1	CHANGES TO PROPERTY TAX	
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Daniel McCay	
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble	
6 7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill modifies property tax provisions.	
0	Highlighted Provisions:	
1	This bill:	
2	<ul> <li>modifies the calculation of the certified property tax rate by adjusting eligible new</li> </ul>	
3	growth to account for collection rates over the previous five years;	
4	► amends the time period in which a taxpayer or a county may apply to the State Tax	
5	Commission to appeal the valuation of property assessed by the commission;	
6	requires the commission to disclose, upon request, certain information regarding	
7	appeals to a nonprofit organization that represents counties;	
8	<ul> <li>prohibits the nonprofit organization from sharing the appeal information with</li> </ul>	
9	exceptions; and	
0	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>	
1	Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
2	None	
3	Other Special Clauses:	
4	None	
5	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>	
5	AMENDS:	
7	59-1-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 289	
8	59-2-913, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 350 and 367	

59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 390
59-2-1007, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 139
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section <b>59-1-404</b> is amended to read:
59-1-404. Definitions Confidentiality of commercial information obtained from
a property taxpayer or derived from the commercial information Rulemaking
authority Exceptions Written explanation Signature requirements Retention of
signed explanation by employer Penalty.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Appraiser" means an individual who holds an appraiser's certificate or license
issued by the Division of Real Estate under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
Licensing and Certification Act and includes an individual associated with an appraiser who
assists the appraiser in preparing an appraisal.
(b) "Appraisal" is as defined in Section 61-2g-102.
(c) (i) "Commercial information" means:
(A) information of a commercial nature obtained from a property taxpayer regarding
the property taxpayer's property; or
(B) information derived from the information described in this Subsection (1)(c)(i).
(ii) (A) "Commercial information" does not include information regarding a property
taxpayer's property if the information is intended for public use.
(B) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(ii)(A), the commission may by rule prescribe the circumstances
under which information is intended for public use.
(d) "Consultation service" is as defined in Section 61-2g-102.
(e) "Locally assessed property" means property that is assessed by a county assessor in
accordance with Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment.

56	(f) "Property taxpayer" means a person that:
57	(i) is a property owner; or
58	(ii) has in effect a contract with a property owner to:
59	(A) make filings on behalf of the property owner;
60	(B) process appeals on behalf of the property owner; or
61	(C) pay a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property owner's property.
62	(g) "Property taxpayer's property" means property with respect to which a property
63	taxpayer:
64	(i) owns the property;
65	(ii) makes filings relating to the property;
66	(iii) processes appeals relating to the property; or
67	(iv) pays a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property.
68	(h) "Protected commercial information" means commercial information that:
69	(i) identifies a specific property taxpayer; or
70	(ii) would reasonably lead to the identity of a specific property taxpayer.
71	(2) An individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) may not disclose commercial
72	information:
73	(a) obtained in the course of performing any duty that the individual listed under
74	Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) performs under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or
75	(b) relating to an action or proceeding:
76	(i) with respect to a tax imposed on property in accordance with Chapter 2, Property
77	Tax Act; and
78	(ii) that is filed in accordance with:
79	(A) this chapter;
80	(B) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or
81	(C) this chapter and Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.
82	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3)[(b)](c), an

83	individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) may disclose the following information:
84	(i) the assessed value of property;
85	(ii) the tax rate imposed on property;
86	(iii) a legal description of property;
87	(iv) the physical description or characteristics of property, including a street address or
88	parcel number for the property;
89	(v) the square footage or acreage of property;
90	(vi) the square footage of improvements on property;
91	(vii) the name of a property taxpayer;
92	(viii) the mailing address of a property taxpayer;
93	(ix) the amount of a property tax:
94	(A) assessed on property;
95	(B) due on property;
96	(C) collected on property;
97	(D) abated on property; or
98	(E) deferred on property;
99	(x) the amount of the following relating to property taxes due on property:
100	(A) interest;
101	(B) costs; or
102	(C) other charges;
103	(xi) the tax status of property, including:
104	(A) an exemption;
105	(B) a property classification;
106	(C) a bankruptcy filing; or
107	(D) whether the property is the subject of an action or proceeding under this title;
108	(xii) information relating to a tax sale of property; or
109	(xiii) information relating to single-family residential property.

110	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (3)(c), an individual
111	listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) shall disclose, upon request, the information described
112	<u>in Subsection 59-2-1007(9).</u>
113	$[\underline{(b)}]$ $\underline{(c)}$ $\underline{(i)}$ Subject to Subsection $\underline{(3)}[\underline{(b)}]\underline{(c)}(ii)$ , a person may receive the information
114	described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in written format.
115	(ii) The following may charge a reasonable fee to cover the actual cost of providing the
116	information described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) in written format:
117	(A) the commission;
118	(B) a county;
119	(C) a city; or
120	(D) a town.
121	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), an
122	individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) shall disclose commercial information:
123	(i) in accordance with judicial order;
124	(ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding:
125	(A) under this title;
126	(B) under another law under which a property taxpayer is required to disclose
127	commercial information; or
128	(C) to which the commission is a party;
129	(iii) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the commercial
130	information is directly involved in the action or proceeding; or
131	(iv) if the requirements of Subsection (4)(b) are met, that is:
132	(A) relevant to an action or proceeding:
133	(I) filed in accordance with this title; and
134	(II) involving property; or
135	(B) in preparation for an action or proceeding involving property.
136	(b) Commercial information shall be disclosed in accordance with Subsection

163

137	(4)(a)(iv):
138	(i) if the commercial information is obtained from:
139	(A) a real estate agent if the real estate agent is not a property taxpayer of the property
140	that is the subject of the action or proceeding;
141	(B) an appraiser if the appraiser:
142	(I) is not a property taxpayer of the property that is the subject of the action or
143	proceeding; and
144	(II) did not receive the commercial information pursuant to Subsection (8);
145	(C) a property manager if the property manager is not a property taxpayer of the
146	property that is the subject of the action or proceeding; or
147	(D) a property taxpayer other than a property taxpayer of the property that is the subject
148	of the action or proceeding;
149	(ii) regardless of whether the commercial information is disclosed in more than one
150	action or proceeding; and
151	(iii) (A) if a county board of equalization conducts the action or proceeding, the county
152	board of equalization takes action to provide that any commercial information disclosed during
153	the action or proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the
154	action or proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section;
155	(B) if the commission conducts the action or proceeding, the commission enters a
156	protective order or, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
157	Act, makes rules specifying that any commercial information disclosed during the action or
158	proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the action or
159	proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section; or
160	(C) if a court of competent jurisdiction conducts the action or proceeding, the court
161	enters a protective order specifying that any commercial information disclosed during the
162	action or proceeding may not be disclosed by any person conducting or participating in the

action or proceeding except as specifically allowed by this section.

164	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a court may require the production of, and may
165	admit in evidence, commercial information that is specifically pertinent to the action or
166	proceeding.
167	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), this section does not prohibit:
168	(a) the following from receiving a copy of any commercial information relating to the
169	basis for assessing a tax that is charged to a property taxpayer:
170	(i) the property taxpayer;
171	(ii) a duly authorized representative of the property taxpayer;
172	(iii) a person that has in effect a contract with the property taxpayer to:
173	(A) make filings on behalf of the property taxpayer;
174	(B) process appeals on behalf of the property taxpayer; or
175	(C) pay a tax under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, on the property taxpayer's property;
176	(iv) a property taxpayer that purchases property from another property taxpayer; or
177	(v) a person that the property taxpayer designates in writing as being authorized to
178	receive the commercial information;
179	(b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the
180	identification of a particular property taxpayer's commercial information; or
181	(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state or a
182	legal representative of a political subdivision of the state of the commercial information of a
183	property taxpayer:
184	(i) that brings action to set aside or review a tax or property valuation based on the
185	commercial information;
186	(ii) against which an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under
187	this title; or
188	(iii) against which the state or a political subdivision of the state has an unsatisfied
189	money judgment.
190	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

191	Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule establish standards authorizing
192	an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) to disclose commercial information:
193	(a) (i) in a published decision; or
194	(ii) in carrying out official duties; and
195	(b) if that individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) consults with the property
196	taxpayer that provided the commercial information.
197	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
198	(a) an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) may share commercial
199	information with the following:
200	(i) another individual listed in Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a)(i) or (ii); or
201	(ii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of a county as required
202	to fulfill an obligation created by Chapter 2, Property Tax Act;
203	(b) an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) may perform the following to
204	fulfill an obligation created by Chapter 2, Property Tax Act:
205	(i) publish notice;
206	(ii) provide notice; or
207	(iii) file a lien; or
208	(c) the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
209	Administrative Rulemaking Act, share commercial information gathered from returns and other
210	written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political
211	subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, if these political
212	subdivisions or the federal government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.
213	(8) Notwithstanding Subsection (2):
214	(a) subject to the limitations in this section, an individual described in Subsection
215	59-1-403(1)(a) may share the following commercial information with an appraiser:
216	(i) the sales price of locally assessed property and the related financing terms;
217	(ii) capitalization rates and related rates and ratios related to the valuation of locally

218	assessed property; and
219	(iii) income and expense information related to the valuation of locally assessed
220	property; and
221	(b) except as provided in Subsection (4), an appraiser who receives commercial
222	information:
223	(i) may disclose the commercial information:
224	(A) to an individual described in Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a);
225	(B) to an appraiser;
226	(C) in an appraisal if protected commercial information is removed to protect its
227	confidential nature; or
228	(D) in performing a consultation service if protected commercial information is not
229	disclosed; and
230	(ii) may not use the commercial information:
231	(A) for a purpose other than to prepare an appraisal or perform a consultation service;
232	or
233	(B) for a purpose intended to be, or which could reasonably be foreseen to be,
234	anti-competitive to a property taxpayer.
235	(9) (a) The commission shall:
236	(i) prepare a written explanation of this section; and
237	(ii) make the written explanation described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) available to the
238	public.
239	(b) An employer of a person described in Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) shall:
240	(i) provide the written explanation described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) to each person
241	described in Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a) who is reasonably likely to receive commercial
242	information;
243	(ii) require each person who receives a written explanation in accordance with
244	Subsection (9)(b)(i) to:

245	(A) read the written explanation; and
246	(B) sign the written explanation; and
247	(iii) retain each written explanation that is signed in accordance with Subsection
248	(9)(b)(ii) for a time period:
249	(A) beginning on the day on which a person signs the written explanation in
250	accordance with Subsection (9)(b)(ii); and
251	(B) ending six years after the day on which the employment of the person described in
252	Subsection (9)(b)(iii)(A) by the employer terminates.
253	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
254	commission shall by rule define "employer."
255	(10) (a) An individual described in Subsection (1)(a) or 59-1-403(1)(a), or an
256	individual that violates a protective order or similar limitation entered pursuant to Subsection
257	(4)(b)(iii), is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if that person:
258	(i) intentionally discloses commercial information in violation of this section; and
259	(ii) knows that the disclosure described in Subsection (10)(a)(i) is prohibited by this
260	section.
261	(b) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an officer or employee of the
262	state or a county and is convicted of violating this section, the individual shall be dismissed
263	from office and be disqualified from holding public office in this state for a period of five years
264	thereafter.
265	(c) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an appraiser, the appraiser shall
266	forfeit any certification or license received under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
267	Licensing and Certification Act, for a period of five years.
268	(d) If the individual described in Subsection (10)(a) is an individual associated with an
269	appraiser who assists the appraiser in preparing appraisals, the individual shall be prohibited
270	from becoming licensed or certified under Title 61, Chapter 2g, Real Estate Appraiser
271	Licensing and Certification Act, for a period of five years.

272	Section 2. Section <b>59-2-913</b> is amended to read:
273	59-2-913. Definitions Statement of amount and purpose of levy Contents of
274	statement Filing with county auditor Transmittal to commission Calculations for
275	establishing tax levies Format of statement.
276	(1) As used in this section, "budgeted property tax revenues" does not include property
277	tax revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
278	(a) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
279	(b) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
280	(2) (a) The legislative body of each taxing entity shall file a statement as provided in
281	this section with the county auditor of the county in which the taxing entity is located.
282	(b) The auditor shall annually transmit the statement to the commission:
283	(i) before June 22; or
284	(ii) with the approval of the commission, on a subsequent date prior to the date
285	required by Section 59-2-1317 for the county treasurer to provide the notice under Section
286	59-2-1317.
287	(c) The statement shall contain the amount and purpose of each levy fixed by the
288	legislative body of the taxing entity.
289	(3) For purposes of establishing the levy set for each of a taxing entity's applicable
290	funds, the legislative body of the taxing entity shall calculate an amount determined by dividing
291	the budgeted property tax revenues, specified in a budget that has been adopted and approved
292	prior to setting the levy, by the amount calculated under Subsections 59-2-924(4)(b)(i) through
293	[ <del>(iii)</del> ] <u>(iv)</u> .
294	(4) The format of the statement under this section shall:
295	(a) be determined by the commission; and
296	(b) cite any applicable statutory provisions that:
297	(i) require a specific levy; or
298	(ii) limit the property tax levy for any taxing entity.

299	(5) The commission may require certification that the information submitted on a
300	statement under this section is true and correct.
301	Section 3. Section <b>59-2-924</b> is amended to read:
302	59-2-924. Definitions Report of valuation of property to county auditor and
303	commission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Calculation of certified tax
304	rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget Notice provided by the
305	commission.
306	(1) As used in this section:
307	(a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with
308	this chapter.
309	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
310	(A) interest;
311	(B) penalties;
312	(C) collections from redemptions; or
313	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is semiconductor
314	manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
315	Assessment.
316	(b) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
317	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
318	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
319	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
320	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
321	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
322	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls
323	of the taxing entity.
324	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate year
325	end taxable value of personal property that is:

(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in

327	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
328	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
329	(c) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the highest year
330	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
331	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for a previous calendar year that begins on or after January 1,
332	2015, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
333	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity; or
334	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the commission
335	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
336	(d) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
337	(A) zero; or
338	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
339	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and personal
340	property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
341	current year, adjusted for current year incremental value.
342	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of a
343	change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the
344	commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
345	(e) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
346	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
347	(f) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
348	(i) zero; or
349	(ii) the sum of:
350	(A) locally assessed new growth;
351	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
352	(C) project area new growth.

353	(g) "Incremental value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
354	(h) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
355	(A) zero; or
356	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real property the
357	county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the previous year,
358	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real property the county
359	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted
360	for current year incremental value.
361	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
362	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal, or
363	another adjustment;
364	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption for a
365	primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
366	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
367	Assessment Act; or
368	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
369	Farming Assessment Act.
370	(i) "Project area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
371	(j) "Project area new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that is
372	no longer provided to an agency as tax increment.
373	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
374	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
375	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
376	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
377	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
378	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
379	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of

380	each taxing entity:
381	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
382	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
383	(c) the certified tax rate; and
384	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
385	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
386	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity budgeted for the
387	prior year by the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b).
388	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
389	calculate an amount as follows:
390	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
391	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
392	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
393	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
394	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the
395	average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the equalization
396	period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar year;
397	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the product
398	of:
399	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
400	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately
401	preceding the current calendar year; and
402	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an amount
403	determined by:
404	(A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
405	immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth; and
406	(B) subtracting [eligible new growth] the amount calculated under Subsection

407	(4)(b)(1v)(A) from the amount calculated under Subsection $(4)(b)(111)$ .
408	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be
409	calculated as follows:
410	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), for a new taxing entity, the certified tax
411	rate is zero;
412	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
413	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
414	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
415	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
416	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in
417	Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and
418	(c) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
419	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall be
420	calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
421	(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53A-16-113, 53A-17a-133, or
422	53A-17a-164; and
423	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
424	orders under Section 59-2-1602.
425	(6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be
426	imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more
427	eligible judgments.
428	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in
429	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate certified tax
430	rate.
431	(7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use
432	(i) the taxable value of real property:
433	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

434	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
435	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:
436	(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
437	(B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and
438	(iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
439	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
440	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new
441	growth.
442	(8) (a) On or before June 22, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
443	(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall
444	notify the county auditor of:
445	(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
446	(ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
447	(c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that
448	exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.
449	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through
450	electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and Taxation Interim
451	Committee if:
452	(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end
453	taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
454	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental
455	value; and
456	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year end
457	taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in
458	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
459	(b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by
460	subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in

- accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value.
- (c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, from the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
- (d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet the requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
- Section 4. Section **59-2-1007** is amended to read:
- 59-2-1007. Objection to assessment by commission -- Application -- Contents of application -- Amending an application -- Information provided by the commission -- Hearings -- Appeals.
- (1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section, if the owner of property assessed by the commission objects to the assessment, the owner may apply to the commission for a hearing on the objection on or before the later of:
- (i) [<del>June</del>] August 1; or
- (ii) [30] 90 days after the [date] day on which the commission mails the notice of assessment in accordance with Section 59-2-201.
- (b) The commission shall allow an owner that meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) to be a party at a hearing under this section.
- (2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county that objects to the assessment of property assessed by the commission may apply to the commission for a hearing on the objection:
  - (a) for an assessment with respect to which the owner has applied to the commission

for a hearing on the objection under Subsection (1), if the county applies to the commission to become a party to the hearing on the objection no later than [30] 60 days after the [date] day on which the owner applied to the commission for the hearing on the objection; or

- (b) for an assessment with respect to which the owner has not applied to the commission for a hearing on the objection under Subsection (1), if the county:
- (i) reasonably believes that the commission should have assessed the property for the current calendar year at a fair market value that is at least the lesser of an amount that is:
- (A) 50% greater than the value at which the commission is assessing the property for the current calendar year; or
- (B) 50% greater than the value at which the commission assessed the property for the prior calendar year; and
- (ii) applies to the commission for a hearing on the objection no later than [30] 60 days after the last day on which the owner could have applied to the commission for a hearing on the objection under Subsection (1).
- (3) Before a county may apply to the commission for a hearing under this section on an objection to an assessment, a majority of the members of the county legislative body shall approve filing an application under this section.
- (4) (a) The commission shall allow a county that meets the requirements of Subsections (2) and (3) to be a party at a hearing under this section.
- (b) The commission shall allow an owner to be a party at a hearing under this section on an objection to an assessment a county files in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
  - (5) An owner or a county shall include in an application under this section:
  - (a) a written statement:

- (i) setting forth the known facts and legal basis supporting a different fair market value than the value assessed by the commission; and
- (ii) for an assessment described in Subsection (2)(b), establishing the county's reasonable belief that the commission should have assessed the property for the current

515	calendar year at a fair market value that is at least the lesser of an amount that is:
516	(A) 50% greater than the value at which the commission is assessing the property for
517	the current calendar year; or
518	(B) 50% greater than the value at which the commission assessed the property for the
519	prior calendar year; and
520	(b) the owner's or county's estimate of the fair market value of the property.
521	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), an [owner's or a county's] owner or a
522	county assessor may amend an estimate on an application under this section of the fair market
523	value of the property [may be amended] prior to the hearing as provided by rule.
524	(b) A county may not amend the fair market value of property under this Subsection (6)
525	to equal an amount that is less than the lesser of:
526	(i) the value at which the commission is assessing the property for the current calendar
527	year plus 50%; or
528	(ii) the value at which the commission assessed the property for the prior calendar year
529	plus 50%.
530	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
531	commission may make rules governing the procedures for amending an estimate of fair market
532	value under this Subsection (6).
533	(7) In applying to the commission for a hearing on an objection under this section:
534	(a) a county may estimate the fair market value of the property using a valuation
535	methodology the county considers to be appropriate, regardless of:
536	(i) the valuation methodology used previously in valuing the property; or
537	(ii) the valuation methodology an owner asserts; and
538	(b) an owner may estimate the fair market value of the property using a valuation
539	methodology the owner considers to be appropriate, regardless of:
540	(i) the valuation methodology used previously in valuing the property; or
541	(ii) the valuation methodology a county asserts

(8) (a) An owner who applies to the commission for a hearing in accordance with
Subsection (1) shall, for the property for which the owner objects to the commission's
assessment, file a copy of the application with the county auditor of each county in which the
property is located.
(b) A county auditor who receives a copy of an application in accordance with
Subsection (8)(a) shall provide a copy of the application to the county:
(i) assessor;
(ii) attorney;
(iii) legislative body; and
(iv) treasurer.
(9) (a) Upon request, the commission shall provide to a nonprofit organization that
represents counties in the state the following information regarding an appeal filed under this
section:
(i) the name of the property owner filing the appeal;
(ii) each year at issue in the appeal;
(iii) the value assessed by the commission for the property that is the subject of the
appeal; and
(iv) the owner's estimate of value for the property that is the subject of the appeal as
submitted under Subsection (5)(b).
(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b)(ii), a nonprofit organization may not
disclose the information described in Subsection (9)(a)(iv).
(ii) A nonprofit organization may disclose information described in Subsection
(9)(a)(iv) to an individual listed under Subsection 59-1-403(1)(a).
[(9)] (10) (a) On or before [August 1] November 15, the commission shall conduct a
scheduling conference with all parties to a hearing under this section.
(b) At the scheduling conference under Subsection $[(9)]$ (10)(a), the commission shall
establish dates for:

569	(1) the completion of discovery;
570	(ii) the filing of prehearing motions; and
571	(iii) conducting a hearing on the objection to the assessment.
572	[(10)] (11) (a) The commission shall issue a written decision no later than 120 days
573	after the later of the [date] day on which:
574	(i) the <u>commission completes the</u> hearing under this section [is completed]; or
575	(ii) the parties submit all posthearing briefs [are submitted].
576	(b) If the commission does not issue a written decision on an objection to an
577	assessment under this section within a two-year period after the date an application under this
578	section is filed, the objection is considered to be denied, unless the parties stipulate to a
579	different time period for resolving the objection.
580	(c) A party may appeal to the district court in accordance with Section 59-1-601 within
581	30 days after the [date] day on which an objection is considered to be denied.
582	[(11)] (12) At the hearing on an objection under this section, the commission may
583	increase, lower, or sustain the assessment if:
584	(a) the commission finds an error in the assessment; or
585	(b) the commission determines that increasing, lowering, or sustaining the assessment
586	is necessary to equalize the assessment with other similarly assessed property.
587	$[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$ (a) The commission shall send notice of a commission action under
588	Subsection $[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ to a county auditor if:
589	(i) the commission proposes to adjust an assessment the commission made in
590	accordance with Section 59-2-201;
591	(ii) the county's tax revenues may be affected by the commission's decision; and
592	(iii) the county is not a party to the hearing under this section.
593	(b) The written notice described in Subsection $[(12)]$ (13)(a):
594	(i) may be [transmitted] sent by:
595	(A) any form of electronic communication;

596	(B) first class mail; or
597	(C) private carrier; and
598	(ii) shall request the county to show good cause why the commission should not adjust
599	the assessment by requesting the county to provide to the commission a written statement
600	setting forth the known facts and legal basis for not adjusting the assessment within 30 days
601	[from the date of] after the day on which the commission sends the written notice.
602	(c) If a county provides a written statement described in Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$ (b) to
603	the commission, the commission shall:
604	(i) hold a hearing or take other appropriate action to consider the good cause the county
605	provides in the written statement; and
606	(ii) issue a written decision increasing, lowering, or sustaining the assessment.
607	(d) If a county does not provide a written statement described in Subsection [(12)]
608	(13)(b) to the commission within 30 days after the day on which the commission sends the
609	notice described in Subsection [ $(12)$ ] $(13)$ (a), the commission shall adjust the assessment and
610	send a copy of the commission's written decision to the county.
611	$[\frac{(13)}{(14)}]$ Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(13)}]$ does not limit the rights of a county as provided in
612	Subsections (2) and (4)(a).
613	[(14)] (15) (a) On or before the November 2018 interim meeting, the Revenue and
614	Taxation Interim Committee shall study the process for a county to object to an assessment of
615	property assessed by the commission.
616	(b) As part of the study required by Subsection [(14)] (15)(a), the Revenue and
617	Taxation Interim Committee shall determine whether to draft legislation to modify the process

for a county to object to an assessment of property assessed by the commission.