## 112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 973

To create the National Endowment for the Oceans to promote the protection and conservation of United States ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 12, 2011

Mr. Whitehouse (for himself, Ms. Snowe, Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Ms. Landrieu, and Ms. Stabenow) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

# A BILL

To create the National Endowment for the Oceans to promote the protection and conservation of United States ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "National Endowment for the Oceans Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Purposes.
- Sec. 3. Findings.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.
- Sec. 5. National Endowment for the Oceans.
- Sec. 6. Eligible uses.
- Sec. 7. Grant programs.
- Sec. 8. National Endowment for the Oceans Council.
- Sec. 9. Annual report.

#### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are to protect, conserve, re-
- 3 store, and understand the oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes
- 4 of the United States, ensuring present and future genera-
- 5 tions will benefit from the full range of ecological, eco-
- 6 nomic, educational, social, cultural, nutritional, and rec-
- 7 reational opportunities and services these resources are ca-
- 8 pable of providing.

#### 9 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

- 10 Congress finds the following:
- 11 (1) Covering more than two-thirds of the
- Earth's surface, the oceans and Great Lakes sustain
- a large part of Earth's biodiversity, provide an im-
- portant source of food and other natural products,
- 15 act as a frontier for scientific exploration, are crit-
- ical to national security and economic well-being,
- and are a vital means of transportation.
- 18 (2) The coastal regions of the United States
- 19 have high biological productivity and contribute ap-
- proximately 50 percent of the gross domestic prod-
- 21 uct of the United States.

- 1 (3) The oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes are
  2 susceptible to change as a direct and indirect result
  3 of human activities, which can inhibit ecosystem in4 tegrity and productivity, biodiversity, environmental
  5 quality, national security, economic competitiveness,
  6 availability of energy, resistance to natural hazards,
  7 and transportation safety and efficiency.
  - (4) Human pressure on ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes resources is drastically increasing, with 50 percent of the population of the United States living within 50 miles of the coast and, if population trends continue as expected, coastal development and urbanization impacts will present serious challenges and increase our vulnerability to natural hazards.
  - (5) The oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes, and their resources are held in trust for the people of the United States by Federal, State, local, and tribal governments, and their conservation benefits present and future generations.
  - (6) A variety of human activities have caused dramatic declines in the health and productivity of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems of the United States, including—

1	(A) chemical, nutrient, thermal, and bio-
2	logical pollution, including the introduction of
3	invasive species, and the introduction of marine
4	debris;
5	(B) unwise land use and coastal develop-
6	ment;
7	(C) loss and degradation of habitat, includ-
8	ing upstream freshwater habitat for anad-
9	romous, diadromous, and migratory fish spe-
10	cies;
11	(D) overfishing and bycatch of nontarget
12	marine species; and
13	(E) global climate change and ocean acidi-
14	fication.
15	(7) Activities harming ocean, coastal, and Great
16	Lakes ecosystems jeopardize the economies and so-
17	cial structure of communities dependent on re-
18	sources from such ecosystems.
19	(8) While there is an abundance of Federal,
20	State, local, and tribal laws, government agencies,
21	and programs designed to study, observe, protect,
22	and manage ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes re-
23	sources, activities thereunder are poorly coordinated
24	and do not constitute a unified and comprehensive

public policy to enhance understanding, protection,

- 1 conservation, and restoration of the oceans, coasts, 2 and Great Lakes.
  - (9) Improving and coordinating Federal governance will require close partnership with States, taking into account their public trust responsibilities, their economic and ecological interests in ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes resources, and the role of State and local governments in the implementation of policies governing their use.
    - (10) It is the continuing mission of the Federal Government to create, foster, and maintain conditions, incentives, policies, and programs that will facilitate the sustainable and effective conservation, management, and protection of the oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes, and encourage greater scientific understanding of these areas, to fulfill the responsibility of each generation as trustee in protecting the resources in these areas and ensuring their availability for future generations.
    - (11) The oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes of the United States, and their resources are dependent upon and connected to those of other countries throughout the world, and collaboration with international bodies and governments will help protect and manage our shared and linked marine eco-

- systems and resources for the benefit of the world's
   population.
- 12) Programs that facilitate greater collaboration and coordination among stakeholders and
  strengthen the relationship between governmental
  and nongovernmental partners will support our understanding of complex ecosystems and more effectively leverage existing resources and expertise.
  - (13) Supporting science, research, monitoring, modeling, forecasting, exploration, and assessment will continually improve the understanding of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems.

#### 13 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

14 In this Act:

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- 15 (1) Coastal Population.—The term "coastal 16 population" means the population of all political 17 subdivisions, as determined by the most recent offi-18 cial data of the Census Bureau, contained in whole 19 or in part within the designated coastal boundary of 20 a State as defined in a State's coastal zone manage-21 ment program under the Coastal Zone Management 22 Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) as of the date 23 of enactment of this Act.
- 24 (2) COASTAL STATE.—The term "coastal State" has the meaning given the term "coastal

- state" in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453).
- 3 (3) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the 4 National Endowment for the Oceans Council estab-5 lished under section 8.
  - (4) Endowment.—The term "Endowment" means the National Endowment for the Oceans established under section 5.
  - (5) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
  - (6) Local Government.—The term "local government" means a political subdivision all or part of which is within a coastal zone (as defined in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453)).
    - (7) OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF.—The term "outer Continental Shelf" has the meaning given that term in section 2 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331).
    - (8) REGIONAL PLANNING BODY.—The term "regional planning body" means a regional entity that includes representatives of Federal and State agencies and, if applicable, Indian tribes and indige-

- 1 nous community representatives, with jurisdictional
- 2 responsibilities or other interests (such as resource
- management, science, homeland and national secu-
- 4 rity, transportation, and public health) for the devel-
- 5 opment and implementation of regional coordination
- 6 and planning to understand, protect, maintain, and
- 7 restore ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems.
- 8 (9) Secretary.—Except as otherwise specifi-
- 9 cally provided, the term "Secretary" means the Sec-
- 10 retary of Commerce.
- 11 (10) Tidal shoreline.—The term "tidal
- shoreline" has the meaning given that term pursu-
- ant to section 923.110(c)(2)(i) of title 15, Code of
- 14 Federal Regulations or a similar successor regula-
- tion.

#### 16 SEC. 5. NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE OCEANS.

- 17 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the
- 18 Treasury of the United States a National Endowment for
- 19 the Oceans, to be administered by the Secretary, solely
- 20 for use in accordance with the requirements established
- 21 under this Act.
- 22 (b) Use of Endowment Funds.—Of the amounts
- 23 deposited in the Endowment for each fiscal year—

- 1 (1) at least 49 percent shall be used by the Sec-2 retary to make grants to coastal States and affected 3 Indian tribes under section 7(b);
  - (2) at least 19 percent shall be used by the Secretary to make grants to regional planning bodies under section 7(c);
  - (3) at least 29 percent shall be allocated by the Secretary to the National Grant Program for Oceans, Coasts, and Great Lakes established by section 7(d); and
  - (4) not more than 3 percent may be used for administrative expenses to carry out the programs created under this Act.

# (c) Funding.—

## (1) Interest on osltf investments.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, amounts credited under section 9602(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund established under section 9509(a) of such Code for any fiscal year beginning after fiscal year 2011 in which the average daily balance of the Fund is \$1,500,000,000 or more shall be transferred to the Endowment.

1	(B) Availability of funds.—Amounts
2	transferred to the Endowment under subpara-
3	graph (A) shall be available—
4	(i) not later than 90 days after the
5	last day of a fiscal year for use during the
6	next following fiscal year; and
7	(ii) as provided in appropriations
8	Acts.
9	(2) Outer continental shelf lease rev-
10	ENUE.—Section 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf
11	Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337) is amended by adding
12	at the end the following:
13	"(q) Deposits in the National Endowment for
14	THE OCEANS.—
15	"(1) In general.—Beginning with fiscal year
16	2011, the Secretary shall deposit 12.5 percent of the
17	revenue paid to the United States under this section,
18	excluding any such revenue from Arctic drilling that
19	begins after the date of the enactment of the Na-
20	tional Endowment for the Oceans Act, in the Na-
21	tional Endowment for the Oceans established by sec-
22	tion 5(a) of that Act.
23	"(2) Availability of funds.—Amounts de-
24	posited in the Endowment under paragraph (1) shall
25	be available as provided in appropriations Acts.".

1	(3) Fines collected for violations of
2	FEDERAL LAW.—
3	(A) In General.—Beginning with fiscal
4	year 2011, the President shall ensure that 10
5	percent of the civil penalties paid to the United
6	States for a violation of a law set out under
7	subparagraph (B) or for a violation of any re-
8	quirement or prohibition of any rule, order, or
9	permit promulgated, issued, or approved under
10	such a law that occurs on the outer Continental
11	Shelf are deposited in the Endowment.
12	(B) Laws.—The laws set out under this
13	subparagraph are the following:
14	(i) The Federal Water Pollution Con-
15	trol Act (commonly referred to as the
16	"Clean Water Act") (33 U.S.C. 1251 et
17	seq.) other than penalties provided for
18	under section 311 of such Act (33 U.S.C.
19	1321).
20	(ii) The Comprehensive Environ-
21	mental Response, Compensation, and Li-
22	ability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et
23	seq.).
24	(iii) The Marine Protection, Research,
25	and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (commonly

1	known as the "Ocean Dumping Act") (33
2	U.S.C. 1401 et seq.).
3	(iv) The Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33
4	U.S.C. 2701 et seq.).
5	(v) Chapter 601 of title 49, United
6	States Code.
7	(vi) The Act of March 3, 1899 (30
8	Stat. 1151, chapter 425; 33 U.S.C. 401 et
9	seq.).
10	(C) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts
11	deposited in the Endowment under subpara-
12	graph (A) shall be available as provided in ap-
13	propriations Acts.
14	(4) Split recovery from punitive damage
15	AWARDS.—
16	(A) In general.—In all Federal civil ac-
17	tions arising from a tort allegedly occurring on
18	the outer Continental Shelf resulting in an
19	award of punitive damages, 25 percent of the
20	amount of punitive damages awarded in excess
21	of \$100,000 shall be remitted to the Endow-
22	ment.
23	(B) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Amounts
24	remitted to the Endowment pursuant to sub-

paragraph (A) shall available without further
 appropriation or fiscal year limitation.

# (d) Investment of Endowment.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to invest such portion of the Endowment that is not, in the Secretary's judgment, required to meet current withdrawals, in interest-bearing obligations of the United States in accordance with section 9602 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 11 (2) Interest on Certain Proceeds.—The 12 interest on, and the proceeds from the sale or re-13 demption of, any obligations invested under para-14 graph (1) shall be credited to and form a part of the 15 Endowment.
- 16 (e) Authorization of Appropriations.—Beginning with fiscal year 2015, there is authorized to be appro-17 priated to the Endowment for any fiscal year in which the 18 19 sum of the amounts authorized to be transferred to, and 20 deposited in, the Endowment under this section is esti-21 mated to be less than \$100,000,000, an amount equal to 22 the difference between \$100,000,000 and the estimated 23 amount of such transfers and deposits for such fiscal year.

(f) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section

shall decrease the amount any State may receive pursuant

- 1 to section 8(g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
- 2 (43 U.S.C. 1337(g)) or section 105 of the Gulf of Mexico
- 3 Energy Security Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–432; 43
- 4 U.S.C. 1331 note).

#### 5 SEC. 6. ELIGIBLE USES.

- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Endowment may
- 7 be allocated by the Secretary only to fund grants for pro-
- 8 grams and activities intended to restore, protect, main-
- 9 tain, or understand living marine resources and their habi-
- 10 tats and ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes resources, in-
- 11 cluding baseline scientific research, ocean observing, and
- 12 other programs and activities carried out in coordination
- 13 with Federal and State departments or agencies, that are
- 14 consistent with Federal environmental laws and that avoid
- 15 environmental degradation, including—
- 16 (1) ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes restoration
- and protection, including the protection of the envi-
- ronmental integrity of such areas, and their related
- watersheds, including efforts to adapt to and with-
- stand the impacts of global climate change;
- 21 (2) restoration, protection, or maintenance of
- 22 living ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes resources and
- 23 their habitats, including marine protected areas and
- 24 riparian migratory habitat of coastal and marine
- 25 species;

- (3) planning for and managing coastal development to minimize the loss of life and property associated with global climate change and the coastal hazards resulting from global climate change;
  - (4) analyses of current and anticipated climate change and ocean acidification and assessment of potential actions to minimize harm to ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems from climate change and ocean acidification;
  - (5) analyses of, and planning for, current and anticipated uses of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes areas and identification of areas most suitable for various types of classes of activities and for restoration, protection, and maintenance of ecosystem health and to reduce conflicts among uses, reduce environmental impacts, facilitate compatible uses, and preserve critical ecosystem services to meet economic, environmental, security, and social objectives;
  - (6) regional, subregional, and site-specific management efforts designed to manage, protect, or restore ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes resources and ecosystems;
  - (7) research, assessment, monitoring, observation, modeling, and sharing of information that contribute to the understanding of ocean, coastal, and

- Great Lakes ecosystems and support the purposes of this Act;
- 3 (8) efforts to better understand the processes 4 that govern the fate and transport of petroleum hy-5 drocarbons released into the marine environment 6 from natural and anthropogenic sources, including 7 spills;
- 9 in coastal and estuarine areas, if such property or interest is acquired in a manner that will ensure such property or interest will be administered to support the purposes of this Act; and
- 13 (10) protection and relocation of critical coastal 14 public infrastructure affected by erosion, sea level 15 rise, or impacts of global climate change.
- 16 (b) REQUIREMENT FOR STATE MATCHING FUNDS.—
- 17 Any amount from the Endowment provided to fund a
- 18 project described in paragraph (9) or (10) of subsection
- 19 (a) may not exceed 50 percent of the total project cost
- 20 and may only be provided if the State in which such
- 21 project will be carried out provides the remainder of the
- 22 total project cost.
- 23 (c) Considerations for Great Lakes States.—
- 24 Programs and activities funded in Great Lakes States
- 25 shall also seek to attain the goals embodied in the Great

- 1 Lakes Restoration Initiative Plan, the Great Lakes Re-
- 2 gional Collaboration Strategy, the Great Lakes Water
- 3 Quality Agreement, or other collaborative planning efforts
- 4 of the Great Lakes Region.

#### 5 SEC. 7. GRANT PROGRAMS.

- 6 (a) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.—The Sec-
- 7 retary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior,
- 8 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-
- 9 cy, the Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality,
- 10 the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
- 11 icy, and the Director of the National Science Foundation,
- 12 shall establish and make available for public comment—
- 13 (1) application and review procedures for the
- grant programs described in subsections (b), (c), and
- 15 (d), including requirements ensuring that any
- amounts provided pursuant to such programs may
- only be used for an eligible use described under sec-
- 18 tion 6;
- 19 (2) performance accountability and monitoring
- 20 measures for programs and activities funded by a
- grant program described in subsections (b), (c), or
- 22 (d);
- 23 (3) procedures and methods to ensure accurate
- 24 accounting and appropriate administration for each

1	of the grant programs described in subsections (b),
2	(c), or (d), including standards of record keeping;
3	(4) procedures to carry out audits of the En-
4	dowment as necessary, but not less frequently than
5	once every 5 years; and
6	(5) procedures to carry out audits of the recipi-
7	ents of grants under subsection (b), (c), or (d), in-
8	cluding States.
9	(b) Grants to Coastal States.—
10	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2),
11	(3), and (4), the Secretary shall make grants of
12	amounts allocated under section $5(c)(1)$ to coastal
13	States or affected Indian tribes, based on the fol-
14	lowing formula:
15	(A) Fifty percent of the funds are allocated
16	equally among coastal States that have a coast-
17	al management program approved under the
18	Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
19	U.S.C. 1451 et seq.).
20	(B) Twenty-five percent of the funds are
21	allocated on the basis of the ratio of tidal shore-
22	line miles in a coastal State to the tidal shore-
23	line miles of all coastal States.
24	(C) Twenty-five percent of the funds are
25	allocated on the basis of the ratio of coastal

- population density of a coastal State to the coastal population density of all coastal States.
  - (2) Allocation to indian tribes.—Amounts allocated under paragraph (1)(A) shall be allocated to affected Indian tribes based on, and directly proportional to, any specific coastal and ocean management authority granted to an affected tribe pursuant to affirmation of a Federal reserved right.
    - (3) Maximum allocation to states.—Not-withstanding paragraph (1), not more than 10 percent of the total funds distributed under this subsection may be allocated to any single State. Any amount exceeding this limit shall be redistributed among the remaining States according to the formula established under paragraph (1).
    - (4) MAXIMUM ALLOCATION TO CERTAIN GEO-GRAPHIC AREAS.—
      - (A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), each geographic area described in subparagraph (B) may not receive more than 1 percent of the total funds distributed under this subsection. Any amount exceeding this limit shall be redistributed among the remaining States according to the formula established under paragraph (1).

1	(B) Geographic areas described.—
2	The geographic areas described in this subpara-
3	graph are the following:
4	(i) American Samoa.
5	(ii) The Commonwealth of the North-
6	ern Mariana Islands.
7	(iii) Guam.
8	(iv) Puerto Rico.
9	(v) The Virgin Islands.
10	(5) REQUIREMENT TO SUBMIT PLANS.—To be
11	eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, a
12	coastal State or Indian tribe shall submit, and the
13	Secretary shall review—
14	(A) a 5-year plan, which shall include—
15	(i) a prioritized list of goals the coast-
16	al State or Indian tribe intends to achieve
17	during the time period covered by the 5-
18	year plan;
19	(ii) identification and general descrip-
20	tions of existing State projects or activities
21	that contribute to realization of such goals,
22	including a description of the entities con-
23	ducting those projects or activities;
24	(iii) general descriptions of projects or
25	activities, consistent with the eligible uses

1	described in section 6 and existing Federal
2	ocean policy, that could contribute to real-
3	ization of such goals;
4	(iv) criteria to determine eligibility for
5	entities which may receive grants under
6	this program; and
7	(v) a description of the competitive
8	process the coastal State or Indian tribe
9	will use in allocating funds received from
10	the Endowment, which shall include—
11	(I) a description of the relative
12	roles in the State competitive process
13	of the State coastal zone management
14	program approved under the Coastal
15	Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
16	U.S.C. 1451 et seq.) and any State
17	Sea Grant Program; and
18	(II) a demonstration that such
19	competitive process is consistent with
20	the application and review procedures
21	established by the Secretary pursuant
22	to the authority set forth in sub-
23	section $(a)(1)$ ; and
24	(B) an annual work plan which shall in-
25	clude—

1	(i) a detailed, specific, prioritized list
2	of projects or activities to be funded by the
3	Endowment, and desired outcomes of those
4	projects or activities;
5	(ii) for each project or activity, a de-
6	scription of how such project or activity is
7	consistent with the eligible uses of the En-
8	dowment; and
9	(iii) for each project or activity, a
10	schedule for completion and a description
11	of how such project or activity helps
12	achieve the goals established in the appli-
13	cable 5-year plan.
14	(6) Opportunity for public comment.—In
15	determining whether to approve a plan described in
16	paragraph (5)(A), the Secretary shall provide the
17	opportunity for, and take into consideration, public
18	input and comment on the plan.
19	(7) Approval procedure.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days
21	after receiving a 5-year plan or annual work
22	plan from a coastal State or Indian tribe, the
23	Secretary shall notify such coastal State or In-
24	dian tribe that the Secretary—
25	(i) approves the plan as submitted;

1	(ii) disapproves the plan as submitted;
2	or
3	(iii) needs up to an additional 30 days
4	for additional review of the plan.
5	(B) DISAPPROVAL.—If the Secretary dis-
6	approves a proposed 5-year plan or annual work
7	plan, the Secretary shall provide notice of such
8	disapproval to the submitting coastal State or
9	Indian tribe in writing, and include in such no-
10	tice the rationale for the Secretary's decision.
11	The submitting State shall resubmit the plan to
12	the Secretary not later than 30 days after re-
13	ceiving the notice of disapproval.
14	(c) Grants to Regional Planning Bodies.—
15	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall use
16	amounts allocated under section 5(c)(2) to award
17	grants to regional planning bodies to create and im-
18	plement Regional Strategic Plans, as described in
19	this subsection.
20	(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR PLAN.—In order to be
21	eligible to receive a grant under this subsection, a
22	regional planning body being considered for such a
23	grant shall submit an application that demonstrates
24	how activities to be carried out with grant funds

would facilitate the creation or implementation of a

1	Regional Strategic Plan, as described in this sub-
2	section.
3	(3) REGIONAL STRATEGIC PLAN.—
4	(A) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 5
5	years after receiving a grant under this section,
6	each regional planning body shall prepare and
7	submit to the Secretary for review, a Regional
8	Strategic Plan.
9	(B) Contents.—Each Regional Strategic
10	Plan submitted under this paragraph shall—
11	(i) be based on initial assessments
12	of—
13	(I) the region's ocean, coastal,
14	and Great Lakes ecosystem health de-
15	termined through—
16	(aa) science-based ecosystem
17	assessments;
18	(bb) monitoring; and
19	(cc) forecasting physical,
20	chemical, and biological ocean
21	parameters;
22	(II) the cultural and economic
23	role of the ocean, coasts, or Great
24	Lakes in the region; and

1	(III) existing, emerging, and cu-
2	mulative threats to ocean, coastal, and
3	Great Lakes ecosystem health of the
4	region;
5	(ii) specify essential areas within the
6	ocean, coastal, or Great Lakes region;
7	(iii) describe short-term and long-
8	term—
9	(I) goals for improving ocean
10	coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystem
11	health in the region covered by the
12	Plan; and
13	(II) indicators of improvements
14	in economic sustainability in the re-
15	gion resulting from improved eco-
16	system health and enhanced collabora-
17	tion and coordination among Federa
18	and State agencies;
19	(iv) include recommendations for long-
20	term observing and monitoring measures
21	for the region covered by the Plan;
22	(v) identify Federal and State priority
23	issues within the region covered by the
24	Plan:

1	(vi) describe potential management
2	solutions and policies to address the pri-
3	ority issues, consistent with existing Fed-
4	eral ocean policy;
5	(vii) identify research, information,
6	and data needed to carry out the Plan;
7	(viii) identify performance measures
8	and benchmarks for purposes of clauses
9	(ii) through (vi) to evaluate the Plan's ef-
10	fectiveness; and
11	(ix) define responsibilities and include
12	an analysis of the gaps in authority, co-
13	ordination, and resources, including fund-
14	ing, that must be filled in order to fully
15	achieve those performance measures and
16	benchmarks.
17	(4) Public Participation.—Each regional
18	planning body shall provide adequate opportunities
19	for public input during the development of the Re-
20	gional Strategic Plan for the region and any revi-
21	sions to such Plan.
22	(5) Plan Revision.—Each approved Regional
23	Strategic Plan shall be reviewed and revised by the
24	appropriate regional planning body at least once
25	every 5 years. The revised Plan shall be submitted

1	to the Secretary for review and approval pursuant to
2	paragraph (6).
3	(6) Approval procedure.—
4	(A) In general.—Not later than 90 days
5	after receiving a Regional Strategic Plan from
6	a regional planning body, the Secretary shall
7	notify the regional planning body that the Sec-
8	retary—
9	(i) approves the plan as submitted;
10	(ii) disapproves the plan as submitted
11	or
12	(iii) needs up to an additional 30 days
13	to further review the plan.
14	(B) DISAPPROVAL.—If the Secretary dis-
15	approves a proposed Regional Strategic Plan
16	the Secretary shall provide notice of such dis-
17	approval to the submitting regional planning
18	body in writing, and include in such notice the
19	rationale for the Secretary's decision. The re-
20	gional planning body shall resubmit the Plan
21	not later than 30 days after receiving such no-
22	tice and rationale for initial disapproval.
23	(7) Opportunity for public comment.—In
24	determining whether to approve a Regional Strategic
25	Plan under this subsection the Secretary shall pro-

1	vide opportunity for, and take into consideration,
2	public input and comment on such Plan from stake-
3	holders and the general public.
4	(d) National Grants for Oceans, Coasts, and
5	Great Lakes.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary may use
7	amounts allocated under section $5(c)(3)$ to make
8	grants to support activities consistent with section 6.
9	(2) Criteria for entities.—The Secretary,
10	in consultation with the Council, shall establish cri-
11	teria to determine the types of entities eligible for
12	grants under this subsection, including—
13	(A) coastal State, noncoastal State, local,
14	and affected Indian tribal governments and
15	agencies;
16	(B) regional agencies, associations, or or-
17	ganizations other than regional planning bodies;
18	(C) fishery or wildlife management organi-
19	zations;
20	(D) nonprofit organizations; and
21	(E) academic institutions.
22	(3) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall—
23	(A) review the Council's recommendations
24	submitted under section 8(h).

1	(B) subject to approval, allocate amounts
2	allocated under section 5(c)(3) on the basis of
3	the Council's recommendations; and
4	(C) if the Secretary disapproves a grant
5	recommended by the Council, explain that dis-
6	approval in writing.
7	SEC. 8. NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE OCEANS COUN-
8	CIL.
9	(a) Establishment.—Except as provided in sub-
10	section (j), the Secretary shall establish a National En-
11	dowment for the Oceans Council which shall consist of $7$
12	members with expertise in the conservation and manage-
13	ment of ocean, coastal, and Great Lakes ecosystems and
14	marine resources.
15	(b) Membership; Appointment.—The members of
16	the Council shall be as follows:
17	(1) Two representatives of the National Oceanic
18	and Atmospheric Administration, appointed by the
19	Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmos-
20	pheric Administration.
21	(2) One representative of the Office of Water of
22	the Environmental Protection Agency, appointed by
23	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
24	Agency.

1	(3) One representative of the United States
2	Fish and Wildlife Service, appointed by the Director
3	of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
4	(4) One representative of the National Science
5	Foundation, appointed by the Director of the Na-
6	tional Science Foundation.
7	(5) One representative of the Council on Envi-
8	ronmental Quality, appointed by the Chair of the
9	Council on Environmental Quality.
10	(6) One representative of the United States Ge-
11	ological Survey, appointed by the Director of the
12	United States Geological Survey.
13	(c) Term; Vacancy.—
14	(1) Term.—The term of office of a member of
15	the Council is 5 years, except that—
16	(A) of the members initially appointed
17	under paragraph (1) of subsection (b), 1 shall
18	be appointed for a term of 4 years;
19	(B) the member initially appointed under
20	paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of such subsection
21	shall be appointed for a term of 3 years; and
22	(C) the member initially appointed under
23	paragraph (5) of such subsection (b) shall be
24	appointed for a term of 4 years.

1	(2) Vacancy.—Whenever a vacancy occurs
2	among members of the Council, the Secretary, or the
3	head of the appropriate agency shall appoint an indi-
4	vidual to fill that vacancy for the remainder of the
5	applicable term.
6	(d) Chair.—
7	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Council shall elect a
8	chair from among its members.
9	(2) TERM.—The chair shall serve for a 3-year
10	term, except that the first chair may be elected for
11	a term of less than 3 years, as determined by the
12	Council.
13	(e) Quorum.—Five members of the Council shall
14	constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
15	(f) Meetings.—
16	(1) In General.—The Council shall meet at
17	the call of the chair, but in no case less frequently
18	than twice each year.
19	(2) Public Access.—Meetings of the Council
20	shall be open to the public, and the chair shall take
21	appropriate steps to provide adequate notice to the
22	public of the time and place of such meetings.
23	(3) Failure to attend.—If a Council mem-
24	ber misses 3 consecutively scheduled meetings, the

1	Secretary may revoke that member's appointment to
2	the Council.
3	(g) Staff.—
4	(1) Employment.—The Secretary may employ
5	and fix the compensation of staff, as the Council de-
6	termines necessary, to carry out such duties as the
7	Council may require and, with assistance from the
8	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration,
9	facilitate consideration of grant applications and
10	otherwise assist the Council in carrying out its re-
11	sponsibilities.
12	(2) PAY AND BENEFITS.—The pay and benefits
13	of the staff shall be derived from amounts available
14	from the Endowment for administrative costs sub-
15	ject to section $5(c)(4)$ .
16	(3) Status as federal employees.—
17	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
18	subparagraph (B), employees of the Council
19	shall be considered Federal employees only for
20	purposes of—
21	(i) injury compensation as provided in
22	chapter 81 of title 5, United States Code,
23	and tort claims liability under chapter 171
24	of title 28, United States Code;

1	(ii) the Ethics in Government Act of
2	1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) and the provisions of
3	chapter 11 of title 18, United States Code
4	and
5	(iii) any other statute or regulation
6	governing the conduct of Federal employ-
7	ees.
8	(B) Exception.—Notwithstanding sub-
9	paragraph (A), section 208(a) of title 18
10	United States Code, shall not apply to such an
11	individual if, after review of the financial disclo-
12	sure report filed by the individual pursuant to
13	the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5
14	U.S.C. App.), the Secretary, or the Secretary's
15	designee, certifies in writing that the need for
16	the individual's services outweighs the potential
17	for a conflict of interest created by the financial
18	interest involved.
19	(h) Functions.—The Council shall—
20	(1) receive and review, according to procedures
21	established under section 7(d)(1), applications for
22	grants under subsections (b) and (c) of section 7
23	and
24	(2) submit to the Secretary a list of rec-
25	ommended applications for such grants, consistent

1	with existing Federal ocean policy and criteria estab-
2	lished under this Act, and include—
3	(A) a recommended priority order for
4	funding such applications;
5	(B) the amount of the grant each such ap-
6	plication should receive; and
7	(C) any specific requirements, conditions,
8	or limitations for such an application rec-
9	ommended for funding under this Act.
10	(i) Advisory Panel.—In reviewing applications for
11	grants under subsections (b) and (c) of section 7, the
12	Council shall establish an external review process through
13	working groups or by other means, including consultation
14	with persons representing—
15	(1) a balanced and diverse range of ocean,
16	coastal, and Great Lakes dependent industries;
17	(2) a balanced and diverse range of regions;
18	(3) nonprofit conservation organizations with a
19	mission that includes the conservation and protec-
20	tion of living marine resources and their habitats;
21	and
22	(4) academic institutions with strong scientific
23	or technical credentials and experience in marine
24	science or policy.

1	(j) Reliance on Existing Federal Interagency
2	Body.—Rather than establish a National Endowment for
3	the Oceans Council, the Secretary may designate an exist-
4	ing Federal interagency body created to implement Fed-
5	eral ocean policy to perform the functions set forth in sec-
6	tion 8(h).
7	SEC. 9. ANNUAL REPORT.
8	(a) Requirement for Annual Report.—Begin-
9	ning with fiscal year 2012, not later than 60 days after
10	the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary shall submit a
11	report on the operation of the Endowment during the fis-
12	cal year to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
13	Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Nat-
14	ural Resources of the House of Representatives.
15	(b) Content.—Each annual report submitted under
16	subsection (a) for a fiscal year shall include—
17	(1) a statement of the amounts deposited in the
18	Endowment and the balance remaining in the En-
19	dowment at the end of the fiscal year;
20	(2) a description of the expenditures made from
21	the Endowment for the fiscal year, including the
22	purpose of the expenditures; and
23	(3) recommendations for additional authority
24	necessary to fulfill the purpose of the Endowment.