

Calendar No. 156

118TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 931

[Report No. 118-73]

To improve the visibility, accountability, and oversight of agency software asset management practices, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 22, 2023

Mr. PETERS (for himself, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. HAGERTY, Mr. TILLIS, Ms. ERNST, Mr. WYDEN, and Mr. HICKENLOOPER) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

JULY 25, 2023

Reported by Mr. PETERS, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To improve the visibility, accountability, and oversight of agency software asset management practices, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Strengthening Agency
3 Management and Oversight of Software Assets Act”.

4 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

5 In this Act:

6 (1) **ADMINISTRATOR.**—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of General Serv-
7 ices.

8 (2) **AGENCY.**—The term “agency” has the meaning given that term in section 3502 of title 44,
9 United States Code.

10 (3) **CLOUD COMPUTING.**—The term “cloud computing” has the meaning given the term in Spe-
11 cial Publication 800-145 of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, or any successor docu-
12 ment.

13 (4) **CLOUD SERVICE PROVIDER.**—The term “cloud service provider” means an entity offering
14 cloud computing products or services to agencies.

15 (5) **COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT.**—The term “comprehensive assessment” means a comprehensive
16 assessment conducted pursuant to section 3(a).

17 (6) **DIRECTOR.**—The term “Director” means the Director of the Office of Management and Budg-
18 et.

1 (7) PLAN.—The term “plan” means the plan
2 developed by a Chief Information Officer, or equiva-
3 lent official, pursuant to section 4(a).

4 (8) SOFTWARE ENTITLEMENT.—The term
5 “software entitlement” means any software that—

6 (A) has been purchased, leased, or licensed
7 by or billed to an agency under any contract or
8 other business arrangement; and

9 (B) is subject to use limitations.

10 (9) SOFTWARE INVENTORY.—The term “soft-
11 ware inventory” means the software inventory of an
12 agency required pursuant to—

13 (A) section 2(b)(2)(A) of the Making Elec-
14 tronic Government Accountable By Yielding
15 Tangible Efficiencies Act of 2016 (40 U.S.C.
16 §1302 note; Public Law 114–210); or

17 (B) subsequent guidance issued by the Di-
18 rector pursuant to that Act.

19 **SEC. 3. SOFTWARE ENTITLEMENT AND INVENTORY INTEG-
20 RITY.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable, and not
22 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
23 the Chief Information Officer of each agency, in consulta-
24 tion with the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Procure-
25 ment Officer, and General Counsel of the agency, or the

1 equivalent officials of the agency, shall complete a com-
2 prehensive assessment of the software entitlements and
3 software inventories of the agency, which shall include—

4 (1) the current software inventory of the agen-
5 cy, including software entitlements, contracts and
6 other agreements or arrangements of the agency,
7 and a list of the largest software entitlements of the
8 agency separated by vendor and category of soft-
9 ware;

10 (2) a comprehensive, detailed accounting of—

11 (A) any software deployed for the agency
12 as of the date of the comprehensive assessment,
13 including, to the extent identifiable, the con-
14 tracts and other agreements or arrangements
15 that the agency uses to acquire, deploy, or use
16 such software;

17 (B) information and data on software enti-
18 tlements, which shall include information on
19 any additional fees or costs for the use of cloud
20 services that is not included in the initial costs
21 of the contract, agreement, or arrangement—

22 (i) for which the agency pays;
23 (ii) that are not deployed or in use by
24 the agency; and

(iii) that are billed to the agency

under any contract or business arrange-

ployment or use by the agency; and

5 (C) the extent—

(i) to which any software paid for, in

7 use, or deployed throughout the agency is

interoperable; and

⁹ (ii) of the efforts of the agency to im-

prove interoperability of software assets

11 throughout the agency enterprise;

12 (3) a categorization of software licenses of the

13 agency by cost, volume, and type of software;

14 (4) a list of any provisions in the software li-

15 enses of the agency that may restrict how the soft-

ware can be deployed, accessed, or used, including

any such restrictions on desktop or server hardware

18 or through a cloud service provider; and

19 (5) an analysis addressing—

20 (A) the accuracy and completeness of the

21 software inventory and software entitlements of

22 the agency

23 assessment;

24 (B) management by the agency of and

1 other agreements or arrangements that include
2 or implicate software licensing or software man-
3 agement within the agency;

4 (C) the extent to which the agency accu-
5 rately captures the total cost of enterprise li-
6 censes agreements and related costs, including
7 the total cost of upgrades over the life of a con-
8 tract, cloud usage cost per user, and any other
9 cost associated with the maintenance or serv-
10 icing of contracts; and

11 (D) compliance with software license man-
12 agement policies of the agency.

13 (b) CONTRACT SUPPORT.—

14 (1) AUTHORITY.—The head of an agency may
15 enter into 1 or more contracts to support the re-
16 quirements of subsection (a).

17 (2) NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—Contracts
18 under paragraph (1) shall not include contractors
19 with organization conflicts of interest.

20 (3) OPERATIONAL INDEPENDENCE.—Over the
21 course of a comprehensive assessment, contractors
22 hired pursuant to paragraph (1) shall maintain oper-
23 ational independence from the integration, manage-
24 ment, and operations of the software inventory and
25 software entitlements of the agency.

1 (e) SUBMISSION.—On the date on which the Chief In-
2 formation Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Procure-
3 ment Officer, and General Counsel of an agency, or the
4 equivalent officials of the agency, complete the comprehen-
5 sive assessment, and not later than 1 year after the date
6 of enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer
7 shall submit the comprehensive assessment to—

8 (1) the head of the agency;
9 (2) the Director;
10 (3) the Administrator;
11 (4) the Comptroller General of the United
12 States;

13 (5) the Committee on Homeland Security and
14 Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
15 (6) the Committee on Oversight and Account-
16 ability of the House of Representatives.

17 (d) CONSULTATION.—In order to ensure the utility
18 and standardization of the comprehensive assessment of
19 each agency, including to support the development of each
20 plan and the Government-wide strategy described in sec-
21 tion 5, the Director, in consultation with the Adminis-
22 trator, may share information, best practices, and rec-
23 commendations relating to the activities performed in the
24 course of a comprehensive assessment of an agency.

1 SEC. 4. ENTERPRISE LICENSING POSITIONING AT AGEN- 2 CIES.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Information Officer of
4 each agency, in consultation with the Chief Financial Offi-
5 cer and the Chief Procurement Officer of the agency, or
6 the equivalent officials of the agency, shall use the infor-
7 mation developed pursuant to the comprehensive assess-
8 ment of the agency to develop a plan for the agency—

9 (1) to consolidate software licenses of the agen-
10 tive; and

16 (b) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The plan of an agency
17 shall—

18 (1) include a detailed strategy for—

(A) the remediation of any software asset management deficiencies found during the comprehensive assessment of the agency;

(B) the ongoing maintenance of software asset management upon the completion of the remediation; and

(C) maximizing the effectiveness of software deployed by the agency, including, to the

1 extent practicable, leveraging technologies
2 that—

3 (i) provide in-depth analysis of user
4 behaviors and collect user feedback;

5 (ii) measure actual software usage via
6 analytics that can identify inefficiencies to
7 assist in rationalizing software spending;

8 (iii) allow for segmentation of the user
9 base;

10 (iv) support effective governance and
11 compliance in the use of software; and

12 (v) support interoperable capabilities
13 between software;

14 (2) identify not fewer than 5 categories of soft-
15 ware the agency will prioritize for conversion to en-
16 terprise licenses as the software entitlements, con-
17 tracts, and other agreements or arrangements for
18 those categories come up for renewal or renegoti-
19 ation;

20 (3) provide an estimate of the costs to move to
21 enterprise, open-source, or other licenses that do not
22 restrict the use of software by the agency, and the
23 projected cost savings, efficiency measures, and im-
24 provements to agency performance throughout the
25 total software lifecycle;

1 (4) identify potential mitigations to minimize
2 software license restrictions on how such software
3 can be deployed, accessed, or used, including any
4 mitigations that would minimize any such restric-
5 tions on desktop or server hardware or through a
6 cloud service provider;

7 (5) ensure that the purchase by the agency of
8 any enterprise license or other software is based on
9 publicly available criteria that are not unduly struc-
10 tured to favor any specific vendor;

11 (6) include any estimates for additional re-
12 sources, services, or support the agency may need to
13 execute the enterprise licensing position plan;

14 (7) provide information on the prevalence of
15 software products in use across multiple software
16 categories; and

17 (8) include any additional information, data, or
18 analysis determined necessary by the Chief Informa-
19 tion Officer, or other equivalent official, of the agen-
20 cy.

21 (e) CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION.—The Di-
22 rector, in coordination with the Chief Information Officers
23 Council, the Chief Acquisition Officers Council, the Ad-
24 ministrator, and other government and industry represen-
25 atives identified by the Director, may establish processes

1 to identify, define, and harmonize common definitions,
2 terms and conditions, and other information and criteria
3 to support agency heads in developing and implementing
4 the plans required by this section.

5 (d) SUPPORT.—The Chief Information Officer, or
6 other equivalent official, of an agency may request support
7 from the Director and the Administrator for any analysis
8 or developmental needs to create the plan of the agency.

9 (e) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 120 days after the
10 date on which the Chief Information Officer, or other
11 equivalent official, of an agency submits the comprehen-
12 sive assessment pursuant to section 3(e), the head of the
13 agency shall submit to the Director, the Committee on
14 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-
15 ate, and the Committee on Oversight and Accountability
16 of the House of Representatives the plan of the agency.

17 **SEC. 5. GOVERNMENT-WIDE STRATEGY.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the
19 date of enactment of this Act, the Director, in consultation
20 with the Administrator and the Federal Chief Information
21 Officers Council, shall submit to the Committee on Home-
22 land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and
23 the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the
24 House of Representatives a strategy that includes—

1 (1) proposals to support the adoption of Gov-
2 ernment-wide enterprise licenses for software entitle-
3 ments identified through the comprehensive assess-
4 ments and plans, including, where appropriate, a
5 cost-benefit analysis;

6 (2) opportunities to leverage Government pro-
7 curement policies and practices to increase inter-
8 operability of software entitlements acquired and de-
9 ployed to reduce costs and improve performance;

10 (3) the incorporation of data on spending by
11 agencies on, the performance of, and management
12 by agencies of software entitlements as part of the
13 information required under section 11302(c)(3)(B)
14 of title 40, United States Code;

15 (4) where applicable, directions to agencies to
16 examine options and relevant criteria for
17 transitioning to open-source software; and

18 (5) any other information or data collected or
19 analyzed by the Director.

20 (b) BUDGET SUBMISSION.—

21 (1) FIRST BUDGET.—With respect to the first
22 budget of the President submitted under section
23 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, on or after
24 the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment
25 of this Act, the Director shall ensure that the strat-

1 egy required under subsection (a) of this section and
2 the plan of each agency are included in the budget
3 justification materials of each agency submitted in
4 conjunction with that budget.

5 (2) SUBSEQUENT 5 BUDGETS.—With respect to
6 the first 5 budgets of the President submitted under
7 section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code,
8 after the budget described in paragraph (1), the Di-
9 rector shall—

10 (A) designate performance metrics for
11 agencies for common software licensing, man-
12 agement, and cost criteria; and

13 (B) ensure that the progress of each agen-
14 cy toward the performance metrics is included
15 in the budget justification materials of the
16 agency submitted in conjunction with that
17 budget.

18 **SEC. 6. GAO REPORT.**

19 Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment
20 of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States
21 shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and
22 Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee
23 on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Rep-
24 resentatives a report on Government-wide trends, com-
25 parisons among agencies, and other analyses of plans and

1 the strategy required under section 5(a) by the Com-
2 troller General of the United States.

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 *This Act may be cited as the “Strengthening Agency
5 Management and Oversight of Software Assets Act”.*

6 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

7 *In this Act:*

8 (1) *ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Adminis-
9 trator” means the Administrator of General Services.*

10 (2) *AGENCY.—The term “agency” has the mean-
11 ing given that term in section 3502 of title 44, United
12 States Code.*

13 (3) *CLOUD COMPUTING.—The term “cloud com-
14 puting” has the meaning given the term in Special
15 Publication 800–145 of the National Institute of
16 Standards and Technology, or any successor docu-
17 ment.*

18 (4) *CLOUD SERVICE PROVIDER.—The term
19 “cloud service provider” has the meaning given the
20 term in section 3607(b) of title 44, United States
21 Code.*

22 (5) *COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT.—The term
23 “comprehensive assessment” means a comprehensive
24 assessment conducted pursuant to section 3(a).*

1 (6) *DIRECTOR*.—The term “Director” means the
2 *Director of the Office of Management and Budget*.

3 (7) *PLAN*.—The term “plan” means the plan de-
4 veloped by a Chief Information Officer, or equivalent
5 official, pursuant to section 4(a).

6 (8) *SOFTWARE ENTITLEMENT*.—The term “soft-
7 ware entitlement” means any software that—

8 (A) has been purchased, leased, or licensed
9 by or billed to an agency under any contract or
10 other business arrangement; and
11 (B) is subject to use limitations.

12 (9) *SOFTWARE INVENTORY*.—The term “software
13 inventory” means the software inventory of an agency
14 required pursuant to—

15 (A) section 2(b)(2)(A) of the Making Elec-
16 tronic Government Accountable By Yielding
17 Tangible Efficiencies Act of 2016 (40 U.S.C.
18 11302 note; Public Law 114–210); or
19 (B) subsequent guidance issued by the Di-
20 rector pursuant to that Act.

21 **SEC. 3. SOFTWARE INVENTORY UPDATE AND EXPANSION.**

22 (a) *IN GENERAL*.—As soon as practicable, and not
23 later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this
24 Act, the Chief Information Officer of each agency, in con-
25 sultation with the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Acqui-

1 sition Officer, the Chief Data Officer, and General Counsel
2 of the agency, or the equivalent officials of the agency, shall
3 complete a comprehensive assessment of the software paid
4 for by, in use at, or deployed throughout the agency, which
5 shall include—

6 (1) the current software inventory of the agency,
7 including software entitlements, contracts and other
8 agreements or arrangements of the agency, and a list
9 of the largest software entitlements of the agency sepa-
10 rated by provider and category of software;

11 (2) a comprehensive, detailed accounting of—

12 (A) any software used by or deployed with-
13 in the agency, including software developed or
14 built by the agency, or by another agency for use
15 by the agency, including shared services, as of
16 the date of the comprehensive assessment, includ-
17 ing, to the extent identifiable, the contracts and
18 other agreements or arrangements used by the
19 agency to acquire, build, deploy, or use such soft-
20 ware;

21 (B) information and data on software enti-
22 tlements, which shall include information on any
23 additional fees or costs, including fees or costs for
24 the use of cloud services, that are not included in

1 *the initial costs of the contract, agreement, or ar-*
2 *rangement—*

3 (i) *for which the agency pays;*
4 (ii) *that are not deployed or in use by*
5 *the agency; and*

6 (iii) *that are billed to the agency under*
7 *any contract or business arrangement that*
8 *creates duplication, or are otherwise deter-*
9 *mined to be unnecessary by the Chief Infor-*
10 *mation Officer of the agency, or the equiva-*
11 *lent official, in the deployment or use by the*
12 *agency; and*

13 (C) *the extent—*

14 (i) *to which any software paid for, in*
15 *use, or deployed throughout the agency is*
16 *interoperable; and*

17 (ii) *of the efforts of the agency to im-*
18 *prove interoperability of software assets*
19 *throughout the agency enterprise;*

20 (3) *a categorization of software entitlements of*
21 *the agency by cost, volume, and type of software;*

22 (4) *a list of any provisions in the software enti-*
23 *tlements of the agency that may restrict how the soft-*
24 *ware can be deployed, accessed, or used, including*
25 *any such restrictions on desktop or server hardware,*

1 *through a cloud service provider, or on data owner-*
2 *ship or access; and*

3 *(5) an analysis addressing—*

4 *(A) the accuracy and completeness of the*
5 *comprehensive assessment;*

6 *(B) agency management of and compliance*
7 *with all contracts or other agreements or ar-*
8 *rangements that include or reference software en-*
9 *titlements or software management within the*
10 *agency;*

11 *(C) the extent to which the agency accu-*
12 *rately captures the total cost of software entitle-*
13 *ments and related costs, including the total cost*
14 *of upgrades over the life of a contract, cloud*
15 *usage costs, and any other cost associated with*
16 *the maintenance or servicing of contracts; and*

17 *(D) compliance with software license man-*
18 *agement policies of the agency.*

19 *(b) CONTRACT SUPPORT.—*

20 *(1) AUTHORITY.—The head of an agency may*
21 *enter into 1 or more contracts to support the require-*
22 *ments of subsection (a).*

23 *(2) NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—Contracts*
24 *under paragraph (1) shall not include contractors*
25 *with organizational conflicts of interest, within the*

1 meaning given that term under subpart 9.5 of the
2 Federal Acquisition Regulation.

3 (3) *OPERATIONAL INDEPENDENCE.*—Over the
4 course of a comprehensive assessment, contractors
5 hired pursuant to paragraph (1) shall maintain oper-
6 ational independence from the integration, manage-
7 ment, and operations of the software inventory and
8 software entitlements of the agency.

9 (c) *SUBMISSION.*—On the date on which the Chief In-
10 formation Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Acquisi-
11 tion Officer, the Chief Data Officer, and General Counsel
12 of an agency, or the equivalent officials of the agency, com-
13 plete the comprehensive assessment, the Chief Information
14 Officer shall submit the comprehensive assessment to the
15 head of the agency.

16 (d) *SUBSEQUENT SUBMISSION.*—Not later than 30
17 days after the date on which the head of an agency receives
18 the comprehensive assessment under subsection (c), the head
19 of the agency shall submit the comprehensive assessment
20 to—

21 (1) the Director;
22 (2) the Administrator;
23 (3) the Comptroller General of the United States;
24 (4) the Committee on Homeland Security and
25 Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

1 (5) the Committee on Oversight and Account-
2 ability of the House of Representatives.

3 (e) CONSULTATION.—In order to ensure the utility and
4 standardization of the comprehensive assessment of each
5 agency, including to support the development of each plan
6 and the report required under section 4(e)(2), the Director,
7 in consultation with the Administrator, shall share infor-
8 mation, best practices, and recommendations relating to the
9 activities performed in the course of a comprehensive assess-
10 ment of an agency.

11 **SEC. 4. SOFTWARE MODERNIZATION PLANNING AT AGEN-**
12 **CIES.**

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Chief Information Officer of
14 each agency, in consultation with the Chief Financial Offi-
15 cer, the Chief Acquisition Officer, the Chief Data Officer,
16 and the General Counsel of the agency, or the equivalent
17 officials of the agency, shall use the information developed
18 pursuant to the comprehensive assessment of the agency to
19 develop a plan for the agency—

20 (1) to consolidate software entitlements of the
21 agency;

22 (2) to ensure that, in order to improve the per-
23 formance of, and reduce unnecessary costs to, the
24 agency, the Chief Information Officer, Chief Data Of-
25 ficer, and Chief Acquisition Officer of the agency, or

1 *the equivalent officers, develop criteria and procedures*
2 *for how the agency will adopt cost-effective acquisi-*
3 *tion strategies, including enterprise licensing, across*
4 *the agency that reduce costs, eliminate excess licenses,*
5 *and improve performance; and*

6 *(3) to restrict the ability of a bureau, program,*
7 *component, or operational entity within the agency to*
8 *acquire, use, develop, or otherwise leverage any soft-*
9 *ware entitlement (or portion thereof) without the ap-*
10 *proval of the Chief Information Officer of the agency,*
11 *in consultation with the Chief Acquisition Officer of*
12 *the agency, or the equivalent officers of the agency.*

13 *(b) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The plan of an agency*
14 *shall—*

15 *(1) include a detailed strategy for—*

16 *(A) the remediation of any software asset*
17 *management deficiencies found during the com-*
18 *prehensive assessment of the agency;*

19 *(B) the ongoing maintenance of software*
20 *asset management upon the completion of the re-*
21 *mediation;*

22 *(C) automation of software license manage-*
23 *ment processes and incorporation of discovery*
24 *tools across the agency;*

1 (D) ensuring that officers and employees of
2 the agency are adequately trained in the policies,
3 procedures, rules, regulations, and guidance re-
4 lating to the software acquisition and develop-
5 ment of the agency before entering into any
6 agreement relating to any software entitlement
7 (or portion thereof) for the agency, including
8 training on—

9 (i) negotiating options within con-
10 tracts to address and minimize provisions
11 that restrict how the agency may deploy,
12 access, or use the software, including restric-
13 tions on deployment, access, or use on desk-
14 top or server hardware and restrictions on
15 data ownership or access;

16 (ii) the differences between acquiring
17 commercial software products and services
18 and acquiring or building custom software;
19 and

20 (iii) determining the costs of different
21 types of licenses and options for adjusting
22 licenses to meet increasing or decreasing de-
23 mand; and

(E) maximizing the effectiveness of software deployed by the agency, including, to the extent practicable, leveraging technologies that—

(i) measure actual software usage via analytics that can identify inefficiencies to assist in rationalizing software spending;

(ii) allow for segmentation of the user base;

(iii) support effective governance and compliance in the use of software; and

(iv) support interoperable capabilities between software;

13 (2) identify categories of software the agency
14 could prioritize for conversion to more cost-effective
15 software licenses, including enterprise licenses, as the
16 software entitlements, contracts, and other agreements
17 or arrangements come up for renewal or renegoti-
18 ation;

19 (3) provide an estimate of the costs to move to
20 ward more enterprise, open-source, or other licenses
21 that do not restrict the use of software by the agency,
22 and the projected cost savings, efficiency measures,
23 and improvements to agency performance throughout
24 the total software lifecycle;

- 1 (4) identify potential mitigations to minimize
2 software license restrictions on how such software can
3 be deployed, accessed, or used, including any mitigations
4 that would minimize any such restrictions on desktop or server hardware, through a cloud service
5 provider, or on data ownership or access;
- 6
- 7 (5) ensure that the purchase by the agency of
8 any software is based on publicly available criteria
9 that are not unduly structured to favor any specific
10 vendor, unless prohibited by law (including regulation);
- 11
- 12 (6) include any estimates for additional re-
13 sources, services, or support the agency may need to
14 implement the plan;
- 15 (7) provide information on the prevalence of soft-
16 ware products in use across multiple software cat-
17 egories; and
- 18 (8) include any additional information, data, or
19 analysis determined necessary by the Chief Informa-
20 tion Officer, or other equivalent official, of the agency.
- 21 (c) SUPPORT.—The Chief Information Officer, or other
22 equivalent official, of an agency may request support from
23 the Director and the Administrator for any analysis or de-
24 velopmental needs to create the plan of the agency.

1 (d) AGENCY SUBMISSION.—Not later than 1 year after
2 the date on which the head of an agency submits the com-
3 prehensive assessment pursuant to section 3(d), the head of
4 the agency shall submit to the Director, the Committee on
5 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-
6 ate, and the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of
7 the House of Representatives the plan of the agency.

8 (e) CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION.—The Direc-
9 tor—

10 (1) in coordination with the Administrator, the
11 Chief Information Officers Council, the Chief Acquisi-
12 tion Officers Council, the Chief Data Officers Council,
13 the Chief Financial Officers Council, and other gov-
14 ernment and industry representatives identified by
15 the Director, shall establish processes, using existing
16 reporting functions, as appropriate, to identify, de-
17 fine, and harmonize common definitions, terms and
18 conditions, standardized requirements, and other in-
19 formation and criteria to support agency heads in de-
20 veloping and implementing the plans required by this
21 section; and

22 (2) in coordination with the Administrator, and
23 not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of
24 this Act, submit to the Committee on Homeland Secu-
25 rity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the

1 Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the
2 House of Representatives a report detailing rec-
3 ommendations to leverage Government procurement
4 policies and practices with respect to software ac-
5 quired by, developed by, deployed within, or in use at
6 1 or more agencies to—

7 (A) increase the interoperability of software
8 licenses, including software entitlements and
9 software built by Government agencies;
10 (B) consolidate licenses, as appropriate;
11 (C) reduce costs;
12 (D) improve performance; and
13 (E) modernize the management and over-
14 sight of software entitlements and software built
15 by Government agencies, as identified through
16 an analysis of agency plans.

17 **SEC. 5. GAO REPORT.**

18 Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of
19 this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall
20 submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-
21 ernmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Over-
22 sight and Accountability of the House of Representatives
23 a report on—

24 (1) Government-wide trends in agency software
25 asset management practices;

1 (2) comparisons of software asset management
2 practices among agencies;
3 (3) the establishment by the Director of processes
4 to identify, define, and harmonize common definitions,
5 terms, and conditions under section 4(e);
6 (4) agency compliance with the restrictions on
7 contract support under section 3(b); and
8 (5) other analyses of and findings regarding the
9 plans of agencies, as determined by the Comptroller
10 General of the United States.

11 **SEC. 6. NO ADDITIONAL FUNDS.**

12 No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated
13 for the purpose of carrying out this Act.

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