1	DNA SPECIMEN ANALYSIS AMENDMENTS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason
5	Senate Sponsor: Don L. Ipson
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to DNA specimen analysis and destruction.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 requires a sheriff to provide a person notice related to the destruction of a DNA
13	specimen and removal of the person's DNA sample and records from a database;
14	 requires certain DNA specimens to be processed and entered into a database;
15	 permits a person to request the destruction of the person's DNA specimen and
16	related records under certain conditions; and
17	 makes technical and conforming changes.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	53-10-404.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 331
25	53-10-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 405
26 27	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
28	Section 1. Section 53-10-404.5 is amended to read:

H.B. 19

29	53-10-404.5. Obtaining DNA specimen at time of booking Payment of fee upon
30	conviction.
31	(1) (a) When a sheriff books a person for any offense under Subsections
32	53-10-403(1)(c) and (d), the sheriff shall:
33	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), obtain a DNA specimen from the person
34	upon booking of the person at the county jail[, except under Subsection (1)(b).]; and
35	(ii) provide the person, in a manner the bureau specifies, notice of the process
36	described in Subsection 53-10-406(6)(b) to request destruction of the DNA specimen and
37	removal of the person's DNA record from the database described in Subsection
38	<u>53-10-406(1)(d).</u>
39	(b) If at the time of booking the sheriff is able to obtain information from the bureau
40	stating that the bureau has [on file a DNA specimen for the person] received a DNA specimen
41	for the person and the sample analysis is either in process or complete, the sheriff is not
42	required to obtain an additional DNA specimen.
43	(c) If at the time of booking the sheriff is able to obtain information from the bureau
44	stating that the bureau has received a DNA specimen for the person and the sample analysis is
45	pending, the sheriff may obtain an additional DNA specimen.
46	(2) The person booked under Subsection (1) shall pay a fee of 150 for the cost of
47	obtaining the DNA specimen if:
48	(a) the charge upon which the booking is based is resolved by a conviction or the
49	person is convicted of any charge arising out of the same criminal episode regarding which the
50	DNA specimen was obtained; and
51	(b) the person's DNA sample is not on file under Subsection (1)(b).
52	(3) (a) All fees collected under Subsection (2) shall be deposited $[in]$ into the DNA
53	Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407, except that the agency collecting
54	the fee may retain not more than \$25 per individual specimen for the costs of obtaining the
55	DNA specimen.

56	(b) The agency collecting the \$150 fee may not retain from each separate fee more than
57	\$25, and no amount of the \$150 fee may be credited to any other fee or agency obligation.
58	(4) Any DNA specimen obtained under this section shall be held and may not be
59	processed until:
60	(a) the court has bound the person over for trial following a preliminary hearing for any
61	charge arising out of the same criminal episode regarding which the person was booked;
62	(b) the person has waived the preliminary hearing for any charge arising out of the
63	same criminal episode regarding which the person was booked; [or]
64	(c) a grand jury has returned an indictment for any charge arising out of the same
65	criminal episode regarding which the person was booked[-]; or
66	(d) sixty days after the issuance of an arrest warrant for failure to appear, provided the
67	warrant is still outstanding or has not been recalled.
68	Section 2. Section 53-10-406 is amended to read:
69	53-10-406. DNA specimen analysis Bureau responsibilities.
70	(1) The bureau shall:
71	(a) administer and oversee the DNA specimen collection process;
72	[(b) store all DNA specimens received and other physical evidence obtained from
73	analysis of those specimens;]
74	(b) store each DNA specimen and associated records received;
75	(c) <u>analyze each specimen</u> , or contract with a qualified public or private laboratory to
76	analyze the [specimens] specimen, to establish the genetic profile of the donor or to otherwise
77	determine the identity of [persons or contract with other qualified public or private laboratories
78	to conduct the analysis] the person;
79	(d) maintain a criminal identification [data base] database containing information
80	derived from DNA analysis;
81	[(e) utilize the specimens to create statistical population frequency data bases, provided
82	that genetic profiles or other information in a population frequency data base may not be

H.B. 19

83	identified with specific individuals;]
84	[(f)] (e) ensure that the DNA identification system does not provide information
85	allowing prediction of genetic disease or predisposition to illness;
86	[(g)] (f) ensure that only DNA markers routinely used or accepted in the field of
87	forensic science are used to establish the gender and unique individual identification of the
88	donor;
89	$\left[\frac{h}{2}\right]$ (g) utilize only those DNA analysis procedures that are consistent with, and do
90	not exceed, procedures established and used by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the
91	forensic analysis of DNA;
92	[(i)] (h) destroy a DNA specimen obtained under this part if criminal charges have not
93	been filed within 90 days after booking for an alleged offense under Subsection
94	53-10-403(2)(c); and
95	[(j)] (i) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
96	Rulemaking Act, establishing procedures for obtaining, transmitting, and analyzing DNA
97	specimens and for storing and destroying DNA specimens and [other physical evidence]
98	associated records, and criminal identification information obtained from the analysis.
99	(2) Procedures for DNA analysis may include all techniques which the [Department of
100	Public Safety] department determines are accurate and reliable in establishing identity[;
101	including but not limited to, analysis of DNA, antigen antibodies, polymorphic enzymes, or
102	polymorphic proteins].
103	(3) (a) In accordance with Section 63G-2-305, [all DNA specimens received shall be]
104	each DNA specimen and associated record is classified as protected.
105	(b) The [Department of Public Safety] department may not transfer or disclose any
106	DNA specimen, [physical evidence] associated record, or criminal identification information
107	obtained, stored, or maintained under this section, except under [its] the provisions of this
108	section.
109	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection $63G-2-202(1)$, the department may deny inspection if

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110 [it] the department determines that there is a reasonable likelihood that the inspection would 111 prejudice a pending criminal investigation. 112 (5) The department shall adopt procedures governing the inspection of records, DNA specimens, and challenges to the accuracy of records. The procedures shall accommodate the 113 114 need to preserve the materials from contamination and destruction. 115 (6) A person whose DNA specimen [has been] is obtained under this part may, 116 personally or through a legal representative, submit: 117 (a) to the court a motion for a court order requiring the destruction of the person's DNA 118 specimen, associated record, and any criminal identification record created in connection with 119 that specimen, and removal of the person's DNA record from the database described in 120 Subsection (1)(d) if: $\left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$ (i) a final judgment reverses the conviction, judgment, or order that created an 121 122 obligation to provide a DNA specimen; or 123 (ii) all charges arising from the same criminal episode for which the DNA specimen 124 was obtained under Subsection 53-10-404.5(1)(a) have been resolved by a final judgment of 125 dismissal with prejudice or acquittal; or 126 (b) to the department a request for the destruction of the person's DNA specimen, and 127 associated record, and removal of the person's DNA record from the database described in 128 Subsection (1)(d) if: 129 (i) no charge arising from the same criminal episode for which the DNA specimen was obtained under Subsection 53-10-404.5(1)(a) is filed against the person within one year after 130 131 the day on which the person is booked; or 132 (ii) all charges arising from the same criminal episode for which the DNA specimen 133 was obtained under Subsection 53-10-404.5(1)(a) have been resolved by a final judgment of 134 dismissal with prejudice or acquittal[; and]. 135 (b) the department determines that the person has not otherwise become obligated to 136 submit a DNA specimen as a result of any separate conviction or juvenile adjudication for any

H.B. 19

137	offense listed in Subsection 53-10-403(2).
138	(7) A court order issued under Subsection $(6)(a)$ may be accompanied by a written
139	notice to the person advising that state law provides for expungement of criminal charges if the
140	charge is resolved by a final judgment of dismissal or acquittal.
141	[(8) Upon receipt of]
142	(8) The department shall destroy the person's DNA specimen, and associated record,
143	and remove the person's DNA record from the database described in Subsection (1)(d), if:
144	(a) the person provides the department with:
145	(i) a court order for destruction [pursuant to] described in Subsection (6)(a), and
146	[receipt of] a certified copy of:
147	(A) the court order reversing the conviction, judgment, or order[, a certified copy of];
148	(B) a court order to set aside the conviction[, or a certified copy of]; or
149	(C) the dismissal or acquittal of the charge regarding which the person was arrested[;
150	the Department of Public Safety shall destroy any specimen received from the person, any
151	physical evidence obtained from that specimen, and any criminal identification records
152	pertaining to the person, unless prohibited under Subsection (6)(b).]; or
153	(ii) a written request for destruction of the DNA specimen, and associated record, and
154	removal of the DNA record from the database described in Subsection (6)(b), and a certified
155	<u>copy of:</u>
156	(A) a declination to prosecute from the prosecutor; or
157	(B) a court document that indicates all charges have been resolved by a final judgment
158	of dismissal with prejudice or acquittal; and
159	(b) the department determines that the person is not obligated to submit a DNA
160	specimen as a result of a separate conviction or juvenile adjudication for an offense listed in
161	Subsection <u>53-10-403(2)</u> .
162	(9) The department [is not required to destroy any item of physical evidence obtained
163	from a DNA specimen if evidence relating to another person subject to the provisions of

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H.B. 19

164 Sections 53-10-404 and 53-10-405 would as a result be destroyed.] may not destroy a person's 165 DNA specimen or remove a person's DNA record from the database described in Subsection 166 (1)(d) if the person has a prior conviction or a pending charge for which collection of a sample 167 is authorized in accordance with Section 53-10-404. 168 (10) A DNA specimen, [physical evidence] associated record, or criminal identification 169 record created in connection with that specimen may not be affected by an order to set aside a 170 conviction, except under the provisions of this section. 171 (11) If funding is not available for analysis of any of the DNA specimens collected 172 under this part, the bureau shall store the collected specimens until funding is made available 173 for analysis through state or federal funds. 174 (12) (a) (i) A person who, due to the person's employment or authority, has possession 175 of or access to individually identifiable DNA information contained in the state criminal identification database or the state DNA specimen repository may not willfully disclose the 176 177 information in any manner to any individual, agency, or entity that is not entitled under this 178 part to receive the information. 179 (ii) A person may not willfully obtain individually identifiable DNA information from 180 the state criminal identification database or the state DNA repository other than as authorized 181 by this part. 182 (iii) A person may not willfully analyze a DNA specimen for any purpose, or to obtain 183 any information other than as required under this part. 184 (iv) A person may not willfully fail to destroy or fail to ensure the destruction of a 185 DNA specimen when destruction is required by this part or by court order. 186 (b) (i) A person who violates Subsection (12)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is guilty of a third 187 degree felony. 188 (ii) A person who violates Subsection (12)(a)(iv) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

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