## Calendar No. 358 <sup>111TH CONGRESS</sup> <sup>2D SESSION</sup> S. CON. RES. 60

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2011, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2010, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2012 through 2015.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 26, 2010

Mr. CONRAD, from the Committee on the Budget reported the following original concurrent resolution; which was placed on the calendar

# **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2011, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2010, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2012 through 2015.

1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives

2 concurring),

**3 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET** 

4 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011.

5 (a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this reso-

6 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal

1 year 2011 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-

- 2 priate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2010 and 2012
- 3 through 2015.

#### 4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

#### 5 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2011.

#### TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Social Security.

- Sec. 103. Postal Service discretionary administrative expenses.
- Sec. 104. Major functional categories.

#### TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

- Sec. 201. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to promote employment and job growth.
- Sec. 202. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to further stabilize and improve the regulation of the financial and housing sectors.
- Sec. 203. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for tax relief and reform.
- Sec. 204. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to invest in clean energy and preserve the environment.
- Sec. 205. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to assist working families and children.
- Sec. 206. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for investments in America's infrastructure.
- Sec. 207. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for America's veterans, and returning and wounded servicemembers.
- Sec. 208. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for higher education.
- Sec. 209. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for health care.
- Sec. 210. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for investments in our Nation's counties and schools.
- Sec. 211. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for the Federal judiciary.
- Sec. 212. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for recommendations of the National Commission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform.
- Sec. 213. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for improper payments.
- Sec. 214. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for terminated programs.
- Sec. 215. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for small business tax relief.
- Sec. 216. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for greater accountability for Recovery Act funding.
- Sec. 217. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for greater accountability for health care reform.
- Sec. 218. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for reducing tax increases on low- and middle-income Americans.
- Sec. 219. Deficit-reduction reserve fund to promote corporate tax fairness.
- Sec. 220. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for reducing tax increases on low- and middle-income Americans and protecting retirees.
- Sec. 221. Deficit-neutral reserve fund taxpayer access to IRS appeals.
- Sec. 222. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to make it more difficult for corporations to influence elections.

- Sec. 223. Deficit-neutral reserve fund to repeal deductions from mineral revenue payments to States.
- Sec. 224. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for increasing transparency regarding foreign holders of United States debt and assessing risks related to the Federal debt.

#### TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS

#### Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement

- Sec. 301. Discretionary spending limits for fiscal years 2010 through 2013, program integrity initiatives, and other adjustments.
- Sec. 302. Point of order against advance appropriations.
- Sec. 303. Strengthened emergency designation.
- Sec. 304. Adjustments for the extension of certain current policies.
- Sec. 305. Extension of enforcement of budgetary points of order in the Senate.
- Sec. 306. Point of order establishing a 20 percent limit on new direct spending in reconciliation legislation.

#### Subtitle B—Other Provisions

- Sec. 311. Oversight of Government performance.
- Sec. 312. Budgetary treatment of certain discretionary administrative expenses.
- Sec. 313. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
- Sec. 314. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 315. Truth in debt.
- Sec. 316. Truth in Debt Disclosures.
- Sec. 317. Further disclosure of levels in this resolution.
- Sec. 318. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

#### TITLE IV—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 401. Reconciliation in the Senate.

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### TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

#### 3 SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

4 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for5 each of fiscal years 2010 through 2015:

- 6 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
- 7 enforcement of this resolution:
- 8 (A) The recommended levels of Federal
  9 revenues are as follows:
- 10 Fiscal year 2010: \$1,510,918,000,000.
- 11 Fiscal year 2011: \$1,838,044,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2012: \$2,024,391,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2013: \$2,376,016,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2014: \$2,586,079,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2015: \$2,744,932,000,000.
5	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
6	levels of Federal revenues should be changed
7	are as follows:
8	Fiscal year 2010: -\$15,800,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2011: -\$159,549,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2012: -\$235,291,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2013: -\$118,180,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2014: -\$155,358,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2015: -\$111,377,000,000.
14	(2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
15	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
16	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
17	Fiscal year 2010: \$3,010,959,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2011: \$3,126,966,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2012: \$2,943,394,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2013: \$3,082,922,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2014: \$3,290,175,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2015: \$3,466,385,000,000.
23	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
24	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
25	of total budget outlays are as follows:

1	Fiscal year 2010: \$3,010,156,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2011: \$3,191,258,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2012: \$3,031,177,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2013: \$3,087,252,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2014: \$3,265,543,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2015: \$3,427,244,000,000.
7	(4) Deficits.—For purposes of the enforce-
8	ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits
9	are as follows:
10	Fiscal year 2010: \$1,499,238,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2011: \$1,353,214,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2012: \$1,006,786,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2013: \$711,236,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2014: \$679,464,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2015: \$682,312,000,000.
16	(5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section
17	301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974,
18	the appropriate levels of the public debt are as fol-
19	lows:
20	Fiscal year 2010: \$13,532,565,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2011: \$14,751,676,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2012: \$15,874,006,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2013: \$16,689,903,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2014: \$17,457,336,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015: \$18,244,046,000,000.

1 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-2 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows: 3 Fiscal year 2010: \$9,066,812,000,000. 4 Fiscal year 2011: \$10,172,552,000,000. 5 Fiscal year 2012: \$11,122,149,000,000. 6 Fiscal year 2013: \$11,751,602,000,000. 7 Fiscal year 2014: \$12,331,071,000,000. 8 Fiscal year 2015: \$12,900,053,000,000. 9 SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY. 10 (a) Social Security Revenues.—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the 11 12 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of reve-13 nues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance 14 Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust 15 Fund are as follows: 16 Fiscal year 2010: \$641,486,000,000. 17 Fiscal year 2011: \$672,571,000,000. 18 Fiscal year 2012: \$710,359,000,000. 19 Fiscal year 2013: \$754,842,000,000. 20 Fiscal year 2014: \$798,824,000,000. 21 Fiscal year 2015: \$838,280,000,000. 22 (b) Social Security Outlays.—For purposes of 23 Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the 24 Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays

25 of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust

Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund
 are as follows:

3	Fiscal year 2010: \$545,302,000,000.					
4	Fiscal year 2011: \$569,502,000,000.					
5	Fiscal year 2012: \$599,385,000,000.					
6	Fiscal year 2013: \$630,333,000,000.					
7	Fiscal year 2014: \$660,273,000,000.					
8	Fiscal year 2015: \$692,319,000,000.					
9	(c) Social Security Administrative Ex-					
10	PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-					
11	thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and					
12	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-					
13	ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses					
14	are as follows:					
15	Fiscal year 2010:					
16	(A) New budget authority,					
17	\$5,811,000,000.					
18	(B) Outlays, \$5,654,000,000.					
19	Fiscal year 2011:					
20	(A) New budget authority,					
21	\$6,266,000,000.					
22	(B) Outlays, \$6,172,000,000.					
23	Fiscal year 2012:					
24	(A) New budget authority,					
25	\$6,543,000,000.					

1	(B) Outlays, \$6,472,000,000.				
2	Fiscal year 2013:				
3	(A) New budget authority,	,			
4	\$6,845,000,000.				
5	(B) Outlays, \$6,784,000,000.				
6	Fiscal year 2014:				
7	(A) New budget authority,	,			
8	\$7,217,000,000.				
9	(B) Outlays, \$7,144,000,000.				
10	Fiscal year 2015:				
11	(A) New budget authority,	,			
12	\$7,441,000,000.				
13	(B) Outlays, \$7,384,000,000.				
14	SEC. 103. POSTAL SERVICE DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRA	-			
15	TIVE EXPENSES.				
16	In the Senate, the amounts of new budget authority	7			
17	and budget outlays of the Postal Service for discretionary	7			
18	administrative expenses are as follows:				
19	Fiscal year 2010:				
20	(A) New budget authority, \$258,000,000.				
21	(B) Outlays, \$258,000,000.				
22	Fiscal year 2011:				
23	(A) New budget authority, \$258,000,000.				
24	(B) Outlays, \$258,000,000.				
25	Fiscal year 2012:				

1	(A) New budget authority, \$247,000,000.					
2	(B) Outlays, \$248,000,000.					
3	Fiscal year 2013:					
4	(A) New budget authority, \$239,000,000.					
5	(B) Outlays, \$239,000,000.					
6	Fiscal year 2014:					
7	(A) New budget authority, \$244,000,000.					
8	(B) Outlays, \$244,000,000.					
9	Fiscal year 2015:					
10	(A) New budget authority, \$251,000,000.					
11	(B) Outlays, \$251,000,000.					
12	SEC. 104. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.					
13	Congress determines and declares that the appro-					
14	priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal					
15	years 2010 through 2015 for each major functional cat-					
16	egory are:					
17	(1) National Defense (050):					
18	Fiscal year 2010:					
19	(A) New budget authority,					
20	\$723,239,000,000.					
21	(B) Outlays, \$702,700,000,000.					
22	Fiscal year 2011:					
23	(A) New budget authority,					
24	738,866,000,000.					
25	(B) Outlays, \$739,429,000,000.					

1	F	iscal yeaı	· 2012:		
2	(A	A) N	New	budget	authority,
3	\$647,2	206,000,0	000.		
4	(1	3) Outlay	vs, \$699,6	52,000,000.	
5	F	iscal yeaı	· 2013:		
6	(A	A) N	New	budget	authority,
7	\$662,5	603,000,0	000.		
8	(1	3) Outlay	vs, \$674,8	28,000,000.	
9	F	iscal yeaı	· 2014:		
10	(A	A) N	New	budget	authority,
11	\$678,9	95,000,0	000.		
12	(1	3) Outlay	vs, \$672,5	25,000,000.	
13	F	iscal yeaı	· 2015:		
14	(4	A) N	New	budget	authority,
15	\$697,8	356,000,0	000.		
16	(1	3) Outlay	rs, \$684,6	39,000,000.	
17	(2) Int	ernation	al Affairs	(150):	
18	F	iscal yeaı	· 2010:		
19	(A	A) N	New	budget	authority,
20	\$68,72	28,000,00	0.		
21	(1	3) Outlay	rs, \$47,18	0,000,000.	
22	F	iscal yeaı	· 2011:		
23	(4	A) N	New	budget	authority,
24	\$57,49	9,000,00	0.		
25	$(\mathbf{I}$	3) Outlay	vs, \$51,34	5,000,000.	

1		Fiscal ye	ear 2012:		
2		(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$60	,566,000,	000.		
4		(B) Out	lays, \$56,	737,000,000.	
5		Fiscal ye	ear 2013:		
6		(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$60	,823,000,	000.		
8		(B) Out	lays, \$59,	532,000,000.	
9		Fiscal ye	ear 2014:		
10		(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$61	,546,000,	000.		
12		(B) Out	lays, \$62,	624,000,000.	
13		Fiscal ye	ear 2015:		
14		(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$62	,584,000,	000.		
16		(B) Out	lays, \$64,	778,000,000.	
17	(3)	General	Science,	Space, and	Technology
18	(250):				
19		Fiscal ye	ear 2010:		
20		(A)	New	budget	authority,
21	\$31	,081,000,	000.		
22		(B) Out	lays, \$31,	673,000,000.	
23		Fiscal ye	ear 2011:		
24		(A)	New	budget	authority,
25	\$31	,793,000,	000.		

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1	(B) Outlays, \$32,281,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2012:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$32,080,000,000.
5	(B) Outlays, \$32,072,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2013:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$32,746,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$32,096,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2014:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$33,547,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$32,496,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2015:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$33,934,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$32,792,000,000.
18	(4) Energy (270):
19	Fiscal year 2010:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$7,860,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$10,090,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2011:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$10,801,000,000.

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1	(B) Outlays, \$14,715,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2012:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$9,281,000,000.
5	(B) Outlays, \$16,907,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2013:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$6,697,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$12,988,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2014:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$5,710,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$10,506,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2015:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$5,118,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$6,991,000,000.
18	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
19	Fiscal year 2010:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$38,666,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$43,068,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2011:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$39,606,000,000.

1	(B) Outlays, \$42,434,000,000.	
2	Fiscal year 2012:	
3	(A) New budget a	authority,
4	\$39,829,000,000.	
5	(B) Outlays, \$41,412,000,000.	
6	Fiscal year 2013:	
7	(A) New budget a	authority,
8	\$38,086,000,000.	
9	(B) Outlays, \$40,169,000,000.	
10	Fiscal year 2014:	
11	(A) New budget a	authority,
12	\$37,947,000,000.	
13	(B) Outlays, \$39,467,000,000.	
14	Fiscal year 2015:	
15	(A) New budget a	authority,
16	\$38,077,000,000.	
17	(B) Outlays, \$38,875,000,000.	
18	(6) Agriculture (350):	
19	Fiscal year 2010:	
20	(A) New budget a	authority,
21	\$26,679,000,000.	
22	(B) Outlays, \$24,733,000,000.	
23	Fiscal year 2011:	
24	(A) New budget a	authority,
25	\$24,814,000,000.	

	10	
1	(B) Outlays, \$25,251,000,000.	
2	Fiscal year 2012:	
3	(A) New budget authority,	
4	\$22,103,000,000.	
5	(B) Outlays, \$18,622,000,000.	
6	Fiscal year 2013:	
7	(A) New budget authority,	
8	\$22,904,000,000.	
9	(B) Outlays, \$22,898,000,000.	
10	Fiscal year 2014:	
11	(A) New budget authority,	
12	\$22,977,000,000.	
13	(B) Outlays, \$22,195,000,000.	
14	Fiscal year 2015:	
15	(A) New budget authority,	
16	\$22,326,000,000.	
17	(B) Outlays, \$21,604,000,000.	
18	(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):	
19	Fiscal year 2010:	
20	(A) New budget authority,	
21	$-\$44,\!238,\!000,\!000.$	
22	(B) Outlays, -\$58,464,000,000.	
23	Fiscal year 2011:	
24	(A) New budget authority,	
25	\$17,604,000,000.	

1	(B) Outlays, \$33,286,000,000.	
2	Fiscal year 2012:	
3	(A) New budget	authority,
4	\$15,436,000,000.	
5	(B) Outlays, \$16,712,000,000.	
6	Fiscal year 2013:	
7	(A) New budget	authority,
8	\$13,709,000,000.	
9	(B) Outlays, -\$2,502,000,000.	
10	Fiscal year 2014:	
11	(A) New budget	authority,
12	\$12,308,000,000.	
13	(B) Outlays, -\$5,192,000,000.	
14	Fiscal year 2015:	
15	(A) New budget	authority,
16	\$12,697,000,000.	
17	(B) Outlays, -\$5,122,000,000.	
18	(8) Transportation (400):	
19	Fiscal year 2010:	
20	(A) New budget	authority,
21	\$102,701,000,000.	
22	(B) Outlays, \$96,423,000,000.	
23	Fiscal year 2011:	
24	(A) New budget	authority,
25	\$92,212,000,000.	

			<b>±</b> ·		
1		(B) Ou	utlays, \$97,1	23,000,000	).
2		Fiscal	year 2012:		
3		(A)	New	budget	authority,
4	\$93	,296,00	0,000.		
5		(B) Ou	utlays, \$95,5	510,000,000	).
6		Fiscal	year 2013:		
7		(A)	New	budget	authority,
8	\$93	,591,00	0,000.		
9		(B) Oi	utlays, \$94,6	97,000,000	).
10		Fiscal	year 2014:		
11		(A)	New	budget	authority,
12	\$94	,116,00	0,000.		
13		(B) Oi	utlays, \$94,9	28,000,000	).
14		Fiscal	year 2015:		
15		(A)	New	budget	authority,
16	\$95	,531,00	0,000.		
17		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$96,2	257,000,000	).
18	(9)	Comm	unity and	Regional	Development
19	(450):				
20		Fiscal	year 2010:		
21		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
22	\$23	,655,00	0,000.		
23		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$25,7	33,000,000	).
24		Fiscal	year 2011:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$18,229,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$28,188,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2012:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$18,132,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$26,505,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2013:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$17,913,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$23,875,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2014:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$18,341,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$21,562,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2015:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$18,779,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$20,272,000,000.
20	(10) Education, Training, Employment, and
21	Social Services (500):
22	Fiscal year 2010:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	74,858,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$125,382,000,000.

Fisc	al year 2011	:	
(A)	New	budget	authority,
\$108,714	,000,000.		
(B)	Outlays, \$12	26,617,000,00	0.
Fisc	al year 2012	:	
(A)	New	budget	authority,
\$89,062,0	000,000.		
(B)	Outlays, \$10	07,532,000,00	0.
Fisc	al year 2013	:	
(A)	New	budget	authority,
\$90,332,0	000,000.		
(B)	Outlays, \$91	,785,000,000	).
Fisc	al year 2014	:	
(A)	New	budget	authority,
\$96,604,0	000,000.		
(B)	Outlays, \$94	,934,000,000	).
Fisc	al year 2015	:	
(A)	New	budget	authority,
\$103,241	,000,000.		
(B)	Outlays, \$99	9,977,000,000	).
(11) Hea	lth (550):		
Fisc	al year 2010	:	
(A)	New	budget	authority,
	\$108,714 (B) Fise (A) \$89,062,0 (B) Fise (A) \$90,332,0 (B) Fise (A) \$96,604,0 (B) Fise (A) \$96,604,0 (B) Fise (A) \$103,241 (B) (11) Hea Fise	<ul> <li>\$108,714,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$12</li> <li>Fiscal year 2012</li> <li>(A) New</li> <li>\$89,062,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$10</li> <li>Fiscal year 2013</li> <li>(A) New</li> <li>\$90,332,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$91</li> <li>Fiscal year 2014</li> <li>(A) New</li> <li>\$96,604,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$94</li> <li>Fiscal year 2015</li> <li>(A) New</li> <li>\$96,604,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$94</li> <li>Fiscal year 2015</li> <li>(A) New</li> <li>\$103,241,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$99</li> <li>(11) Health (550):</li> <li>Fiscal year 2010</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$108,714,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$126,617,000,00</li> <li>Fiscal year 2012: <ul> <li>(A) New budget</li> </ul> </li> <li>\$89,062,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$107,532,000,00</li> <li>Fiscal year 2013: <ul> <li>(A) New budget</li> </ul> </li> <li>\$90,332,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$91,785,000,000</li> <li>Fiscal year 2014: <ul> <li>(A) New budget</li> </ul> </li> <li>\$96,604,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$94,934,000,000</li> <li>Fiscal year 2015: <ul> <li>(A) New budget</li> </ul> </li> <li>\$96,604,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$94,934,000,000</li> <li>Fiscal year 2015: <ul> <li>(A) New budget</li> </ul> </li> <li>\$103,241,000,000.</li> <li>(B) Outlays, \$99,977,000,000</li> </ul> <li>(11) Health (550): <ul> <li>Fiscal year 2010:</li> </ul> </li>

25 (B) Outlays, \$374,857,000,000.

1	Fi	iscal yea	ar 2011:		
2	(A	L)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$363,1	56,000,	000.		
4	(B	B) Outla	ys, \$366,3	882,000,000.	
5	Fi	iscal yea	ar 2012:		
6	(A	r)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$358,8	13,000,	000.		
8	(B	B) Outla	ys, \$357,9	021,000,000.	
9	Fi	iscal yea	ar 2013:		
10	(A	L)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$370,8	31,000,	000.		
12	(B	B) Outla	ys, \$362,9	011,000,000.	
13	Fi	iscal yea	ar 2014:		
14	(A	L)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$433,6	16,000,	000.		
16	(B	B) Outla	ys, \$423,6	37,000,000.	
17	Fi	iscal yea	ar 2015:		
18	(A	L)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$489,1	76,000,	000.		
20	(B	B) Outla	ys, \$478,7	15,000,000.	
21	(12) M	edicare	(570):		
22	Fi	iscal yea	ar 2010:		
23	(A	<b>(</b> )	New	budget	authority,
24	\$469,6	87,000,	000.		
25	(B	B) Outla	ys, \$469,7	798,000,000.	

1	]	Fiscal ye	ear 2011:		
2	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$517,	,747,000	,000.		
4	(	(B) Outl	ays, \$517,5	521,000,000.	
5	]	Fiscal ye	ear 2012:		
6	(	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
7	\$508	,104,000	,000.		
8	(	(B) Outl	ays, \$507,8	877,000,000.	
9	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2013:		
10	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$552	,954,000	,000.		
12	(	(B) Outl	ays, \$553,1	106,000,000.	
13	]	Fiscal ye	ear 2014:		
14	(	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
15	\$593	,495,000	,000.		
16	(	(B) Outl	ays, \$593,3	312,000,000.	
17	]	Fiscal ye	ear 2015:		
18	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$597	,271,000	,000.		
20	(	(B) Outl	ays, \$597,0	025,000,000.	
21	(13) ]	Income \$	Security (6	00):	
22	]	Fiscal ye	ear 2010:		
23	(	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
24	\$618	,514,000	,000.		
25	(	(B) Outl	ays, \$622,8	845,000,000.	

1	Fiscal year 2011:	
2	(A) New budget	authority,
3	\$555,845,000,000.	
4	(B) Outlays, \$558,611,000,000.	
5	Fiscal year 2012:	
6	(A) New budget	authority,
7	\$486,754,000,000.	
8	(B) Outlays, \$489,375,000,000.	
9	Fiscal year 2013:	
10	(A) New budget	authority,
11	\$481,503,000,000.	
12	(B) Outlays, \$482,546,000,000.	
13	Fiscal year 2014:	
14	(A) New budget	authority,
15	\$490,478,000,000.	
16	(B) Outlays, \$489,688,000,000.	
17	Fiscal year 2015:	
18	(A) New budget	authority,
19	\$505,301,000,000.	
20	(B) Outlays, \$503,905,000,000.	
21	(14) Social Security (650):	
22	Fiscal year 2010:	
23	(A) New budget	authority,
24	\$22,052,000,000.	
25	(B) Outlays, \$22,333,000,000.	

1	Fiscal year 2011:	
2	(A) New budget authority,	
3	\$24,524,000,000.	
4	(B) Outlays, \$24,694,000,000.	
5	Fiscal year 2012:	
6	(A) New budget authority,	
7	\$27,082,000,000.	
8	(B) Outlays, \$27,242,000,000.	
9	Fiscal year 2013:	
10	(A) New budget authority,	
11	\$30,084,000,000.	
12	(B) Outlays, \$30,244,000,000.	
13	Fiscal year 2014:	
14	(A) New budget authority,	
15	\$33,288,000,000.	
16	(B) Outlays, \$33,408,000,000.	
17	Fiscal year 2015:	
18	(A) New budget authority,	
19	\$36,381,000,000.	
20	(B) Outlays, \$36,381,000,000.	
21	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):	
22	Fiscal year 2010:	
23	(A) New budget authority,	
24	\$114,398,000,000.	
25	(B) Outlays, \$113,393,000,000.	

1	Fiscal year 2011:	
2	(A) New budget authority,	
3	\$127,411,000,000.	
4	(B) Outlays, \$126,655,000,000.	
5	Fiscal year 2012:	
6	(A) New budget authority,	
7	\$121,121,000,000.	
8	(B) Outlays, \$120,718,000,000.	
9	Fiscal year 2013:	
10	(A) New budget authority,	
11	\$129,737,000,000.	
12	(B) Outlays, \$129,230,000,000.	
13	Fiscal year 2014:	
14	(A) New budget authority,	
15	\$133,539,000,000.	
16	(B) Outlays, \$132,943,000,000.	
17	Fiscal year 2015:	
18	(A) New budget authority,	
19	\$137,137,000,000.	
20	(B) Outlays, \$136,489,000,000.	
21	(16) Administration of Justice (750):	
22	Fiscal year 2010:	
23	(A) New budget authority,	
24	\$53,894,000,000.	
25	(B) Outlays, \$55,914,000,000.	

1	Fiscal	year 2011:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$55,581,00	0,000.		
4	(B) Ou	utlays, \$57	,912,000,000.	
5	Fiscal	year 2012:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$54,641,00	0,000.		
8	(B) Ou	utlays, \$56	,697,000,000.	
9	Fiscal	year 2013:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$54,677,00	0,000.		
12	(B) Ou	utlays, \$54	,902,000,000.	
13	Fiscal	year 2014:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$56,370,00	0,000.		
16	(B) Ou	utlays, \$54	,538,000,000.	
17	Fiscal	year 2015:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$58,299,00	0,000.		
20	(B) Ou	utlays, \$57	,292,000,000.	
21	(17) Genera	al Governm	nent (800):	
22	Fiscal	year 2010:		
23	(A)	New	budget	authority,
24	$$25,\!680,\!00$	0,000.		
25	(B) Ou	utlays, \$25	,811,000,000.	

1	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2011:		
2	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$27,0	90,000,0	000.		
4	(	(B) Outla	ays, \$27,89	94,000,000.	
5	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2012:		
6	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$27,2	79,000,0	)00.		
8	(	(B) Outla	ays, \$29,03	38,000,000.	
9	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2013:		
10	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$27,0	98,000,0	000.		
12	(	(B) Outla	ays, \$28,63	36,000,000.	
13	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2014:		
14	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$27,7	700,000,0	000.		
16	(	(B) Outla	ays, \$28,97	70,000,000.	
17	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2015:		
18	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$28,0	21,000,0	000.		
20	(	(B) Outla	ays, \$28,78	81,000,000.	
21	(18) ]	Net Inte	rest (900):		
22	]	Fiscal ye	ar 2010:		
23	(	(A)	New	budget	authority,
24	\$328,	887,000	,000.		
25	(	(B) Outla	ays, \$328,8	887,000,000.	

1	Fiscal	year 2011:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$359,630,0	00,000.		
4	(B) Ou	utlays, \$35	9,630,000,000	).
5	Fiscal	year 2012:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$410,764,0	00,000.		
8	(B) Ou	utlays, \$41	0,764,000,000	).
9	Fiscal	year 2013:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$476,154,0	00,000.		
12	(B) Ou	utlays, \$47	6,154,000,000	).
13	Fiscal	year 2014:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$548,649,0	00,000.		
16	(B) Ou	utlays, \$54	8,649,000,000	).
17	Fiscal	year 2015:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$623,705,0	00,000.		
20	(B) Ou	utlays, \$62	3,705,000,000	).
21	(19) Allowa	ances (920)	:	
22	Fiscal	year 2010:		
23	(A)	New	budget	authority,
24	\$12,416,00	0,000.		
25	(B) Ou	utlays, \$12	,416,000,000.	

1	Fiscal year 2011:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$26,818,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$32,264,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2012:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	$-\$3,\!647,\!000,\!000.$
8	(B) Outlays, -\$5,608,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2013:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	-\$2,507,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, -\$3,930,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2014:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	$-\$11,\!637,\!000,\!000.$
16	(B) Outlays, -\$8,233,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2015:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	-\$19,063,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, -\$16,126,000,000.
21	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
22	Fiscal year 2010:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	$-\$64,\!616,\!000,\!000.$
25	(B) Outlays, -\$64,616,000,000.

1	Fiscal ye	Fiscal year 2011:			
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
3	-\$70,974,000	-\$70,974,000,000.			
4	(B) Outl	(B) Outlays, -\$70,974,000,000.			
5	Fiscal ye	Fiscal year 2012:			
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
7	-\$74,508,000	4,508,000,000.			
8	(B) Outl	(B) Outlays, -\$74,508,000,000.			
9	Fiscal ye	Fiscal year 2013:			
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
11	-\$76,913,000	-\$76,913,000,000.			
12	(B) Outl	(B) Outlays, -\$76,913,000,000.			
13	Fiscal ye	Fiscal year 2014:			
14	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,	
15	-\$77,414,000	\$77,414,000,000.			
16	(B) Outl	(B) Outlays, -\$77,414,000,000.			
17	Fiscal ye	Fiscal year 2015:			
18	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,	
19	-\$79,986,000,000.				
20	(B) Outlays, -\$79,986,000,000.				
21	TITLE II—	RESER	<b>VE FUN</b>	DS	
22	SEC. 201. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROMOTE				
23	EMPLOYMENT AND JOB GROWTH.				
24	(a) Employment and Job Growth.—The Chair-				
25	man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may				

revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggre-1 2 gates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this reso-3 lution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, 4 motions, or conference reports related to employment and 5 job growth, by the amounts provided in such legislation 6 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would 7 not increase the deficit over either the period of the total 8 of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the 9 total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

10 (b) SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise 11 12 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, 13 and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-14 15 ference reports that provide assistance to small businesses, including increasing the availability of credit from banks 16 17 or credit unions, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation 18 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the 19 20 total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of 21 the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

(c) UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF.—The Chairman of the
Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the
allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and
other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more

bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-1 2 ference reports that reduce the unemployment rate or pro-3 vide assistance to the unemployed, particularly in the 4 States and localities with the highest rates of unemploy-5 ment, or improve the implementation of the unemployment compensation program, by the amounts provided in such 6 7 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-8 tion would not increase the deficit over either the period 9 of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the pe-10 riod of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

11 (d) TRADE.—The Chairman of the Committee on the 12 Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a com-13 mittee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-14 15 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to trade, including Trade Adjustment Assistance pro-16 17 grams, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not 18 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of 19 20 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total 21 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

(e) MANUFACTURING.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other
appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or

1 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports, including tax legislation, that revitalize 2 3 and strengthen the United States domestic manufacturing 4 sector, by the amounts provided in that legislation for 5 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of 6 7 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total 8 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

(f) DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR IMPROV-9 ING FOREST AND WATERSHED HEALTH AND RESIL-10 IENCY.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget 11 12 of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee 13 or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 14 15 amendments, motions, or conference reports providing for a robust Federal investment in programs that improve for-16 17 est and watershed health and resiliency, including pro-18 grams that reduce the risk of forest fires, insect or disease 19 outbreaks, or the spread of invasive species, thereby cre-20ating natural resource related jobs, by the amounts pro-21 vided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that 22 such legislation would not increase the deficit over either 23 the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 24 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 25 2020.

# SEC. 202. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO FURTHER STABILIZE AND IMPROVE THE REGULATION OF THE FINANCIAL AND HOUSING SECTORS.

4 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 5 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in 6 7 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 8 amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the 9 regulation of financial markets, firms, or products, or to 10 otherwise stabilize or strengthen the financial and housing 11 sectors of our economy, by the amounts provided in such 12 legislation for those purposes, provided that such legisla-13 tion would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the pe-14 riod of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 15

### 16 SEC. 203. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR TAX RE-

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#### LIEF AND REFORM.

18 (a) TAX RELIEF.—The Chairman of the Committee 19 on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations 20 of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution by the amounts provided 21 22 by one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-23 tions, or conference reports that provide tax relief, includ-24 ing but not limited to extensions of expiring and expired tax relief or refundable tax relief, by the amounts provided 25 26 in that legislation for those purposes, provided that the •SCON 60 PCS

provisions in such legislation other than those providing 1 for the extension of policies defined in section 304 (c)(2), 2 3 (c)(3), or (c)(4) of this concurrent resolution would not 4 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of 5 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. Revisions made pursu-6 7 ant to this subsection shall not include amounts associated 8 with the extension of policies defined in section 304 (c)(2), 9 (c)(3), or (c)(4) of this concurrent resolution.

10 (b) TAX REFORM.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations 11 12 of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other ap-13 propriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference re-14 15 ports that would reform the Internal Revenue Code to ensure a sustainable revenue base that lead to a fairer and 16 17 more efficient tax system and to a more competitive business environment for United States enterprises, by the 18 19 amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, 20 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-21 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 22 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 23 2010 through 2020.

# 1SEC. 204. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INVEST IN2CLEAN ENERGY AND PRESERVE THE ENVI-3RONMENT.

4 (a) INVESTING IN CLEAN ENERGY AND PRESERVING 5 THE ENVIRONMENT.—The Chairman of the Committee on 6 the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a 7 committee or committees, aggregates, and other appro-8 priate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more 9 bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-10 ference reports that—

(1) reduce our Nation's dependence on im-ported energy;

13 (2) promote renewable energy development or14 produce clean energy jobs;

(3) accelerate the research, development, demonstration, and deployment of advanced technologies
to capture and store carbon dioxide emissions from
coal-fired power plants and other industrial emission
sources and to use coal in an environmentally-acceptable manner;

21 (4) strengthen and retool manufacturing supply22 chains;

23 (5) promote clean energy financing;

24 (6) encourage conservation and efficiency or im-25 prove electricity transmission;

36

2 Home Energy Assistance Program; 3 (8) set aside additional funding from the Oil 4 Spill Liability Trust Fund for Arctic oil spill re-5 search; 6 (9) implement water settlements; 7 (10) provide additional resources for wildland 8 fire management activities; or 9 (11) preserve, restore, or protect the Nation's 10 public lands, oceans, coastal areas, or aquatic eco-11 systems; 12 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-13 poses, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 14 15 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. The legislation may include tax 16 provisions. 17 18 (b) CLIMATE CHANGE LEGISLATION.—The Chair-19 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may 20 revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggre-

21 gates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this reso22 lution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments,
23 motions, or conference reports that would—

24 (1) invest in clean energy technology initiatives;
25 (2) decrease greenhouse gas emissions;

1	(3) create new jobs in a clean technology econ-
2	omy;
3	(4) strengthen the manufacturing competitive-
4	ness of the United States;
5	(5) diversify the domestic clean energy supply
6	to increase the energy security of the United States;
7	(6) protect consumers (including policies that
8	address regional differences);
9	(7) provide incentives for cost-savings achieved
10	through energy efficiencies;
11	(8) provide voluntary opportunities for agri-
12	culture and forestry communities to contribute to re-
13	ducing the levels of greenhouse gases in the atmos-
14	phere; or
15	(9) help families, workers, communities, and
16	businesses make the transition to a clean energy
17	economy;
18	by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
19	poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
20	the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
21	2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal
22	years 2010 through 2020.

### 1 SEC. 205. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ASSIST 2 WORKING FAMILIES AND CHILDREN.

3 (a) CHILD NUTRITION AND WIC.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise 4 5 the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution 6 7 for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-8 tions, or conference reports that reauthorize child nutri-9 tion programs or the Special Supplemental Nutrition Pro-10 gram for Women, Infants, and Children (the WIC pro-11 gram), by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not 12 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of 13 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total 14 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 15

16 (b) INCOME SUPPORT AND CHILD CARE.—The 17 Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate 18 may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, 19 aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution 20 for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to child care assistance 21 22 for low-income families, the Social Services Block Grant 23 (SSBG), the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 24 (TANF) program, child support enforcement programs, or other assistance to low-income families, by the amounts 25 provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided 26 •SCON 60 PCS

that such legislation would not increase the deficit over
 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through
 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010
 through 2020.

5 (c) HOUSING ASSISTANCE.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the 6 7 allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and 8 other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for 9 one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, 10 or conference reports related to housing assistance, which 11 may include low-income rental assistance, or assistance 12 provided through the Housing Trust Fund created under 13 section 1131 of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, by the amounts provided in such legislation for 14 15 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of 16 17 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 18

(d) CHILD WELFARE.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other
appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills,
joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to child welfare programs, which may include
the Federal foster care payment system, by the amounts

provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided
 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over
 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through
 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010
 through 2020.

### 6 SEC. 206. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INVEST7 MENTS IN AMERICA'S INFRASTRUCTURE.

8 (a) INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Chairman of the Com-9 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-10 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or 11 12 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-13 ference reports that provide for Federal investment in America's infrastructure, which may include projects for 14 15 public housing, energy, water, wastewater, transportation, freight and passenger rail, or financing through Build 16 17 America Bonds, by the amounts provided in that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation 18 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the 19 20 total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of 21 the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

(b) SURFACE TRANSPORTATION.—The Chairman of
the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise
the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,
and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution

for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-1 2 tions, or conference reports that provide new contract au-3 thority paid out of the Highway Trust Fund for surface 4 transportation programs to the extent such new contract 5 authority is offset by an increase in receipts to the Highway Trust Fund (excluding transfers from the general 6 7 fund of the Treasury into the Highway Trust Fund not 8 offset by a similar increase in receipts), by the amounts 9 provided in that legislation for those purposes, provided 10 further that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 11 12 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 13

14 (c) Multimodal Transportation Projects.— 15 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or com-16 17 mittees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-18 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that 19 20authorize multimodal transportation projects that include 21 performance expectations, metrics, and a schedule for re-22 ports on results by the amounts provided in that legisla-23 tion for those purposes, provided that such legislation 24 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the

total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of
 the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

3 (d) FLOOD CONTROL PROJECTS AND INSURANCE 4 **REFORM.**—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budg-5 et of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels 6 7 and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint 8 resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports 9 that provide for levee or dam modernization, maintenance, 10 repair, and improvement, increase the resources available to prevent or mitigate flooding or the damage caused by 11 flooding, or provide for flood insurance reform and mod-12 13 ernization, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not 14 15 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total 16 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 17

18 SEC. 207. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR AMER-

## 19ICA'S VETERANS, AND RETURNING AND20WOUNDED SERVICEMEMBERS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that—

1	(1) expand the number of disabled military re-
2	tirees who receive both disability compensation and
3	retired pay (concurrent receipt);
4	(2) reduce or eliminate the offset between Sur-
5	vivor Benefit Plan annuities and Veterans' Depend-
6	ency and Indemnity Compensation;
7	(3) enhance or maintain the affordability of
8	health care for military personnel, military retirees,
9	or veterans;
10	(4) improve disability benefits or evaluations for
11	wounded or disabled military personnel or veterans
12	(including measures to expedite the claims process);
13	(5) allow Reserve Component servicemembers to
14	remain on active duty for a period of time after re-
15	deploying in order to ease the adjustment from com-
16	bat to civilian life; or
17	(6) expand veterans' benefits including for vet-
18	erans living in rural areas or for caregivers pro-
19	viding assistance to veterans;
20	by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
21	poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
22	the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
23	2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal
24	years 2010 through 2020.

3 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 4 5 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-6 7 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that 8 make higher education more accessible or affordable, which may include legislation to expand and strengthen 9 10 student aid, by the amounts provided in such legislation 11 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total 12 13 of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. The legislation 14 may include tax provisions. 15

### 16 SEC. 209. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HEALTH

CARE.

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18 (a) PHYSICIAN REIMBURSEMENT.—The Chairman of 19 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, 2021 and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution 22 for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-23 tions, or conference reports that increase the reimburse-24 ment rate for physician services under section 1848 (d) and (f) of the Social Security Act or that include or ex-25 pand financial incentives for physicians to improve the 26 •SCON 60 PCS

quality and efficiency of items and services furnished to 1 2 Medicare beneficiaries through the use of consensus-based 3 quality measures, by the amounts provided in such legisla-4 tion for those purposes, provided that the provisions in 5 such legislation other than those providing for the extension of policies defined in section 304(c)(1) of this concur-6 7 rent resolution would not increase the deficit over either 8 the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 9 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 10 2020. Revisions made pursuant to this subsection shall not include amounts associated with the extension of poli-11 cies defined in section 304(c)(1) of this concurrent resolu-12 13 tion.

14 (b) HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE.—The Chairman of 15 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, 16 and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution 17 18 for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, mo-19 tions, or conference reports that include measures to address shortages of nurses, physicians, or in other health 2021 professions or to encourage physicians to train in primary 22 care, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those 23 purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase 24 the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal
 years 2010 through 2020.

3 (c) THERAPY CAPS.—The Chairman of the Com-4 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-5 tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other 6 appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or 7 more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or con-8 ference reports that protect access to outpatient therapy 9 services (including physical therapy, occupational therapy, 10 and speech-language pathology services) through measures such as repealing or increasing the current outpatient 11 12 therapy caps, by the amounts provided in such legislation 13 for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total 14 15 of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 16

17 (d) EXTENSION OF EXPIRING HEALTH CARE POLI-18 CIES.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 19 20 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and 21 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-22 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that ex-23 tend expiring Medicare, Medicaid, or other health provi-24 sions, by the amounts provided in such legislation for 25 those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of
 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total
 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

4 (e) BENEFITS.—The Chairman of the Committee on 5 the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appro-6 7 priate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint 8 resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports 9 making changes to health or other benefits for federal 10 workers, including postal retiree health coverage, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, 11 12 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-13 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 14 15 2010 through 2020.

16 SEC. 210. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INVEST-

17MENTS IN OUR NATION'S COUNTIES AND18SCHOOLS.

19 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 20 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 21 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and 22 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-23 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that 24 make changes to or provide for the reauthorization of the 25 Secure Rural Schools and Community Self Determination Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-393) or make changes to
 the Payments in Lieu of Taxes Act of 1976 (Public Law
 94-565), or both, by the amounts provided by that legisla tion for those purposes, provided that such legislation
 would not increase the deficit over either the period of the
 total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of
 the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

## 8 SEC. 211. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE FED9 ERAL JUDICIARY.

10 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 11 12 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and 13 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that 14 15 authorize salary adjustments for justices and judges of the United States, or increase the number of Federal judge-16 17 ships, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not 18 increase the deficit over either the period of the total of 19 fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total 20 21 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

# 1 SEC. 212. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR REC 2 OMMENDATIONS OF THE NATIONAL COMMIS 3 SION ON FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY AND RE 4 FORM.

5 Upon enactment of legislation containing recommendations in the final report of the National Commis-6 7 sion on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform, established by 8 Executive Order 13531 on February 18, 2010, that de-9 creases the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total 10 11 of fiscal years 2010 through 2020, the Chairman of the 12 Committee on the Budget of the Senate may—

13 (1) reduce the allocations of a committee or14 committees;

(2) revise aggregates and other appropriate lev-els and limits in this resolution; and

17 (3) make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-18 you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years;

19 to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved by that legis-20 lation is used for deficit reduction only, and is not avail-21 able as an offset for subsequent legislation.

### 22 SEC. 213. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR IM-23 PROPER PAYMENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or
committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
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limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-1 2 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that 3 achieve savings by eliminating or reducing improper pay-4 ments and use such savings to reduce the deficit. The 5 Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's payas-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the 6 7 deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction 8 only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall 9 be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

## 10 SEC. 214. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR TERMI 11 NATED PROGRAMS.

12 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 13 the Senate shall reduce the discretionary spending limits, 14 budgetary aggregates, and allocations pursuant to section 15 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, upon 16 adoption by the Senate of an amendment to—

(1) a bill or a joint resolution reported by the
Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or
passed by the House of Representatives;

20 (2) an amendment reported by the Committee21 on Appropriations of the Senate; or

(3) an amendment between the Houses receivedfrom the House of Representatives;

that achieves savings by eliminating the funding for anydiscretionary program, project, or account recommended

for termination in the "Terminations, Reductions, and
 Savings" volume that accompanies the Budget of the
 United States Government, submitted pursuant to section
 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for the budget year
 and prior 2 fiscal years.

### 6 SEC. 215. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR SMALL 7 BUSINESS TAX RELIEF.

8 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 9 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 10 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 11 amendments, amendments between houses, motions or 12 13 conference reports that would protect business passthrough income from any increase in the statutory 33 per-14 15 cent and 35 percent individual income tax rates promulgated in the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconcili-16 17 ation Act of 2001 (Public Law 107–16) and amended in 18 the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 19 2003 (Public Law 108-27) by the amounts provided in 20 such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legis-21 lation would not increase the deficit over either the period 22 of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 23

## 1 SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR GREATER 2 ACCOUNTABILITY FOR RECOVERY ACT FUND 3 ING.

4 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 5 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and 6 7 limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-8 tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would both set performance measurements for Federal 9 10 agencies that distribute funding provided under the Amer-11 ican Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 12 111–5) and toughen reporting requirements on those who 13 receive grants and contracts under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, by the amounts provided 14 in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such 15 16 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or 17 18 the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 19 SEC. 217. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR GREATER

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## ACCOUNTABILITY FOR HEALTH CARE RE-

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or
committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and
limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that

1 would set performance metrics and milestones to measure 2 changes in the level of health care coverage and in the 3 cost and quality of health care service delivery under the 4 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 5 111–148), and any amendments to that Act, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, 6 7 provided that such legislation would not increase the def-8 icit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 9 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 10 2010 through 2020.

## 11 SEC. 218. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REDUC12 ING TAX INCREASES ON LOW- AND MIDDLE13 INCOME AMERICANS.

14 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 15 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in 16 17 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 18 amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or 19 conference reports that would delay any tax increases en-20 acted under the Health Care and Education Reconciliation 21 Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152), in combination with 22 the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public 23 Law 111–148) (the "Act"), until January 1, 2014, when 24 the major health care reform measures included in the Act 25 are effective, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fis cal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total
 fiscal years 2010 through 2020.

### 4 SEC. 219. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO PRO-5 MOTE CORPORATE TAX FAIRNESS.

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 7 the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or 8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in 9 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 10 amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve savings through tax policies that ensure that large, profit-11 12 able corporations paying no Federal income taxes will pay 13 their fair share and use such savings to reduce the deficit. 14 The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's 15 pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction 16 17 only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall 18 be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

#### 19 SEC. 220. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REDUC-

20 ING TAX INCREASES ON LOW- AND MIDDLE21 INCOME AMERICANS AND PROTECTING RE22 TIREES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in

this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 1 2 amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or 3 conference reports that would reduce the threshold for the 4 itemized deduction for unreimbursed medical expenses 5 from 10 percent to 7.5 percent of adjusted gross income 6 and to reinstate the business deduction for expenses allo-7 cable to the Medicare Part D employer subsidy, provided 8 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over 9 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 10 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 11

### 12 SEC. 221. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TAXPAYER AC13 CESS TO IRS APPEALS.

14 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 15 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in 16 17 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 18 amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or 19 conference reports that would redeploy existing resources 20 of the Internal Revenue Service to provide at least one 21 full-time Internal Revenue Service appeals officer and one 22 full-time settlement agent in every State, by the amounts 23 provided in such legislation for such purpose, provided 24 that such legislation would not increase the deficit over 25 either the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through

2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010
 through 2020.

## 3 SEC. 222. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO MAKE IT 4 MORE DIFFICULT FOR CORPORATIONS TO IN5 FLUENCE ELECTIONS.

6 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 7 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in 9 this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, 10 amendments, motions, or conference reports that furthers campaign finance reform, including increased oversight by 11 12 Federal regulators, by the amounts provided in such legis-13 lation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the 14 15 total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 16

#### 17 SEC. 223. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REPEAL

18 DEDUCTIONS FROM MINERAL REVENUE PAY19 MENTS TO STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would repeal the requirement to

deduct certain amounts from onshore mineral revenues 1 2 payable to States under the heading "ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS" under the heading "MINERALS MANAGE-3 MENT SERVICE" under the heading "DEPARTMENT OF 4 5 THE INTERIOR" of title I of division A under the heading "DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ENVIRON-6 7 MENT, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIA-8 TIONS ACT, 2010" of the Interior Department and Fur-9 ther Continuing Appropriations, Fiscal Yeal 2010 (Public Law 111–88; 123 Stat. 2915), by the amounts provided 10 in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such 11 legislation would not increase the deficit over either the 12 13 period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2020. 14 15 SEC. 224. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INCREAS-16 ING TRANSPARENCY REGARDING FOREIGN 17 HOLDERS OF UNITED STATES DEBT AND AS-18 SESSING RISKS RELATED TO THE FEDERAL

19 **DEBT.** 

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that—

1	(1) improve transparency and reporting of for-
2	eign holdings of United States debt;
3	(2) require the President to provide quarterly
4	assessments to Congress on the national security
5	and economic risks posed by current levels of foreign
6	holders of United States debt;
7	(3) require the President to formulate and sub-
8	mit a plan of action to reduce the risk to the na-
9	tional security and economic stability of the United
10	States; and
11	(4) require the Comptroller General of the
12	United States to provide Congress with an annual
13	assessment of the national security and economic
14	risks posed by the debt;
15	by the amounts provided in such legislation for those pur-
16	poses, provided that such legislation would not increase
17	the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years
18	2010 through 2015 or the period of the total of fiscal
19	years 2010 through 2020.

1	TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS
2	Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement
3	SEC. 301. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS FOR FISCAL
4	YEARS 2010 THROUGH 2013, PROGRAM INTEG-
5	RITY INITIATIVES, AND OTHER ADJUST-
6	MENTS.
7	(a) Senate Point of Order.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-
9	vided in this section, it shall not be in order in the
10	Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution (or
11	amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill
12	or joint resolution) that would cause the discre-
13	tionary spending limits in this section to be exceed-
14	ed.
15	(2) Supermajority waiver and appeals.—
16	(A) WAIVER.—This subsection may be
17	waived or suspended in the Senate only by the
18	affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members,
19	duly chosen and sworn.
20	(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate
21	from the decisions of the Chair relating to any
22	provision of this subsection shall be limited to
23	1 hour, to be equally divided between, and con-
24	trolled by, the appellant and the manager of the
25	bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of

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1	three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly
2	chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain
3	an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point
4	of order raised under this subsection.
5	(b) Senate Discretionary Spending Limits.—In
6	the Senate and as used in this section, the term "discre-
7	tionary spending limit" means—
8	(1) for fiscal year 2010, \$1,226,211,000,000 in
9	new budget authority and \$1,366,891,000,000 in
10	outlays;
11	(2) for fiscal year 2011, \$1,122,003,000,000 in
12	new budget authority and $$1,313,271,000,000$ in
13	outlays;
14	(3) for fiscal year 2012, \$1,150,570,000,000 in
15	new budget authority and $$1,250,770,000,000$ in
16	outlays; and
17	(4) for fiscal year 2013, \$1,171,007,000,000 in
18	new budget authority and $$1,239,573,000,000$ in
19	outlays;
20	as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment proce-
21	dures in subsection (c).
22	(c) Adjustments in the Senate.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—After the reporting of a bill
24	or joint resolution relating to any matter described
25	in paragraph (2), or the offering of an amendment

or motion thereto or the submission of a conference
 report thereon—

(A) the Chairman of the Committee on the 3 4 Budget of the Senate may adjust the discre-5 tionary spending limits, budgetary aggregates, 6 and allocations pursuant to section 302(a) of 7 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, by the 8 amount of new budget authority in that meas-9 ure for that purpose and the outlays flowing 10 therefrom; and

(B) following any adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b)
of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to
carry out this subsection.

17 (2) MATTERS DESCRIBED.—Matters referred to18 in paragraph (1) are as follows:

19(A) CONTINUING DISABILITY REVIEWS20AND SSI REDETERMINATIONS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—If a bill or joint
resolution is reported making appropriations in a fiscal year of the amounts specified in clause (ii) for continuing disability
reviews and Supplemental Security Income

redeterminations for the Social Security 1 2 Administration, and provides an additional appropriation of an amount further speci-3 4 fied in clause (ii) for continuing disability reviews and Supplemental Security Income 5 redeterminations for the Social Security 6 7 Administration. then the discretionary 8 spending limits, allocation to the Com-9 mittee on Appropriations of the Senate, and aggregates for that year may be ad-10 11 justed by the amount in budget authority 12 and outlays flowing therefrom not to ex-13 ceed the additional appropriation provided 14 in such legislation for that purpose for that 15 fiscal year. 16 (ii) Amounts SPECIFIED.—The 17 amounts specified are— 18 (I) for fiscal year 2011, an ap-19 propriation of \$283,000,000, and an 20 additional appropriation of 21 \$513,000,000;

(II) for fiscal year 2012, an appropriation of \$294,000,000, and an
additional appropriation of \$642,000,000; and

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1	(III) for fiscal year 2013, an ap-
2	propriation of $305,000,000$ , and an
3	additional appropriation of
4	\$751,000,000.
5	(iii) Asset verification in 2011.—
6	The additional appropriation of
7	\$513,000,000 in 2011 may also provide
8	that a portion of that amount, not to ex-
9	ceed $$10,000,000$ , may be used to com-
10	plete implementation of asset verification
11	initiatives.
12	(B) INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE TAX EN-
13	FORCEMENT.—
14	(i) IN GENERAL.—If a bill or joint
15	resolution is reported making appropria-
16	tions in a fiscal year to the Internal Rev-
17	enue Service of not less than the amounts
18	specified in clause (ii) for tax enforcement
19	to address the Federal tax gap (taxes owed
20	but not paid), of which not less than the
21	amount further specified in clause (ii) shall
22	be available for additional or enhanced tax
23	enforcement, or both, to address the Fed-
24	eral tax gap, then the discretionary spend-
25	ing limits, allocation to the Committee on

Appropriations of the Senate, and aggre-
gates for that year may be adjusted by the
amount in budget authority and outlays
flowing therefrom not to exceed the
amount of additional or enhanced tax en-
forcement provided in such legislation for
that fiscal year.
(ii) Amounts specified.—The
amounts specified are—
(I) for fiscal year 2011, an ap-
propriation of \$8,235,000,000, of
which not less than $$1,115,000,000$ is
available for additional or enhanced
tax enforcement;
(II) for fiscal year 2012, an ap-
propriation of \$8,744,000,000, of
which not less than \$1,357,000,000 is
available for additional or enhanced
tax enforcement; and
(III) for fiscal year 2013, an ap-
propriation of \$9,259,000,000, of
which not less than \$1,724,000,000 is
available for additional or enhanced
tax enforcement.

(C) Health care fraud and abuse control.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—If a bill or joint 3 4 resolution is reported making appropriations in a fiscal year of up to the amounts 5 6 specified in clause (ii) to the Health Care 7 Fraud and Abuse Control program at the 8 Department of Health and Human Serv-9 ices, then the discretionary spending limits, allocation to the Committee on Appropria-10 11 tions of the Senate, and aggregates for 12 that year may be adjusted in an amount 13 not to exceed the amount in budget au-14 thority and outlays flowing therefrom pro-15 vided for that program for that fiscal year. (ii) 16 SPECIFIED.—The Amounts 17 amounts specified are— 18 (I) for fiscal year 2011, an ap-19 propriation of \$561,000,000; 20 (II) for fiscal year 2012, an ap-21 propriation of \$589,000,000; and 22 (III) for fiscal year 2013, an ap-23 propriation of \$619,000,000. 24 UNEMPLOYMENT (D) INSURANCE IM-25 PROPER PAYMENT REVIEWS.-

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1	(i) IN GENERAL.—If a bill or joint
2	resolution is reported making appropria-
3	tions in a fiscal year of the amounts speci-
4	fied in clause (ii) for in-person reemploy-
5	ment and eligibility assessments and unem-
6	ployment insurance improper payment re-
7	views, and provides an additional appro-
8	priation of up to an amount further speci-
9	fied in clause (ii) for in-person reemploy-
10	ment and eligibility assessments and unem-
11	ployment insurance improper payment re-
12	views, then the discretionary spending lim-
13	its, allocation to the Committee on Appro-
14	priations of the Senate, and aggregates for
15	that year may be adjusted by an amount
16	in budget authority and outlays flowing
17	therefrom not to exceed the additional ap-
18	propriation provided in such legislation for
19	that purpose for that fiscal year.
20	(ii) Amounts specified.—The
21	amounts specified are—
22	(I) for fiscal year 2011, an ap-
23	propriation of \$10,000,000, and an
24	additional appropriation of
25	\$55,000,000;

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1	(II) for fiscal year 2012, an ap-
2	propriation of \$11,000,000, and an
3	additional appropriation of
4	<b>\$60,000,000;</b> and
5	(III) for fiscal year 2013, an ap-
6	propriation of \$11,000,000, and an
7	additional appropriation of
8	\$65,000,000.
9	(3) Adjustments to support ongoing
10	OVERSEAS DEPLOYMENTS AND OTHER ACTIVITIES.—
11	(A) ADJUSTMENTS.—The Chairman of the
12	Committee on the Budget of the Senate may
13	adjust the discretionary spending limits, alloca-
14	tions to the Committee on Appropriations of the
15	Senate, and aggregates for one or more—
16	(i) bills reported by the Committee on
17	Appropriations of the Senate or passed by
18	the House of Representatives;
19	(ii) joint resolutions or amendments
20	reported by the Committee on Appropria-
21	tions of the Senate;
22	(iii) amendments between the Houses
23	received from the House of Representatives
24	or Senate amendments offered by the au-

1	thority of the Committee on Appropria-
2	tions of the Senate; or
3	(iv) conference reports;
4	making appropriations for overseas deployments
5	and other activities in the amounts specified in
6	subparagraph (B), provided that the Chairman
7	shall not make any such adjustment for a bill,
8	joint resolution, amendment, amendment be-
9	tween the Houses, or conference report that in-
10	creases the on-budget deficit over the period of
11	the budget year and the ensuing 9 fiscal years
12	following the budget year.
13	(B) AMOUNTS SPECIFIED.—The amounts
14	specified are—
15	(i) for fiscal year 2010,
16	\$49,953,000,000 in new budget authority
17	and the outlays flowing therefrom;
18	(ii) for fiscal year 2011,
19	\$159,387,000,000 in new budget authority
20	and the outlays flowing therefrom;
21	(iii) for fiscal year 2012,
22	\$50,000,000,000 in new budget authority
23	and the outlays flowing therefrom; and

1	(iv) for fiscal year 2013,
2	\$50,000,000 in new budget authority
3	and the outlays flowing therefrom.
4	SEC. 302. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA-
5	TIONS.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—
7	(1) POINT OF ORDER.—Except as provided in
8	subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate
9	to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amend-
10	ment, or conference report that would provide an ad-
11	vance appropriation.
12	(2) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term
13	"advance appropriation" means any new budget au-
14	thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making
15	appropriations for fiscal year 2011 that first be-
16	comes available for any fiscal year after 2011, or
17	any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint
18	resolution making general appropriations or con-
19	tinuing appropriations for fiscal year 2012, that first
20	becomes available for any fiscal year after 2012.
21	(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Advance appropriations may be
22	provided—
23	(1) for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 for pro-
24	grams, projects, activities, or accounts identified in
25	the joint explanatory statement of managers accom-

1	panying this resolution under the heading "Accounts
2	Identified for Advance Appropriations" in an aggre-
3	gate amount not to exceed \$28,852,000,000 in new
4	budget authority in each year;
5	(2) for the Corporation for Public Broad-
6	casting; and
7	(3) for the Department of Veterans Affairs for
8	the Medical Services, Medical Support and Compli-
9	ance, and Medical Facilities accounts of the Vet-
10	erans Health Administration.
11	(c) Supermajority Waiver and Appeal.—
12	(1) WAIVER.—In the Senate, subsection (a)
13	may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative
14	vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and
15	sworn.
16	(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
17	fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and
18	sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the
19	ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
20	subsection (a).
21	(d) FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order
22	under subsection (a) may be raised by a Senator as pro-
23	vided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act
24	of 1974.

1 (e) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is 2 considering a conference report on, or an amendment be-3 tween the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a point of 4 order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section, 5 and such point of order being sustained, such material 6 contained in such conference report shall be deemed 7 stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its 8 9 amendment and concur with a further amendment, or con-10 cur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist 11 12 of only that portion of the conference report or House 13 amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in 14 15 which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such con-16 ference report by operation of this subsection), no further 17 amendment shall be in order. 18

(f) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 402 of
S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress) shall no longer apply.

#### 21 SEC. 303. STRENGTHENED EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.

(a) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE.—In the Senate,
with respect to a provision of direct spending or receipts
legislation or appropriations for discretionary accounts
that Congress designates as an emergency requirement in

such measure, the amounts of new budget authority, out lays, and receipts in all fiscal years resulting from that
 provision shall be treated as an emergency requirement
 for the purpose of this section subject to the provisions
 of subsection (c).

6 (b) EXEMPTION OF EMERGENCY PROVISIONS.—Any 7 new budget authority, outlays, and receipts resulting from 8 any provision designated as an emergency requirement, 9 pursuant to this section, in any bill, joint resolution, 10 amendment, or conference report shall not count for purposes of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budg-11 et Act of 1974, section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th 12 13 Congress) (relating to pay-as-you-go), section 311 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress) (relating to long-term defi-14 15 cits), section 404 of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress) (relating to short-term deficits), and section 301 of this 16 resolution (relating to discretionary spending). Designated 17 emergency provisions shall not count for the purpose of 18 revising allocations, aggregates, or other levels pursuant 19 20 to procedures established under section 301(b)(7) of the 21 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for deficit-neutral re-22 serve funds and revising discretionary spending limits set 23 pursuant to section 301 of this resolution.

24 (c) EMERGENCY LEGISLATION DESIGNATION RE-25 QUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be 1 2 in order to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, 3 amendment, or conference report that provides an 4 emergency designation for one or more provisions, 5 for the purpose of section 4(g) of the Statutory Pay-6 As-You-Go Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-139) or 7 this section of this resolution, unless each designation is accompanied by an "Affirmation of Emer-8 9 gency Designation" document.

10 (2) SIGNED AFFIRMATION.—The "Affirmation 11 of Emergency Designation" document shall be filed 12 with the Clerk of the Senate at the time the matter 13 is filed with the clerk, signed by 16 Senators, affirm-14 ing the emergency requirements as follows: "We, the 15 undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provi-16 sions of the Emergency Legislation Designation Re-17 quirement, affirm that the matter meets the fol-18 lowing emergency requirements:

19 "(1) For purposes of this section, any provision
20 is an emergency requirement if the situation ad21 dressed by such provision is—

22 "(A) necessary, essential, or vital (not
23 merely useful or beneficial);

24 "(B) sudden, quickly coming into being,25 and not building up over time;

73

1	"(C) an urgent, pressing, and compelling
2	need requiring immediate action;
3	"(D) subject to subparagraph (B), unfore-
4	seen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and
5	"(E) not permanent, temporary in nature.
6	"(2) An emergency that is part of an aggregate
7	level of anticipated emergencies, particularly when
8	normally estimated in advance, is not unforeseen.".
9	(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "direct
10	spending", "receipts", and "appropriations for discre-
11	tionary accounts" mean any provision of a bill, joint reso-
12	lution, amendment, motion, or conference report that af-
13	fects direct spending, receipts, or appropriations as those
14	terms have been defined and interpreted for purposes of
15	the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
16	of 1985.
17	(e) Emergency Designation Point of Order.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—When the Senate is consid-
19	ering a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or con-
20	ference report, if a point of order is made by a Sen-
21	ator against an emergency designation in that meas-
22	ure, that provision making such a designation shall
23	be stricken from the measure and may not be of-
24	fered as an amendment from the floor.

25 (2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(A) WAIVER.—Paragraph (1) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate 5 6 from the decisions of the Chair relating to any 7 provision of this subsection shall be limited to 8 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and con-9 trolled by, the appellant and the manager of the 10 bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An 11 affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members 12 of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be 13 required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of 14 the Chair on a point of order raised under this 15 subsection.

16 (3) DEFINITION OF AN EMERGENCY DESIGNA17 TION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a provision
18 shall be considered an emergency designation if it
19 designates any item as an emergency requirement
20 pursuant to this subsection.

(4) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—A point
of order under paragraph (1) may be raised by a
Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

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1 (5) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate 2 is considering a conference report on, or an amend-3 ment between the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon 4 a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section, and such point of order being 5 6 sustained, such material contained in such con-7 ference report shall be deemed stricken, and the 8 Senate shall proceed to consider the question of 9 whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment 10 and concur with a further amendment, or concur in 11 the House amendment with a further amendment, 12 as the case may be, which further amendment shall 13 consist of only that portion of the conference report 14 or House amendment, as the case may be, not so 15 stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be de-16 batable. In any case in which such point of order is 17 sustained against a conference report (or Senate 18 amendment derived from such conference report by 19 operation of this subsection), no further amendment 20 shall be in order.

(f) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 403 of
S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2010, shall no longer
apply.

3 (a) ADJUSTMENT.—For the purposes of determining the points of order specified in subsection (b), the Chair-4 5 man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust the estimate of the budgetary effects of a bill, joint 6 7 resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that 8 contains one or more provisions meeting the criteria of 9 subsection (c) to exclude the amounts of qualifying budgetary effects. 10

(b) COVERED POINTS OF ORDER.—The Chairman of
the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may make
adjustments pursuant to this section for the following
points of order only:

(1) Section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Con-gress) (relating to pay-as-you-go).

17 (2) Section 311 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Con-18 gress) (relating to long-term deficits).

19 (3) Section 404 of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Con-20 gress) (relating to short-term deficits).

(c) QUALIFYING LEGISLATION.—The Chairman of
the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may make
adjustments authorized under subsection (a) for legislation containing provisions that—

25 (1) amend or supersede the system for updating
26 payments made under subsections 1848 (d) and (f)
•SCON 60 PCS

1	of the Social Security Act, consistent with section
2	7(c) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010
3	(Public Law 111–139);
4	(2) amend the Estate and Gift Tax under sub-
5	title B of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, con-
6	sistent with section 7(d) of the Statutory Pay-As-
7	You-Go Act of 2010;
8	(3) extend relief from the Alternative Minimum
9	Tax for individuals under sections 55–59 of the In-
10	ternal Revenue Code of 1986, consistent with section
11	7(e) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010;
12	or
13	(4) extend middle-class tax cuts made in the
14	Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act
15	of 2001 (Public Law 107–16) and the Jobs and
16	Growth Tax Relief and Reconciliation Act of 2003
17	(Public Law 108–27), consistent with section $7(f)$ of
18	the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010.
19	(d) LIMITATION.—The Chairman shall make any ad-
20	justments pursuant to this section in a manner consistent
21	with the limitations described in sections 4(c) and 7(h)
22	of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (Public Law
23	111–139).
24	(e) DEFINITION.—For the purposes of this section,
25	the terms "budgetary effects" or "effects" mean the

amount by which a provision changes direct spending or
 revenues relative to the baseline.

3 (f) SUNSET.—This section shall expire on December4 31, 2011.

### 5 SEC. 305. EXTENSION OF ENFORCEMENT OF BUDGETARY 6 POINTS OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.

7 (a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding any provision of
8 the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, subsections (c)(2)
9 and (d)(3) of section 904 of the Congressional Budget Act
10 of 1974 shall remain in effect for purposes of Senate en11 forcement through September 30, 2020.

(b) REPEAL.—Section 205 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th
Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008, and section 403 of H. Con. Res. 95 (109th
Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2006, are repealed.

#### 17 SEC. 306. POINT OF ORDER ESTABLISHING A 20 PERCENT

18 LIMIT ON NEW DIRECT SPENDING IN REC-19 ONCILIATION LEGISLATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in
order to consider any reconciliation bill, joint resolution,
motion, amendment, or any conference report on, or an
amendment between the Houses in relation to, a reconciliation bill pursuant to section 310 of the Congressional

Budget Act of 1974, that produces an increase in outlays,
 if—

3 (1) the effect of all the provisions in the juris-4 diction of any committee is to create gross new di-5 rect spending that exceeds 20 percent of the total 6 savings instruction to the committee; or 7 (2) the effect of the adoption of an amendment 8 would result in gross new direct spending that ex-9 ceeds 20 percent of the total savings instruction to 10 the committee. 11 (b) FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.— 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—A point of order under sub-13 section (a) may be raised by a Senator as provided 14 in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 15 1974. 16 (2) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may 17 be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote 18 of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and 19 sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the 20 Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall 21 be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the 22 Chair on a point of order raised under subsection 23 (a).

24 (3) CONFERENCE REPORT.—If a point of order
25 is sustained under subsection (a) against a con-

ference report in the Senate, the report shall be dis posed of as provided in section 313(d) of the Con gressional Budget Act of 1974.

## Subtitle B—Other Provisions

4

#### 5 SEC. 311. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.

6 In the Senate, committees are requested to review 7 programs and tax expenditures in their jurisdiction, and 8 provide in the views and estimates reports required under 9 section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 10 recommendations to improve governmental performance and to reduce waste, fraud, abuse, or program duplication. 11 12 In their views and estimates letters, committees should ad-13 dress matters for congressional consideration identified in the Government Accountability Office's High Risk list re-14 15 ports.

## 16 SEC. 312. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DISCRE 17 TIONARY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.

18 In the Senate, notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, section 13301 of 19 20 the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, and section 2009a 21 of title 39, United States Code, the joint explanatory 22 statement accompanying the conference report on any con-23 current resolution on the budget shall include in its alloca-24 tions under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget 25 Act of 1974 to the Committees on Appropriations amounts

1	for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social
2	Security Administration and of the Postal Service.
3	SEC. 313. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLO-
4	CATIONS AND AGGREGATES.
5	(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations
6	and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—
7	(1) apply while that measure is under consider-
8	ation;
9	(2) take effect upon the enactment of that
10	measure; and
11	(3) be published in the Congressional Record as
12	soon as practicable.
13	(b) Effect of Changed Allocations and Ag-
14	GREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting
15	from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
16	poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as alloca-
17	tions and aggregates contained in this resolution.
18	(c) Budget Committee Determinations.—For
19	purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget au-
20	thority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement author-
21	ity, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or
22	period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of
23	estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the
24	Senate.

# 1SEC. 314. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-2CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution providing for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may
make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this resolution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced
Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as
in effect prior to September 30, 2002).

#### 10 SEC. 315. TRUTH IN DEBT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order to consider
a budget resolution in the Senate unless it contains a
"Truth in Debt Disclosure" section with all, and only, the
following disclosures regarding debt for that resolution:

#### 15 "SEC. \_\_\_\_. TRUTH IN DEBT DISCLOSURE.

"(a) GROSS DEBT.—The levels assumed in this budget resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the Nation
to rise/fall by \$\_\_\_\_\_ from the current year, fiscal year
20\_\_\_\_\_, to the fifth year of the budget window, fiscal year
20\_\_\_\_\_.

"(b) PER CITIZEN.—The levels assumed in this budget resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the Nation
to rise/fall by \$\_\_\_\_\_ on every citizen of the United States
from the current year, fiscal year 20\_\_\_\_\_, to the fifth year
of the budget window, fiscal year 20\_\_\_\_\_.

"(c) FIVE-YEAR PERIOD.—The levels assumed in this
 budget resolution project that \$\_\_\_\_\_ of the Social Security
 surplus will be spent over the 5-year budget window, fiscal
 years 20\_\_\_\_\_ through 20\_\_\_\_\_, on things other than Social
 Security.".

6 (b) ADDITIONAL MATTER.—If any portion of the So-7 cial Security surplus is projected to be spent in any year 8 or the gross Federal debt in the fifth year of the budget 9 window is greater than the gross debt projected for the 10 current year (as described in section 101(5) of the resolution) then the report, print, or statement of managers ac-11 companying the budget resolution shall contain a section 12 13 that—

(1) details the circumstances making it in the
national interest to allow gross Federal debt to increase rather than taking steps to reduce the debt;
and

(2) provides a justification for allowing the surpluses in the Social Security trust fund to be spent
on other functions of government even as the baby
boom generation retires, program costs are projected
to rise dramatically, the debt owed to Social Security
is about to come due, and the trust fund is projected
to go insolvent.

(c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "gross
 Federal debt" means the nominal levels of (or changes in
 the levels of) gross Federal debt (debt subject to limit as
 set out in section 101(5) of the resolution) measured at
 the end of each fiscal year during the period of the budget,
 not debt as a percentage of GDP, and not levels relative
 to baseline projections.

8 (d) PREVIOUS RESOLUTIONS.—It shall not be in 9 order to consider a budget resolution in the Senate unless 10 it includes a table that contains, for each of the previous 11 12 fiscal years, the following information based on the 12 budget resolution for each such fiscal year:

(1) The amount by which the levels assumed in
the budget resolution allow the Federal debt of the
Nation to rise or fall.

16 (2) The amount by which the levels assumed in
17 the budget resolution allow the debt of the Federal
18 debt of the Nation to rise or fall on a per capita
19 basis (including only citizens of the United States).

20 (3) The amount of the Social Security surplus
21 projected to be spent over 5 years by the levels in
22 the budget resolution.

#### 23 SEC. 316. TRUTH IN DEBT DISCLOSURES.

(a) GROSS DEBT.—The levels assumed in this budgetresolution allow the gross Federal debt of the Nation to

rise by \$4,710,000,000,000 from the current year, fiscal
 year 2010, to the fifth year of the budget window, fiscal
 year 2015.

4 (b) PER CITIZEN.—The levels assumed in this budget
5 resolution allow the gross Federal debt of the Nation to
6 rise by \$15,250 on every citizen of the United States from
7 the current year, fiscal year 2010, to the fifth year of the
8 budget window, fiscal year 2015.

#### 9 SEC. 317. FURTHER DISCLOSURE OF LEVELS IN THIS RESO-

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#### LUTION.

11 The levels assumed in this budget resolution—

12 (1) cut spending as a percent of GDP by 1113 percent;

14 (2) cut the deficit as percent of GDP by 7015 percent; and

16 (3) cut taxes by \$780,000,000,000.

#### 17 SEC. 318. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.

18 Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
the Senate, and as such they shall be considered as
part of the rules of the Senate and such rules shall
supersede other rules only to the extent that they
are inconsistent with such other rules; and

24 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional25 right of the Senate to change those rules at any

time, in the same manner, and to the same extent 1 2 as is the case of any other rule of the Senate. TITLE IV—RECONCILIATION 3 4 SEC. 401. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE. 5 (a) DEFICIT REDUCTION INSTRUCTION.—The Com-6 mittee on Finance shall report to the Senate a reconcili-7 ation bill or resolution not later than September 23, 2010, that consists of changes in laws, bills, or resolutions within 8 9 its jurisdiction to reduce the deficit by \$2,000,000,000 for 10 the period of fiscal years 2010 through 2015. 11 (b) STATUTORY DEBT LIMIT INSTRUCTION.—The

12 Committee on Finance shall report to the Senate a rec-13 onciliation bill or resolution not later than December 10, 14 2010, that consists of changes in laws, bills, or resolutions 15 within its jurisdiction to increase the statutory debt limit 16 by an amount no more than \$50,000,000,000.

Calendar No. 358

111TH CONGRESS S. CON. RES. 60

# CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2011, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2010, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2012 through 2015.

APRIL 26, 2010 Placed on the calendar