an emergency. For purposes of this Subsection (7)(h), "child" has the same meaning as defined in Section 78A-6-105, and "emergency" means any physical condition requiring the administration of a controlled substance for immediate relief of pain or suffering.
 - (i) A practitioner licensed under this chapter may not prescribe or administer dosages

of a controlled substance in excess of medically recognized quantities necessary to treat the ailment, malady, or condition of the ultimate user.

- (j) A practitioner licensed under this chapter may not prescribe, administer, or dispense any controlled substance to another person knowing that the other person is using a false name, address, or other personal information for the purpose of securing the controlled substance.
- (k) A person who is licensed under this chapter to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance may not manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance to another licensee or any other authorized person not authorized by this license.
- (l) A person licensed under this chapter may not omit, remove, alter, or obliterate a symbol required by this chapter or by a rule issued under this chapter.
- (m) A person licensed under this chapter may not refuse or fail to make, keep, or furnish any record notification, order form, statement, invoice, or information required under this chapter.
- (n) A person licensed under this chapter may not refuse entry into any premises for inspection as authorized by this chapter.
- (o) A person licensed under this chapter may not furnish false or fraudulent material information in any application, report, or other document required to be kept by this chapter or willfully make any false statement in any prescription, order, report, or record required by this chapter.
- (8) (a) (i) Any person licensed under this chapter who is found by the division to have violated any of the provisions of Subsections (7)(k) through (o) or Subsection (10) is subject to a penalty not to exceed \$5,000. The division shall determine the procedure for adjudication of any violations in accordance with Sections 58-1-106 and 58-1-108.
- (ii) The division shall deposit all penalties collected under Subsection (8)(a)(i) in the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the division under Subsection 58-37f-502(1).
 - (iii) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
- 1432 (A) referring the matter to a collection agency; or

Enrolled Copy

1433	(B) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against
1434	whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
1435	(iv) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
1436	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
1437	(v) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
1438	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
1439	(b) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates Subsections (7)(h) through (j)
1440	or Subsection (10) is:
1441	(i) upon first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor;
1442	(ii) upon second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
1443	(iii) on third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony.
1444	(c) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates Subsections (7)(k) through
1445	(o) shall upon conviction be guilty of a third degree felony.
1446	(9) Any information communicated to any licensed practitioner in an attempt to
1447	unlawfully procure, or to procure the administration of, a controlled substance is not considered
1448	to be a privileged communication.
1449	(10) A person holding a valid license under this chapter who is engaged in medical
1450	research may produce, possess, administer, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance for
1451	research purposes as licensed under Subsection (2) but may not otherwise prescribe or dispense
1452	a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
1453	Section 20. Section 58-37-6.5 is amended to read:
1454	58-37-6.5. Continuing education for controlled substance prescribers.
1455	(1) For the purposes of this section:
1456	(a) "Controlled substance prescriber" means an individual, other than a veterinarian,
1457	who:
1458	(i) is licensed to prescribe a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
1459	Controlled Substances Act; and

1460 (ii) possesses the authority, in accordance with the individual's scope of practice, to 1461 prescribe schedule II controlled substances and schedule III controlled substances that are 1462 applicable to opioid narcotics, hypnotic depressants, or psychostimulants. (b) "D.O." means an osteopathic physician and surgeon licensed under Title 58, 1463 1464 Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act. 1465 (c) "FDA" means the United States Food and Drug Administration. 1466 (d) "M.D." means a physician and surgeon licensed under Title 58. Chapter 67. Utah 1467 Medical Practice Act. 1468 (e) "SBIRT" means the Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment 1469 approach used by the federal Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration or 1470 defined by the division, in consultation with the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental 1471 Health, by administrative rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 1472 Rulemaking Act. 1473 (2) (a) Beginning with the licensing period that begins after January 1, 2014, as a 1474 condition precedent for license renewal, each controlled substance prescriber shall complete at 1475 least [four] 3.5 continuing education hours per licensing period that satisfy the requirements of 1476 [Subsections] Subsection (3) [and (4)]. 1477 (b) (i) Beginning with the licensing period that begins after January 1, 2024, as a 1478 condition precedent for license renewal, each controlled substance prescriber shall complete at 1479 least 3.5 continuing education hours in an SBIRT-training class that satisfies the requirements 1480 of Subsection [(5)] (4). 1481 (ii) Completion of the SBIRT-training class, in compliance with Subsection (2)(b)(i), 1482 fulfills the continuing education hours requirement in Subsection [(4)] (3) for the licensing 1483 period in which the class was completed. 1484 (iii) A controlled substance prescriber:

1485

1486

prescriber's licensure in the state; and

(A) need only take the SBIRT-training class once during the controlled substance

Enrolled Copy

1487	(B) shall provide a completion record of the SBIRT-training class in order to be
1488	reimbursed for SBIRT services to patients, in accordance with Section 26-18-22 and Section
1489	49-20-416.
1490	[(3) As provided in Subsection 58-37f-402(8), the online tutorial and passing the
1491	online test described in Section 58-37f-402 shall count as 1/2 hour of continuing professional
1492	education under Subsection (2) per licensing period.]
1493	[(4)] (3) A controlled substance prescriber shall complete at least 3.5 hours of
1494	continuing education in one or more controlled substance prescribing classes, except dentists
1495	who shall complete at least two hours, that satisfy the requirements of Subsections $[(5)]$ (4) and
1496	[(7)] (6).
1497	[(5)] (4) A controlled substance prescribing class shall:
1498	(a) satisfy the division's requirements for the continuing education required for the
1499	renewal of the controlled substance prescriber's respective license type;
1500	(b) be delivered by an accredited or approved continuing education provider
1501	recognized by the division as offering continuing education appropriate for the controlled
1502	substance prescriber's respective license type; and
1503	(c) include a postcourse knowledge assessment.
1504	[(6)] (5) An M.D. or D.O. completing continuing professional education hours under
1505	Subsection (4) shall complete those hours in classes that qualify for the American Medical
1506	Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 Credit.
1507	[(7)] <u>(6)</u> The 3.5 hours of the controlled substance prescribing classes under Subsection
1508	(4) shall include educational content covering the following:
1509	(a) the scope of the controlled substance abuse problem in Utah and the nation;
1510	(b) all elements of the FDA Blueprint for Prescriber Education under the FDA's
1511	Extended-Release and Long-Acting Opioid Analgesics Risk Evaluation and Mitigation
1512	Strategy, as published July 9, 2012, or as it may be subsequently revised;
1513	(c) the national and Utah-specific resources available to prescribers to assist in

1514	appropriate controlled substance and opioid prescribing;
1515	(d) patient record documentation for controlled substance and opioid prescribing; and
1516	(e) office policies, procedures, and implementation.
1517	[(8)] (a) The division, in consultation with the Utah Medical Association
1518	Foundation, shall determine whether a particular controlled substance prescribing class satisfies
1519	the educational content requirements of Subsections [(5)] (4) and [(7)] (6) for an M.D. or D.O.
1520	(b) The division, in consultation with the applicable professional licensing boards,
1521	shall determine whether a particular controlled substance prescribing class satisfies the
1522	educational content requirements of Subsections [(5)] (4) and (7)] (6) for a controlled
1523	substance prescriber other than an M.D. or D.O.
1524	(c) The division may by rule establish a committee that may audit compliance with the
1525	Utah Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Educational Programming Project
1526	grant, that satisfies the educational content requirements of Subsections [(5)] (4) and (7)] (6)
1527	for a controlled substance prescriber.
1528	[9] (8) A controlled substance prescribing class required under this section:
1529	(a) may be held:
1530	(i) in conjunction with other continuing professional education programs; and
1531	(ii) online; and
1532	(b) does not increase the total number of state-required continuing professional
1533	education hours required for prescriber licensing.
1534	[(10)] (9) The division may establish rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1535	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this section.
1536	[(11)] (10) A controlled substance prescriber who, on or after July 1, 2017, obtains a
1537	waiver to treat opioid dependency with narcotic medications, in accordance with the Drug
1538	Addiction Treatment Act of 2000, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 823 et seq., may use the waiver to satisfy the
1539	3.5 hours of the continuing education requirement under Subsection [(4)] (3) for two
1540	consecutive licensing periods.

1541	Section 21. Section 58-37f-401 is amended to read:
1542	58-37f-401. Database registration required Penalties for failure to register.
1543	(1) Each individual, other than a veterinarian, who, on June 30, 2010, has a license to
1544	prescribe a controlled substance under Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, but is not
1545	registered with the division to use the database shall, on or before September 30, 2010, register
1546	with the division to use the database.
1547	[(2) Each individual who, on November 1, 2012, is registered with the division to use
1548	the database shall, on or before January 1, 2013, participate in the online tutorial and pass the
1549	online test described in Section 58-37f-402.]
1550	[(3)] (2) (a) An individual who is not a veterinarian, who obtains a new license to
1551	prescribe a controlled substance under Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, shall,
1552	within 30 days after the day on which the individual obtains a license to prescribe a controlled
1553	substance from the Drug Enforcement Administration, register with the division to use the
1554	database.
1555	(b) An individual who is not a veterinarian may not renew a license to prescribe a
1556	controlled substance under Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, unless the individual
1557	registers with the division to use the database.
1558	[(4)] (3) Beginning on November 2, 2012, in order to register to use the database, the
1559	individual registering must participate in the online tutorial and pass the online test described
1560	in Section 58-37f-402.
1561	[(5)] (4) Failure by an individual to comply with the requirements of this section is
1562	grounds for the division to take the following actions in accordance with Section 58-1-401:
1563	(a) refuse to issue a license to the individual;
1564	(b) refuse to renew the individual's license; or
1565	(c) revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation the license.
1566	[(6)] (5) Beginning on July 1, 2010, the division shall, in accordance with Section
1567	63J-1-504, impose an annual database registration fee on an individual who registers to use the

1568	database, to pay the startup and ongoing costs of the division for complying with the
1569	requirements of this section [and Section 58-37f-402].
1570	Section 22. Section 58-37f-402 is amended to read:
1571	58-37f-402. Online tutorial and test relating to the database Fees Rulemaking
1572	authority Continuing professional education credit.
1573	(1) The division shall develop an online tutorial and an online test for registration to
1574	use the database that provides instruction regarding, and tests, the following:
1575	(a) the purpose of the database;
1576	(b) how to access and use the database;
1577	(c) the law relating to:
1578	(i) the use of the database; and
1579	(ii) the information submitted to, and obtained from, the database; and
1580	(d) basic knowledge that is important for all people who prescribe controlled
1581	substances to know in order to help ensure the health and safety of an individual to whom a
1582	controlled substance is prescribed.
1583	(2) The division shall design the test described in this section as follows:
1584	(a) an individual shall answer all of the questions correctly in order to pass the test;
1585	(b) an individual shall be permitted to immediately retake the portion of the test that
1586	the individual answers incorrectly as many times as necessary for the individual to pass the test
1587	and
1588	(c) after an individual takes the test, the test software shall:
1589	(i) immediately inform the individual of the number of questions that were answered
1590	incorrectly;
1591	(ii) provide the correct answers;
1592	(iii) replay the portion of the tutorial that relates to the incorrectly answered questions;
1593	and
1594	(iv) ask the individual the incorrectly answered questions again.

Enrolled Copy

1595	(3) The division shall design the tutorial and test so that it is possible to take the
1596	tutorial and complete the test in 20 minutes or less, if the individual answers all of the
1597	questions correctly on the first attempt.
1598	(4) The division shall ensure that the tutorial and test described in this section are fully
1599	functional and available for use online on or before November 1, 2010.
1600	(5) The division shall impose a fee, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, on an
1601	individual who takes the test described in this section, to pay the costs incurred by the division
1602	to:
1603	(a) develop, implement, and administer the tutorial and test described in this section;
1604	and
1605	(b) fulfill the other duties imposed on the division under this part.
1606	(6) The division may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1607	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
1608	(a) develop, implement, and administer the tutorial and test described in this section;
1609	and
1610	(b) fulfill the other duties imposed on the division under this part.
1611	(7) The Department of Health shall assist the division in developing the portion of the
1612	test described in Subsection (1)(d).
1613	[(8) Completing the online tutorial and passing the online test described in this section
1614	shall count as 1/2 hour of continuing professional education under Subsection 58-37-6.5(2).]
1615	Section 23. Section 58-44a-402 is amended to read:
1616	58-44a-402. Authority to assess penalty.
1617	(1) After a proceeding pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures
1618	Act, and Title 58, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act, the
1619	division may impose an administrative penalty of up to \$10,000 for unprofessional or unlawful
1620	conduct under this chapter in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule.
1621	(2) The assessment of a penalty under this section does not affect any other action the

1622	division is authorized to take regarding a license issued under this chapter.
1623	(3) The division may impose an administrative penalty of up to \$500 for any violation
1624	of Subsection 58-44a-501(2), (3), or (4), consistent with Section 58-44a-503.
1625	(4) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
1626	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
1627	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
1628	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
1629	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
1630	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
1631	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
1632	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
1633	Section 24. Section 58-47b-501 is amended to read:
1634	58-47b-501. Unlawful conduct.
1635	"Unlawful conduct" includes:
1636	(1) practicing, engaging in, or attempting to practice or engage in massage therapy
1637	without holding a current license as a massage therapist or a massage apprentice under this
1638	chapter;
1639	(2) advertising or representing himself as practicing massage therapy when not licensed
1640	to do so; and
1641	(3) massaging, touching, or applying any instrument or device by a licensee in the
1642	course of practicing or engaging in massage therapy to the:
1643	(a) genitals [or];
1644	(b) anus; [and] or
1645	[(b)] (c) breasts of a female patron, except when a female patron requests breast
1646	massage, as may be further defined by division rule, and signs a written consent form, which
1647	must also include the signature of a parent or legal guardian if the patron is a minor,
1648	authorizing the procedure and outlining the reason for it before the procedure is performed.

1649	Section 25. Section 58-53-502 is amended to read:
1650	58-53-502. Citations Penalty for unlawful conduct.
1651	(1) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
1652	violated Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d), Section 58-53-501, or Section 58-53-603 or
1653	any rule or order issued with respect to Section 58-53-501, and that disciplinary action is
1654	appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division for each alternative
1655	respectively, shall promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any
1656	pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear
1657	before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
1658	Procedures Act.
1659	(i) A person who violates Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-53-501
1660	or any rule or order issued with respect to Section 58-53-501, as evidenced by an uncontested
1661	citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may
1662	be assessed a fine pursuant to Subsection (1)(i) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered
1663	to cease and desist from violating Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-53-501
1664	or any rule or order issued with respect to Section 58-53-501.
1665	(ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section
1666	58-53-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
1667	(b) A citation shall:
1668	(i) be in writing;
1669	(ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the
1670	provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
1671	(iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20
1672	calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing
1673	conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
1674	(iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make
1675	payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.

(c) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.

(d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon any person whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person specially designated by the director or by mail.

- (e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of the citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
- (g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
- (h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of any violation.
 - (i) The director or the director's designee shall assess fines according to the following:
 - (i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- (ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
- (iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
- (2) An action initiated for a first or second offense which has not yet resulted in a final order of the division does not preclude initiation of any subsequent action for a second or subsequent offense during the pendency of any preceding action. The final order on a subsequent action shall be considered a second or subsequent offense, respectively, provided the preceding action resulted in a first or second offense, respectively.
 - (3) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring

1729

1703	the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in
1704	which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office
1705	of the director is located. Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide
1706	legal assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action
1707	brought to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be
1708	awarded to the division.]
1709	(3) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
1710	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
1711	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
1712	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
1713	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
1714	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
1715	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
1716	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
1717	Section 26. Section 58-55-305 is amended to read:
1718	58-55-305. Exemptions from licensure.
1719	(1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following
1720	persons may engage in acts or practices included within the practice of construction trades,
1721	subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this chapter:
1722	(a) an authorized representative of the United States government or an authorized
1723	employee of the state or any of its political subdivisions when working on construction work of
1724	the state or the subdivision, and when acting within the terms of the person's trust, office, or
1725	employment;
1726	(b) a person engaged in construction or operation incidental to the construction and
1727	repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts, reclamation

districts, and drainage districts or construction and repair relating to farming, dairying,

agriculture, livestock or poultry raising, metal and coal mining, quarries, sand and gravel

excavations, well drilling, as defined in Section 73-3-25, hauling to and from construction sites, and lumbering;

- (c) public utilities operating under the rules of the Public Service Commission on work incidental to their own business;
 - (d) sole owners of property engaged in building:

- (i) no more than one residential structure per year and no more than three residential structures per five years on their property for their own noncommercial, nonpublic use; except, a person other than the property owner or individuals described in Subsection (1)(e), who engages in building the structure must be licensed under this chapter if the person is otherwise required to be licensed under this chapter; or
- (ii) structures on their property for their own noncommercial, nonpublic use which are incidental to a residential structure on the property, including sheds, carports, or detached garages;
- (e) (i) a person engaged in construction or renovation of a residential building for noncommercial, nonpublic use if that person:
- (A) works without compensation other than token compensation that is not considered salary or wages; and
- (B) works under the direction of the property owner who engages in building the structure; and
- (ii) as used in this Subsection (1)(e), "token compensation" means compensation paid by a sole owner of property exempted from licensure under Subsection (1)(d) to a person exempted from licensure under this Subsection (1)(e), that is:
- (A) minimal in value when compared with the fair market value of the services provided by the person;
 - (B) not related to the fair market value of the services provided by the person; and
- (C) is incidental to the providing of services by the person including paying for or providing meals or refreshment while services are being provided, or paying reasonable

transportation costs incurred by the person in travel to the site of construction;

- (f) a person engaged in the sale or merchandising of personal property that by its design or manufacture may be attached, installed, or otherwise affixed to real property who has contracted with a person, firm, or corporation licensed under this chapter to install, affix, or attach that property;
- (g) a contractor submitting a bid on a federal aid highway project, if, before undertaking construction under that bid, the contractor is licensed under this chapter;
- (h) (i) <u>subject to Subsection 58-1-401(2)</u> and <u>Sections 58-55-501</u> and <u>58-55-502</u>, a person engaged in the alteration, repair, remodeling, or addition to or improvement of a building with a contracted or agreed value of less than \$3,000, including both labor and materials, and including all changes or additions to the contracted or agreed upon work; and
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(h)(i) and except as otherwise provided in this section:
- (A) work in the plumbing and electrical trades on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project within any six month period of time:
- (I) must be performed by a licensed electrical or plumbing contractor, if the project involves an electrical or plumbing system; and
- (II) may be performed by a licensed journeyman electrician or plumber or an individual referred to in Subsection (1)(h)(ii)(A)(I), if the project involves a component of the system such as a faucet, toilet, fixture, device, outlet, or electrical switch;
- (B) installation, repair, or replacement of a residential or commercial gas appliance or a combustion system on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a person who has received certification under Subsection 58-55-308(2) except as otherwise provided in Subsection 58-55-308(2)(d) or 58-55-308(3);
- (C) installation, repair, or replacement of water-based fire protection systems on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a licensed fire suppression systems contractor or a licensed journeyman plumber;

(D) work as an alarm business or company or as an alarm company agent shall be performed by a licensed alarm business or company or a licensed alarm company agent, except as otherwise provided in this chapter;

- (E) installation, repair, or replacement of an alarm system on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by a licensed alarm business or company or a licensed alarm company agent;
- (F) installation, repair, or replacement of a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning system (HVAC) on a Subsection (1)(h)(i) project must be performed by an HVAC contractor licensed by the division;
- (G) installation, repair, or replacement of a radon mitigation system or a soil depressurization system must be performed by a licensed contractor; and
- (H) if the total value of the project is greater than \$1,000, the person shall file with the division a one-time affirmation, subject to periodic reaffirmation as established by division rule, that the person has:
- (I) public liability insurance in coverage amounts and form established by division rule; and
- (II) if applicable, workers compensation insurance which would cover an employee of the person if that employee worked on the construction project;
- (i) a person practicing a specialty contractor classification or construction trade which the director does not classify by administrative rule as significantly impacting the public's health, safety, and welfare;
- (j) owners and lessees of property and persons regularly employed for wages by owners or lessees of property or their agents for the purpose of maintaining the property, are exempt from this chapter when doing work upon the property;
- (k) (i) a person engaged in minor plumbing work that is incidental, as defined by the division by rule, to the replacement or repair of a fixture or an appliance in a residential or small commercial building, or structure used for agricultural use, as defined in Section

1811	15A-1-202, provided that no modification is made to:
1812	(A) existing culinary water, soil, waste, or vent piping; or
1813	(B) a gas appliance or combustion system; and
1814	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), installation for the first time of a fixture or
1815	an appliance is not included in the exemption provided under Subsection (1)(k)(i);
1816	(l) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the plumber licensure requirements
1817	under this chapter when installing or repairing a water conditioner or other water treatment
1818	apparatus if the conditioner or apparatus:
1819	(i) meets the appropriate state construction codes or local plumbing standards; and
1820	(ii) is installed or repaired under the direction of a person authorized to do the work
1821	under an appropriate specialty contractor license;
1822	(m) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements
1823	under this chapter when employed by:
1824	(i) railroad corporations, telephone corporations or their corporate affiliates, elevator
1825	contractors or constructors, or street railway systems; or
1826	(ii) public service corporations, rural electrification associations, or municipal utilities
1827	who generate, distribute, or sell electrical energy for light, heat, or power;
1828	(n) a person involved in minor electrical work incidental to a mechanical or service
1829	installation, including the outdoor installation of an above-ground, prebuilt hot tub;
1830	(o) a person who ordinarily would be subject to the electrician licensure requirements
1831	under this chapter but who during calendar years 2009, 2010, or 2011 was issued a specialty
1832	contractor license for the electrical work associated with the installation, repair, or maintenance
1833	of solar energy panels, may continue the limited electrical work for solar energy panels under a
1834	specialty contractor license;
1835	(p) a student participating in construction trade education and training programs
1836	approved by the commission with the concurrence of the director under the condition that:
1837	(i) all work intended as a part of a finished product on which there would normally be

1838 an inspection by a building inspector is, in fact, inspected and found acceptable by a licensed 1839 building inspector; and (ii) a licensed contractor obtains the necessary building permits; 1840 1841 (q) a delivery person when replacing any of the following existing equipment with a 1842 new gas appliance, provided there is an existing gas shutoff valve at the appliance: 1843 (i) gas range; 1844 (ii) gas dryer; 1845 (iii) outdoor gas barbeque; or 1846 (iv) outdoor gas patio heater; 1847 (r) a person performing maintenance on an elevator as defined in Subsection 1848 58-55-102(14), if the maintenance is not related to the operating integrity of the elevator; and 1849 (s) an apprentice or helper of an elevator mechanic licensed under this chapter when 1850 working under the general direction of the licensed elevator mechanic. 1851 (2) A compliance agency as defined in Section 15A-1-202 that issues a building permit 1852 to a person requesting a permit as a sole owner of property referred to in Subsection (1)(d) shall 1853 notify the division, in writing or through electronic transmission, of the issuance of the permit. 1854 Section 27. Section 58-55-501 is amended to read: 1855 58-55-501. Unlawful conduct. 1856 Unlawful conduct includes: 1857 (1) engaging in a construction trade, acting as a contractor, an alarm business or 1858 company, or an alarm company agent, or representing oneself to be engaged in a construction 1859 trade or to be acting as a contractor in a construction trade requiring licensure, unless the 1860 person doing any of these is appropriately licensed or exempted from licensure under this 1861 chapter; 1862 (2) acting in a construction trade, as an alarm business or company, or as an alarm 1863 company agent beyond the scope of the license held;

(3) hiring or employing a person who is not licensed under this chapter to perform

1865	work on a project, unless the person:
1866	(a) is an employee of a person licensed under this chapter for wages; and
1867	(b) is not required to be licensed under this chapter;
1868	(4) applying for or obtaining a building permit either for oneself or another when not
1869	licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;
1870	(5) issuing a building permit to any person for whom there is no evidence of a current
1871	license or exemption from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;
1872	(6) applying for or obtaining a building permit for the benefit of or on behalf of any
1873	other person who is required to be licensed under this chapter but who is not licensed or is
1874	otherwise not entitled to obtain or receive the benefit of the building permit;
1875	(7) failing to obtain a building permit when required by law or rule;
1876	(8) submitting a bid for any work for which a license is required under this chapter by a
1877	person not licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;
1878	(9) willfully or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting a material fact in connection
1879	with an application to obtain or renew a license under this chapter;
1880	(10) allowing one's license to be used by another except as provided by statute or rule;
1881	(11) doing business under a name other than the name appearing on the license, except
1882	as permitted by statute or rule;
1883	(12) if licensed as a [specialty] contractor in the electrical trade or plumbing trade,
1884	journeyman plumber, residential journeyman plumber, journeyman electrician, master
1885	electrician, or residential electrician, failing to directly supervise an apprentice under one's
1886	supervision or exceeding the number of apprentices one is allowed to have under the
1887	[speciality] contractor's supervision;
1888	(13) if licensed as a contractor or representing oneself to be a contractor, receiving any
1889	funds in payment for a specific project from an owner or any other person, which funds are to
1890	pay for work performed or materials and services furnished for that specific project, and after

receiving the funds to exercise unauthorized control over the funds by failing to pay the full

amounts due and payable to persons who performed work or furnished materials or services within a reasonable period of time;

- (14) employing an unlicensed alarm business or company or an unlicensed individual as an alarm company agent, except as permitted under the exemption from licensure provisions under Section 58-1-307;
- (15) if licensed as an alarm company or alarm company agent, filing with the division fingerprint cards for an applicant which are not those of the applicant, or are in any other way false or fraudulent and intended to mislead the division in its consideration of the applicant for licensure;
 - (16) if licensed under this chapter, willfully or deliberately disregarding or violating:
 - (a) the building or construction laws of this state or any political subdivision;
 - (b) the safety and labor laws applicable to a project;

- (c) any provision of the health laws applicable to a project;
- (d) the workers' compensation insurance laws of the state applicable to a project;
- (e) the laws governing withholdings for employee state and federal income taxes, unemployment taxes, Social Security payroll taxes, or other required withholdings; or
 - (f) reporting, notification, and filing laws of this state or the federal government;
- (17) aiding or abetting any person in evading the provisions of this chapter or rules established under the authority of the division to govern this chapter;
- (18) engaging in the construction trade or as a contractor for the construction of residences of up to two units when not currently registered or exempt from registration as a qualified beneficiary under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery Fund Act;
- (19) failing, as an original contractor, as defined in Section 38-11-102, to include in a written contract the notification required in Section 38-11-108;
- 1917 (20) wrongfully filing a preconstruction or construction lien in violation of Section 38-1a-308;

1919	(21) if licensed as a contractor, not completing the approved continuing education
1920	required under Section 58-55-302.5;
1921	(22) an alarm company allowing an employee with a temporary license under Section
1922	58-55-312 to engage in conduct on behalf of the company outside the scope of the temporary
1923	license, as provided in Subsection 58-55-312(3)(a)(ii);
1924	(23) an alarm company agent under a temporary license under Section 58-55-312
1925	engaging in conduct outside the scope of the temporary license, as provided in Subsection
1926	58-55-312(3)(a)(ii);
1927	(24) (a) an unincorporated entity licensed under this chapter having an individual who
1928	owns an interest in the unincorporated entity engage in a construction trade in Utah while not
1929	lawfully present in the United States; or
1930	(b) an unincorporated entity providing labor to an entity licensed under this chapter by
1931	providing an individual who owns an interest in the unincorporated entity to engage in a
1932	construction trade in Utah while not lawfully present in the United States;
1933	(25) an unincorporated entity failing to provide the following for an individual who
1934	engages, or will engage, in a construction trade in Utah for the unincorporated entity, or for an
1935	individual who engages, or will engage, in a construction trade in Utah for a separate entity for
1936	which the unincorporated entity provides the individual as labor:
1937	(a) workers' compensation coverage:
1938	(i) to the extent required by Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers' Compensation Act, and
1939	Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; or
1940	(ii) that would be required under the chapters listed in Subsection (25)(a)(i) if the
1941	unincorporated entity were licensed under this chapter; and
1942	(b) unemployment compensation in accordance with Title 35A, Chapter 4,
1943	Employment Security Act, for an individual who owns, directly or indirectly, less than an 8%
1944	interest in the unincorporated entity, as defined by rule made by the division in accordance with
1945	Title 63G Chapter 3 Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act

1946	(26) the failure of a sign installation contractor or nonelectrical outdoor advertising
1947	sign contractor, as classified and defined in division rules, to:
1948	(a) display the contractor's license number prominently on a vehicle that:
1949	(i) the contractor uses; and
1950	(ii) displays the contractor's business name; or
1951	(b) carry a copy of the contractor's license in any other vehicle that the contractor uses
1952	at a job site, whether or not the vehicle is owned by the contractor;
1953	(27) (a) an unincorporated entity licensed under this chapter having an individual who
1954	owns an interest in the unincorporated entity engage in a construction trade in the state while
1955	the individual is using a Social Security number that does not belong to that individual; or
1956	(b) an unincorporated entity providing labor to an entity licensed under this chapter by
1957	providing an individual, who owns an interest in the unincorporated entity, to engage in a
1958	construction trade in the state while the individual is using a Social Security number that does
1959	not belong to that individual;
1960	(28) a contractor failing to comply with a requirement imposed by a political
1961	subdivision, state agency, or board of education under Section 58-55-310; or
1962	(29) failing to timely comply with the requirements described in Section 58-55-605.
1963	Section 28. Section 58-55-503 is amended to read:
1964	58-55-503. Penalty for unlawful conduct Citations.
1965	(1) (a) (i) A person who violates Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1),
1966	(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (9), (10), (12), (14), (15), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or
1967	(29), or Subsection 58-55-504(2), or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this
1968	section after it is final, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1969	(ii) As used in this section in reference to Subsection 58-55-504(2), "person" means an
1970	individual and does not include a sole proprietorship, joint venture, corporation, limited
1971	liability company, association, or organization of any type.

(b) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(8) may not be

1974

1975

1976

1977

1978

1979

1982

1983

1984

1985

1986

1987

1988

awarded and may not accept a contract for the performance of the work.

- (2) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection 58-55-501(13) is guilty of an infraction unless the violator did so with the intent to deprive the person to whom money is to be paid of the money received, in which case the violator is guilty of theft, as classified in Section 76-6-412.
- (3) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division and the commission include:
- 1980 (a) the issuance of a citation for violation of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Section 58-55-501, or Subsection 58-55-504(2); and
 - (b) the failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with respect to any matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, including:
 - (i) applying to the division for a new license to engage in a new specialty classification or to do business under a new form of organization or business structure;
 - (ii) filing a current financial statement with the division; and
 - (iii) notifying the division concerning loss of insurance coverage or change in qualifier.
- 1989 (4) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has 1990 violated the provisions of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), 1991 (10), (12), (14), (19), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or (29), Subsection 1992 58-55-504(2), or any rule or order issued with respect to these subsections, and that disciplinary 1993 action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall 1994 promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt 1995 to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an adjudicative 1996 proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (i) A person who is in violation of the provisions of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (19), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or (29), or Subsection 58-55-504(2), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a

stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (4) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from violating Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (19), (21), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or (29), or Subsection 58-55-504(2).

- (ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-55-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
- (b) (i) A citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated.
- (ii) A citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (iii) A citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
- (c) A citation issued under this section, or a copy of a citation, may be served upon a person upon whom a summons may be served:
 - (i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
- (ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by a person specially designated by the director; or
- (iii) by mail.

- (d) (i) If within 20 calendar days after the day on which a citation is served, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
 - (ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- 2025 (e) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation 2026 the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.

2027	(1) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes
2028	final is a ground for denial of license.
2029	(g) A citation may not be issued under this section after the expiration of six months
2030	following the occurrence of a violation.
2031	(h) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the director or the director's designee shall
2032	assess a fine in accordance with the following:
2033	(i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
2034	(ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000;
2035	and
2036	(iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (4)(a), a fine of up to
2037	\$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
2038	(i) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under
2039	Subsection (4)(h), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
2040	(A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a
2041	first or second offense in violation of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2),
2042	(3), (9), (10), (12), (14), (19), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or (29), or Subsection 58-55-504(2);
2043	or
2044	(B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
2045	(II) a final order has not been issued by the division in the action initiated under
2046	Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I);
2047	(III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of
2048	the action under Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(I) that the person committed a second or subsequent
2049	violation of the provisions of Subsection 58-55-308(2), Subsection 58-55-501(1), (2), (3), (9),
2050	(10), (12), (14), (19), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), or (29), or Subsection 58-55-504(2); and
2051	(IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
2052	Subsection (4)(i)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under
2053	Subsection $(4)(i)(i)(B)(I)$.

(ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection(4)(i)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.

- (j) In addition to any other licensure sanction or fine imposed under this section, the division shall revoke the license of a licensee that violates Subsection 58-55-501(24) or (25) two or more times within a 12-month period, unless, with respect to a violation of Subsection 58-55-501(24), the licensee can demonstrate that the licensee successfully verified the federal legal working status of the individual who was the subject of the violation using a status verification system, as defined in Section 13-47-102.
- (k) For purposes of this Subsection (4), a violation of Subsection 58-55-501(24) or (25) for each individual is considered a separate violation.
- (5) If a person violates Section 58-55-501, the division may not treat the violation as a subsequent violation of a previous violation if the violation occurs five years or more after the day on which the person committed the previous violation.
- (6) If, after an investigation, the division determines that a person has committed multiple of the same type of violation of Section 58-55-501, the division may treat each violation as a separate violation of Section 58-55-501 and apply a penalty under this section to each violation.
- (7) (a) A penalty imposed by the director under Subsection (4)(h) shall be deposited into the Commerce Service Account created by Section 13-1-2.
- (b) A penalty that is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
- (c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state [is to] shall provide legal assistance and advice to the director in [any] an action to collect [the] a penalty.
- (d) In an action brought to [enforce the provisions of this section] collect a penalty, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party.

2107

2081	Section 29. Section 58-56-9.5 is amended to read:
2082	58-56-9.5. Penalty for unlawful conduct Citations.
2083	(1) A person who violates a provision of Section 58-56-9.1 or who fails to comply with
2084	a citation issued under this section after it is final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
2085	(2) Grounds for immediate suspension of a licensee's license by the division under this
2086	chapter include:
2087	(a) the issuance of a citation for violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; and
2088	(b) failure by a licensee to make application to, report to, or notify the division with
2089	respect to a matter for which application, notification, or reporting is required under this
2090	chapter or rules made under this chapter by the division.
2091	(3) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has
2092	violated a provision of Section 58-56-9.1, or a rule or order issued with respect to that section,
2093	and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within
2094	the division shall:
2095	(i) promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent
2096	rules;
2097	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
2098	(iii) notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under
2099	Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
2100	(b) (i) A person who violates a provision of Section 58-56-9.1, as evidenced by an
2101	uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative
2102	proceeding, may be assessed a fine under this Subsection (3)(b) and may, in addition to or
2103	instead of the fine, be ordered by the division to cease from violating the provision.
2104	(ii) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2)(a), the division may not assess
2105	licensure sanctions referred to in Subsection 58-56-9(1)(c) through a citation.
2106	(c) (i) Each citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the nature of the

violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have

2 1 0 0	1	
2108	been	violated.

2109

2110

2111

2112

2113

2114

2115

2116

2117

2118

2119

2124

2125

2126

2127

2128

2129

2130

- (ii) The citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (iii) The citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
- (d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon any person upon whom a summons may be served:
 - (i) in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure;
- (ii) personally or upon the person's agent by a division investigator or by any person specially designated by the director; or
- 2120 (iii) by mail.
- (e) (i) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
 - (ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
 - (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
 - (g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of a license.
 - (h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of the violation.
- 2131 (i) The director or the director's designee may assess fines for violations of Section 2132 58-56-9.1 as follows:
 - (i) for a first offense determined under this Subsection (3), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- 2134 (ii) for a second offense, a fine of up to \$2,000; and

2135	(iii) for any subsequent offense, a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued
2136	offense.
2137	(j) For the purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine
2138	under Subsection (3)(i), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent offense if:
2139	(i) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a
2140	first or second offense in violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; or
2141	(ii) (A) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
2142	(B) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under
2143	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A);
2144	(C) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of
2145	the action under Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(A) that the person committed a second or subsequent
2146	violation of a provision of Section 58-56-9.1; and
2147	(D) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
2148	Subsection (3)(j)(ii)(C), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under
2149	Subsection $(3)(j)(ii)(A)$.
2150	(k) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection (3)(j),
2151	the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
2152	(4) (a) Proceeds from a fine imposed under Subsection (3)(i) shall be deposited in the
2153	Commerce Service Account created by Section 13-1-2.
2154	[(b) The director may collect an unpaid fine by:]
2155	[(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or]
2156	[(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person resides or
2157	in the county where the director's office is located.]
2158	[(c) (i) The state's attorney general or a county attorney shall provide legal assistance
2159	and advice to the director in an action brought under Subsection (4)(b).]
2160	[(ii) Reasonable attorney fees and costs shall be awarded in an action brought to
2161	enforce the provisions of this section.]

2162	(b) The director may collect a fine that is not paid by:
2163	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
2164	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
2165	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
2166	(c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
2167	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
2168	(d) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
2169	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
2170	Section 30. Section 58-60-117 is amended to read:
2171	58-60-117. Externship licenses.
2172	(1) The division shall issue a temporary license under Part 2, Social Worker Licensing
2173	Act, Part 3, Marriage and Family Therapist Licensing Act, or Part 4, Clinical Mental Health
2174	Counselor Licensing Act, of this chapter to a person who:
2175	(a) submits an application for licensure under Part 2, Social Worker Licensing Act,
2176	Part 3, Marriage and Family Therapist Licensing Act, or Part 4, Clinical Mental Health
2177	Counselor Licensing Act;
2178	(b) pays a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2179	(c) holds an earned doctoral degree or master's degree in a discipline that is a
2180	prerequisite for practice as a mental health therapist;
2181	(d) has a deficiency, as defined by division rule, in course work;
2182	(e) provides mental health therapy as an employee of a public or private organization,
2183	which provides mental health therapy, while under the supervision of a person licensed under
2184	this chapter; and
2185	(f) is of good moral character and has no disciplinary action pending or in effect
2186	against the applicant in connection with the practice of mental health therapy, in any
2187	jurisdiction.
2188	(2) A temporary license issued under this section shall expire upon the earlier of:

2189	(a) issuance of the license applied for; or
2190	(b) unless the deadline is extended for good cause as determined by the division, three
2191	years from the date the temporary license was issued.
2192	(3) The temporary license issued under this section is an externship license.
2193	Section 31. Section 58-63-503 is amended to read:
2194	58-63-503. Penalties.
2195	(1) Unless Subsection (2) applies, an individual who commits an act of unlawful
2196	conduct under Section 58-63-501 or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this
2197	section after it becomes final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
2198	(2) The division may immediately suspend a license issued under this chapter of a
2199	person who is given a citation for violating Subsection 58-63-501(1), (2), (4), or (5).
2200	(3) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division determines that a person has
2201	violated Subsection 58-63-501(1), (2), (4), or (5) or any rule made or order issued under those
2202	subsections, and that disciplinary action is warranted, the director or the director's designee
2203	within the division shall promptly issue a citation to the person and:
2204	(i) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
2205	(ii) notify the person to appear for an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title
2206	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
2207	(b) (i) The division may fine a person who violates Subsection 58-63-501(1), (2), (4),
2208	or (5), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or a finding of a
2209	violation in an adjudicative proceeding held under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), or order the person to
2210	cease and desist from the violation, or do both.
2211	(ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the division may not impose the licensure
2212	sanctions listed in Section 58-63-401 through the issuance of a citation under this section.
2213	(c) The written citation shall:
2214	(i) describe the nature of the violation, including a reference to the allegedly violated
2215	statute, rule, or order;

2216	(ii) state the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of
2217	issuance of the citation if the recipient wants to contest the citation at the adjudicative
2218	proceeding referred to in Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and
2219	(iii) explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make
2220	payment of a fine assessed under the citation with the time specified in the citation.
2221	(d) (i) The division may serve a citation issued under this section, or a copy of the
2222	citation, upon an individual who is subject to service of a summons under the Utah Rules of
2223	Civil Procedure.
2224	(ii) (A) The division may serve the individual personally or serve the individual's
2225	agent.
2226	(B) The division may serve the summons by a division investigator, by a person
2227	designated by the director, or by mail.
2228	(e) (i) If within 20 days from the service of a citation the person to whom the citation
2229	was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order
2230	of the division and is not subject to further agency review.
2231	(ii) The division may grant an extension of the 20-day period for cause.
2232	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation
2233	the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
2234	(g) The division may not issue a citation for an alleged violation under this section
2235	after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of the alleged violation.
2236	(h) The director or the director's designee may assess fines under this section as
2237	follows:
2238	(i) for a first offense under Subsection (3)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
2239	(ii) for a second offense under Subsection (3)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
2240	(iii) for a subsequent offense under Subsection (3)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each
2241	day of continued violation.

(i) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under

2243	Subsection (3)(n), an offense is a second or subsequent offense if:
2244	(A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a
2245	first or second offense in violation of Subsection 58-63-501(1) or (4); or
2246	(B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
2247	(II) no final order has been issued by the division in an action initiated under
2248	Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(I);
2249	(III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of
2250	the action under Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(I) that the person committed a second or subsequent
2251	violation of Subsection 58-63-501(1) or (4); and
2252	(IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under
2253	Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under
2254	Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(I).
2255	(ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection
2256	(3)(i)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
2257	(4) (a) The division shall deposit a fine imposed by the director under Subsection (3)(h)
2258	in the General Fund as a dedicated credit for use by the division for the purposes listed in
2259	Section 58-63-103.
2260	[(b) The director may collect a Subsection (3)(h) fine which is not paid by:]
2261	[(i) referring the matter to the Office of State Debt Collection or a collection agency;
2262	or]
2263	[(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person resides or
2264	in the county where the office of the director is located.]
2265	[(c) The director may seek legal assistance from the attorney general or the county or
2266	district attorney of the district in which the action is brought to collect the fine.]
2267	[(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the division for
2268	successful actions under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).]
2269	(b) The director may collect a fine that is not paid by:

2270	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
2271	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
2272	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
2273	(c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
2274	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
2275	(d) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
2276	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
2277	Section 32. Section 58-67-302 is amended to read:
2278	58-67-302. Qualifications for licensure.
2279	(1) An applicant for licensure as a physician and surgeon, except as set forth in
2280	Subsection (2), shall:
2281	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division, which may include:
2282	(i) submissions by the applicant of information maintained by practitioner data banks,
2283	as designated by division rule, with respect to the applicant;
2284	(ii) a record of professional liability claims made against the applicant and settlements
2285	paid by or on behalf of the applicant; and
2286	(iii) authorization to use a record coordination and verification service approved by the
2287	division in collaboration with the board;
2288	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2289	(c) be of good moral character;
2290	(d) if the applicant is applying to participate in the Interstate Medical Licensure
2291	Compact under Chapter 67b, Interstate Medical Licensure Compact, consent to a criminal
2292	background check in accordance with Section 58-67-302.1 and any requirements established by
2293	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2294	[(d)] (e) provide satisfactory documentation of having successfully completed a
2295	program of professional education preparing an individual as a physician and surgeon, as
2296	evidenced by:

2297	(1) having received an earned degree of doctor of medicine from an LCME accredited
2298	medical school or college; or
2299	(ii) if the applicant graduated from a medical school or college located outside the
2300	United States or its territories, submitting a current certification by the Educational
2301	Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates or any successor organization approved by the
2302	division in collaboration with the board;
2303	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(f)}$ satisfy the division and board that the applicant:
2304	(i) has successfully completed 24 months of progressive resident training in a program
2305	approved by the ACGME, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, the College of
2306	Family Physicians of Canada, or any similar body in the United States or Canada approved by
2307	the division in collaboration with the board; or
2308	(ii) (A) has successfully completed 12 months of resident training in an ACGME
2309	approved program after receiving a degree of doctor of medicine as required under Subsection
2310	(1)[(d)](e);
2311	(B) has been accepted in and is successfully participating in progressive resident
2312	training in an ACGME approved program within Utah, in the applicant's second or third year
2313	of postgraduate training; and
2314	(C) has agreed to surrender to the division the applicant's license as a physician and
2315	surgeon without any proceedings under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act,
2316	and has agreed the applicant's license as a physician and surgeon will be automatically revoked
2317	by the division if the applicant fails to continue in good standing in an ACGME approved
2318	progressive resident training program within the state;
2319	[f] g pass the licensing examination sequence required by division rule made in
2320	collaboration with the board;
2321	[(g)] (h) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English
2322	language and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the board;
2323	[(h)] (i) meet with the board and representatives of the division, if requested, for the

2324 purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for licensure; 2325 [(i)] (j) designate: 2326 (i) a contact person for access to medical records in accordance with the federal Health 2327 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; and 2328 (ii) an alternate contact person for access to medical records, in the event the original 2329 contact person is unable or unwilling to serve as the contact person for access to medical 2330 records; and 2331 (h) establish a method for notifying patients of the identity and location of the 2332 contact person and alternate contact person, if the applicant will practice in a location with no 2333 other persons licensed under this chapter. 2334 (2) An applicant for licensure as a physician and surgeon by endorsement who is 2335 currently licensed to practice medicine in any state other than Utah, a district or territory of the 2336 United States, or Canada shall: 2337 (a) be currently licensed with a full unrestricted license in good standing in any state, 2338 district, or territory of the United States, or Canada; 2339 (b) have been actively engaged in the legal practice of medicine in any state, district, or 2340 territory of the United States, or Canada for not less than 6,000 hours during the five years 2341 immediately preceding the date of application for licensure in Utah; 2342 (c) comply with the requirements for licensure under Subsections (1)(a) through [(d)] 2343 (e), $(1)[\frac{(e)}{(e)}](f)(i)$, and $(1)[\frac{(g)}{(g)}](h)$ through $[\frac{(i)}{(i)}](k)$; 2344 (d) have passed the licensing examination sequence required in Subsection (1)(f) or 2345 another medical licensing examination sequence in another state, district or territory of the 2346 United States, or Canada that the division in collaboration with the board by rulemaking 2347 determines is equivalent to its own required examination; 2348 (e) not have any investigation or action pending against any health care license of the 2349 applicant, not have a health care license that was suspended or revoked in any state, district or 2350 territory of the United States, or Canada, and not have surrendered a health care license in lieu

2351	of a disciplinary action, unless:
2352	(i) the license was subsequently reinstated as a full unrestricted license in good
2353	standing; or
2354	(ii) the division in collaboration with the board determines to its satisfaction, after full
2355	disclosure by the applicant, that:
2356	(A) the conduct has been corrected, monitored, and resolved; or
2357	(B) a mitigating circumstance exists that prevents its resolution, and the division in
2358	collaboration with the board is satisfied that, but for the mitigating circumstance, the license
2359	would be reinstated;
2360	(f) submit to a records review, a practice history review, and comprehensive
2361	assessments, if requested by the division in collaboration with the board; and
2362	(g) produce satisfactory evidence that the applicant meets the requirements of this
2363	Subsection (2) to the satisfaction of the division in collaboration with the board.
2364	(3) An applicant for licensure by endorsement may engage in the practice of medicine
2365	under a temporary license while the applicant's application for licensure is being processed by
2366	the division, provided:
2367	(a) the applicant submits a complete application required for temporary licensure to the
2368	division;
2369	(b) the applicant submits a written document to the division from:
2370	(i) a health care facility licensed under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility
2371	Licensing and Inspection Act, stating that the applicant is practicing under the:
2372	(A) invitation of the health care facility; and
2373	(B) the general supervision of a physician practicing at the facility; or
2374	(ii) two individuals licensed under this chapter, whose license is in good standing and
2375	who practice in the same clinical location, both stating that:
2376	(A) the applicant is practicing under the invitation and general supervision of the
2377	individual; and

2378	(B) the applicant will practice at the same clinical location as the individual;
2379	(c) the applicant submits a signed certification to the division that the applicant meets
2380	the requirements of Subsection (2);
2381	(d) the applicant does not engage in the practice of medicine until the division has
2382	issued a temporary license;
2383	(e) the temporary license is only issued for and may not be extended or renewed
2384	beyond the duration of one year from issuance; and
2385	(f) the temporary license expires immediately and prior to the expiration of one year
2386	from issuance, upon notification from the division that the applicant's application for licensure
2387	by endorsement is denied.
2388	(4) The division shall issue a temporary license under Subsection (3) within 15
2389	business days after the applicant satisfies the requirements of Subsection (3).
2390	(5) The division may not require a post-residency board certification as a requirement
2391	for licensure.
2392	Section 33. Section 58-67-302.1 is enacted to read:
2393	58-67-302.1. Qualifications for licensure Criminal background check.
2394	(1) An applicant for participation in the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact under
2395	Chapter 67b, Interstate Medical Licensure Compact, shall:
2396	(a) submit fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the license
2397	application is filed; and
2398	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check conducted by the Bureau of Criminal
2399	Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
2400	(2) The division shall:
2401	(a) in addition to other fees authorized by this chapter, collect from each applicant
2402	submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fee that the Bureau of Criminal
2403	Identification is authorized to collect for the services provided under Section 53-10-108 and the
2404	fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the nurpose of

2405	obtaining federal criminal history record information;
2406	(b) submit from each applicant the fingerprint card and the fees described in
2407	Subsection (2)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2408	(c) obtain and retain in division records a signed waiver approved by the Bureau of
2409	Criminal Identification in accordance with Section 53-10-108 for each applicant.
2410	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall, in accordance with the requirements of
2411	Section <u>53-10-108</u> :
2412	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2)(b) against the applicable state
2413	and regional criminal records databases;
2414	(b) forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
2415	criminal history background check; and
2416	(c) provide the results from the state, regional, and nationwide criminal history
2417	background checks to the division.
2418	(4) For purposes of conducting a criminal background check required under this
2419	section, the division shall have direct access to criminal background information maintained
2420	under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
2421	(5) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
2422	record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
2423	Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
2424	section.
2425	(6) The division may not issue a letter of qualification to participate in the Interstate
2426	Medical Licensure Compact until the criminal background check described in this section is
2427	completed.
2428	Section 34. Section 58-67-302.5 is amended to read:
2429	58-67-302.5. Licensing of graduates of foreign medical schools.
2430	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, an individual enrolled
2431	in a medical school outside the United States, its territories, the District of Columbia, or

2432

2433

2434

2435

2436

2437

2438

2439

2440

2441

2442

2443

2444

2445

2446

2447

2448

2449

2450

2451

2452

2453

2454

2455

2456

2457

2458

Canada is eligible for licensure as a physician and surgeon in this state if the individual has satisfied the following requirements: (a) meets all the requirements of Subsection 58-67-302(1), except for Subsection $58-67-302(1)[\frac{(d)}{(e)}](e);$ (b) has studied medicine in a medical school located outside the United States which is recognized by an organization approved by the division; (c) has completed all of the formal requirements of the foreign medical school except internship or social service; (d) has attained a passing score on the educational commission for foreign medical graduates examination or other qualifying examinations such as the United States Medical Licensing Exam parts I and II, which are approved by the division or a medical school approved by the division; (e) has satisfactorily completed one calendar year of supervised clinical training under the direction of a United States medical education setting accredited by the liaison committee for graduate medical education and approved by the division; (f) has completed the postgraduate hospital training required by Subsection 58-67-302(1)[(e)](f)(i); and (g) has passed the examination required by the division of all applicants for licensure. (2) Satisfaction of the requirements of Subsection (1) is in lieu of: (a) the completion of any foreign internship or social service requirements; and (b) the certification required by Subsection 58-67-302(1)[(d)](e). (3) Individuals who satisfy the requirements of Subsections (1)(a) through [(f)] (g) shall be eligible for admission to graduate medical education programs within the state, including internships and residencies, which are accredited by the liaison committee for graduate medical education. (4) A document issued by a medical school located outside the United States shall be

considered the equivalent of a degree of doctor of medicine for the purpose of licensure as a

2459	physician and surgeon in this state if:
2460	(a) the foreign medical school is recognized by an organization approved by the
2461	division;
2462	(b) the document granted by the foreign medical school is issued after the completion
2463	of all formal requirements of the medical school except internship or social service; and
2464	(c) the foreign medical school certifies that the person to whom the document was
2465	issued has satisfactorily completed the requirements of Subsection (1)(c).
2466	(5) The provisions for licensure under this section shall be known as the "fifth pathway
2467	program."
2468	Section 35. Section 58-67-302.7 is amended to read:
2469	58-67-302.7. Licensing of physician-educators.
2470	(1) As used in this section:
2471	(a) "Foreign country" means a country other than the United States, its territories, or
2472	Canada.
2473	(b) "Foreign medical school" means a medical school that is outside the United States,
2474	its territories, and Canada.
2475	(2) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an individual may receive a
2476	type I foreign teaching license if the individual:
2477	(a) submits an application in a form prescribed by the division, which may include:
2478	(i) submission by the applicant of information maintained in a practitioner data bank,
2479	as designated by division rule, with respect to the applicant;
2480	(ii) a record of professional liability claims made against the applicant and settlements
2481	paid by or on behalf of the applicant; and
2482	(iii) the applicant's curriculum vitae;
2483	(b) is a graduate of a foreign medical school that is accepted for certification by the
2484	Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates;
2485	(c) is licensed in good standing in a foreign country, the United States, its territories, or

2486	Canada;
2487	(d) does not have an investigation or action pending against the physician's healthcare
2488	license, does not have a healthcare license that was suspended or revoked, and has not
2489	surrendered a healthcare license in lieu of disciplinary action, unless:
2490	(i) the license was subsequently reinstated in good standing; or
2491	(ii) the division in collaboration with the board determines to its satisfaction, after full
2492	disclosure by the applicant and full consideration by the division in collaboration with the
2493	board, that:
2494	(A) the conduct has been corrected, monitored, and resolved; or
2495	(B) a mitigating circumstance exists that prevents resolution, and the division in
2496	collaboration with the board is satisfied that but for the mitigating circumstance, the license
2497	would be reinstated;
2498	(e) submits documentation of legal status to work in the United States;
2499	(f) meets at least three of the following qualifications:
2500	(i) (A) published original results of clinical research, within 10 years before the day on
2501	which the application is submitted, in a medical journal listed in the Index Medicus or an
2502	equivalent scholarly publication; and
2503	(B) submits the publication to the Board in English or in a foreign language with a
2504	verifiable, certified English translation;
2505	(ii) held an appointment at a medical school approved by the LCME or at any medical
2506	school listed in the World Health Organization directory at the level of associate or full
2507	professor, or its equivalent, for at least five years;
2508	(iii) (A) developed a treatment modality, surgical technique, or other verified original
2509	contribution to the field of medicine within 10 years before the day on which the application is
2510	submitted; and
2511	(B) has the treatment modality, surgical technique, or other verified original

contribution attested to by the dean of an LCME accredited school of medicine in Utah;

2539

from medical school; and

2513	(iv) actively practiced medicine cumulatively for 10 years; or
2514	(v) is board certified in good standing of a board of the American Board of Medical
2515	Specialities or equivalent specialty board;
2516	(g) is of good moral character;
2517	(h) is able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English language
2518	and demonstrates proficiency to the satisfaction of the division in collaboration with the board,
2519	if requested;
2520	(i) is invited by an LCME accredited medical school in Utah to serve as a full-time
2521	member of the medical school's academic faculty, as evidenced by written certification from:
2522	(i) the dean of the medical school, stating that the applicant has been appointed to a
2523	full-time faculty position, that because the applicant has unique expertise in a specific field of
2524	medicine the medical school considers the applicant to be a valuable member of the faculty,
2525	and that the applicant is qualified by knowledge, skill, and ability to practice medicine in the
2526	state; and
2527	(ii) the head of the department to which the applicant is to be appointed, stating that the
2528	applicant will be under the direction of the head of the department and will be permitted to
2529	practice medicine only as a necessary part of the applicant's duties, providing detailed evidence
2530	of the applicant's qualifications and competence, including the nature and location of the
2531	applicant's proposed responsibilities, reasons for any limitations of the applicant's practice
2532	responsibilities, and the degree of supervision, if any, under which the applicant will function;
2533	(j) pays a licensing fee set by the division under Section 63J-1-504; and
2534	(k) has practiced medicine for at least 10 years as an attending physician.
2535	(3) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an individual may receive a
2536	type II foreign teaching license if the individual:
2537	(a) satisfies the requirements of Subsections (2)(a) through (e) and (g) through (j);
2538	(b) has delivered clinical care to patients cumulatively for five years after graduation

2540	(c) (1) will be completing a clinical fellowship while employed at the medical school
2541	described in Subsection (2)(i); or
2542	(ii) has already completed a medical residency accredited by the Royal College of
2543	Physicians and Surgeons of Canada, the United Kingdom, Australia, or New Zealand, or a
2544	comparable accreditation organization as determined by the division in collaboration with the
2545	board.
2546	(4) After an initial term of one year, a type I license may be renewed for periods of two
2547	years if the licensee continues to satisfy the requirements described in Subsection (2) and
2548	completes the division's continuing education renewal requirements established under Section
2549	58-67-303.
2550	(5) A type II license may be renewed on an annual basis, up to four times, if the
2551	licensee continues to satisfy the requirements described in Subsection (3) and completes the
2552	division's continuing education renewal requirements established under Section 58-67-303.
2553	(6) A license issued under this section:
2554	(a) authorizes the licensee to practice medicine:
2555	(i) within the scope of the licensee's employment at the medical school described in
2556	Subsection (2)(i) and the licensee's academic position; and
2557	(ii) at a hospital or clinic affiliated with the medical school described in Subsection
2558	(2)(i) for the purpose of teaching, clinical care, or pursuing research;
2559	(b) shall list the limitations described in Subsection (6)(a); and
2560	(c) shall expire on the earlier of:
2561	(i) one year after the day on which the type I or type II license is initially issued, unless
2562	the license is renewed;
2563	(ii) for a type I license, two years after the day on which the license is renewed;
2564	(iii) for a type II license, one year after the day on which the license is renewed; or
2565	(iv) the day on which employment at the medical school described in Subsection (2)(i)
2566	endo

2567	(7) A person who holds a type I license for five consecutive years may apply for
2568	licensure as a physician and surgeon in this state and shall be licensed if the individual satisfies
2569	the requirements described in Subsection (8). If the person fails to obtain licensure as a
2570	physician and surgeon in this state, the person may apply for a renewal of the type I license
2571	under Subsection (2).
2572	(8) An individual who holds a type I or type II license for five consecutive years is
2573	eligible for licensure as a physician and surgeon in this state if the individual:
2574	(a) worked an average of at least 40 hours per month at the level of an attending
2575	physician during the time the individual held the type I or type II license;
2576	(b) holds the rank of associate professor or higher at the medical school described in
2577	Subsection (2)(i);
2578	(c) obtains certification from the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical
2579	Graduates or any successor organization approved by the division in collaboration with the
2580	board;
2581	(d) spent a cumulative 20 hours per year while holding a type I or type II license:
2582	(i) teaching or lecturing to medical students or house staff;
2583	(ii) participating in educational department meetings or conferences that are not
2584	certified to meet the continuing medical education license renewal requirement; or
2585	(iii) attending continuing medical education classes in addition to the requirements for
2586	continuing education described in Subsections (4) and (5);
2587	(e) obtains a passing score on the final step of the licensing examination sequence
2588	required by division rule made in collaboration with the board; and
2589	(f) satisfies the requirements described in Subsections 58-67-302(1)(a) through [(c),
2590	$\frac{h}{h}$, and $\frac{h}{h}$
2591	(9) If a person who holds a type II license fails to obtain licensure as a physician and
2592	surgeon in this state after applying under the procedures described in Subsection (8), the person
2593	may not:

2594	(a) reapply for or renew a type II license; or
2595	(b) apply for a type I license.
2596	(10) The division or the board may require an applicant for licensure under this section
2597	to meet with the board and representatives of the division for the purpose of evaluating the
2598	applicant's qualifications for licensure.
2599	(11) The division in collaboration with the board may withdraw a license under this
2600	section at any time for material misrepresentation or unlawful or unprofessional conduct.
2601	Section 36. Section 58-67-302.8 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2602	58-67-302.8 (Effective 07/01/18). Restricted licensing of an associate physician.
2603	(1) An individual may apply for a restricted license as an associate physician if the
2604	individual:
2605	(a) meets the requirements described in Subsections 58-67-302(1)(a) through [(c)] (d),
2606	$(1)[\underline{(d)}]\underline{(e)}(i)$, and $(1)[\underline{(g)}]\underline{(h)}$ through $[\underline{(j)}]\underline{(k)}$;
2607	(b) successfully completes Step 1 and Step 2 of the United States Medical Licensing
2608	Examination or the equivalent steps of another board-approved medical licensing examination:
2609	(i) within three years after the day on which the applicant graduates from a program
2610	described in Subsection 58-67-302(1)[(d)](e)(i); and
2611	(ii) within two years before applying for a restricted license as an associate physician;
2612	and
2613	(c) is not currently enrolled in and has not completed a residency program.
2614	(2) Before a licensed associate physician may engage in the practice of medicine as
2615	described in Subsection (3), the licensed associate physician shall:
2616	(a) enter into a collaborative practice arrangement described in Section 58-67-807
2617	within six months after the associate physician's initial licensure; and
2618	(b) receive division approval of the collaborative practice arrangement.
2619	(3) An associate physician's scope of practice is limited to primary care services to
2620	medically underserved populations or in medically underserved areas within the state.

2621	Section 37. Section 58-67-304 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2622	58-67-304 (Superseded 07/01/18). License renewal requirements.
2623	(1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each
2624	two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:
2625	(a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance
2626	with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule made in collaboration with the
2627	board;
2628	(b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact
2629	person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-67-302(1)[(i)](j); and
2630	(c) if the licensee practices medicine in a location with no other persons licensed under
2631	this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the identity and
2632	location of the contact person and alternate contact person for the licensee.
2633	(2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-67-303, the
2634	continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or
2635	decreased proportionally.
2636	(3) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall:
2637	(a) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective
2638	abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and
2639	(b) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes
2640	of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of
2641	the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is
2642	necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious risk of
2643	substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a
2644	fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where
2645	the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."
2646	(4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating
2647	to the licensing of an abortion clinic, if a physician responds positively to the question

described in Subsection (3)(a), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it
renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health in writing:
(a) of the name and business address of the physician; and
(b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection
(3)(a).
Section 38. Section 58-67-304 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
58-67-304 (Effective 07/01/18). License renewal requirements.
(1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each
two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:
(a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance
with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule made in collaboration with the
board;
(b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact
person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-67-302(1)[(i)](j);
(c) if the licensee practices medicine in a location with no other persons licensed under
this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the identity and
location of the contact person and alternate contact person for the licensee; and
(d) if the licensee is an associate physician licensed under Section 58-67-302.8,
successfully complete the educational methods and programs described in Subsection
58-67-807(4).
(2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-67-303, the
continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or
decreased proportionally.
(3) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall:
(a) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective
abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and
(b) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes

Enrolled Copy

of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of
the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is
necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious risk of
substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a
fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where
the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."
(4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating

- (4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the licensing of an abortion clinic, if a physician responds positively to the question described in Subsection (3)(a), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health in writing:
 - (a) of the name and business address of the physician; and
- (b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection (3)(a).
 - Section 39. Section **58-67-403** is amended to read:
- **58-67-403.** Revocation of license -- Nondisciplinary.

Revocation by the division of a license under Subsection 58-67-302(1)[(e)](f) for failure to continue on a resident training program for reasons other than unprofessional or unlawful conduct is a nondisciplinary action and may not be reported by the division as a disciplinary action against the licensee.

- Section 40. Section **58-67-503** is amended to read:
- 58-67-503. Penalties and administrative actions for unlawful and unprofessional conduct.
 - (1) Any person who violates the unlawful conduct provisions of Section 58-67-501 or Section 58-1-501 is guilty of a third degree felony.
- 2699 (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (4), the division may punish unprofessional or unlawful conduct by:
 - (i) assessing administrative penalties; or

2702	(ii) taking other appropriate administrative action.
2703	(b) A monetary administrative penalty imposed under this section shall be deposited in
2704	the Physician Education Fund created in Section 58-67a-1.
2705	(3) If a licensee has been convicted of unlawful conduct, described in Section
2706	58-67-501, before an administrative proceeding regarding the same conduct, the division may
2707	not assess an additional administrative fine under this chapter for the same conduct.
2708	(4) (a) If the division concludes that an individual has violated provisions of Section
2709	58-67-501, Section 58-67-502, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
2710	Act, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or any rule or order issued with respect to
2711	these provisions, and disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or director's designee shall:
2712	(i) issue a citation to the individual;
2713	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
2714	(iii) notify the individual that an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G,
2715	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, will be commenced and the individual is invited to
2716	appear.
2717	(b) The division may take the following action against an individual who is in violation
2718	of a provision described in Subsection (4)(a), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a
2719	stipulated settlement, or a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding:
2720	(i) assess a fine of up to \$10,000 per single violation or up to \$2,000 per day of
2721	ongoing violation, whichever is greater, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule;
2722	or
2723	(ii) order to cease and desist from the behavior that constitutes a violation of the
2724	provisions described in Subsection (4)(a).
2725	(c) An individual's license may not be suspended or revoked through a citation.
2726	(d) Each citation issued under this section shall:
2727	(i) be in writing;
2728	(ii) clearly describe or explain:

2729	(A) the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter,
2730	rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
2731	(B) that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days from
2732	the day on which the citation is served if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing
2733	conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
2734	(C) the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or pay the fine assessed by
2735	the citation within the time specified in the citation; and
2736	(iii) be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
2737	(e) If the individual to whom the citation is issued fails to request a hearing to contest
2738	the citation within 20 calendar days from the day on which the citation is served, the citation
2739	becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period
2740	to contest the citation may be extended by the division for cause.
2741	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew or suspend, revoke, or place on probation
2742	the license of an individual who fails to comply with a citation after the citation becomes final.
2743	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes
2744	final is a ground for denial of license.
2745	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after six months from the day on
2746	which the violation last occurred.
2747	(5) (a) The director may collect a penalty imposed under this section that is not paid by:
2748	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
2749	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
2750	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
2751	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
2752	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
2753	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
2754	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
2755	Section 41. Section 58-68-302 is amended to read:

2756	58-68-302. Qualifications for licensure.
2757	(1) An applicant for licensure as an osteopathic physician and surgeon, except as set
2758	forth in Subsection (2), shall:
2759	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division, which may include:
2760	(i) submissions by the applicant of information maintained by practitioner data banks,
2761	as designated by division rule, with respect to the applicant;
2762	(ii) a record of professional liability claims made against the applicant and settlements
2763	paid by or on behalf of the applicant; and
2764	(iii) authorization to use a record coordination and verification service approved by the
2765	division in collaboration with the board;
2766	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2767	(c) be of good moral character;
2768	(d) if the applicant is applying to participate in the Interstate Medical Licensure
2769	Compact under Chapter 67b, Interstate Medical Licensure Compact, consent to a criminal
2770	background check in accordance with Section 58-68-302.1 and any requirements established by
2771	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
2772	[(d)] (e) provide satisfactory documentation of having successfully completed a
2773	program of professional education preparing an individual as an osteopathic physician and
2774	surgeon, as evidenced by:
2775	(i) having received an earned degree of doctor of osteopathic medicine from an AOA
2776	approved medical school or college; or
2777	(ii) submitting a current certification by the Educational Commission for Foreign
2778	Medical Graduates or any successor organization approved by the division in collaboration
2779	with the board, if the applicant is graduated from an osteopathic medical school or college
2780	located outside of the United States or its territories which at the time of the applicant's
2781	graduation, met criteria for accreditation by the AOA;
2782	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> satisfy the division and board that the applicant:

2783	(i) has successfully completed 24 months of progressive resident training in an
2784	ACGME or AOA approved program after receiving a degree of doctor of osteopathic medicine
2785	required under Subsection (1)[(d)](e); or
2786	(ii) (A) has successfully completed 12 months of resident training in an ACGME or
2787	AOA approved program after receiving a degree of doctor of osteopathic medicine as required
2788	under Subsection (1)[(d)] <u>(e)</u> ;
2789	(B) has been accepted in and is successfully participating in progressive resident
2790	training in an ACGME or AOA approved program within Utah, in the applicant's second or
2791	third year of postgraduate training; and
2792	(C) has agreed to surrender to the division the applicant's license as an osteopathic
2793	physician and surgeon without any proceedings under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
2794	Procedures Act, and has agreed the applicant's license as an osteopathic physician and surgeon
2795	will be automatically revoked by the division if the applicant fails to continue in good standing
2796	in an ACGME or AOA approved progressive resident training program within the state;
2797	[(f)] (g) pass the licensing examination sequence required by division rule, as made in
2798	collaboration with the board;
2799	[(g)] (h) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English
2800	language and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board, if requested by the board
2801	[(h)] (i) meet with the board and representatives of the division, if requested for the
2802	purpose of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for licensure;
2803	[(i)] <u>(j)</u> designate:
2804	(i) a contact person for access to medical records in accordance with the federal Health
2805	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act; and
2806	(ii) an alternate contact person for access to medical records, in the event the original
2807	contact person is unable or unwilling to serve as the contact person for access to medical
2808	records; and
2809	[(j)] (k) establish a method for notifying patients of the identity and location of the

contact person and alternate contact person, if the applicant will practice in a location with no other persons licensed under this chapter.

- (2) An applicant for licensure as an osteopathic physician and surgeon by endorsement who is currently licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in any state other than Utah, a district or territory of the United States, or Canada shall:
- (a) be currently licensed with a full unrestricted license in good standing in any state, district or territory of the United States, or Canada;
- (b) have been actively engaged in the legal practice of osteopathic medicine in any state, district or territory of the United States, or Canada for not less than 6,000 hours during the five years immediately preceding the day on which the applicant applied for licensure in Utah;
- (c) comply with the requirements for licensure under Subsections (1)(a) through [(d)] (e), (1)[(e)](f)(i), and (1)[(g)](h) through [(j)] (k);
- (d) have passed the licensing examination sequence required in Subsection (1)[(f)](g) or another medical licensing examination sequence in another state, district or territory of the United States, or Canada that the division in collaboration with the board by rulemaking determines is equivalent to its own required examination;
- (e) not have any investigation or action pending against any health care license of the applicant, not have a health care license that was suspended or revoked in any state, district or territory of the United States, or Canada, and not have surrendered a health care license in lieu of a disciplinary action, unless:
- (i) the license was subsequently reinstated as a full unrestricted license in good standing; or
- (ii) the division in collaboration with the board determines, after full disclosure by the applicant, that:
 - (A) the conduct has been corrected, monitored, and resolved; or
- 2836 (B) a mitigating circumstance exists that prevents its resolution, and the division in

2837	collaboration with the board is satisfied that, but for the mitigating circumstance, the license
2838	would be reinstated;
2839	(f) submit to a records review, a practice review history, and physical and
2840	psychological assessments, if requested by the division in collaboration with the board; and
2841	(g) produce evidence that the applicant meets the requirements of this Subsection (2) to
2842	the satisfaction of the division in collaboration with the board.
2843	(3) An applicant for licensure by endorsement may engage in the practice of medicine
2844	under a temporary license while the applicant's application for licensure is being processed by
2845	the division, provided:
2846	(a) the applicant submits a complete application required for temporary licensure to the
2847	division;
2848	(b) the applicant submits a written document to the division from:
2849	(i) a health care facility licensed under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility
2850	Licensing and Inspection Act, stating that the applicant is practicing under the:
2851	(A) invitation of the health care facility; and
2852	(B) the general supervision of a physician practicing at the health care facility; or
2853	(ii) two individuals licensed under this chapter, whose license is in good standing and
2854	who practice in the same clinical location, both stating that:
2855	(A) the applicant is practicing under the invitation and general supervision of the
2856	individual; and
2857	(B) the applicant will practice at the same clinical location as the individual;
2858	(c) the applicant submits a signed certification to the division that the applicant meets
2859	the requirements of Subsection (2);
2860	(d) the applicant does not engage in the practice of medicine until the division has
2861	issued a temporary license;
2862	(e) the temporary license is only issued for and may not be extended or renewed
2863	beyond the duration of one year from issuance; and

2864	(f) the temporary license expires immediately and prior to the expiration of one year
2865	from issuance, upon notification from the division that the applicant's application for licensure
2866	by endorsement is denied.
2867	(4) The division shall issue a temporary license under Subsection (3) within 15
2868	business days after the applicant satisfies the requirements of Subsection (3).
2869	(5) The division may not require a post-residency board certification as a requirement
2870	for licensure.
2871	Section 42. Section 58-68-302.1 is enacted to read:
2872	58-68-302.1. Qualifications for licensure Criminal background check.
2873	(1) An applicant for participation in the Interstate Medical Licensure Compact under
2874	Chapter 67b, Interstate Medical Licensure Compact, shall:
2875	(a) submit fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the license
2876	application is filed; and
2877	(b) consent to a fingerprint background check conducted by the Bureau of Criminal
2878	Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
2879	(2) The division shall:
2880	(a) in addition to other fees authorized by this chapter, collect from each applicant
2881	submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fee that the Bureau of Criminal
2882	<u>Identification</u> is authorized to collect for the services provided under Section <u>53-10-108</u> and the
2883	fee charged by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for fingerprint processing for the purpose of
2884	obtaining federal criminal history record information;
2885	(b) submit from each applicant the fingerprint card and the fees described in
2886	Subsection (2)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2887	(c) obtain and retain in division records a signed waiver approved by the Bureau of
2888	Criminal Identification in accordance with Section 53-10-108 for each applicant.
2889	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall, in accordance with the requirements of
2890	<u>Section 53-10-108:</u>

2891	(a) check the fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2)(b) against the applicable state
2892	and regional criminal records databases;
2893	(b) forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national
2894	criminal history background check; and
2895	(c) provide the results from the state, regional, and nationwide criminal history
2896	background checks to the division.
2897	(4) For purposes of conducting a criminal background check required under this
2898	section, the division shall have direct access to criminal background information maintained
2899	under Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification.
2900	(5) The division may not disseminate outside of the division any criminal history
2901	record information that the division obtains from the Bureau of Criminal Identification or the
2902	Federal Bureau of Investigation under the criminal background check requirements of this
2903	section.
2904	(6) The division may not issue a letter of qualification to participate in the Interstate
2905	Medical Licensure Compact until the criminal background check described in this section is
2906	completed.
2907	Section 43. Section 58-68-302.5 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2908	58-68-302.5 (Effective 07/01/18). Restricted licensing of an associate physician.
2909	(1) An individual may apply for a restricted license as an associate physician if the
2910	individual:
2911	(a) meets the requirements described in Subsections 58-68-302(1)(a) through [(c)] (d),
2912	(1)[(d)](e)(i), and $(1)[(g)](h)$ through $[(i)](k)$;
2913	(b) successfully completes Step 1 and Step 2 of the United States Medical Licensing
2914	Examination or the equivalent steps of another board-approved medical licensing examination:
2915	(i) within three years after the day on which the applicant graduates from a program
2916	described in Subsection 58-68-302(1)[(d)](e)(i); and
2917	(ii) within two years before applying for a restricted license as an associate physician:

2918	and
2919	(c) is not currently enrolled in and has not completed a residency program.
2920	(2) Before a licensed associate physician may engage in the practice of medicine as
2921	described in Subsection (3), the licensed associate physician shall:
2922	(a) enter into a collaborative practice arrangement described in Section 58-68-807
2923	within six months after the associate physician's initial licensure; and
2924	(b) receive division approval of the collaborative practice arrangement.
2925	(3) An associate physician's scope of practice is limited to primary care services to
2926	medically underserved populations or in medically underserved areas within the state.
2927	Section 44. Section 58-68-304 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2928	58-68-304 (Superseded 07/01/18). License renewal requirements.
2929	(1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each
2930	two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:
2931	(a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance
2932	with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule in collaboration with the
2933	board;
2934	(b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact
2935	person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)[(i)](j); and
2936	(c) if the licensee practices osteopathic medicine in a location with no other persons
2937	licensed under this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the
2938	identity and location of the contact person and alternate contact person for access to medical
2939	records for the licensee in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)[(j)](k).
2940	(2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-68-303, the
2941	continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or
2942	decreased proportionally.
2943	(3) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall:
2944	(a) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective

abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and

- (b) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest."
- (4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to the licensing of an abortion clinic, if a physician responds positively to the question described in Subsection (3)(a), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health in writing:
 - (a) of the name and business address of the physician; and
- (b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection (3)(a).
 - Section 45. Section **58-68-304** (Effective **07/01/18**) is amended to read:
 - 58-68-304 (Effective 07/01/18). License renewal requirements.
- (1) As a condition precedent for license renewal, each licensee shall, during each two-year licensure cycle or other cycle defined by division rule:
- (a) complete qualified continuing professional education requirements in accordance with the number of hours and standards defined by division rule in collaboration with the board:
- (b) appoint a contact person for access to medical records and an alternate contact person for access to medical records in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)[(i)](j);
- (c) if the licensee practices osteopathic medicine in a location with no other persons licensed under this chapter, provide some method of notice to the licensee's patients of the identity and location of the contact person and alternate contact person for access to medical

2972 records for the licensee in accordance with Subsection 58-68-302(1)[(i)](k); and 2973 (d) if the licensee is an associate physician licensed under Section 58-68-302.5, 2974 successfully complete the educational methods and programs described in Subsection 2975 58-68-807(4). 2976 (2) If a renewal period is extended or shortened under Section 58-68-303, the 2977 continuing education hours required for license renewal under this section are increased or 2978 decreased proportionally. 2979 (3) An application to renew a license under this chapter shall: 2980 (a) require a physician to answer the following question: "Do you perform elective 2981 abortions in Utah in a location other than a hospital?"; and 2982 (b) immediately following the question, contain the following statement: "For purposes 2983 of the immediately preceding question, elective abortion means an abortion other than one of 2984 the following: removal of a dead fetus, removal of an ectopic pregnancy, an abortion that is 2985 necessary to avert the death of a woman, an abortion that is necessary to avert a serious risk of 2986 substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of a woman, an abortion of a 2987 fetus that has a defect that is uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal, or an abortion where 2988 the woman is pregnant as a result of rape or incest." 2989 (4) In order to assist the Department of Health in fulfilling its responsibilities relating 2990 to the licensing of an abortion clinic, if a physician responds positively to the question 2991 described in Subsection (3)(a), the division shall, within 30 days after the day on which it 2992 renews the physician's license under this chapter, inform the Department of Health in writing: 2993 (a) of the name and business address of the physician; and 2994 (b) that the physician responded positively to the question described in Subsection

Section 46. Section **58-68-403** is amended to read:

58-68-403. Revocation of license -- Nondisciplinary.

2995

2996

2997

2998

(3)(a).

Revocation by the division of a license under Subsection 58-68-302(1)[(e)](f) for

Enrolled Copy

2999	failure to continue on a resident training program for reasons other than unprofessional or
3000	unlawful conduct is a nondisciplinary action and may not be reported by the division as a
3001	disciplinary action against the licensee.
3002	Section 47. Section 58-68-503 is amended to read:
3003	58-68-503. Penalties and administrative actions for unlawful and unprofessional
3004	conduct.
3005	(1) Any person who violates the unlawful conduct provisions of Section 58-68-501 or
3006	Section 58-1-501 is guilty of a third degree felony.
3007	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (4), the division may punish unprofessional or unlawful
3008	conduct by:
3009	(i) assessing administrative penalties; or
3010	(ii) taking any other appropriate administrative action.
3011	(b) A monetary administrative penalty imposed under this section shall be deposited in
3012	the Physician Education Fund described in Section 58-67a-1.
3013	(3) If a licensee is convicted of unlawful conduct, described in Section 58-68-501,
3014	before an administrative proceeding regarding the same conduct, the licensee may not be
3015	assessed an administrative fine under this chapter for the same conduct.
3016	(4) (a) If the division concludes that an individual has violated the provisions of
3017	Section 58-68-501, Section 58-68-502, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional
3018	Licensing Act, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or any rule or order issued with
3019	respect to these provisions, and disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or director's
3020	designee shall:
3021	(i) issue a citation to the individual;
3022	(ii) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
3023	(iii) notify the individual that an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G,
3024	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, will be commenced and the individual is invited to
3025	appear.

(b) The division may take the following action against an individual who is in violation

3026

3052

3027	of a provision described in Subsection (4)(a), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a
3028	stipulated settlement, or a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding:
3029	(i) assess a fine of up to \$10,000 per single violation or \$2,000 per day of ongoing
3030	violation, whichever is greater, in accordance with a fine schedule established by rule; or
3031	(ii) order to cease and desist from the behavior that constitutes a violation of provisions
3032	described in Subsection (4)(a).
3033	(c) Except for an administrative fine and a cease and desist order, the licensure
3034	sanctions cited in Section 58-1-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
3035	(d) Each citation issued under this section shall:
3036	(i) be in writing;
3037	(ii) clearly describe or explain:
3038	(A) the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter,
3039	rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
3040	(B) that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days from
3041	the day on which the citation is served if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing
3042	conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
3043	(C) the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or pay the fine assessed by
3044	the citation within the time specified in the citation; and
3045	(iii) be served in accordance with the requirements of the Utah Rules of Civil
3046	Procedure.
3047	(e) If the individual to whom the citation is issued fails to request a hearing to contest
3048	the citation within 20 calendar days from the day on which the citation is served, the citation
3049	becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period
3050	to contest the citation may be extended by the division for cause.
3051	(f) The division may refuse to issue or renew or suspend, revoke, or place on probation

the license of an individual who fails to comply with a citation after the citation becomes final.

Enrolled Copy

3053	(g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes
3054	final is a ground for denial of a license.
3055	(h) No citation may be issued under this section after six months from the day on
3056	which the last violation occurred.
3057	(5) (a) The director may collect a penalty imposed under this section that is not paid by:
3058	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
3059	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
3060	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
3061	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
3062	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
3063	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
3064	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
3065	Section 48. Section 58-71-503 is amended to read:
3066	58-71-503. Penalty for unlawful conduct.
3067	(1) Any person who violates the unlawful conduct provisions of Section 58-71-501,
3068	Subsection 58-1-501(1)(a), or 58-1-501(1)(c) is guilty of a third degree felony.
3069	(2) The division may assess administrative penalties in accordance with the provisions
3070	of Section 58-71-402, for acts of unlawful conduct.
3071	(3) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
3072	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
3073	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
3074	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
3075	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
3076	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
3077	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
3078	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
3079	Section 49. Section 58-76-502 is amended to read:

58-76-502. Penalty for unlawful conduc	58-76-502.	Penalty for	r unlawful	conduct
--	------------	-------------	------------	---------

(1) (a) If, upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that a person has violated Section 58-76-501 or any rule or order issued with respect to Section 58-76-501, and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from within the division shall promptly issue a citation to the person according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement, or notify the person to appear before an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.

- (i) A person who violates Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-76-501 or any rule or order issued with respect to Section 58-76-501, as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or by a finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine pursuant to this Subsection (1) and may, in addition to or in lieu of, be ordered to cease and desist from violating Subsections 58-1-501(1)(a) through (d) or Section 58-76-501 or any rule or order issued with respect to this section.
- (ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions cited in Section 58-76-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
 - (b) A citation shall:
 - (i) be in writing;
- (ii) describe with particularity the nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule, or order alleged to have been violated;
- (iii) clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
- (iv) clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make payment of any fines assessed by the citation within the time specified in the citation.
 - (c) The division may issue a notice in lieu of a citation.
- (d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served upon any person upon whom a summons may be served in accordance with the Utah Rules of

Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the person's agent by a division
investigator or by any person specially designated by the director or by mail.

- (e) If within 20 calendar days from the service of the citation, the person to whom the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not subject to further agency review. The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
- (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
- (g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after it becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
- (h) No citation may be issued under this section after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of any violation.
 - (i) The director or the director's designee shall assess fines according to the following:
 - (i) for a first offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000;
- (ii) for a second offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
- (iii) for any subsequent offense handled pursuant to Subsection (1)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for each day of continued offense.
- (2) An action initiated for a first or second offense which has not yet resulted in a final order of the division shall not preclude initiation of any subsequent action for a second or subsequent offense during the pendency of any preceding action. The final order on a subsequent action shall be considered a second or subsequent offense, respectively, provided the preceding action resulted in a first or second offense, respectively.
- [(3) Any penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either referring the matter to a collection agency or bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located. Any county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide

3134	legal assistance and advice to the director in any action to collect the penalty. In any action
3135	brought to enforce the provisions of this section, reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be
3136	awarded to the division.]
3137	(3) (a) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:
3138	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
3139	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom
3140	the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
3141	(b) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
3142	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
3143	(c) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
3144	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
3145	Section 50. Section 58-79-201 is amended to read:
3146	58-79-201. Board.
3147	(1) There is created the Hunting Guides and Outfitters Licensing Board consisting of
3148	[three persons licensed in accordance with this chapter,] five members as follows:
3149	(a) three persons licensed as a hunting guide or an outfitter in accordance with this
3150	chapter;
3151	(b) one member of the Wildlife Board, created in Section 23-14-2, selected by the
3152	Wildlife Board[;]; and
3153	(c) one person appointed by the Wildlife Board.
3154	(2) Except for the two members selected by the Wildlife Board, the board shall be
3155	appointed and serve in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
3156	(3) The two members selected by the Wildlife Board may not hold a license regulated
3157	by this chapter.
3158	[(3)] (4) (a) The duties and responsibilities of the board shall be in accordance with
3159	Sections 58-1-202 and 58-1-203.
3160	(b) The board shall also:

3161	(i) designate one of its members on a permanent or rotating basis to assist the division
3162	in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or unprofessional conduct of hunting guides
3163	and outfitters; and
3164	(ii) advise the division in its investigations of these complaints.
3165	[(4)] (5) A board member who has, under Subsection $[(3)]$ (4)(b), reviewed a complaint
3166	or advised in its investigation may be disqualified from participating with the board when the
3167	board serves as a presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint.
3168	Section 51. Section 78B-3-416 is amended to read:
3169	78B-3-416. Division to provide panel Exemption Procedures Statute of
3170	limitations tolled Composition of panel Expenses Division authorized to set license
3171	fees.
3172	(1) (a) The division shall provide a hearing panel in alleged medical liability cases
3173	against health care providers as defined in Section 78B-3-403, except dentists.
3174	(b) (i) The division shall establish procedures for prelitigation consideration of medical
3175	liability claims for damages arising out of the provision of or alleged failure to provide health
3176	care.
3177	(ii) The division may establish rules necessary to administer the process and
3178	procedures related to prelitigation hearings and the conduct of prelitigation hearings in
3179	accordance with Sections 78B-3-416 through 78B-3-420.
3180	(c) The proceedings are informal, nonbinding, and are not subject to Title 63G, Chapter
3181	4, Administrative Procedures Act, but are compulsory as a condition precedent to commencing
3182	litigation.
3183	(d) Proceedings conducted under authority of this section are confidential, privileged,
3184	and immune from civil process.
3185	(2) (a) The party initiating a medical liability action shall file a request for prelitigation
3186	panel review with the division within 60 days after the service of a statutory notice of intent to
3187	commence action under Section 78B-3-412.

3188	(b) The request shall include a copy of the notice of intent to commence action. The
3189	request shall be mailed to all health care providers named in the notice and request.
3190	(3) (a) The filing of a request for prelitigation panel review under this section tolls the
3191	applicable statute of limitations until the later of:
3192	(i) 60 days following the division's issuance of:
3193	(A) an opinion by the prelitigation panel; or
3194	(B) a certificate of compliance under Section 78B-3-418; or
3195	(ii) the expiration of the time for holding a hearing under Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
3196	(b) The division shall:
3197	(i) send any opinion issued by the panel to all parties by regular mail; and
3198	(ii) complete a prelitigation hearing under this section within:
3199	(A) 180 days after the filing of the request for prelitigation panel review; or
3200	(B) any longer period as agreed upon in writing by all parties to the review.
3201	(c) If the prelitigation hearing has not been completed within the time limits
3202	established in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the claimant shall:
3203	(i) file an affidavit of merit under the provisions of Section 78B-3-423; or
3204	(ii) file an affidavit with the division within 180 days of the request for pre-litigation
3205	review, in accordance with Subsection (3)(d), alleging that the respondent has failed to
3206	reasonably cooperate in scheduling the hearing.
3207	(d) If the claimant files an affidavit under Subsection (3)(c)(ii):
3208	(i) within 15 days of the filing of the affidavit under Subsection (3)(c)(ii), the division
3209	shall determine whether either the respondent or the claimant failed to reasonably cooperate in
3210	the scheduling of a pre-litigation hearing; and
3211	(ii) (A) if the determination is that the respondent failed to reasonably cooperate in the
3212	scheduling of a hearing, and the claimant did not fail to reasonably cooperate, the division
3213	shall, issue a certificate of compliance for the claimant in accordance with Section 78B-3-418;
3214	or

- (B) if the division makes a determination other than the determination in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(A), the claimant shall file an affidavit of merit in accordance with Section 78B-3-423, within 30 days of the determination of the division under this Subsection (3).
- (e) (i) The claimant and any respondent may agree by written stipulation that no useful purpose would be served by convening a prelitigation panel under this section.
- (ii) When the stipulation is filed with the division, the division shall within 10 days after receipt issue a certificate of compliance under Section 78B-3-418, as it concerns the stipulating respondent, and stating that the claimant has complied with all conditions precedent to the commencement of litigation regarding the claim.
- (4) The division shall provide for and appoint an appropriate panel or panels to hear complaints of medical liability and damages, made by or on behalf of any patient who is an alleged victim of medical liability. The panels are composed of:
- (a) one member who is a resident lawyer currently licensed and in good standing to practice law in this state and who shall serve as chairman of the panel, who is appointed by the division from among qualified individuals who have registered with the division indicating a willingness to serve as panel members, and a willingness to comply with the rules of professional conduct governing lawyers in the state, and who has completed division training regarding conduct of panel hearings;
- (b) (i) one member who is a licensed health care provider listed under Section 78B-3-403, who is practicing and knowledgeable in the same specialty as the proposed defendant, and who is appointed by the division in accordance with Subsection (5); or
- (ii) in claims against only hospitals or their employees, one member who is an individual currently serving in a hospital administration position directly related to hospital operations or conduct that includes responsibility for the area of practice that is the subject of the liability claim, and who is appointed by the division; and
- (c) a lay panelist who is not a lawyer, doctor, hospital employee, or other health care provider, and who is a responsible citizen of the state, selected and appointed by the division

from among individuals who have completed division training with respect to panel hearings.

- (5) (a) Each person listed as a health care provider in Section 78B-3-403 and practicing under a license issued by the state, is obligated as a condition of holding that license to participate as a member of a medical liability prelitigation panel at reasonable times, places, and intervals, upon issuance, with advance notice given in a reasonable time frame, by the division of an Order to Participate as a Medical Liability Prelitigation Panel Member.
- (b) A licensee may be excused from appearance and participation as a panel member upon the division finding participation by the licensee will create an unreasonable burden or hardship upon the licensee.
- (c) A licensee whom the division finds failed to appear and participate as a panel member when so ordered, without adequate explanation or justification and without being excused for cause by the division, may be assessed an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000.
- (d) A licensee whom the division finds intentionally or repeatedly failed to appear and participate as a panel member when so ordered, without adequate explanation or justification and without being excused for cause by the division, may be assessed an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000, and is guilty of unprofessional conduct.
- (e) All fines collected under Subsections (5)(c) and (d) shall be deposited in the Physicians Education Fund created in Section 58-67a-1.
 - (f) The director of the division may collect a fine that is not paid by:
- (i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or

- (ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
- (g) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance and advice to the director in an action to collect a fine.
- (h) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an action brought by the division to collect a fine.
 - (6) Each person selected as a panel member shall certify, under oath, that he has no

Enrolled Copy

3269	bias or conflict of interest with respect to any matter under consideration.
3270	(7) A member of the prelitigation hearing panel may not receive compensation or
3271	benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance
3272	with:
3273	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
3274	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
3275	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
3276	63A-3-107.
3277	(8) (a) In addition to the actual cost of administering the licensure of health care
3278	providers, the division may set license fees of health care providers within the limits
3279	established by law equal to their proportionate costs of administering prelitigation panels.
3280	(b) The claimant bears none of the costs of administering the prelitigation panel except
3281	under Section 78B-3-420.
3282	Section 52. Effective date.
3283	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 8, 2018.
3284	(2) The amendments to the following sections take effect on July 1, 2018:
3285	(a) Section 58-67-302.8 (Effective 07/01/18);
3286	(b) Section 58-67-304 (Effective 07/01/18);
3287	(c) Section 58-68-302.5 (Effective 07/01/18); and
3288	(d) Section 58-68-304 (Effective 07/01/18).