# Calendar No. 578

112TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 847

[Report No. 112-264]

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to ensure that risks from chemicals are adequately understood and managed, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 14, 2011

Mr. Lautenberg (for himself, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Schumer, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Franken, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Sanders, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Merkley, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Begich, Mr. Tester, Mr. Kerry, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Harkin, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Udall of New Mexico, Mr. Akaka, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. Lieberman, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Inouye, and Mr. Bennet) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

December 27, 2012

Reported by Mrs. BOXER, with amendments
[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

A DILL

# A BILL

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to ensure that risks from chemicals are adequately understood and managed, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Safe Chemicals Act
- 3 of 2011".
- 4 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
- 5 The purpose of this Act is to ensure that risks from
- 6 chemicals are adequately understood and managed.
- 7 SEC. 3. FINDINGS, POLICY, AND GOAL.
- 8 Section 2 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
- 9 U.S.C. 2601) is amended—
- 10 (1) in the heading, by striking "**INTENT**" and
- inserting "**GOAL**"; and
- 12 (2) by striking subsections (a) through (c) and
- inserting the following:
- "(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 15 "(1) each year human beings and the environ-
- ment are exposed to a large number of chemical sub-
- 17 stances;
- 18 "(2) the chemical industry, an important part
- of the United States economy, provides valuable
- products that are used in diverse manufacturing in-
- 21 dustries and other commercial, institutional, and
- 22 consumer applications;
- 23 "(3) more than 3 decades after the enactment
- of this Act, people and the environment in the
- United States are still exposed to thousands of

- chemicals whose safety has not been adequately reviewed and may harm health and the environment;
  - "(4) the incidence of some diseases and disorders linked to chemical substance exposures is on the rise;
    - "(5) biomonitoring of chemical substances in humans reveals that people in the United States carry hundreds of hazardous chemicals in their bodies;
    - "(6) the concentrations of certain chemical substances that persist and accumulate are increasing in the environment and in human bodies and are found across the world, including in the remote Arctic in which Native Americans face increasing contamination of traditional foods;
    - "(7) differences in metabolism and physiology at certain stages of development can make infants and children more vulnerable than adults to the effects of chemical exposure, especially exposure that occurs in utero, during infancy, and during other critical periods of development;
    - "(8) manufacturers and processors of chemicals should supply sufficient health and environmental information before distributing products in commerce;

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"(9) the Administrator must have and exercise the authority to develop sufficient information to assess chemical safety, and to act effectively when the Administrator obtains information that indicates there are risks of harmful exposure to chemical substances;

"(10) there is significant global trade in the chemical sector and many of the companies that conduct business in the United States must also comply with chemical safety regulatory programs in other countries, and the data that is generated to comply with those other regulatory programs may be useful in understanding hazards and exposures of chemical substances presented in the United States; and

"(11) a revised policy on the safety of chemical substances will assist in renewing the manufacturing sector of the United States, create new and safer jobs, spur innovations in green chemistry, restore confidence domestically and internationally in the safety of products of the United States, and ensure that products of the United States remain competitive in the global market.

"(b) Policy.—It is the policy of the United States—

"(1) to protect the health of children, workers, consumers, and the public, and to protect the envi-

- 1 ronment from harmful exposures to chemical sub-2 stances;
- 3 "(2) to promote the use of safer alternatives 4 and other actions that reduce the use of and expo-5 sure to hazardous chemical substances and reward 6 innovation toward safer chemicals, processes, and 7 products;
  - "(3) to require that chemicals in commerce meet a risk-based safety standard that protects vulnerable and affected populations and the environment;
  - "(4) to require companies to provide sufficient health and environmental information for the chemical substances that the companies manufacture, process, or import as a condition of allowing those companies to distribute chemical substances in commerce;
  - "(5) to improve the quality of information on chemical safety and use;
  - "(6) to guarantee the right of the public and workers to know about the hazards and uses of chemical substances that the public and workers may be exposed to by maximizing public access to information on chemical safety and use; and

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1 "(7) to strengthen cooperation between and 2 among the Federal Government and State, munic-3 ipal, tribal, and foreign governments. "(c) GOAL.—It is the goal of the United States to 4 5 address the harmful exposure of vulnerable or affected 6 populations to chemical substances caused by the distribution of chemical substances in commerce by— "(1) reviewing all chemical substances for safe-8 9 ty and identifying the highest priority chemical sub-10 stances for expedited review; 11 "(2) determining whether chemical substances 12 in commerce meet the safety standard under this 13 title: 14 "(3) applying appropriate restrictions to the use 15 of a chemical substance, where warranted; and "(4) encouraging the replacement of harmful 16 17 chemicals and processes with safer alternatives.". 18 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS. 19 Section 3 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2602) is amended— 20 21 (1) by striking paragraph (12); 22 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4), 23 (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (13), and (14), as 24 paragraphs (5), (6), (8), (10), (12), (13), (14), (15), 25 (18), (19), (21), and (24), respectively;

1	(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(2) Aggregate exposure.—
4	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
5	graph (B), the term 'aggregate exposure' means
6	exposure from all sources of a chemical sub-
7	stance, including exposure from—
8	"(i) the manufacture, processing, dis-
9	tribution, use, and disposal of that chem-
10	ical substance; and
11	"(ii) all other sources of that chemical
12	substance, including—
13	"(I) contamination of food, air,
14	water, soil, and house dust from cur-
15	rent or prior uses or activity;
16	``(II) accidental releases;
17	"(III) permitted sources of pollu-
18	tion;
19	"(IV) nonpoint sources of pollu-
20	tion;
21	"(V) documented background lev-
22	els from natural and anthropogenic
23	sources; and
24	"(VI) a mixture or article con-
25	taining that chemical substance.

"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'aggregate exposure' includes exposure from a chemical substance that is not considered to be a chemical substance under this Act solely because of the use of that substance as, or in, a food, food additive, cosmetic, or device (as those terms are defined in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321)).

## "(3) BIOACCUMULATIVE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'bioaccumulative' means, with respect to a chemical substance or mixture, that the chemical substance or mixture, as determined by the Administrator, can significantly accumulate in biota, as indicated through monitoring data, or is highly likely to accumulate in biota, as indicated by other evidence.

"(B) UPDATE.—To reflect the best available science, the Administrator may, by rule, revise the definition of the term 'bioaccumulative' in such a way that reflects the state of the science and provides for equal or greater protection of human health and the environment.

"(4) Chemical identity' includes—

1	"(A) each common and trade name of a
2	chemical substance;
3	"(B) the name of a chemical substance ap-
4	pearing in International Union of Pure and Ap-
5	plied Chemistry nomenclature and the most
6	current Collective Index format;
7	"(C) each Chemical Abstracts Service reg-
8	istration number of a chemical substance; and
9	"(D) the molecular structure of a chemical
10	substance.";
11	(4) in paragraph (5) (as redesignated by para-
12	graph (2))—
13	(A) by striking "(2)(A) Except as provided
14	in subparagraph (B)" and inserting the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(5) Chemical substance.—
17	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
18	subparagraphs (B) and (C)";
19	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "(B)
20	Such term" and inserting the following:
21	"(B) Exclusions.—The term 'chemical
22	substance'"; and
23	(C) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(C) Inclusions.—Notwithstanding mo-
25	lecular identity, the Administrator may deter-

1	mine that a variant of a chemical substance is
2	a new chemical substance under section
3	5(a)(6).";
4	(5) by inserting after paragraph (6) (as redesig-
5	nated by paragraph (2)) the following:
6	"(7) Cumulative exposure.—The term 'cu-
7	mulative exposure' means the sum of aggregate ex-
8	posure to each of the chemical substances that are
9	known or suspected to contribute appreciably to the
10	risk of the same or a similar adverse effect.";
11	(6) by striking paragraph (8) (as redesignated
12	by paragraph (2)) and inserting the following:
13	"(8) DISTRIBUTE IN COMMERCE.—The terms
14	'distribute in commerce' and 'distribution in com-
15	merce', when used to describe an action taken with
16	respect to a chemical substance (or mixture or arti-
17	cle containing that chemical substance), mean—
18	"(A) to sell, or the sale of, the substance,
19	mixture, or article in commerce;
20	"(B) to introduce or deliver for introduc-
21	tion into commerce, or the introduction or deliv-
22	ery for introduction into commerce of, the sub-
23	stance mixture or article

1	"(C) to hold, or the holding of, the sub-
2	stance, mixture, or article after its introduction
3	into commerce; or
4	"(D) to export or offer for export the sub-
5	stance, mixture, or article.";
6	(7) by inserting after paragraph (8) (as redesig-
7	nated by paragraph (2)) the following:
8	"(9) End consumer.—The term 'end con-
9	sumer' means an individual or other entity that pur-
10	chases and uses or consumes a chemical substance
11	(or mixture or article containing that chemical sub-
12	stance).";
13	(8) in paragraph (10) (as redesignated by para-
14	graph (2)), by inserting "ambient and indoor" after
15	"includes water,";
16	(9) by inserting after paragraph (10) (as redes-
17	ignated by paragraph (2)) the following:
18	"(11) Federal agency.—The term 'Federal
19	agency' means any department, agency, or other in-
20	strumentality of the Federal Government, any inde-
21	pendent agency or establishment of the Federal Gov-
22	ernment including any Government corporation, and
23	the Government Printing Office.";
24	(10) in paragraph (15) (as redesignated by
25	paragraph (2)), by striking "which is not included in

1 the chemical substance list compiled and published 2 under section 8(b)" and inserting "for which the manufacturer or processor of the chemical substance 3 4 has not submitted a declaration under section 8(a)"; (11) by inserting after paragraph (15) (as re-5 6 designated by paragraph (2)) the following: "(16) Persistent.— 7 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'persistent' 8 9 means, with respect to a chemical substance or 10 mixture, that the chemical substance or mix-11 ture, as determined by the Administrator, sig-12 nificantly persists in 1 or more environmental 13 media, as indicated by monitoring data or other 14 evidence. "(B) UPDATE.—To reflect the best avail-15 16 able science, the Administrator may, by rule, 17 revise the definition of the term 'persistent' in 18 such a way that reflects the state of the science 19 and provides for equal or greater protection of 20 human health and the environment. "(17) Person.— 21 22 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'person'

means an individual, trust, firm, joint stock

company, corporation (including a Government

corporation), partnership, association, State,

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1	municipality, commission, political subdivision
2	of a State, or any interstate body.
3	"(B) Inclusions.—The term 'person' in-
4	cludes each Federal agency and any officer,
5	agent, or employee of a Federal agency.";
6	(12) by inserting after paragraph (19) (as re-
7	designated by paragraph (2)) the following:
8	"(20) Special substance characteristic.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'special sub-
10	stance characteristic' means a physical, chem-
11	ical, or biological characteristic, other than mo-
12	lecular identity, that the Administrator deter-
13	mines, by order or rule, may significantly affect
14	the risks posed by substances exhibiting that
15	characteristic.
16	"(B) Considerations.—In determining
17	the existence of special substance characteris-
18	tics, the Administrator may consider—
19	"(i) size or size distribution;
20	"(ii) shape and surface structure;
21	"(iii) reactivity; and
22	"(iv) any other properties that may
23	significantly affect the risks posed.";
24	(13) by inserting after paragraph (21) (as re-
25	designated by paragraph (2)) the following:

1	"(22) Toxic.—The term 'toxic', with respect to
2	a chemical substance or mixture, means that the
3	chemical substance or mixture has a toxicological
4	property—
5	"(A) meeting the criteria for Category 1 or
6	Category 2 for any of the toxicity endpoints es-
7	tablished by the Globally Harmonized System
8	for the Classification and Labeling of Haz-
9	ardous Substances;
10	"(B) that causes an adverse effect that has
11	been demonstrated in humans or other exposed
12	organisms; or
13	"(C) for which the weight of evidence
14	(such as demonstration of an adverse effect de-
15	scribed in subparagraph (B), laboratory studies,
16	or data for a chemical from the same chemical
17	class that exhibits that adverse effect) dem-
18	onstrates the potential for an adverse effect in
19	humans or other exposed organisms.
20	"(23) TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTY.—The term
21	'toxicological property' means actual or potential
22	toxicity or other adverse effects of a chemical sub-
23	stance or mixture, including actual or potential ef-
24	fects of exposure to a chemical substance or mixture

on—

1	"(A) mortality;
2	"(B) morbidity, including carcinogenesis;
3	"(C) reproduction;
4	"(D) growth and development;
5	"(E) the immune system;
6	"(F) the endocrine system;
7	"(G) the brain or nervous system;
8	"(H) other organ systems; or
9	"(I) any other biological functions in hu-
10	mans or nonhuman organisms."; and
11	(14) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(25) Vulnerable Human population.—
13	The term 'vulnerable human population' means a
14	human population that is subject to disproportionate
15	exposure to, or the potential for disproportionate ad-
16	verse effect from exposure to, a chemical substance
17	or mixture, including—
18	"(A) infants, children, and adolescents;
19	"(B) pregnant women;
20	"(C) elderly;
21	"(D) individuals with preexisting medical
22	conditions;
23	"(E) workers that work with chemical sub-
24	stances and mixtures: and

1	"(F) members of any other appropriate
2	population identified by the Administrator.".
3	SEC. 5. MINIMUM DATA SETS AND TESTING OF CHEMICAL
4	SUBSTANCES.
5	Section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
6	U.S.C. 2603) is amended to read as follows:
7	"SEC. 4. MINIMUM DATA SETS AND TESTING OF CHEMICAL
8	SUBSTANCES.
9	"(a) Minimum Data Sets.—
10	"(1) MINIMUM DATA SETS RULES.—
11	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
12	graph (B), and not later than 1 year after the
13	date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
14	2011, the Administrator shall establish, by rule,
15	the data that constitute the minimum data sets
16	for chemical substances.
17	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Any rule promul-
18	gated under subparagraph (A) shall—
19	"(i) provide for varied or tiered data
20	to be provided for different chemical sub-
21	stances or categories of chemical sub-
22	stances;
23	"(ii) identify the particular minimum
24	data set that applies to a chemical sub-
25	stance or category of chemical substances

1	"(iii) require each minimum data set
2	to include the minimum amount of infor-
3	mation necessary for the Administrator to
4	conduct a screening-level risk assessment
5	of the chemical substance or category of
6	chemical substances, including information
7	on the characteristics, toxicological prop-
8	erties, exposure, and use of a chemical sub-
9	stance; and
10	"(iv) in accordance with section 30,
11	encourage and facilitate the use of alter-
12	native testing methods and testing strate-
13	gies to generate information quickly, at low
14	cost, and without the use of animal-based
15	testing, including toxicity pathway-based
16	risk assessment, in vitro studies, systems
17	biology, computational toxicology,
18	bioinformatics, and high-throughput
19	screening.
20	"(2) Submission of minimum data set.
21	Each manufacturer and processor of a chemical sub-
22	stance shall submit the minimum data set for the

ehemical substance to the Administrator—

1	"(A) for new chemical substances, concur-
2	rent with the notice required under section
3	(5)(a)(1)(A); and
4	"(B) for existing chemical substances, on
5	the earlier of—
6	"(i) 18 months after the date on
7	which the chemical substance is assigned
8	to a priority class under section 6(a); and
9	"(ii) 5 years after the date of enact-
10	ment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011.
11	"(3) Prohibition.—The Administrator may,
12	by order, take any action authorized under section
13	6(e) if a manufacturer or processor is in violation of
14	paragraph (2), except as authorized under section
15	<del>6(e).</del>
16	"(b) Testing.—
17	"(1) General submissions.—
18	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
19	may, by rule or order, require testing with re-
20	spect to any chemical substance, and the sub-
21	mission of test results by a specified date, as
22	necessary for making any determination or ear-
23	rying out any provision of this Act.

1	"(B) EFFECT ON OTHER AUTHORITY.—
2	Nothing in this paragraph limits the authority
3	of the Administrator under paragraph (2).
4	"(2) Sample submissions.—
5	"(A) In GENERAL.—The Administrator
6	may, by rule or order, require the submission of
7	a sample of any chemical substance in such
8	manner as the Administrator determines en-
9	ables the Administrator to conduct any tests
10	necessary for making any determination or car-
11	rying out any provision of this Act.
12	"(B) EFFECT ON OTHER AUTHORITY.—
13	Nothing in this paragraph limits the authority
14	of the Administrator under paragraph (1).
15	"(3) Prohibition.—The Administrator may,
16	by order, take any action authorized under section
17	6(e) if a manufacturer or processor is in violation of
18	a rule or order under paragraph (1), except as au-
19	thorized under section $6(e)$ .
20	"(4) Exemption.—If a manufacturer or proc-
21	essor has submitted a declaration of cessation of
22	manufacture or processing under section 8(a)(3) for
23	a chemical substance, the manufacturer or processor
24	shall be exempted from the requirements of this sub-
25	section.

1	"(c) Test Rules or Orders.—
2	"(1) In General.—A rule or order issued
3	under subsection (b) shall include—
4	"(A) identification of the chemical sub-
5	stance for which testing is required under the
6	rule or order;
7	"(B) standards for the development of test
8	data for that substance; and
9	"(C) a specification of the period (which
10	may not be of unreasonable duration) within
11	which the persons required to conduct the test-
12	ing shall submit to the Administrator data de-
13	veloped in accordance with the standards re-
14	ferred to in subparagraph (B).
15	"(2) Considerations.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In determining the
17	standards and period to be required under sub-
18	paragraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1), the
19	Administrator shall consider—
20	"(i) the relative costs of the various
21	test protocols and methodologies that may
22	be required under the rule or order; and
23	"(ii) the reasonably foreseeable avail-
24	ability of the facilities and personnel need

1	ed to perform the testing required under
2	the rule.
3	"(B) PRELIMINARY DATA.—Any rule or
4	order issued by the Administrator under this
5	subsection may require a manufacturer or proc-
6	essor to submit preliminary data during the pe-
7	riod described in paragraph (1)(C).
8	"(3) Types of health and environmental
9	INFORMATION.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
11	may prescribe standards for the development of
12	test data under this subsection for health and
13	environmental information, including—
14	"(i) information pertaining to carcino-
15	genesis, mutagenesis, teratogenesis, behav-
16	ioral disorders, cumulative, synergistic, or
17	any other effect that may be considered in
18	a safety standard determination;
19	"(ii) information pertaining to expo-
20	sure to the chemical substance, including
21	information regarding the presence of the
22	chemical substance in human blood, fluids,
23	or tissue; and
24	"(iii) information pertaining to—
25	"(I) bioaccumulation;

1	"(II) persistence;
2	"(III) acute toxicity;
3	"(IV) subacute toxicity;
4	"(V) chronic toxicity; and
5	"(VI) any other characteristic
6	that may present an adverse effect.
7	"(B) METHODOLOGIES.—
8	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
9	may prescribe methodologies in standards
10	for the development of test data, includ-
11	<del>ing-</del>
12	"(I) epidemiologie studies;
13	"(II) biomonitoring studies;
14	"(III) serial or hierarchical tests
15	"(IV) in vitro tests; and
16	"(V) whole animal tests, con-
17	sistent with section 30.
18	"(ii) Requirement.—Prior to pre-
19	scribing epidemiologic studies of employ-
20	ees, the Administrator shall consult with
21	the Director of the National Institute for
22	Occupational Safety and Health.
23	"(C) Review.—Periodically, but not less
24	frequently than once every 3 years, the Admin-
25	istrator shall—

1	"(i) review the adequacy of the stand-
2	ards for development of data prescribed
3	under subparagraph (A); and
4	"(ii) if necessary, institute pro-
5	ceedings to make appropriate revisions of
6	those standards.
7	"(4) Persons required to conduct tests
8	AND SUBMIT DATA.—
9	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
10	subparagraph (B), a rule or order under sub-
11	section (b) respecting a chemical substance
12	shall specify the persons required to conduct
13	tests and submit data to the Administrator on
14	the substance.
15	"(B) Exception.—The Administrator
16	may permit 2 or more of the persons described
17	in subparagraph (A) to designate 1 of the per-
18	sons or a qualified third party to conduct the
19	tests and submit the data on behalf of the per-
20	sons making the designation.
21	"(C) Liability.—All persons described in
22	subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall remain liable
23	for compliance with any requirements subject to
24	the designation.
25	"(5) Expiration of rules and orders.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any rule or order under subsection (b) that requires the testing and submission of data for a particular chemical substance shall expire at the end of the applicable reimbursement period (as defined in subsection (d)(3)) unless, prior to that date, the Administrator withdraws the rule or order.

"(B) CATEGORY OF CHEMICAL SUB-STANCES.—A rule or order under subsection (b) that requires the testing and submission of data for a category of chemical substances shall expire with respect to a chemical substance included in the category at the end of the applicable reimbursement period (as defined in subsection (d)(3)) unless, prior to that date, the Administrator withdraws the rule or order with respect to the substance entirely.

### "(d) Exemptions.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person required by a rule or order under subsections (a) or (b) to conduct tests and submit data for a chemical substance may apply to the Administrator (in such form and manner as the Administrator determines necessary) for an exemption from the requirement.

1	"(2) ACTION BY ADMINISTRATOR.—In accord-
2	ance with paragraph (3) or (4), the Administrator
3	shall exempt an applicant under paragraph (1), if,
4	on receipt of the application, the Administrator de-
5	termines that—
6	"(A) the chemical substance for which the
7	application was submitted is equivalent to a
8	ehemical substance for which—
9	"(i) data has been submitted to the
10	Administrator in accordance with a rule or
11	order under subsection (a) or (b); or
12	"(ii) data is being developed in ac-
13	cordance with the rule or order; and
14	"(B) submission of data by the applicant
15	for the substance would be duplicative of data
16	<del>that—</del>
17	"(i) has been submitted to the Admin-
18	istrator in accordance with the rule or
19	order under subsection (a) or (b); or
20	"(ii) is being developed in accordance
21	with the rule or order.
22	"(3) Reimbursement due to exemption.—
23	"(A) DEFINITION OF REIMBURSEMENT PE-
24	RIOD.—In this paragraph, the term 'reimburse-

1	ment period', with respect to any test data for
2	a chemical substance, means a period that—
3	"(i) begins on the date on which the
4	test data is submitted in accordance with
5	a rule or order issued under subsection (a)
6	or (b); and
7	"(ii) ends on the later of—
8	"(I) 5 years after the date re-
9	ferred to in clause (i); or
10	"(II) the date which, as deter-
11	mined by the Administrator, provides
12	the applicant with a time period which
13	is sufficient to develop the test data.
14	"(B) REIMBURSEMENT FOR PREVIOUSLY
15	SUBMITTED TEST DATA.
16	"(i) In General.—Except as pro-
17	vided in clause (ii), for an exemption under
18	paragraph (2)(B)(i), if the exemption is
19	granted during the reimbursement period
20	for the test data, the Administrator shall
21	order the person granted the exemption to
22	provide fair and equitable reimbursement
23	(in an amount determined by the Adminis-
24	<del>trator)</del> to—

1	"(I) the person who previously
2	submitted the test data, for a portion
3	of the costs incurred by the person in
4	complying with the data submission
5	requirement; and
6	"(II) any other person who has
7	been required under this subsection to
8	contribute with respect to the costs,
9	for a portion of the amount the per-
10	son was required to contribute.
11	"(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall
12	not apply if there is agreement on the
13	amount and method of reimbursement be-
14	tween an exempted person described in
15	clause (i) and the persons described in sub-
16	elauses (I) and (II) of that elause.
17	"(iii) Considerations.—In promul-
18	gating rules for the determination of fair
19	and equitable reimbursement to the per-
20	sons described in subclauses (I) and (II) of
21	clause (i) for costs incurred with respect to
22	a chemical substance, the Administrator
23	shall, after consultation with the Attorney
24	General and the Federal Trade Commis-

1	sion, consider all relevant factors, includ-
2	<del>ing-</del>
3	"(I) the effect on the competitive
4	position of the person required to pro-
5	vide reimbursement in relation to the
6	person to be reimbursed; and
7	"(H) the share of the market for
8	the substance of the person required
9	to provide reimbursement in relation
10	to the share of the market of the per-
11	sons to be reimbursed.
12	"(C) REIMBURSEMENT DUE TO EXEMP-
13	TION FOR TEST DATA BEING DEVELOPED IN
14	ACCORDANCE WITH A RULE OR ORDER.—
15	"(i) In General.—Except as pro-
16	vided in clause (ii), for an exemption under
17	paragraph (2)(B)(ii), the Administrator
18	shall order the person granted the exemp-
19	tion to provide fair and equitable reim-
20	bursement (in an amount determined by
21	the Administrator) to—
22	"(I) each person who is devel-
23	oping the test data, for the portion of
24	the costs incurred by each person in
25	complying with the rule or order; and

1	"(II) any other person who has
2	been required under this subsection to
3	contribute with respect to the costs of
4	complying with the rule or order, for
5	a portion of the amount the person
6	was required to contribute.
7	"(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall
8	not apply if there is agreement on the
9	amount and method of reimbursement be-
10	tween an exempted person described in
11	elause (i) and the persons described in sub-
12	elauses (I) and (II) of that elause.
13	"(iii) Considerations.—In promul-
14	gating rules for the determination of fair
15	and equitable reimbursement to the per-
16	sons described in subclauses (I) and (II) of
17	elause (i) for costs incurred with respect to
18	a chemical substance, the Administrator
19	shall, after consultation with the Attorney
20	General and the Federal Trade Commis-
21	sion, consider the factors described in sub-
22	<del>paragraph</del> (B)(iii).
23	"(iv) Lack of compliance.—If any
24	exemption is granted under paragraph (2)
25	on the basis that 1 or more persons are de-

1	veloping test data pursuant to a rule or
2	order promulgated or issued under sub-
3	section (a) or (b), and after the exemption
4	is granted, the Administrator determines
5	that no person has complied with the rule
6	or order, the Administrator shall—
7	"(I) after providing written no-
8	tice and an opportunity for a hearing
9	to the person who holds the exemp-
10	tion, by order, terminate the exemp-
11	tion; and
12	"(II) notify in writing the person
13	of the requirements of the rule or
14	order with respect to which the ex-
15	emption was granted.
16	"(e) Notice.—
17	"(1) In General.—Not later than 15 days
18	after the date of receipt of any test data pursuant
19	to a rule or order under subsection (a) or (b), the
20	Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register
21	a notice of the receipt of the test data.
22	"(2) Requirements.—Subject to section 14,
23	each notice shall—
24	"(A) identify the chemical substance for
25	which data have been received:

1	"(B) list—
2	"(i) the commercial and consumer
3	uses or intended commercial and consumer
4	uses of the substance known to the Admin-
5	istrator; and
6	"(ii) the information required by the
7	applicable standards for the development
8	of test data; and
9	"(C) describe the nature of the test data
10	developed.
11	"(3) AVAILABILITY.—Subject to section 14, the
12	Administrator shall make the test data described in
13	this subsection available on a publicly accessible
14	Internet site.
15	"(f) Requests From Other Agencies for Addi-
16	TIONAL INFORMATION OR TESTING.—
17	"(1) In GENERAL.—The head of a Federal
18	agency may request the Administrator to seek the
19	information on behalf of that agency if the head of
20	that Federal agency determines that—
21	"(A) information relating to a chemical
22	substance, including data derived from new
23	testing or monitoring, would assist that Federal
24	agency in carrying out the duties or exercising
25	the authority of that agency: but

1	"(B) the requested information is not
2	available to that agency.
3	"(2) Duty of administrator.—Not later
4	than 60 days after the date of receipt of a request
5	under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall—
6	"(A) subject to section 14, make the data
7	available to the requesting agency;
8	"(B) issue a request under section 8(f) to
9	<del>require</del>
10	"(i) the submission of existing perti-
11	nent data to the Administrator; and
12	"(ii) a copy of any such submission to
13	be furnished to the requesting agency;
14	"(C) issue a rule or order under subsection
15	<del>(b)—</del>
16	"(i) to develop the data; and
17	"(ii) to require the developed data to
18	be furnished to the requesting agency; or
19	"(D) publish in the Federal Register the
20	reason for which none of the actions described
21	in this paragraph were taken.
22	"(g) Certification.—Each submission required
23	under this section or under a rule or an order promulgated
24	or issued by the Administrator under this section shall be
25	accompanied by a certification signed by a responsible offi-

1	cial of the manufacturer or processor that each statement
2	contained in the submission—
3	"(1) is accurate and reliable; and
4	"(2) includes all material facts known to, in the
5	possession or control of, or reasonably ascertainable
6	by, the manufacturer or processor.".
7	SEC. 6. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING NOTICES.
8	Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
9	U.S.C. 2604) is amended to read as follows:
10	"SEC. 5. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING NOTICES.
11	"(a) New Chemical Substances and New Uses
12	of Chemical Substances.—
13	"(1) New Chemical Substances.—Except as
14	provided in subsection (d), no person may manufac-
15	ture or process a new chemical substance unless
16	"(A) the person submits to the Adminis-
17	trator a notice, in accordance with subsection
18	(c), of the intention of the person to manufac-
19	ture or process the substance;
20	"(B) the person complies with subsection
21	(b); and
22	"(C) the Administrator finds that—
23	"(i) the manufacturers and processors
24	have established that the chemical sub-

1	stance meets the safety standard under
2	section 6(b); or
3	"(ii) the new chemical substance, or a
4	metabolite or degradation product of the
5	chemical substance, as applicable, is not,
6	and is not expected to be—
7	"(I)(aa) manufactured in a vol-
8	ume of more than 1,000,000 pounds
9	annually; or
10	"(bb) released into the environ-
11	ment in a volume of more than
12	100,000 pounds annually;
13	"(H) a known, probable, or sus-
14	pected reproductive, developmental,
15	neurological, or immunological toxi-
16	eant, earcinogen, mutagen, or endo-
17	erine disruptor;
18	"(III) persistent and bioaccumu-
19	<del>lative;</del>
20	"(IV) found in human cord
21	blood, or otherwise found in human
22	blood, fluids, or tissue, unless the
23	chemical substance, metabolite, or
24	degradation product is naturally

1	present at the level commonly found
2	in that medium; or
3	"(V) found in food, drinking
4	water, ambient or indoor air, residen-
5	tial soil, or house dust, unless the
6	chemical substance, metabolite, or
7	degradation product is naturally
8	present at the level commonly found
9	in that medium.
10	"(2) New uses of existing chemical sub-
11	STANCES PRIOR TO SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINA-
12	TION.—
13	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
14	subparagraph (B), with respect to an existing
15	ehemical substance for which the Administrator
16	has not made a safety standard determination
17	under section 6, no person may manufacture or
18	process the chemical substance—
19	"(i) for a use that was not ongoing on
20	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemi-
21	cals Act of 2011; or
22	"(ii) at a volume that is significantly
23	increased from the volume as of the date
24	of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
25	<del>2011.</del>

1	"(B) Exception.—A person may manu-
2	facture or process a chemical substance in a
3	manner prohibited by subparagraph (A), if the
4	<del>person—</del>
5	"(i) submits to the Administrator a
6	new or updated declaration under section
7	<del>8(a);</del> and
8	"(ii) complies with subsection (b).
9	"(3) New uses of existing chemical sub-
10	STANCES THAT MEET THE SAFETY STANDARD.—
11	"(A) In General.—For an existing chem-
12	ical substance for which the Administrator has
13	determined under section 6(b) that the manu-
14	facturers and processors of the chemical sub-
15	stance have established that the substance
16	meets the applicable safety standard, no person
17	may manufacture or process the chemical sub-
18	stance for uses, at production volumes, or in
19	manners other than those the Administrator
20	specified in the safety standard determination,
21	<del>unless</del>
22	"(i) the manufacturer or processor
23	submits to the Administrator—
24	"(I) a notice of the intention of
25	the manufacturer or processor to

1	manufacture or process the substance
2	for a new use, at a new production
3	volume, or in such other manner as is
4	inconsistent with a specified condition
5	or term for that substance; and
6	"(II) all updates to the minimum
7	data set relevant to the new use, new
8	production volume, or other new man-
9	ner of manufacturing or processing;
10	"(ii) the notice under clause (i)(I) in-
11	dicates that the chemical substance will
12	continue to meet the safety standard if the
13	allowed uses, production volumes, or other
14	specified conditions or terms for that
15	ehemical substance are revised to encom-
16	pass the new use, production volume, or
17	other manner of manufacturing or proc-
18	essing; and
19	"(iii) the Administrator determines
20	that the manufacturer or processor submit-
21	ting the notice has established that the
22	chemical substance will continue to meet
23	the safety standard if the allowed uses,
24	production volumes, or other specified con-
25	ditions or terms for that substance, are re-

1	vised to encompass the new use, produc-
2	tion volume, or other manner of manufac-
3	turing or processing.
4	"(B) Amendment to safety standard
5	DETERMINATION.—If the conditions described
6	in clauses (i) through (iii) of subparagraph (A)
7	are satisfied, the Administrator shall, by order,
8	amend the safety standard determination for
9	the chemical substance to include the new use,
10	production volume, or other manner of manu-
11	facturing or processing among the allowed uses,
12	production volumes, or manners of manufac-
13	turing or processing of the chemical substance.
14	"(4) Safety standard determination.—
15	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
16	subparagraphs (B) and (C), not later than 180
17	days after the date of receipt of a notice and
18	supporting data that satisfies paragraph $(1)(\Lambda)$
19	or paragraph (3)(A), the Administrator shall
20	determine whether the person submitting the
21	notice has established that the chemical sub-
22	stance will meet, or will continue to meet, the
23	safety standard under section 6(b).
24	"(B) Exception.—In the case of a notice
25	under paragraph (1)(A), the Administrator

1	shall not be subject to the deadline described in
2	subparagraph (A) if the Administrator first
3	makes the finding specified under paragraph
4	(1)(C)(ii).
5	"(C) Extension.—The Administrator
6	may extend the determination deadline under
7	subparagraph (A) by 1 or more additional peri-
8	ods not to exceed 1 year in the aggregate, in
9	such manner as the Administrator determines
10	necessary.
11	"(D) FAILURE TO MAKE A TIMELY DETER-
12	MINATION.—The failure of the Administrator to
13	make a timely determination in accordance with
14	this paragraph shall not be sufficient to satisfy
15	the conditions described in paragraph $(1)(C)(i)$
16	or paragraph (3)(A)(iii).
17	"(5) NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT.—Not later
18	than 30 days after the date on which a manufac-
19	turer or processor commences the manufacturing or
20	processing of a new chemical substance, the manu-
21	facturer or processor shall submit to the Adminis-
22	trator a notice of commencement of manufacture or
23	processing.
24	"(6) Chemical substances exhibiting spe-
25	CIAL SUBSTANCE CHARACTERISTICS.—

1	"(A) DETERMINATION.—The Adminis
2	trator shall determine by order or rule that $\epsilon$
3	variant of a chemical substance exhibiting 1 or
4	more special substance characteristics—
5	"(i) is a use that is separate from any
6	use of the chemical substance that does
7	not exhibit the special substance character-
8	istics; or
9	"(ii) is a new chemical substance.
10	"(B) Requirements for variants that
11	ARE SEPARATE USES.—In the case of a chem-
12	ical substance that the Administrator deter-
13	mines to be a separate use based on the special
14	substance characteristics of the chemical sub-
15	stance, the manufacturer or processor shall sat-
16	isfy such further conditions as the Adminis-
17	trator establishes, by order or rule.
18	"(b) Submission of Data.—
19	"(1) In GENERAL.—A person shall submit to
20	the Administrator data in accordance with the rule
21	or order at the time that notice is submitted under
22	subsection (a) if the person is required to submit to
23	the Administrator

1	"(A) under subsection (a), a notice prior to
2	beginning the manufacture or processing of a
3	ehemical substance; and
4	"(B) under section 4(b), test data for the
5	chemical substance prior to the submission of
6	the notice.
7	"(2) AVAILABILITY.—Subject to section 14, the
8	Administrator shall make any test data submitted
9	under paragraph (1) available on a publicly acces-
10	sible Internet site.
11	"(c) Content and Availability of Notice.—
12	"(1) Content.—Notice under subsection
13	(a)(1) shall include—
14	"(A) the declaration described in section
15	8(a)(2);
16	"(B) the minimum data set described in
17	section 4(a); and
18	"(C) a statement that the chemical sub-
19	stance will meet the applicable safety standard.
20	"(2) AVAILABILITY.—Subject to section 14, the
21	Administrator shall make the notice under para-
22	graph (1) available on a publicly accessible Internet
23	site.
24	"(3) Public information.—Subject to section
25	14, not later than 5 days (excluding Saturdays, Sun-

1	days, and legal holidays) after the date of the receipt
2	of a notice under subsection (a) or of data under
3	subsection (b), the Administrator shall make avail-
4	able on a publicly accessible Internet site informa-
5	tion that—
6	"(A) identifies the chemical substance for
7	which notice or data has been received;
8	"(B) lists the uses or intended uses of the
9	chemical substance;
10	"(C) in the case of the receipt of data
11	under subsection (b), describes—
12	"(i) the nature of the tests performed
13	with respect to the chemical substance; and
14	"(ii) any data that were received
15	under subsection (b) or a rule or order
16	under section 4; and
17	"(D) references the availability of the min-
18	imum data set.
19	"(4) List of notices.—At the beginning of
20	each month, the Administrator shall make available
21	on a publicly accessible Internet site a list of each
22	chemical substance for which notice has been re-
23	ceived under subsection (a).
24	"(d) Exemptions.—

1	"(1) Test Marketing Purposes.—The Ad-
2	ministrator may, upon application, exempt any per-
3	son from any requirement of subsection (a) or (b) to
4	permit the person to manufacture or process a
5	chemical substance for test marketing purposes—
6	"(A) upon a showing by the person, in a
7	manner that the Administrator determines, that
8	the manufacture, processing, distribution in
9	commerce, use, and disposal of the chemical
10	substance (including any combination of those
11	activities) will not endanger human health or
12	the environment; and
13	"(B) under such restrictions as the Admin-
14	istrator considers appropriate.
15	"(2) Equivalent chemical substances.—
16	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
17	shall, upon application, fully or partially exempt
18	any person from the requirement to submit
19	data under subsection (a) if, on receipt of an
20	application, the Administrator determines
21	<del>that</del>
22	"(i) the chemical substance for which
23	the application was submitted is equivalent
24	to a chemical substance for which data has

1	been submitted to the Administrator as re-
2	quired by this Act; and
3	"(ii) submission of data by the appli-
4	eant on the chemical substance would be
5	duplicative of data which has been sub-
6	mitted to the Administrator in accordance
7	with this Act.
8	"(B) Effective date.—No exemption
9	under this paragraph may take effect before the
10	beginning of the reimbursement period applica-
11	ble to the data.
12	"(C) FAIR AND EQUITABLE REIMBURSE
13	MENT.
14	"(i) Definition of Reimbursement
15	PERIOD.—In this subparagraph, the term
16	'reimbursement period', with respect to
17	any previously submitted data for a chem-
18	ical substance, means the period that—
19	"(I) begins on the date of the
20	termination of the prohibition, im-
21	posed under this section, on the man-
22	ufacture or processing of the chemical
23	substance by the person who sub-
24	mitted the data to the Administrator;
25	<del>and</del>

1	"(H) ends on the later of—
2	"(aa) the date that is 5
3	years after the date referred to in
4	subclause (I); or
5	"(bb) at the expiration of a
6	period that begins on the date re-
7	ferred to in subclause (I) and
8	ends on the date that the Admin-
9	istrator determines to be nec-
10	essary to develop the data.
11	"(ii) Reimbursement.—Except as
12	provided in clause (iii), if the Adminis-
13	trator exempts any person under subpara-
14	graph (A)(i) and the exemption is granted
15	during the reimbursement period for that
16	data, the Administrator shall order the
17	person granted the exemption to provide
18	fair and equitable reimbursement (in an
19	amount determined by the Adminis-
20	<del>trator)—</del>
21	"(I) to the person who previously
22	submitted the data on which the ex-
23	emption was based, for a portion of
24	the costs incurred by the person in

1	complying with the requirement under
2	this title to submit the data; and
3	"(II) to any other person who
4	has been required under this subpara-
5	graph to contribute with respect to
6	the costs, for a portion of the amount
7	the person was required to contribute.
8	"(iii) Exception.—Clause (ii) shall
9	not apply if the person exempted under
10	that clause and the persons described in
11	subclauses (I) and (II) of that clause agree
12	on the amount and method of reimburse-
13	ment.
14	"(iv) Considerations.—In promul-
15	gating rules for the determination of fair
16	and equitable reimbursement to the per-
17	sons described in subclauses (I) and (II) of
18	elause (ii) for costs incurred with respect
19	to a chemical substance, the Administrator
20	shall, after consultation with the Attorney
21	General and the Federal Trade Commis-
22	sion, consider all relevant factors, includ-
23	<del>ing</del>
24	"(I) the effect on the competitive
25	position of the person required to pro-

1	vide reimbursement in relation to the
2	persons to be reimbursed; and
3	"(II) the share of the market for
4	the chemical substance of the person
5	required to provide reimbursement in
6	relation to the share of the market of
7	the persons to be reimbursed.
8	"(3) Small quantities.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the conditions de-
10	scribed in subparagraph (B) are met, sub-
11	sections (a) and (b) shall not apply with respect
12	to the manufacturing or processing of any
13	chemical substance that is manufactured or
14	processed, or proposed to be manufactured or
15	processed, only in small quantities (as defined
16	by the Administrator by rule) solely for pur-
17	<del>poses of—</del>
18	"(i) scientific experimentation or anal-
19	<del>ysis; or</del>
20	"(ii) chemical research on, or analysis
21	of, the substance or another substance, in-
22	eluding research or analysis for the devel-
23	opment of a product.
24	"(B) Conditions.—All persons engaged
25	in the experimentation, research, or analysis

1	carried out in accordance with subparagraph
2	(A) for a manufacturer or processor shall be
3	notified (in such form and manner as the Ad-
4	ministrator may prescribe) of any risk to
5	human health that the manufacturer, processor,
6	or the Administrator has reason to believe may
7	be associated with that chemical substance.
8	"(4) Temporary existence.—The Adminis-
9	trator may, upon application, exempt from sub-
10	sections (a) and (b) the manufacturing or processing
11	of any chemical substance—
12	"(A) that exists temporarily as a result of
13	a chemical reaction in the manufacturing or
14	processing of a mixture or another chemical
15	substance; and
16	"(B) to which there is no, and will not be,
17	any human or environmental exposure.
18	"(5) Publication.—
19	"(A) In General.—As soon as practicable
20	after the date of receipt of an application under
21	paragraph (1) or (4), the Administrator shall
22	publish in the Federal Register notice of the re-
23	ceipt of the application.
24	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator
25	shall—

1	"(i) give interested persons an oppor-
2	tunity to comment upon any application
3	described in subparagraph $(A)$ ;
4	"(ii) not later than 45 days after the
5	date of receipt of an application, approve
6	or deny the application; and
7	"(iii) publish in the Federal Register
8	notice of the approval or denial of the ap-
9	plication.
10	"(e) Certification.—Each submission required
11	under this section or under a rule or an order promulgated
12	or issued by the Administrator under this section shall be
13	accompanied by a certification signed by a responsible offi-
14	cial of the manufacturer or processor that each statement
15	contained in the submission—
16	"(1) is accurate and reliable; and
17	"(2) includes all material facts known to, in the
18	possession or control of, or reasonably ascertainable
19	by, the manufacturer or processor.
20	"(f) Definitions.—In this section:
21	"(1) Manufacture and process.—The terms
22	'manufacture' and 'process' mean to manufacture or
23	process, respectively, for commercial purposes.
24	"(2) Test Marketing. The term 'test mar-
25	keting does not include any provision of a chemical

1	substance, or a mixture or article containing that
2	ehemical substance, to an end consumer of the
3	chemical substance, mixture, or article.".
4	SEC. 7. PRIORITIZATION, SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINA-
5	TION, AND RISK MANAGEMENT.
6	Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
7	U.S.C. 2605) is amended to read as follows:
8	"SEC. 6. PRIORITIZATION, SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINA-
9	TION, AND RISK MANAGEMENT.
10	"(a) Prioritization of Chemical Substances.—
11	"(1) Prioritization list.—
12	"(A) In General. Subject to subpara-
13	graph (B), the Administrator shall, by order,
14	develop and publish a list that—
15	"(i) contains the names of the chem-
16	ical substances or categories of chemical
17	substances that the Administrator deter-
18	mines warrant placement within 1 of the 3
19	priority classes described in paragraphs (2)
20	through (4); and
21	"(ii) identifies the priority class to
22	which each listed chemical substance or
23	eategory of chemical substance has been
24	assigned by the Administrator.

1	"(B) Considerations.—In determining
2	which chemical substances to include in each
3	priority class, the Administrator shall give due
4	consideration to any prioritization recommenda-
5	tion that is provided by the committee estab-
6	lished under paragraph (5).
7	"(2) Chemical substances requiring imme-
8	DIATE RISK MANAGEMENT (PRIORITY CLASS 1).—
9	"(A) DEFINITION OF PRIORITY CLASS 1.—
10	In this section, the term 'priority class 1' means
11	a priority class that contains chemical sub-
12	stances that the Administrator determines re-
13	quire immediate risk management.
14	"(B) Assignment to priority class
15	1.—The Administrator shall assign a chemical
16	substance to priority class 1 if the Adminis-
17	trator determines that the chemical substance
18	is, or is degraded and metabolized into, a per-
19	sistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic substance
20	with the potential for widespread exposure to
21	humans or other organisms.
22	"(C) Initial assignment.—Not later
23	than 1 year after the date of enactment of the
24	Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator
25	shall assign not less than 20, but not more than

1	30, chemical substances to the initial priority
2	<del>class</del> 1.
3	"(D) Risk management.—
4	"(i) Expedited exposure reduc-
5	TION.—As soon as practicable, but not
6	later than 18 months after the date or
7	which a chemical substance is assigned to
8	priority class 1 under this paragraph, the
9	Administrator shall impose conditions in
10	accordance with subsection (e) on the man-
11	ufacturing, processing, use, distribution in
12	commerce, and disposal of a chemical sub-
13	stance assigned to priority class 1 that the
14	Administrator determines necessary to
15	achieve the greatest practicable reductions
16	in human or environmental exposure to the
17	chemical substance.
18	"(ii) Residual risk assessment.
19	Not later than 1 year after the effective
20	date of any conditions established under
21	elause (i), the Administrator shall—
22	"(I) determine whether the chem-
23	ical substance meets the applicable
24	safety standard for the chemical sub-
25	stance, taking into account the resid-

1	ual risk posed by continued exposure
2	to the chemical substance; and
3	"(II) impose any further condi-
4	tions under subsection (e) that the
5	Administrator determines necessary to
6	ensure that the chemical substance
7	meets the applicable safety standard.
8	"(E) UPDATES.—
9	"(i) REVISIONS.—The Administrator
10	shall promptly revise the list under para-
11	graph (1) whenever the Administrator de-
12	termines that the addition or removal of a
13	chemical substance from priority class 1 is
14	warranted.
15	"(ii) Removal procedure.—A
16	chemical substance may be removed from
17	the list under paragraph (1) only if the
18	Administrator finds that such substance
19	meets the safety standard under subsection
20	<del>(b).</del>
21	"(3) Chemical substances requiring safe-
22	TY STANDARD DETERMINATIONS (PRIORITY CLASS
23	<del>2)</del>
24	"(A) DEFINITION OF PRIORITY CLASS 2.—
25	In this section, the term 'priority class 2' means

1	a priority class that contains chemical sub-
2	stances that Administrator determines require
3	safety standard determinations.
4	"(B) Assignment to priority class
5	<del>2</del>
6	"(i) In General.—Subject to clause
7	(ii), if the Administrator determines, based
8	on any more-than-theoretical concern, that
9	there is uncertainty as to whether a chem-
10	ical substance would satisfy the safety
11	standard in a determination made under
12	subsection (b), the Administrator shall as-
13	sign that chemical substance priority class
14	$\frac{2}{2}$ .
15	"(ii) Conditions.—The Adminis-
16	trator shall assign chemical substances to
17	priority class 2 subject to the conditions
18	<del>that</del> —
19	"(I) the rate at which chemical
20	substances are added to priority class
21	2 shall be expeditious, but shall not
22	exceed the rate at which the Adminis-
23	trator reasonably anticipates com-
24	pleting safety standard determinations
25	under subsection (b); and

1	"(H) the Administrator shall
2	first assign to priority class 2 those
3	ehemical substances that present the
4	greater risks to human health or the
5	environment, as determined by the
6	Administrator.
7	"(C) REMOVAL PROCEDURE.—The Admin-
8	istrator shall not remove a chemical substance
9	from priority class 2 until the Administrator
10	has made a safety standard determination for
11	that chemical substance under subsection (b).
12	"(4) Chemical substances requiring no
13	IMMEDIATE ACTION (PRIORITY CLASS 3).
14	"(A) DEFINITION OF PRIORITY CLASS 3.—
15	In this section, the term 'priority class 3' means
16	a priority class that contains chemical sub-
17	stances that the Administrator determines re-
18	quire no immediate action.
19	"(B) Assignment to priority class
20	3.—The Administrator shall assign a chemical
21	substance to priority class 3 if the chemical
22	substance has intrinsic properties such that the
23	ehemical substance, as determined by the Ad-
24	ministrator, does not and would not, at any
25	stage of the lifecycle of the chemical substance,

1	pose any risk of adverse effects to human
2	health or the environment under existing, pro-
3	posed, or anticipated levels of exposure to, or
4	production or patterns of use of, that chemical
5	substance.
6	"(C) Updates.—The Administrator shall
7	promptly revise the list under paragraph (1)
8	whenever the Administrator determines that the
9	addition or removal of a chemical substance
10	from priority class 3 is warranted.
11	"(5) Interagency Prioritization and Test-
12	<del>ING COMMITTEE.</del>
13	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-
14	lished an interagency committee (referred to in
15	this section as the 'committee') to make rec-
16	ommendations to the Administrator con-
17	<del>cerning</del>
18	"(i) the issuance of test rules or or-
19	ders for chemical substances and mixtures
20	under section $4(e)$ ; and
21	"(ii) the prioritization of chemical
22	substances under this subsection.
23	"(B) RECOMMENDATIONS.—
24	"(i) FACTORS.—In making a rec-
25	ommendation concerning—

1 "(I) the issuance of test rules or	1
2 orders under section 4(e), the com-	2
mittee shall consider all factors rel-	3
4 evant to risk; and	4
5 "(II) prioritization of chemical	5
6 substances or categories of chemical	6
7 substances under this subsection, the	7
8 committee shall consider the criteria	8
9 described in paragraphs (2)(B),	9
0   (3)(B), and (4)(B).	10
1 "(ii) FORM.—The recommendations of	11
2 the committee shall be in the form of 1 or	12
more lists of chemical substances and mix-	13
4 tures that shall specify, either by individual	14
5 substance or mixture or by categories of	15
6 substances or mixtures—	16
7 "(I) the recommendations of the	17
8 <u>committee</u> that particular chemical	18
9 substances, mixtures, or categories of	19
0 <u>chemical substances or mixtures be</u>	20
1 the subject of a test rule or order	21
2 under section 4(e); or	22
3 "(II) the recommendations of the	23
4 committee that particular chemical	24
5 substances, or categories of chemical	25

1	substances, be prioritized under this
2	subsection.
3	"(iii) Additions or revisions.—
4	"(I) In General.—Not less fre-
5	quently than once every year, the
6	committee shall—
7	<del>"(aa)</del> make such additions
8	or revisions to the recommenda-
9	tions of the committee as the
10	committee determines to be nec-
11	essary; and
12	"(bb) submit to the Admin-
13	istrator the recommendations and
14	a statement of the reasons of the
15	committee for any additions or
16	revisions.
17	"(II) Publication.—On receipt
18	of any new or revised recommenda-
19	tions, the Administrator shall publish
20	in the Federal Register the rec-
21	ommendations and the statement of
22	the reasons for the additions or revi-
23	<del>sions.</del>
24	"(III) COMMENTS.—The Admin-
25	istrator shall—

1	"(aa) provide reasonable op-
2	portunity to any interested per-
3	son to file with the Administrator
4	written comments on the rec-
5	ommendations of the committee,
6	and any additions or revisions to
7	the recommendations by the com-
8	mittee;
9	"(bb) consider any com-
10	ments received under item (aa);
11	and
12	"(ce) make any comments
13	received under item (aa) available
14	to the public.
15	"(C) Composition.—The committee shall
16	consist of the following 8 members:
17	"(i) One member appointed by the
18	Administrator from among officers or em-
19	ployees of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency.
21	"(ii) One member appointed by the
22	Secretary of Labor from among officers or
23	employees of the Department of Labor who
24	are engaged in the activities of the Sec-
25	retary of Labor under the Occupational

1	Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C.
2	651 et seq.).
3	"(iii) One member appointed by the
4	Chairman of the Council on Environmental
5	Quality from among the Council or the of-
6	ficers or employees of the Council.
7	"(iv) One member appointed by the
8	Director of the National Institute for Oc-
9	cupational Safety and Health from among
10	officers or employees of the Institute.
11	"(v) One member appointed by the
12	Director of the National Institute of Envi-
13	ronmental Health Sciences from among of-
14	ficers or employees of the Institute.
15	"(vi) One member appointed by the
16	Director of the National Cancer Institute
17	from among officers or employees of the
18	Institute.
19	"(vii) One member appointed by the
20	Director of the National Science Founda-
21	tion from among officers or employees of
22	the Foundation.
23	"(viii) One member appointed by the
24	Secretary of Commerce from among offi-

1	cers or employees of the Department of
2	Commerce.
3	"(D) Appointment of members.—
4	"(i) Designees.—
5	"(I) In General.—An appointed
6	member may designate an individual
7	to serve on the committee on behalf of
8	the member.
9	"(II) Prerequisites.—A des-
10	ignation may be made only—
11	"(aa) with the approval of
12	the applicable appointing author-
13	ity; and
14	"(bb) if the individual is an
15	officer or employee of the entity
16	from which the member was ap-
17	pointed.
18	"(ii) TERMS.—
19	"(I) In General.—No individual
20	may serve as a member of the com-
21	mittee for more than an aggregate pe-
22	riod of 4 years.
23	"(H) Members Leaving AP-
24	POINTING ENTITIES.—If any member
25	of the committee leaves the entity

1	from which the member was ap-
2	<del>pointed</del>
3	"(aa) the member may not
4	continue as a member of the
5	committee; and
6	"(bb) the position of the
7	member shall be considered va-
8	<del>cant.</del>
9	"(III) VACANCIES.—A vacancy
10	on the committee shall be filled in the
11	same manner in which the original ap-
12	pointment was made.
13	"(E) Conflicts of interest.—
14	"(i) Post-termination Employ-
15	MENT OR COMPENSATION. No member of
16	the committee, or designee of a member,
17	shall accept employment or compensation
18	from any person subject to any require-
19	ment of this Act or any rule promulgated
20	or order issued under this Act, for a period
21	of at least 1 year beginning after the date
22	of termination of service on the committee.
23	"(ii) Financial interests.—No per-
24	son, while serving as a member of the com-
25	mittee or designee of a member, may own

1	any stocks or bonds of, or have any pecu-
2	niary interest of substantial value in, any
3	person engaged in the manufacture, proc-
4	essing, or distribution in commerce of any
5	chemical substance or mixture subject to
6	this Act or of any rule promulgated or
7	order issued under this Act.
8	"(iii) VIOLATIONS.—The Adminis-
9	trator, acting through the Attorney Gen-
10	eral, may bring an action in the appro-
11	priate district court of the United States
12	for any violation of this subparagraph.
13	"(F) Administrative support.—The
14	Administrator shall provide the committee such
15	administrative support services as may be nee-
16	essary to enable the committee to carry out the
17	functions of the committee under this sub-
18	section.
19	"(6) No Judicial Review.—The following ac-
20	tions shall not be subject to judicial review:
21	"(A) The assignment of a particular chem-
22	ical substance under this subsection.
23	"(B) A determination by the Administrator
24	of whether a particular assignment under this
25	subsection is warranted.

1	"(C) A response to a petition to include a
2	particular chemical substance on the list under
3	this subsection.
4	"(D) The issuance of a recommendation to
5	list a chemical substance under this subsection.
6	"(b) Safety Standard Determinations for
7	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
9	"(A) Application.—This paragraph ap-
10	plies to the determination, or redetermination,
11	of whether a chemical substance meets the ap-
12	plicable safety standard of this title.
13	"(B) Burden of Proof.—
14	"(i) In General.—Under this title,
15	the manufacturers and processors of a
16	chemical substance, at all times, bear the
17	burden of proving that the chemical sub-
18	stance meets the applicable safety stand-
19	ard.
20	"(ii) Duties.—Under this title, it
21	shall be the duty of—
22	"(I) the manufacturers and proc-
23	essors of a chemical substance to pro-
24	vide sufficient information for the Ad-
25	ministrator to determine whether the

1	chemical substance meets the applica-
2	ble safety standard; and
3	"(II) the Administrator to deter-
4	mine whether the chemical substance
5	meets the applicable safety standard.
6	"(C) Assessment of risk.—
7	"(i) In General.—Any determination
8	that a chemical substance meets the appli-
9	cable safety standard under subparagraph
10	(B)(ii) shall be supported by an assess-
11	ment of risk conducted by an employee of
12	the Environmental Protection Agency.
13	"(ii) Safety standard.—
14	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Admin-
15	istrator shall base the determination
16	of whether the safety standard for a
17	ehemical substance has been met
18	under this title solely on consider-
19	ations of human health and the envi-
20	ronment, including the health of vul-
21	nerable human populations.
22	"(II) Considerations.—In
23	making a safety standard determina-
24	tion under this title, for each chemical
25	substance, the Administrator shall—

1	<del>"(aa) to the extent prac-</del>
2	ticable, review and incorporate
3	any available scientific informa-
4	tion relating to the effect of cu-
5	mulative exposure to that chem-
6	ical substance on human health
7	and the environment; and
8	"(bb) find that a chemical
9	substance meets the safety stand-
10	ard only if the Administrator
11	finds that there is a reasonable
12	certainty that no harm will result
13	to human health or the environ-
14	ment from aggregate exposure to
15	the chemical substance.
16	"(iii) Financial interests.—No
17	participant or peer reviewer in an assess-
18	ment described in clause (i) shall have a
19	direct or indirect financial interest in the
20	outcome of the assessment.
21	"(iv) METHODOLOGY.—
22	"(I) In General.—Subject to
23	subclause (II), the Administrator shall
24	use the best available science when

1	conducting an assessment described in
2	elause (i).
3	"(II) Considerations.—For the
4	purpose of determining the current
5	best available science, the Adminis-
6	trator shall base the determination on
7	the recommendations of the National
8	Academy of Sciences in the report en-
9	titled 'Science and Decisions'.
10	"(III) REVIEW.—Not later than
11	5 years after the date of enactment of
12	the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, and
13	not less frequently than once every 5
14	years thereafter, the Administrator
15	shall review the methodology under
16	this paragraph and may revise the
17	methodology to reflect new scientific
18	developments or understandings.
19	"(v) Scope.—An assessment de-
20	scribed in clause (i) shall address human
21	health or environmental impacts, including
22	potential or demonstrated cancer and non-
23	cancer endpoints.
24	"(vi) Transparency.—In carrying
25	out this subsection, the Administrator shall

ensure that the approaches and resulting assessments are communicated in a manner that is transparent and understandable to the public and to risk managers.

FOR EXPORT. In the case of a chemical substance that is manufactured or processed in whole or in part for export, in determining whether the chemical substance meets the applicable safety standard under subparagraph (B)(ii), the Administrator shall take into account any risks that the chemical substance may pose in the United States, including risks involving long-range transport of the chemical substance in the environment and risks involving the import of articles and mixtures containing the chemical substance.

"(viii) RISK ASSESSMENT NOT RE-QUIRED.—The Administrator shall not be required to conduct a risk assessment to determine that a manufacturer or processor has not met the burden of proof under subparagraph (B).

1	"(D) No Judicial Review.—A determina-
2	tion by the Administrator that a manufacturer
3	or processor has not established that the chem-
4	ical substance meets the applicable safety
5	standard under this subsection shall not be sub-
6	ject to judicial review.
7	"(2) Duties.—
8	"(A) MANUFACTURER AND PROCESSOR
9	<del>DUTIES.</del>
10	"(i) Initial safety standard de-
11	TERMINATION SUBMISSION.—
12	"(I) In GENERAL.—By the date
13	that is 30 months after the date on
14	which a chemical substance is as-
15	signed to priority class 2 under sub-
16	section (a), the manufacturers and
17	processors of a chemical substance
18	<del>shall—</del>
19	"(aa) update the minimum
20	dataset, if the data set was sub-
21	mitted prior to the assignment of
22	the chemical substance to priority
23	class 2 under subsection (a);
24	"(bb) submit to the Admin-
25	istrator any additional informa-

1	tion the Administrator may re-
2	quire to make a safety standard
3	determination, including any in-
4	formation the Administrator de-
5	termines is necessary to be devel-
6	oped by testing; and
7	"(ee) indicate whether the
8	chemical substance, including
9	specified uses to be evaluated and
10	any proposed conditions on the
11	specified uses, meets the safety
12	standard.
13	"(II) Submitting manufactur-
14	ERS AND PROCESSORS.—The Admin-
15	istrator may permit the manufactur-
16	ers and processors of a chemical sub-
17	stance to designate 1 or more manu-
18	facturers or processors to submit the
19	information required under subclause
20	(I) on behalf of the manufacturers
21	and processors making the designa-
22	<del>tion.</del>
23	"(III) LIABILITY.—All manufac-
24	turers and processors described in
25	subclause (H) shall remain liable for

1	compliance with any requirements
2	subject to the designation.
3	"(ii) Renewal of safety standard
4	DETERMINATION SUBMISSION.—
5	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Not later
6	than 15 years after the date of the
7	previous submission under clause (i),
8	this clause, or section $5(c)(1)$ , the
9	manufacturers and processors of each
10	chemical substance shall—
11	"(aa) submit to the Admin-
12	istrator an updated minimum
13	data set for the chemical sub-
14	stance, as established under sec-
15	tion 4(a); and
16	"(bb) indicate whether the
17	chemical substance, including
18	specified uses to be evaluated and
19	any proposed conditions on the
20	specified use meets the safety
21	standard.
22	"(II) Submitting Manufactur-
23	ERS AND PROCESSORS.—The Admin-
24	istrator may permit the manufactur-
25	ers and processors of a chemical sub-

1	stance to designate 1 or more manu-
2	facturers or processors to submit the
3	information required under subclause
4	(I) on behalf of the manufacturers
5	and processors making the designa-
6	tion.

"(III) LIABILITY.—All manufacturers and processors described in subclause (II) shall remain liable for compliance with any requirements subject to the designation.

"(iii) NOTICE OF PENDING DETERMINATION.—If the Administrator fails to
act by an applicable deadline under subparagraph (B)(i), each manufacturer and
processor of a chemical substance for
which the Administrator has failed to act
shall provide to the Administrator, the
public, the employees and recognized bargaining agents of any employees who are
represented by bargaining agents of the
manufacturer or processor, and each
known customer who has purchased the
chemical substance within a reasonable
timeframe, as determined by the Adminis-

trator by rule or order, a written notice
that a determination by the Administrator
of the safety of the chemical substance is
pending.

"(iv) Failure of Manufacturer or Processor to Meet Duties.—If a manufacturer or processor fails to meet any duty under this subparagraph for a chemical substance, the Administrator may, by order, take any action authorized under subsection (c) if a manufacturer or processor is in violation of a duty under this subparagraph, except as authorized subsection (c).

#### "(B) Administrator duties.—

"(i) SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINATION.—Not later than 1 year after the earlier of the date of receipt of a complete
submission or the applicable submission
deadline under clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A), or after initiating a redetermination under clause (iii) of this subparagraph, with respect to a chemical substance, the Administrator shall by order
determine, or redetermine, as appropriate,

1	whether the manufacturers and processors
2	of the chemical substance have established
3	that the chemical substance meets the
4	safety standard.
5	"(ii) USES AND CONDITIONS.—If the
6	Administrator determines that the chem-
7	ical substance meets the safety standard,
8	the Administrator shall specify in the
9	<del>order</del>
10	"(I) the allowed uses of the sub-
11	stance, which shall be limited to the
12	uses evaluated in the determination;
13	and
14	"(II) any conditions on the speci-
15	fied uses to ensure the safety stand-
16	ard is met, including conditions that
17	relate to the manufacture, processing,
18	use, distribution in commerce, or dis-
19	posal of a chemical substance, or mix-
20	ture or article containing such chem-
21	ical substance, and any conditions de-
22	scribed in subsection (c).
23	"(iii) Redetermination.—The Ad-
24	ministrator shall initiate a redetermination
25	of whether the manufacturers and proc-

1	essors of a chemical substance distributed
2	in commerce have established that the
3	chemical substance meets the safety stand-
4	<del>ard</del>
5	"(I) if new information raises a
6	eredible question as to whether the
7	chemical substance continues to meet
8	the safety standard;
9	"(H) on the receipt of a renewal
10	submission under subparagraph
11	(A)(ii); or
12	"(III) after the 15-year period
13	beginning on the date of the previous
14	applicable determination of the Ad-
15	ministrator under this subparagraph,
16	if a redetermination has not already
17	been initiated subsequent to the deter-
18	mination.
19	"(iv) Petition for redetermina-
20	TION.—
21	"(I) In General.—Any person
22	may petition the Administrator for a
23	redetermination of whether a chemical
24	substance continues to meet the appli-
25	cable safety standard.

1	"(H) Basis.—The person shall
2	include in the petition a description of
3	the basis for requesting the redeter-
4	mination.
5	"(III) ACTION BY ADMINIS-
6	TRATOR.—On receipt of the petition,
7	the Administrator shall—
8	"(aa) not later than 30 days
9	after the date of receipt, publish
10	in the Federal Register a notice
11	of receipt of the petition that
12	specifies the chemical identity of
13	the chemical substance to which
14	the petition pertains;
15	"(bb) make the petition
16	available on request;
17	<del>"(ce)</del> provide a reasonable
18	opportunity for public review and
19	comment on the petition and give
20	due consideration to any com-
21	ments received;
22	"(dd) decide whether to
23	make the requested redetermina-
24	tion; and

1	"(ee) not later than 180
2	days after the date of receipt,
3	publish in the Federal Register
4	the decision and the basis for the
5	decision.
6	"(3) Risk reduction.—
7	"(A) In General.—Except as provided
8	under subsection (e), the risk reduction meas-
9	ures described in this paragraph shall apply to
10	a chemical substance in accordance with this
11	<del>paragraph.</del>
12	"(B) Negative safety standard de-
13	TERMINATION.—No person shall manufacture,
14	process, or distribute in commerce a chemical
15	substance, or any mixture or article containing
16	the chemical substance, for—
17	"(i) any new chemical substance for
18	which notice is required under section 5(a),
19	effective immediately after the Adminis-
20	trator makes a safety standard determina-

tion for a chemical substance under para-

graph (2)(B)(i) and does not determine

that the manufacturer or processor has es-

tablished that the chemical substance

meets the applicable safety standard; or

21

22

23

24

25

1 "(ii) any other chemical substance, ef2 fective 1 year after the Administrator
3 makes a safety standard determination for
4 a chemical substance under paragraph
5 (2)(B)(i) and does not determine that the
6 chemical substance meets the applicable
7 safety standard.

"(C) Positive safety standard determines the date on which the Administrator determines under paragraph (2)(B)(i) that a chemical substance meets the safety standard or immediately after such a determination is made for a new chemical substance for which notice is required under section 5(a), no person shall manufacture, process, or distribute in commerce the chemical substance, or any mixture or article containing the chemical substance, for any use other than those specified in the determination established under paragraph (2)(B)(ii).

"(c) RISK MANAGEMENT.—The Administrator, in making a safety standard determination, may impose conditions on the manufacture, processing, use, distribution in commerce, or disposal of a chemical substance, or mix-

1	ture or article containing that chemical substance, in ac-
2	cordance with subsection (b)(2)(B)(ii)(II), including—
3	"(1) a requirement limiting the quantity of the
4	substance that may be manufactured, processed, or
5	distributed in commerce;
6	"(2) a requirement—
7	"(A) prohibiting the manufacture, proc-
8	essing, or distribution in commerce of the sub-
9	stance for a particular use in a concentration in
10	excess of a level specified by the Administrator
11	in conditions under subsection (b)(2)(B)(ii)(H);
12	<del>Ol'</del>
13	"(B) limiting the quantity of the substance
14	that may be manufactured, processed, or dis-
15	tributed in commerce for—
16	<del>"(i)</del> a particular use; or
17	<del>"(ii)</del> a particular use in a concentra-
18	tion in excess of a level specified by the
19	Administrator in conditions established
20	under subsection $(b)(2)(B)(ii)(H)$ ;
21	"(3) a requirement that the substance be
22	marked with or accompanied by clear and adequate
23	warnings and instructions with respect to use, dis-
24	tribution in commerce, or disposal, or any combina-
25	tion of such activities, with the form and content of

1	the warnings and instructions prescribed by the Ad-
2	ministrator;
3	"(4) a requirement that manufacturers and
4	processors of the substance—
5	"(A) make and retain records of the proc-
6	esses used to manufacture or process the sub-
7	stance; and
8	"(B) monitor or conduct tests that are rea-
9	sonable and necessary to ensure compliance
10	with this Act;
11	"(5) a requirement prohibiting or otherwise reg-
12	ulating any manner or method of commercial use of
13	the substance;
14	"(6) a requirement prohibiting or otherwise reg-
15	ulating any manner or method of disposal of the
16	substance by—
17	"(A) the manufacturer or processor of the
18	substance; or
19	"(B) any other person that uses, or dis-
20	poses of, the substance for commercial pur-
21	poses; and
22	"(7) a requirement that the manufacturers and
23	processors of the substance, mixture, or article de-
24	velop a risk reduction management plan to achieve
25	a risk reduction specified by the Administrator.

# "(d) QUALITY CONTROL ORDERS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator has a reasonable basis to conclude that a particular manufacturer or processor is manufacturing or processing a chemical substance in a manner that may present a substantial endangerment to human health or the environment, the Administrator may, by order, require the manufacturer or processor to submit a description of the quality control procedures followed in the manufacturing or processing of the chemical substance.

### $^{"}(2)$ Orders.

"(A) In GENERAL.—If the Administrator determines that quality control procedures described in paragraph (1) are inadequate to prevent the chemical substance from presenting a risk of injury to human health or the environment, the Administrator may order the manufacturer or processor to revise the quality control procedures to the extent necessary to remedy the inadequacy.

"(B) Substantial endangerment.—If the Administrator determines that quality control procedures described in paragraph (1) have resulted in the distribution in commerce of a

1	chemical substance that may present a substan-
2	tial endangerment to human health or the envi-
3	ronment, the Administrator may order the man-
4	ufacturer or processor—
5	"(i) to give notice of the
6	endangerment to—
7	"(I) processors or distributors (or
8	both) in commerce of the substance;
9	and
10	"(II) to the extent reasonably as-
11	certainable, any other person in pos-
12	session of or exposed to the substance;
13	"(ii) to give public notice of the
14	endangerment; and
15	"(iii) to provide for the replacement
16	or repurchase, as prescribed by the Admin-
17	istrator, of the substance as the Adminis-
18	trator determines necessary to adequately
19	protect human health or the environment.
20	"(e) Exemptions to Restrictions.—
21	"(1) Application.—This subsection applies to
22	the restrictions established under sections $4(a)(3)$ ,
23	4(b)(3), $8(b)(6)$ , and $8(c)(3)$ , and paragraphs
24	(2)(A)(iv) and $(3)$ of subsection $(b)$ .
25	"(2) Exemptions.—

1	"(A) In GENERAL.—
2	"(i) REQUEST.—The manufacturers
3	and processors of a chemical substance
4	may request an exemption from any re-
5	striction described in paragraph $(1)$ for $\epsilon$
6	specified use of the chemical substance.
7	"(ii) Order.—The Administrator
8	may, by order, grant an exemption from
9	any restriction described in paragraph (1)
10	for a period of not to exceed 5 years if the
11	manufacturers and processors of the chem-
12	ical substance have established by clear
13	and convincing evidence that the uses to be
14	exempted meet the exemption criteria de-
15	scribed in subparagraph (B).
16	"(B) Criteria.—The Administrator may
17	grant an exemption for the use of a chemical
18	substance under subparagraph $(A)(ii)$ if—
19	"(i) the exemption is in the para-
20	mount interest of national security;
21	"(ii) the lack of availability of the
22	chemical substance would cause significant
23	disruption in the national economy; or

1	"(iii) the use for which the exemption
2	is sought is a critical or essential use for
3	which—
4	"(I) no feasible safer alternative
5	for the specified use of the chemical
6	substance is available; or
7	"(II) the specified use of the
8	chemical substance when compared to
9	all available alternatives, provides a
10	net benefit to human health, the envi-
11	ronment, or public safety.
12	"(C) Public Notice.—If the Adminis-
13	trator grants an exemption for a chemical sub-
14	stance under this paragraph—
15	"(i) the manufacturers and processors
16	of the chemical substance shall, for the ex-
17	empted use, provide notice of the exemp-
18	tion to each known purchaser of—
19	"(I) the chemical substance; and
20	"(H) a mixture or article con-
21	taining the chemical substance; and
22	"(ii) the Administrator shall provide
23	the public with a notice of the exemption.
24	"(D) Renewal.—The Administrator may,
25	by order, renew an exemption under this para-

graph for 1 or more additional 5-year periods
if the Administrator concludes, after providing
public notice and an opportunity for comment,
that the use of the chemical substance continues to meet the criteria described in subparagraph (B).

#### "(E) CONDITIONS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall, by order, impose any condition on an exemption issued under this paragraph that the Administrator determines to be necessary to ensure the protection of human health and the environment.

"(ii) Compliance.—Effective immediately after the date on which the Administrator establishes conditions on exempted use under clause (i), the manufacturing, processing, or distribution in commerce of the chemical substance, or any mixture or article containing the chemical substance, shall be prohibited except to the extent that the conditions are satisfied.

"(3) RESALE OF USED ARTICLES.—The restrictions described in paragraph (1) shall not apply to the resale of an article subject to a restriction under

1	subsection (b) if the article has previously been used
2	by an end consumer.
3	"(4) Extensions of effective dates for
4	RETAIL SALE OF ARTICLES TO END CONSUMERS.—
5	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
6	subparagraph (B), in the case of the retail sale
7	to an end consumer of a chemical substance (or
8	mixture or article containing that chemical sub-
9	stance) that is subject to a restriction described
10	in paragraph (1), the Administrator may, by
11	order, extend the effective date of the restric-
12	tion by a period not to exceed 3 years, if the
13	Administrator determines that the extension—
14	"(i) is necessary and appropriate to
15	allow for depletion of the existing retail in-
16	ventory; and
17	"(ii) will not present a substantial
18	endangerment to human health or the en-
19	vironment.
20	"(B) Exception.—An extension under
21	subparagraph (A) shall not apply to any retailer
22	that the Administrator determines has failed to
23	comply with an order requesting information
24	issued by the Administrator pursuant to section
25	<del>8.</del>

1	"(f) Polychlorinated Biphenyls.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
3	act by order or rule consistent with paragraphs (2)
4	and (3)—
5	"(A) to prescribe methods for the disposal
6	of polychlorinated biphenyls; and
7	"(B) to require polychlorinated biphenyls
8	to be marked with clear and adequate warnings
9	and instructions with respect to the processing,
10	distribution in commerce, use, or disposal (or
11	any combination of such activities) of poly-
12	chlorinated biphenyls.
13	"(2) Manufacture, process, or distribu-
14	TION IN TOTALLY ENCLOSED MANNER.
15	"(A) DEFINITION OF TOTALLY ENCLOSED
16	MANNER.—In this paragraph, the term 'totally
17	enclosed manner' means any manner that en-
18	sures that any exposure of human beings or the
19	environment to the polychlorinated biphenyl will
20	be insignificant, as determined by the Adminis-
21	trator by order or rule.
22	"(B) Prohibition.—Except as provided
23	in subparagraph (C), no person may manufac-
24	ture, process, distribute in commerce, or use

1	any polychlorinated biphenyl in any manner
2	other than in a totally enclosed manner.
3	"(C) ALTERNATIVE MANNER.—The Ad-
4	ministrator may, by order or rule, authorize the
5	manufacture, processing, distribution in com-
6	merce, or use (or any combination of such ac-
7	tivities) of any polychlorinated biphenyl in a
8	manner other than in a totally enclosed manner
9	if the Administrator finds that the manufac-
10	ture, processing, distribution in commerce, or
11	use (or combination of such activities) will not
12	present a substantial endangerment to human
13	health or the environment.
14	"(3) Prohibition on Manufacture, proc-
15	ESS, OR DISTRIBUTION.
16	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
17	subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D)—
18	<del>"(i)</del> no person may manufacture any
19	polychlorinated biphenyl; and
20	<del>"(ii) no person may process or dis-</del>
21	tribute in commerce any polychlorinated
22	biphenyl.
23	"(B) Exemptions.—
24	"(i) In General.—Any person may
25	petition the Administrator for an exemp-

1	tion from the requirements of subpara-
2	graph (A), and the Administrator may
3	grant by rule the exemption, if the Admin-
4	istrator finds that—
5	"(I) a substantial endangerment
6	to human health or environment
7	would not result; and
8	"(II) good faith efforts have been
9	made to develop a chemical substance
10	that meets the safety standard and
11	that may be substituted for such poly-
12	chlorinated biphenyl.
13	"(ii) Administration.—An exemp-
14	tion granted under this subparagraph shall
15	<del>be</del>
16	"(I) subject to such terms and
17	conditions as the Administrator may
18	<del>prescribe; and</del>
19	"(H) be in effect for such period
20	(but not more than 1 year after the
21	date on which the exemption is grant-
22	ed, except as provided in subpara-
23	graph (D)) as the Administrator may
24	<del>prescribe.</del>

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"(C) PRIOR SALES.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to the distribution in commerce of any polychlorinated biphenyl if the polychlorinated biphenyl was sold for purposes other than resale before the expiration of the 2½-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act.

#### "(D) Extension of exemptions.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may, by order or rule, extend an exemption granted under subparagraph (B) that has not yet expired for a period not to exceed 60 days for the purpose of authorizing the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments to provide for the transportation into the customs territory of the United States <del>of</del> <del>polv</del>chlorinated biphenyls generated by or under the control of the Department of Defense for purposes of the disposal, treatment, or storage of the polychlorinated biphenyls in the customs territory of the the United States if <del>polychlorinated</del> biphenyls are already in transit from storage locations but the Administrator deter-

1	mines, in the sole discretion of the Admin-
2	istrator, the polychlorinated biphenyls
3	would not otherwise arrive in the customs
4	territory of the United States within the
5	period of the original exemption.
6	"(ii) Notice.—The Administrator
7	shall promptly publish in the Federal Reg-
8	ister notice of the extension.
9	"(g) MERCURY.—
10	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
11	graph (2), no Federal agency shall convey, sell, or
12	distribute to any other Federal agency, any State or
13	local government agency, or any private individual or
14	entity any elemental mercury under the control or
15	jurisdiction of the Federal agency.
16	"(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) shall not
17	apply to—
18	"(A) a transfer between Federal agencies
19	of elemental mercury for the sole purpose of fa-
20	cilitating storage of mercury to carry out this
21	Act; or
22	"(B) a conveyance, sale, distribution, or
23	transfer of coal.
24	"(3) Leases of Federal Coal.—Nothing in
25	this subsection prohibits the leasing of coal.

1	"(h) CERTIFICATION.—Each submission required
2	pursuant to this section or pursuant to a rule or an order
3	promulgated or issued by the Administrator under this
4	section shall be accompanied by a certification signed by
5	a responsible official of the manufacturer or processor that
6	each statement contained in the submission—
7	"(1) is accurate and reliable; and
8	"(2) includes all material facts known to, in the
9	possession or control of, or reasonably ascertainable
10	by, the manufacturer or processor.
11	"(i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—In any rule or order under
12	this section, the Administrator shall specify the date on
13	which the rule or order shall take effect, which shall be
14	as soon as practicable.".
15	SEC. 5. MINIMUM INFORMATION SETS AND TESTING OF
16	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.
17	Section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
18	U.S.C. 2603) is amended to read as follows:
19	"SEC. 4. MINIMUM INFORMATION SETS AND TESTING OF
20	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.
21	"(a) Minimum Information Sets.—
22	"(1) Rule.—
23	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
24	graphs (B) and (C), and not later than 1 year
25	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals

1	Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish, by
2	rule, such minimum information sets as the Ad-
3	ministrator determines to be appropriate to
4	evaluate chemical substances under sections 5
5	and 6.
6	"(B) General requirements.—The rule
7	promulgated pursuant to subparagraph (A)
8	shall—
9	"(i) provide for varied or tiered infor-
10	mation to be provided for different chemical
11	substances;
12	"(ii) identify the particular minimum
13	information set that applies to a chemical
14	substance;
15	"(iii) require each minimum informa-
16	tion set to include sufficient information for
17	the Administrator to conduct a screening-
18	level risk assessment of the chemical sub-
19	stance, including information on the char-
20	acteristics, toxicological properties, environ-
21	mental and biological fate and behavior, ex-
22	posure, and use of a chemical substance;
23	"(iv) specify information quality and
24	reliability requirements applicable to the

1	information submitted in the minimum in-
2	formation sets; and
3	"(v) accommodate the use of alter-
4	native testing methods and testing strategies
5	to generate information quickly, at low cost,
6	and with reduced use of animal-based test-
7	ing, including toxicity pathway-based risk
8	assessment, in vitro studies, systems biology,
9	computational  toxicology,  bioinformatics,
10	and high-throughput screening, to the extent
11	such methods and strategies would yield in-
12	formation of equivalent quality and reli-
13	ability.
14	"(C) Specific requirements.—The rule
15	promulgated pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall
16	establish minimum information sets sufficient
17	for the Administrator to administer this Act, in-
18	cluding to carry out—
19	"(i) categorization of new chemical
20	$substances \ under \ section \ 5(b)(2), \ including$
21	the identification of information—
22	"(I) sufficiently robust to gen-
23	erally support the categorization of a
24	new chemical substance as a substance

1	of very low concern under section
2	$5(b)(2)(D)(iii)(II); \ and$
3	"(II) in the absence of which the
4	Administrator shall designate a new
5	chemical substance to be a substance
6	with insufficient information under
7	$section \ 5(b)(2)(D)(iv);$
8	"(ii) categorization of existing chem-
9	ical substances under section 6(b)(3), in-
10	cluding the identification of information—
11	"(I) sufficiently robust to gen-
12	erally support the categorization of an
13	existing chemical substance as a sub-
14	stance of very low concern under sec-
15	tion $6(b)(3)(B)(ii)$ ; and
16	"(II) in the absence of which the
17	Administrator shall designate an exist-
18	ing chemical substance to be a sub-
19	stance with insufficient information
20	$under\ section\ 6(b)(3)(B)(iv);$
21	"(iii) assignment of chemical sub-
22	stances to priority classes under section
23	6(b)(4);
24	"(iv) safety standard determinations—

1	"(I) for new uses of existing chem-
2	$ical\ substances\ under\ section\ 5(b)(2);$
3	and
4	"(II) for chemical substances
5	under section $6(d)$ ; and
6	"(v) safety standard redeterminations
7	under section $6(d)(5)(E)$ .
8	"(2) Submission of minimum information
9	SET.—Each manufacturer and processor of a chem-
10	ical substance shall submit the minimum information
11	set for the chemical substance to the Administrator—
12	"(A) for new chemical substances, concur-
13	rent with the notice required under section
14	(5)(b)(1)(A); and
15	"(B) for existing chemical substances, as
16	specified in section 6 or otherwise specified by
17	the Administrator in the rule promulgated pur-
18	suant to paragraph $(1)(A)$ .
19	"(3) Prohibition.—In addition to any other
20	authorities available under this Act, the Adminis-
21	trator may, by order, take any action authorized
22	under section 6(f) if a manufacturer or processor is
23	in violation of paragraph (2).
24	"(b) Testing.—
25	"(1) General submissions.—

1	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	may, by rule or order, require testing with re-
3	spect to any chemical substance, and the submis-
4	sion of test results by a specified date, as appro-
5	priate for making any determination or car-
6	rying out any provision of this Act. Such testing
7	may be required—
8	"(i) to provide information in addition
9	to the information specified in any applica-
10	ble minimum information set under sub-
11	section (a); and
12	"(ii) of persons to whom the Adminis-
13	trator decides not to apply a requirement to
14	submit a minimum information set under
15	subsection (a).
16	"(B) Effect on other authority.—
17	Nothing in this paragraph limits the authority
18	of the Administrator under paragraph (2).
19	"(2) Sample submissions.—
20	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
21	may, by rule or order, require the submission of
22	a sample of any chemical substance in such
23	manner as the Administrator determines enables
24	the Administrator to conduct any tests necessary

1	for making any determination or carrying out
2	any provision of this Act.
3	"(B) Effect on other authority.—
4	Nothing in this paragraph limits the authority
5	of the Administrator under paragraph (1).
6	"(3) Prohibition.—In addition to any other
7	authorities available under this Act, the Adminis-
8	trator may, by order, take any action authorized
9	under section 6(f) if a manufacturer or processor is
10	in violation of a rule or order under paragraph (1).
11	"(4) Exemption.—If a manufacturer or proc-
12	essor ceases all manufacture or processing of a chem-
13	ical substance pursuant to its submission of a dec-
14	laration of cessation of manufacture or processing
15	under section 8(b)(4) for the chemical substance, the
16	manufacturer or processor shall be exempted from the
17	requirements of this subsection.
18	"(c) Test Rules or Orders.—
19	"(1) In general.—A rule or order issued under
20	subsection (b) shall include—
21	"(A) identification of the chemical sub-
22	stance for which testing is required under the
23	rule or order;
24	"(B) standards for the development of test
25	information for that substance; and

1	"(C) a specification of the period (which
2	may not be of unreasonable duration) within
3	which the persons required to conduct the testing
4	shall submit to the Administrator information
5	developed in accordance with the standards re-
6	ferred to in subparagraph (B).
7	"(2) Considerations.—
8	"(A) In GENERAL.—In determining the
9	standards and period to be required under sub-
10	paragraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1), the
11	Administrator shall consider—
12	"(i) the relative costs of the various test
13	protocols and methodologies that may be re-
14	quired under the rule or order; and
15	"(ii) the reasonably foreseeable avail-
16	ability of the facilities and personnel needed
17	to perform the testing required under the
18	rule.
19	"(B) Preliminary information.—Any
20	rule or order issued by the Administrator under
21	this subsection may require a manufacturer or
22	processor to submit preliminary information
23	during the period described in paragraph $(1)(C)$ .
24	"(3) Types of health and environmental
25	INFORMATION.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
2	may prescribe standards for the development of
3	test information under this subsection for health
4	and environmental information, including—
5	"(i) information pertaining to carcino-
6	genesis, mutagenesis, teratogenesis, behav-
7	ioral disorders, or cumulative, synergistic,
8	or any other effect that may be considered
9	in a safety standard determination;
10	"(ii) information pertaining to expo-
11	sure to the chemical substance, including
12	information regarding the presence of the
13	chemical substance in human blood, fluids,
14	or tissue; and
15	"(iii) information pertaining to—
16	$``(I)\ bioaccumulation;$
17	$``(II)\ persistence;$
18	"(III) acute toxicity;
19	"(IV) subacute toxicity;
20	"(V) chronic toxicity; and
21	"(VI) any other characteristic
22	that may present an adverse effect.
23	"(B) Methodologies.—
24	"(i) In General.—The Administrator
25	may prescribe methodologies in standards

1	for the development of test information, in-
2	cluding—
3	$``(I)\ epidemiologic\ studies;$
4	"(II) biomonitoring or environ-
5	$mental\ monitoring\ studies;$
6	"(III) serial or hierarchical tests;
7	"(IV) in vitro tests;
8	"(V) whole animal tests, con-
9	sistent with section 30; and
10	"(VI) any other methodology
11	deemed appropriate by the Adminis-
12	trator.
13	"(ii) Requirement.—Prior to pre-
14	scribing epidemiologic studies of employees,
15	the Administrator shall consult with the Di-
16	rector of the National Institute for Occupa-
17	tional Safety and Health.
18	"(C) Review.—Periodically, but not less
19	frequently than once every 3 years, the Adminis-
20	trator shall—
21	"(i) review the adequacy of the stand-
22	ards for development of information pre-
23	scribed under subparagraph (A); and

1	"(ii) if necessary, institute proceedings
2	to make appropriate revisions of those
3	standards.
4	"(4) Persons required to conduct tests
5	AND SUBMIT INFORMATION.—
6	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
7	subparagraph (B), a rule or order under sub-
8	section (b) respecting a chemical substance shall
9	specify the persons required to conduct tests and
10	submit information to the Administrator on the
11	substance.
12	"(B) Exception.—The Administrator may
13	permit 2 or more of the persons described in sub-
14	paragraph (A) to designate 1 of the persons or
15	a qualified third party to conduct the tests and
16	submit the information on behalf of the persons
17	making the designation.
18	"(C) Liability.—All persons described in
19	subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall remain liable
20	for compliance with any requirements subject to
21	the designation.
22	"(5) Expiration of rules and orders.—
23	"(A) In general.—Any rule or order
24	under subsection (b) that requires the testing and
25	submission of information for a particular chem-

ical substance shall expire at the end of the applicable reimbursement period (as defined in subsection (d)(3)) unless, prior to that date, the Administrator withdraws the rule or order.

"(B) CATEGORY OF CHEMICAL SUB-STANCES.—A rule or order under subsection (b) that requires the testing and submission of information for a category of chemical substances shall expire with respect to a chemical substance included in the category at the end of the applicable reimbursement period (as defined in subsection (d)(3)) unless, prior to that date, the Administrator withdraws the rule or order with respect to the substance entirely.

## "(d) Exemptions.—

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"(1) In General.—Any person required by a rule or order under subsections (a) or (b) to conduct tests and submit information for a chemical substance may apply to the Administrator (in such form and manner as the Administrator determines necessary) for an exemption from the requirement.

"(2) ACTION BY ADMINISTRATOR.—In accordance with paragraph (3) or (4), the Administrator shall exempt an applicant under paragraph (1), if, on re-

1	ceipt of the application, the Administrator determines
2	that—
3	"(A) the chemical substance for which the
4	application was submitted is equivalent to a
5	chemical substance for which—
6	"(i) information has been submitted to
7	the Administrator in accordance with a rule
8	or order under subsection (a) or (b); or
9	"(ii) information is being developed in
10	accordance with the rule or order; and
11	"(B) submission of information by the ap-
12	plicant for the substance would be duplicative of
13	information that—
14	"(i) has been submitted to the Admin-
15	istrator in accordance with the rule or order
16	under subsection (a) or (b); or
17	"(ii) is being developed in accordance
18	with the rule or order.
19	"(3) Reimbursement due to exemption.—
20	"(A) DEFINITION OF REIMBURSEMENT PE-
21	RIOD.—In this paragraph, the term 'reimburse-
22	ment period', with respect to any test informa-
23	tion for a chemical substance, means a period
24	$\it that$ —

1	"(i) begins on the date on which the
2	test information is submitted in accordance
3	with a rule or order issued under subsection
4	(a) or (b); and
5	"(ii) ends on the later of—
6	"(I) 5 years after the date referred
7	to in clause (i); and
8	"(II) the date which, as deter-
9	mined by the Administrator, provides
10	the applicant with a time period which
11	is sufficient to develop the test infor-
12	mation.
13	"(B) Reimbursement for previously
14	SUBMITTED TEST INFORMATION.—
15	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
16	in clause (ii), for an exemption under para-
17	$graph\ (2)(B)(i),\ if\ the\ exemption\ is\ granted$
18	during the reimbursement period for the test
19	information, the Administrator shall order
20	the person granted the exemption to provide
21	fair and equitable reimbursement (in an
22	amount determined by the Administrator)
23	to—
24	"(I) the person who previously
25	submitted the test information, for a

1	portion of the costs incurred by the
2	person in complying with the informa-
3	tion submission requirement; and
4	"(II) any other person who has
5	been required under this subsection to
6	contribute with respect to the costs, for
7	a portion of the amount the person was
8	required to contribute.
9	"(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall not
10	apply if there is agreement on the amount
11	and method of reimbursement between an
12	exempted person described in clause (i) and
13	the persons described in subclauses (I) and
14	(II) of that clause.
15	"(iii) Considerations.—In promul-
16	gating rules for the determination of fair
17	and equitable reimbursement to the persons
18	described in subclauses (I) and (II) of
19	clause (i) for costs incurred with respect to
20	a chemical substance, the Administrator
21	shall, after consultation with the Attorney
22	General and the Federal Trade Commission,
23	consider all relevant factors, including—
24	"(I) the effect on the competitive
25	position of the person required to pro-

1	vide reimbursement in relation to the
2	person to be reimbursed; and
3	"(II) the share of the market for
4	the substance of the person required to
5	provide reimbursement in relation to
6	the share of the market of the persons
7	to be reimbursed.
8	"(C) Reimbursement due to exemption
9	FOR TEST INFORMATION BEING DEVELOPED IN
10	ACCORDANCE WITH RULE OR ORDER.—
11	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
12	in clause (ii), for an exemption under para-
13	graph (2)(B)(ii), the Administrator shall
14	order the person granted the exemption to
15	provide fair and equitable reimbursement
16	(in an amount determined by the Adminis-
17	trator) to—
18	"(I) each person who is developing
19	the test information, for the portion of
20	the costs incurred by each person in
21	complying with the rule or order; and
22	"(II) any other person who has
23	been required under this subsection to
24	contribute with respect to the costs of
25	complying with the rule or order, for a

1	portion of the amount the person was
2	required to contribute.
3	"(ii) Exception.—Clause (i) shall not
4	apply if there is agreement on the amount
5	and method of reimbursement between an
6	exempted person described in clause (i) and
7	the persons described in subclauses (I) and
8	(II) of that clause.
9	"(iii) Considerations.—In promul-
10	gating rules for the determination of fair
11	and equitable reimbursement to the persons
12	described in subclauses (I) and (II) of
13	clause (i) for costs incurred with respect to
14	a chemical substance, the Administrator
15	shall, after consultation with the Attorney
16	General and the Federal Trade Commission,
17	consider the factors described in subpara-
18	$graph\ (B)(iii).$
19	"(iv) Lack of compliance.—If any
20	exemption is granted under paragraph (2)
21	on the basis that 1 or more persons are de-
22	veloping test information pursuant to a rule
23	or order promulgated or issued under sub-
24	section (a) or (b), and after the exemption
25	is granted, the Administrator determines

1	that no person has complied with the rule	
2	or order, the Administrator shall—	
3	"(I) after providing written notice	
4	and an opportunity for a hearing to	
5	the person who holds the exemption, by	
6	order, terminate the exemption; and	
7	"(II) notify in writing the person	
8	of the requirements of the rule or order	
9	with respect to which the exemption	
10	was granted.	
11	"(e) Notice.—	
12	"(1) In general.—Not later than 15 days after	
13	the date of receipt of any test information pursuant	
14	to a rule or order under subsection (a) or (b), the Ad-	
15	ministrator shall publish in the Federal Register a	
16	notice of the receipt of the test information.	
17	"(2) Requirements.—Subject to section 14,	
18	each notice shall—	
19	"(A) identify the chemical substance for	
20	which information has been received;	
21	"(B) list—	
22	"(i) the commercial and consumer uses	
23	or intended commercial and consumer uses	
24	of the substance known to the Adminis-	
25	trator; and	

1	"(ii) the information required by the
2	applicable standards for the development of
3	test information; and
4	"(C) describe the nature of the test informa-
5	tion developed.
6	"(3) Availability.—Subject to section 14, the
7	Administrator shall make the test information de-
8	scribed in this subsection available on a publicly ac-
9	cessible Internet site.
10	"(f) Requests From Other Agencies for Addi-
11	TIONAL INFORMATION OR TESTING.—
12	"(1) In general.—The head of a Federal agen-
13	cy may request the Administrator to seek the informa-
14	tion on behalf of that agency if the head of that Fed-
15	eral agency determines that—
16	"(A) information relating to a chemical
17	substance, including information derived from
18	new testing or monitoring, would assist that
19	Federal agency in carrying out the duties or ex-
20	ercising the authority of that agency; but
21	"(B) the requested information is not avail-
22	able to that agency.
23	"(2) Duty of administrator.—Not later than
24	60 days after the date of receipt of a request under
25	paragraph (1), the Administrator shall—

1	"(A) subject to section 14, make the infor-	
2	mation available to the requesting agency or in-	
3	stitution;	
4	"(B) issue a request under section 8(k) to	
5	require—	
6	"(i) the submission of existing perti-	
7	nent information to the Administrator; and	
8	"(ii) a copy of any such submission to	
9	be furnished to the requesting agency or in-	
10	stitution;	
11	"(C) issue a rule or order under subsection	
12	<i>(b)</i> —	
13	"(i) to develop the information; and	
14	"(ii) to require the developed informa-	
15	tion to be furnished to the requesting agency	
16	or institution; or	
17	"(D) publish in the Federal Register the	
18	reason for which none of the actions described in	
19	this paragraph were taken.	
20	"(g) CERTIFICATION.—Each person who submits infor	
21	mation under this section or under a rule or an order pro	
22	mulgated or issued by the Administrator under this section	
23	shall accompany the information with a certification signed	
24	by a responsible official that each statement contained in	
25	the submission—	

1	"(1) is accurate and reliable; and
2	"(2) includes all material facts known to, in the
3	possession or control of, or reasonably ascertainable
4	by, the person.".
5	SEC. 6. NEW CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES AND NEW USES OF
6	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.
7	Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
8	U.S.C. 2604) is amended to read as follows:
9	"SEC. 5. NEW CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES AND NEW USES OF
10	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.
11	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
12	"(1) Manufacture and process.—The terms
13	'manufacture' and 'process' mean manufacture or
14	process, respectively, for commercial purposes.
15	"(2) Test marketing.—The term 'test mar-
16	keting' does not include any provision of a chemical
17	substance or mixture, or an article containing a
18	chemical substance or mixture, to an end consumer of
19	the chemical substance, mixture, or article.
20	"(b) New Chemical Substances.—
21	"(1) Notices.—Except as provided in subsection
22	(h), no person may manufacture a new chemical sub-
23	stance, or process the chemical substance for a use
24	that is proposed to meet the criteria described in sec-
25	tion $6(h)(2)(B)$ , unless—

1	"(A) the person submits to the Adminis-
2	trator a notice, in accordance with subsection
3	(g)(1)(A), of the intention of the person to manu-
4	facture or process the substance;
5	"(B) the person complies with subsection
6	(f); and
7	"(C) the Administrator finds that—
8	"(i) the new chemical substance is like-
9	ly to meet the safety standard under section
10	6(d), which shall be limited to substances
11	assigned by the Administrator to 1 of the
12	categories described in paragraph
13	(2)(D)(iii); or
14	"(ii) the person has established by
15	clear and convincing evidence that 1 or
16	more uses of the new chemical substance
17	meet the criteria described in section
18	6(h)(2)(B), in which case—
19	"(I) the Administrator may by
20	order allow the person to manufacture
21	or process the substance only for such
22	use or uses in accordance with sub-
23	paragraph (A) of section 6(h)(2);
24	"(II) the procedures and require-
25	ments specified in subparagraphs (A),

1	(C), (D), and (E) of section $6(h)(2)$
2	shall apply; and
3	"(III) the Administrator shall
4	not, upon receipt of a notice of com-
5	mencement for the chemical substance
6	under subsection (d), add the chemical
7	substance to the active inventory estab-
8	lished under section $8(h)(1)$ .
9	"(2) Categorization of New Chemical Sub-
10	STANCES.—
11	"(A) Rule.—Not later than 1 year after
12	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act
13	of 2011, the Administrator shall promulgate a
14	rule that—
15	"(i) designates the categories in accord-
16	ance with subparagraph (D) and specifies
17	the process and criteria the Administrator
18	will use to categorize new chemical sub-
19	stances; and
20	"(ii) describes criteria and factors the
21	Administrator will use to assess weight of
22	evidence and the quality and reliability of
23	information used to inform categorization
24	decisions.

1	"(B) Information sources.—In catego-
2	rizing a new chemical substance, the Adminis-
3	trator shall consider information on the sub-
4	stance available to the Administrator at the time
5	the categorization decision is to be made, includ-
6	ing information—
7	"(i) received by the Administrator
8	from the manufacturer or processor of the
9	substance in accordance with subsection (f);
10	"(ii) submitted to a governmental body
11	in another jurisdiction, to the extent that
12	the information is accessible to the Admin-
13	istrator;
14	"(iii) derived through application of
15	validated structure-activity relationship or
16	other models developed by the Administrator
17	to estimate the environmental and human
18	health effects, environmental and biological
19	fate and behavior, and exposure potential of
20	$chemical\ substances;$
21	"(iv) inferred based on the degree of
22	similarity of the structure or properties of
23	the new chemical substance to those of 1 or
24	more other chemical substances for which
25	reliable information exists that is relevant

1	to predicting the potential environmental or
2	human health effects, environmental or bio-
3	logical fate and behavior, or exposure poten-
4	tial of the new chemical substance; and
5	"(v) any additional information the
6	Administrator determines is needed to cat-
7	egorize the substance, including information
8	identified as needed based on the analysis
9	by the Administrator of estimated or in-
10	ferred information described in clauses (iii)
11	and (iv).
12	"(C) Timing.—Not later than 90 days after
13	the date of receipt of a notice under paragraph
14	(1)(A), the Administrator shall assign the new
15	chemical substance for which the notice was sub-
16	mitted to 1 of the categories described in sub-
17	paragraph (D).
18	"(D) Categories.—
19	"(i) In General.—The rule promul-
20	gated pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall
21	incorporate, establish criteria for, and fur-
22	ther specify as needed, the categories de-
23	scribed in this subparagraph, to 1 of which
24	each new chemical substance for which a

1	notice is submitted pursuant to paragraph
2	(1) shall be assigned.
3	"(ii) Substances of very high con-
4	CERN.—
5	"(I) In general.—The Adminis-
6	trator shall designate as a substance of
7	very high concern any new chemical
8	substance that—
9	"(aa) is toxic, persists in the
10	environment, and is bioaccumula-
11	$tive;\ or$
12	"(bb) is highly hazardous.
13	"(II) Requirements.—
14	"(aa) In General.—The Ad-
15	ministrator shall allow the sub-
16	mitter of a notice under para-
17	graph (1)(A) for a new chemical
18	substance assigned to the category
19	described in this clause to manu-
20	facture or process the new chem-
21	ical substance only in accordance
22	with paragraph $(1)(C)(ii)$ .
23	"(bb) Prohibition.—No
24	other person may manufacture or
25	process the chemical substance un-

1	less the person has submitted a
2	notice pursuant to paragraph (1)
3	and the requirements of para-
4	$graph\ (1)(C)(ii)$ have been met
5	with respect to that notice.
6	"(iii) Substances likely to meet
7	THE SAFETY STANDARD.—
8	"(I) In general.—
9	"(aa) The Administrator
10	shall designate as a substance
11	likely to meet the safety standard
12	any new chemical substance that
13	the  Administrator  determines,
14	based on available information,
15	would likely meet the safety
16	standard under section 6(d)—
17	"(AA) for uses and
18	under conditions specified by
19	the submitter of the notice for
20	the new chemical substance
21	pursuant to paragraph (1);
22	or
23	"(BB) for uses and
24	under additional conditions
25	that could be specified by the

1	Administrator in making a
2	safety standard determina-
3	tion for the substance.
4	``(bb) The Administrator
5	shall assign to the category de-
6	scribed in item (aa) any new
7	chemical substance that meets the
8	criteria specified in subclause (II)
9	or (III).
10	"(II) Substances of very low
11	CONCERN.—
12	"(aa) In general.—Within
13	the category described in subclause
14	(I), the Administrator shall des-
15	ignate as a substance of very low
16	concern any new chemical sub-
17	stance that, based on robust infor-
18	mation, the Administrator deter-
19	mines possesses intrinsic low-haz-
20	ard properties so that no further
21	action by the Administrator is
22	warranted unless and until the
23	Administrator receives new infor-
24	mation that warrants a different

1	categorization of the chemical sub-
2	stance.
3	"(bb) Basis of designa-
4	TION.—In identifying new chem-
5	ical substances to be placed in the
6	category described in this sub-
7	clause, the Administrator shall
8	base the designation of a new
9	chemical substance as a substance
10	of very low concern on the appli-
11	cable minimum information set
12	required under section 4, unless
13	the Administrator determines that
14	such designation of a particular
15	new chemical substance—
16	"(AA) can be made to a
17	high degree of confidence
18	based on less information; or
19	"(BB) requires informa-
20	tion in addition to the full
21	minimum information set to
22	address conflicting or ambig-
23	uous findings, in which case
24	the Administrator may re-
25	quire the development and

1	submission of the additional
2	information.
3	"(III) Substances to undergo
4	SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINA-
5	Tions.—Within the category described
6	in subclause (I), the Administrator
7	shall designate as a substance to un-
8	dergo a safety standard determination
9	any new chemical substance that the
10	Administrator determines, based on a
11	screening of available use, hazard, and
12	exposure information, has information
13	available for the chemical substance
14	that is sufficiently robust to determine
15	that the chemical substance does not
16	meet the criteria for the categories de-
17	scribed in subclause (II) or clause (ii)
18	or (iv).
19	"(IV) Requirement.—For a new
20	chemical substance designated as likely
21	to meet the safety standard pursuant
22	to subclause (II) or (III), the Adminis-
23	trator shall, upon submission of a no-
24	tice of commencement described in sub-
25	section (d)—

1	"(aa) add the chemical sub-
2	stance to the active inventory de-
3	scribed in section $8(h)(1)$ ; and
4	"(bb) for a chemical sub-
5	stance designated to undergo a
6	safety standard determination, at
7	the discretion of the Adminis-
8	trator accounting for timing of
9	the submission and workload con-
10	siderations, add the chemical sub-
11	stance to the current batch or hold
12	the substance until the next batch
13	of substances to be prioritized in
14	accordance with section $6(b)(4)$ .
15	"(V) Manufacturing and proc-
16	ESSING.—Pending the completion of a
17	safety standard determination under
18	section 6(d), a chemical substance des-
19	ignated as a substance likely to meet
20	the safety standard may be manufac-
21	tured or processed for uses and under
22	conditions specified by the Adminis-
23	trator in determining that the chemical
24	substance is likely to meet the safety
25	standard—

1	"(aa) by the submitter of the
2	notice for the chemical substance
3	submitted pursuant to paragraph
4	(1)(A), upon submission of a no-
5	tice for the chemical substance
6	$pursuant\ to\ subsection\ (d);$
7	"(bb) by other manufacturers
8	of the chemical substance, once the
9	chemical substance has been
10	placed on the active inventory de-
11	scribed in $section$ $8(h)(1)$ , $upon$
12	submission of a declaration for
13	the chemical substance pursuant
14	to section $8(b)(1)(B)$ ; or
15	"(cc) by processors of the sub-
16	stance, upon compliance with the
17	$requirements\ of\ section\ 8(e).$
18	"(iv) Substances with insufficient
19	INFORMATION.—
20	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
21	trator shall designate as a substance
22	with insufficient information any new
23	chemical substance for which the Ad-
24	ministrator concludes, after gathering
25	and screening available use, hazard,

1	and exposure information, that needed
2	information for the chemical substance
3	is not available, is insufficient, or is
4	not of sufficient quality and reliability
5	to allow for an informed categorization
6	decision.
7	"(II) REQUIRED SUBMISSION.—
8	For substances designated under this
9	clause, the Administrator shall require
10	submission of the applicable minimum
11	information set specified under section
12	4 as needed to inform categorization
13	decisionmaking for new chemical sub-
14	stances.
15	"(III) Recategorization.—Fol-
16	lowing submission of the applicable
17	minimum information set for the
18	chemical substance pursuant to sub-
19	clause (II), the Administrator shall re-
20	categorize the chemical substance using
21	the categories and process described in
22	this paragraph.
23	"(IV) Prohibition.—Notwith-
24	standing paragraph (1)(C)(ii), no per-
25	son may manufacture or process a

1	chemical substance designated under
2	this clause until and unless the infor-
3	mation described in subclause (II) has
4	been submitted and the Administrator
5	has recategorized the substance, at
6	which time the provisions applicable to
7	the category to which the substance has
8	been assigned shall apply.
9	"(v) Substances unlikely to meet
10	THE SAFETY STANDARD.—
11	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
12	trator shall designate as a substance
13	unlikely to meet the safety standard
14	any new chemical substance that the
15	Administrator determines, based on
16	available information, would be un-
17	likely to meet the safety standard
18	$under\ section\ 6(d)$ —
19	"(aa) for uses and under
20	conditions specified by the sub-
21	mitter of the notice for the chem-
22	ical substance pursuant to para-
23	graph (1); or
24	"(bb) for other uses or under
25	additional conditions that the Ad-

1	ministrator may evaluate in mak-
2	ing a safety standard determina-
3	tion for the chemical substance.
4	"(II) Prohibition.—Except as
5	provided under clause (ii), no person
6	may manufacture or process a chem-
7	ical substance designated under this
8	clause.
9	"(c) New Uses of Existing Chemical Sub-
10	STANCES.—
11	"(1) New uses of existing chemical sub-
12	STANCES PRIOR TO SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINA-
13	TION.—
14	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
15	subparagraph (B), with respect to an existing
16	chemical substance for which the Administrator
17	has not made a safety standard determination
18	under section $6(d)$ , no person may manufacture
19	or process the chemical substance—
20	"(i) for a use that was not ongoing on
21	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
22	Act of 2011; or
23	"(ii) at a volume that is significantly
24	increased from the volume as of the date of

1	enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
2	2011.
3	"(B) Exception.—A person may manufac-
4	ture or process a chemical substance in a man-
5	ner prohibited by subparagraph (A) if—
6	"(i) the person submits to the Adminis-
7	trator the notice specified in subsection
8	(g)(1)(B);
9	"(ii) the person complies with sub-
10	section (f); and
11	"(iii) such manufacturing or proc-
12	essing is consistent with subsection
13	(b)(2)(D)(iii)(V).
14	"(C) Guidance.—Not later than 90 days
15	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
16	Act of 2011, the Administrator shall issue guid-
17	ance for the purpose of identifying what con-
18	stitute new uses and significantly increased pro-
19	duction volumes under this paragraph.
20	"(2) New uses of existing chemical sub-
21	STANCES THAT MEET THE SAFETY STANDARD.—
22	"(A) In general.—For an existing chem-
23	ical substance for which the Administrator has
24	determined under section 6(d) that the manufac-
25	turers and processors of the chemical substance

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have established that the substance meets the applicable safety standard, no person may manufacture, process, distribute in commerce, use, or dispose of the chemical substance, or a mixture or article containing the chemical substance for uses, at production volumes, or in manners other than those the Administrator specified in the safety standard determination, unless—

"(i) the person submits to the Administrator a notice in accordance with subsection (g)(1)(C) of the intention of the person to manufacture, process, distribute in commerce, use, or dispose of the chemical substance, or a mixture or article containing the chemical substance, for the new use or at a new production volume, or in such other manner that is inconsistent with a specified condition or term in the safety standard determination made by the Administrator for that substance; and

"(ii) the Administrator determines that the person submitting the notice has established that the chemical substance will continue to meet the safety standard if the allowed uses, production volumes, or other

1	specified conditions or terms for that sub-
2	stance, are revised to encompass the new
3	use, new production volume, or other man-
4	ner of manufacturing, processing, distribu-
5	tion in commerce, use, or disposal.

"(B) AMENDMENT TO SAFETY STANDARD
DETERMINATION.—If the conditions described in
clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A) are satisfied, the Administrator shall, by order, amend
the safety standard determination for the chemical substance to include the new use, production
volume, or other manner of manufacturing or
processing among the allowed uses, production
volumes, or manners of manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, use, or disposal
of the chemical substance.

"(C) Safety standard determination.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clauses (ii) and (iii), not later than 180 days after the date of receipt of a notice pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), the Administrator shall determine whether the person submitting the notice has established that the chemical substance will continue to meet the safety standard under section 6(d).

1	"(ii) Extension.—The Administrator
2	may extend the determination deadline
3	under clause (i) by 1 or more additional pe-
4	riods not to exceed 1 year in the aggregate,
5	in such manner as the Administrator deter-
6	mines necessary.
7	"(iii) Failure to make a timely de-
8	TERMINATION.—The failure of the Adminis-
9	trator to make a timely determination in
10	accordance with this paragraph shall not be
11	$sufficient\ to\ satisfy\ subparagraph\ (A) (ii).$
12	"(d) Notice of Commencement.—
13	"(1) In general.—Not later than 30 days after
14	the date on which a manufacturer or processor com-
15	mences manufacturing or processing of a new chem-
16	ical substance, the manufacturer or processor shall
17	submit to the Administrator a notice of commence-
18	ment of manufacture or processing.
19	"(2) Requirements.—The notice of commence-
20	ment shall—
21	"(A) be considered equivalent to the declara-
22	tion required under subparagraph (A) or (C) of
23	section $8(b)(2)$ ; and
24	"(B) include the information described in
25	section $8(b)(5)$ .

1	"(3) Withdrawal.—A person who has sub-
2	mitted a notice for a chemical substance under sub-
3	section (b) or (c), and has not commenced with manu-
4	facture or processing of the substance, may withdraw
5	the notice.
6	"(e) Chemical Substances Exhibiting Special
7	Substance Characteristics.—
8	"(1) Determination.—The Administrator shall
9	determine by order or rule that a variant of a chem-
10	ical substance exhibiting 1 or more special substance
11	characteristics—
12	"(A) is a use that is separate from any use
13	of the chemical substance that does not exhibit
14	the special substance characteristics; or
15	"(B) is a distinct chemical substance.
16	"(2) Requirements for variants that are
17	SEPARATE USES.—In the case of a chemical substance
18	that the Administrator determines to be a separate
19	use based on the special substance characteristics of
20	the chemical substance, the manufacturer or processor
21	shall satisfy such further conditions as the Adminis-
22	trator establishes, by order or rule.
23	"(3) Requirements for variants that are
24	DISTINCT CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES.—In the case of a
25	chemical substance that the Administrator determines

1	to be a distinct chemical substance based on the spe-
2	cial substance characteristics of the chemical sub-
3	stance, and that is not listed on the active inventory
4	established under section $8(h)(1)$ , the manufacturer or
5	processor shall comply with the requirements of sub-
6	section (b).
7	"(f) Submission of Data.—
8	"(1) In General.—A person shall submit to the
9	Administrator data in accordance with the rule or
10	order at the time that notice is submitted under sub-
11	section (b) or (c) if the person is required to submit
12	to the Administrator—
13	"(A) under subsection (b) or (c), a notice
14	prior to beginning the manufacture or processing
15	of a chemical substance; and
16	"(B) under section 4(b), test data for the
17	chemical substance prior to the submission of the
18	notice.
19	"(2) AVAILABILITY.—Subject to section 14, the
20	Administrator shall make any test data submitted
21	under paragraph (1) available on a publicly acces-
22	sible Internet site.
23	"(3) Timing.—Except as provided under sub-
24	section $(b)(2)(D)(iv)$ , the Administrator may require
25	a person subject to an information requirement for a

1	chemical substance under this subsection or section 4
2	to submit the information—
3	"(A) prior to and as a condition of the Ad-
4	ministrator assigning the substance to a cat-
5	egory;
6	"(B) as a condition of commencement of
7	manufacture or processing; or
8	"(C) as a condition of exceeding a specified
9	manufacturing volume or expanding use of the
10	substance.
11	"(g) Content and Availability of Notice.—
12	"(1) Content.—
13	"(A) New Chemical Substances.—A no-
14	tice under subsection (b)(1) shall include—
15	"(i) the chemical identity and any spe-
16	cial substance characteristics of the chemical
17	substance;
18	"(ii) the identity and primary business
19	location of the manufacturer;
20	"(iii) the information described in sec-
21	$tion \ 8(h)(5)(B)(ii);$
22	"(iv) the minimum information set de-
23	scribed in section 4(a), where applicable;
24	and
25	"(v) a statement that—

1	"(I) the new chemical substance is
2	likely to meet the safety standard
3	under section $6(d)$ ; or
4	"(II) the 1 or more uses proposed
5	for the new chemical substance meet
6	the criteria described in section
7	6(h)(2)(B).
8	"(B) New uses of existing chemical
9	SUBSTANCES PRIOR TO SAFETY STANDARD DE-
10	TERMINATION.—A notice under subsection $(c)(1)$
11	shall include all updates to the declaration de-
12	scribed in section $8(b)(2)$ and information de-
13	scribed in section $8(h)(5)(B)(ii)$ that is relevant
14	to the new use, new production volume, or other
15	new manner of manufacturing or processing.
16	"(C) New uses of existing chemical
17	SUBSTANCES THAT MEET THE SAFETY STAND-
18	ARD.—A notice under subsection $(c)(2)$ shall in-
19	clude—
20	"(i) all updates to the declaration de-
21	scribed in section 8(b)(2);
22	"(ii) information described in section
23	8(h)(5)(B)(ii) that is relevant to the new
24	use, new production volume, or other new
25	manner of manufacturing or processing;

1	"(iii) all updates to the minimum in-
2	formation set described in section 4(a) rel-
3	evant to the new use, new production vol-
4	ume, or other new manner of manufac-
5	turing or processing; and
6	"(iv) a statement that the chemical
7	substance will continue to meet the safety
8	standard if the allowed uses, production vol-
9	umes, or other specified conditions or terms
10	for that chemical substance are revised to
11	encompass the new use, production volume,
12	or other manner of manufacturing or proc-
13	essing.
14	"(2) Availability.—Subject to section 14, the
15	Administrator shall make the notices under para-
16	graph (1) available on a publicly accessible Internet
17	site.
18	"(3) Public information.—Subject to section
19	14, not later than 5 days (excluding Saturdays, Sun-
20	days, and legal holidays) after the date of the receipt
21	of a notice under subsection (b), (c), or (d), or of data
22	under subsection (f), the Administrator shall make
23	available on a publicly accessible Internet site a no-
24	tice that—

1	"(A) identifies the chemical substance for
2	which notice or information has been received;
3	"(B) lists the uses or intended uses of the
4	$chemical\ substance;$
5	"(C) for substances for which a notice is
6	submitted under subsection (b)(1), is promptly
7	updated to specify the category to which the Ad-
8	ministrator has assigned the substance pursuant
9	to subsection $(b)(2)$ once the assignment has been
10	made;
11	"(D) in the case of the receipt of data under
12	subsection (f), describes—
13	"(i) the nature of the tests performed
14	with respect to the chemical substance; and
15	"(ii) any data that were received
16	under subsection (f) or a rule or order
17	under section 4; and
18	"(E) references the availability of the min-
19	imum information set, where applicable.
20	"(4) List of notices.—At the beginning of
21	each month, the Administrator shall make available
22	on a publicly accessible Internet site a list of each
23	chemical substance for which a notice has been re-
24	ceived under subsection (b), (c), or (d).
25	"(h) Exemptions.—

1	"(1) Intrinsically safe substances.—
2	"(A) Exemption.—
3	"(i) In General.—If the Adminis-
4	trator determines that scientific consensus
5	exists that the intrinsic properties of a new
6	chemical substance are such that the chem-
7	ical substance does not and would not pose
8	any risk of injury to human health or the
9	environment under any intended or reason-
10	ably anticipated levels of production, pat-
11	terns of use, or exposures arising at any
12	stage across the lifecycle of the chemical sub-
13	stance, the Administrator may, by order,
14	exempt the chemical substance, or par-
15	ticular uses of such substances, from 1 or
16	more of the requirements of this section.
17	"(ii) Basis of determination.—A
18	determination under clause (i)—
19	"(I) shall be based on consider-
20	ation of the intrinsic properties of the
21	chemical substance; and
22	"(II) shall not be based on find-
23	ings or assumptions of low human or
24	environmental exposure to such sub-
25	stances.

1	"(B) Notice of Determination and ex-
2	EMPTION.—Not later than 30 days after pro-
3	viding an exemption pursuant to subparagraph
4	(A), the Administrator shall publish in the Fed-
5	eral Register a notice that—
6	"(i) subject to section 14, provides the
7	specific identity of the chemical substance
8	$or\ category;$
9	"(ii) if a particular use of the chemical
10	substance is exempted under subparagraph
11	(A), describes the particular use of the
12	chemical substance that the Administrator
13	has exempted; and
14	"(iii) explains and documents the basis
15	for the determination and exemption of the
16	Administrator.
17	"(C) Reconsideration of exemption.—
18	"(i) In general.—The Administrator
19	may reconsider and revoke or modify any
20	exemption provided under subparagraph
21	(A) at any time if the Administrator deter-
22	mines that—
23	"(I) the conditions specified in
24	subparagraph (A) are no longer met;
25	or

1	"(II) such action is necessary to
2	protect human health or the environ-
3	ment or is otherwise in the public in-
4	terest.
5	"(ii) Publication.—In the event of a
6	revocation or modification under clause (i),
7	the Administrator shall publish a notice of
8	the grounds for the revocation.
9	"(D) Prior regulatory exemptions.—
10	"(i) Review.—
11	"(I) In general.—Not later than
12	180 days after the date of enactment of
13	the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the
14	Administrator shall review exemptions
15	that were granted pursuant to sub-
16	section (h)(4) of this section as in effect
17	on the day before that date of enact-
18	ment.
19	"(II) Effect of exemption.—
20	An exemption described in subclause
21	(I) shall continue to be in effect until
22	the date on which the Administrator
23	determines, by order, that—
24	"(aa) the exemption is not
25	appropriate under this section, at

1	which time the exemption shall
2	cease to be in effect; or
3	"(bb) the exemption is appro-
4	priate under this section, at which
5	time the Administrator may issue
6	an order to modify or continue in
7	effect the exemption pursuant to
8	subparagraph (A).
9	"(ii) Polymeric chemical sub-
10	${\it STANCES.} {\itNotwith standing}  {\it subparagraph}$
11	(A) and any previously issued exemption
12	applicable to polymeric chemical sub-
13	stances—
14	"(I) subsection (d) shall apply to
15	new polymeric chemical substances eli-
16	gible for the previously issued exemp-
17	tion—
18	"(aa) during the period prior
19	to a determination by the Admin-
20	istrator pursuant to clause (i) ap-
21	plicable to such substances; and
22	"(bb) after a determination
23	by the Administrator pursuant to
24	clause $(i)(II)(bb)$ $that$ $continu-$
25	ation of the prior exemption is

1	appropriate for some or all such
2	substances, for such substances to
3	which the continuation applies;
4	and
5	"(II) all of this section shall
6	apply to new polymeric chemical sub-
7	stances eligible for the previously
8	issued exemption after a determination
9	by the Administrator pursuant to
10	$clause \ (i)(II)(aa) \ that \ continuation \ of$
11	the prior exemption is not appropriate
12	for some or all such substances, for
13	such substances to which the deter-
14	$mination \ applies.$
15	"(E) NO LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—
16	Nothing in this paragraph limits or otherwise
17	affects the authority of the Administrator under
18	any other provision of this Act.
19	"(2) Test marketing purposes.—Subject to
20	paragraph (6), the Administrator may, upon applica-
21	tion, exempt any person from any requirement of sub-
22	section (b), (c), or (f) to permit the person to manu-
23	facture or process a chemical substance for test mar-
24	keting purposes—

1	"(A) upon a showing by the person, in a
2	manner that the Administrator determines, that
3	the manufacture, processing, distribution in
4	commerce, use, and disposal of the chemical sub-
5	stance (including any combination of those ac-
6	tivities) will not endanger human health or the
7	environment; and
8	"(B) under such restrictions as the Admin-
9	istrator considers appropriate.
10	"(3) Equivalent chemical substances.—
11	"(A) In GENERAL.—The Administrator
12	shall, upon application, fully or partially ex-
13	empt any person from the requirement to submit
14	any data under subsection (b) or (f) if, on re-
15	ceipt of an application, the Administrator deter-
16	mines that—
17	"(i) the chemical substance for which
18	the application was submitted is equivalent
19	to a chemical substance for which data has
20	been submitted to the Administrator as re-
21	quired by this Act; and
22	"(ii) submission of data by the appli-
23	cant on the chemical substance would be du-
24	plicative of data which has been submitted

1	to the Administrator in accordance with
2	$this\ Act.$
3	"(B) Effective date.—No exemption
4	under this paragraph may take effect before the
5	beginning of the reimbursement period applica-
6	ble to the data.
7	"(C) Fair and equitable reimburse-
8	MENT.—
9	"(i) Definition of Reimbursement
10	PERIOD.—In this subparagraph, the term
11	'reimbursement period', with respect to any
12	previously submitted data for a chemical
13	substance, means a period—
14	"(I) beginning on the date of the
15	termination of the prohibition, im-
16	posed under this section, on the manu-
17	facture or processing of the chemical
18	substance by the person who submitted
19	the data to the Administrator; and
20	"(II) ending on the later of—
21	"(aa) the date that is 5 years
22	after the date referred to in sub-
23	clause (I); $or$
24	"(bb) the expiration of the
25	period, which begins on the date

1	referred to in subclause (I) and is
2	equal to the period that the Ad-
3	ministrator determines to be nec-
4	essary to develop the data.
5	"(ii) Reimbursement.—Except as
6	provided in clause (iii), if the Adminis-
7	trator exempts any person, under subpara-
8	graph (A), and the exemption is granted
9	during the reimbursement period for that
10	data, the Administrator shall order the per-
11	son granted the exemption to provide fair
12	and equitable reimbursement (in an amount
13	determined by the Administrator)—
14	"(I) to the person who previously
15	submitted the data on which the ex-
16	emption was based, for a portion of the
17	costs incurred by the person in com-
18	plying with the requirement under this
19	title to submit the data; and
20	"(II) to any other person who has
21	been required under this subparagraph
22	to contribute with respect to the costs,
23	for a portion of the amount the person
24	was required to contribute.

1	"(iii) Exception.—Clause (ii) shall
2	not apply if the person exempted under that
3	clause and the persons described in sub-
4	clauses (I) and (II) of that clause agree on
5	the amount and method of reimbursement.
6	"(iv) Considerations.—In promul-
7	gating rules for the determination of fair
8	and equitable reimbursement to the persons
9	described in subclauses (I) and (II) of
10	clause (ii) for costs incurred with respect to
11	a chemical substance, the Administrator
12	shall, after consultation with the Attorney
13	General and the Federal Trade Commission,
14	consider all relevant factors, including—
15	"(I) the effect on the competitive
16	position of the person required to pro-
17	vide reimbursement in relation to the
18	persons to be reimbursed; and
19	"(II) the share of the market for
20	the chemical substance of the person re-
21	quired to provide reimbursement to the
22	share of the market of the persons to be
23	reimbursed.
24	"(4) Small quantities solely for experi-
25	MENTATION, RESEARCH, AND ANALYSIS.—

1	"(A) In general.—If the conditions de-
2	scribed in subparagraph (B) are met, subsections
3	(b), (c), and (f) shall not apply with respect to
4	the manufacturing or processing of any chemical
5	substance that is manufactured or processed, or
6	proposed to be manufactured or processed, only
7	in small quantities (as defined by the Adminis-
8	trator by rule) solely for purposes of—
9	"(i) scientific experimentation or anal-
10	ysis; or
11	"(ii) chemical research on, or analysis
12	of the chemical substance or another chem-
13	ical substance, including such research or
14	analysis for the development of a product.
15	"(B) Conditions.—All persons engaged in
16	the experimentation, research, or analysis for a
17	manufacturer or processor shall be notified (in
18	such form and manner as the Administrator
19	may prescribe) of any risk to human health that
20	the manufacturer, processor, or the Adminis-
21	trator has reason to believe may be associated
22	with that chemical substance.
23	"(5) Temporary existence.—Subject to para-
24	araph (6), the Administrator may upon application.

1	exempt from subsections (b), (c), and (f) the manufac-
2	turing or processing of any chemical substance—
3	"(A) that exists temporarily as a result of
4	a chemical reaction in the manufacturing or
5	processing of a mixture or another chemical sub-
6	stance; and
7	"(B) to which there is no, and will not be,
8	human or environmental exposure.
9	"(6) Publication.—
10	"(A) In general.—As soon as practicable
11	after the date of receipt of an application under
12	paragraph (2) or (5), the Administrator shall
13	publish in the Federal Register notice of the re-
14	ceipt of the application.
15	"(B) Requirements.—The Administrator
16	shall—
17	"(i) give interested persons an oppor-
18	tunity to comment upon any application
19	described in subparagraph (A);
20	"(ii) not later than 45 days after the
21	date of receipt of an application, approve or
22	deny the application; and
23	"(iii) publish in the Federal Register
24	notice of the approval or denial of the ap-
25	plication.

1	"(i) Certification.—Each submission required
2	under this section or under a rule or an order promulgated
3	or issued by the Administrator under this section shall be
4	accompanied by a certification signed by a responsible offi-
5	cial of the manufacturer or processor that each statement
6	contained in the submission—
7	"(1) is accurate and reliable; and
8	"(2) includes all material facts required by the
9	applicable provision of this section or rule or order
10	under this section.".
11	SEC. 7. BATCHING, CATEGORIZATION, PRIORITIZATION,
12	SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINATION, AND
13	RISK MANAGEMENT.
14	(a) In General.—Section 6 of the Toxic Substances
15	Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2605) is amended—
16	(1) by striking subsection (f);
17	(2) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection
18	(i);
19	(3) by striking the section heading and designa-
20	tion and all that follows through subsection (d) and
21	inserting the following:
22	"SEC. 6. BATCHING, CATEGORIZATION, PRIORITIZATION,
23	SAFETY STANDARD DETERMINATION, AND
24	RISK MANAGEMENT.
25	"(a) Batching.—

"(1) In General.—To ensure that an efficient and orderly process and pace is established for the determination of safety of chemical substances in commerce and the application of risk management measures as needed, the Administrator shall establish a system for assigning chemical substances into batches in accordance with this subsection.

## "(2) Requirements.—

"(A) TIMING.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, and not less frequently than once every 5 years thereafter until all chemical substances listed on the active portion of the inventory established under section 8(h)(1) have been assigned to a batch, the Administrator shall assign chemical substances on the active portion of the inventory to batches of chemical substances under this subsection.

"(B) NUMBER.—Each batch established under this subsection shall include a number of chemical substances approximately equal to the number of chemical substances for which reports are submitted to the Administrator under the chemical data reporting rule as of the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011.

1	"(C) Publication.—The Administrator
2	shall publish, subject to section 14, the list of
3	chemical substances assigned to each batch
4	promptly on designation of the chemical sub-
5	stances to the batch.
6	"(3) Initial batch.—
7	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
8	graph (B), the initial batch of chemical sub-
9	stances designated under paragraph (2)(A) shall
10	include the chemical substances for which reports
11	are submitted to the Administrator under the
12	chemical data reporting rule as of the date of en-
13	actment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011.
14	"(B) Inclusions and exclusions.—Not-
15	withstanding subparagraph (A), the Adminis-
16	trator may—
17	"(i) include in the initial batch chem-
18	ical substances that—
19	"(I) are manufactured at volumes
20	below the threshold used under the
21	chemical data reporting rule to des-
22	ignate chemical substances subject to
23	basic reporting under that rule; but
24	"(II) are used or released into the
25	environment in a manner that the Ad-

1	ministrator determines warrants early
2	evaluation; and
3	"(ii) exclude from the initial batch
4	chemical substances that—
5	"(I) are reported to the Adminis-
6	trator under the chemical data report-
7	ing rule; but
8	"(II) are used or released into the
9	environment in a manner that the Ad-
10	ministrator determines does not war-
11	rant early evaluation.
12	"(4) Subsequent Batches.—The Adminis-
13	trator shall assign chemical substances to subsequent
14	batches in a manner that the Administrator deter-
15	mines reflects the extent to which the chemical sub-
16	stances warrant earlier or later evaluation.
17	"(b) Categorization and Prioritization.—
18	"(1) Regulations.—Not later than 1 year after
19	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
20	2011, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations
21	that—
22	"(A) establish the categories and specify the
23	process and criteria the Administrator will use
24	to categorize chemical substances, which shall be
25	consistent with paragraph (3)(B), beginning

1	with those chemical substances assigned to the
2	$initial\ batch\ described\ in\ subsection\ (a)(3);$
3	"(B) designate the process and criteria the
4	Administrator will use to prioritize chemical
5	substances that are placed in the category of
6	chemical substances to undergo safety standard
7	determinations, which shall be consistent with
8	the priorities described in paragraph (4);
9	"(C) describe how the categorization and
10	prioritization process and criteria relate to, and
11	take into account, the categorization and
12	prioritization decisions made in other jurisdic-
13	tions, including States and foreign governments;
14	and
15	"(D) describe criteria and factors the Ad-
16	ministrator will use to weigh evidence and assess
17	the quality and reliability of information used to
18	inform categorization and prioritization deci-
19	sions.
20	"(2) Information sources.—
21	"(A) In general.—In making categoriza-
22	tion and prioritization decisions, the Adminis-
23	trator shall take into consideration information
24	regarding chemical substances that is available

1	to the Administrator at the time the decisions
2	are made, including information that is—
3	"(i) received by the Administrator
4	from manufacturers or processors pursuant
5	to requirements under section 8(b) and (c);
6	"(ii) included in any minimum infor-
7	mation set required under section 4;
8	"(iii) submitted to the Administrator
9	that is relevant to the categorization or
10	prioritization of the chemical substance;
11	and
12	"(iv) identified through an active
13	search by the Administrator of information
14	sources that are publicly available or other-
15	wise accessible to the Administrator.
16	"(B) Information from manufacturers
17	AND PROCESSORS.—
18	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
19	(ii), on designation by the Administrator
20	under paragraph $(3)(B)(iii)$ of a chemical
21	substance safety standard determination,
22	any manufacturer or processor of a des-
23	ignated chemical substance and any trade
24	association or voluntary consortium that
25	represents a manufacturer or processor of a

1	designated chemical substance may provide
2	to the Administrator information that—
3	"(I) relates to the chemical sub-
4	stances manufactured or processed by
5	the applicable manufacturer or proc-
6	essor;
7	"(II) is in the possession of, or
8	known to, the manufacturer, processor,
9	trade association, or consortium; and
10	"(III) is not already available to
11	$the \ Administrator.$
12	"(ii) Requirement.—If a manufac-
13	turer, processor, trade association, or con-
14	sortium elects to provide information to the
15	Administrator under clause (i), the manu-
16	facturer, processor, trade association, or
17	consortium shall provide all relevant infor-
18	mation in the possession of, or known to,
19	the manufacturer, processor, trade associa-
20	tion, or consortium for each chemical sub-
21	stance designated by the Administrator that
22	is manufactured or processed by the appli-
23	cable manufacturer or processor.
24	"(iii) Method of submission.—In-
25	formation described in this subparagraph

1	may be submitted to the Administrator
2	by—
3	"(I) a manufacturer or proc-
4	essor—
5	"(aa) on an individual basis;
6	or
7	"(bb) through a trade asso-
8	ciation or voluntary consortium;
9	and
10	"(II) a trade association or vol-
11	untary consortium that has developed
12	relevant information on behalf of the
13	manufacturers or processors of des-
14	ignated chemical substances rep-
15	resented by the trade association or
16	$voluntary\ consortium.$
17	"(3) Categorization of Chemical Sub-
18	STANCES.—
19	"(A) TIMING.—
20	"(i) Initial Batch.—Not later than
21	180 days after the date of promulgation of
22	regulations pursuant to paragraph (1), the
23	Administrator shall publish, subject to sec-
24	tion 14, the category assignments for the
25	initial batch of chemical substances identi-

1	fied under subsection $(a)(3)$ , using the cat-
2	egories described in subparagraph (B).
3	"(ii) Subsequent batches.—Not
4	later than 180 days after the date on which
5	the Administrator designates each subse-
6	quent batch of chemical substances under
7	subsection  (a)(2)(A),  the  Administrator
8	shall publish the category assignments for
9	the chemical substances in the batch.
10	"(B) Categories.—The regulation promul-
11	gated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall incor-
12	porate, establish criteria for, and further specify
13	as needed, the following categories into which
14	chemical substances in each batch shall be
15	placed:
16	"(i) Substances of very high con-
17	CERN.—
18	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
19	trator shall designate as substances of
20	very high concern those chemical sub-
21	stances—
22	"(aa) for which there is evi-
23	dence of widespread exposure and
24	$\it that$ —

1	"(AA) are toxic, persist
2	in the environment, and are
3	$bio accumulative;\ or$
4	"(BB) are highly haz-
5	ardous;
6	"(bb) that are subject to reg-
7	ulation under section 6 or 7 of
8	this Act (as in effect on the day
9	before the date of enactment of the
10	Safe Chemicals Act of 2011); or
11	"(cc) that are subject to a
12	voluntary phase-out, administered
13	by the Administrator, that has
14	been completed or is underway at
15	the time the category designation
16	$is \ made.$
17	"(II) Information set.—A min-
18	imum information set, as specified
19	under section 4, need not be submitted
20	or otherwise available for a chemical
21	substance to be designated a substance
22	of very high concern under this clause.
23	"(ii) Substances of very low con-
24	CERN —

1	"(I) In general.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall designate as substances of
3	very low concern those chemical sub-
4	stances that, based on robust informa-
5	tion, the Administrator determines
6	possess intrinsic low-hazard properties
7	such that no further action by the Ad-
8	ministrator is warranted, unless the
9	Administrator receives new informa-
10	tion that warrants a different cat-
11	egorization of the chemical substance.
12	"(II) Factors for consider-
13	ATION.—In designating chemical sub-
14	stances to be placed in the very low
15	concern category under this clause, the
16	Administrator shall—
17	"(aa) take into consideration
18	whether chemical substances in
19	commerce have received, as of the
20	date of enactment of the Safe
21	Chemicals Act of 2011, exemptions
22	under section 5 of this Act (as in
23	effect on the day before the date of
24	enactment of the Safe Chemicals

1	Act of 2011) based on anticipated
2	low intrinsic hazard; and
3	"(bb) in general, base the
4	designation on a minimum infor-
5	mation set as required under sec-
6	tion 4, unless the Administrator
7	determines that such designation
8	of a particular chemical sub-
9	stance—
10	"(AA) can be made to a
11	high degree of confidence
12	based on less information; or
13	"(BB) requires informa-
14	tion in addition to the full
15	minimum information set to
16	address conflicting or ambig-
17	uous findings, in which case
18	the Administrator may re-
19	quire the development and
20	submission of the additional
21	information.
22	"(iii) Substances to undergo safe-
23	TY STANDARD DETERMINATIONS.—The Ad-
24	ministrator shall designate as substances to
25	undergo safety standard determinations

1	those chemical substances that the Adminis-
2	trator determines—
3	"(I) based on a screening of avail-
4	able use, hazard, and exposure infor-
5	mation, do not meet the criteria for the
6	categories described in clauses (i) and
7	(ii); and
8	"(II) are the subject of available
9	information that is sufficiently robust
10	to inform prioritization decisions to be
11	made for the chemical substances under
12	paragraph (4).
13	"(iv) Substances with insufficient
14	INFORMATION.—
15	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
16	trator shall designate as substances
17	with insufficient information those
18	chemical substances for which the Ad-
19	ministrator determines, after gathering
20	and screening available use, hazard,
21	and exposure information, that infor-
22	mation is not available, is insufficient,
23	or is not of sufficient quality and reli-
24	ability to allow for an informed cat-
25	egorization decision.

1	"(II) Minimum information
2	SET.—
3	"(aa) In GENERAL.—For
4	chemical substances designated
5	under this clause, the Adminis-
6	trator shall require submission of
7	the applicable minimum informa-
8	tion set specified under section 4
9	as needed to inform categorization
10	decision making.
11	"(bb) Timing.—The min-
12	imum information set shall be
13	submitted to the Administrator—
14	"(AA) not later than 5
15	years after the date of enact-
16	ment of the Safe Chemicals
17	Act of 2011 for the initial
18	batch of chemical substances
19	identified under subsection
20	(a)(3); and
21	"(BB) not later than 5
22	years after the assignment of
23	a chemical substance to the
24	category under this clause for
25	subsequent batches.

1	"(III) Recategorization.—
2	"(aa) In GENERAL.—After
3	submission of the minimum infor-
4	mation set for a chemical sub-
5	stance pursuant to subclause (I),
6	the Administrator shall recat-
7	egorize the chemical substance
8	using the categories and process
9	described in this paragraph.
10	"(bb) Discretion of Admin-
11	${\it ISTRATOR.}$ —The ${\it Administrator},$
12	taking into account the timing of
13	the submission and workload con-
14	siderations, may—
15	"(AA) add a chemical
16	substance to a current batch;
17	or
18	"(BB) hold the chemical
19	substance until the next
20	batch of chemical substances
21	$for\ recategorization.$
22	"(4) Prioritization of Chemical Sub-
23	STANCES.—
24	"(A) TIMING.—

1	"(i) Initial Batch.—Not later than
2	270 days after the date of promulgation of
3	regulations pursuant to paragraph (1), the
4	Administrator shall publish, subject to sec-
5	tion 14, the priority class assignments,
6	using the priority classes described in sub-
7	paragraph (B), for the chemical substances
8	in the initial batch of chemical substances
9	identified under subsection (a)(3) that the
10	Administrator has assigned to the category
11	of chemical substances to undergo safety
12	standard determinations.
13	"(ii) Subsequent batches.—Not
14	later than 270 days after the date on which
15	the Administrator designates each subse-
16	quent batch of chemical substances under
17	subsection  (a)(2)(A),  the  Administrator
18	shall publish the priority class assignments
19	for the chemical substances in the batch that
20	the Administrator has assigned to the cat-
21	egory of chemical substances to undergo
22	safety standard determinations.
23	"(B) Criteria used by the
24	Administrator to assign chemical substances to
25	priority classes shall take into account—

1	"(i) potential impacts of the chemical
2	substance on human health and the environ-
3	ment;
4	"(ii) the hazard potential of the chem-
5	ical substance, including classifications and
6	designations of hazard characteristics by
7	other authoritative entities;
8	"(iii) the potential for exposure to the
9	chemical substance; and
10	"(iv) measurements of exposure for a
11	given pathway of exposure, if available and
12	reliable, in preference to less direct indica-
13	tors of, or surrogates for, exposure potential
14	for the same pathway.
15	"(C) Priority classes.—The regulations
16	promulgated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall es-
17	tablish the following priority classes and cri-
18	teria, and further specify the process the Admin-
19	istrator will use to assign to the priority classes
20	the chemical substances in each batch that the
21	Administrator has assigned to the category of
22	chemical substances to undergo safety standard
23	determinations:
24	"(i) Priority class 1.—

1	"(I) In general.—In each batch,
2	the Administrator shall designate as
3	Priority Class 1 those chemical sub-
4	stances that the Administrator deter-
5	mines warrant safety standard deter-
6	minations in the near term.
7	"(II) Initial assignment.—The
8	Administrator shall in each batch ini-
9	tially designate as Priority Class 1
10	chemical substances that possess rel-
11	atively greater hazard potential and
12	for which there is evidence of more sig-
13	nificant or widespread exposure.
14	"(III) Reassignment.—As safety
15	standard determinations for the chem-
16	ical substance are completed, the Ad-
17	ministrator may designate as Priority
18	Class 1 any chemical substance ini-
19	tially assigned to a lower priority
20	class, including chemical substances—
21	"(aa) posing significant haz-
22	ard concerns but of less or un-
23	known exposure concern;

1	"(bb) posing significant ex-
2	posure concern but of less or un-
3	known hazard concern; or
4	"(cc) posing less hazard and
5	exposure concerns.
6	"(IV) Factors for consider-
7	ATION.—In determining the number of
8	chemical substances to be placed in
9	Priority Class 1, the Administrator
10	shall seek to balance considerations re-
11	lating to—
12	"(aa) the number of chemical
13	substances for which safety stand-
14	ard determinations need to be
15	conducted;
16	"(bb) the resources available
17	to the Administrator for con-
18	ducting safety standard deter-
19	minations; and
20	"(cc) the deadlines for com-
21	pletion of safety standard deter-
22	minations specified in subsection
23	(d)(4).
24	"(ii) Priority class 2.—

1	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall designate as Priority Class
3	2 those chemical substances that the
4	Administrator determines are of lower
5	priority than Priority Class 1 sub-
6	stances with respect to the timing for
7	conducting safety standard determina-
8	tions.
9	"(II) Minimum information
10	SET.—
11	"(aa) In General.—For
12	chemical substances designated
13	under this clause, the Adminis-
14	trator shall require submission of
15	the applicable minimum informa-
16	tion set specified under section 4
17	as needed to inform prioritization
18	decision making.
19	"(bb) Timing.—The min-
20	imum information set shall be
21	submitted to the Administrator—
22	"(AA) not later than 5
23	years after the date of enact-
24	ment of the Safe Chemicals
25	Act of 2011 for chemical sub-

1	stances in the initial batch
2	identified under subsection
3	(a)(3) that are assigned to
4	Priority Class 2; and
5	"(BB) not later than 5
6	years after the assignment of
7	a chemical substance to Pri-
8	ority Class 2 under this
9	clause for subsequent batches.
10	"(III) Reprioritization.—After
11	submission of the minimum informa-
12	tion set for a chemical substance under
13	subclause (II), the Administrator shall,
14	if warranted, recategorize or otherwise
15	reprioritize the chemical substance
16	using the priority classes and process
17	described in this paragraph, together
18	with other chemical substances in the
19	batch undergoing prioritization at the
20	time of the submission.
21	"(IV) Reprioritization to pri-
22	ORITY CLASS 1.—As safety standard
23	determinations are completed on Pri-
24	ority Class 1 chemical substances pur-
25	suant to subsection (d), the Adminis-

1	trator shall reprioritize Priority Class
2	2 substances as Priority Class 1 at a
3	pace consistent with—
4	"(aa) the resources available
5	to the Administrator for con-
6	ducting safety standard deter-
7	minations; and
8	"(bb) the deadlines for com-
9	pletion of safety standard deter-
10	minations specified in subsection
11	(d)(4).
12	"(iii) Priority class 3.—
13	"(I) In General.—The Adminis-
14	trator shall designate as Priority Class
15	3 those chemical substances that the
16	Administrator determines may be set
17	aside for further assessment until such
18	time as—
19	"(aa) safety standard deter-
20	minations are completed on all
21	Priority Class 1 and 2 substances;
22	or
23	"(bb) new information arises
24	that warrants reprioritization of

1	such a substance to a higher pri-
2	ority class.
3	"(II) Minimum information
4	SET.—
5	"(aa) In general.—For a
6	chemical substance designated
7	under this clause, the Adminis-
8	trator shall not require submis-
9	sion of the applicable minimum
10	information set specified under
11	section 4 until such time as the
12	chemical substance is reassigned
13	to Priority Class 1 or 2.
14	"(bb) Submission.—On re-
15	assignment of a chemical sub-
16	stance to Priority Class 1 or 2
17	under item (aa), the minimum
18	information set shall be submitted
19	to the Administrator not later
20	than 5 years after the date of the
21	reassignment.
22	"(III) Reprioritization.—After
23	submission of the minimum informa-
24	tion set for a chemical substance pur-
25	suant to subclause (II), the Adminis-

1	trator shall reprioritize the chemical
2	substance using the priority classes
3	and process described in this para-
4	graph, together with chemical sub-
5	stances in the batch undergoing
6	prioritization at the time of the sub-
7	mission.
8	"(IV) Reprioritization to pri-
9	ORITY CLASSES 1 AND 2.—In conjunc-
10	tion with the reprioritization by the
11	Administrator of Priority Class 2 sub-
12	stances as Priority Class 1, the Admin-
13	istrator shall reprioritize Priority
14	Class 3 substances as Priority Class 1
15	or 2, at a pace consistent with—
16	"(aa) the resources available
17	to the Administrator for con-
18	ducting safety standard deter-
19	minations; and
20	"(bb) the deadlines for com-
21	pletion of safety standard deter-
22	minations specified in subsection
23	(d)(4).
24	"(c) Treatment as Final Agency Action; No Judi-
25	CIAL REVIEW; NONDISCRETIONARY DUTY.—

1	"(1) In General.—The designation by the Ad-
2	ministrator of batches of chemical substances pursu-
3	ant to subsection (a), the assignment of chemical sub-
4	stances to categories pursuant to subsection (b)(3),
5	and the assignment of chemical substances to priority
6	classes pursuant to subsection (b)(4), including any
7	determination of the Administrator to include a spe-
8	cific chemical substance in, or exclude a specific
9	chemical substance from, a designated batch, category,
10	or priority class under this section, shall not be—
11	"(A) considered to be a final agency action
12	for the purpose of subchapter II of chapter 5,
13	and chapter 7, of title 5, United States Code
14	(commonly known as 'the Administrative Proce-
15	$dure\ Act');\ or$
16	"(B) subject to judicial review.
17	"(2) Failure to act.—A failure by the Admin-
18	istrator to designate or publish a list of chemical sub-
19	stances assigned to a batch, category, or priority class
20	in accordance with this subsection shall be—
21	"(A) considered to be a failure to perform
22	a nondiscretionary duty; and
23	"(B) subject to judicial review.
24	"(d) Safety Standard Determinations for Chem-
25	ICAL SUBSTANCES.—

1	"(1) In general.—
2	"(A) Application.—This paragraph ap-
3	plies to any determination or redetermination
4	regarding whether a chemical substance meets
5	the safety standards of this Act.
6	"(B) Responsibilities.—
7	"(i) In general.—For purposes of
8	this Act, each manufacturer and processor
9	of a chemical substance shall at all times
10	bear the burden of proof in any legal pro-
11	ceeding relating to a decision of the Admin-
12	istrator regarding whether the chemical sub-
13	stance meets the safety standard.
14	"(ii) Duties.—For purposes of this
15	Act—
16	"(I) it shall be the duty of the
17	manufacturer or processor of a chem-
18	ical substance to provide sufficient in-
19	formation for the Administrator to de-
20	termine whether the chemical substance
21	meets the safety standard; and
22	"(II) it shall be the duty of the
23	Administrator to determine whether a
24	chemical substance meets the safety
25	standard.

1	"(2) Assessment of risk.—
2	"(A) Assessment.—
3	"(i) In General.—A chemical sub-
4	stance that undergoes a safety standard de-
5	termination under this section may be man-
6	ufactured, processed, or distributed in com-
7	merce only if the Administrator determines
8	that the chemical substance—
9	"(I) meets the safety standard,
10	taking into account any existing condi-
11	tions or controls already in effect; or
12	"(II) can meet the safety standard
13	for all or some uses through the impo-
14	sition of additional conditions.
15	"(ii) Requirement.—Any assessment
16	of risk used to support a determination that
17	a chemical substance meets the safety stand-
18	ard under clause (i) shall be conducted by
19	employees of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency who are competent to conduct such
21	assessments.
22	"(B) Safety standard.—
23	"(i) In General.—The Administrator
24	shall base a determination of whether a
25	safetu standard for a chemical substance

1	has been met under subparagraph (A) solely
2	on considerations of human health and the
3	environment, including the health of vulner-
4	able populations.
5	"(ii) Considerations.—In making a
6	safety standard determination under this
7	subsection, for each chemical substance, the
8	Administrator shall—
9	"(I) to the extent practicable, re-
10	view and incorporate any available
11	scientific information relating to the
12	effect of cumulative exposure relevant
13	to that chemical substance on human
14	health and the environment; and
15	"(II) find that a chemical sub-
16	stance meets the safety standard only if
17	the Administrator finds that there is a
18	reasonable certainty that no harm will
19	result to human health or the environ-
20	ment from aggregate exposure to the
21	$chemical\ substance.$
22	"(C) Financial interests.—No person
23	conducting an assessment described in subpara-
24	graph (A), or a peer review of such an assess-

1	ment, may have a direct or indirect financial in-
2	terest in the outcome of the assessment.
3	"(D) Methodology.—
4	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
5	(ii), the Administrator shall use the best
6	available science when conducting an assess-
7	ment described in subparagraph (A).
8	"(ii) Considerations.—For the pur-
9	pose of determining the current best avail-
10	able science the Administrator shall base the
11	determination on the recommendations of
12	the National Academy of Sciences in the re-
13	port entitled 'Science and Decisions'.
14	"(iii) Review.—Not later than 5 years
15	after the date of enactment of the Safe
16	Chemicals Act of 2011, and not less fre-
17	quently than once every 5 years thereafter,
18	the Administrator shall review the method-
19	ology under this paragraph and may revise
20	the methodology to reflect new scientific de-
21	velopments or understandings.
22	"(E) Scope.—An assessment described in
23	subparagraph (A) shall address health or envi-
24	ronmental impacts including potential or dem-
25	onstrated cancer and noncancer endpoints.

1	"(F) Transparency.—In carrying out this
2	subsection, the Administrator shall ensure that
3	the approaches and resulting assessments are
4	communicated in a manner that is transparent
5	and understandable to—
6	"(i) the public; and
7	"(ii) risk managers.
8	"(G) Manufacture or processing for
9	EXPORT.—In the case of a chemical substance
10	that is manufactured or processed in whole or in
11	part for export, in determining whether the
12	chemical substance meets the safety standard
13	$under\ subparagraph\ (A)(i),\ the\ Administrator$
14	shall take into account any risk—
15	"(i) that the chemical substance may
16	pose in the United States, including risks
17	involving long-range transport of the chem-
18	ical substance in the environment; or
19	"(ii) involving the import of articles
20	and mixtures containing the chemical sub-
21	stance.
22	"(H) RISK ASSESSMENT NOT REQUIRED.—
23	The Administrator shall not be required to con-
24	duct a risk assessment to determine that a man-

1	ufacturer or processor has not met the burden of
2	$proof\ under\ paragraph\ (1)(B).$
3	"(I) No judicial review.—A determina-
4	tion by the Administrator that a manufacturer
5	or processor has not established that the chemical
6	substance meets the applicable safety standard
7	under this subsection shall not be subject to judi-
8	cial review.
9	"(3) Information for safety standard de-
10	TERMINATIONS.—
11	"(A) In General.—In making a safety
12	standard determination with respect to a chem-
13	ical substance, the Administrator—
14	"(i) shall take into consideration infor-
15	mation regarding the chemical substance
16	that is already available to the Adminis-
17	trator at the time the determination is to be
18	made, including information—
19	"(I) received by the Administrator
20	from manufacturers or processors
21	under this section or section 8;
22	"(II) contained in any minimum
23	information sets previously required
24	under section 4;

1	"(III) voluntarily submitted by
2	manufacturers and processors in ac-
3	$cordance\ with\ subsection\ (b)(2)(B);$
4	"(IV) submitted by any other
5	party to the Administrator that is rel-
6	evant to the conduct of a safety stand-
7	ard determination of the chemical sub-
8	$stance;\ or$
9	"(V) identified through an active
10	search by the Administrator of infor-
11	mation sources that are publicly avail-
12	able or otherwise accessible to the Ad-
13	ministrator;
14	"(ii) shall require information needed
15	to complete the applicable minimum infor-
16	mation set for the chemical substance re-
17	$quired\ under\ section\ 4(a);$
18	"(iii) may require, by regulation or
19	order pursuant to section 4(b) or 8(e), man-
20	ufacturers or processors of the chemical sub-
21	stance to develop and submit any addi-
22	tional information the Administrator deter-
23	mines is needed to conduct the safety stand-
24	ard determination of the chemical sub-
25	stance; and

"(iv) shall take into consideration, but	1
not rely on, assessments of safety or anal	2
yses of the effectiveness of existing contro	3
measures—	4
"(I) submitted to the Adminis	5
trator by any party; or	6
"(II) conducted by a govern	7
mental entity in another jurisdiction.	8
"(4) Timing of safety standard determina	9
TIONS.—	10
"(A) Priority class 1.—	11
"(i) In General.—Beginning with	12
chemical substances initially designated as	13
Priority Class 1 under subsection	14
(b)(4)(C)(i), the Administrator shall con	15
duct safety standard determinations of al	16
chemical substances assigned to the category	17
of substances to undergo safety standard de	18
terminations pursuant to subsection	19
(b)(3)(B)(iii).	20
"(ii) Initial Batch.—Not later than 8	21
years after the date of enactment of the Safe	22
Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator	23
shall complete and publish safety standard	24
determinations for all chemical substances	25

1	designated as Priority Class 1 substances in
2	the initial batch of chemical substances
3	$identified\ under\ subsection\ (a)(3).$
4	"(iii) Subsequent batches.—Not
5	later than 5 years after the date on which
6	the Administrator designates chemical sub-
7	stances as Priority Class 1 in each subse-
8	quent batch of chemical substances under
9	subsection $(a)(2)(A)$ , the $Administrator$
10	shall complete and publish safety standard
11	determinations for those Priority Class 1
12	substances in the batch.
13	"(B) Priority classes 2 and 3.—
14	"(i) In general.—Each chemical sub-
15	stance initially designated as Priority Class
16	2 or 3 shall become subject to
17	reprioritization and safety standard deter-
18	minations in accordance with subsection
19	(b)(4).
20	"(ii) Reprioritization.—Not later
21	than 5 years after the date on which the Ad-
22	ministrator designates a Priority Class 2 or
23	3 substance to be Priority Class 1, the Ad-
24	ministrator shall complete and publish the

1	safety standard determination on the chem-
2	$ical\ substance.$
3	"(C) Notice of overdue determina-
4	TION.—If the Administrator fails to act by an
5	applicable deadline under subparagraph (A) or
6	(B), each manufacturer and processor of a chem-
7	ical substance for which the Administrator has
8	failed to act shall provide to the Administrator,
9	the public, employees and recognized bargaining
10	agents of any employees who are represented by
11	bargaining agents of the manufacturer or proc-
12	essor, and each known customer who has pur-
13	chased the chemical substance within a reason-
14	able timeframe, as determined by the Adminis-
15	trator by regulation or order, a written notice
16	that a determination by the Administrator of the
17	safety of the chemical substance is pending.
18	"(D) Failure of manufacturer or
19	PROCESSOR TO MEET DUTIES.—If a manufac-
20	turer or processor fails to meet any duty under

- "(D) Failure of Manufacturer or Processor to Meet Duties.—If a manufacturer or processor fails to meet any duty under this paragraph for a chemical substance, the Administrator, by order, may take any action authorized under subsection (f).
- 24 "(5) Outcome of Safety Standard Deter-25 minations.—

22

1	"(A) Determination.—
2	"(i) In general.—In making a safety
3	standard determination for a chemical sub-
4	stance, the Administrator, by order, shall
5	determine or redetermine, as appropriate,
6	whether the manufacturers and processors of
7	the chemical substance have established that
8	the chemical substance meets the safety
9	standard.
10	"(ii) Concurrent publication.—The
11	Administrator—
12	"(I) shall seek to publish safety
13	standard determination and risk man-
14	agement decisions concurrently, to the
15	maximum extent practicable; but
16	"(II) shall not unduly delay the
17	issuance of any safety standard deter-
18	mination if more information or anal-
19	ysis is required to make a determina-
20	tion regarding risk management.
21	"(iii) Other requirements.—The
22	Administrator—
23	"(I) may publish safety standard
24	determinations for chemical substances
25	individually or in groups; but

1	"(II) shall publish completed de-
2	terminations—
3	"(aa) not less frequently than
4	annually; and
5	"(bb) at a pace sufficient to
6	demonstrate steady progress to-
7	ward completing all such safety
8	standard determinations within
9	the required timeframe.
10	"(iv) Public notice and comment.—
11	The Administrator shall provide reasonable
12	public notice and opportunity for comment
13	on all published safety standard determina-
14	tions through any reasonable means of pub-
15	lication and solicitation of comments, in-
16	cluding electronic means.
17	"(B) Positive safety standard deter-
18	MINATION WITHOUT NEW CONDITIONS.—If the
19	Administrator determines that a chemical sub-
20	stance meets the safety standard for all current
21	uses and under conditions currently used, the
22	Administrator shall specify in the order—
23	"(i) the allowed uses of the chemical
24	substance, which shall be limited to the uses
25	evaluated in the determination; and

1	"(ii) conditions on the specified uses
2	that are currently used and are to be fol-
3	lowed to ensure the safety standard is met,
4	including conditions relating to the manu-
5	facture, processing, use, distribution in com-
6	merce, or disposal of a chemical substance
7	or mixture or article containing the chem-
8	$ical\ substance.$
9	"(C) Positive safety standard deter-
10	MINATION WITH NEW CONDITIONS.—If the Ad-
11	ministrator determines that a chemical substance
12	can only meet the safety standard for a subset of
13	all current uses or only under conditions beyond
14	those currently used, the Administrator shall
15	specify in the order—
16	"(i) the allowed uses of the chemical
17	substance, which shall be limited to the uses
18	evaluated in the determination that the Ad-
19	ministrator determines meet the safety
20	standard; and
21	"(ii) all current and all newly required
22	conditions on the specified uses needed to
23	ensure the safety standard is met, including
24	conditions relating to the manufacture,
25	processing, use, distribution in commerce,

1	or disposal of a chemical substance or mix-
2	ture or article containing the chemical sub-
3	stance, and any conditions described in sub-
4	section (f).
5	"(D) Effective date for positive safe-
6	TY STANDARD DETERMINATION.—
7	"(i) Without new conditions.—Ef-
8	fective beginning on the date that is 90 days
9	after the date of a determination by the Ad-
10	ministrator under subparagraph (B), no
11	person shall manufacture, process, or dis-
12	tribute in commerce the chemical substance
13	subject to the determination, or any mixture
14	or article containing the chemical substance,
15	for any use or under any condition other
16	than those specified in the determination
17	order.
18	"(ii) With New Conditions.—Effec-
19	tive beginning on the date that is 18 months
20	after the date of a determination by the Ad-
21	ministrator under subparagraph (C), except
22	as provided in clause (iii), no person shall
23	manufacture, process, or distribute in com-
24	merce the chemical substance subject to the
25	determination or any mirture or article

1	containing the chemical substance, for any
2	use or under any condition other than those
3	specified in the determination order.
4	"(iii) Exceptional circumstance.—
5	The Administrator may grant a manufac-
6	turer or processor of a chemical substance a
7	1-time extension of the deadline for com-
8	plying with a restriction under clause (ii),
9	for a period of not longer than 5 years after
10	the date of the determination by the Admin-
11	istrator under subparagraph (C), if the
12	manufacturer or processor demonstrates—
13	$``(I)\ a\ compelling\ technological$
14	need to continue a restricted activity
15	beyond the applicable 18-month time
16	period; or
17	"(II) that a factor wholly beyond
18	the control of the manufacturer or
19	processor prevents compliance with the
20	restriction within that 18-month time
21	period.
22	"(E) Redetermination.—
23	"(i) In General.—The Administrator
24	shall initiate a redetermination of whether
25	a chemical substance meets the safety stand-

ard if new information or significant changes in manufacture, processing, use, or distribution in commerce of the chemical substance, or mixtures or articles containing the chemical substance, raise a credible question as to whether the chemical substance continues to meet the safety standard.

"(ii) New Methodologies.—The Administrator may initiate a redetermination of whether a chemical substance meets the safety standard if significant changes have occurred in the methodologies used in the initial safety standard determination such that a redetermination using the newer methodologies would provide a significantly improved determination of the safety of the chemical substance.

"(iii) NEW INFORMATION.—For a chemical substance for which a safety standard determination has been completed, the Administrator shall assess, on an ongoing basis, new information, including that obtained from reporting under section 8, to decide whether such information raises a

1	credible question as to whether a chemical
2	substance continues to meet the safety
3	standard
4	"(iv) Petition for redetermina-
5	TION.—
6	"(I) In General.—Any person
7	may petition the Administrator for a
8	redetermination of whether a chemical
9	substance continues to meet the safety
10	standard.
11	"(II) Basis.—A person shall in-
12	clude in a petition under this clause a
13	description of the basis for requesting
14	$the\ redetermination.$
15	"(III) ACTION BY ADMINIS-
16	TRATOR.—On receipt of a petition
17	under this clause, the Administrator
18	shall—
19	"(aa) not later than 30 days
20	after the date of receipt, publish
21	in the Federal Register a notice of
22	receipt of the petition that speci-
23	fies the chemical identity of the
24	chemical substance to which the
25	$petition\ pertains;$

1	"(bb) make the petition
2	$available\ on\ request;$
3	"(cc) provide a reasonable
4	opportunity for public review and
5	comment on the petition and give
6	due consideration to any com-
7	$ments\ received;$
8	"(dd) decide whether to make
9	the  requested  redetermination;
10	and
11	"(ee) not later than 180 days
12	after the date of receipt, publish
13	in the Federal Register the deci-
14	sion and the basis for the decision.
15	"(v) Deadline for completion.—
16	Each redetermination carried out under
17	this subparagraph shall be completed by not
18	later than 3 years after the date of the deci-
19	sion to make the redetermination.
20	"(F) Negative safety standard deter-
21	MINATION.—
22	"(i) Restriction.—Except as pro-
23	vided in clause (ii) and subsection (h), effec-
24	tive beginning on the date that is 18 months
25	after the date on which the Administrator

1	makes a determination under this sub-
2	section that a chemical substance fails to
3	meet the safety standard, regardless of
4	whether additional restrictions on use or
5	risk management conditions are imposed,
6	no person shall manufacture, process, or
7	distribute in commerce that chemical sub-
8	stance or any mixture or article containing
9	the chemical substance.
10	"(ii) Exceptional circumstance.—
11	The Administrator may grant a manufac-
12	turer or processor of a chemical substance a
13	1-time extension of the deadline for com-
14	plying with the restriction under clause (i),
15	for a period of not longer than 5 years after
16	the date of the determination by the Admin-
17	istrator under this subparagraph, if the
18	manufacturer or processor demonstrates—
19	$``(I)\ a\ compelling\ technological$
20	need to continue a restricted activity
21	beyond the applicable 18-month time
22	period; or
23	"(II) that a factor wholly beyond
24	the control of the manufacturer or
25	processor prevents compliance with the

1	restriction within that 18-month time
2	period.
3	"(e) Expedited Action for Substances of Very
4	High Concern.—
5	"(1) Use and exposure assessment.—
6	"(A) In general.—Not later than 180
7	days after the date on which a chemical sub-
8	stance is assigned to the category of substances of
9	$very\ high\ concern\ under\ subsection\ (b)(3)(B)(i),$
10	the Administrator may require, by order pursu-
11	ant to section 8(g), the submission by manufac-
12	turers or processors of the chemical substance of
13	any additional information the Administrator
14	determines to be necessary to conduct an expe-
15	dited assessment of the known uses of, and expo-
16	sures to, the chemical substance.
17	"(B) Publication.—Not later than 1 year
18	after the date on which a chemical substance is
19	assigned to the category of substances of very
20	$high\ concern\ under\ subsection\ (b)(3)(B)(i),\ the$
21	Administrator shall complete and publish an
22	identification and assessment of the known uses
23	of, and exposures to, the chemical substance.
24	"(2) Exposure reduction.—

"(A) USE RESTRICTIONS AND OTHER CONDITIONS.—As soon as practicable, but not later than 18 months, after the date on which a chemical substance is assigned to the category of substances of very high concern under subsection (b)(3)(B)(i), the Administrator shall impose, by order, use restrictions and other conditions, including the conditions specified in subsection (f), on the manufacturing, processing, use, distribution in commerce, and disposal of the chemical substance that the Administrator determines to be necessary to achieve the maximum practicable reduction in human or environmental exposure to the chemical substance.

"(B) TIMING.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C) and subsection (h), effective beginning on the date that is 18 months after the date of issuance by the Administrator of the order described in subparagraph (A), no person shall manufacture, process, or distribute in commerce the chemical substance subject to the determination, or any mixture or article containing the chemical substance, for any use or under any condition other than those specified in the order issued under subparagraph (A).

1	"(C) Exceptional circumstance.—The
2	Administrator may grant a manufacturer or
3	processor of a chemical substance a 1-time exten-
4	sion of the deadline for complying with the re-
5	striction under subparagraph (B), for a period of
6	not longer than 5 years after the date of the de-
7	termination by the Administrator under this
8	paragraph, if the manufacturer or processor
9	demonstrates—
10	"(i) a compelling technological need to
11	continue a restricted activity beyond the ap-
12	plicable 18-month time period; or
13	"(ii) that a factor wholly beyond the
14	control of the manufacturer or processor
15	prevents compliance with the restriction
16	within that 18-month time period.
17	"(3) Residual risk assessment.—Not later
18	than 1 year after the deadline specified in paragraph
19	(2)(B), or of an alternative deadline provided under
20	paragraph (2)(C), the Administrator shall—
21	"(A) determine whether the chemical sub-
22	stance meets the safety standard for the chemical
23	substance, taking into account the residual risk
24	posed by continued exposure to the chemical sub-
25	stance; and

1	"(B) impose any additional restrictions on
2	use or other conditions under subsection (f) that
3	the Administrator determines to be necessary to
4	ensure that the chemical substance meets the
5	safety standard.
6	"(f) Risk Management.—In issuing an order under
7	subsection (d) or (e), the Administrator may impose condi-
8	tions on the manufacture, processing, use, distribution in
9	commerce, or disposal of a chemical substance, or mixture
10	or article containing a chemical substance, including a re-
11	quirement—
12	"(1) limiting the quantity of the chemical sub-
13	stance (or mixture or article containing that chemical
14	substance) that may be manufactured, processed, or
15	distributed in commerce;
16	"(2)(A) prohibiting the manufacturing, proc-
17	essing, or distribution in commerce of the chemical
18	substance (or mixture or article containing that
19	chemical substance) for a particular use in a con-
20	centration in excess of a level specified by the Admin-
21	istrator; or
22	"(B) limiting the quantity of the chemical sub-
23	stance (or mixture or article containing that chemical
24	substance) that may be manufactured, processed, or
25	distributed in commerce for—

1	"(i) a particular use; or
2	"(ii) a particular use in a concentration in
3	excess of a level specified by the Administrator;
4	"(3) that the chemical substance (or mixture, or
5	article containing that chemical substance) be marked
6	with, or accompanied by, clear and adequate warn-
7	ings and instructions with respect to use, distribution
8	in commerce, or disposal, or any combination of such
9	activities, with the form and content of the warnings
10	and instructions prescribed by the Administrator;
11	"(4) that manufacturers and processors of the
12	chemical substance (or mixture or article containing
13	that chemical substance)—
14	"(A) make and retain records of the proc-
15	esses used to manufacture or process the chemical
16	substance (or mixture or article containing that
17	chemical substance); and
18	"(B) monitor or conduct tests that are rea-
19	sonable and necessary to ensure compliance with
20	$this\ Act;$
21	"(5) prohibiting or otherwise regulating any
22	manner or method of commercial use of the chemical
23	substance (or mixture or article containing that
24	chemical substance);

1	"(6) prohibiting or otherwise regulating any
2	manner or method of disposal of the chemical sub-
3	stance, mixture, or article, by—
4	"(A) the manufacturer or processor of the
5	chemical substance (or mixture or article con-
6	taining that chemical substance); or
7	"(B) any other person that uses or disposes
8	of the chemical substance (or mixture or article
9	containing that chemical substance) for commer-
10	cial purposes;
11	"(7) that the manufacturers and processors of the
12	chemical substance, mixture, or article develop a risk
13	reduction management plan, under subsection (h) or
14	(e) of this section, to achieve a risk reduction specified
15	by the Administrator; or
16	"(8) that the Administrator otherwise determines
17	is appropriate.
18	"(g) Quality Control Orders.—
19	"(1) In general.—If the Administrator has a
20	reasonable basis to conclude that a particular manu-
21	facturer or processor is manufacturing or processing
22	a chemical substance in a manner that may present
23	a substantial endangerment to health or the environ-
24	ment, the Administrator may require, by order, that
25	the manufacturer or processor submit to the Adminis-

1	trator a description of the quality control procedures
2	followed in the manufacturing or processing of the
3	chemical substance or mixture.
4	"(2) Orders.—
5	"(A) In General.—If the Administrator
6	determines that quality control procedures de-
7	scribed in paragraph (1) are inadequate to pre-
8	vent a chemical substance from presenting a risk
9	of injury to human health or the environment,
10	the Administrator may order the manufacturer
11	or processor to revise the quality control proce-
12	dures to the extent necessary to remedy the inad-
13	equacy.
14	"(B) Substantial endangerment.—If the
15	Administrator determines that quality control
16	procedures described in paragraph (1) have re-
17	sulted in the distribution in commerce of a chem-
18	ical substance that may present a substantial
19	endangerment to human health or the environ-
20	ment, the Administrator may order the manufac-
21	turer or processor—
22	"(i) to give notice of the endangerment
2	<i>t</i> o

1	"(I) processors or distributors (or
2	both) in commerce of the chemical sub-
3	stance or mixture; and
4	"(II) to the extent reasonably as-
5	certainable, any other person in posses-
6	sion of or exposed to the chemical sub-
7	stance or mixture;
8	"(ii) to give public notice of the
9	endangerment; and
10	"(iii) to provide for the replacement or
11	repurchase, as prescribed by the Adminis-
12	trator, of the chemical substance as the Ad-
13	ministrator determines to be necessary to
14	adequately protect human health or the en-
15	vironment.
16	"(h) Exemptions to Restrictions.—
17	"(1) Application.—This subsection applies to
18	the restrictions established under section
19	5(b)(1)(C)(ii)(I), subsection $(d)(5)$ , and subsection $(e)$ .
20	"(2) Exemptions.—
21	"(A) In general.—
22	"(i) Request.—A person who manu-
23	facturers, processes, distributes in commerce,
24	uses, or disposes of a chemical substance, or
25	a mixture or article containing a chemical

1	substance may request an exemption from
2	any restriction referred to in paragraph (1)
3	to which they are subject for a specified use
4	of the chemical substance.
5	"(ii) Order.—The Administrator may
6	grant, by order, an exemption from any re-
7	striction referred to in paragraph (1) for a
8	period of not longer than 5 years if the per-
9	son has established by clear and convincing
10	evidence that the uses to be exempted meet
11	the exemption criteria described in subpara-
12	graph(B).
13	"(B) Criteria.—The Administrator may
14	grant an exemption for the use of a chemical
15	$substance\ under\ subparagraph\ (A)(ii)\ if$ —
16	"(i) the exemption is in the paramount
17	interest of national security;
18	"(ii) the lack of availability of the
19	chemical substance would cause significant
20	disruption in the national economy; or
21	"(iii) the use for which the exemption
22	is sought is a critical or essential use for
23	which—

1	"(I) no feasible safer alternative
2	for the specified use of the chemical
3	substance is available; or
4	"(II) the specified use of the chem-
5	ical substance, as compared to all
6	available alternatives, provides a sub-
7	stantial net benefit to human health,
8	the environment, or public safety.
9	"(C) Public Notice.—If the Administrator
10	grants an exemption for a chemical substance
11	under this paragraph—
12	"(i) the manufacturer or processor of
13	the chemical substance shall provide a no-
14	tice of the exemption to each known pur-
15	chaser of—
16	"(I) the chemical substance; and
17	"(II) a mixture or article con-
18	taining the chemical substance; and
19	"(ii) the Administrator shall provide
20	the public with a notice of the exemption.
21	"(D) Renewal.—The Administrator may
22	renew, by order, an exemption under this para-
23	graph for 1 or more additional 5-year periods if
24	the Administrator concludes, after providing
25	public notice and an opportunity for comment,

1	that the use of the chemical substance continues
2	to meet the criteria described in subparagraph
3	(B).
4	"(E) Conditions.—
5	"(i) In general.—The Administrator
6	may impose, by order, any condition on an
7	exemption issued under this paragraph that
8	the Administrator determines to be nec-
9	essary to ensure the protection of human
10	health and the environment on the use of a
11	chemical substance exempted under this
12	paragraph.
13	"(ii) Compliance.—Effective imme-
14	diately after the Administrator establishes
15	conditions on an exempted use under clause
16	(i), the manufacturing, processing, or dis-
17	tribution in commerce of the chemical sub-
18	stance, or any mixture or article containing
19	the chemical substance, shall be prohibited
20	except to the extent that the conditions are
21	satisfied.
22	"(3) Resale of used articles.—
23	"(A) In General.—The restrictions re-
24	ferred to in paragraph (1) shall not apply to the
25	resale of an article subject to a restriction under

1	subsection (b) if the article has previously been
2	used by an end consumer.
3	"(B) Compliance.—The Administrator
4	may utilize the authorities contained in section
5	7 to address potential threats to public health
6	and the environment from such articles.
7	"(4) Extensions of effective dates for re-
8	TAIL SALE OF ARTICLES TO END CONSUMERS.—
9	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
10	subparagraph (B), in the case of the retail sale
11	to an end consumer of a chemical substance (or
12	mixture or article containing that chemical sub-
13	stance) that is subject to a restriction described
14	in paragraph (1), the Administrator may extend,
15	by order, the effective date of the restriction by
16	a period of not longer than 3 years, if the Ad-
17	ministrator determines that the extension—
18	"(i) is necessary and appropriate to
19	allow for depletion of the existing retail in-
20	ventory; and
21	"(ii) will not present a substantial
22	endangerment to human health or the envi-
23	ronment.
24	"(B) Exception.—An extension under sub-
25	paragraph (A) shall not apply to any retailer

1	that the Administrator determines has failed to
2	comply with an order requesting information
3	issued by the Administrator pursuant to section
4	8.";
5	SEC. 8. IMMINENT HAZARDS.
6	Section 7 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
7	U.S.C. 2606) is amended to read as follows:
8	"SEC. 7. IMMINENT HAZARDS.
9	"(a) Actions Authorized and Required.—
10	"(1) In General.—The Administrator may
11	commence a civil action in an appropriate district
12	court of the United States for—
13	"(A) seizure of a chemical substance or
14	mixture, or any article containing a chemical
15	substance or mixture, that may present an im-
16	minent and substantial endangerment to health
17	or the environment;
18	"(B) relief authorized under subsection (b)
19	against any person that—
20	"(i) manufactures, processes, distrib-
21	utes in commerce, uses, or disposes of a
22	chemical substance or mixture, or any arti-
23	cle containing a chemical substance or mix-
24	ture, if the manufacture, processing, dis-
25	tribution in commerce, use, or disposal

1	may present an imminent and substantial
2	endangerment to health or the environ-
3	ment; or
4	"(ii) contributes to an activity de-
5	scribed in clause (i); or
6	"(C) both seizure and relief described in
7	subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively.
8	"(2) Other actions.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
10	may issue such orders as are necessary to pro-
11	tect health or the environment from any manu-
12	facturing, processing, distribution in commerce,
13	use, or disposal of a chemical substance or mix-
14	ture, or any article containing such a substance
15	or mixture, that may present an imminent and
16	substantial endangerment to health or the envi-
17	ronment, as determined by the Administrator.
18	"(B) REQUIREMENT.—An order under
19	subparagraph (A) may include such require-
20	ments imposed on the manufacture, processing,
21	distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of a
22	chemical substance or mixture, or article con-
23	taining the chemical substance or mixture, as
24	the Administrator determines are necessary to

protect health or the environment, including—

1	"(i) the requirements described in sec-
2	tion $6(c)$ ; and
3	"(ii) the relief authorized under sub-
4	section (b).
5	"(3) Relationship to existing rules, or-
6	DERS, AND PROCEEDINGS.—A civil action may be
7	commenced under paragraph (1), or other action
8	may be taken under paragraph (2), notwith-
9	standing—
10	"(A) the existence of a rule or order under
11	this Act; and
12	"(B) the pendency of any administrative or
13	judicial proceeding under this Act.
14	"(b) Relief Authorized.—
15	"(1) In general.—The district court of the
16	United States in which a civil action under sub-
17	section $(a)(1)$ is brought shall have jurisdiction to
18	grant such temporary or permanent relief as are
19	necessary to protect health or the environment from
20	the risk associated with the activity involved in the
21	civil action.
22	"(2) Types of relief.—In the case of a civil
23	action under subsection $(a)(1)$ brought against a
24	person that manufactures, processes, distributes in
25	commerce, uses, or disposes of a chemical substance

1	or mixture or an article containing a chemical sub-
2	stance or mixture, the relief authorized by para-
3	graph (1) may include—
4	"(A) the issuance of a mandatory order
5	imposing any of the requirements described in
6	section 6(c); and
7	"(B) in the case of purchasers of the sub-
8	stance, mixture, or article known to the defend-
9	ant—
10	"(i) notification to the purchasers of
11	the risk associated with the substance,
12	mixture, or article;
13	"(ii) public notice of the risk;
14	"(iii) recall;
15	"(iv) the replacement or repurchase of
16	the substance, mixture, or article; or
17	"(v) any combination of the actions
18	described in section 6(c) or in clauses (i)
19	through (iv) of this subparagraph; or
20	"(C) such other relief as is necessary to
21	protect health or the environment from the risk
22	associated with the activity involved in the civil
23	action.
24	"(3) Seizure and Condemnation.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A civil action under
2	subsection (a)(1) against a chemical substance,
3	mixture, or article may be proceeded against by
4	process of libel for seizure and condemnation of
5	the chemical substance, mixture, or article.
6	"(B) Proceedings in a
7	civil action described in subparagraph (A) shall
8	conform, to the maximum extent practicable, to
9	proceedings in rem in admiralty.
10	"(c) Venue and Consolidation.—
11	"(1) Venue.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A civil action under
13	subsection (a)(1) against a person that manu-
14	factures, processes, or distributes a chemical
15	substance or mixture or an article containing a
16	chemical substance or mixture may be brought
17	in the United States District Court for the Dis-
18	trict of Columbia, or in any judicial district in
19	which any of the defendants is found, resides,
20	or transacts business.
21	"(B) Process.—Process in an action de-
22	scribed in subparagraph (A) may be served on
23	a defendant in any other district in which the

defendant resides or may be found.

- 1 "(C) CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES, MIXTURES,
  2 OR ARTICLES.—A civil action under subsection
  3 (a)(1) against a chemical substance, mixture, or
  4 article may be brought in any United States
  5 district court within the jurisdiction of which
  6 the chemical substance, mixture, or article is
  7 found.
  - "(D) MULTIPLE JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.—In determining the judicial district in which a civil action may be brought under subsection (a)(1) in instances in which the action may be brought in more than 1 judicial district, the Administrator shall take into account the convenience of the parties.
  - "(E) Subpoenas requiring attendance of witnesses in a civil action brought under subsection (a)(1) may be served in any judicial district.
  - "(2) Consolidation.—If proceedings under subsection (a)(1) involving identical chemical substances, mixtures, or articles are pending in courts in 2 or more judicial districts, the proceedings shall be consolidated for trial by order of any such court on application reasonably made by any party in interest, on notice to all parties in interest.".

1	SEC. 9. REPORTING AND RETENTION OF INFORMATION.
2	Section 8 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
3	U.S.C. 2607) is amended to read as follows:
4	"SEC. 8. REPORTING AND RETENTION OF INFORMATION.
5	"(a) Substance Identification, Declaration,
6	AND INFORMATION.—
7	"(1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
8	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
9	2011, each manufacturer or processor of a chemical
10	substance distributed in commerce shall submit to
11	the Administrator the declaration described in para-
12	graph (2) or (3), accompanied by the certification
13	described in subsection (h).
14	"(2) Declaration of current manufac-
15	TURE OR PROCESSING.—A declaration described in
16	this paragraph is a statement that includes, for each
17	ehemical substance manufactured or processed by a
18	manufacturer or processor—
19	"(A) the chemical identity and any special
20	substance characteristics of the chemical sub-
21	stance;
22	"(B) the name and location of each facility
23	under the control of the manufacturer or proc-
24	essor at which the chemical substance is manu-
25	factured or processed or from which the chem-
26	ical substance is distributed in commerce;

1	"(C) a list of health and safety studies
2	conducted or initiated by or for, known to, or
3	reasonably ascertainable by the manufacturer
4	or processor with respect to the chemical sub-
5	stance, and copies of any such studies that have
6	not previously been submitted to the Adminis-
7	trator; and
8	"(D) all other information known to, in the
9	possession or control of, or reasonably ascer-
10	tainable by the manufacturer or processor that
11	has not previously been submitted to the Ad-
12	ministrator regarding—
13	"(i) the physical, chemical, and toxi-
14	cological properties of the chemical sub-
15	stance;
16	"(ii) the annual production volume
17	and known uses of, and exposure and fate
18	information relating to, the chemical sub-
19	stance; and
20	"(iii) the name and location of each
21	facility to which the chemical substance is
22	sent, after manufacture and processing, for
23	subsequent processing, distribution, or use.
24	"(3) Declaration of Cessation of Manu-
25	FACTURING OR PROCESSING.—A declaration de-

1	scribed in this paragraph is a statement certifying
2	that the manufacturer or processor has ceased, or
3	will cease not later than 180 days after the date of
4	submission of the declaration, all production, impor-
5	tation, processing, and export of the chemical sub-
6	stance.
7	"(4) Updating of information.—Each man-
8	ufacturer or processor of a chemical substance that
9	submits to the Administrator a declaration described
10	in paragraph (2) shall update and submit to the Ad-
11	ministrator a new declaration—
12	"(A) at a minimum every 3 years; and
13	"(B) immediately, at any time at which
14	there becomes known or available to, in the pos-
15	session or control of, or reasonably ascertain-
16	able by the manufacturer or processor signifi-
17	cant new information regarding a physical,
18	ehemical, toxicological property or use of, or ex-
19	posure to, the chemical substance, including
20	any information that—
21	"(i) demonstrates a new potential
22	toxic effect of the chemical substance;
23	"(ii) corroborates previous informa-
24	tion demonstrating or suggesting a toxic
25	effect; or

1	"(iii) suggests a toxic effect at a lower
2	dose than previously demonstrated.
3	"(5) Records to support declarations.—
4	Each manufacturer or processor of a chemical sub-
5	stance distributed in commerce shall maintain
6	records of the information described in subpara-
7	graphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (2).
8	"(6) Prohibition on Manufacturing, Proc-
9	ESSING, OR DISTRIBUTION.—The Administrator
10	may, by order, prohibit a manufacturer or processor
11	in violation of this subsection from manufacturing,
12	processing, or distributing in commerce the chemical
13	substance or any article containing the chemical sub-
14	stance, except as authorized under section 6(e).
15	"(b) REPORTS.—
16	"(1) REQUIREMENT.—
17	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
18	paragraph (2), the Administrator may by rule
19	or order require any person who manufactures,
20	processes, distributes in commerce, uses, or dis-
21	poses of a chemical substance to maintain
22	records of and report by a specified date any in-
23	formation concerning the substance that, in the
24	judgment of the Administrator, would assist the
25	Administrator in—

1	"(i) making a safety standard deter-
2	mination with respect to a chemical sub-
3	stance under this title; or
4	"(ii) any other aspect of administering
5	this Act.
6	"(B) Characteristics.—The Adminis-
7	trator may by rule or order require that any re-
8	port or information submitted pursuant to this
9	Act include chemical identity and special sub-
10	stance characteristics, as appropriate to the
11	chemical substance that is the subject of the re-
12	port or information.
13	"(C) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The Ad-
14	ministrator shall by rule or order specify or
15	modify the information that is required to be
16	submitted with a particular report or informa-
17	tion submission to establish the chemical iden-
18	tity and special substance characteristics of the
19	subject chemical substance (or mixture or arti-
20	ele containing that chemical substance) for the
21	purposes of the report or information submis-
22	sion.
23	"(2) Small quantities for research or
24	ANALYSIS. In the case of the manufacture, proc-
25	essing, distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of

a chemical substance in small quantities (as defined by the Administrator by rule) solely for purposes of scientific experimentation or analysis or chemical research (including any such research or analysis for the development of a product), the Administrator may promulgate or issue a rule or order under paragraph (1) only to the extent that the Administrator determines the maintenance of records or submission of reports, or both, are necessary for the effective enforcement of this Act.

"(3) PROHIBITION ON MANUFACTURING, PROC-ESSING, OR DISTRIBUTION.—The Administrator may, by order, prohibit a manufacturer or processor in violation of a requirement of a rule or order under paragraph (1) from manufacturing, processing, or distributing in commerce the chemical substance or any article containing the chemical substance, except as authorized under section 6(e).

## "(c) Inventory.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall compile, keep current, and publish a list of each chemical substance that is manufactured or processed in the United States.

"(2) CONTENTS.—The list shall at least include the name of each chemical substance that any person reports, under section 5 or subsection (b) of this section, is manufactured or processed in the United States.

## "(3) TIMING.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—In the case of a chemical substance for which a notice is submitted in accordance with section 5, the chemical substance shall be included on the list as of the carliest date (as determined by the Administrator) on which the substance was manufactured or processed in the United States.

"(B) Publication.—The Administrator shall first publish a list under subparagraph (A) not later than 18 months after the effective date of this Act.

"(4) SMALL QUANTITIES FOR RESEARCH OR ANALYSIS.—The Administrator shall not include in the list any chemical substance that is manufactured or processed only in small quantities (as defined by the Administrator by rule) solely for purposes of scientific experimentation or analysis or chemical research on, or analysis of, the substance or another substance, including such research or analysis for the development of a product.

1	"(d) Public Access to Significant Informa-
2	TION.—
3	"(1) Electronic database.—Not later than
4	1 year after the date of enactment of the Safe
5	Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator, through
6	collaboration, as appropriate, shall establish—
7	"(A) an electronic, Internet-accessible
8	database for storing and sharing of information
9	relating to the toxicity and use of, and exposure
10	to, chemical substances; and
11	"(B) procedures for use in maintaining
12	and updating the database.
13	"(2) Public Access.—Not later than 18
14	months after the date of enactment of the Safe
15	Chemicals Act of 2011, or not later than 90 days
16	after the date of decisions made by the Adminis-
17	trator or receipt by the Administrator of information
18	submitted pursuant to this title (for decisions made
19	or information submitted after that 18-month pe-
20	riod), the Administrator shall, subject to section 14,
21	make available to the public via the Internet-acces-
22	sible database described in paragraph (1) a descrip-
23	tion of all significant—
24	"(A) decisions made by the Administrator
25	under this title; and

1	"(B) information submitted pursuant to
2	this title.
3	"(e) Records.—
4	"(1) In General.—Any person that manufac-
5	tures, processes, or distributes in commerce any
6	chemical substance shall maintain and submit to the
7	Administrator records of significant adverse reac-
8	tions to health or the environment, as determined by
9	the Administrator by rule, that are alleged to have
10	been caused by the substance.
11	"(2) Duration.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Records of the ad-
13	verse reactions to the health of employees shall
14	be retained for a period of at least 30 years
15	after the date on which the reactions were first
16	reported to or known by the person maintaining
17	the records.
18	"(B) OTHER RECORDS.—Any other record
19	of the adverse reactions shall be retained for a
20	period of at least 5 years after the date or
21	which information contained in the record was
22	first reported to or known by the person main-
23	taining the record.
24	"(3) Contents.—Records required to be main-
25	tained under this subsection shall include—

1	"(A) records of consumer allegations of
2	personal injury or harm to health;
3	"(B) reports of occupational disease or in-
4	<del>jury;</del> and
5	"(C) reports or complaints of injury to the
6	environment submitted to the manufacturer,
7	processor, or distributor in commerce from any
8	source.
9	"(f) Information in the Possession of Other
10	FEDERAL AGENCIES.—
11	"(1) Synopses.—
12	"(A) In GENERAL. From time to time,
13	each Federal agency and Federal institution
14	shall submit to the Administrator a synopsis of
15	the data and records in the possession or con-
16	trol of the agency or institution, respectively,
17	that may be useful to the Administrator in car-
18	rying out this Act.
19	"(B) FORMAT AND CONTENT.—Not later
20	than 1 year after the date of enactment of the
21	Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator
22	shall prescribe, by order, the format, content,
23	and level of detail of the synopses.
24	"(C) Initial submission.—Not later than
25	18 months after the date of enactment of the

1	Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, each Federal agen-
2	ey and Federal institution shall make the initial
3	submission of a synopsis of the agency and in-
4	stitution, respectively, to the Administrator.
5	"(D) UPDATES.—At least once every 3
6	years, each Federal agency and Federal institu-
7	tion shall—
8	"(i) update the synopsis of the agency
9	and institution, respectively; and
10	"(ii) submit the updated synopsis to
11	the Administrator.
12	"(2) Requests by administrator. On the
13	request of the Administrator, any information in the
14	possession or control of an agency or institution re-
15	lating to a hazard of, use of, exposure to, or risk of
16	a chemical substance (or mixture or article con-
17	taining that chemical substance) shall be provided to
18	the Administrator.
19	"(g) Notice to Administrator of Substantial
20	RISKS.—Any person that manufactures, processes, or dis-
21	tributes in commerce a chemical substance and that ob-
22	tains information that reasonably supports the conclusion
23	that the substance presents a substantial risk of injury
24	to health or the environment shall immediately inform the
25	Administrator of the information unless the person has ac-

- 1 tual knowledge that the Administrator has been ade-
- 2 quately informed of the information.
- 3 "(h) CERTIFICATION.—Each submission required
- 4 pursuant to this section or pursuant to a rule or an order
- 5 promulgated or issued by the Administrator under this
- 6 section, other than a submission under subsection (f),
- 7 shall be accompanied by a certification signed by a respon-
- 8 sible official of the manufacturer or processor that each
- 9 statement contained in the submission—
- 10 "(1) is accurate and reliable; and
- 11 "(2) includes all material facts known to, in the
- 12 possession or control of, or reasonably ascertainable
- by the manufacturer or processor."
- 14 "(i) Definition of Manufacture and Proc-
- 15 ESS.—In this section, the terms 'manufacture' and 'proc-
- 16 ess' mean manufacture and process, respectively, for com-
- 17 mercial purposes.".
- 18 SEC. 9. REPORTING AND RETENTION OF INFORMATION.
- 19 Section 8 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
- 20 U.S.C. 2607) is amended to read as follows:
- 21 "SEC. 8. REPORTING AND RETENTION OF INFORMATION.
- 22 "(a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 23 "(1) Known to, or reasonably ascertain-
- 24 ABLE BY.—The term known to, or reasonably ascer-
- 25 tainable by' has the meaning given the term in sec-

1	tion 704.3 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or
2	successor regulations).
3	"(2) Manufacture and process.—The terms
4	'manufacture' and 'process' mean manufacture and
5	process, respectively, for commercial purposes.
6	"(b) Declarations of Chemical Substances in
7	COMMERCE.—
8	"(1) Scope and criteria.—
9	"(A) Scope.—The declarations described in
10	this subsection shall apply only to chemical sub-
11	stances in commerce as of the date of enactment
12	of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011.
13	"(B) Criteria.—The following criteria
14	shall apply in identifying chemical substances to
15	which the declarations described in this sub-
16	section apply:
17	"(i) Current commercial inter-
18	EST.—A chemical substance in which a
19	manufacturer or processor has a current
20	commercial interest shall include only
21	chemical substances that the manufacturer
22	or processor—
23	"(I) is currently manufacturing
24	or processing; or

1	"(II) has manufactured or proc-
2	essed in the recent past and expects to
3	manufacture or process again in the
4	near future.
5	"(ii) Potential commercial inter-
6	EST.—A chemical substance in which a
7	manufacturer or processor has a potential
8	commercial interest shall include only a
9	chemical substance that may serve as a rea-
10	sonable substitute for a chemical substance
11	in which the manufacturer or processor has
12	declared a current commercial interest.
13	"(C) Guidance.—Not later than 90 days
14	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
15	Act of 2011, the Administrator shall issue guid-
16	ance further describing the criteria described in
17	subparagraph (B) and specifying the supporting
18	information manufacturers and processors are to
19	include in declarations they submit pursuant to
20	paragraph (2) or (3) for chemical substances in
21	which they have a current or potential commer-
22	cial interest.
23	"(2) Declaration of current commercial
24	INTEREST IN A CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, each manufacturer of a chemical substance in which the manufacturer has a current commercial interest shall submit to the Administrator a declaration of the interest for the chemical substance.

"(B) Exclusions or exemptions.—Declarations are required for all chemical substances in which a manufacturer has a current commercial interest, notwithstanding any exclusions or exemptions from other notification or reporting requirements provided in any other provision of this Act.

"(C) PROCESSORS.—A processor of a chemical substance in which the processor has a current commercial interest that meets the criteria described in paragraph (1)(B)(i) may voluntarily submit to the Administrator a declaration for the chemical substance. Such a declaration shall be submitted not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011.

1	"(3) Declaration of potential commercial
2	INTEREST IN A CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE.—
3	"(A) A manufacturer or processor may vol-
4	untarily submit to the Administrator, not later
5	than 180 days after the date of enactment of the
6	Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, a declaration for a
7	chemical substance in which the manufacturer or
8	processor—
9	"(i) does not have a current commer-
10	cial interest; but
11	"(ii) has a potential commercial inter-
12	est that meets the criteria described in
13	$paragraph\ (1)(B)(ii).$
14	"(B) If a manufacturer or processor com-
15	mences the manufacture or processing of a chem-
16	ical substance for which it submitted a declara-
17	tion under this paragraph, the manufacturer or
18	processor shall comply with the requirements of
19	subsection $(h)(5)(B)$ .
20	"(4) Declaration of Cessation of Manufac-
21	TURING OR PROCESSING.—A former or current manu-
22	facturer or processor of a chemical substance in which
23	the manufacturer or processor no longer has a com-
24	mercial interest may voluntarily submit to the Ad-
25	ministrator, not later than 180 days after the date of

1	enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, a dec-
2	laration that the manufacturer or processor has
3	ceased, or will cease not later than 180 days after the
4	date on which the declaration is submitted, all pro-
5	duction, importation, processing, and export of the
6	chemical substance.
7	"(5) Contents.—A declaration submitted under
8	this subsection shall include for each chemical sub-
9	stance—
10	"(A) the chemical identity and any special
11	substance characteristics of the chemical sub-
12	stance;
13	"(B) the identity and primary business lo-
14	cation of the manufacturer or processor; and
15	"(C) information supporting the declarant's
16	basis for meeting the applicable criteria under
17	$paragraph\ (1)(B).$
18	"(6) Review by Administrator.—
19	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
20	shall—
21	"(i) review each declaration received
22	under this subsection to determine whether
23	the declaration conforms to the criteria and
24	requirements of this subsection; and

1	"(ii)(I) for a chemical substance for
2	which 1 or more conforming declarations
3	are submitted under paragraph (2), add the
4	chemical substance to the list of active
5	chemical substances in the inventory estab-
6	$lished\ under\ subsection\ (h)(1);$
7	"(II) for a chemical substance for
8	which the only conforming declarations sub-
9	mitted for the substance are submitted
10	under paragraph (3), add the chemical sub-
11	stance to the list of inactive chemical sub-
12	stances in the inventory established under
13	subsection $(h)(5)$ ; and
14	"(III) for a chemical substance for
15	which the only conforming declarations sub-
16	mitted for the substance are submitted
17	under paragraph (4), or for which no dec-
18	laration has been submitted, remove the
19	chemical substance from the inventories es-
20	tablished under subsection (h).
21	"(B) Revisions.—The Administrator shall
22	allow a manufacturer or processor, as applicable,
23	to promptly revise and resubmit any declaration
24	submitted to the Administrator under this sub-
25	section if the Administrator determines that any

1	omission or error in the original declaration was
2	$not\ intentional.$
3	"(c) Periodic Reporting by Manufacturers.—
4	"(1) In general.—The Administrator shall—
5	"(A) maintain the periodic reporting pro-
6	gram of the agency applicable to manufacturers
7	of chemical substances set forth in part 711 of
8	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect
9	on the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
10	Act of 2011), unless such reporting requirements
11	are superseded pursuant to subparagraph (B); or
12	"(B) establish a new periodic reporting pro-
13	gram consistent with this subsection.
14	"(2) Rulemaking.—
15	"(A) In General.—Not later than 180
16	days after the date of enactment of the Safe
17	Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator shall
18	specify, by rule—
19	"(i) the chemical substances for which
20	periodic reporting is required; and
21	"(ii) the information a chemical man-
22	ufacturer is required to submit to the Ad-
23	ministrator for the chemical substances in-
24	cluded under the periodic reporting pro-
25	gram.

1	"(B) Exemptions.—The rule promulgated
2	under subparagraph (A) may exempt certain
3	manufacturers, including small manufacturers,
4	from—
5	"(i) a requirement to participate in
6	the periodic reporting program, if the Ad-
7	ministrator determines that the participa-
8	tion of those manufacturers would not assist
9	in the administration of this Act; or
10	"(ii) specific reporting requirements, if
11	the Administrator determines that the value
12	of a particular reporting requirement, for
13	the administration of this Act, would not be
14	commensurate with the burden of the re-
15	quirement on submitters.
16	"(C) Contents.—The rule promulgated
17	under subparagraph (A) shall, at a minimum,
18	require each manufacturer of a chemical sub-
19	stance included in the periodic reporting pro-
20	gram to submit to the Administrator—
21	"(i) the chemical identity and any spe-
22	cial substance characteristics of the chemical
23	substance, the identity and primary busi-
24	ness location of the manufacturer, and any
25	updates to the supporting information sub-

1	mitted by the manufacturer in any declara-
2	tion for an included chemical substance sub-
3	mitted under subsection (b);
4	"(ii) a list of health and safety studies
5	conducted or initiated by or for, known to,
6	or reasonably ascertainable by, the manu-
7	facturer with respect to each included chem-
8	$ical\ substance;$
9	"(iii) a copy of each study described in
10	clause (ii) in the possession or control of the
11	manufacturer that has not previously been
12	submitted to the Administrator; and
13	"(iv) all other information specified by
14	the Administrator in the rules promulgated
15	under this subsection that is known to, in
16	the possession or control of, or reasonably
17	ascertainable by, the manufacturer or proc-
18	essor that has not previously been submitted
19	to the Administrator regarding—
20	"(I) the physical, chemical, and
21	toxicological properties of the chemical
22	substance;
23	"(II) the manufacturer's annual
24	production volume of the chemical sub-
25	stance;

1	"(III) the uses of, and exposure
2	and fate information relating to the
3	manufacturer's production or import
4	of the chemical substance; and
5	"(IV) the name and location of
6	each facility to which the manufacturer
7	sends the chemical substance after
8	manufacture for subsequent processing,
9	distribution, or use.
10	"(d) Records to Support Declarations and
11	Periodic Reports.—
12	"(1) In General.—Each manufacturer and
13	processor of a chemical substance that is distributed
14	in commerce shall—
15	"(A) maintain records of the information
16	submitted to the Administrator under subsections
17	(b) and (c), as well as supporting information;
18	and
19	"(B) submit those records or that informa-
20	tion to the Administrator upon request by the
21	Administrator.
22	"(2) Burden of proof.—Each manufacturer
23	and processor that submits to the Administrator a
24	declaration under subsection (b) or a notice under

1	subsection $(h)(5)(B)$ shall at all times bear the burden
2	of proving that the manufacturer or processor—
3	"(A) has a current or potential commercial
4	interest in the applicable chemical substance; or
5	"(B) has ceased the production, importa-
6	tion, processing, and export of, the applicable
7	$chemical\ substance.$
8	"(e) Substance Identification and Information
9	FOR CHEMICAL PROCESSORS.—
10	"(1) Rulemaking.—
11	"(A) In General.—Not later than 1 year
12	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
13	Act of 2011, the Administrator shall specify, by
14	rule, the information that chemical processors
15	are required to submit for chemical substances
16	under this subsection as will assist the Adminis-
17	trator in the administration of this Act.
18	"(B) Exemptions.—The rule promulgated
19	under this paragraph may exempt certain proc-
20	essors, including small processors, from—
21	"(i) a requirement to participate in
22	the periodic reporting program, if the Ad-
23	ministrator determines that the participa-
24	tion of those processors would not assist in
25	the administration of this Act; or

1	"(ii) specific reporting requirements, if
2	the Administrator determines that the value
3	of a particular reporting requirement, for
4	the administration of this Act, would not be
5	commensurate with the burden of the re-
6	quirement on submitters.
7	"(2) Information requirements.—The rule
8	promulgated under paragraph (1) shall—
9	"(A) specify the information that processors
10	are required to submit for chemical substances
11	that are—
12	"(i) processed for use in 1 or more con-
13	sumer or commercial product categories, as
14	determined by the Administrator; and
15	"(ii) intentionally added to 1 or more
16	products during processing and not inci-
17	dental to the end uses of the products;
18	"(B) require each processor of a chemical
19	substance identified under subparagraph (A) to
20	submit the information specified in clauses (i)
21	through (iii) of subparagraph (C) for the chem-
22	ical substance, and to submit the information
23	specified in clauses (iv) through (viii) of sub-
24	paragraph (C)—

1	"(i) separately for each applicable con-
2	sumer and commercial product category;
3	and
4	"(ii) in aggregate form, taking into ac-
5	count the use by the processor of the chem-
6	ical substance in all product categories;
7	"(C) require each processor of a chemical
8	substance identified under subparagraph (A) to
9	identify in the submission of the processor—
10	"(i) the corporate name and primary
11	business location of the processor;
12	"(ii) the chemical identity and any
13	special substance characteristics of the
14	$chemical\ substance;$
15	"(iii) the applicable consumer or com-
16	mercial product category or categories for
17	which the processor processes the chemical
18	substance;
19	"(iv) the annual volume of the chem-
20	ical substance processed by the submitter;
21	"(v) any products intended for use by
22	children aged 14 years or younger for use in
23	which the processor processes the chemical
24	substance;

1	"(vi) the concentration range within
2	which the maximum concentration of the
3	substance used in each consumer and com-
4	mercial product category falls;
5	"(vii) the range within which the total
6	number of commercial workers reasonably
7	likely to be exposed to the chemical sub-
8	stance at the processing site falls; and
9	"(viii) any other information regard-
10	ing processing activities or product
11	descriptors relating to the processor's proc-
12	essing of the chemical substance identified
13	by the Administrator as necessary to under-
14	stand the potential exposure from processed
15	chemical substances or products in which
16	the chemical substances are used; and
17	"(D) require each processor to periodically
18	report the information described in subpara-
19	graphs (B) and (C) for the chemical substances
20	$described\ in\ subparagraph\ (A).$
21	"(3) Records.—The rules promulgated under
22	paragraph (1) shall require processors of chemical
23	substances to which those rules apply—
24	"(A) to maintain records of the information
25	described in paragraph (2); and

1	"(B) to submit those records to the Admin-
2	istrator upon request by the Administrator.
3	"(f) Updating of Information.—
4	"(1) In general.—Each manufacturer or proc-
5	essor of a chemical substance that submits informa-
6	tion to the Administrator under subsection (c) or (e)
7	shall update the information—
8	"(A) at a minimum every 4 years; and
9	"(B) at any time that—
10	"(i) the manufacturer or processor ob-
11	tains knowledge of, comes into possession of,
12	or generates significant new information re-
13	garding the production, processing, use, dis-
14	tribution, hazard, or exposure potential of
15	the chemical substance; or
16	"(ii) there is a significant change in
17	the production, distribution in commerce, or
18	use of the chemical substance by or known
19	to the manufacturer or processor.
20	"(2) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011,
22	the Administrator shall issue guidance on what con-
23	stitutes significant new information regarding or sig-
24	nificant changes in the production, distribution in
25	commerce, or use of a chemical substance.

1	"(g) Reports.—
2	"(1) Requirement.—
3	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
4	paragraph (2), the Administrator may by rule
5	or order require any person who manufactures,
6	processes, distributes in commerce, uses, or dis-
7	poses of a chemical substance, or a mixture or
8	article containing the chemical substance to
9	maintain records of and report by a specified
10	date any existing information concerning the
11	substance that, in the judgment of the Adminis-
12	trator, would assist the Administrator in—
13	"(i) making a safety standard deter-
14	mination with respect to a chemical sub-
15	stance;
16	"(ii) determining testing or informa-
17	tion needs for a chemical substance;
18	"(iii) assigning a chemical substance
19	to a batch, category, or priority class pursu-
20	ant to section 6;
21	"(iv) evaluating, developing, and im-
22	plementing risk management conditions for
23	$a\ chemical\ substance;$
24	"(v) assessing hazards, exposures, or
25	risks related to the manufacture, use, dis-

1	tribution, processing, or disposal of a chem-
2	$ical\ substance;$
3	"(vi) determining compliance with any
4	provision of this Act; or
5	"(vii) any other aspect of admin-
6	istering this Act.
7	"(B) Characteristics.—The Adminis-
8	trator may by rule or order require that any re-
9	port or information submitted pursuant to this
10	Act include chemical identity and special sub-
11	stance characteristics, as appropriate to the
12	chemical substance that is the subject of the re-
13	port or information.
14	"(C) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The Ad-
15	ministrator shall by rule or order specify or
16	modify the information that is required to be
17	submitted with a particular report or informa-
18	tion submission to establish the chemical identity
19	and special substance characteristics of the sub-
20	ject chemical substance (or mixture or article
21	containing that chemical substance) for the pur-
22	poses of the report or information submission.
23	"(2) Exemptions.—
24	"(A) Small quantities for research or
25	ANALYSIS.—In the case of the manufacture, proc-

essing, distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of a chemical substance in small quantities (as defined by the Administrator by rule) solely for purposes of scientific experimentation or analysis or chemical research (including any such research or analysis for the development of a product), the Administrator may promulgate a rule or order under paragraph (1) only to the extent that the Administrator determines that the maintenance of records, submission of reports, or both, is necessary for the effective enforcement of this Act.

"(B) SMALL BUSINESS.—The rules promulgated under this subsection may exempt certain small businesses from the rules promulgated under this subsection, if the Administrator determines that the participation of those small businesses would not assist in the administration of this Act.

## "(h) Inventories.—

"(1) Active inventory.—The Administrator shall compile, keep current, and, subject to section 14, publish a list of each chemical substance that is manufactured or processed in the United States.

## "(2) Contents.—

1	"(A) In general.—The list shall consist of
2	those chemical substances for which—
3	"(i) a notice is submitted under section
4	5(d), consistent with the requirements of
5	section 5(b); or
6	"(ii) a valid declaration is submitted
7	under paragraph (2) of subsection (b).
8	"(B) Exclusions.—The list shall not in-
9	clude—
10	"(i) any chemical substance for which
11	the only declarations submitted are sub-
12	mitted under paragraph (3) or (4) of sub-
13	section (b), or for which no declaration has
14	been submitted; or
15	"(ii) any chemical substance for which
16	an exemption has been granted under sec-
17	tion $5(b)(1)(C)(ii)$ or section $6(h)(2)$ .
18	"(3) Timing.—
19	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
20	paragraph $(2)(B)$ , for a chemical substance for
21	which a notice is submitted under section $5(d)$ ,
22	the chemical substance shall be included in the
23	list established under paragraph (1) as of the
24	earliest date (as determined by the Adminis-

1	trator) on which the substance was manufactured
2	or processed in the United States.
3	"(B) Publication.—The Administrator
4	shall first publish a list under paragraph (1) not
5	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
6	the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011.
7	"(4) Small quantities for research or
8	ANALYSIS.—The Administrator shall not include in
9	the list established under paragraph (1) any chemical
10	substance that is manufactured or processed only in
11	small quantities (as defined by the Administrator by
12	rule) solely for purposes of scientific experimentation
13	or analysis or chemical research on, or analysis of,
14	the substance or another substance, including research
15	or analysis for the development of a product.
16	"(5) Inactive inventory.—
17	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
18	shall compile, keep current, and, subject to sec-
19	tion 14, publish an inactive list on which the
20	Administrator shall include each chemical sub-
21	stance for which the only declarations submitted
22	for the substance are submitted under subsection
23	(b)(3).
24	"(B) Requirements.—If a manufacturer
25	or processor commences the manufacture or proc-

1	essing of a chemical substance on the inactive
2	list, the manufacturer or processor shall—
3	"(i) not less than 30 days before recom-
4	mencing the manufacture or processing of
5	the chemical substance, notify the Adminis-
6	trator; and
7	"(ii) provide with the notification
8	under clause (i)—
9	"(I) the chemical identity and
10	any special substance characteristics of
11	$the \ chemical \ substance;$
12	"(II) the identity and primary
13	business location of the manufacturer;
14	"(III) a list of health and safety
15	studies conducted or initiated by or
16	for, known to, or reasonably ascertain-
17	able by, the manufacturer or processor
18	with respect to the chemical substance;
19	"(IV) upon request of the Admin-
20	istrator, a copy of each study described
21	in subclause (III) in the possession or
22	control of the manufacturer that has
23	not previously been submitted to the
24	Administrator;

1	"(V) the projected annual manu-
2	facturing or processing volume for the
3	chemical substance for each of the sub-
4	sequent 3 years;
5	"(VI) the name and location of
6	each facility to which the chemical sub-
7	stance is expected to be sent, after
8	manufacture or processing, for subse-
9	quent processing, distribution in com-
10	merce, or use; and
11	"(VII) all other existing informa-
12	tion known to, in the possession or
13	control of, or reasonably ascertainable
14	by the manufacturer or processor that
15	has not previously been submitted to
16	$the \ Administrator \ regarding$
17	"(aa) the toxicological prop-
18	erties of the chemical substance;
19	and
20	"(bb) the uses of, and expo-
21	sure and fate information relating
22	to, the chemical substance.
23	"(C) Administrator actions.—For any
24	chemical substance for which the Administrator

1	receives a valid notification under subparagraph
2	(B), the Administrator shall promptly—
3	"(i) move the chemical substance to the
4	active inventory established under para-
5	graph (1); and
6	"(ii) add the chemical substance to the
7	current batch of chemical substances identi-
8	fied pursuant to section 6(a), and categorize
9	the chemical substance with other chemical
10	substances in the batch, pursuant to section
11	6(b).
12	"(D) Administration.—Disclosure of any
13	information provided in the notice described in
14	subparagraph (B) shall be subject to section 14.
15	"(6) Chemicals not listed on or removed
16	FROM THE INVENTORIES.—If a manufacturer or proc-
17	essor seeks to commence the manufacture or processing
18	of a chemical substance that is not listed on the in-
19	ventories established under paragraph (1) or (5), or
20	that has been removed from the inventories pursuant
21	to subsection $(b)(6)(A)(ii)(III)$ , the manufacturer or
22	processor shall comply with section 5.
23	"(i) Public Access to Significant Information.—
24	"(1) Electronic database.—Not later than 1
25	year after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals

1	Act of 2011, the Administrator, through collaboration
2	as appropriate, shall establish—
3	"(A) an electronic, Internet-accessible data-
4	base for the storing and sharing of information
5	relating to the toxicity and use of, and exposure
6	to, chemical substances; and
7	"(B) procedures for use in maintaining and
8	updating the database.
9	"(2) Public Access.—Not later than 18 months
10	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act
11	of 2011 or for decisions made or information sub-
12	mitted after that 18-month period, not later than 90
13	days after the date on which a decision is made by
14	the Administrator or information submitted under
15	this title is received by the Administrator, the Admin-
16	istrator shall, subject to section 14, make available to
17	the public via the Internet-accessible database de-
18	scribed in paragraph (1) a description of all signifi-
19	cant—
20	"(A) decisions made by the Administrator
21	under this title; and
22	"(B) information submitted pursuant to
23	$this\ title.$
24	"(j) Records of Significant Adverse Reac-
25	TIONS.—

1	"(1) In general.—Any person that manufac-
2	tures, processes, or distributes in commerce any chem-
3	ical substance shall maintain, and on request submit
4	to the Administrator, records of significant adverse
5	reactions to human health or the environment, as de-
6	termined by the Administrator by rule, alleged to
7	have been caused by the substance or mixture.
8	"(2) Duration.—
9	"(A) In general.—Records of the adverse
10	reactions to the health of employees shall be re-
11	tained for a period of 30 years after the date on
12	which the reactions were first reported to or
13	known by the person maintaining the records.
14	"(B) Other records.—Any record of
15	other adverse reactions shall be retained for a pe-
16	riod of 5 years after the date on which informa-
17	tion contained in the record was first reported to
18	or known by the person maintaining the record.
19	"(3) Contents.—Records required to be main-
20	tained under this subsection shall include—
21	"(A) records of consumer allegations of per-
22	sonal injury or harm to health;
23	"(B) reports of occupational disease or in-
24	jury; and

1	"(C) reports or complaints of injury to the
2	environment submitted to the manufacturer,
3	processor, or distributor in commerce from any
4	source.
5	"(k) Information in the Possession of Other
6	FEDERAL AGENCIES.—
7	"(1) Synopses.—
8	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
9	other provision of law, from time to time, each
10	Federal agency and Federal institution shall
11	submit to the Administrator a synopsis of the
12	data and records in the possession or control of
13	the agency or institution, respectively, that may
14	be useful to the Administrator in carrying out
15	$this\ Act.$
16	"(B) Format and content.—Not later
17	than 1 year after the date of enactment of the
18	Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator
19	shall prescribe, by order, the format, content, and
20	level of detail of the synopses.
21	"(C) Initial submission.—Not later than
22	18 months after the date of enactment of the Safe
23	Chemicals Act of 2011, each Federal agency and
24	Federal institution shall make the initial sub-

1	mission of a synopsis of the agency and institu-
2	tion, respectively, to the Administrator.
3	"(D) UPDATES.—At least once every 3
4	years, each Federal agency and Federal institu-
5	tion shall—
6	"(i) update the synopsis of the agency
7	and institution, respectively; and
8	"(ii) submit the updated synopsis to
9	$the \ Administrator.$
10	"(2) Requests by the administrator.—Not-
11	withstanding any other provision of law, on the re-
12	quest of the Administrator, any information in the
13	possession or control of an agency or institution relat-
14	ing to a hazard of, use of, exposure to, or risk of, a
15	chemical substance (or mixture or article containing
16	that chemical substance) shall be submitted to the Ad-
17	ministrator.
18	"(l) Notice to Administrator of Substantial
19	Risks.—Any person that manufactures, processes, or dis-
20	tributes in commerce a chemical substance and that obtains
21	information that reasonably supports the conclusion that
22	the substance presents a substantial risk of injury to health
23	or the environment shall immediately inform the Adminis-
24	trator of the information unless the person has actual

1	knowledge that the Administrator has been adequately in-
2	formed of the information.
3	"(m) Certification.—Each submission required pur-
4	suant to this section or pursuant to a rule or an order pro-
5	mulgated or issued by the Administrator under this section,
6	other than a submission under subsection (k), shall be ac-
7	companied by a certification signed by a responsible official
8	of the manufacturer, processor, distributor, user, or disposer
9	of a chemical substance that each statement contained in
10	the submission—
11	"(1) is accurate and reliable; and
12	"(2) includes all material facts required by the
13	applicable provision of this section or rule or order
14	under this section.
15	"(n) Administration.—
16	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this section lim-
17	its the authority of the Administrator to require re-
18	porting under any other provision of this Act by any
19	person who manufactures, processes, distributes in
20	commerce, uses, or disposes of a chemical substance,
21	or a mixture or article containing a chemical sub-
22	stance.
23	"(2) Violations.—In addition to all other au-
24	thorities available for the enforcement of this Act, the
25	Administrator may, by order, take any action author-

1	ized under section 6(f) if a person who manufactures,
2	processes, distributes in commerce, uses, or disposes of
3	a chemical substance, or a mixture or article con-
4	taining a chemical substance violates any provision of
5	this section.".
6	SEC. 10. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.
7	Section 9 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
8	U.S.C. 2608) is amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a)—
10	(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and
11	inserting the following:
12	"(1) Report.—
13	"(A) In General.—If the Administrator
14	determines that the manufacture, processing,
15	distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of a
16	chemical substance, or that any combination of
17	those activities, does not meet a safety standard
18	under this title or requires conditions or restric-
19	tions in order to the meet the safety standard,
20	and the Administrator determines that action
21	may be taken under a Federal law not adminis-
22	tered by the Administrator to address the uses
23	of, or exposure to, the chemical substance, the
24	Administrator shall submit to the agency that
25	administers the Federal law a report that—

1	"(i) describes with specification the
2	activity or combination of activities that
3	prevent the chemical substance from meet-
4	ing the safety standard or restrictions or
5	conditions required to meet the safety
6	standard under this title;
7	"(ii) requests that the agency—
8	"(I) determine whether the 1 or
9	more actions may be taken under
10	Federal law administered by the agen-
11	cy;
12	"(II) if the agency determines
13	under clause (i) that the 1 or more
14	actions may be taken, initiate and
15	provide a timetable for the 1 or more
16	actions; and
17	"(III) respond to the Adminis-
18	trator with respect to the matters de-
19	scribed in the report; and
20	"(iii) includes a detailed statement of
21	the information on which the report is
22	based.
23	"(B) Publication.—A report of the Ad-
24	ministrator submitted under subparagraph (A)

1	shall be promptly published in the Federal Reg-
2	ister.
3	"(C) ACTION BY RECIPIENT AGENCY.—Not
4	later than 90 days after the date of receipt of
5	a report from the Administrator under subpara-
6	graph (A), or by such earlier date as the Ad-
7	ministrator may specify in such a report, an
8	agency that receives the report shall—
9	"(i) make all determinations requested
10	by the Administrator in the report;
11	"(ii) take all action necessary to en-
12	sure that a chemical substance meets the
13	safety standard under this title, if appro-
14	priate;
15	"(iii) include with the response of the
16	agency a detailed statement of the findings
17	and conclusions of the agency; and
18	"(iv) publish that statement in the
19	Federal Register.
20	"(2) Initiation of action.—If the Adminis-
21	trator submits a report under paragraph (1) with re-
22	spect to a chemical substance to an agency, and the
23	agency that receives the report initiates, within the
24	period specified in the request under paragraph (1),
25	a civil action under Federal law administered by the

1	agency to ensure that a chemical substance meets
2	the safety standard under this title, or requires re-
3	strictions or conditions to meet that safety standard,
4	the Administrator may not take action under this
5	Act with respect to the civil action (other than any
6	action taken pursuant to section 7).";
7	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
8	paragraph (4);
9	(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
10	following:
11	"(3) No action.—The Administrator may, by
12	order, initiate action or a combination of actions
13	under this Act to ensure compliance with the safety
14	standard for a chemical substance under this title
15	if—
16	"(A) the Administrator submits a report
17	under paragraph (1) with respect to a chemical
18	substance; and
19	"(B) the agency to which the report was
20	submitted—
21	"(i) determines that action cannot be
22	taken under the authorities of the agency;
23	"(ii) does not initiate action, if appro-
24	priate, within the period specified in the
25	request under paragraph (1);

1	"(iii) does not complete the action
2	within the timeframe provided by the agen-
3	cy; or
4	"(iv) fails to respond."; and
5	(D) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by
6	subparagraph (B))—
7	(i) by striking "(4) If the Adminis-
8	trator has initiated action under section 6
9	or 7" and inserting the following:
10	"(4) Consultation.—If the Administrator has
11	initiated action under this Act"; and
12	(ii) by striking "against such risk"
13	after "Federal action";
14	(2) in subsection (c)—
15	(A) by striking "the Administrator shall
16	not" and inserting "Administrator—
17	"(1) shall not"; and
18	(B) by striking the period at the end and
19	inserting "; and; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) shall ensure that any actions to address
22	workplace exposures that the Administrator takes or
23	requires to be taken by manufacturers or processors
24	of a chemical substance are consistent with the in-
25	dustrial hygiene hierarchy of controls."; and

1	(3) in subsection (d)—
2	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "while
3	imposing the least burden of duplicative re-
4	quirements on those subject to the Act and for
5	other purposes"; and
6	(B) in the second sentence, by striking ",
7	in the report required by section 30,".
8	SEC. 11. INSPECTIONS AND SUBPOENAS.
9	Section 11 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
10	U.S.C. 2610) is amended to read as follows:
11	"SEC. 11. INSPECTIONS AND SUBPOENAS.
12	"(a) Inspections.—
13	"(1) In general.—For purposes of admin-
14	istering this Act, the Administrator, and any duly
15	designated representative of the Administrator, may
16	inspect—
17	"(A) any establishment, facility, or other
18	premises in which chemical substances, mix-
19	tures, or articles subject to this Act are manu-
20	factured, processed, stored, or held before or
21	after distribution in commerce;
22	"(B) any conveyance being used to trans-
23	port such chemical substances, mixtures, or ar-
24	ticles in connection with distribution in com-
25	merce; and

1	"(C) any place at which records relating to
2	the chemical substances, mixtures, or articles,
3	or otherwise relating to compliance with this
4	Act, are held.
5	"(2) Method.—Each inspection under para-
6	graph (1) shall be—
7	"(A) commenced and completed with rea-
8	sonable promptness; and
9	"(B) conducted at reasonable times, within
10	reasonable limits, and in a reasonable manner.
11	"(3) Samples.—The Administrator, and any
12	duly designated representative of the Administrator,
13	may inspect and obtain samples of any—
14	"(A) chemical substance, mixture, or arti-
15	cle; and
16	"(B) container or labeling of a chemical
17	substance, mixture, or article.
18	"(b) Scope.—An inspection conducted under sub-
19	section (a) shall extend to all things within the premises
20	or conveyance inspected (including records, files, papers,
21	processes, controls, and facilities) regarding whether the
22	owner or operator of the premises, conveyance, or records
23	has complied with provisions of this Act applicable to the
24	chemical substances, mixtures, articles, or records.
25	"(c) Information Gathering —

1	"(1) In General.—In carrying out this Act
2	the Administrator may require the attendance and
3	testimony of witnesses and the production of such
4	reports, papers, documents, items, answers to ques-
5	tions, and other information, including the develop-
6	ment of analyses and other information, as the Ad-
7	ministrator determines to be necessary.
8	"(2) Payment of witnesses.—A witness de-
9	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be paid the same fees
10	and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of
11	the United States.
12	"(d) Warrants.—For purposes of enforcing this
13	Act, upon a showing to an officer or court of competent
14	jurisdiction that there is reason to believe that a provision
15	of this Act has been violated, officers or employees duly
16	designated by the Administrator are empowered to obtain
17	and to execute warrants authorizing—
18	"(1) entry, inspection, and copying of records
19	for purposes of this Act; and
20	"(2) the seizure of any chemical substance, mix-
21	ture, or article that is in violation of this Act.".
22	SEC. 12. EXPORTS.
23	Section 12 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
24	U.S.C. 2611) is amended—
25	(1) by striking subsection (a);

1	(2) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
2	subsections (a) and (b), respectively;
3	(3) in subsection (a) (as redesignated by para-
4	graph (2))—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)—
6	(i) by striking "or intends to export";
7	(ii) by striking "section 4 or 5(b)"
8	and inserting "section 4, 5, or 6(b)";
9	(iii) by striking "or intent to export"
10	and inserting ", not later than 30 days
11	after the date of exportation of the sub-
12	stance or mixture,"; and
13	(iv) by inserting "promptly there-
14	after" before "furnish";
15	(B) in paragraph (2)—
16	(i) by striking "or intends to export";
17	(ii) by striking "an order has been
18	issued under section 5 or a rule has been
19	proposed or promulgated under section 5
20	or 6, or with respect to which an action is
21	pending or relief has been granted under
22	section 5 or 7" and inserting "an action
23	has been taken pursuant to section 6 or
24	7";

1	(iii) by striking "or intent to export"
2	and inserting ", not later than 30 days
3	after the date of exportation of the sub-
4	stance or mixture,";
5	(iv) by inserting "promptly there-
6	after" before "furnish"; and
7	(v) by striking "such rule, order, ac-
8	tion, or relief" and inserting "the action
9	taken pursuant to section 6 or 7"; and
10	(C) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(3) Change in export status.—
12	"(A) In general.—Any person that has
13	notified the Administrator of the exportation of
14	a chemical substance or mixture under this sec-
15	tion shall notify the Administrator of any
16	change in the export status of the substance or
17	mixture by not later than 30 days after such a
18	change in status.
19	"(B) UPDATED NOTICE.—The Adminis-
20	trator shall promptly furnish an updated notice
21	to the governments that have been notified pur-
22	suant to paragraphs (1) and (2) regarding the
23	exportation of any chemical substance or mix-
24	ture subject to this section if—

1	"(i) data for the substance or mixture
2	have been received by the Administrator
3	pursuant to section 4, 5, 6(b), or 8;
4	"(ii) a change has occurred in the ex-
5	port status of the substance or mixture; or
6	"(iii) a change has been made in any
7	risk management action taken pursuant to
8	section 6 or 7 for the substance or mix-
9	ture.";
10	(4) in subsection (b), as redesignated by para-
11	graph (2) of this section—
12	(A) by striking paragraph (2); and
13	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4),
14	(5), and (6) as paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and
15	(5), respectively; and
16	(5) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(c) Public Records.—The Administrator shall—
18	"(1) maintain copies of all current notices pro-
19	vided to other governments under this section; and
20	"(2) make such copies available to the public in
21	electronic format.".
22	SEC. 13. ENTRY INTO CUSTOMS TERRITORY OF THE
23	UNITED STATES.
24	Section 13 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
25	U.S.C. 2612) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "Secretary of the Treasury"
2	each place it appears and inserting "Secretary of
3	Homeland Security";
4	(2) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "if—"
6	and subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting
7	"if the substance, mixture, or article fails to
8	comply with or is offered for entry in violation
9	of any rule or order in effect under this Act.";
10	and
11	(B) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(3) Import as part of an article.—Chem-
13	ical substances and mixtures imported as part of an
14	article shall be subject to the same requirements
15	under this Act as if the substances and mixtures had
16	been imported in bulk, except as the Administrator
17	may provide by rule under this Act, or as the Sec-
18	retary of Homeland Security may provide by rule
19	under subsection (b).".
20	SEC. 14. DISCLOSURE OF DATA.
21	Section 14 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
22	U.S.C. 2613) is amended—
23	(1) by redesignating subsections (a) through (e)
24	as subsections (e) through (g), respectively:

1	(2) by inserting before subsection (c) (as redes-
2	ignated by paragraph (1)), the following:
3	"(a) AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Adminis-
4	trator shall ensure that—
5	"(1) information control designations under this
6	section are not a determinant of public disclosure
7	pursuant to section 552 of title 5, United States
8	Code (commonly known as the 'Freedom of Informa-
9	tion Act'); and
10	"(2) all information in the possession of the
11	agency that is releasable pursuant to an appropriate
12	request under that section is made available to mem-
13	bers of the public.
14	"(b) Voluntary Release of Unclassified In-
15	FORMATION NOT PROHIBITED.—Nothing in this section
16	prevents or discourages the Administrator from volun-
17	tarily releasing to the public any unclassified information
18	that is not exempt from disclosure under section 552 of
19	title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the
20	'Freedom of Information Act').";
21	(3) in subsection (e) (as redesignated by para-
22	<del>graph (1))—</del>
23	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
24	"In General" and inserting "Disclosure of
25	CERTAIN INFORMATION";

1	(B) by striking "subsection (b)" and in-
2	serting "subsection (d)";
3	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
4	(4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively;
5	(D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
6	following:
7	"(3) shall be disclosed upon request to a State,
8	tribal, or municipal government, including identifica-
9	tion of the location of the manufacture, processing,
10	or storage of a chemical substance upon the request
11	of the government for the purpose of administration
12	or enforcement of a law, if 1 or more applicable
13	agreements ensure that the recipient government
14	will take appropriate steps to maintain the confiden-
15	tiality of the information in accordance with this sec-
16	tion and section 350.19 of title 40, Code of Federal
17	Regulations (or any successor regulation);"; and
18	(E) in paragraph (4) (as redesignated by
19	subparagraph (B)), by striking "an unreason-
20	able risk of injury" and inserting "an imminent
21	and substantial endangerment";
22	(4) in subsection (d) (as redesignated by para-
23	<del>graph (1))—</del>
24	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
25	"Data From Health and Safety Studies"

1	and inserting "Information Not Eligible
2	FOR PROTECTION";
3	(B) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
4	ing the following:
5	"(1) INELIGIBLE INFORMATION.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The following types of
7	information shall not be eligible for protection
8	under this section, and the Administrator shall
9	not approve a request to treat information of
10	the following types as confidential under this
11	section:
12	"(i) The identity of a chemical sub-
13	stance, except as provided in section 5.
14	"(ii) Any safety standard determina-
15	tion developed under section 6, including
16	supporting information developed by the
17	Administrator.
18	"(iii) Any health and safety study
19	that is submitted under this Act with re-
20	spect to—
21	"(I) any chemical substance or
22	mixture—
23	"(aa) which, on the date on
24	which the study is to be disclosed

1	has been offered for commercial
2	distribution; or
3	"(bb) for which testing is re-
4	quired under section 4 or for
5	which notification is required
6	under section 5; and
7	"(II) any data reported to, or
8	otherwise obtained by, the Adminis-
9	trator from a health and safety study
10	which relates to a chemical substance
11	or mixture described in item (aa) or
12	(bb) of subclause (I).
13	"(iv) Any information indicating the
14	presence of a chemical substance in a con-
15	sumer article intended for use or reason-
16	ably expected to be used by children or to
17	which children can otherwise be reasonably
18	expected to be exposed.
19	"(B) Prohibition.—This paragraph does
20	not authorize the release of any data which dis-
21	eloses processes used in the manufacturing or
22	processing of a chemical substance or mixture
23	or, in the case of a mixture, the release of data
24	disclosing the portion of the mixture comprised

1	by any of the chemical substances in the mix-
2	ture."; and
3	(C) in paragraph (2)—
4	(i) by striking "the first sentence of
5	paragraph (1)" and inserting "item (aa) or
6	(bb) of paragraph (1)(A)(iii)"; and
7	(ii) by striking "in the second sen-
8	tence of such paragraph" and inserting "in
9	paragraph (1)(B)";
10	(5) in subsection (e) (as redesignated by para-
11	<del>graph (1))—</del>
12	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
13	ing the following:
14	"(1) Duties of manufacturers and proc-
15	ESSORS.—
16	"(A) In General.—In submitting data
17	under this Act, a manufacturer, processor, or
18	distributor in commerce may—
19	"(i) designate the data which the
20	manufacturer, processor, or distributor be-
21	lieves is entitled to confidential treatment
22	under subsection (a); and
23	"(ii) submit the designated data sepa-
24	rately from other data submitted under
25	this Act.

1	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A designation
2	under this paragraph shall be made in writing
3	and in such manner as the Administrator may
4	prescribe, and shall include—
5	"(i) justification for each claim for
6	confidentiality;
7	"(ii) a certification that the informa-
8	tion is not otherwise publicly available; and
9	"(iii) separate copies of all submitted
10	information, with 1 copy containing and 1
11	copy excluding the information to which
12	the request applies.";
13	(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
14	paragraph (3);
15	(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
16	following:
17	"(2) Duties of the administrator.—
18	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
19	<del>shall—</del>
20	"(i)(I) not later than 1 year after the
21	date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
22	Act of 2011, by order develop and make
23	publicly available standards that specify—
24	"(aa) the acceptable bases on
25	which written requests to maintain

1	confidentiality of information may be
2	approved, which shall be no more re-
3	strictive of public disclosure than sec-
4	tion 552 of title 5, United States
5	Code; and
6	"(bb) the documentation that
7	must accompany those requests; and
8	"(II) not later than 1 year after the
9	date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
10	Act of 2011, identify by rule those types of
11	information for which the Administrator
12	shall not prospectively specify the term of
13	confidentiality pursuant to this subpara-
14	<del>graph;</del>
15	"(ii) not later than 90 days after the
16	date of receipt of information designated
17	under paragraph (1), review all requests to
18	maintain confidentiality of the submitted
19	information and decide whether to approve
20	or deny each request based on whether the
21	request and accompanying documentation
22	comply with the standards that are devel-
23	oped under clause (i) (except that if a re-
24	quest for the information is received under
25	section 552 of title 5. United States Code.

1	before the 90-day review and decision pe-
2	riod has elapsed, the disclosure require-
3	ments, procedures, and judicial review pro-
4	visions under that section shall apply);
5	"(iii) in the event such a request is
6	denied, make the information available to
7	the public in accordance with section
8	8(d)(2); and
9	"(iv) if such a request is approved,
10	specify a time period of not greater than 5
11	years for which the submitted information
12	shall be kept confidential, except with re-
13	spect to claims subject to a rule issued
14	pursuant to clause (i)(II).
15	"(B) AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
16	Subparagraph (A) does not limit the authority
17	of the Administrator to determine that par-
18	ticular information, previously considered enti-
19	tled to confidential treatment, is no longer enti-
20	tled to such treatment."; and
21	(D) in paragraph (3) (as redesignated by
22	subparagraph (B))—
23	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
24	(I) in the first sentence, by strik-
25	ing "paragraph (1)(A)" and inserting

1	"paragraph (1) and approved by the
2	Administrator under paragraph
3	$\frac{(2)(A)(ii)}{;}$ and
4	(II) by striking the last sentence
5	and inserting "The Administrator
6	shall release the information in ac-
7	cordance with the disclosure and pro-
8	cedural requirements of section 552 of
9	title 5, United States Code.";
10	(ii) in subparagraph (B)(i)—
11	(I) in the first sentence—
12	(aa) by striking "or (4)"
13	and inserting " $(4)$ , or $(5)$ ";
14	(bb) by striking "subsection
15	(a)" each place it appears and in-
16	serting "subsection (e)"; and
17	(ce) by striking "paragraph
18	(3)" and inserting "paragraph
19	(4)"; and
20	(II) in the second sentence, by
21	striking "except that" and all that fol-
22	lows through "such release is made"
23	and inserting "except if the Adminis-
24	trator determines that the release of
25	such data is necessary to protect

1	against an imminent and substantial
2	endangerment to health or the envi-
3	ronment then no notice is required.";
4	and
5	(iii) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by strik-
6	ing "(b)(1)" and inserting "(d)(1)( $\Lambda$ )(iii)";
7	(6) in subsection (f) (as redesignated by para-
8	graph (1)), by striking "subsection (a)" and insert-
9	ing "subsection (e)"; and
10	(7) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(h) RISK INFORMATION FOR WORKERS.—The Ad-
12	ministrator shall provide standards for, and facilitate the
13	sharing of, chemical identity, safety standard determina-
14	tion, and health and safety data described in subsection
15	(d) that pertains to chemical substances or mixtures, or
16	articles containing chemical substances, that workers may
17	come into contact with or otherwise be exposed to during
18	the course of work, to and with those workers and rep-
19	resentatives of each certified or recognized bargaining
20	agent representing those employees.".
21	SEC. 14. DISCLOSURE OF DATA.
22	Section 14 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
23	U.S.C. 2613) is amended to read as follows:
24	"SEC. 14. DISCLOSURE OF DATA.
25	"(a) APPLICABILITY.—

1	"(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2)
2	and except as provided under subsections (b) and (e),
3	any information reported to, or otherwise obtained
4	by, the Administrator (or any representative of the
5	Administrator) that is exempt from disclosure under
6	subsection (a) of section 552 of title 5, United States
7	Code, (commonly known as the Freedom of Informa-
8	tion Act') under subsection (b)(4) of that section, shall
9	not be disclosed by the Administrator or by any offi-
10	cer or employee of the United States, unless the des-
11	ignation of the information as exempt from disclosure
12	is prohibited under Federal law.
13	"(2) Exemptions.—
14	"(A) Mandatory exemptions.—Notwith-
15	standing any other provision of law, the Admin-
16	istrator shall disclose the information described
17	in paragraph (1)—
18	"(i) to any officer or employee of the
19	United States—
20	"(I) in connection with the offi-
21	cial duties of that officer or employee
22	under any law for the protection of
23	human health or the environment; or
24	"(II) for specific law enforcement
25	purposes;

1	"(ii) to a contractor with the United
2	States and employees of that contractor if,
3	in the opinion of the Administrator, the dis-
4	closure is necessary for the satisfactory per-
5	formance by the contractor of a contract
6	with the United States entered into on or
7	after the date of enactment of the Safe
8	Chemicals Act of 2011 for the performance
9	of work in connection with this Act and
10	under such conditions as the Administrator
11	may specify;
12	"(iii) if the Administrator determines

"(iii) if the Administrator determines that the disclosure is necessary to protect human health or the environment;

"(iv) on request, to a State or tribal government for the purpose of development or potential development, administration, or enforcement of a law, if 1 or more applicable agreements ensure that the recipient government will take appropriate steps, and has adequate authority, to maintain the confidentiality of the information in accordance with procedures comparable to those which the Administrator uses to safeguard the information;

1	"(v) on request, to public health or en-
2	vironmental health professionals or medical
3	personnel if the Administrator determines
4	that—
5	"(I) disclosure is in the public in-
6	terest;
7	"(II) the recipient does not have a
8	conflict of interest or competitive inter-
9	est with respect to the submitter of the
10	information; and
11	"(III) 1 or more applicable agree-
12	ments are in place to ensure that the
13	recipient of the information provides
14	comparable protections to those pro-
15	vided by the Administrator to main-
16	tain the confidentiality of the informa-
17	tion.
18	"(B) Optional exemptions.—Notwith-
19	standing any other provision of law, the Admin-
20	istrator may disclose the information described
21	in paragraph (1) if relevant, in any proceeding
22	under this Act, except that disclosure in such a
23	proceeding shall be made in such manner as to
24	preserve confidentiality to the maximum extent
25	practicable without impairing the proceeding.

1	"(3) Effect on other laws.—In any pro-
2	ceeding under section 552(a) of title 5, United States
3	Code (commonly referred to as the 'Freedom of Infor-
4	mation Act'), to obtain information, the disclosure of
5	which has been denied pursuant to this section, the
6	Administrator may not rely on subsection (b)(3) of
7	that section to sustain the action of the Adminis-
8	trator.
9	"(b) Categories of Confidential Business Infor-
10	MATION.—
11	"(1) Information that is always eligible
12	FOR PROTECTION.—Subject to subsection (a)(2) and
13	any other applicable provision of Federal law, the Ad-
14	ministrator shall review and approve a request that
15	conforms to the requirements described in subsection
16	(c)(2) to treat as confidential under this section the
17	following information:
18	"(A) Precise information describing the
19	manufacture, processing, or distribution of a
20	chemical substance or mixture.
21	"(B) Marketing and sales information.
22	"(C) Information identifying the customers
23	of a manufacturer, processor, or distributor.

1	"(D) Details of the full composition of a
2	mixture of a particular manufacturer or proc-
3	essor.
4	"(E) Precise information about the use,
5	function, or application of a chemical substance
6	or mixture in a process, mixture, or product of
7	a particular manufacturer or processor.
8	"(F) Precise production or import volumes
9	of a particular manufacturer, processor, or dis-
10	tributor.
11	"(2) Information that may be eligible for
12	PROTECTION.—
13	"(A) In general.—Subject to subsection
14	(a) and any other applicable provision of Fed-
15	eral law, and except as provided in paragraphs
16	(1) and (3), information submitted by a manu-
17	facturer, processor, or distributor to the Admin-
18	istrator may be protected if the manufacturer,
19	processor, or distributor complies with subsection
20	(c)(2) and the Administrator determines that a
21	request to maintain the confidentiality of the in-
22	formation meets the applicable requirements of
23	this subsection and any rule promulgated by the
24	Administrator under subsection $(c)(1)$ .

1	"(B) Identities of certain chemical
2	SUBSTANCES.—
3	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
4	subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall
5	not disclose precise information on the iden-
6	tity of a chemical substance if—
7	"(I) the manufacturer or processor
8	of the substance has, in accordance
9	with subsection $(c)(2)$ —
10	"(aa) included in a notice
11	under section 5(b) a request, in-
12	cluding a justification and docu-
13	mentation for the request, that the
14	identity of the substance be treat-
15	ed as confidential business infor-
16	$mation;\ or$
17	"(bb) submitted to the Ad-
18	ministrator not later than 180
19	days after the date of enactment
20	of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011
21	a request, including a justifica-
22	tion and documentation for the
23	request, that the identity of a sub-
24	stance for which a notice has been
25	submitted under section 5(b) as of

the date of enactment of the Safe
Chemicals Act of 2011 be treated
as confidential business informa-
tion; and
"(II) the Administrator deter-
mines that—
"(aa) the request complies
with all applicable requirements
of this section;
"(bb) the chemical identity is
not readily discoverable through
$reverse\ engineering;$
"(cc) the manufacturer or
processor takes reasonable meas-
ures to protect the confidentiality
of the chemical substance;
"(dd) no other Federal stat-
ute requires disclosure;
"(ee) disclosure of the iden-
tity of the chemical substance
would cause financial or competi-
tive harm to the manufacturer or
processor;
"(ff) the chemical substance
is not, based on information that

1	is initially available or that later
2	becomes available to the Adminis-
3	trator, a known or probable repro-
4	ductive, developmental, neuro-
5	logical, or immunological toxi-
6	cant, carcinogen, or mutagen;
7	"(gg) the chemical substance
8	is not persistent, bioaccumulative,
9	and toxic; and
10	"(hh) if a safety standard de-
11	termination has been made for a
12	chemical substance, the Adminis-
13	trator determines that the chem-
14	ical substance meets the applicable
15	safety standard either under cur-
16	rent conditions or under addi-
17	tional conditions required by the
18	Administrator.
19	"(ii) Notice.—In cases where all of
20	the requirements specified in clause (i) are
21	met—
22	"(I) the notice required to be
23	made public by the Administrator
24	$under\ section\ 5(f)(3)\ shall\ include\ a$
25	instification for the determination of

1	the Administrator and identify the
2	chemical substance by generic class un-
3	less the Administrator determines that
4	more specific identification is required
5	in the public interest; and
6	"(II) as part of a claim to protect
7	the identity of a chemical substance
8	$under \ subsection \ (c)(2), \ a \ manufac-$
9	turer or processor may provide a 'pub-
10	lic name' for the chemical substance for
11	use by the Administrator when sharing
12	information on the chemical substance
13	under this subsection. The public
14	names should disclose a maximum
15	amount of information on the chemical
16	structure of the substance, while pro-
17	tecting those features of the chemical
18	structure that are considered confiden-
19	tial and the disclosure of which would
20	potentially harm the owner of that in-
21	formation.
22	"(iii) Duration of protection for
23	CHEMICAL IDENTITY.—Notwithstanding
24	subsection $(c)(1)(B)(iv)$ , the identity of a
25	chemical substance for which a request has

1	been submitted pursuant to clause $(i)(I)$
2	and meets the requirements of clause (i)
3	shall be protected as confidential business
4	information—
5	"(I) for such period of time as the
6	Administrator, after reviewing the re-
7	quest, determines to be reasonable; and
8	"(II) upon expiration of a time
9	period specified under this clause, for
10	an additional 5-year period, if the Ad-
11	ministrator, after reviewing the re-
12	quest, determines that the request for
13	protection continues to meet the cri-
14	teria established in this subparagraph.
15	"(iv) Publication requirement.—
16	The Administrator shall annually publish a
17	notice that—
18	"(I) includes an updated, cumu-
19	lative list of each new chemical sub-
20	stance for which the Administrator has
21	approved a request to protect informa-
22	tion under this paragraph, identified
23	by a unique identifier, other than the
24	precise chemical identity, and includ-

1	ing the period of time for which the
2	protection applies; and
3	"(II) for each chemical substance
4	for which the protection provided
5	under this paragraph has expired, pro-
6	vides the precise identity of the chem-
7	ical substance, and provides public ac-
8	cess to any information that had been
9	submitted to the Administrator which
10	concealed the identity of the chemical
11	substance in accordance with this
12	paragraph.
13	"(C) Impurities.—Notwithstanding sub-
14	paragraph (A), the Administrator may deter-
15	mine not to disclose information relating to the
16	degree of purity or the identity of impurities
17	present in a chemical substance or mixture if the
18	Administrator determines that knowledge of the
19	information would reveal processes used in the
20	manufacturing or processing of the chemical sub-
21	stance or mixture.
22	"(3) Information that is never eligible
23	FOR PROTECTION.—

1	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
2	paragraph (2), the Administrator shall disclose
3	$the\ following\ information:$
4	"(i) The identity of a chemical sub-
5	stance.
6	"(ii) Any safety standard determina-
7	tion developed under section 6, including
8	supporting analysis developed by the Ad-
9	ministrator.
10	"(iii) Any health and safety study
11	data that is submitted under this Act with
12	respect to—
13	"(I) any chemical substance or
14	mixture—
15	"(aa) that has been offered
16	for commercial distribution as of
17	the date on which the study is to
18	be disclosed; or
19	"(bb) for which testing is re-
20	quired under section 4 or for
21	which notification is required
22	under section 5; and
23	"(II) any data reported to, or oth-
24	erwise obtained by, the Administrator
25	from a health and safety study that re-

1	lates to a chemical substance or mix-
2	ture described in subclause (I).
3	"(iv) Health and safety data in notices
4	of substantial risk submitted pursuant to
5	section 8(l) and in the underlying studies.
6	"(v) General information describing
7	the manufacturing volumes, expressed in
8	ranges, and industrial, commercial, or con-
9	sumer functions and uses of a chemical sub-
10	stance or mixture.
11	"(vi) Any information indicating the
12	presence of a chemical substance in con-
13	sumer products intended for use, or reason-
14	ably expected to be used, by children aged
15	14 years or younger, if—
16	"(I) the Administrator, or another
17	authoritative body, has determined
18	that the chemical substance—
19	"(aa) is a known or probable
20	reproductive, developmental, neu-
21	rological, or immunological toxi-
22	cant, carcinogen, or mutagen; or
23	"(bb) is persistent, bio-
24	accumulative, and toxic; or

1	"(II) for a chemical substance for
2	which a safety standard determination
3	has been made, the Administrator has
4	not found that the chemical substance
5	meets the safety standard.
6	"(B) Prohibition.—Nothing in this para-
7	graph authorizes the release of any data that dis-
8	closes a process used in the manufacturing or
9	processing of a chemical substance or mixture, or
10	in the case of a mixture, the release of data dis-
11	closing the portion of the mixture comprised by
12	any of the chemical substances in the mixture.
13	"(C) Applicability of other laws.—Ex-
14	cept as provided in paragraph (2), if the Admin-
15	istrator receives a request for information under
16	section 552(a) of title 5, United States Code,
17	(commonly known as the 'Freedom of Informa-
18	tion Act') for information described in subpara-
19	graph (A), which is not information described in
20	subparagraph (B), the Administrator shall not
21	deny the request under subsection (b)(4) of that
22	section.
23	"(c) Designation and Treatment of Confidential
24	Business Information.—
25	"(1) Duties of the administrator.—

1	"(A) Rules.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act
3	of 2011, the Administrator shall promulgate
4	rules that specify—
5	"(i) the acceptable bases on which
6	written requests to maintain confidentiality
7	of information may be approved, which
8	shall be consistent with the requirements of
9	this section;
10	"(ii) the nature of the documentation
11	and justification that must accompany such
12	a request; and
13	"(iii) the types of information the Ad-
14	ministrator determines warrant protection
15	for an indefinite period of time, for which
16	the term of confidentiality specified in sub-
17	$paragraph\ (B)(iv)(I)\ shall\ not\ apply.$
18	"(B) Review of requests.—
19	"(i) In general.—Not later than 90
20	days after the date of receipt of information
21	under paragraph (2), the Administrator
22	shall review a request to maintain confiden-
23	tiality of information submitted under this
24	Act and determine whether to approve,
25	modify, or deny that request based on the

1	regulations promulgated by the Adminis-
2	trator under subparagraph (A).
3	"(ii) Process.—The Administrator
4	shall, in accordance with clause (i)—
5	"(I) review all requests received to
6	maintain confidentiality of submitted
7	$information;\ or$
8	"(II) if it is not feasible for the
9	Administrator to review all of the re-
10	quests—
11	"(aa) review all requests re-
12	lating to information described in
13	subsection $(b)(2)(B)$ ; and
14	"(bb) review a representative
15	subset that includes not less than
16	25 percent of all other requests re-
17	ceived; and
18	"(III) publish in the Federal Reg-
19	ister on at least an annual basis a de-
20	scription of the number and types of
21	requests received and reviewed by the
22	Administrator.
23	"(iii) Denials.—If a request to main-
24	tain confidentiality of submitted informa-
25	tion is denied in accordance with subpara-

1	graph (D), the Administrator shall prompt-
2	ly make the information available to the
3	public in accordance with section $8(i)(2)$ .
4	"(iv) APPROVALS.—If a request to
5	maintain confidentiality of submitted infor-
6	mation is approved, the Administrator
7	shall—
8	"(I) except with respect to re-
9	quests subject to a rule issued pursuant
10	to subparagraph (A)(iii) and requests
11	submitted pursuant to subsection
12	(b)(2)(B)(i)(I), specify a time period
13	not to exceed 5 years for which the sub-
14	mitted information shall be kept con-
15	fidential, unless the information other-
16	wise becomes available to the public
17	during the period; and
18	"(II) upon the expiration of the
19	protection period, make the informa-
20	tion available to the public unless the
21	manufacturer, processor, or distributor
22	has submitted, documented, and justi-
23	fied to the satisfaction of the Adminis-
24	trator and in accordance with this sub-
25	section the basis for a renewal of the

1	protection, for a time period not to ex-
2	ceed 5 years.
3	"(C) Authority of the Adminis-
4	TRATOR.—Nothing in subparagraph (A) or (B)
5	limits the authority of the Administrator to de-
6	termine that particular information, previously
7	treated as confidential, is no longer entitled to
8	confidential treatment.
9	"(D) Notifications.—
10	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
11	in clause (ii), if the Administrator proposes
12	to release information for which a request
13	for confidential treatment has been ap-
14	proved under this section, the Administrator
15	shall electronically notify the manufacturer,
16	processor, or distributor in commerce who
17	submitted the request of the intent of the
18	Administrator to release the information
19	not less than 15 days prior to the release of
20	$the\ information.$
21	"(ii) Administration.—The Adminis-
22	trator shall release the information de-
23	scribed in clause (i) in accordance with the
24	disclosure and procedural requirements of
25	section 552 of title 5, United States Code

1	(commonly known as the 'Freedom of Infor-
2	mation Act'), except that—
3	"(I) if the release of the informa-
4	tion is to be made pursuant to a re-
5	quest made under section 552(a) of
6	title 5, United States Code, the notice
7	shall be given immediately upon ap-
8	proval of the request by the Adminis-
9	trator;
10	"(II) if the Administrator deter-
11	mines that the release of information
12	pursuant to subsection $(a)(2)(A)(iii)$ is
13	necessary to protect against imminent
14	and substantial harm to human health
15	or the environment, no notice shall be
16	required; and
17	"(III) the requirements of this
18	subparagraph shall not apply to the re-
19	lease of information under—
20	"(aa) clauses (i) through (iii)
21	of subsection $(a)(2)(A)$ ; or
22	"(bb) subsection $(b)(3)(A)$ .
23	"(2) Duties of manufacturers, processors,
24	AND DISTRIBUTORS.—

1	"(A) In General.—In submitting data
2	under this Act, a manufacturer, processor, or
3	distributor in commerce may—
4	"(i) designate information, other than
5	$information\ described\ in\ subsection\ (b)(3),$
6	for which the manufacturer, processor, or
7	distributor requests confidential treatment
8	under subsection (a) or (b); and
9	"(ii) submit the designated data sepa-
10	rately from other data submitted under this
11	Act.
12	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A designation
13	under this paragraph shall be made in writing
14	and in such manner as the Administrator may
15	prescribe, and shall include—
16	"(i) documentation and justification
17	for each request for confidentiality, except
18	for requests relating to the information de-
19	$scribed\ in\ subsection\ (b)(1);$
20	"(ii) the period of time for which
21	maintenance of confidentiality of the infor-
22	mation is requested except with respect to
23	requests subject to a rule issued pursuant to
24	subsection (c)(1)(A)(iii);

1	"(iii) a certification that the informa-
2	tion is not otherwise publicly available;
3	"(iv) separate copies of all submitted
4	information, with 1 copy containing and 1
5	copy excluding the information to which the
6	request applies; and
7	"(v) any additional information re-
8	quired by the Administrator.
9	"(C) Request for renewal.—Prior to
10	the expiration of the specified time period deter-
11	mined by the Administrator under paragraph
12	(1)(B)(iv), a manufacturer, processor, or dis-
13	tributor may submit a request for renewal of
14	protection for protected information. This request
15	for renewal shall follow the same procedures and
16	requirements as the initial submission under
17	subparagraphs (A) and (B).
18	"(d) Civil Penalty for Wrongful Disclosure or
19	Wrongful Requests for Protection.—
20	"(1) In general.—Any officer or employee of
21	the United States or former officer or employee of the
22	United States, who, by virtue of employment or offi-
23	cial position has obtained possession of, or has access
24	to, material the disclosure of which is prohibited by
25	subsection (a), and who knowing that disclosure of the

- material is prohibited by that subsection, willfully discloses the material in any manner to any person not entitled to receive the information, shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action and subject to a civil money penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each violation.
  - "(2) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.—Section 1905 of title 18, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to the publishing, divulging, disclosure, making known, or making available of, information reported or otherwise obtained under this Act.
  - "(3) Contractors.—For the purposes of paragraph (1), any contractor with the United States who is furnished information as authorized by subsection (a)(2), including any employee of such a contractor, shall be considered to be an employee of the United States.
  - "(4) False requests.—Any officer or employee of a company that submits information under this Act who willfully designates information as eligible for confidential treatment, knowing that the information is ineligible for such treatment, shall be subject to a civil money penalty of not more than \$10,000 for each such violation.

1	"(e) Access by Congress.—Notwithstanding this
2	section or any other provision of law, all information re-
3	ported to or otherwise obtained by the Administrator (or
4	any representative of the Administrator) under this Act
5	shall be made available, on written request of any duly au-
6	thorized committee of Congress, to that committee.
7	"(f) Risk Information for Workers.—The Admin-
8	istrator shall facilitate the sharing of information that per-
9	tains to chemical substances or mixtures or articles con-
10	taining chemical substances that workers may come into
11	contact with or may otherwise be exposed to during the
12	course of work with those workers and representatives of
13	each certified or recognized bargaining agent representing
14	those workers. Nothing in this subsection authorizes disclo-
15	sure of information other than those disclosures that may
16	be made pursuant to subsections (a) through (e).".
17	SEC. 15. PROHIBITED ACTS.
18	Section 15 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
19	U.S.C. 2614) is amended—
20	(1) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the
21	following:
22	"(1) fail or refuse to comply with any rule,
23	order, prohibition, restriction, or other requirement
24	imposed by this Act or by the Administrator under
25	this Act;";

1	(2) in paragraph (2)—
2	(A) by striking "use" and inserting "man-
3	ufacture, process, distribute in commerce, use,
4	or dispose of";
5	(B) by striking "or mixture" and inserting
6	", mixture, or article"; and
7	(C) by striking "section 5 or 6, a rule or
8	order under section 5 or 6, or an order issued
9	in action brought under section 5 or 7" and in-
10	serting "any rule, order, prohibition, restriction,
11	or other requirement imposed by this Act or by
12	the Administrator under this Act';
13	(3) in paragraph (3)—
14	(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "ac-
15	curate and complete" after "maintain";
16	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
17	(i) by inserting "or make accurate
18	and complete" after "submit"; and
19	(ii) by inserting "information submis-
20	sions, disclosures, declarations, certifi-
21	cations," after "notices,"; and
22	(C) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or"
23	after the semicolon;
24	(4) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at
25	the end and inserting a semicolon; and

1	(5) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(5) make or submit a statement, declaration,
3	disclosure, certification, writing, data set, or rep-
4	resentation that is materially false, in whole or in
5	part, or to falsify or conceal any material fact, in
6	taking any action or making any communication
7	pursuant to this Act or pursuant to any rule or
8	order promulgated or issued under this Act; or
9	"(6) take any action prohibited by this Act.".
10	SEC. 16. PENALTIES.
11	Section 16 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
12	U.S.C. 2615) is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (a)—
14	(A) in paragraph (1)—
15	(i) in the first sentence—
16	(I) by inserting "this Act or a
17	rule or order promulgated or issued
18	pursuant to this Act, as described in"
19	after "a provision of"; and
20	(II) by striking "\$25,000" and
21	inserting "\$37,500"; and
22	(ii) in the second sentence, by striking
23	"violation of section 15 or 409" and in-
24	serting "violation of this Act";

1	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3),
2	and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respec-
3	tively;
4	(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
5	following:
6	"(2) In the case of any violation described in
7	paragraph (1), the Administrator may commence a
8	civil action in the appropriate United States district
9	court to assess penalties pursuant to that para-
10	graph.";
11	(D) in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3)
12	(as redesignated by subparagraph (B))—
13	(i) in the first sentence, by inserting
14	"this Act, as described in" before "section
15	15 or 409''; and
16	(ii) in the last sentence, by striking
17	"within 15 days of" and inserting "not
18	later than 15 days after";
19	(E) in the first sentence of paragraph (4)
20	(as redesignated by subparagraph (B))—
21	(i) by striking "paragraph (2)(A)"
22	and inserting "paragraph (3)(A)"; and
23	(ii) by striking "the United States
24	Court of Appeals for the District of Co-
25	lumbia Circuit or for any other circuit"

1	and inserting "the appropriate district
2	court of the United States for the dis-
3	trict"; and
4	(F) in paragraph (5) (as redesignated by
5	subparagraph (B)), by striking "paragraph (3)"
6	each place it appears and inserting "paragraph
7	(4)"; and
8	(2) in subsection (b)—
9	(A) by striking "Any person" and inserting
10	the following:
11	"(1) In general.—Any person";
12	(B) by striking "or willfully";
13	(C) by inserting "this Act, as described in"
14	after "any provision of";
15	(D) by striking "\$25,000" and inserting
16	"\$50,000";
17	(E) by striking "one year" and inserting
18	"5 years"; and
19	(F) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(2) Imminent danger of death or serious
21	BODILY INJURY.—
22	"(A) In general.—Any individual who
23	knowingly violates any provision of this Act and
24	who knows at the time that the violation places
25	another person in imminent danger of death or

1	serious bodily injury shall upon conviction be
2	subject to a fine of not more than \$250,000, or
3	imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or
4	both.
5	"(B) Other persons.—A person that is
6	not an individual shall, upon conviction of vio-
7	lating this paragraph, be subject to a fine of
8	not more than \$1,000,000.".
9	SEC. 17. SPECIFIC ENFORCEMENT AND SEIZURE.
10	Section 17 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
11	U.S.C. 2616) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)—
13	(A) in paragraph (1)—
14	(i) by striking "(1) The district
15	courts" and all that follows through the
16	end of subparagraph (C) and inserting the
17	following:
18	"(1) Authority of the administrator.—
19	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
20	may commence a civil action in the appropriate
21	United States district court to compel compli-
22	ance of any person with any provision of this
23	Act or any rule or order promulgated pursuant
24	to this Act.

1	"(B) Enforcement.—The authority of
2	the Administrator to enforce this Act includes
3	the authority—
4	"(i) to seek civil or criminal penalties
5	under section 16 for any violation of this
6	Act, as described in sections 15 and 409;
7	"(ii) to enjoin any violation of this
8	Act, or of a rule or order promulgated or
9	issued under this Act, as described in sec-
10	tions 15 and 409;
11	"(iii) to order the compliance of any
12	person with any provision of this Act, or
13	with any rule or order promulgated or
14	issued under this Act, through an adminis-
15	trative proceeding (which may proceed con-
16	currently with action under this section),
17	in which the Administrator may levy pen-
18	alties under section 16; and"; and
19	(ii) in subparagraph (D)—
20	(I) by redesignating clause (i)
21	through (iii) as subclauses (I) through
22	(III), respectively, and indenting ap-
23	propriately;

1	(II) by striking "(D) direct any
2	manufacturer" and inserting the fol-
3	lowing:
4	"(iv) to order any manufacturer";
5	(III) by striking "product subject
6	to title IV" and inserting "article sub-
7	ject to this Act";
8	(IV) by striking "product" each
9	place it appears and inserting "arti-
10	cle'';
11	(V) by striking "of section 5, 6,
12	or title IV" and inserting "this Act";
13	and
14	(VI) by striking "under section
15	5, 6, or title IV" and inserting "pro-
16	mulgated and issued under this Act,
17	as described in section 15 or 409,";
18	(B) in paragraph (2)—
19	(i) by striking "(2) A civil action" and
20	all that follows through "described in sub-
21	paragraph (A) of such paragraph" in sub-
22	paragraph (A) and inserting the following:
23	"(2) CIVIL ACTIONS.—

1	"(A) In General.—The district courts of
2	the United States shall have jurisdiction over a
3	civil action described in paragraph (1).
4	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—A civil action de-
5	scribed in paragraph (1) may be brought—
6	"(i) in the case of a civil action de-
7	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of
8	paragraph (1)";
9	(ii) in clause (i) (as so designated), by
10	striking "of section 15" and inserting "of
11	this Act, as described in section 15 or
12	409'';
13	(iii) by redesignating subparagraph
14	(B) as clause (ii) and indenting appro-
15	priately; and
16	(iv) in clause (ii) (as so designated),
17	by striking "such paragraph" and insert-
18	ing "paragraph (1)"; and
19	(C) in the undesignated matter following
20	paragraph (2), by striking "In any" and insert-
21	ing the following:
22	"(3) Serving of process and subpoenas.—
23	In any"; and
24	(2) in the first sentence of subsection (b)—

1	(A) by striking "title IV" and inserting
2	"this Act";
3	(B) by striking "product" the first place it
4	appears and inserting "article"; and
5	(C) by striking "product," both places it
6	appears.
7	SEC. 18. PREEMPTION.
8	Section 18 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
9	U.S.C. 2617) is amended to read as follows:
10	"SEC. 18. PREEMPTION.
11	"Nothing in this Act affects the right of a State or
12	a political subdivision of a State to adopt or enforce any
13	regulation, requirement, or standard of performance that
14	is different from, or in addition to, a regulation, require-
15	ment, liability, or standard of performance established
16	pursuant to this Act unless compliance with both this Act
17	and the State or political subdivision of a State regulation,
18	requirement, or standard of performance is impossible, in
19	which case the applicable provisions of this Act shall con-
20	trol.".
21	SEC. 19. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
22	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
23	U.S.C. 2618) is amended—
24	(1) in subsection (a)—
25	(A) in paragraph (1)—

1	(i) by striking subparagraph (B);
2	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking
3	"(1)(A) Not later" and all that follows
4	through "under title II or IV," and insert-
5	ing the following:
6	"(1) Judicial review.—Not later than 60
7	days after the date of the promulgation or issuance
8	of a rule under of this Act,";
9	(iii) by inserting "or order" after
10	"rule" each place it appears; and
11	(iv) in the second sentence, by strik-
12	ing "(other than in an enforcement pro-
13	ceeding)";
14	(B) in paragraph (2)—
15	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
16	"paragraph (1)(A)" and inserting "para-
17	graph (1)"; and
18	(ii) in the second sentence, by insert-
19	ing "or order" after "rule"; and
20	(C) by striking paragraph (3);
21	(2) in subsection (b), by inserting "or order"
22	after "rule" each place it appears; and
23	(3) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (1)
24	and inserting the following:

1	"(1) In general.—Upon the filing of a peti-
2	tion under subsection $(a)(1)$ for judicial review of a
3	rule or order, the court shall have jurisdiction—
4	"(A) to grant appropriate relief, including
5	interim relief, as provided in chapter 7 of title
6	5, United States Code; and
7	"(B) to review the rule or order in accord-
8	ance with that chapter.".
9	SEC. 20. CITIZENS' CIVIL ACTION.
10	Section 20 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
11	U.S.C. 2619) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)—
13	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "under
14	section 4, 5, or 6, or title II or IV, or order
15	issued under section 5 or title II or IV to re-
16	strain such violation," and inserting "or order
17	issued under this Act;"; and
18	(B) in the third sentence of the undesig-
19	nated language following paragraph (2), by in-
20	serting ", to enforce this Act or any rule pro-
21	mulgated or order issued under this Act, or to
22	order the Administrator to perform an act or
23	duty described in this Act, as the case may be"
24	after "citizenship of the parties"; and

1	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)$ , by striking "to re-
2	strain" and inserting "respecting".
3	SEC. 21. CITIZENS' PETITIONS.
4	Section 21 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
5	U.S.C. 2620) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "under section
7	4, 6, or 8 or an order under section 5(e) or
8	(6)(b)(2)" and inserting ", order, or any other ac-
9	tion authorized under this Act"; and
10	(2) in subsection (b)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "under
12	section 4, 6, or 8 or an order under section
13	5(e), $6(b)(1)(A)$ , or $6(b)(1)(B)$ " and inserting
14	"or order or to initiate other action authorized
15	under this Act";
16	(B) in the first sentence of paragraph (3),
17	by striking "section 4, 5, 6, or 8" and inserting
18	"the applicable provisions of this Act"; and
19	(C) in paragraph (4)—
20	(i) in the first sentence of subpara-
21	graph (A), by striking "a rulemaking pro-
22	ceeding" and inserting "proceedings au-
23	thorized under this Act'; and
24	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—

1	(I) in the matter preceding clause
2	(i)—
3	(aa) in the first sentence, by
4	striking "a proceeding to issue a
5	rule under section 4, 6, or 8 or
6	an order under section 5(e) or
7	6(b)(2)" and inserting "pro-
8	ceedings authorized under this
9	Act''; and
10	(bb) by inserting "Notwith-
11	standing the preceding sentence,
12	in the case of a petition to delist
13	a chemical substance under sec-
14	tion 6(a), the delisting may not
15	proceed except as authorized
16	under that subsection." after the
17	first sentence;
18	(II) in clause (i)—
19	(aa) in the matter preceding
20	subclause (I), by striking "in the
21	case of a petition to initiate a
22	proceeding for the issuance of a
23	rule under section 4 or an order
24	under section 5(e)" and inserting
25	"except as provided in clause (ii),

1	in the case of a petition to ini
2	tiate a proceeding for the
3	issuance of a rule or an orde
4	under this Act"; and
5	(bb) in subclause (II), by
6	striking "an unreasonable risl
7	to" and inserting "substantia
8	endangerment"; and
9	(III) in clause (ii)—
10	(aa) by striking "issuance o
11	a rule under section 6 or 8 or a
12	order under section $6(b)(2)$ " and
13	inserting "imposition or issuance
14	of a restriction, use condition, o
15	order under this chapter";
16	(bb) by striking "an unrea
17	sonable risk of injury" and in
18	serting "a substantia
19	endangerment"; and
20	(cc) by striking the period a
21	the end and inserting a semi
22	colon.
23	SEC. 22. EMPLOYMENT EFFECTS.
24	Section 24 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (13
25	U.S.C. 2623) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding
2	paragraph (1)—
3	(A) by striking "continuing" and inserting
4	"periodic"; and
5	(B) by striking "plant closures" and all
6	that follows through the end of paragraph (2)
7	and inserting "plant closures) of the implemen-
8	tation of this Act.";
9	(2) in subsection (b)—
10	(A) in paragraph (1), in the undesignated
11	language following subparagraph (B), by strik-
12	ing "section 4, 5, or 6 or a requirement of sec-
13	tion 5 or 6" and inserting "this Act";
14	(B) in paragraph (2)—
15	(i) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by strik-
16	ing "by order issued" and inserting "in
17	writing,"; and
18	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
19	(I) in clause (i), by striking the
20	comma after "such request" and in-
21	serting "; and";
22	(II) by striking clause (ii); and
23	(III) by redesignating clause (iii)
24	as clause (ii); and
25	(C) by striking paragraph (4); and

1	(3) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(c) Effect.—Nothing in this section—
3	"(1) requires the Administrator to amend or re-
4	peal any rule or order in effect under this Act; or
5	"(2) conditions the authority of the Adminis-
6	trator to issue orders or promulgate rules under this
7	Act.".
8	SEC. 23. ADMINISTRATION OF THE TOXIC SUBSTANCES
9	CONTROL ACT.
10	Section 26 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
11	U.S.C. 2625) is amended—
12	(1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
13	following:
14	"(b) Fees.—
15	"(1) In general.—The Administrator may, by
16	rule, require the payment of a reasonable fee from
17	any person required to submit data to defray the
18	cost of administering this Act.
19	"(2) Considerations.—In setting a fee under
20	this subsection, the Administrator shall take into ac-
21	count—
22	"(A) the ability to pay of the person re-
23	quired to submit the data; and
24	"(B) the cost to the Administrator of re-
25	viewing the data.

1	"(3) Fee sharing.—Rules described in para-
2	graph (1) may provide for sharing a fee in any case
3	in which the expenses of testing are shared under
4	this Act.";
5	(2) in subsection (c)—
6	(A) in the subsection heading, by adding
7	"AND MIXTURES" after "CATEGORIES"; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(3) MIXTURES.—Any action authorized or re-
10	quired to be taken by the Administrator or any other
11	person under any provision of this Act with respect
12	to a chemical substance is likewise also authorized or
13	required with respect to a mixture, if the Adminis-
14	trator determines that such extension is reasonable
15	and efficient."; and
16	(3) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(h) Rulemaking or Orders.—In carrying out this
18	Act, the Administrator may issue such orders and pre-
19	scribe such regulations as are necessary to carry out this
20	Act.".
21	SEC. 24. STATE PROGRAMS.
22	Section 28 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
23	U.S.C. 2627) is amended—
24	(1) in the first sentence of subsection (a)—
25	(A) by striking "unreasonable"; and

1	(B) by striking "is unable or is not likely
2	to take" and inserting "has not taken";
3	(2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), and
4	(d) as subsections (e), (d), and (e), respectively;
5	(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(b) Coordination.—The Administrator shall es-
8	tablish a process to coordinate with States, on an on-going
9	basis, to share data and priorities relating to the manage-
10	ment of chemical substances under this title and under
11	programs operated by States, in accordance with section
12	14."; and
13	(4) in subsection $(c)(2)$ (as redesignated by
14	paragraph (2)), by striking "including cancer, birth
15	defects, and gene mutations,".
16	SEC. 25. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
17	Title I of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
18	U.S.C. 2601 et seq.) is amended—
19	(1) by redesignating section 29 (15 U.S.C.
20	2628) as section 38;
21	(2) by redesignating section 30 (15 U.S.C.
22	2629) as section 37;
	2025) as section 51,
23	(3) by striking section 31 (Public Law 94–469;

1	(4) by amending section 38 (as redesignated by
2	paragraph (1)) to read as follows:
3	"SEC. 38. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	"There are authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-
5	ministrator to carry out this Act such sums as are nec-
6	essary for each of fiscal years 2011 through 2018.".
7	SEC. 26. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
8	(a) Restrictions on Certain Chemical Sub-
9	STANCES.—The Toxic Substances Control Act is amended
10	by inserting after section 28 (15 U.S.C. 2627) the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"SEC. 29. CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH RE-
13	SEARCH PROGRAM.
13 14	SEARCH PROGRAM.  "(a) CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH RE-
14	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Re-
14 15	"(a) CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
14 15 16	"(a) CHILDREN'S ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH RESEARCH PROGRAM.—  "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days
14 15 16 17	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Research Program.—  "(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Research Program.—  "(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish within
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Research Program.—  "(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish within the Environmental Protection Agency a program to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Research Program.—  "(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish within the Environmental Protection Agency a program to be known as the 'Children's Environmental Health
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Research Program.—  "(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish within the Environmental Protection Agency a program to be known as the 'Children's Environmental Health Research Program' (referred to in this subsection as
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Children's Environmental Health Research Program.—  "(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish within the Environmental Protection Agency a program to be known as the 'Children's Environmental Health Research Program' (referred to in this subsection as the 'Program').

1	grants under the Program to further understanding
2	of the vulnerability of children to chemical sub-
3	stances and mixtures.
4	"(3) Consultation.—Contracts and grants
5	under this section shall be provided in consultation
6	with the Interagency Science Advisory Board on
7	Children's Health Research established under sub-
8	section $(b)(1)$ .
9	"(b) Interagency Science Advisory Board on
10	CHILDREN'S HEALTH RESEARCH.—
11	"(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days
12	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
13	Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish an ad-
14	visory board to be known as the 'Interagency
15	Science Advisory Board on Children's Health Re-
16	search' (referred to in this subsection as the
17	'Board').
18	"(2) Purpose.—The purpose of the Board
19	shall be to provide independent advice, expert con-
20	sultation, and peer review, on request of the Admin-
21	istrator or Congress, with respect to the scientific
22	and technical aspects of issues relating to the imple-
23	mentation of this title with respect to research on
	1

"(3) Composition.—The Administrator shall—

protecting children's health.

24

1	"(A) appoint the members of the Board,
2	including, at a minimum, representatives of—
3	"(i) the National Institute of Environ-
4	mental Health Sciences;
5	"(ii) the Centers for Disease Control
6	and Prevention;
7	"(iii) the National Toxicology Pro-
8	gram;
9	"(iv) the National Cancer Institute;
10	"(v) the National EPA-Tribal Science
11	Council; and
12	"(vi) not fewer than 3 centers of chil-
13	dren's health at leading institutions of
14	higher education;
15	"(B) ensure that at least 1/3 of the mem-
16	bers of the Board have specific scientific exper-
17	tise in the relationship of chemical exposures to
18	prenatal, infant, and children's health; and
19	"(C) ensure that no individual appointed
20	to serve on the Board has a conflict of interest
21	that is relevant to the functions performed by
22	the Board, unless—
23	"(i) the individual promptly and pub-
24	licly discloses the conflict; and

1	"(ii) the Administrator determines
2	that the conflict is unavoidable.
3	"(4) APPLICABLE LAW.—The Board shall be
4	subject to subchapter II of chapter 5, and chapter
5	7, of title 5, United States Code (commonly known
6	as the 'Administrative Procedure Act').
7	"(c) Prenatal and Infant Exposures.—
8	"(1) Monitoring.—If, through studies per-
9	formed under subsection (a) or section 4 or in any
10	other available research, the Administrator identifies
11	a chemical substance that may be present in human
12	biological media that may have adverse effects on
13	early childhood development, the Administrator shall
14	coordinate with the Secretary of Health and Human
15	Services to conduct, not later than 2 years after the
16	date on which the Administrator identifies the chem-
17	ical substance, a biomonitoring study to determine
18	the presence of the chemical substance in human bi-
19	ological media in, at a minimum, pregnant women
20	and infants.
21	"(2) Publication.—On completion of any
22	study conducted under paragraph (1), the Secretary
23	of Health and Human Services shall—
24	"(A) notify the Administrator of the re-
25	sults of the study: and

1	"(B) publish the results of the study in a
2	publicly available electronic format.
3	"(3) Positive results.—
4	"(A) Manufacture disclosure.—If a
5	chemical substance or mixture is determined to
6	be present in a study conducted under para-
7	graph (1), the manufacturers and processors of
8	the chemical substance or mixture shall, not
9	later than 180 days after the date of publica-
10	tion of the study, disclose to the Administrator,
11	commercial customers of the manufacturers and
12	processors, consumers, and the public—
13	"(i) all known uses of the chemical
14	substance or mixture; and
15	"(ii) all articles in which the chemical
16	substance or mixture is, or is expected to
17	be, present.
18	"(B) Cost and form of disclosure.—
19	Information under clauses (i) and (ii) of sub-
20	paragraph (A) shall be—
21	"(i) made available by the Adminis-
22	trator in electronic format; and
23	"(ii) made readily accessible and free
24	of charge by each applicable manufacturer
25	and processor in electronic format to the

1	commercial customers of such manufac-
2	turer or processor, consumers, and the
3	public.
4	"SEC. 30. REDUCTION OF ANIMAL-BASED TESTING.
5	"(a) Administration.—The Administrator shall
6	take action to minimize the use of animals in testing of
7	chemical substances or mixtures, including—
8	"(1) encouraging and facilitating, to the max-
9	imum extent practicable—
10	"(A) the use of existing data of sufficient
11	scientific quality;
12	"(B) the use of test methods that eliminate
13	or reduce the use of animals while providing
14	data of high scientific quality;
15	"(C) the grouping of 2 or more chemical
16	substances into scientifically appropriate cat-
17	egories in cases in which testing of 1 chemical
18	substance would provide reliable and useful
19	data on others in the category;
20	"(D) the formation of industry consortia to
21	jointly conduct testing to avoid unnecessary du-
22	plication of tests; and
23	"(E) the parallel submission of data from
24	animal-based studies and from emerging meth-
25	ods and models; and

1	"(2) funding research and validation studies to
2	reduce, refine, and replace the use of animal tests in
3	accordance with this subsection.
4	"(b) Interagency Science Advisory Board on
5	ALTERNATIVE TESTING METHODS.—
6	"(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days
7	after the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals
8	Act of 2011, the Administrator shall establish an ad-
9	visory board to be known as the 'Interagency
10	Science Advisory Board on Alternative Testing
11	Methods' (referred to in this subsection and sub-
12	section (c) as the 'Board').
13	"(2) Composition.—The Administrator shall—
14	"(A) appoint the members of the Board,
15	including, at a minimum, representatives of—
16	"(i) the National Institute of Environ-
17	mental Health Sciences;
18	"(ii) the Centers for Disease Control
19	and Prevention;
20	"(iii) the National Toxicology Pro-
21	gram;
22	"(iv) the National Cancer Institute;
23	and
24	"(v) the National EPA-Tribal Science
25	Council: and

1	"(B) ensure that no individual appointed
2	to serve on the Board has a conflict of interest
3	that is relevant to the functions to be per-
4	formed, unless—
5	"(i) the individual promptly and pub-
6	liely discloses the conflict; and
7	"(ii) the Administrator determines
8	that the conflict is unavoidable.
9	"(3) Purpose.—The purpose of the Board
10	shall be to provide independent advice and peer re-
11	view to Congress and the Administrator on the sci-
12	entific and technical aspects of issues relating to the
13	implementation of this title with respect to mini-
14	mizing the use of animals in testing chemical sub-
15	stances or mixtures.
16	"(4) APPLICABLE LAW.—The Board shall be
17	subject to subchapter II of chapter 5, and chapter
18	7, of title 5, United States Code (commonly known
19	as the 'Administrative Procedure Act').
20	"(5) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
22	2011, and every 3 years thereafter, the Adminis-
23	trator, in consultation with the Board, shall publish
24	in the Federal Register a list of testing methods that
25	reduce the use of animals in testing under section 4.

1	"(c) Implementation of Alternative Testing
2	METHODS.—To promote the development and timely in-
3	corporation of new testing methods that are not animal-
4	based, the Administrator shall—
5	"(1) in consultation with the Board, and after
6	providing an opportunity for public comment, de-
7	velop a strategic plan to promote the development
8	and implementation of alternative test methods and
9	testing strategies to generate information used for
10	safety standard determinations under section 6(b)
11	that do not use animals, including toxicity pathway-
12	based risk assessment, in vitro studies, systems biol-
13	ogy, computational toxicology, bioinformatics, and
14	high-throughput screening;
15	"(2) beginning on the date that is 2 years after
16	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
17	2011 and every 2 years thereafter, submit to Con-
18	gress a report that describes the progress made in
19	implementing this section; and
20	"(3) fund and carry out research, development,
21	performance assessment, and translational studies to
22	accelerate the development of test methods and test-
23	ing strategies that are not animal-based for use in

safety standard determinations under section 6(b).

1	"(d) Criteria for Adapting or Waiving Animal
2	TESTING REQUIREMENTS.—On request from a manufac-
3	turer or processor that is required to conduct animal-
4	based testing of a chemical substance or mixture under
5	this title, the Administrator may adapt or waive the ani-
6	mal testing requirement if the Administrator determines
7	that—
8	"(1) there is a sufficient weight of evidence
9	from several independent sources of information to
10	support a conclusion that a chemical substance or
11	mixture has, or does not have, a particular property,
12	in any case in which the information from each indi-
13	vidual source alone is regarded as insufficient to
14	support the conclusion;
15	"(2) because of 1 or more physical or chemical
16	properties of the chemical substance or mixture,
17	testing for a specific endpoint is technically not
18	practicable to conduct; or
19	"(3) a chemical substance or mixture cannot be
20	tested in animals at concentrations that do not re-
21	sult in significant pain or distress, because of phys-
22	ical or chemical properties of the chemical substance
23	or mixture, such as potential to cause severe corro-

sion or severe irritation to tissues.

1	"SEC. 31. SAFER ALTERNATIVES AND GREEN CHEMISTRY
2	AND ENGINEERING.
3	"(a) Safer Alternatives Program.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
5	the date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of
6	2011, the Administrator shall establish a program to
7	create market incentives for the development of safer
8	alternatives to existing chemical substances that re-
9	duce or avoid the use and generation of hazardous
10	substances.
11	"(2) Requirements.—The program estab-
12	lished under paragraph (1) shall include—
13	"(A) expedited review of new chemical sub-
14	stances for which the manufacturer or proc-
15	essor submits an alternatives analysis indicating
16	that the new chemical substance is the safer al-
17	ternative for a particular use than existing
18	chemical substances used for the same purpose;
19	"(B) recognition for a chemical substance
20	or product determined by the Administrator to
21	be a safer alternative for a particular use by
22	means of a special designation intended for use
23	in marketing the safer alternative, and periodic
24	public awards or rewards; and
25	"(C) such other incentives, as the Adminis-
26	trator considers to be appropriate to encourage

1	the development, marketing, and use of chem-
2	ical substances or products determined by the
3	Administrator to be safer alternatives for the
4	particular uses, such as job training and worker
5	assistance.

- 6 "(b) GREEN CHEMISTRY RESEARCH NETWORK.—
  7 The Administrator shall establish a network of not less
  8 than 4 green chemistry and engineering centers, located
  9 in various regions of the United States, to support the
  10 development and adoption of safer alternatives to chemical
  11 substances, particularly chemical substances listed under
  12 section 6(a).
- "(c) Green Chemistry and Engineering Re-14 Search Grants.—The Administrator shall make grants 15 to promote and support the research, development, and 16 adoption of safer alternatives to hazardous substances.
- 17 "(d) Green Chemistry Workforce Education 18 and Training Program.—
- 19 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-20 tablish a program to facilitate the development of a 21 workforce, including industrial and scientific work-22 ers, that produces safer alternatives to existing 23 chemical substances.

1	"(2) Goals.—The goals of the program estab-
2	lished under paragraph (1) are to provide workforce
3	training on skills that would—
4	"(A) facilitate the expansion of green
5	chemistry;
6	"(B) develop scientific and technical lead-
7	ership in green chemistry;
8	"(C) facilitate the successful and safe inte-
9	gration of green chemistry into infrastructure
10	projects;
11	"(D) inform and engage communities
12	about green chemistry; and
13	"(E) promote innovation and strong public
14	health and environmental protections.
15	"(3) Implementation.—The Administrator
16	shall implement the program to achieve the goals of
17	this Act, including by—
18	"(A) helping to develop a broad range of
19	skills relevant to the production and use of the
20	safer alternatives, including the design, manu-
21	facturing, use, and disposal of the alternatives;
22	"(B) offering to develop partnerships with
23	educational institutions, training organizations,
24	private sector companies, and community orga-
25	nizations; and

1	"(C) providing grants to States, units of
2	local government, and the partnerships devel-
3	oped under subparagraph (B) to promote and
4	support activities consistent with achieving the
5	goals of the program established under this
6	subsection.
7	"SEC. 32. COOPERATION WITH INTERNATIONAL EFFORTS.
8	"In cooperation with the Secretary of State and the
9	head of any other appropriate Federal agency (as deter-
10	mined by the Administrator), the Administrator shall co-
11	operate with international efforts as appropriate—
12	"(1) to develop a common protocol or electronic
13	database relating to chemical substances; or
14	"(2) to develop safer alternatives for chemical
15	substances.
16	"SEC. 33. RELIABLE INFORMATION AND ADVICE.
17	"Not later than 18 months after the date of enact-
18	ment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the Adminis-
19	trator shall, by order, establish and implement procedures
20	to ensure data reliability including, at a minimum, re-
21	quirements that the Administrator—
22	"(1) not less than annually randomly inspect
23	laboratories that develop the data required under
24	this title on the various properties and characteris-
25	tics of a chemical substance;

1	"(2) annually perform a comprehensive data
2	audit on a subset, as chosen by the Administrator,
3	of the data submissions under this title;

- "(3) establish and maintain a registry of all health- and safety-related studies initiated in response to requirements under this title;
- "(4) have access to all records of health- and safety-related studies initiated in response to requirements under this title; and
- "(5) require the submitter of any research study conducted by a third party in response to requirements under this title to disclose to the Administrator and the public, at the time of submission, the sources of any funding used for the conduct or publication of the study received by the researchers who conducted the study.

## 17 "SEC. 34, HOT SPOTS.

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- 18 "(a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 19 "(1) DISPROPORTIONATE EXPOSURE.—The 20 term 'disproportionate exposure' means residential 21 population exposure to 1 or more toxic chemical sub-22 stances or mixtures at levels that are significantly 23 greater than the average exposure in the United 24 States, as defined and identified by the Adminis-

1	trator in accordance with the criteria established
2	under subsection (b).
3	"(2) Locality.—The term 'locality' means any
4	geographical area (including a county, city, town,
5	neighborhood, census tract, zip code area, or other
6	commonly understood political or geographical sub-
7	division) in which the Administrator identifies dis-
8	proportionate exposure.
9	"(b) Criteria.—Not later than 180 days after the
10	date of enactment of the Safe Chemicals Act of 2011, the
11	Administrator shall promulgate a rule to establish criteria
12	consistent with this section that—
13	"(1) defines disproportionate exposure; and
14	"(2) identifies any locality that is disproportion-
15	ately exposed.
16	"(c) Identification.—
17	"(1) In general.—Not later than 120 days
18	after the date on which the rule is promulgated
19	under subsection (b), the Administrator shall iden-
20	tify localities in the United States that are subject
21	to disproportionate exposure.
22	"(2) USE OF DATA.—In identifying localities
23	under paragraph (1), the Administrator—
24	"(A) shall use data contained in the Na-
25	tional Air Toxic Assessment Database: and

1	"(B) may use other data available to the
2	Administrator, including data developed
3	under—
4	"(i) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
5	U.S.C. 300f et seq.);
6	"(ii) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
7	U.S.C. 6901 et seq.);
8	"(iii) the Comprehensive Environ-
9	mental Response, Compensation, and Li-
10	ability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et
11	seq.); and
12	"(iv) the Emergency Planning and
13	Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986
14	(42 U.S.C. 11001 et seq.).
15	"(3) Public Participation.—The Adminis-
16	trator shall provide an opportunity for members of
17	the public to nominate localities in which dispropor-
18	tionate exposure may be found for inclusion in the
19	identification of localities under paragraph (1).
20	"(d) Locality List.—
21	"(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
22	after completing the identification of localities under
23	subsection (e)(1), the Administrator, after notice
24	and consultation with applicable State, local, county

1	health, and environmental officials, State, local, and
2	county legislators, and other elected officials, shall—
3	"(A) publish a list of the localities subject
4	to disproportionate exposure identified under
5	that subsection in the Federal Register; and
6	"(B) make the list published under sub-
7	paragraph (A) available electronically.
8	"(2) UPDATED LIST.—
9	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
10	graph (B), not later than 5 years after the date
11	on which the list is published under paragraph
12	(1)(A), and at least once every 5 years there-
13	after, the Administrator shall update and re-
14	publish the list.
15	"(B) DISCRETIONARY UPDATES.—The Ad-
16	ministrator may update and republish the list
17	under paragraph (1) more frequently than every
18	5 years—
19	"(i) to add new localities that meet
20	the criteria established under subsection
21	(b); or
22	"(ii) to remove localities, if the Ad-
23	ministrator determines that the exposure
24	reduction has been achieved and no further

1	action is needed after actions are taken
2	under subsection (f).
3	"(C) Notification.—The Administrator
4	shall notify all applicable State, local, county
5	health, and environmental officials, State, local
6	and county legislators, and other elected offi-
7	cials of the updated listing.
8	"(e) No Judicial Review; Nondiscretionary
9	Duty.—
10	"(1) No Judicial Review.—The following ac-
11	tions under this section shall not be subject to judi-
12	cial review:
13	"(A) A decision to include on the list pub-
14	lished under subsection (d)(1) a locality identi-
15	fied under subsection $(c)(1)$ .
16	"(B) A decision in response to nominations
17	submitted under subsection $(c)(3)$ .
18	"(C) A decision to list localities under sub-
19	section $(d)(1)$ or update the list under sub-
20	section $(d)(2)$ .
21	"(2) Nondiscretionary duty.—Notwith-
22	standing paragraph (1), the failure of the Adminis-
23	trator to publish or update the list of localities in ac-
24	cordance with this section shall be—

1	"(A) considered to be a failure to perform
2	a nondiscretionary duty; and
3	"(B) subject to judicial review.
4	"(f) ACTION PLANS.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
6	the date on which the list is published or updated
7	under subsection (d), the Administrator shall de-
8	velop and publish, for each locality identified on the
9	list, an action plan that includes—
10	"(A) an identification of the chemical sub-
11	stances and mixtures that contribute to the dis-
12	proportionate exposure (including exposure lev-
13	els, sources, and pathways); and
14	"(B) a description of actions planned by
15	the Administrator to reduce disproportionate
16	exposure in the locality.
17	"(2) Goals.—The goal of each action plan
18	under this subsection shall be to reduce dispropor-
19	tionate exposure in the locality by establishing—
20	"(A) a percentage exposure reduction goal
21	for each chemical substance and mixture; and
22	"(B) a timeline to achieve the percentage
23	exposure reduction goal.
24	"(g) Report to Congress.—The Administrator
25	shall—

1	"(1) submit to Congress an annual report that
2	identifies—
3	"(A) each locality added to the list in the
4	prior year under subsection (d);
5	"(B) each action plan developed in the
6	prior year under subsection (f); and
7	"(C) the progress on each action plan to
8	date; and
9	"(2) make the report available to the public in
10	electronic format.
11	"SEC. 35. APPLICATION OF THIS ACT TO FEDERAL AGEN-
12	CIES.
13	"(a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
14	(e), each Federal agency, and any officer, agent, or em-
15	ployee of a Federal agency, shall be subject to, and comply
16	with, all applicable requirements of this Act described in
17	subsection (b), both substantive and procedural, in the
18	same manner, and to the same extent, as any person sub-
19	ject to the requirements.
20	"(b) Description of Requirements.—The sub-
21	stantive and procedural requirements referred to in this
22	subsection include—
23	"(1) any administrative order;
24	"(2) any civil or administrative penalty or fine,
25	regardless of whether the penalty or fine is—

1	"(A) punitive or coercive in nature; or
2	"(B) imposed for isolated, intermittent, or
3	continuing violations;
4	"(3) any requirement for reporting;
5	"(4) any provision for injunctive relief and
6	sanctions that may be imposed by a court to enforce
7	such relief; and
8	"(5) payment of reasonable service charges.
9	"(c) Waiver of Immunity.—The United States ex-
10	pressly waives any immunity otherwise applicable to the
11	United States with respect to any substantive or proce-
12	dural requirement referred to under subsection (a).
13	"(d) Civil Penalties.—No agent, employee, or offi-
14	cer of the United States shall be personally liable for any
15	civil penalty under this title with respect to any act or
16	omission within the scope of the official duties of the
17	agent, employee, or officer.
18	"(e) Criminal Sanctions.—An agent, employee, or
19	officer of the United States shall be subject to any crimi-
20	nal sanction (including any fine or imprisonment) under
21	this Act, but no department, agency, or instrumentality
22	of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the Fed-
23	eral Government shall be subject to such sanction.
24	"(f) Exemption.—

1	"(1) In general.—If the President determines
2	it is in the paramount interest of the United States,
3	the President may grant an exemption for any Fed-
4	eral agency from compliance with any requirement
5	of this Act.
6	"(2) Lack of appropriation.—No exemption
7	shall be granted under paragraph (1) due to lack of
8	appropriation unless—
9	"(A) the President has specifically re-
10	quested the appropriation as a part of the
11	budgetary process; and
12	"(B) Congress has failed to make the re-
13	quested appropriation available.
14	"(3) Period of exemption.—Any exemption
15	granted under paragraph (1) shall be for a period of
16	not more than 1 year, but additional exemptions
17	may be granted for periods not to exceed 1 year, if
18	the President makes a subsequent determination
19	that the exemption is in the paramount interest of
20	the United States.
21	"(4) Report.—Each January after the date of
22	enactment of this section, the President shall submit
23	to Congress a report that describes—

1	"(A) all exemptions granted under this
2	subsection during the preceding calendar year;
3	and
4	"(B) the reason for granting each exemp-
5	tion.
6	"(g) Administrative Enforcement Actions.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may ini-
8	tiate an administrative enforcement action against
9	any Federal agency—
10	"(A) in accordance with the enforcement
11	authorities of this Act; and
12	"(B) in the same manner and under the
13	same circumstances as an action would be initi-
14	ated against another person.
15	"(2) Settlement.—Any voluntary resolution
16	or settlement of an administrative enforcement ac-
17	tion initiated under this subsection shall be set forth
18	in a consent order.
19	"(3) Finality of administrative order.—
20	No administrative order issued to a Federal depart-
21	ment, agency, or instrumentality under this sub-
22	section shall become final until the Federal depart-
23	ment, agency, or instrumentality has had the oppor-
24	tunity to confer with the Administrator.

1	"SEC. 36. IMPLEMENTATION OF STOCKHOLM CONVENTION,
2	THE LRTAP POPS PROTOCOL, AND THE ROT-
3	TERDAM CONVENTION.
4	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	"(1) Chemical.—The term 'chemical' includes
6	any substance or mixture of substances, including a
7	substance that is part of an article.
8	"(2) LRTAP CONVENTION.—The term
9	'LRTAP Convention' means the Convention on
10	Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution, done at
11	Geneva on November 13, 1979 (TIAS 10541), and
12	any subsequent amendments to which the United
13	States is a party.
14	"(3) LRTAP POPS CHEMICAL.—The term
15	'LRTAP POPs chemical' means any chemical listed
16	on any Annex of the LRTAP POPs Protocol, if such
17	listing has entered into force for the United States.
18	"(4) LRTAP POPS PROTOCOL.—The term
19	'LRTAP POPs Protocol' means the Protocol on Per-
20	sistent Organic Pollutants to the LRTAP Conven-
21	tion, done at Aarhus on June 24, 1998, and any
22	subsequent amendment to which the United States
23	is a party.
24	"(5) Meeting of the parties.—The term
25	'meeting of the parties' means—

1	"(A) the Conference of the Parties estab-
2	lished by and operating under Article 19 of the
3	Stockholm Convention;
4	"(B) the Executive Body established by
5	and operating under Article 10 of the LRTAP
6	POPs Convention; and
7	"(C) the Conference of the Parties estab-
8	lished by and operating under Article 18 of the
9	Rotterdam Convention.
10	"(6) PIC CHEMICAL.—The term 'PIC chemical'
11	means any chemical identified by notification to the
12	Secretariat of the Rotterdam Convention by the
13	United States as banned or severely restricted in the
14	United States, and any chemical listed on any Annex
15	of the Rotterdam Convention, if such listing has en-
16	tered into force for the United States.
17	"(7) Pops Chemical.—The term 'POPs chem-
18	ical' means any chemical that is listed on any Annex
19	of the Stockholm Convention, if such listing has en-
20	tered into force for the United States.
21	"(8) ROTTERDAM CONVENTION.—The term
22	'Rotterdam Convention' means the Rotterdam Con-
23	vention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
24	for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in
25	International Trade, done at Rotterdam on Sep-

- tember 10, 1998, and any subsequent amendment to which the United States is a party.
- "(9) STOCKHOLM CONVENTION.—The term 'Stockholm Convention' means the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants, done at Stockholm on May 22, 2001, and any subsequent amendment to which the United States is a party.
- 8 "(b) Implementation of International Agree-
- 9 MENTS.—

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- 10 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in co11 operation with appropriate Federal agencies, shall
  12 implement and support the implementation by the
  13 United States of the provisions of the Stockholm
  14 Convention, the LRTAP POPs Protocol, and the
  15 Rotterdam Convention that have entered into effect
  16 for the United States.
  - "(2) PROHIBITIONS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person may manufacture, process, distribute in commerce, use, dispose of, or take any other action with respect to a POPs chemical, LRTAP POPs chemical, or PIC chemical in a manner inconsistent with applicable obligations for that chemical under the Stockholm Convention, LRTAP POPs Protocol, or Rotterdam Convention.
- 25 "(3) Public notice and comment.—

1	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	shall provide timely public notice and oppor-
3	tunity to comment on a chemical proposed for
4	listing to any Annex to the Stockholm Conven-
5	tion, the LRTAP POPs Protocol, or the Rot-
6	terdam Convention.
7	"(B) Contents.—The Administrator shall
8	identify in the notice under subparagraph (A)
9	any relevant toxicity, exposure, and risk infor-
10	mation on the chemical known to the Adminis-
11	trator, and any domestic activities involving the
12	chemical known to the Administrator.
13	"(C) NOTICE AND COMMENT.—
14	"(i) In General.—Any interested
15	person may provide relevant comment and
16	information on the chemical in response to
17	the notice under subparagraph (A).
18	"(ii) Request for information.—
19	The Administrator may require the provi-
20	sion of relevant information related to a
21	proposed chemical from any person, as the
22	Administrator determines necessary to as-
23	sist the United States in the review.
24	"(iii) Public docket.—The Admin-
25	istrator shall consider all comments and in-

1	formation received under this subpara-
2	graph in the review of the proposal and in-
3	clude the comments and information in an
4	established public docket.
5	"(D) Post-recommendation.—
6	"(i) In General.—The Administrator
7	shall provide timely public notice and op-
8	portunity to comment after a recommenda-
9	tion is made to list a chemical on any
10	Annex to the Stockholm Convention, the
11	LRTAP POPs Protocol, or the Rotterdam
12	Convention.
13	"(ii) Meeting of the parties.—
14	The Administrator shall provide the notice
15	under clause (i) in advance of the meeting
16	of the Parties at which the recommenda-
17	tion is to be considered.
18	"(iii) Request for information.—
19	The Administrator shall request comment
20	and information on all aspects of the rec-
21	ommendation and may, if the Adminis-
22	trator determines it to be necessary to as-
23	sist the United States in the review re-

quire the provision of relevant information

1	related to a proposed chemical from any
2	person.
3	"(iv) Public docket.—The Adminis-
4	trator shall consider all comments and in-
5	formation received under this subpara-
6	graph in the review of the proposal and in-
7	clude the comments and information in an
8	established public docket.
9	"(E) Decisions.—
10	"(i) In general.—Not later than 30
11	days after a decision by the meeting of the
12	parties, the Administrator shall provide
13	timely public notice and opportunity to
14	comment on any decision by the meeting of
15	the parties to list a chemical on any Annex
16	to the Stockholm Convention.
17	"(ii) Contents.—The Administrator
18	shall provide in the notice under clause (i)
19	a description of the amendments to the in-
20	struments and identify the changes to the
21	domestic activities that the Administrator
22	believes, based on information available to
23	the Administrator, would be necessary if
24	the United States chose to be bound by the

listing decision.

1	"(iii) Public comment.—Any inter-
2	ested person may provide relevant com-
3	ment and information in response to the
4	notice under clause (i).
5	"(iv) Public docket.—The Adminis-
6	trator shall consider all comments and in-
7	formation received under this subpara-
8	graph in the review of the proposal and in-
9	clude the comments and information in an
10	established public docket.
11	"(F) Ratification.—Not later than 30
12	days after the United States deposits the in-
13	strument of ratification for the Stockholm Con-
14	vention, the LRTAP POPs Protocol, or the
15	Rotterdam Convention, or not later than 30
16	days after the listing of any chemical subse-
17	quently added under those instruments has en-
18	tered into force for the United States (which-
19	ever date is earlier), the Administrator—
20	"(i) shall provide public notice of—
21	"(I) the chemicals that are sub-
22	ject to those instruments; and
23	"(II) any chemical subsequently
24	added under those instruments; and

1	"(ii) may specify the requirements
2	that are applicable for individual chemicals
3	in a public notice under this subparagraph.
4	"(4) General rulemaking authority.—The
5	Administrator may promulgate regulations necessary
6	to carry out the Stockholm Convention, the LRTAP
7	POPs Protocol, or the Rotterdam Convention, or to
8	ensure compliance with any obligations under such
9	instruments.
10	"(5) Obligations.—If a chemical is subject to
11	obligations under more than 1 of the instruments
12	that includes the Stockholm Convention, the LRTAP
13	POPs Protocol, or the Rotterdam Convention, the
14	most stringent of the obligations shall apply to en-
15	sure compliance with each of the instruments.
16	"(c) Enforcement.—The prohibitions and any
17	other requirements of this section shall be enforced in the
18	same manner as final rules or orders under section 6.".
19	(b) Conforming Amendments.—The table of con-
20	tents for the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
21	2601 et seq.) is amended—
22	(1) by striking the item relating to section 2
23	and inserting the following:

"Sec. 2. Findings, policy, and goal.";

(2) by striking the item relating to section 4 1 2 and inserting the following: "Sec. 4. Minimum data set and testing of chemical substances."; 3 (3) by striking the item relating to section 6 4 and inserting the following: "Sec. 6. Prioritization, safety standard determination, and risk management."; (4) by striking the items relating to sections 29 5 6 through 31; and 7 (5) by adding after the item relating to section 8 28 the following: "Sec. 29. Children's Environmental Health Research Program. "Sec. 30. Reduction of animal-based testing. "Sec. 31. Safer alternatives and green chemistry and engineering. "Sec. 32. Cooperation with international efforts. "Sec. 33. Reliable information and advice. "Sec. 34. Hot spots. "Sec. 35. Application of this Act to Federal agencies. "Sec. 36. Implementation of Stockholm Convention, the LRTAP Pops Protocol, and the Rotterdam Convention. "Sec. 37. Annual report. "Sec. 38. Authorization of appropriations.".

## Calendar No. 578

112TH CONGRESS **S. 847**2D SESSION **S. 847**[Report No. 112–264]

## A BILL

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to ensure that risks from chemicals are adequately understood and managed, and for other purposes.

DECEMBER 27, 2012

Reported with amendments