Calendar No. 121

114TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION **S.697**

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reauthorize and modernize that Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 10, 2015

Mr. UDALL (for himself, Mr. VITTER, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. CAR-PER, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. COONS, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. DONNELLY, Mrs. CAP-ITO, Mr. HEINRICH, Mr. CASSIDY, Ms. HEITKAMP, Mr. CRAPO, Ms. STA-BENOW, Mr. HOEVEN, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. WARNER, Mr. PETERS, Mr. ROUNDS, Mr. BROWN, Mr. THUNE, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. KAINE, Mrs. MCCASKILL, Mr. MERKLEY, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. SCOTT, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. CASEY, Mr. PERDUE, Ms. KLO-BUCHAR, Mr. COATS, and Mr. TOOMEY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

JUNE 17, 2015

Reported by Mr. INHOFE, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reauthorize and modernize that Act, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

	2
1	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
2	This Act may be cited as the "Frank R. Lautenberg
3	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS, POLICY, AND INTENT.
5	Section 2(c) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
6	U.S.C. 2601(c)) is amended—
7	(1) by striking "It is the intent" and inserting
8	the following:
9	"(1) ADMINISTRATION.—It is the intent";
10	(2) in paragraph (1) (as so redesignated), by
11	inserting ", as provided under this Act" before the
12	period at the end; and
13	(3) by adding at the following:
14	$\frac{2}{(2)}$ Reform.—It is the intent of Congress
15	that reform of this Act in accordance with the
16	amendments made by the Frank R. Lautenberg
17	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act—
18	"(A) shall be administered in a manner
19	that—
20	"(i) protects the health of children,
21	pregnant women, the elderly, workers, con-
22	sumers, the general public, and the envi-
23	ronment from the risks of harmful expo-
24	sures to chemical substances and mixtures;
25	and

1	"(ii) ensures that appropriate infor-
2	mation on chemical substances and mix-
3	tures is available to public health officials
4	and first responders in the event of an
5	emergency; and
6	"(B) shall not displace or supplant com-
7	mon law rights of action or remedies for civil
8	relief.".
9	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
10	Section 3 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
11	U.S.C. 2602) is amended
12	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6),
13	(7), (8) , (9) , (10) , (11) , (12) , (13) , and (14) as
14	paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (12), (13),
15	(17), (18), and (19), respectively;
16	(2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(4) Conditions of use.—The term 'condi-
19	tions of use' means the intended, known, or reason-
20	ably foreseeable circumstances the Administrator de-
21	termines a chemical substance is manufactured,
22	processed, distributed in commerce, used, or dis-
23	posed of.";
24	(3) by inserting after paragraph (10) (as so re-
25	designated) the following:

1	"(11) Potentially exposed or susceptible
2	POPULATION.—The term 'potentially exposed or sus-
3	ceptible population' means 1 or more groups—
4	"(A) of individuals within the general pop-
5	ulation who may be—
6	${}$ (i) differentially exposed to chemical
7	substances under the conditions of use; or
8	"(ii) susceptible to greater adverse
9	health consequences from chemical expo-
10	sures than the general population; and
11	"(B) that when identified by the Adminis-
12	trator may include such groups as infants, chil-
13	dren, pregnant women, workers, and the elder-
14	ly."; and
15	(4) by inserting after paragraph (13) (as so re-
16	designated) the following:
17	"(14) SAFETY ASSESSMENT.—The term 'safety
18	assessment' means an assessment of the risk posed
19	by a chemical substance under the conditions of use,
20	integrating hazard, use, and exposure information
21	regarding the chemical substance.
22	"(15) SAFETY DETERMINATION.—The term
23	'safety determination' means a determination by the
24	Administrator as to whether a chemical substance

meets the safety standard under the conditions of
 use.

3	"(16) SAFETY STANDARD.—The term 'safety
4	standard' means a standard that ensures, without
5	taking into consideration cost or other nonrisk fac-
6	tors, that no unreasonable risk of harm to health or
7	the environment will result from exposure to a chem-
8	ical substance under the conditions of use, including
9	no unreasonable risk of harm to—
10	${(A)}$ the general population; or
11	"(B) any potentially exposed or susceptible
12	population that the Administrator has identified
13	as relevant to the safety assessment and safety
14	determination for a chemical substance.".
15	SEC. 4. POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GUIDANCE.
16	The Toxic Substances Control Act is amended by in-
17	serting after section 3 (15 U.S.C. 2602) the following:
18	"SEC. 3A. POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GUIDANCE.
19	"(a) DEFINITION OF GUIDANCE.—In this section, the
20	term 'guidance' includes any significant written guidance
21	of general applicability prepared by the Administrator.
22	"(b) DEADLINE.—Not later than 2 years after the
23	date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
24	Safety for the 21st Century Act, the Administrator shall
25	develop, after providing public notice and an opportunity

for comment, any policies, procedures, and guidance the
 Administrator determines to be necessary to carry out sec tions 4, 4A, 5, and 6, including the policies, procedures,
 and guidance required by this section.
 "(c) USE OF SCIENCE.—
 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-

tablish policies, procedures, and guidance on the use
of science in making decisions under sections 4, 4A,
5, and 6.

10 <u>"(2) GOAL.—A goal of the policies and proce</u>
11 dures described in paragraph (1) shall be to make
12 the basis of decisions clear to the public.

13 <u>"(3) REQUIREMENTS.—The policies, proce</u> 14 dures, and guidance issued under this section shall
 15 describe the manner in which the Administrator
 16 shall ensure that—

17 <u>"(A)</u> decisions made by the Adminis18 trator—

19"(i) are based on information, proce-20dures, measures, methods, and models em-21ployed in a manner consistent with the22best available science;

23 <u>"(ii) take into account the extent to</u>
24 which—

	I
1	"(I) assumptions and methods
2	are clearly and completely described
3	and documented;
4	"(II) variability and uncertainty
5	are evaluated and characterized; and
6	"(III) the information has been
7	subject to independent verification
8	and peer review; and
9	"(iii) are based on the weight of the
10	scientific evidence, by which the Adminis-
11	trator considers all information in a sys-
12	tematic and integrative framework to con-
13	sider the relevance of different informa-
14	tion;
15	"(B) to the extent practicable and if ap-
16	propriate, the use of peer review, standardized
17	test design and methods, consistent data eval-
18	uation procedures, and good laboratory prac-
19	tices will be encouraged;
20	${(C)}$ a clear description of each individual
21	and entity that funded the generation or assess-
22	ment of information, and the degree of control
23	those individuals and entities had over the gen-
24	eration, assessment, and dissemination of infor-
25	mation (including control over the design of the

1	work and the publication of information) is
2	made available; and
3	${}$ (D) if appropriate, the recommendations
4	in reports of the National Academy of Sciences
5	that provide advice regarding assessing the haz-
6	ards, exposures, and risks of chemical sub-
7	stances are considered.
8	"(d) Existing EPA Policies, Procedures, and
9	GUIDANCE.—The policies, procedures, and guidance de-
10	scribed in subsection (b) shall incorporate, as appropriate,
11	existing relevant hazard, exposure, and risk assessment
12	guidelines and methodologies, data evaluation and quality
13	eriteria, testing methodologies, and other relevant guide-
14	lines and policies of the Environmental Protection Agency.
15	"(e) REVIEW.—Not later than 5 years after the date
16	of enactment of this section, and not less frequently than
17	once every 5 years thereafter, the Administrator shall—
18	"(1) review the adequacy of any policies, proce-
19	dures, and guidance developed under this section, in-
20	eluding animal, nonanimal, and epidemiological test
21	methods and procedures for assessing and deter-
22	mining risk under this Act; and
23	"(2) after providing public notice and an oppor-
24	tunity for comment, revise the policies, procedures,

1	and guidance if necessary to reflect new scientific
2	developments or understandings.

- 3 "(f) SOURCES OF INFORMATION.— In making any de-4 cision with respect to a chemical substance under section 5 4, 4A, 5, or 6, the Administrator shall take into consider-6 ation information relating to the hazards and exposures 7 of a chemical substance under the conditions of use that 8 is reasonably available to the Administrator, including in-9 formation that is—
- 10 "(1) submitted to the Administrator pursuant 11 to any rule, consent agreement, order, or other re-12 quirement of this Act, or on a voluntary basis, in-13 cluding pursuant to any request made under this 14 Act, by—
- 15 <u>"(A) manufacturers or processors of a sub-</u>
 16 stance;
- 17 $\frac{\text{``(B) the public;}}{\text{``(B) the public;}}$

18 <u>"(C) other Federal departments or agen-</u>
19 cies; or

20 "(D) the Governor of a State or a State
21 agency with responsibility for protecting health
22 or the environment;

23 <u>"(2)</u> submitted to a governmental entity in any
 24 jurisdiction pursuant to a governmental requirement

relating to the protection of health or the environ-

2	ment; or
3	${}$ (3) identified through an active search by the
4	Administrator of information sources that are pub-
5	liely available or otherwise accessible by the Admin-
6	istrator.
7	"(g) Testing of Chemical Substances and Mix-
8	TURES.
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-
10	tablish policies and procedures for the testing of
11	chemical substances or mixtures under section 4.
12	"(2) GOAL.—A goal of the policies and proce-
13	dures established under paragraph (1) shall be to
14	make the basis of decisions clear to the public.
15	"(3) CONTENTS.—The policies and procedures
16	established under paragraph (1) shall—
17	"(A) address how and when the exposure
18	level or exposure potential of a chemical sub-
19	stance would factor into decisions to require
20	new testing, subject to the condition that the
21	Administrator shall not interpret the lack of ex-
22	posure information as a lack of exposure or ex-
23	posure potential;
24	"(B) describe the manner in which the Ad-
25	ministrator will determine that additional infor-

1	mation is necessary to carry out this Act, in-
2	cluding information relating to potentially ex-
3	posed or susceptible populations;
4	${(C)}$ require the Administrator to consult
5	with the Director of the National Institute for
6	Occupational Safety and Health prior to pre-
7	scribing epidemiologic studies of employees; and
8	"(D) prior to adopting a requirement for
9	testing using vertebrate animals, require the
10	Administrator to take into consideration, as ap-
11	propriate and to the extent practicable, reason-
12	ably available—
13	"(i) toxicity information;
14	"(ii) computational toxicology and
15	bioinformatics;
16	"(iii) high-throughput screening meth-
17	ods and the prediction models of those
18	methods; and
19	"(iv) scientifically reliable and rel-
20	evant alternatives to tests on animals that
21	would provide equivalent information.
22	"(4) TIERED TESTING.
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
24	subparagraph (D), the Administrator shall em-
25	ploy a tiered screening and testing process,

1	under which the results of screening-level tests
2	or assessments of available information inform
3	the decision as to whether 1 or more additional
4	tests are necessary.
5	"(B) Screening-level tests.—
6	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The screening-
7	level tests required for a chemical sub-
8	stance or mixture may include tests for
9	hazard (which may include in silico, in
10	vitro, and in vivo tests), environmental and
11	biological fate and transport, and measure-
12	ments or modeling of exposure or exposure
13	potential, as appropriate.
14	"(ii) USE.—Screening-level tests shall
15	be used—
16	$\frac{((I)}{(I)}$ to screen chemical sub-
17	stances or mixtures for potential ad-
18	verse effects; and
19	"(II) to inform a decision of the
20	Administrator regarding whether
21	more complex or targeted additional
22	testing is necessary.
23	${(C)}$ Additional testing.—If the Ad-
24	ministrator determines under subparagraph (B)
25	that additional testing is necessary to provide

1 more definitive information for safety assess-2 ments or safety determinations, the Adminis-3 trator may require more advanced tests for potential health or environmental effects or expo-4 5 sure potential. 6 "(D) ADVANCED TESTING WITHOUT 7 SCREENING.—The Administrator may require 8 more advanced testing without conducting 9 screening-level testing when other information 10 available to the Administrator justifies the ad-11 vanced testing, pursuant to guidance developed 12 by the Administrator under this section. 13 "(h) SAFETY ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETER-14 MINATIONS. 15 $\frac{(1)}{\text{SCHEDULE}}$ 16 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator 17 shall inform the public regarding the schedule 18 for the completion of each safety assessment 19 and safety determination as soon as practicable 20 after designation as a high-priority substance 21 pursuant to section 4A. 22 "(B) DIFFERING TIMES.—The Adminis-23 trator may allot different times for different 24 ehemical substances in the schedules under this 25 paragraph, subject to the condition that all

1	schedules shall comply with the deadlines estab-
2	lished under section 6.
3	"(C) ANNUAL PLAN.—At the beginning of
4	each calendar year, the Administrator shall
5	identify the substances subject to safety assess-
6	ments and safety determinations to be com-
7	pleted that year.
8	${}(2)$ Policies and procedures for safety
9	ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINATIONS.
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
11	shall establish, by rule, policies and procedures
12	regarding the manner in which the Adminis-
13	trator shall carry out section 6.
14	"(B) GOAL.—A goal of the policies and
15	procedures under this paragraph shall be to
16	make the basis of decisions of the Adminis-
17	trator clear to the public.
18	"(C) Minimum requirements.—At a
19	minimum, the policies and procedures under
20	this paragraph shall—
21	''(i) describe—
22	${(I)}$ the manner in which the Ad-
23	ministrator will identify informational
24	needs and seek that information from
25	the public;

1	${}$ (II) the information (including
2	draft safety assessments) that may be
3	submitted by interested individuals or
4	entities, including States; and
5	${}$ (III) the criteria by which that
6	information will be evaluated;
7	"(ii) require the Administrator—
8	$\frac{((I)(aa)}{(aa)}$ to define the scope of
9	the safety assessment and safety de-
10	termination to be conducted under
11	section 6, including the hazards, expo-
12	sures, conditions of use, and poten-
13	tially exposed and susceptible popu-
14	lations that the Administrator expects
15	to consider in a safety assessment;
16	"(bb) to explain the basis for the
17	scope of the safety assessment and
18	safety determination; and
19	"(ce) to accept comments regard-
20	ing the scope of the safety assessment
21	and safety determination; and
22	"(II)(aa) to identify the items de-
23	seribed in subclause (I) that the Ad-
24	ministrator has considered in the final
25	safety assessment; and

- 1 "(bb) to explain the basis for the consideration of those items; 2 3 "(iii) describe the manner in which 4 aggregate exposures, or significant subsets 5 of exposures, to a chemical substance 6 under the conditions of use will be consid-7 ered, and explain the basis for that consid-8 eration in the final safety assessment; 9 "(iv) require that each safety assess-10 ment and safety determination shall in-11 elude-12 "(I) a description of the weight 13 of the scientific evidence of risk; and 14 "(II) a summary of the informa-15 tion regarding the impact on health 16 and the environment of the chemical 17 substance that was used to make the 18 assessment or determination, includ-19
- 20 toxicity, and epidemiology studies; 21 "(v) establish a timely and trans-22 parent process for evaluating whether new 23 information submitted or obtained after 24 the date of a final safety assessment or safety determination warrants reconsider-25

ing, as available, mechanistic, animal

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1	ation of the safety assessment or safety de-
2	termination; and
3	"(vi) when relevant information is
4	provided or otherwise made available to the
5	Administrator, shall consider the extent of
6	Federal regulation under other Federal
7	laws.
8	"(D) GUIDANCE.—
9	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1
10	year after the date of enactment of the
11	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
12	the 21st Century Act, the Administrator
13	shall develop guidance to assist interested
14	persons in developing draft safety assess-
15	ments and other information for submis-
16	sion to the Administrator, which may be
17	considered at the discretion of the Admin-
18	istrator.
19	"(ii) REQUIREMENT.—The guidance
20	shall, at a minimum, address the quality of
21	the information submitted and the process
22	to be followed in developing a draft assess-
23	ment for consideration by the Adminis-
24	trator.

1	"(3) ARTICLES.—If the Administrator intends
2	to prohibit or otherwise restrict an article on the
3	basis of a chemical substance contained in that arti-
4	ele, the Administrator shall have evidence of signifi-
5	cant exposure to the chemical substance from such
6	article.
7	"(i) Publicly Available Information.—Subject
8	to section 14, the Administrator shall—
9	"(1) make publicly available a nontechnical
10	summary, and the final version, of each safety as-
11	sessment and safety determination;
12	${}$ (2) provide public notice and an opportunity
13	for comment on each proposed safety assessment
14	and safety determination; and
15	${}$ (3) make public in a final safety assessment
16	and safety determination—
17	${(A)}$ the list of studies considered by the
18	Administrator in carrying out the safety assess-
19	ment or safety determination; and
20	"(B) the list of policies, procedures, and
21	guidance that were followed in carrying out the
22	safety assessment or safety determination.
23	"(j) Consultation With Science Advisory Com-
24	mittee on Chemicals.—

1 <u>"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year</u> 2 after the date of enactment of this section, the Ad-3 ministrator shall establish an advisory committee, to 4 be known as the 'Science Advisory Committee on 5 Chemicals' (referred to in this subsection as the 6 'Committee').

7 "(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Committee
8 shall be to provide independent advice and expert
9 consultation, on the request of the Administrator,
10 with respect to the scientific and technical aspects of
11 issues relating to the implementation of this title.

12 "(3) Composition.—The Committee shall be 13 composed of representatives of such science, govern-14 ment, labor, public health, public interest, animal 15 protection, industry, and other groups as the Admin-16 istrator determines to be advisable, including, at a 17 minimum, representatives that have specific sei-18 entific expertise in the relationship of chemical expo-19 sures to women, children, and other potentially ex-20 posed or susceptible populations.

21 "(4) SCHEDULE.—The Administrator shall convene the Committee in accordance with such sched23 ule as the Administrator determines to be appro24 priate, but not less frequently than once every 2
25 years.

1	"(5) Relationship to other law.—All pro-
2	ceedings and meetings of the Committee shall be
3	subject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5)
4	U.S.C. App.).".
5	SEC. 5. TESTING OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OR MIXTURES.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4 of the Toxic Substances
7	Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603) is amended—
8	(1) by striking subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), and
9	$(\mathbf{g});$
10	(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
11	subsections (f) and (g), respectively;
12	(3) in subsection (f) (as so redesignated)—
13	(A) by striking "rule" each place it ap-
14	pears and inserting "rule, testing consent
15	agreement, or order";
16	(B) by striking "under subsection (a)"
17	each place it appears and inserting "under this
18	subsection"; and
19	(C) in paragraph $(1)(B)$, in the last sen-
20	tence, by striking "rulemaking";
21	(4) in subsection (g) (as so redesignated)—
22	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "from
23	cancer, gene mutations, or birth defects"; and
24	(B) by striking the last sentence; and

1	(5) by inserting before subsection (f) (as so re-
2	designated) the following:
3	"(a) Development of New Information on
4	CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may re-
6	quire the development of new information relating to
7	a chemical substance or mixture in accordance with
8	this section if the Administrator determines that the
9	information is necessary—
10	$\frac{((A)}{(A)}$ to review a notice under section $5(d)$
11	or to perform a safety assessment or safety de-
12	termination under section 6;
13	"(B) to implement a requirement imposed
14	in a consent agreement or order issued under
15	section $5(d)(4)$ or under a rule promulgated
16	under section $6(d)(3)$;
17	"(C) pursuant to section 12(a)(4); or
18	$\frac{((D)}{(D)}$ at the request of the implementing
19	authority under another Federal law, to meet
20	the regulatory testing needs of that authority.
21	"(2) Limited testing for prioritization
22	PURPOSES.
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
24	subparagraph (B), the Administrator may re-

1	quire the development of new information for
2	the purposes of section 4A.
3	"(B) PROINBITION.—Testing required
4	under subparagraph (A) shall not be required
5	for the purpose of establishing or implementing
6	a minimum information requirement.
7	"(C) LIMITATION.—The Administrator
8	may require the development of new informa-
9	tion pursuant to subparagraph (A) only if the
10	Administrator determines that additional infor-
11	mation is necessary to establish the priority of
12	a chemical substance.
13	"(3) FORM.—Subject to section 3A(h), the Ad-
14	ministrator may require the development of informa-
15	tion described in paragraph (1) or (2) by—
16	"(A) promulgating a rule;
17	"(B) entering into a testing consent agree-
18	ment; or
19	"(C) issuing an order.
20	$\frac{((4)}{(4)}$ Contents.
21	${(A)}$ In General.—A rule, testing con-
22	sent agreement, or order issued under this sub-
23	section shall include—

"(i) identification of the chemical sub-
stance or mixture for which testing is re-
quired;
"(ii) identification of the persons re-
quired to conduct the testing;
"(iii) test protocols and methodologies
for the development of test data and infor-
mation for the chemical substance or mix-
ture, including specific reference to reliable
nonanimal test procedures; and
${}$ (iv) specification of the period within
which individuals and entities required to
conduct the testing shall submit to the Ad-
ministrator the information developed in
accordance with the procedures described
in elause (iii).
"(B) Considerations.—In determining
the procedures and period to be required under
subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall take
into consideration—
${}$ (i) the relative costs of the various
test protocols and methodologies that may
be required; and

	21
1	"(ii) the reasonably foreseeable avail-
2	ability of facilities and personnel required
3	to perform the testing.
4	"(b) Statement of Need.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In promulgating a rule, en-
6	tering into a testing consent agreement, or issuing
7	an order for the development of additional informa-
8	tion (including information on exposure or exposure
9	potential) pursuant to this section, the Adminis-
10	trator shall—
11	${(A)}$ identify the need intended to be met
12	by the rule, agreement, or order;
13	${(B)}$ explain why information reasonably
14	available to the Administrator at that time is
15	inadequate to meet that need, including a ref-
16	erence, as appropriate, to the information iden-
17	tified in paragraph (2)(B); and
18	"(C) explain the basis for any decision that
19	requires the use of vertebrate animals.
20	${}(2)$ Explanation in case of order.
21	${(A)}$ In GENERAL.—If the Administrator
22	issues an order under this section, the Adminis-
23	trator shall issue a statement providing a jus-
24	tification for why issuance of an order is war-

1	ranted instead of promulgating a rule or enter-
2	ing into a testing consent agreement.
3	"(B) CONTENTS.—A statement described
4	in subparagraph (A) shall contain a description
5	of —
6	"(i) information that is readily acces-
7	sible to the Administrator, including infor-
8	mation submitted under any other provi-
9	sion of law;
10	"(ii) the extent to which the Adminis-
11	trator has obtained or attempted to obtain
12	the information through voluntary submis-
13	sions; and
14	"(iii) any information relied on in
15	safety assessments for other chemical sub-
16	stances relevant to the chemical substances
17	that would be the subject of the order.
18	"(c) Reduction of Testing on Vertebrates.—
19	"(1) In GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
20	minimize, to the extent practicable, the use of
21	vertebrate animals in testing of chemical substances
22	or mixtures, by—
23	"(A) encouraging and facilitating—
24	"(i) the use of integrated and tiered
25	testing and assessment strategies;

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1	"(ii) the use of best available science
2	in existence on the date on which the test
3	is conducted;
4	${}$ (iii) the use of test methods that
5	eliminate or reduce the use of animals
6	while providing information of high sci-
7	entific quality;
8	${}$ (iv) the grouping of 2 or more chem-
9	ical substances into scientifically appro-
10	priate categories in cases in which testing
11	of a chemical substance would provide reli-
12	able and useful information on other chem-
13	ical substances in the category;
14	${}(v)$ the formation of industry con-
15	sortia to jointly conduct testing to avoid
16	unnecessary duplication of tests; and
17	${}$ (vi) the submission of information
18	from—
19	"(I) animal-based studies; and
20	"(II) emerging methods and
21	models; and
22	"(B) funding research and validation stud-
23	ies to reduce, refine, and replace the use of ani-
24	mal tests in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) IMPLEMENTATION OF ALTERNATIVE TEST ING METHODS.—To promote the development and
 timely incorporation of new testing methods that are
 not based on vertebrate animals, the Administrator
 shall—
 "(A) after providing an opportunity for

7 public comment, develop a strategic plan to pro-8 mote the development and implementation of al-9 ternative test methods and testing strategies to 10 generate information under this title that can 11 reduce, refine, or replace the use of vertebrate 12 animals, including toxicity pathway-based risk 13 assessment, in vitro studies, systems biology, 14 computational toxicology, bioinformatics, and 15 high-throughput screening;

16 "(B) as practicable, ensure that the stra17 tegic plan developed under subparagraph (A) is
18 reflected in the development of requirements for
19 testing under this section;

20 "(C) beginning on the date that is 5 years
21 after the date of enactment of the Frank R.
22 Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Cen23 tury Act and every 5 years thereafter, submit to
24 Congress a report that describes the progress
25 made in implementing this subsection and goals

for future alternative test methods implementation; and

3 "(D) fund and carry out research, develop4 ment, performance assessment, and
5 translational studies to accelerate the develop6 ment of test methods and testing strategies that
7 reduce, refine, or replace the use of vertebrate
8 animals in any testing under this title.

9 "(3) CRITERIA FOR ADAPTING OR WAIVING ANI-10 MAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS.—On request from a 11 manufacturer or processor that is required to con-12 duct testing of a chemical substance or mixture on 13 vertebrate animals under this section, the Adminis-14 trator may adapt or waive the requirement, if the 15 Administrator determines that—

16 "(A) there is sufficient evidence from sev-17 eral independent sources of information to sup-18 port a conclusion that a chemical substance or 19 mixture has, or does not have, a particular 20 property if the information from each individual 21 source alone is insufficient to support the con-22 clusion;

23 "(B) as a result of 1 or more physical or
24 chemical properties of the chemical substance

28

1

	or mixture or other toxicokinetic consider-
2	ations-
3	"(i) the substance cannot be absorbed;
4	O ľ
5	"(ii) testing for a specific endpoint is
6	technically not practicable to conduct; or
7	"(C) a chemical substance or mixture can-
8	not be tested in vertebrate animals at con-
9	centrations that do not result in significant
10	pain or distress, because of physical or chemical
11	properties of the chemical substance or mixture,
12	such as a potential to cause severe corrosion or
13	severe irritation to the tissues of the animal.
14	"(d) Testing Requirements.
15	"(1) In GENERAL.—The Administrator may re-
16	quire the development of information by—
17	${(A)}$ manufacturers and processors of the
18	ehemical substance or mixture; and
19	"(B) persons that begin to manufacture or
20	process the chemical substance or mixture—
	process the chemical substance or mixture— <u> ''(i)</u> after the effective date of the
20	
20 21	"(i) after the effective date of the
20 21 22	"(i) after the effective date of the rule, testing consent agreement, or order;

1	days after the end of the period described
2	in this section.
3	"(2) Designation.—The Administrator may
4	permit 2 or more persons identified in subparagraph
5	(A) or (B) of paragraph (1) to designate 1 of the
6	persons or a qualified third party—
7	$\frac{(A)}{(A)}$ to develop the information; and
8	${(B)}$ to submit the information on behalf
9	of the persons making the designation.
10	"(3) Exemptions.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A person otherwise
12	subject to a rule, testing consent agreement, or
13	order under this section may submit to the Ad-
14	ministrator an application for an exemption on
15	the basis that the information is being devel-
16	oped by a person designated under paragraph
17	(2).
18	"(B) FAIR AND EQUITABLE REIMBURSE-
19	MENT TO DESIGNEE.
20	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Adminis-
21	trator accepts an application submitted
22	under subparagraph (A), the Adminis-
23	trator shall direct the applicant to provide
24	to the person designated under paragraph
25	(2) fair and equitable reimbursement, as

1	agreed to between the applicant and the
2	designee.
3	"(ii) ARBITRATION.—If the applicant
4	and a person designated under paragraph
5	(2) cannot reach agreement on the amount
6	of fair and equitable reimbursement, the
7	amount shall be determined by arbitration.
8	"(C) TERMINATION.—If, after granting an
9	exemption under this paragraph, the Adminis-
10	trator determines that a person covered by the
11	exemption has failed to comply with the rule,
12	testing consent agreement, or order, the Admin-
13	istrator shall—
14	"(i) by order, terminate the exemp-
15	tion; and
16	"(ii) notify in writing each person
17	that received an exemption of the require-
18	ments with respect to which the exemption
19	was granted.
20	"(e) TRANSPARENCY.—Subject to section 14, the Ad-
21	ministrator shall make available to the public all testing
22	consent agreements and orders and all information sub-
23	mitted under this section.".
24	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section

 $25 \quad 104(i)(5)(A)$ of the Comprehensive Environmental Re-

sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42) 1 U.S.C. 9604(i)(5)(A)) is amended in the third sentence 2 by striking "section 4(e)" and inserting "section 4(f)". 3 4 SEC. 6. PRIORITIZATION SCREENING. 5 The Toxic Substances Control Act is amended by inserting after section 4 (15 U.S.C. 2603) the following: 6 7 **"SEC. 4A. PRIORITIZATION SCREENING.** 8 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND LIST OF SUBSTANCES.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 9 10 the date of enactment of this section, the Adminis-11 trator shall establish, by rule, a risk-based screening 12 process and explicit criteria for identifying existing 13 chemical substances that are-"(A) a high priority for a safety assess-14 15 ment and safety determination under section 6 16 (referred to in this Act as 'high-priority sub-17 stances'); and "(B) a low priority for a safety assessment 18 19 and safety determination (referred to in this 20 Act as 'low-priority substances'). 21 "(2) INITIAL LIST OF HIGH- AND LOW-PRIORITY 22 SUBSTANCES. 23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Before the date of 24 promulgation of the rule under paragraph (1)

1	and not later than 180 days after the date of
2	enactment of this section, the Administrator—
3	"(i) shall take into consideration and
4	publish an initial list of high-priority sub-
5	stances and low-priority substances; and
6	"(ii) pursuant to section 6(b), may
7	initiate or continue safety assessments and
8	safety determinations for those high-pri-
9	ority substances.
10	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—
11	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The initial list of
12	ehemical substances shall contain at least
13	$\frac{10}{10}$ high-priority substances, at least 5 of
14	which are drawn from the list of chemical
15	substances identified by the Administrator
16	in the October, 2014 TSCA Work Plan
17	and subsequent updates, and at least 10
18	low-priority substances.
19	"(ii) Subsequently identified
20	SUBSTANCES.—Insofar as possible, at least
21	50 percent of all substances subsequently
22	identified by the Administrator as high-pri-
23	ority substances shall be drawn from the
24	list of chemical substances identified by the
25	Administrator in the October, 2014 TSCA

1 Work Plan and subsequent updates, until 2 all Work Plan chemicals have been des-3 ignated under this subsection. 4 "(C) ADDITIONAL CHEMICAL REVIEWS.-5 The Administrator shall— 6 "(i) 3 years after the date of enact-7 ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chem-8 ical Safety for the 21st Century Act, add 9 additional high-priority substances suffi-10 cient to ensure that at least a total of 20 11 high-priority substances have undergone or 12 are undergoing the process established in 13 section 6(a), and additional low-priority 14 substances sufficient to ensure that at least a total of 20 low-priority substances 15 16 have been designated; and 17 "(ii) as soon as practicable and not 18 later than 5 years after the date of enact-19 ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chem-20 ical Safety for the 21st Century Act, add 21 additional high-priority substances suffi-22 cient to ensure that at least a total of 25 23 high-priority substances have undergone or 24 are undergoing the process established in 25 section 6(a), and additional low-priority

1	substances sufficient to ensure that at
2	least a total of 25 low-priority substances
3	have been designated.
4	⁽⁽³⁾ Implementation.
5	${(A)}$ Consideration of active and in-
6	ACTIVE SUBSTANCES.
7	"(i) ACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car-
8	rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator
9	shall take into consideration active sub-
10	stances, as determined under section 8,
11	which may include chemical substances on
12	the interim list of active substances estab-
12	
13	lished under that section.
	lished under that section. "(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car-
13	
13 14	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car-
13 14 15	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator
13 14 15 16	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator may take into consideration inactive sub-
 13 14 15 16 17 	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator may take into consideration inactive sub- stances, as determined under section 8,
 13 14 15 16 17 18 	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator may take into consideration inactive sub- stances, as determined under section 8, that the Administrator determines—
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator may take into consideration inactive sub- stances, as determined under section 8, that the Administrator determines— "(I)(aa) have not been subject to
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In car- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator may take into consideration inactive sub- stances, as determined under section 8, that the Administrator determines— "(I)(aa) have not been subject to a regulatory or other enforceable ac-
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	"(ii) INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—In ear- rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator may take into consideration inactive sub- stances, as determined under section 8, that the Administrator determines— "(I)(aa) have not been subject to a regulatory or other enforceable ae- tion by the Administrator to ban or

1	"(II)(aa) have been subject to a
2	regulatory or other enforceable action
3	by the Administrator to ban or phase
4	out the substances; and
5	"(bb) with respect to which there
6	exists the potential for residual high
7	hazards or widespread exposures not
8	otherwise addressed by the regulatory
9	or other action.
10	"(iii) REPOPULATION.—
11	"(I) IN GENERAL.—On the com-
12	pletion of a safety determination
13	under section 6 for a chemical sub-
14	stance, the Administrator shall re-
15	move the chemical substance from the
16	list of high-priority substances estab-
17	lished under this subsection.
18	"(II) Additions.—The Adminis-
19	trator shall add at least 1 chemical
20	substance to the list of high-priority
21	substances for each chemical sub-
22	stance removed from the list of high-
23	priority substances established under
24	this subsection, until a safety assess-

1	ment and safety determination is com-
2	pleted for all high-priority substances.
3	"(III) Low-priority sub-
4	STANCES.—If a low-priority substance
5	is subsequently designated as a high-
6	priority substance, the Administrator
7	shall remove that substance from the
8	list of low-priority substances.
9	"(B) TIMELY COMPLETION OF
10	PRIORITIZATION SCREENING PROCESS.
11	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
12	shall
13	"(I) not later than 180 days
14	after the effective date of the final
15	rule under paragraph (1) , begin the
16	prioritization screening process; and
17	"(II) make every effort to com-
18	plete the designation of all active sub-
19	stances as high-priority substances or
20	low-priority substances in a timely
21	manner.
22	"(ii) Decisions on substances sub-
23	JECT TO TESTING FOR PRIORITIZATION
24	PURPOSES.—Not later than 90 days after
25	the date of receipt of information regard-

1	ing a chemical substance complying with a
2	rule, testing consent agreement, or order
3	issued under section $4(a)(2)$, the Adminis-
4	trator shall designate the chemical sub-
5	stance as a high-priority substance or low-
6	priority substance.
7	"(iii) Consideration.—
8	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Admin-
9	istrator shall screen substances and
10	designate high-priority substances
11	taking into consideration the ability of
12	the Administrator to schedule and
13	complete safety assessments and safe-
14	ty determinations under section 6 in a
15	timely manner.
16	"(II) ANNUAL GOAL.—The Ad-
17	ministrator shall publish an annual
18	goal for the number of chemical sub-
19	stances to be subject to the
20	prioritization screening process.
21	"(C) Screening of categories of sub-
22	STANCES.—The Administrator may screen cat-
23	egories of chemical substances to ensure an effi-
24	cient prioritization screening process to allow
25	for timely and adequate designations of high-

1	priority substances and low-priority substances
2	and safety assessments and safety determina-
3	tions for high-priority substances.
4	"(D) PUBLICATION OF LIST OF CHEMICAL
5	SUBSTANCES.—Not less frequently than once
6	each year, the Administrator shall publish a list
7	of chemical substances that—
8	"(i) are being considered in the
9	prioritization screening process and the
10	status of the chemical substances in the
11	prioritization process, including those
12	chemical substances for which
13	prioritization decisions have been deferred;
14	and
15	"(ii) are designated as high-priority
16	substances or low-priority substances, in-
17	eluding the bases for such designations.
18	"(4) CRITERIA.—The criteria described in para-
19	graph (1) shall account for—
20	${(A)}$ the recommendation of the Governor
21	of a State or a State agency with responsibility
22	for protecting health or the environment from
23	chemical substances appropriate for
24	prioritization screening;

1	"(B) the hazard and exposure potential of
2	the chemical substance (or category of sub-
3	stances), including specific scientific classifica-
4	tions and designations by authoritative govern-
5	mental entities;
6	"(C) the conditions of use or significant
7	changes in the conditions of use of the chemical
8	substance;
9	"(D) evidence and indicators of exposure
10	potential to humans or the environment from
11	the chemical substance, including potentially ex-
12	posed or susceptible populations;
13	${(E)}$ the volume of a chemical substance
14	manufactured or processed;
15	${(\mathbf{F})}$ whether the volume of a chemical
16	substance as reported under a rule promulgated
17	pursuant to section 8(a) has significantly in-
18	creased or decreased during the period begin-
19	ning on the date of a previous report or the
20	date on which a notice has been submitted
21	under section 5(b) for that chemical substance;
22	"(G) the availability of information regard-
23	ing potential hazards and exposures required
24	for conducting a safety assessment or safety de-
25	termination, with limited availability of relevant

1	information to be a sufficient basis for desig-
2	nating a chemical substance as a high-priority
3	substance, subject to the condition that limited
4	availability shall not require designation as a
5	high-priority substance; and
6	"(H) the extent of Federal or State regula-
7	tion of the chemical substance or the extent of
8	the impact of State regulation of the chemical
9	substance on the United States, with existing
10	Federal or State regulation of any uses evalu-
11	ated in the prioritization screening process as a
12	factor in designating a chemical substance to be
13	a low-priority substance.
14	"(b) Prioritization Screening Process and De-
15	CISIONS.
16	"(1) In GENERAL.—The prioritization screening
17	process developed under subsection (a) shall include
18	a requirement that the Administrator shall—
19	${(A)}$ identify the chemical substances
20	being considered for prioritization;
21	"(B) request interested persons to supply
22	information regarding the chemical substances
23	being considered;
24	${(C)}$ apply the criteria identified in sub-
25	section $(a)(4)$; and

1	${}$ (D) subject to paragraph (5) and using
2	the information available to the Administrator
3	at the time of the decision, identify a chemical
4	substance as a high-priority substance or a low-
5	priority substance.
6	"(2) INTEGRATION OF INFORMATION.—The
7	prioritization screening decision regarding a chem-
8	ical substance shall integrate any hazard and expo-
9	sure information relating to the chemical substance
10	that is available to the Administrator.
11	"(3) Identification of high-priority sub-
12	STANCES.—The Administrator—
13	"(A) shall identify as a high-priority sub-
14	stance a chemical substance that, relative to
15	other chemical substances, the Administrator
16	determines has the potential for high hazard
17	and widespread exposure;
18	"(B) may identify as a high-priority sub-
19	stance a chemical substance that, relative to
20	other chemical substances, the Administrator
21	determines has the potential for high hazard or
22	widespread exposure; and
23	"(C) may identify as a high-priority sub-
24	stance an inactive substance, as determined
25	under subsection $(a)(3)(A)(ii)$ and section $8(b)$,

1	that the Administrator determines warrants a
2	safety assessment and safety determination
3	under section 6.
4	"(4) Identification of low-priority sub-
5	STANCES.—The Administrator shall identify as a
6	low-priority substance a chemical substance that the
7	Administrator concludes has information sufficient
8	to establish that the chemical substance is likely to
9	meet the applicable safety standard.
10	${}(5)$ Deferring A decision.—If the Adminis-
11	trator determines that additional information is re-
12	quired to establish the priority of a chemical sub-
13	stance under this section, the Administrator may
14	defer the prioritization screening decision for a rea-
15	sonable period—
16	${(A)}$ to allow for the submission of addi-
17	tional information by an interested person and
18	for the Administrator to evaluate the additional
19	information; or
20	${(B)}$ to require the development of infor-
21	mation pursuant to a rule, testing consent
22	agreement, or order issued under section
23	4(a)(2).
24	"(6) Deadlines for submission of infor-
25	MATION.—If the Administrator requests the develop-

1	ment or submission of information under this see-
2	tion, the Administrator shall establish a deadline for
3	submission of the information.
4	"(7) NOTICE AND COMMENT.—The Adminis-
5	trator shall—
6	"(A) publish the proposed decisions made
7	under paragraphs (3) , (4) , and (5) and the
8	basis for the decisions; and
9	"(B) provide an opportunity for public
10	comment.
11	"(8) REVISIONS OF PRIOR DESIGNATIONS.
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—At any time, and at
13	the discretion of the Administrator, the Admin-
14	istrator may revise the designation of a chem-
15	ical substance as a high-priority substance or a
16	low-priority substance based on information
17	available to the Administrator after the date of
18	the determination under paragraph (3) or (4) .
19	"(B) LIMITED AVAILABILITY.—If limited
20	availability of relevant information was a basis
21	in the designation of a chemical substance as a
22	high-priority substance, the Administrator shall
23	reevaluate the prioritization screening of the
24	ehemical substance on receiving the relevant in-
25	formation.

1 <u>"(9)</u> OTHER INFORMATION RELEVANT TO 2 PRIORITIZATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, after the date of 3 enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chem-4 5 ical Safety for the 21st Century Act, a State 6 proposes an administrative action or enacts a 7 statute or takes an administrative action to pro-8 hibit or otherwise restrict the manufacturing, 9 processing, distribution in commerce, or use of 10 a chemical substance that the Administrator 11 has not as designated a high-priority substance, 12 the Governor or State agency with responsi-13 bility for implementing the statute or adminis-14 trative action shall notify the Administrator.

15 "(B) REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION.—Fol16 lowing receipt of a notification provided under
17 subparagraph (A), the Administrator may re18 quest any available information from the Gov19 ernor or the State agency with respect to—

20 <u>"(i) scientific evidence related to the</u>
21 hazards, exposures and risks of the chem22 ical substance under the conditions of use
23 which the statute or administrative action
24 is intended to address;

1	<u>"(ii) any State or local conditions</u>
2	which warranted the statute or administra-
3	tive action;
4	"(iii) the statutory or administrative
5	authority on which the action is based; and
6	"(iv) any other available information
7	relevant to the prohibition or other restric-
8	tion, including information on any alter-
9	natives considered and their hazards, expo-
10	sures, and risks.
11	"(C) PRIORITIZATION SCREENING.—The
12	Administrator shall conduct a prioritization
13	screening under this subsection for all sub-
14	stances that—
15	"(i) are the subject of notifications re-
16	ceived under subparagraph (A); and
17	"(ii) the Administrator determines—
18	"(I) are likely to have significant
19	health or environmental impacts;
20	"(II) are likely to have signifi-
21	cant impact on interstate commerce;
22	Oľ
23	"(III) have been subject to a pro-
24	hibition or other restriction under a

1	statute or administrative action in 2
2	or more States.
3	"(D) AVAILABILITY TO PUBLIC.—Subject
4	to section 14 and any applicable State law re-
5	garding the protection of confidential informa-
6	tion provided to the State or to the Adminis-
7	trator, the Administrator shall make informa-
8	tion received from a Governor or State agency
9	under subparagraph (A) publicly available.
10	"(E) EFFECT OF PARAGRAPH.—Nothing
11	in this paragraph shall preempt a State statute
12	or administrative action, require approval of a
13	State statute or administrative action, or apply
14	section 15 to a State.
15	${(10)}$ Review.—Not less frequently than once
16	every 5 years after the date on which the process
17	under this subsection is established, the Adminis-
18	trator shall—
19	${(A)}$ review the process on the basis of ex-
20	perience and taking into consideration resources
21	available to efficiently and effectively screen and
22	prioritize chemical substances; and
23	"(B) if necessary, modify the prioritization
24	screening process.

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1	"(11) EFFECT.—Subject to section 18, a des-
2	ignation by the Administrator under this section
3	with respect to a chemical substance shall not af-
4	feet—
5	"(A) the manufacture, processing, distribu-
6	tion in commerce, use, or disposal of the chem-
7	ical substance; or
8	"(B) the regulation of those activities.
9	"(c) Additional Priorities for Safety Assess-
10	ments and Determinations.—
11	"(1) In GENERAL.—The prioritization screening
12	process developed under subsection (a) shall—
13	"(A) include a process by which a manu-
14	facturer or processor of an active chemical sub-
15	stance that has not been designated a high-pri-
16	ority substance, or that has not been subject to
17	or is not in the process of a prioritization
18	screening by the Administrator, may request
19	that the Administrator designate the substance
20	for a safety assessment and safety determina-
21	tion, subject to the payment of fees pursuant to
22	section 26(b)(3)(E); and
23	"(B) provide guidance to submitters on the
24	information to be provided in such requests,
25	and specify the criteria the Administrator shall

1 use to determine whether or not to grant such 2 a request, which shall include whether the sub-3 stance is subject to restrictions imposed by stat-4 utes enacted or administrative actions taken by 5 1 or more States on the manufacture, proc-6 essing, distribution in commerce, or use of the 7 substance. 8 "(2) PREFERENCE.—Subject to paragraph (3), 9 in deciding whether to grant requests under this subsection the Administrator shall give a preference to requests concerning substances for which the Ad-

9 in deciding whether to grant requests under this 10 subsection the Administrator shall give a preference 11 to requests concerning substances for which the Ad-12 ministrator determines that restrictions imposed by 13 1 or more States have the potential to have a signifi-14 cant impact on interstate commerce or health or the 15 environment.

16 "(3) LIMITATIONS.—In considering whether to
 17 grant a request submitted under paragraph (1), the
 18 Administrator shall ensure that—

19"(A) not more than 15 percent of the total20number of substances designated to undergo21safety assessments and safety determinations22under this section are substances designated23under the process and criteria pursuant to24paragraph (1); and

1	"(B) the resources allocated to conducting
2	safety assessments and safety determinations
3	for additional priorities designated under this
4	subsection are proportionate to the number of
5	such substances relative to the total number of
6	substances designated to undergo safety assess-
7	ments and safety determinations under this sec-
8	tion.
9	⁽⁽⁴⁾ Requirements.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The public shall be
11	provided notice and an opportunity to comment
12	on requests submitted under this subsection.
13	"(B) DECISION BY ADMINISTRATOR.—Not
14	later than 180 days after the date on which the
15	Administrator receives a request under this
16	subsection, the Administrator shall decide
17	whether or not to grant the request.
18	"(C) Assessment and determina-
19	TION.—If the Administrator grants a request
20	under this subsection, the safety assessment
21	and safety determination—
22	"(i) shall be conducted in accordance
23	with the deadlines and other requirements
24	of sections 3A(i) and 6; and

1	"(ii) shall not be expedited or other-
2	wise subject to special treatment relative to
3	high-priority substances designated pursu-
4	ant to subsection $(b)(3)$ that are under-
5	going safety assessments and safety deter-
6	minations.
7	"(5) EXCEPTIONS.—Requests granted under
8	this subsection shall not be subject to subsection
9	(a)(3)(A)(iii) or section 18(b).".
10	SEC. 7. NEW CHEMICALS AND SIGNIFICANT NEW USES.
11	Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
12	U.S.C. 2604) is amended—
13	(1) by striking the section designation and
14	heading and inserting the following:
15	"SEC. 5. NEW CHEMICALS AND SIGNIFICANT NEW USES.";
16	(2) by striking subsection (b);
17	(3) by redesignating subsection (a) as sub-
18	section (b);
19	(4) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection
20	(\pm) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection
20	(a) and moving the subsection so as to appear at the
20 21	
	(a) and moving the subsection so as to appear at the
21	(a) and moving the subsection so as to appear at the beginning of the section;
21 22	 (a) and moving the subsection so as to appear at the beginning of the section; (5) in subsection (b) (as so redesignated)—

1	(B) in paragraph (1) , in the matter fol-
2	lowing subparagraph (B)—
3	(i) by striking "subsection (d)" and
4	inserting "subsection (b)"; and
5	(ii) by striking "and such person com-
6	plies with any applicable requirement of
7	subsection (b)";
8	(6) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
9	subsection (d) and (c), respectively, and moving sub-
10	section (c) (as so redesigned) so as appear after sub-
11	section (b) (as redesignated by paragraph (3));
12	(7) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)—
13	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
14	ing the following:
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by sub-
16	section (a) shall include, with respect to a chemical
17	substance-
18	${(A)}$ the information required by sections
19	720.45 and 720.50 of title 40, Code of Federal
20	Regulations (or successor regulations); and
21	${(B)}$ information regarding conditions of
22	use and reasonably anticipated exposures.";
23	(B) in paragraph (2) —

1	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
2	graph (A), by striking "or of data under
3	subsection (b)";
4	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by adding
5	"and" after the semicolon at the end;
6	(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
7	"; and" and inserting a period; and
8	(iv) by striking subparagraph (C); and
9	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "sub-
10	section (a) and for which the notification period
11	prescribed by subsection (a), (b), or (c)" and
12	inserting "subsection (b) and for which the no-
13	tification period prescribed by subsection (b) or
14	(d)";
15	(8) by striking subsection (d) (as redesignated
16	by paragraph (6)) and inserting the following:
17	"(d) REVIEW OF NOTICE.
18	"(1) INITIAL REVIEW.—
19	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
20	graph (B), not later than 90 days after the date
21	of receipt of a notice submitted under sub-
22	section (b), the Administrator shall—
23	"(i) conduct an initial review of the
24	notice;

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1	"(ii) as needed, develop a profile of
2	the relevant chemical substance and the
3	potential for exposure to humans and the
4	environment; and
5	"(iii) make any necessary determina-
6	tion under paragraph (3) .
7	"(B) EXTENSION.—Except as provided in
8	paragraph (5), the Administrator may extend
9	the period described in subparagraph (A) for
10	good cause for 1 or more periods, the total of
11	which shall be not more than 90 days.
12	"(2) INFORMATION SOURCES.—In evaluating a
13	notice under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall
14	take into consideration—
15	"(A) any relevant information identified in
16	subsection $(c)(1)$; and
17	"(B) any other relevant additional infor-
18	mation available to the Administrator.
19	"(3) DETERMINATIONS.—Before the end of the
20	applicable period for review under paragraph (1),
21	based on the information described in paragraph (2),
22	and subject to section 18(g), the Administrator shall
23	determine that—
24	${(A)}$ the relevant chemical substance or
25	significant new use is not likely to meet the

1	safety standard, in which case the Adminis-
2	trator shall take appropriate action under para-
3	$\frac{\text{graph }(4)}{(4)}$;
4	"(B) the relevant chemical substance or
5	significant new use is likely to meet the safety
6	standard, in which case the Administrator shall
7	allow the review period to expire without addi-
8	tional restrictions; or
9	"(C) additional information is necessary in
10	order to make a determination under subpara-
11	graph (A) or (B), in which case the Adminis-
12	trator shall take appropriate action under para-
13	$\frac{\text{graph}}{(5)}$.
14	"(4) RESTRICTIONS.—
15	"(A) DETERMINATION BY ADMINIS-
16	TRATOR.—
17	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Adminis-
18	trator makes a determination under sub-
19	paragraph (A) or (C) of paragraph (3)
20	with respect to a notice submitted under
21	subsection (b)—
22	"(I) the Administrator, before
23	the end of the applicable period for re-
24	view under paragraph (1) and by con-
25	sent agreement or order, as appro-

1	priate, shall prohibit or otherwise re-
2	strict the manufacture, processing,
3	use, distribution in commerce, or dis-
4	posal (as applicable) of the chemical
5	substance, or of the chemical sub-
6	stance for a significant new use, with-
7	out compliance with the restrictions
8	specified in the consent agreement or
9	order that the Administrator deter-
10	mines are sufficient to ensure that the
11	chemical substance or significant new
12	use is likely to meet the safety stand-
13	ard; and
14	"(II) no person may commence
15	manufacture of the chemical sub-
16	stance, or manufacture or processing
17	of the chemical substance for a sig-
18	nificant new use, except in compliance
19	with the restrictions specified in the
20	consent agreement or order.
21	"(ii) Likely to meet standard.—If
22	the Administrator makes a determination
23	under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3)
24	with respect to a chemical substance or
25	significant new use for which a notice was

1	submitted under subsection (b), at the end
2	of the applicable period for review under
3	paragraph (1) , the submitter of the notice
4	may commence manufacture for commer-
5	cial purposes of the chemical substance or
6	manufacture or processing of the chemical
7	substance for a significant new use.
8	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 90
9	days after issuing a consent agreement or order
10	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator
11	shall
12	"(i) take into consideration whether to
13	promulgate a rule pursuant to subsection
14	(b)(2) that identifies as a significant new
15	use any manufacturing, processing, use,
16	distribution in commerce, or disposal of
17	the ehemical substance, or of the ehemical
18	substance for a new use, that is not in
19	compliance with the restrictions imposed
20	by the consent agreement or order; and
21	<u>"(ii)(I)</u> initiate a rulemaking described
22	in clause (i); or
23	(H) publish a statement describing
24	the reasons of the Administrator for not
25	initiating a rulemaking.

1	"(C) INCLUSIONS.—A prohibition or other
2	restriction under subparagraph (A) may in-
3	elude, as appropriate —

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4 "(i) subject to section 18(g), a re-5 quirement that a chemical substance shall 6 be marked with, or accompanied by, clear 7 and adequate minimum warnings and in-8 structions with respect to use, distribution 9 in commerce, or disposal, or any combina-10 tion of those activities, with the form and content of the minimum warnings and in-11 12 structions to be prescribed by the Adminis-13 trator;

14"(ii) a requirement that manufactur-15ers or processors of the chemical substance16shall—

17 "(I) make and retain records of
18 the processes used to manufacture or
19 process, as applicable, the chemical
20 substance; or

21 "(II) monitor or conduct such
22 additional tests as are reasonably nec23 essary to address potential risks from
24 the manufacture, processing, distribu25 tion in commerce, use, or disposal, as

applicable, of the chemical substance,
subject to section 4;
"(iii) a restriction on the quantity of
the chemical substance that may be manu-
factured, processed, or distributed in com-
merce—
"(I) in general; or
"(II) for a particular use;
"(iv) a prohibition or other restriction
of
${}$ (I) the manufacture, processing,
or distribution in commerce of the
chemical substance for a significant
new use;
$\frac{((II)}{(II)}$ any method of commercial
use of the chemical substance; or
"(III) any method of disposal of
the chemical substance; or
"(v) a prohibition or other restriction
on the manufacture, processing, or dis-
tribution in commerce of the chemical sub-
stance—
$\frac{((I) \text{ in general; or })}{(I)}$
"(II) for a particular use.

1	"(D) WORKPLACE EXPOSURES.—The Ad-
2	ministrator shall consult with the Assistant Sec-
3	retary of Labor for Occupational Safety and
4	Health prior to adopting any prohibition or
5	other restriction under this subsection to ad-
6	dress workplace exposures.
7	"(E) Definition of requirement.—For
8	purposes of this Act, the term 'requirement' as
9	used in this section does not displace common
10	law.
11	"(5) Additional information.—If the Ad-
12	ministrator determines under paragraph $(3)(C)$ that
13	additional information is necessary to conduct a re-
14	view under this subsection, the Administrator—
15	${(A)}$ shall provide an opportunity for the
16	submitter of the notice to submit the additional
17	information;
18	"(B) may, by agreement with the sub-
19	mitter, extend the review period for a reason-
20	able time to allow the development and submis-
21	sion of the additional information;
22	"(C) may promulgate a rule, enter into a
23	testing consent agreement, or issue an order
24	under section 4 to require the development of
25	the information; and

1	"(D) on receipt of information the Admin-
2	istrator finds supports the determination under
3	paragraph (3), shall promptly make the deter-
4	mination.";
5	(9) by striking subsections (e) through (g) and
6	inserting the following:
7	"(e) Notice of Commencement.
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days
9	after the date on which a manufacturer that has
10	submitted a notice under subsection (b) commences
11	nonexempt commercial manufacture of a chemical
12	substance, the manufacturer shall submit to the Ad-
13	ministrator a notice of commencement that identi-
14	fies —
15	${(A)}$ the name of the manufacturer; and
16	"(B) the initial date of nonexempt com-
17	mercial manufacture.
18	$\frac{2}{2}$ Withdrawal.—A manufacturer or proc-
19	essor that has submitted a notice under subsection
20	(b), but that has not commenced nonexempt com-
21	mercial manufacture or processing of the chemical
22	substance, may withdraw the notice.
23	"(f) Further Evaluation.—The Administrator
24	may review a chemical substance under section 4A at any
25	time after the Administrator receives—

1	"(1) a notice of commencement for a chemical
2	substance under subsection (c); or
3	$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ new information regarding the chemical
4	substance.
5	"(g) TRANSPARENCY.—Subject to section 14, the Ad-
6	ministrator shall make available to the public—
7	"(1) all notices, determinations, consent agree-
8	ments, rules, and orders of the Administrator; and
9	"(2) all information submitted or issued under
10	this section."; and
11	(10) in subsection (h) —
12	(A) in paragraph (1) , in the matter pre-
13	ceding subparagraph (A), by striking "(a) or";
14	(B) by striking paragraph (2);
15	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
16	through (6) as paragraphs (2) through (5), re-
17	spectively;
18	(D) in paragraph (2) (as so redesignated),
19	in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by
20	striking "subsections (a) and (b)" and inserting
21	"subsection (b)";
22	(E) in paragraph (3) (as so redesig-
23	nated)—
24	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
25	"will not present an unreasonable risk of

1	injury to health or the environment" and
2	inserting "will meet the safety standard";
3	and
4	(ii) by striking the second sentence;
5	(F) in paragraph (4) (as so redesignated),
6	by striking "subsections (a) and (b)" and in-
7	serting "subsection (b)"; and
8	(G) in paragraph (5) (as so redesignated),
9	in the first sentence, by striking "paragraph (1)
10	or (5) " and inserting "paragraph (1) or (4) ".
11	SEC. 8. SAFETY ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINA-
12	TIONS.
13	Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15)
14	U.S.C. 2605) is amended—
15	(1) by striking the section designation and
16	heading and inserting the following:
17	"SEC. 6. SAFETY ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINA-
18	TIONS.";
19	(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
20	subsections (g) and (h), respectively;
21	(3) by striking subsections (a) through (d) and
22	inserting the following:
23	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator—
24	"(1) shall conduct a safety assessment and
25	make a safety determination of each high-priority

1 substance in accordance with subsections (b) and 2 (c);

"(2) shall, as soon as practicable and not later 3 4 than 6 months after the date on which a chemical 5 substance is designated as a high-priority substance, 6 define the scope of the safety assessment and safety 7 determination to be conducted pursuant to this sec-8 tion, including the hazards, exposures, conditions of 9 use, and potentially exposed or susceptible popu-10 lations that the Administrator expects to consider; 11 $\frac{}{}$ (3) as appropriate based on the results of a 12 safety determination, shall establish restrictions pur-13 suant to subsection (d); 14 "(4) shall complete a safety assessment and 15 safety determination not later than 3 years after the 16 date on which a chemical substance is designated as

17 a high-priority substance;

18 "(5) shall promulgate a final rule pursuant to
19 subsection (d) by not later than 2 years after the
20 date on which the safety determination is completed;
21 and

22 <u>"(6) may extend any deadline under this sub-</u>
23 section for a reasonable period of time after an ade24 quate public justification, subject to the condition
25 that the aggregate length of all extensions of dead-

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1	lines under paragraphs (4) and (5) and any deferral
2	under subsection (c)(2) does not exceed 2 years.
3	"(b) Prior Actions.—
4	"(1) Prior-initiated assessments.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act
6	prevents the Administrator from initiating a
7	safety assessment or safety determination re-
8	garding a chemical substance, or from con-
9	tinuing or completing such a safety assessment
10	or safety determination that was initiated be-
11	fore the date of enactment of the Frank R.
12	Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Cen-
13	tury Act, prior to the effective date of the poli-
14	cies and procedures required to be established
15	by the Administrator under section 3A or 4A.
16	"(B) INTEGRATION OF PRIOR POLICIES
17	AND PROCEDURES.—As policies and procedures
18	under section 3A and 4A are established, to the
19	maximum extent practicable, the Administrator
20	shall integrate the policies and procedures into
21	ongoing safety assessments and safety deter-
22	minations.
23	$\frac{((2))}{(2)}$ Actions completed prior to comple-
24	TION OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.—Nothing in
25	this Act requires the Administrator to revise or with-

1	draw a completed safety assessment, safety deter-
2	mination, or rule solely because the action was com-
3	pleted prior to the completion of a policy or proce-
4	dure established under section 3A or 4A, and the va-
5	lidity of a completed assessment, determination, or
6	rule shall not be determined based on the content of
7	such a policy or procedure.
8	"(c) SAFETY DETERMINATIONS.—
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Based on a review of the
10	information available to the Administrator, including
11	draft safety assessments submitted by interested
12	persons, and subject to section 18, the Adminis-
13	trator shall determine that—
14	${(A)}$ the relevant chemical substance meets
15	the safety standard;
16	${}$ (B) the relevant chemical substance does
17	not meet the safety standard, in which case the
18	Administrator shall, by rule under subsection
19	(d)
20	"(i) impose restrictions necessary to
21	ensure that the chemical substance meets
22	the safety standard under the conditions of
23	use; or
24	"(ii) if the safety standard cannot be
25	met with the application of restrictions,

1	ban or phase out the chemical substance,
2	as appropriate; or
3	"(C) additional information is necessary in
4	order to make a determination under subpara-
5	graph (A) or (B), in which case the Adminis-
6	trator shall take appropriate action under para-
7	$\frac{\text{graph}}{(2)}$.
8	"(2) Additional information.—If the Ad-
9	ministrator determines that additional information is
10	necessary to make a safety assessment or safety de-
11	termination for a high-priority substance, the Ad-
12	ministrator—
13	"(A) shall provide an opportunity for inter-
14	ested persons to submit the additional informa-
15	tion;
16	"(B) may promulgate a rule, enter into a
17	testing consent agreement, or issue an order
18	under section 4 to require the development of
19	the information;
20	"(C) may defer, for a reasonable period
21	consistent with the deadlines described in sub-
22	section (a), a safety assessment and safety de-
23	termination until after receipt of the informa-
24	tion; and

1	"(D) consistent with the deadlines de-
2	scribed in subsection (a), on receipt of informa-
3	tion the Administrator finds supports the safety
4	assessment and safety determination, shall
5	make a determination under paragraph (1) .
6	"(3) Establishment of deadline. In re-
7	questing the development or submission of informa-
8	tion under this section, the Administrator shall es-
9	tablish a deadline for the submission of the informa-
10	tion.
11	$\frac{(d)}{d}$ Rule.
12	"(1) Implementation.—If the Administrator
13	makes a determination under subsection (c)(1)(B)
14	with respect to a chemical substance, the Adminis-
15	trator shall promulgate a rule establishing restric-
16	tions necessary to ensure that the chemical sub-
17	stance meets the safety standard.
18	"(2) Scope.—The rule promulgated pursuant
19	to this subsection—
20	<u>"(A) may</u>
21	"(i) apply to mixtures containing the
22	chemical substance, as appropriate; and
23	"(ii) exempt replacement parts for ar-
24	ticles manufactured prior to the applicable
25	compliance deadline; and

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1	"(B) shall include dates by which compli-
2	ance is mandatory, which—
3	"(i) shall be as soon as practicable;
4	and
5	"(ii) as determined by the Adminis-
6	trator, may vary for different affected per-
7	sons.
8	"(C) Workplace exposures.—The Ad-
9	ministrator shall consult with the Assistant Sec-
10	retary of Labor for Occupational Safety and
11	Health before adopting any prohibition or other
12	restriction under this subsection to address
13	workplace exposures.
14	"(D) DEFINITION OF REQUIREMENT.—For
15	the purposes of this Act, the term 'requirement'
16	as used in this section does not displace com-
17	mon law.
18	"(3) RESTRICTIONS.—A restriction under para-
19	graph (1) may include, as appropriate—
20	"(A) subject to section 18, a requirement
21	that a chemical substance shall be marked with,
22	or accompanied by, clear and adequate min-
23	imum warnings and instructions with respect to
24	use, distribution in commerce, or disposal, or
25	any combination of those activities, with the

1	form and content of the minimum warnings and
2	instructions to be prescribed by the Adminis-
3	trator;
4	"(B) a requirement that manufacturers or
5	processors of the chemical substance shall—
6	"(i) make and retain records of the
7	processes used to manufacture or process
8	the chemical substance;
9	"(ii) describe and apply the relevant
10	quality control procedures followed in the
11	manufacturing or processing of the sub-
12	stance; or
13	"(iii) monitor or conduct tests that
14	are reasonably necessary to ensure compli-
15	ance with the requirements of any rule
16	under this subsection;
17	"(C) a restriction on the quantity of the
18	chemical substance that may be manufactured,
19	processed, or distributed in commerce;
20	"(D) a requirement to ban or phase out, or
21	any other rule regarding, the manufacture,
22	processing, or distribution in commerce of the
23	chemical substance for—
24	''(i) a particular use;

1	"(ii) a particular use at a concentra-
2	tion in excess of a level specified by the
3	Administrator; or
4	"(iii) all uses;
5	${(E)}$ a restriction on the quantity of the
6	ehemical substance that may be manufactured,
7	processed, or distributed in commerce for—
8	"(i) a particular use; or
9	"(ii) a particular use at a concentra-
10	tion in excess of a level specified by the
11	Administrator;
12	"(F) a requirement to ban, phase out, or
13	otherwise restrict any method of commercial
14	use of the chemical substance;
15	"(G) a requirement to ban, phase out, or
16	otherwise restrict any method of disposal of the
17	chemical substance or any article containing the
18	chemical substance; and
19	"(H) a requirement directing manufactur-
20	ers or processors of the chemical substance to
21	give notice of the Administrator's determination
22	under subsection $(c)(1)(B)$ to distributors in
23	commerce of the chemical substance and, to the
24	extent reasonably ascertainable, to other per-

1	sons in the chain of commerce in possession of
2	the chemical substance.
3	"(4) Analysis for rulemaking.—
4	"(A) Considerations.—In deciding
5	which restrictions to impose under paragraph
6	(3) as part of developing a rule under para-
7	graph (1), the Administrator shall take into
8	consideration, to the extent practicable based on
9	reasonably available information, the quantifi-
10	able and nonquantifiable costs and benefits of
11	the proposed regulatory action and of the 1 or
12	more primary alternative regulatory actions
13	considered by the Administrator.
14	"(B) ALTERNATIVES.—As part of the
15	analysis, the Administrator shall review any 1
16	or more technically and economically feasible al-
17	ternatives to the chemical substance that the
18	Administrator determines are relevant to the
19	rulemaking.
20	"(C) Public availability.—In proposing
21	a rule under paragraph (1), the Administrator
22	shall make publicly available any analysis con-
23	ducted under this paragraph.
24	"(D) STATEMENT REQUIRED.—In making
25	final a rule under paragraph (1), the Adminis-

1	trator shall include a statement describing how
2	the analysis considered under subparagraph (A)
3	was taken into account.
4	${(5)}$ Exemptions.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
6	may exempt 1 or more uses of a chemical sub-
7	stance from any restriction in a rule promul-
8	gated under paragraph (1) if the Administrator
9	determines that—
10	${}$ (i) the rule cannot be complied with,
11	without—
12	"(I) harming national security;
13	"(II) causing significant disrup-
14	tion in the national economy due to
15	the lack of availability of a chemical
16	substance; or
17	"(III) interfering with a critical
18	or essential use for which no tech-
19	nically and economically feasible safer
20	alternative is available, taking into
21	consideration hazard and exposure; or
22	"(ii) the use of the chemical sub-
23	stance, as compared to reasonably available
24	alternatives, provides a substantial benefit

1	to health, the environment, or public safe-
2	ty.
3	"(B) Exemption analysis.—In pro-
4	posing a rule under paragraph (1) that includes
5	an exemption under this paragraph, the Admin-
6	istrator shall make publicly available any anal-
7	ysis conducted under this paragraph to assess
8	the need for the exemption.
9	"(C) STATEMENT REQUIRED.—In making
10	final a rule under paragraph (1) that includes
11	an exemption under this paragraph, the Admin-
12	istrator shall include a statement describing
13	how the analysis considered under subpara-
14	graph (B) was taken into account.
15	"(D) ANALYSIS IN CASE OF BAN OR
16	PHASE-OUT.—In determining whether an ex-
17	emption should be granted under this para-
18	graph for a chemical substance for which a ban
19	or phase-out is proposed, the Administrator
20	shall take into consideration, to the extent prac-
21	ticable based on reasonably available informa-
22	tion, the quantifiable and nonquantifiable costs
23	and benefits of the 1 or more technically and
24	economically feasible alternatives to the chem-
25	ical substance most likely to be used in place of

1	the chemical substance under the conditions of
2	use if the rule is promulgated.
3	"(E) CONDITIONS.—As part of a rule pro-
4	mulgated under paragraph (1), the Adminis-
5	trator shall include conditions in any exemption
6	established under this paragraph, including rea-
7	sonable recordkeeping, monitoring, and report-
8	ing requirements, to the extent that the Admin-
9	istrator determines the conditions are necessary
10	to protect health and the environment while
11	achieving the purposes of the exemption.
12	${(\mathbf{F})}$ DURATION.
13	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
14	shall establish, as part of a rule under
15	paragraph (1) that contains an exemption
16	under this paragraph, a time limit on any
17	exemption for a time to be determined by
18	the Administrator as reasonable on a case-
19	by-case basis.
20	"(ii) AUTHORITY OF ADMINIS-
21	TRATOR.—The Administrator, by rule, may
22	extend, modify, or eliminate the exemption
23	if the Administrator determines, on the
24	basis of reasonably available information
25	and after adequate public justification, the

1	exemption warrants extension or is no
2	longer necessary.
3	"(iii) Considerations.—
4	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Subject to
5	subclause (II), the Administrator shall
6	issue exemptions and establish time
7	periods by considering factors deter-
8	mined by the Administrator to be rel-
9	evant to the goals of fostering innova-
10	tion and the development of alter-
11	natives that meet the safety standard.
12	"(II) LIMITATION.—Any renewal
13	of an exemption in the case of a rule
14	requiring the ban or phase-out of a
15	ehemical substance shall not exceed 5
16	years.
17	"(e) IMMEDIATE EFFECT.—The Administrator may
18	declare a proposed rule under subsection (d) to be effective
19	on publication of the rule in the Federal Register and until
20	the effective date of final action taken respecting the rule,
21	if—
22	"(1) the Administrator determines that—
23	${(A)}$ the manufacture, processing, distribu-
24	tion in commerce, use, or disposal of the chem-
25	ical substance or mixture subject to the pro-

1 posed rule or any combination of those activi-2 ties is likely to result in an unreasonable risk 3 of serious or widespread harm to health or the 4 environment before the effective date; and 5 "(B) making the proposed rule so effective 6 is necessary to protect the public interest; and 7 "(2) in the case of a proposed rule to prohibit 8 the manufacture, processing, or distribution of a 9 ehemical substance or mixture because of the risk 10 determined under paragraph (1)(A), a court has 11 granted relief in an action under section 7 with re-12 spect to that risk associated with the chemical sub-

13 stance or mixture.

14 "(f) FINAL AGENCY ACTION.—Under this section
15 and subject to section 18—

16 "(1) a safety determination, and the associated 17 safety assessment, for a chemical substance that the 18 Administrator determines under subsection (c) meets 19 the safety standard, shall be considered to be a final 20 agency action, effective beginning on the date of 21 issuance of the final safety determination; and

22 "(2) a final rule promulgated under subsection 23 (d), and the associated safety assessment and safety 24 determination that a chemical substance does not 25 meet the safety standard, shall be considered to be

1	a final agency action, effective beginning on the date
2	of promulgation of the final rule."; and
3	(4) in subsection (g) (as redesignated by para-
4	graph (2))
5	(A) by striking paragraph (4) ; and
6	(B) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
7	paragraph (4).
8	SEC. 9. IMMINENT HAZARDS.
9	Section 7 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
10	U.S.C. 2606) is amended—
11	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(a) CIVIL ACTIONS.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may
15	commence a civil action in an appropriate United
16	States district court for—
17	"(A) seizure of an imminently hazardous
18	chemical substance or mixture or any article
19	containing the chemical substance or mixture;
20	"(B) relief (as authorized by subsection
21	(b)) against any person that manufactures,
22	processes, distributes in commerce, uses, or dis-
23	poses of, an imminently hazardous chemical
24	substance or mixture or any article containing
25	the chemical substance or mixture; or

1	"(C) both seizure described in subpara-
2	graph (A) and relief described in subparagraph
3	(B).
4	"(2) Rule, order, or other proceeding.
5	A civil action may be commenced under this para-
6	graph, notwithstanding—
7	$\frac{((A))}{(A)}$ the existence of
8	"(i) a decision by the Administrator
9	under section $4A$, $5(d)(3)$, or $6(c)(1)$; or
10	"(ii) a rule, testing consent agree-
11	ment, or order under section 4, $5(d)(4)$,
12	6(d), or 6(h); or
13	"(B) the pendency of any administrative or
14	judicial proceeding under any provision of this
15	Act.";
16	(2) in subsection (d), by striking "section $6(a)$ "
17	and inserting "section 6(c)"; and
18	(3) in subsection (f), in the first sentence, by
19	striking "and unreasonable".
20	SEC. 10. INFORMATION COLLECTION AND REPORTING.
21	Section 8 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
22	U.S.C. 2607) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a)—
24	(A) in paragraph (3)(A)(ii)(I)—

1	(i) by striking "5(b)(4)" and inserting
2	<u>;</u>
3	(ii) by inserting "section 4 or" after
4	"in effect under"; and
5	(iii) by striking "5(e)," and inserting
6	''5(d)(4);''; and
7	(B) by adding at the end the following:
8	${}$ (4) Rules.—
9	${(A)}$ Deadline.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2
11	years after the date of enactment of the
12	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
13	the 21st Century Act, the Administrator
14	shall promulgate rules requiring the main-
15	tenance of records and the reporting of in-
16	formation known or reasonably ascertain-
17	able by the person making the report, in-
18	cluding rules requiring processors to report
19	information, so that the Administrator has
20	the information necessary to carry out sec-
21	tions 4 and 6.
22	"(ii) Modification of prior
23	RULES.—In carrying out this subpara-
24	graph, the Administrator may modify, as
25	appropriate, rules promulgated before the

1	date of enactment of the Frank R. Lauten-
2	berg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century
3	Act.
4	"(B) CONTENTS.—The rules promulgated
5	pursuant to subparagraph (A)—
6	"(i) may impose different reporting
7	and recordkeeping requirements on manu-
8	facturers and processors; and
9	"(ii) shall include the level of detail
10	necessary to be reported, including the
11	manner by which use and exposure infor-
12	mation may be reported.
13	"(C) Administration.—In implementing
14	the reporting and recordkeeping requirements
15	under this paragraph, the Administrator shall
16	take measures—
17	"(i) to limit the potential for duplica-
18	tion in reporting requirements;
19	"(ii) to minimize the impact of the
20	rules on small manufacturers and proc-
21	essors; and
22	"(iii) to apply any reporting obliga-
23	tions to those persons likely to have infor-
24	mation relevant to the effective implemen-
25	tation of this title.

1	"(5) GUIDANCE.—The Administrator shall de-
2	velop guidance relating to the information required
3	to be reported under the rules promulgated under
4	this subsection.";
5	(2) in subsection (b) , by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	⁽⁽³⁾ Nomenclature.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out para-
9	graph (1), the Administrator shall—
10	"(i) maintain the use of Class 2 no-
11	menelature in use on the date of enact-
12	ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chem-
13	ical Safety for the 21st Century Act;
14	"(ii) maintain the use of the Soap and
15	Detergent Association Nomenclature Sys-
16	tem, published in March 1978 by the Ad-
17	ministrator in section 1 of addendum III
18	of the document entitled 'Candidate List of
19	Chemical Substances', and further de-
20	scribed in the appendix A of volume I of
21	the 1985 edition of the Toxic Substances
22	Control Act Substances Inventory (EPA
23	Document No. EPA-560/7-85-002a); and
24	"(iii) treat all components of cat-
25	egories that are considered to be statutory

1	mixtures under this Act as being included
2	on the list published under paragraph (1)
3	under the Chemical Abstracts Service
4	numbers for the respective categories, in-
5	cluding, without limitation—
6	"(I) cement, Portland, chemicals,
7	CAS No. 65997–15–1;
8	"(II) cement, alumina, chemicals,
9	CAS No. 65997–16–2;
10	"(III) glass, oxide, chemicals,
11	CAS No. 65997–17–3;
12	"(IV) frits, chemicals, CAS No.
13	65997–18–4;
14	"(V) steel manufacture, chemi-
15	cals, CAS No. 65997–19–5; and
16	"(VI) ceramic materials and
17	wares, chemicals, CAS No. 66402-
18	68–4.
19	"(B) Multiple nomenclature conven-
20	TIONS.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If an existing
22	guidance allows for multiple nomenclature
23	conventions, the Administrator shall—
24	"(I) maintain the nomenclature

1	"(II) develop new guidance
2	that—
3	"(aa) establishes equivalency
4	between the nomenclature con-
5	ventions for chemical substances
6	on the list published under para-
7	$\frac{\text{graph }(1)}{\text{and}}$
8	"(bb) permits persons to
9	rely on the new guidance for pur-
10	poses of determining whether a
11	chemical substance is on the list
12	published under paragraph (1).
13	"(ii) Multiple cas numbers.—For
14	any chemical substance appearing multiple
15	times on the list under different Chemical
16	Abstracts Service numbers, the Adminis-
17	trator shall develop guidance recognizing
18	the multiple listings as a single chemical
19	substance.
20	"(4) Chemical substances in commerce.—
21	$\frac{((A)}{(A)}$ Rules.—
22	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1
23	year after the date of enactment of the
24	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
25	the 21st Century Act, the Administrator,

1	by rule, shall require manufacturers and
2	processors to notify the Administrator, by
3	not later than 180 days after the date of
4	promulgation of the rule, of each chemical
5	substance on the list published under para-
6	graph (1) that the manufacturer or proc-
7	essor, as applicable, has manufactured or
8	processed for a nonexempt commercial pur-
9	pose during the 10-year period ending on
10	the day before the date of enactment of the
11	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
12	the 21st Century Act.
13	"(ii) ACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—The Ad-
14	ministrator shall, pursuant to paragraph
15	$(5)(\Lambda)$, designate chemical substances for
16	which notices are received under clause (i)
17	to be active substances on the list pub-
18	lished under paragraph (1).
19	"(B) Confidential chemical sub-
20	STANCES.—The rule promulgated by the Ad-
21	ministrator pursuant to subparagraph (Λ) shall
22	require—
23	"(i) the Administrator to maintain the
24	list under paragraph (1), which shall in-
25	clude a confidential portion and a noncon-

1	fidential portion consistent with this see-
2	tion and section 14;
3	"(ii) a manufacturer or processor that
4	is submitting a notice pursuant to sub-
5	paragraph (A) for a chemical substance on
6	the confidential portion of the list pub-
7	lished under paragraph (1) to indicate in
8	the notice whether the manufacturer or
9	processor seeks to maintain any existing
10	elaim for protection against disclosure of
11	the specific identity of the substance as
12	confidential pursuant to section 14; and
13	${}$ (iii) the substantiation of those
14	elaims pursuant to section 14 and in ac-
15	cordance with the review plan described in
16	subparagraph (C).
17	"(C) REVIEW PLAN.—Not later than 1
18	year after the date on which the Administrator
19	compiles the initial list of active substances pur-
20	suant to subparagraph (A) , the Administrator
21	shall promulgate a rule that establishes a plan
22	to review all claims to protect the specific iden-
23	tities of chemical substances on the confidential
24	portion of the list published under paragraph
25	(1) that are notified pursuant to subparagraph

1	(A) or identified as active substances under
2	subsection $(f)(1)$.
3	"(D) Requirements of review plan.—
4	The review plan under subparagraph (C)
5	shall—
6	"(i) require, at the time requested by
7	the Administrator, all manufacturers or
8	processors asserting claims under subpara-
9	graph (B) to substantiate the claim unless
10	the manufacturer or processor has sub-
11	stantiated the claim in a submission made
12	to the Administrator during the 5-year pe-
13	riod ending on the date of the request by
14	the Administrator;
15	"(ii) require the Administrator, in ac-
16	cordance with section 14—
17	"(I) to review each substan-
18	tiation-
19	"(aa) submitted pursuant to
20	clause (i) to determine if the
21	claim warrants protection from
22	disclosure; and
23	${(bb)}$ submitted previously
24	by a manufacturer or processor
25	and relied on in lieu of the sub-

1	stantiation required pursuant to
2	clause (i), if the substantiation
3	has not been previously reviewed
4	by the Administrator, to deter-
5	mine if the claim warrants pro-
6	tection from disclosure;
7	"(II) approve, modify, or deny
8	each elaim; and
9	"(III) except as provided in this
10	section and section 14, protect from
11	disclosure information for which the
12	Administrator approves such a claim
13	for a period of 10 years, unless, prior
14	to the expiration of the period—
15	"(aa) the person notifies the
16	Administrator that the person is
17	withdrawing the confidentiality
18	elaim, in which case the Adminis-
19	trator shall promptly make the
20	information available to the pub-
21	lie; or
22	"(bb) the Administrator oth-
23	erwise becomes aware that the
24	need for protection from disclo-
25	sure can no longer be substan -

1	tiated, in which case the Admin-
2	istrator shall take the actions de-
3	scribed in section 14(g)(2); and
4	"(iii) encourage manufacturers or
5	processors that have previously made
6	elaims to protect the specific identities of
7	chemical substances identified as inactive
8	pursuant to subsection $(f)(2)$ to review and
9	either withdraw or substantiate the claims.
10	"(E) TIMELINE FOR COMPLETION OF RE-
11	VIEWS.
12	"(i) In GENERAL.—The Administrator
13	shall implement the review plan so as to
14	complete reviews of all claims specified in
15	subparagraph (C) not later than 5 years
16	after the date on which the Administrator
17	compiles the initial list of active substances
18	pursuant to subparagraph (A).
19	"(ii) Considerations.—
20	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Admin-
21	istrator may extend the deadline for
22	completion of the reviews for not more
23	than 2 additional years, after an ade-
24	quate public justification, if the Ad-
25	ministrator determines that the exten-

1 sion is necessary based on the number 2 of applicable claims needing review 3 and the available resources. 4 "(II) ANNUAL GOAL.—The Ad-5 ministrator shall publish an annual 6 goal for the number of reviews to be 7 completed over the course of imple-8 mentation of the plan. 9 "(5) ACTIVE AND INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator 10 11 shall maintain and keep current designations of 12 active substances and inactive substances on 13 the list published under paragraph (1). "(B) UPDATE.—The Administrator shall 14 15 update the list of chemical substances des-16 ignated as active substances as soon as prac-17 ticable after the date of publication of the most 18 recent data reported under-19 "(i) part 711 of title 40, Code of Fed-20 eral Regulations (or successor regulations); 21 and 22 "(ii) the rules promulgated pursuant 23 to subsection (a)(4).

24 ^{••}(C) Change to active status.—

1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any person that
2	intends to manufacture or process for a
3	nonexempt commercial purpose a chemical
4	substance that is designated as an inactive
5	substance shall notify the Administrator
6	before the date on which the inactive sub-
7	stance is manufactured or processed.
8	"(ii) Confidential chemical iden-
9	TITY CLAIMS.—If a person submitting a
10	notice under clause (i) for an inactive sub-
11	stance on the confidential portion of the
12	list published under paragraph (1) seeks to
13	maintain an existing claim for protection
14	against disclosure of the specific identity of
15	the inactive substance as confidential, the
16	person shall
17	${}$ (I) in the notice submitted
18	under clause (i), assert the claim; and
19	${}$ (II) by not later than 30 days
20	after providing the notice under clause
21	(i), substantiate the claim.
22	"(iii) ACTIVE STATUS.—On receiving
23	a notification under clause (i), the Admin-
24	istrator shall—

1	"(I) designate the applicable
2	chemical substance as an active sub-
3	stance;
4	"(II) pursuant to section 14,
5	promptly review any claim and associ-
6	ated substantiation submitted pursu-
7	ant to clause (ii) for protection

against disclosure of the specific identity of the chemical substance and approve, modify, or deny the claim;

11 "(III) except as provided in this 12 section and section 14, protect from disclosure the specific identity of the 13 14 chemical substance for which the Ad-15 ministrator approves a claim under 16 subclause (II) for a period of not less 17 than 10 years, unless, prior to the ex-18 piration of the period—

19"(aa) the person notifies the20Administrator that the person is21withdrawing the confidentiality22claim, in which case the Adminis-23trator shall promptly make the24information available to the pub-25lie; or

8

9

1	"(bb) the Administrator oth-
2	erwise becomes aware that the
3	need for protection from disclo-
4	sure can no longer be substan -
5	tiated, in which case the Admin-
6	istrator shall take the actions de-
7	scribed in section 14(g)(2); and
8	${}$ (IV) pursuant to section 4A, re-
9	view the priority of the chemical sub-
10	stance as the Administrator deter-
11	mines to be necessary.
12	"(D) CATEGORY STATUS.—The list of in-
13	active substances shall not be considered to be
14	a category for purposes of section 26(c).
15	"(6) INTERIM LIST OF ACTIVE SUBSTANCES.
16	Prior to the promulgation of the rule required under
17	this subsection, the Administrator shall designate
18	the chemical substances reported under part 711 of
19	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor
20	regulations), during the reporting period that most
21	closely preceded the date of enactment of the Frank
22	R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century
23	Act, as the interim list of active substances for the
24	purposes of section 4A.

1	"(7) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—Subject to this
2	subsection, the Administrator shall make available to
3	the public—
4	${(A)}$ the specific identity of each chemical
5	substance on the nonconfidential portion of the
6	list published under paragraph (1) that the Ad-
7	ministrator has designated as—
8	"(i) an active substance; or
9	"(ii) an inactive substance;
10	"(B) the accession number, generic name,
11	and, if applicable, premanufacture notice case
12	number for each chemical substance on the con-
13	fidential portion of the list published under
14	paragraph (1) for which a claim of confiden-
15	tiality was received and approved by the Admin-
16	istrator pursuant to section 14; and
17	$\frac{\text{``(C)}}{\text{(C)}}$ subject to section 14(g), the specific
18	identity of any active substance for which—
19	"(i) no claim of protection against dis-
20	elosure of the specific identity of the active
21	substance pursuant to this subsection was
22	received;
23	"(ii) a claim for protection against
24	disclosure of the specific identity of the ac-

1	tive substance has been denied by the Ad-
2	ministrator; or
3	"(iii) the time period for protection
4	against disclosure of the specific identity of
5	the active substance has expired.
6	(8) LIMITATION.—No person may assert a
7	new elaim under this subsection for protection from
8	disclosure of a specific identity of any active or inac-
9	tive chemical substance for which a notice is received
10	under paragraph $(4)(A)(i)$ or $(5)(C)(i)$ that is not on
11	the confidential portion of the list published under
12	paragraph (1).
13	"(9) CERTIFICATION.—Under the rule promul-
14	gated under this subsection, manufacturers and
15	processors shall be required—
16	${(A)}$ to certify that each report the manu-
17	facturer or processor submits complies with the
18	requirements of the rule, and that any confiden-
19	tiality claims are true and correct; and
20	"(B) to retain a record supporting the cer-
21	tification for a period of 5 years beginning on
22	the last day of the submission period.";
23	(3) in subsection (e)—
24	(A) by striking "Any person" and inserting
25	the following:

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"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person"; and
(B) by adding at the end the following:
"(2) APPLICABILITY.—Any person may submit
to the Administrator information reasonably sup-
porting the conclusion that a chemical substance or
mixture presents, will present, or does not present a
substantial risk of harm to health and the environ-
ment."; and
(4) in subsection (f), by striking "For purposes
of this section, the" and inserting the following: "In
this section:
"(1) ACTIVE SUBSTANCE.—The term 'active
substance' means a chemical substance—
"(A) that has been manufactured or proc-

or procutactured beel a essed for a nonexempt commercial purpose at any point during the 10-year period ending on the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lauten-berg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act;

"(B) that is added to the list published under subsection (b)(1) after that date of en-actment; or

"(C) for which a notice is received under subsection (b)(5)(C).

"(2) INACTIVE SUBSTANCE.—The term 'inactive substance' means a chemical substance on the list

1	published under subsection (b)(1) that does not meet
2	any of the criteria described in paragraph (1).
3	"(3) MANUFACTURE; PROCESS.—The".
4	SEC. 11. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.
5	Section 9 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
6	U.S.C. 2608) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a) —
8	(A) in paragraph (1) , in the first sen-
9	tence-
10	(i) by striking "presents or will
11	present an unreasonable risk to health or
12	the environment" and inserting "does not
13	meet the safety standard"; and
14	(ii) by striking "such risk" the first
15	place it appears and inserting "the risk
16	posed by the substance or mixture";
17	(B) in paragraph (2) , in the matter fol-
18	lowing subparagraph (B), by striking "section 6
19	or 7" and inserting "section 6(d) or section 7";
20	and
21	(C) in paragraph (3) , by striking "section
22	6 or 7" and inserting "section 6(d) or 7";
23	(2) in subsection (d) , in the first sentence, by
24	striking "Health, Education, and Welfare" and in-
25	serting "Health and Human Services"; and

1 (3) by adding at the end the following: 2 "(e) EXPOSURE INFORMATION.—If the Administrator obtains information related to exposures or releases 3 of a chemical substance that may be prevented or reduced 4 5 under another Federal law, including laws not administered by the Administrator, the Administrator shall make 6 7 such information available to the relevant Federal agency 8 or office of the Environmental Protection Agency.". 9 SEC. 12. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, COLLECTION, DIS-10 SEMINATION, AND UTILIZATION OF DATA. 11 Section 10 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 12 U.S.C. 2609) is amended by striking "Health, Education, and Welfare" each place it appears and inserting "Health 13 and Human Services". 14 15 SEC. 13. EXPORTS. 16 Section 12 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2611) is amended— 17 18 (1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (2) 19 and inserting the following: 20 "(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not 21 apply to any chemical substance that the Adminis-22 trator determines-23 "(A) under section 5 is not likely to meet 24 the safety standard; or

1	"(B) under section 6 does not meet the
2	safety standard.
3	"(3) WAIVERS.—For a mixture or article con-
4	taining a chemical substance described in paragraph
5	(2), the Administrator may—
6	${(A)}$ determine that paragraph (1) shall
7	not apply to the mixture or article; or
8	"(B) establish a threshold concentration in
9	a mixture or article at which paragraph (1)
10	shall not apply.
11	"(4) TESTING.—The Administrator may re-
12	quire testing under section 4 of any chemical sub-
13	stance or mixture exempted from this Act under
14	paragraph (1) for the purpose of determining wheth-
15	er the chemical substance or mixture meets the safe-
16	ty standard within the United States.";
17	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(b) NOTICE.—
20	$\frac{((1))}{(1)}$ In GENERAL.—A person shall notify the
21	Administrator that the person is exporting or in-
22	tends to export to a foreign country—
23	"(A) a chemical substance or a mixture
24	containing a chemical substance that the Ad-
25	ministrator has determined under section 5 is

1	not likely to meet the safety standard and for
2	which a prohibition or other restriction has
3	been proposed or established under that section;
4	"(B) a chemical substance or a mixture
5	containing a chemical substance that the Ad-
6	ministrator has determined under section 6
7	does not meet the safety standard and for
8	which a prohibition or other restriction has
9	been proposed or established under that section;
10	${(C)}$ a chemical substance for which the
11	United States is obligated by treaty to provide
12	export notification;
13	"(D) a chemical substance or mixture sub-
14	ject to a prohibition or other restriction pursu-
15	ant to a rule, order, or consent agreement in ef-
16	fect under this Act; or
17	$\frac{((E)}{E}$ a chemical substance or mixture for
18	which the submission of information is required
19	under section 4.
20	$\frac{((2))}{\text{RULES.}}$
21	"(A) In GENERAL.—The Administrator
22	shall promulgate rules to carry out paragraph
23	(1).
24	"(B) CONTENTS.—The rules promulgated
25	pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall—

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"(i) include such exemptions as the
Administrator determines to be appro-
priate, which may include exemptions iden-
tified under section 5(h); and
"(ii) indicate whether, or to what ex-
tent, the rules apply to articles containing
a chemical substance or mixture described
in paragraph (1).
"(3) NOTIFICATION.—The Administrator shall
submit to the government of each country to which
a chemical substance or mixture is exported—
"(A) for a chemical substance or mixture
described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (D) of
paragraph (1), a notice of the determination,
rule, order, consent agreement, requirement, or
designation;
"(B) for a chemical substance described in
paragraph $(1)(C)$, a notice that satisfies the ob-
ligation of the United States under the applica-
ble treaty; and
"(C) for a chemical substance or mixture
described in paragraph (1)(E), a notice of avail-
ability of the information on the chemical sub-
stance or mixture submitted to the Adminis-

trator."; and

1	(3) in subsection (c) —
2	(A) by striking paragraph (3); and
3	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (4)
4	through (6) as paragraphs (3) through (5), re-
5	spectively.
6	SEC. 14. IMPORTS.
7	Section 13 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
8	U.S.C. 2612) is amended to read as follows:
9	<u> "SEC. 13. IMPORTS.</u>
10	"(a) Refusal of Entry.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland
12	Security shall refuse entry into the customs territory
13	of the United States (as defined in general note 2
14	to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United
15	States) any chemical substance, mixture, or article
16	containing a chemical substance or mixture offered
17	for such entry, if—
18	"(A) the Administrator—
19	${}$ (i) has determined under section 6(c)
20	that the chemical substance or mixture
21	does not meet the safety standard; and
22	"(ii) has promulgated a rule pursuant
23	to section $6(d)$ banning the chemical sub-
24	stance or mixture, as of the effective date
25	of the rule;

1	"(B) the chemical substance—
2	"(i) is not included on the list under
3	section $8(b)(1)$; and
4	"(ii) is not exempt from any require-
5	ment to be included on that list by this
6	title or a rule promulgated by the Adminis-
7	trator pursuant to this title; or
8	${(C)}$ the chemical substance, mixture, or
9	any article containing the chemical substance or
10	mixture is offered for entry in violation of—
11	"(i) a rule, consent agreement, or
12	order in effect under this Act; or
13	"(ii) an order issued in a civil action
14	brought under section 7 or title IV.
15	$\frac{2}{(2)}$ Procedure.
16	"(A) In GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
17	graph (B), if a chemical substance, mixture, or
18	article containing a chemical substance or mix-
19	ture is refused entry under paragraph (1), the
20	Secretary of Homeland Security—
21	${}$ (i) shall notify the consignee of the
22	entry of the refusal;
23	${}$ (ii) shall not release the chemical
24	substance or mixture to the consignce; and

1	"(iii) shall cause the disposal or stor-
2	age of the chemical substance or mixture
3	under such rules as the Secretary may pre-
4	scribe, if the chemical substance or mix-
5	ture has not been exported by the con-
6	signee during the 90-day period beginning
7	on the date of receipt of the notice of the
8	refused entry.
9	"(B) EXCEPTION.—
10	"(i) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of
11	Homeland Security, pending a review by
12	the Administrator, may release to the con-
13	signee the chemical substance or mixture if
14	the consignee—
15	"(I) executes a bond for the
16	amount of the full invoice of the
17	chemical substance or mixture (as set
18	forth in the customs entry); and
19	"(II) pays a duty on the chemical
20	substance or mixture.
21	"(ii) Administration.—If a con-
22	signee fails to return a chemical substance
23	or mixture released to that consignee
24	under elause (i) for any cause to the cus-
25	tody of the Secretary of Homeland Secu-

1	rity on demand, the consignee shall be lia-
2	ble to the United States for liquidated
3	damages equal to the full amount of the
4	bond executed under clause (i)(I).

5 "(C) STORAGE.—All charges for storage, 6 cartage, and labor on or for the disposal of a 7 ehemical substance or mixture that is refused 8 entry or released under this subsection shall be 9 paid by the owner or consignee, and a default 10 on that payment shall constitute a lien against 11 any future entry made by the owner or con-12 signee.

13 <u>"(b) CERTIFICATION.</u>

14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—A person offering a chem-15 ical substance or mixture subject to this Act for 16 entry into the customs territory of the United States 17 shall certify to the Secretary of Homeland Security 18 that—

19 "(A) after reasonable inquiry and to the
20 best knowledge and belief of the person, the
21 chemical substance or mixture is in compliance
22 with any applicable rule, consent agreement, or
23 order under section 5 or 6; and

24 <u>"(B) the chemical substance</u>

1	"(i) is included on the list under see-
2	tion $8(b)(1)$; or
3	"(ii) is exempt from any requirement
4	to be included on that list by this title or
5	a rule promulgated by the Administrator
6	pursuant to this title.
7	${(2)}$ Articles.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, by
9	rule, may require certification under paragraph
10	(1) for an article containing a chemical sub-
11	stance or mixture that is subject to rule under
12	section 5 or 6 .
13	"(B) REQUIREMENT.—The rule under sub-
14	$\frac{1}{2}$ paragraph (A) shall identify, with reasonable
15	specificity, the types of articles, including parts
16	or components of articles, that will be subject to
17	the certification requirement.
18	"(C) Factors for consideration.—In
19	determining the need for and content of a cer-
20	tification rule under this paragraph, the Admin-
21	istrator shall take into consideration—
22	${}$ (i) the utility of the certification to
23	enforcement of the applicable rule, consent
24	agreement, or order under section 5 or 6;

1	"(ii) the contribution of imported arti-
2	eles to the potential risk presented by ex-
3	posure to the chemical substance or mix-
4	ture subject to rule under section 5 or 6 ;
5	"(iii) the impact on commerce and po-
6	tential for the certification to impede or
7	disrupt import of articles;
8	"(iv) the frequency or duration of the
9	certification requirement; and
10	"(v) specification of the concentration
11	of a chemical substance in an article that
12	would subject the article to the certifi-
13	cation requirement.
14	"(3) Reasonable inquiry.—
15	"(A) In GENERAL.—For purposes of a cer-
16	tification under paragraph (1), reasonable in-
17	quiry shall include good faith reliance by an im-
18	porter on—
19	"(i) a safety data sheet or similar dee-
20	laration provided by a supplier that docu-
21	ments the specific identity of the chemical
22	substance or the specific identities of all
23	chemical substances in a mixture; or
24	"(ii) for chemical substances or mix-
25	tures claimed by the supplier as confiden-

1 tial, or not otherwise disclosed by the sup-2 plier, a certification by the supplier that 3 the imported chemical substance or mix-4 ture satisfies the applicable certification re-5 quirements under paragraph (1). 6 "(B) ARTICLES.—For purposes of a cer-7 tification under paragraph (2), reasonable in-8 quiry shall include good faith reliance by an im-9 porter on a certification by the supplier that the 10 imported article satisfies the applicable certifi-11 eation requirements in a rule promulgated pur-12 suant to paragraph (2).

13 "(4) INFORMATION REGARDING IDENTITY.—
14 For purposes of this subsection, the Administrator
15 shall provide publicly accessible information regard16 ing the identity of a chemical substance or mixture
17 subject to rule under this Act that would be readily
18 understood in import transactions.

19 "(c) NOTICE.—A person offering a chemical sub20 stance for entry into the customs territory of the United
21 States shall notify the Secretary of Homeland Security
22 if—

23 <u>"(1) the chemical substance or chemical sub-</u>
24 stance in a mixture is a high-priority substance;

1	$\frac{2}{2}$ the chemical substance or chemical sub-
2	stance in a mixture is 1 for which the United States
3	is obligated to provide export notification by treaty;
4	Oľ
5	${}$ (3) the chemical substance or chemical sub-
6	stance in a mixture—
7	${(A)}$ is the subject of a safety assessment
8	and safety determination conducted pursuant to
9	section 6; and
10	$\frac{((B)}{(B)}$ has been found not to meet the safety
11	standard.
12	''(d) Rules.—
13	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland
14	Security, after consultation with the Administrator,
15	shall promulgate rules to carry out this section.
16	"(2) APPLICATION.—The rules under para-
17	graph (1) may modify the application of any require-
18	ment of this section, as appropriate for the efficient
19	and effective implementation of this Act.".
20	SEC. 15. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.
21	Section 14 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
22	U.S.C. 2613) is amended to read as follows:
23	"SEC. 14. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.
24	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in
25	this section, the Administrator shall not disclose informa-

tion that is exempt from disclosure pursuant to subsection
 (a) of section 552 of title 5, United States Code, under
 subsection (b)(4) of that section—

4 <u>"(1) that is reported to, or otherwise obtained</u>
5 by, the Administrator under this Act; and

6 "(2) for which the requirements of subsection
7 (d) are met.

8 "(b) INFORMATION GENERALLY PROTECTED FROM 9 DISCLOSURE.—The following information specific to, and 10 submitted by, a manufacturer, processor, or distributor 11 that meets the requirements of subsections (a) and (d) 12 shall be presumed to be protected from disclosure, subject to the condition that nothing in this Act prohibits the dis-13 14 elosure of any such information through discovery, sub-15 poena, other court order, or any other judicial process otherwise allowed under applicable Federal or State law: 16

17 <u>"(1)</u> Specific information describing the proc18 esses used in manufacture or processing of a chem19 ical substance, mixture, or article.

20 <u>"(2)</u> Marketing and sales information.

21 <u>"(3)</u> Information identifying a supplier or cus22 tomer.

23 <u>"(4) Details of the full composition of a mixture</u>
24 and the respective percentages of constituents.

1 "(5) Specific information regarding the use, 2 function, or application of a chemical substance or 3 mixture in a process, mixture, or product. 4 "(6) Specific production or import volumes of 5 the manufacturer and specific aggregated volumes 6 across manufacturers, if the Administrator deter-7 mines that disclosure of the specific aggregated vol-8 umes would reveal confidential information. 9 "(7) Except as otherwise provided in this see-10 tion, the specific identity of a chemical substance 11 prior to the date on which the chemical substance is 12 first offered for commercial distribution, including

the chemical name, molecular formula, Chemical Abstracts Service number, and other information that
would identify a specific chemical substance, if—

16 <u>"(A) the specific identity was claimed as</u>
17 confidential information at the time it was sub18 mitted in a notice under section 5; and

20 <u>"(i) is not subject to an exception</u>
21 <u>under subsection (c); or</u>

22 "(ii) has not subsequently been with23 drawn or found by the Administrator not
24 to warrant protection as confidential infor25 mation under subsection (f)(2) or (g).

1	"(c) INFORMATION NOT PROTECTED FROM DISCLO-
2	SURE.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the fol-
3	lowing information shall not be protected from disclosure:
4	"(1) INFORMATION FROM HEALTH AND SAFETY
5	STUDIES.
6	(Λ) In GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
7	graph (B), subsection (a) does not prohibit the
8	disclosure of—
9	"(i) any health and safety study that
10	is submitted under this Act with respect
11	to
12	"(I) any chemical substance or
13	mixture that, on the date on which
14	the study is to be disclosed, has been
15	offered for commercial distribution; or
16	"(II) any chemical substance or
17	mixture for which—
18	"(aa) testing is required
19	under section 4; or
20	"(bb) a notification is re-
21	quired under section 5; or
22	"(ii) any information reported to, or
23	otherwise obtained by, the Administrator
24	from a health and safety study relating to

1	a chemical substance or mixture described
2	in subclause (I) or (II) of clause (i).
3	"(B) EFFECT OF PARAGRAPH. Nothing
4	in this paragraph authorizes the release of any
5	information that discloses—
6	"(i) a process used in the manufac-
7	turing or processing of a chemical sub-
8	stance or mixture; or
9	${}$ (ii) in the case of a mixture, the por-
10	tion of the mixture comprised by any
11	ehemical substance in the mixture.
12	"(2) CERTAIN REQUESTS.—If a request is made
13	to the Administrator under section 552(a) of title 5,
14	United States Code, for information that is de-
15	scribed in paragraph (1) that is not described in
16	paragraph (1)(B), the Administrator may not deny
17	the request on the basis of section $552(b)(4)$ of title
18	5, United States Code.
19	${}$ (3) Other information not protected
20	FROM DISCLOSURE.—The following information is
21	not protected from disclosure under this section:
22	"(A) For information submitted after the
23	date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg
24	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, the
25	specific identity of a chemical substance as of

1	the date on which the chemical substance is
2	first offered for commercial distribution, if the
3	person submitting the information does not
4	meet the requirements of subsection (d).
5	"(B) A safety assessment developed, or a
6	safety determination made, under section 6.
7	"(C) Any general information describing
8	the manufacturing volumes, expressed as spe-
9	cific aggregated volumes or, if the Adminis-
10	trator determines that disclosure of specific ag-
11	gregated volumes would reveal confidential in-
12	formation, expressed in ranges.
13	"(D) A general description of a process
14	used in the manufacture or processing and in-
15	dustrial, commercial, or consumer functions and
16	uses of a chemical substance, mixture, or article
17	containing a chemical substance or mixture, in-
18	eluding information specific to an industry or
19	industry sector that customarily would be
20	shared with the general public or within an in-
21	dustry or industry sector.
22	"(4) Mixed confidential and noncon-
23	FIDENTIAL INFORMATION.—Any information that is
24	otherwise eligible for protection under this section
25	and contained in a submission of information de-

1	scribed in this subsection shall be protected from
2	disclosure, if the submitter complies with subsection
3	(d), subject to the condition that information in the
4	submission that is not eligible for protection against
5	disclosure shall be disclosed.
6	"(5) BAN OR PHASE-OUT.—If the Adminis-
7	trator promulgates a rule pursuant to section $6(d)$
8	that establishes a ban or phase-out of the manufae-
9	ture, processing, or distribution in commerce of a
10	chemical substance —
11	${(\Lambda)}$ any protection from disclosure pro-
12	vided under this section with respect to infor-
13	mation relating to the chemical substance shall
14	no longer apply; and
15	"(B) the Administrator promptly shall
16	make the information public.
17	"(d) Requirements for Confidentiality
18	CLAIMS.—
19	"(1) Assertion of claims.—
20	${(A)}$ In GENERAL.—A person seeking to
21	protect any information submitted under this
22	Act from disclosure (including information de-
23	scribed in subsection (b)) shall assert to the Ad-
24	ministrator a claim for protection concurrent
25	with submission of the information, in accord-

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1	ance with such rules regarding a claim for pro-
2	tection from disclosure as the Administrator
3	has promulgated or may promulgate pursuant
4	to this title.
5	"(B) INCLUSION.—An assertion of a claim
6	under subparagraph (A) shall include a state-
7	ment that the person has—
8	"(i) taken reasonable measures to pro-
9	tect the confidentiality of the information;
10	"(ii) determined that the information
11	is not required to be disclosed or otherwise
12	made available to the public under any
13	other Federal law;
14	"(iii) a reasonable basis to conclude
15	that disclosure of the information is likely
16	to cause substantial harm to the competi-
17	tive position of the person; and
18	${}$ (iv) a reasonable basis to believe that
19	the information is not readily discoverable
20	through reverse engineering.
21	"(C) Specific chemical identity.—In
22	the case of a claim under subparagraph (A) for
23	protection against disclosure of a specific chem-
24	ical identity, the claim shall include a strue-
25	turally descriptive generic name for the chem-

1	ical substance that the Administrator may dis-
2	close to the public, subject to the condition that
3	the generic name shall—
4	"(i) conform with guidance prescribed
5	by the Administrator under paragraph
6	$(3)(\Lambda)$; and
7	${}$ (ii) describe the chemical structure
8	of the substance as specifically as prac-
9	ticable while protecting those features of
10	the chemical structure—
11	"(I) that are considered to be
12	confidential; and
13	"(II) the disclosure of which
14	would be likely to harm the competi-
15	tive position of the person.
16	"(D) Public information.—No person
17	may assert a claim under this section for pro-
18	tection from disclosure of information that is al-
19	ready publicly available.
20	${}$ (2) Additional requirements for con-
21	FIDENTIALITY CLAIMS.—Except for information de-
22	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection
23	(b), a person asserting a claim to protect informa-
24	tion from disclosure under this Act shall substan-

1	
1	tiate the claim, in accordance with the rules promul-
2	gated and guidance issued by the Administrator.
3	"(3) GUIDANCE. The Administrator shall de-
4	velop guidance regarding—
5	${(A)}$ the determination of structurally de-
6	scriptive generic names, in the case of claims
7	for the protection against disclosure of specific
8	chemical identity; and
9	"(B) the content and form of the state-
10	ments of need and agreements required under
11	paragraphs (4) , (5) , and (6) of subsection (c) .
12	"(4) CERTIFICATION.—An authorized official of
13	a person described in paragraph (1)(A) shall certify
14	that the information that has been submitted is true
15	and correct.
16	"(e) Exceptions to Protection From Disclo-
17	SURE.—Information described in subsection (a) shall be
18	disclosed if—
19	$\frac{((1))}{(1)}$ the information is to be disclosed to an of-
20	ficer or employee of the United States in connection
21	with the official duties of the officer or employee—
22	"(A) under any law for the protection of
23	health or the environment; or
24	"(B) for a specific law enforcement pur-
25	pose;

1	${}$ (2) the information is to be disclosed to a con-
2	tractor of the United States and employees of that
3	contractor
4	${(A)}$ if, in the opinion of the Adminis-
5	trator, the disclosure is necessary for the satis-
6	factory performance by the contractor of a con-
7	tract with the United States for the perform-
8	ance of work in connection with this Act; and
9	"(B) subject to such conditions as the Ad-
10	ministrator may specify;
11	"(3) the Administrator determines that disclo-
12	sure is necessary to protect health or the environ-
13	ment;
14	${}$ (4) the information is to be disclosed to a
15	State or political subdivision of a State, on written
16	request, for the purpose of development, administra-
17	tion, or enforcement of a law, if—
18	${(\Lambda)}$ 1 or more applicable agreements with
19	the Administrator that conform with the guid-
20	ance issued under subsection (d)(3)(B) ensure
21	that the recipient will take appropriate meas-
22	ures, and has adequate authority, to maintain
23	the confidentiality of the information in accord-
24	ance with procedures comparable to the proce-

1	dures used by the Administrator to safeguard
2	the information; and
3	${}$ (B) the Administrator notifies the person
4	that submitted the information that the infor-
5	mation has been disclosed to the State or polit-
6	ical subdivision of a State;
7	"(5) a health or environmental professional em-
8	ployed by a Federal or State agency or a treating
9	physician or nurse in a nonemergency situation pro-
10	vides a written statement of need and agrees to sign
11	a written confidentiality agreement with the Admin-
12	istrator, subject to the conditions that—
13	${(A)}$ the statement of need and confiden-
14	tiality agreement shall conform with the guid-
15	ance issued under subsection (d)(3)(B);
16	${}$ (B) the written statement of need shall be
17	a statement that the person has a reasonable
18	basis to suspect that—
19	"(i) the information is necessary for,
20	or will assist in—
21	${}$ (I) the diagnosis or treatment of
22	1 or more individuals; or
23	"(II) responding to an environ-
24	mental release or exposure; and

1	"(ii) 1 or more individuals being diag-
2	nosed or treated have been exposed to the
3	chemical substance concerned, or an envi-
4	ronmental release or exposure has oc-
5	curred; and
6	"(C) the confidentiality agreement shall
7	provide that the person will not use the infor-
8	mation for any purpose other than the health or
9	environmental needs asserted in the statement
10	of need, except as otherwise may be authorized
11	by the terms of the agreement or by the person
12	submitting the information to the Adminis-
13	trator, except that nothing in this Act prohibits
14	the disclosure of any such information through
15	discovery, subpoena, other court order, or any
16	other judicial process otherwise allowed under
17	applicable Federal or State law;
18	$\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ in the event of an emergency, a treating
19	physician, nurse, agent of a poison control center,
20	public health or environmental official of a State or
21	political subdivision of a State, or first responder
22	(including any individual duly authorized by a Fed-
23	eral agency, State, or political subdivision of a State
24	who is trained in urgent medical care or other emer-
25	gency procedures, including a police officer, fire-

1	fighter, or emergency medical technician) requests
2	the information, subject to the conditions that—
3	"(A) the treating physician, nurse, agent,
4	public health or environmental official of a
5	State or a political subdivision of a State, or
6	first responder shall have a reasonable basis to
7	suspect that—
8	"(i) a medical or public health or en-
9	vironmental emergency exists;
10	"(ii) the information is necessary for,
11	or will assist in, emergency or first-aid di-
12	agnosis or treatment; or
13	"(iii) 1 or more individuals being di-
14	agnosed or treated have likely been ex-
15	posed to the chemical substance concerned,
16	or a serious environmental release of or ex-
17	posure to the chemical substance con-
18	cerned has occurred;
19	"(B) if requested by the person submitting
20	the information to the Administrator, the treat-
21	ing physician, nurse, agent, public health or en-
22	vironmental official of a State or a political sub-
23	division of a State, or first responder shall, as
24	described in paragraph (5)—

1	"(i) provide a written statement of
2	need; and
3	"(ii) agree to sign a confidentiality
4	agreement; and
5	"(C) the written confidentiality agreement
6	or statement of need shall be submitted as soon
7	as practicable, but not necessarily before the in-
8	formation is disclosed;
9	${(7)}$ the Administrator determines that disclo-
10	sure is relevant in a proceeding under this Act, sub-
11	ject to the condition that the disclosure shall be
12	made in such a manner as to preserve confidentiality
13	to the maximum extent practicable without impair-
14	ing the proceeding;
15	${(8)}$ the information is to be disclosed, on writ-
16	ten request of any duly authorized congressional
17	committee, to that committee; or
18	${}$ (9) the information is required to be disclosed
19	or otherwise made public under any other provision
20	of Federal law.
21	"(f) DURATION OF PROTECTION FROM DISCLO-
22	SURE.—
23	$\frac{((1))}{(1)}$ In <u>General.</u>
24	"(A) INFORMATION PROTECTED FROM DIS-
25	CLOSURE.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Ad-
22 23	SURE.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—

1	ministrator shall protect from disclosure infor-
2	mation that meets the requirements of sub-
3	section (d) for a period of 10 years, unless,
4	prior to the expiration of the period—
5	"(i) an affected person notifies the
6	Administrator that the person is with-
7	drawing the confidentiality claim, in which
8	case the Administrator shall promptly
9	make the information available to the pub-
10	lie; or
11	"(ii) the Administrator otherwise be-
12	comes aware that the need for protection
13	from disclosure can no longer be substan-
14	tiated, in which case the Administrator
15	shall take the actions described in sub-
16	section $(g)(2)$.
17	"(B) EXTENSIONS.
18	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the
19	date that is 60 days before the expiration
20	of the period described in subparagraph
21	(A), the Administrator shall provide to the
22	person that asserted the claim a notice of
23	the impending expiration of the period.
24	"(ii) Statement.—

1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Not later
2	than the date that is 30 days before
3	the expiration of the period described
4	in subparagraph (A), a person re-
5	asserting the relevant claim shall sub-
6	mit to the Administrator a statement
7	substantiating, in accordance with
8	subsection $(d)(2)$, the need to extend
9	the period.
10	"(II) ACTION BY ADMINIS-
11	TRATOR.—Not later than the date
12	that is 30 days after the date of re-
13	ceipt of a statement under subclause
14	(I), the Administrator shall—
15	"(aa) review the request;
16	"(bb) make a determination
17	regarding whether the informa-
18	tion for which the request is
19	made continues to meet the rel-
20	evant criteria established under
21	this section; and
22	"(cc)(AA) grant an exten-
23	sion of not more than 10 years;
24	0ľ
25	"(BB) deny the claim.

1	"(C) No limit on number of exten-
2	SIONS.—There shall be no limit on the number
3	of extensions granted under subparagraph (B),
4	if the Administrator determines that the rel-
5	evant statement under subparagraph
6	(B)(ii)(I)
7	"(i) establishes the need to extend the
8	period; and
9	"(ii) meets the requirements estab-
10	lished by the Administrator.
11	"(2) Review and Resubstantiation.—
12	"(A) Discretion of administrator.—
13	The Administrator may review, at any time, a
14	claim for protection against disclosure under
15	subsection (a) for information submitted to the
16	Administrator regarding a chemical substance
17	and require any person that has claimed protec-
18	tion for that information, whether before, on, or
19	after the date of enactment of the Frank R.
20	Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Cen-
21	tury Act, to withdraw or reassert and substan-
22	tiate or resubstantiate the claim in accordance
23	with this section—

1 "(i) after the chemical substance is 2 identified as a high-priority substance 3 under section 4A; 4 "(ii) for any chemical substance for 5 which the Administrator has made a deter-6 mination under section 6(c)(1)(C); 7 "(iii) for any inactive chemical sub-8 stance identified under section 8(b)(5); or 9 "(iv) in limited circumstances, if the 10 Administrator determines that disclosure 11 of certain information currently protected 12 from disclosure would assist the Adminis-13 trator in conducting safety assessments 14 and safety determinations under sub-15 sections (b) and (c) of section 6 or promul-16 gating rules pursuant to section 6(d), sub-17 ject to the condition that the information 18 shall not be disclosed unless the elaimant 19 withdraws the claim or the Administrator 20 determines that the information does not 21 meet the requirements of subsection (d). 22 "(B) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Adminis-23 trator shall review a claim for protection from 24 disclosure under subsection (a) for information 25 submitted to the Administrator regarding a

1	ehemical substance and require any person that
2	has elaimed protection for that information,
3	whether before, on, or after the date of enact-
4	ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
5	Safety for the 21st Century Act, to withdraw or
6	reassert and substantiate or resubstantiate the
7	elaim in accordance with this section—
8	"(i) as necessary to comply with a re-
9	quest for information received by the Ad-
10	ministrator under section 552 of title 5,
11	United States Code;
12	"(ii) if information available to the
13	Administrator provides a basis that the re-
14	quirements of section $552(b)(4)$ of title 5,
15	United States Code, are no longer met; or
16	"(iii) for any substance for which the
17	Administrator has made a determination
18	under section $6(c)(1)(B)$.
19	"(C) ACTION BY RECIPIENT.—If the Ad-
20	ministrator makes a request under subpara-
21	$\frac{\text{graph}}{(A)}$ or (B) , the recipient of the request
22	shall—
23	"(i) reassert and substantiate or re-
24	substantiate the claim; or
25	"(ii) withdraw the claim.

1	"(D) PERIOD OF PROTECTION.—Protec-
2	tion from disclosure of information subject to a
3	elaim that is reviewed and approved by the Ad-
4	ministrator under this paragraph shall be ex-
5	tended for a period of 10 years from the date
6	of approval, subject to any subsequent request
7	by the Administrator under this paragraph.
8	"(3) Unique identifier.—The Administrator
9	shall—
10	"(A)(i) develop a system to assign a
11	unique identifier to each specific chemical iden-
12	tity for which the Administrator approves a re-
13	quest for protection from disclosure, other than
14	a specific chemical identity or structurally de-
15	scriptive generic term; and
16	"(ii) apply that identifier consistently to all
17	information relevant to the applicable chemical
18	substance;
19	"(B) annually publish and update a list of
20	chemical substances, referred to by unique iden-
21	tifier, for which claims to protect the specific
22	chemical identity from disclosure have been ap-
23	proved, including the expiration date for each
24	such claim;

1	"(C) ensure that any nonconfidential infor-
2	mation received by the Administrator with re-
3	spect to such a chemical substance during the
4	period of protection from disclosure—
5	"(i) is made public; and
6	"(ii) identifies the chemical substance
7	using the unique identifier; and
8	"(D) for each claim for protection of spe-
9	cific chemical identity that has been denied by
10	the Administrator on expiration of the period
11	for appeal under subsection $(g)(3)$, that has ex-
12	pired, or that has been withdrawn by the sub-
13	mitter, provide public access to the specific
14	ehemical identity elearly linked to all noncon-
15	fidential information received by the Adminis-
16	trator with respect to the chemical substance.
17	"(g) Duties of Administrator.—
18	"(1) DETERMINATION.
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
20	subsection (b), the Administrator shall, subject
21	to subparagraph (C), not later than 90 days
22	after the receipt of a claim under subsection
23	(d), and not later than 30 days after the receipt

of a request for extension of a claim under sub-

1	section (f), review and approve, modify, or deny
2	the claim or request.
3	"(B) DENIAL OR MODIFICATION.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-
5	vided in subsections (c) and (f), the Ad-
6	ministrator shall deny a claim to protect a
7	chemical identity from disclosure only if
8	the person that has submitted the claim
9	fails to meet the requirements of sub-
10	sections (a) and (d).
11	"(ii) Reasons for denial or modi-
12	FICATION.—The Administrator shall pro-
13	vide to a person that has submitted a
14	claim described in clause (i) a written
15	statement of the reasons for the denial or
16	modification of the claim.
17	"(C) SUBSETS.—The Administrator
18	shall—
19	"(i) except for claims described in
20	subsection (b)(7), review all claims under
21	this section for the protection against dis-
22	closure of the specific identity of a chem-
23	ical substance; and

1 "(ii) review a representative subset, 2 comprising at least 25 percent, of all other 3 claims for protection against disclosure. 4 "(D) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO ACT.—The failure of the Administrator to make a decision 5 6 regarding a claim for protection against disclo-7 sure or extension under this section shall not be 8 the basis for denial or elimination of a claim for 9 protection against disclosure. "(2) NOTIFICATION.— 10 11 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in 12 subparagraph (B) and subsections (c), (c), and 13 (f), if the Administrator denies or modifies a 14 elaim under paragraph (1), the Administrator 15 shall notify, in writing and by certified mail, the 16 person that submitted the claim of the intent of 17 the Administrator to release the information. 18 "(B) Release of information.— 19 "(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as pro-20 vided in elause (ii), the Administrator shall 21 not release information under this sub-22 section until the date that is 30 days after 23 the date on which the person that sub-24 mitted the request receives notification

under subparagraph (A).

"(ii) Exceptions.—

2	"(I) IN GENERAL.—For informa-
3	tion under paragraph (3) or (8) of
4	subsection (e), the Administrator shall
5	not release that information until the
6	date that is 15 days after the date on
7	which the person that submitted the
8	claim receives a notification, unless
9	the Administrator determines that re-
10	lease of the information is necessary
11	to protect against an imminent and
12	substantial harm to health or the en-
13	vironment, in which case no prior no-
14	tification shall be necessary.
15	"(II) NO NOTIFICATION. For
16	information under paragraph (1) , (2) ,
17	(6), (7) , or (9) of subsection (e) , no
18	prior notification shall be necessary.
19	${}$ (3) Appeals.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a person receives a
21	notification under paragraph (2) and believes
22	disclosure of the information is prohibited
23	under subsection (a), before the date on which
24	the information is to be released, the person

1	may bring an action to restrain disclosure of
2	the information in—
3	"(i) the United States district court of
4	the district in which the complainant re-
5	sides or has the principal place of business;
6	Oľ
7	"(ii) the United States District Court
8	for the District of Columbia.
9	"(B) NO DISCLOSURE.—The Adminis-
10	trator shall not disclose any information that is
11	the subject of an appeal under this section be-
12	fore the date on which the applicable court
13	rules on an action under subparagraph (A) .
14	"(4) Administration.—In carrying out this
15	subsection, the Administrator shall use the proce-
16	dures described in part 2 of title 40, Code of Fed-
17	eral Regulations (or successor regulations).
18	"(h) CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR WRONGFUL DISCLO-
19	SURE.—
20	"(1) Officers and employees of united

STATES.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a current or former officer or employee of the United States described in subparagraph (B) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined

1	under title 18, United States Code, or impris-
2	oned for not more than 1 year, or both.
3	"(B) Description.—A current or former
4	officer or employee of the United States re-
5	ferred to in subparagraph (A) is a current or
6	former officer or employee of the United States
7	who—
8	"(i) by virtue of that employment or
9	official position has obtained possession of,
10	or has access to, material the disclosure of
11	which is prohibited by subsection (a); and
12	"(ii) knowing that disclosure of that
13	material is prohibited by subsection (a),
14	willfully discloses the material in any man-
15	ner to any person not entitled to receive
16	that material.
17	(2) OTHER LAWS.—Section 1905 of title 18,
18	United States Code, shall not apply with respect to
19	the publishing, divulging, disclosure, making known
20	of, or making available, information reported or oth-
21	erwise obtained under this Act.
22	"(3) CONTRACTORS.—For purposes of this sub-
23	section, any contractor of the United States that is
24	provided information in accordance with subsection
25	(e)(2), including any employee of that contractor,

1	shall be considered to be an employee of the United
2	States.

3 <u>"(i) Applicability.</u>

4 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro5 vided in this section, section 8, or any other applica6 ble Federal law, the Administrator shall have no au7 thority—

8 ^{((A)} to require the substantiation or re-9 substantiation of a claim for the protection 10 from disclosure of information submitted to the 11 Administrator under this Act before the date of 12 enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chem-13 ical Safety for the 21st Century Act; or

14 "(B) to impose substantiation or re15 substantiation requirements under this Act that
16 are more extensive than those required under
17 this section.

18 "(2) PRIOR ACTIONS.—Nothing in this Act pre-19 vents the Administrator from reviewing, requiring 20 substantiation or resubstantiation for, or approving, 21 modifying or denying any claim for the protection 22 from disclosure of information before the effective 23 date of such rules applicable to those claims as the 24 Administrator may promulgate after the date of en-

1	actment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safe-
2	ty for the 21st Century Act.".
3	SEC. 16. PROHIBITED ACTS.
4	Section 15 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
5	U.S.C. 2614) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and
6	inserting the following:
7	"(1) fail or refuse to comply with—
8	"(A) any rule promulgated, consent agree-
9	ment entered into, or order issued under section
10	4;
11	"(B) any requirement under section 5 or 6;
12	"(C) any rule promulgated, consent agree-
13	ment entered into, or order issued under section
14	5 or 6; or
15	"(D) any requirement of, or any rule pro-
16	mulgated or order issued pursuant to title II;".
17	SEC. 17. PENALTIES.
18	Section 16 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
19	U.S.C. 2615) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$ —
21	(A) in the first sentence—
22	(i) by inserting "this Act or a rule or
23	order promulgated or issued pursuant to
24	this Act, including" after "a provision of";
25	and

2	ing "\$37,500"; and
3	(B) in the second sentence, by striking"
4	violation of section 15 or 409" and inserting
5	"violation of this Act"; and
6	(2) in subsection (b) —
7	(A) by striking "Any person who" and in-
8	serting the following:
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person that";
10	(B) by striking "section 15 or 409" and
11	inserting "this Act";
12	(C) by striking "\$25,000" and inserting
13	``\$50,000''; and
14	(D) by adding at the end the following:
15	${}$ (2) Imminent danger of death or serious
16	BODILY INJURY.
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person that
18	knowingly or willfully violates any provision of
19	this Act, and that knows at the time of the vio-
20	lation that the violation places an individual in
21	imminent danger of death or serious bodily in-
22	jury, shall be subject on conviction to a fine of
23	not more than \$250,000, or imprisonment for
24	not more than 15 years, or both.

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1	"(B) Organizations.—An organization
2	that commits a violation described in subpara-
3	graph (A) shall be subject on conviction to a
4	fine of not more than \$1,000,000 for each vio-
5	lation.
6	"(3) Knowledge of imminent danger or
7	INJURY.—For purposes of determining whether a
8	defendant knew that the violation placed another in-
9	dividual in imminent danger of death or serious bod-
10	ily injury—
11	${(A)}$ the defendant shall be responsible
12	only for actual awareness or actual belief pos-
13	sessed; and
14	"(B) knowledge possessed by an individual
15	may not be attributed to the defendant.".
16	SEC. 18. STATE-FEDERAL RELATIONSHIP.
17	Section 18 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
18	U.S.C. 2617) is amended by striking subsections (a) and
19	(b) and inserting the following:
20	"(a) IN GENERAL.—
21	"(1) Establishment or enforcement.—Ex-
22	cept as provided in subsections (c), (d), (c), (f), and
23	(g), and subject to paragraph (2), no State or polit-
24	ical subdivision of a State may establish or continue
25	to enforce any of the following:

1	"(A) TESTING AND INFORMATION COLLEC-
2	TION.—A statute or administrative action to re-
3	quire the development of information on a
4	chemical substance or category of substances
5	that is reasonably likely to produce the same in-
6	formation required under section 4, 5, or 6 in—
7	"(i) a rule promulgated by the Admin-
8	i strator;
9	"(ii) a testing consent agreement en-
10	tered into by the Administrator; or
11	"(iii) an order issued by the Adminis-
12	trator.
13	"(B) CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES FOUND TO
14	MEET THE SAFETY STANDARD OR RE-
15	STRICTED.—A statute or administrative action
16	to prohibit or otherwise restrict the manufac-
17	ture, processing, or distribution in commerce or
18	use of a chemical substance—
19	"(i) found to meet the safety standard
20	and consistent with the scope of the deter-
21	mination made under section 6; or
22	"(ii) found not to meet the safety
23	standard, after the effective date of the
24	rule issued under section $6(d)$ for the sub-

1	stance, consistent with the scope of the de-
2	termination made by the Administrator.
3	"(C) Significant new use.—A statute or
4	administrative action requiring the notification
5	of a use of a chemical substance that the Ad-
6	ministrator has specified as a significant new
7	use and for which the Administrator has re-
8	quired notification pursuant to a rule promul-
9	gated under section 5.
10	"(2) Effective date of preemption.
11	Under this subsection, Federal preemption of State
12	statutes and administrative actions applicable to spe-
13	cific substances shall not occur until the effective
14	date of the applicable action described in paragraph
15	(1) taken by the Administrator.
16	"(b) New Statutes or Administrative Actions
17	CREATING PROHIBITIONS OR OTHER RESTRICTIONS.
18	Except as provided in subsections (c), (d), and (e), no
19	State or political subdivision of a State may establish
20	(after the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg
21	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act) a statute or
22	administrative action prohibiting or restricting the manu-
23	facture, processing, distribution in commerce or use of a
24	chemical substance that is a high-priority substance des-
25	ignated under section 4A, as of the date on which the Ad-

ministrator commences a safety assessment under section
 6.

3 "(e) SCOPE OF PREEMPTION. Federal preemption
4 under subsections (a) and (b) of State statutes and admin5 istrative actions applicable to specific substances shall
6 apply only to—

7 <u>"(1)</u> the chemical substances or category of
8 substances subject to a rule, order, or consent agree9 ment under section 4;

10 $\frac{((2))}{(2)}$ the uses or conditions of use of such sub-11 stances that are identified by the Administrator as 12 subject to review in a safety assessment and in-13 eluded in the scope of the safety determination made 14 by the Administrator for the substance, or of any 15 rule the Administrator promulgates pursuant to sec-16 tion 6(d); or

17 "(3) the uses of such substances that the Administrator has specified as significant new uses and
18 for which the Administrator has required notifica20 tion pursuant to a rule promulgated under section 5.
21 "(d) EXCEPTIONS.—

22 <u>"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsections (a) and (b)</u>
23 shall not apply to a statute or administrative action
24 of a State or a political subdivision of a State appli25 cable to a specific chemical substance that—

1	"(A) is adopted under the authority of, or
2	authorized to comply with, any other Federal
3	law;
4	"(B) implements a reporting, monitoring,
5	or other information collection obligation for
6	the chemical substance not otherwise required
7	by the Administrator under this Act or required
8	under any other Federal law; or
9	"(C) is adopted pursuant to authority
10	under a law of the State or political subdivision
11	of the State related to water quality, air qual-
12	ity, or waste treatment or disposal, unless the
13	action taken by the State or political subdivi-
14	sion of a State—
15	"(i) imposes a restriction on the man-
16	ufacture, processing, distribution in com-
17	merce, or use of a chemical substance; and
18	"(ii)(I) is already required by a deci-
19	sion by the Administrator under section 5
20	or 6;
21	"(II) is taken to address a health or
22	environmental concern that applies to the
23	uses or conditions of use that are included
24	in the scope of a safety determination pur-
25	suant to section 6 or the scope of a signifi-

1	cant new use rule promulgated pursuant to
2	section 5, but is inconsistent with the ac-
3	tion of the Administrator; or
4	"(III) would cause a violation of the
5	applicable action by the Administrator
6	under section 5 or 6.
7	"(2) No preemption of state statutes
8	AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—Nothing in this
9	Act, nor any amendment made by this Act, nor any
10	rule, standard of performance, safety determination,
11	or scientific assessment implemented pursuant to
12	this Act, shall affect the right of a State or a polit-
13	ical subdivision of a State to adopt or enforce any
14	rule, standard of performance, safety determination,
15	scientific assessment, or any protection for public
16	health or the environment that—
17	${(A)}$ is adopted under the authority of, or
18	authorized to comply with, any other Federal
19	law;
20	"(B) implements a reporting, monitoring,
21	or other information collection obligation for
22	the chemical substance not otherwise required
23	by the Administrator under this Act or required
24	under any other Federal law; or

1	"(C) is adopted pursuant to authority
2	under a law of the State or political subdivision
3	of the State related to water quality, air qual-
4	ity, or waste treatment or disposal, unless the
5	action taken by the State or political subdivi-
6	sion of a State—
7	"(i) imposes a restriction on the man-
8	ufacture, processing, distribution in com-
9	merce, or use of a chemical substance; and
10	"(ii)(I) is already required by a deci-
11	sion by the Administrator under section 5
12	or 6;
13	"(II) is taken to address a health or
14	environmental concern that applies to the
15	uses or conditions of use that are included
16	in the scope of a safety determination pur-
17	suant to section 6 or the scope of a signifi-
18	cant new use rule promulgated pursuant to
19	section 5, but is inconsistent with the ac-
20	tion of the Administrator; or
21	"(III) would cause a violation of the
22	applicable action by the Administrator
23	under section 5 or 6.
24	$\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ Applicability to certain rules or or-
25	DERS.—Notwithstanding subsection (e)—

"(A) nothing in this section shall be construed as modifying the effect under this section, as in effect on the day before the effective date of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, of any rule or order promulgated or issued under this Act prior to that effective date; and

8 "(B) with respect to a chemical substance 9 or mixture for which any rule or order was pro-10 mulgated or issued under section 6 prior to the 11 effective date of the Frank R. Lautenberg 12 Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act with 13 regards to manufacturing, processing, distribu-14 tion in commerce, use, or disposal of a chemical 15 substance, this section (as in effect on the day 16 before the effective date of the Frank R. Lau-17 tenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century 18 Act) shall govern the preemptive effect of any 19 rule or order that is promulgated or issued re-20 specting such chemical substance or mixture 21 under section 6 of this Act after that effective 22 date, unless the latter rule or order is with re-23 spect to a chemical substance or mixture con-24 taining a chemical substance and follows a des-25 ignation of that chemical substance as a high-

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1	priority substance under subsection (b) or (c) of
2	section 4A or as an additional priority for safe-
3	ty assessment and safety determination under
4	section $4A(d)$.
5	"(c) Preservation of Certain State Law.—
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act, sub-
7	ject to subsection (g) of this section, shall—
8	${(A)}$ be construed to preempt or otherwise
9	affect any action taken before January 1, 2015,
10	under the authority of a State law that pro-
11	hibits or otherwise restricts manufacturing,
12	processing, distribution in commerce, use, or
13	disposal of a chemical substance; or
14	"(B) be construed to preempt or otherwise
15	affect any action taken pursuant to a State law
16	that was in effect on August 31, 2003.
17	"(2) EFFECT OF SUBSECTION.—This sub-
18	section does not affect, modify, or alter the relation-
19	ship between State and Federal law pursuant to any
20	other Federal law.
21	"(f) State Waivers.—
22	"(1) In GENERAL.—Upon application of a State
23	or political subdivision of a State, the Administrator
24	may—

1	${(A)}$ by rule, exempt from subsection (a),
2	under such conditions as may be prescribed in
3	the rule, a statute or administrative action of
4	that State or political subdivision of the State
5	that relates to the effects of, or exposure to, a
6	chemical substance under the conditions of use
7	if the Administrator determines that—
8	"(i) compelling State or local condi-
9	tions warrant granting the waiver to pro-
10	tect health or the environment;
11	"(ii) compliance with the proposed re-
12	quirement of the State or political subdivi-
13	sion of the State would not unduly burden
14	interstate commerce in the manufacture,
15	processing, distribution in commerce, or
16	use of a chemical substance;
17	"(iii) compliance with the proposed re-
18	quirement of the State or political subdivi-
19	sion of the State would not cause a viola-
20	tion of any applicable Federal law, rule, or
21	order; and
22	"(iv) based on the judgment of the
23	Administrator, the proposed requirement
24	of the State or political subdivision of the
25	State is consistent with sound objective sci-

1	entific practices, the weight of the evi-
2	dence, and the best available science; or
3	"(B) exempt from subsection (b) a statute
4	or administrative action of a State or political
5	subdivision of a State that relates to the effects
6	of exposure to a chemical substance under the
7	conditions of use if the Administrator deter-
8	mines that—
9	"(i) the State has a compelling local
10	interest that warrants granting the waiver
11	to protect health or the environment;
12	"(ii) compliance with the proposed re-
13	quirement of the State will not unduly bur-
14	den interstate commerce in the manufac-
15	ture, processing, distribution in commerce,
16	or use of a chemical substance;
17	"(iii) compliance with the proposed re-
18	quirement would not cause a violation of
19	any applicable Federal law, rule, or order;
20	and
21	${}$ (iv) the proposed requirement is
22	grounded in reasonable scientific concern.
23	$\frac{((2)}{(2)}$ Approval of a state waiver RE-
24	QUEST.—The Administrator shall grant or deny a
25	waiver application—

1	${(A)}$ not later than 180 days after the date
2	on which an application under paragraph $(1)(\Lambda)$
3	is submitted; and
4	"(B) not later than 90 days after the date
5	on which an application under paragraph
6	(1)(B) is submitted.
7	"(3) NOTICE AND COMMENT.—The application
8	of a State or political subdivision of the State shall
9	be subject to public notice and comment.
10	"(4) FINAL AGENCY ACTION.—The decision of
11	the Administrator on the application of a State or
12	political subdivision of the State shall be—
13	${(A)}$ considered to be a final agency ac-
14	tion; and
15	"(B) subject to judicial review.
16	"(5) DURATION OF WAIVERS.—A waiver grant-
17	ed under paragraph (1)(B) shall remain in effect
18	until the later of—
19	${(A)}$ such time as the safety assessment
20	and safety determination is completed; and
21	"(B) the date on which compliance with an
22	applicable rule issued under section 6(d) is re-
23	quired.
24	"(6) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF WAIVERS.—Not later
25	than 60 days after the date on which the Adminis-

trator makes a determination on an application of a State or political subdivision of the State under subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1), any person may file a petition for judicial review in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the determination.

8 "(7) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF PRIORITIZATION 9 SCREENING DECISION.—Not later than 60 days after 10 the date on which the Administrator makes a deci-11 sion on a recommendation made under section 4A(b)(4) to designate a chemical substance as a low 12 13 priority, the Governor of a State or a State agency 14 with responsibility for protecting health and the en-15 vironment that submitted the recommendation under 16 section 4A(a)(4)(A), as applicable, may file a peti-17 tion for judicial review in the United States Court 18 of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, 19 which shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the deter-20 mination.

21 <u>"(g) SAVINGS.</u>

22 <u>"(1) NO PREEMPTION OF COMMON LAW OR</u>
23 STATUTORY CAUSES OF ACTION FOR CIVIL RELIEF
24 OR CRIMINAL CONDUCT.—

1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act, 2 nor any amendment made by this Act, nor any 3 safety standard, rule, requirement, standard of 4 performance, safety determination, or scientific 5 assessment implemented pursuant to this Act, 6 shall be construed to preempt, displace, or sup-7 plant any state or Federal common law rights 8 or any state or Federal statute creating a rem-9 edy for eivil relief, including those for eivil dam-10 age, or a penalty for a criminal conduct. 11 "(B) CLARIFICATION OF NO PREEMP-12 TION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of 13 this Act, nothing in this Act, nor any amend-14 ments made by this Act, shall preempt or pre-15 elude any eause of action for personal injury, 16 wrongful death, property damage, or other in-17 jury based on negligence, strict liability, prod-18 ucts liability, failure to warn, or any other legal 19 theory of liability under any State law, mari-20 time law, or Federal common law or statutory

21 theory.

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"(2) No effect on private remedies.—

23 "(A) Nothing in this Act, nor any amend24 ments made by this Act, nor any rules, regula25 tions, requirements, safety assessments, safety

1	determinations, scientific assessments, or orders
2	issued pursuant to this Act shall be interpreted
3	as, in either the plaintiff's or defendant's favor,
4	dispositive in any civil action.
5	"(B) This Act does not affect the authority
6	of any court to make a determination in an ad-
7	judicatory proceeding under applicable State or
8	Federal law with respect to the admission into
9	evidence or any other use of this Act or rules,
10	regulations, requirements, standards of per-
11	formance, safety assessments, scientific assess-
12	ments, or orders issued pursuant to this Act.".
13	SEC. 19. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
13 14	SEC. 19. JUDICIAL REVIEW. Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
_	
14	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
14 15	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended—
14 15 16	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)—
14 15 16 17	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)—
14 15 16 17 18	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
14 15 16 17 18 19	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "section 4(a), 5(a)(2), 5(b)(4), 6(a), 6(c),
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "section 4(a), 5(a)(2), 5(b)(4), 6(a), 6(c), or 8, or under title H or IV" and inserting
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2618) is amended— (1) in subsection (a)— (A) in paragraph (1)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "section 4(a), $5(a)(2)$, $5(b)(4)$, $6(a)$, $6(c)$, or 8, or under title H or IV" and inserting "section 4(a), $5(d)$, $6(c)$, $6(d)$, $6(g)$, or 8,

1	or (B) of section 6(b)(1)" and inserting
2	"an order issued under this title"; and
3	(B) in paragraph (2) , in the first sentence,
4	by striking "paragraph $(1)(A)$ " and inserting
5	"paragraph (1)"; and
6	(C) by striking paragraph (3) ; and
7	(2) in subsection $(c)(1)(B)$ —
8	(A) in elause (i) —
9	(i) by striking "section $4(a)$, $5(b)(4)$,
10	6(a), or $6(e)$ " and inserting "section $4(a)$,
11	5(d), 6(d), or 6(g); and
12	(ii) by striking "evidence in the rule-
13	making record (as defined in subsection
14	(a)(3)) taken as a whole;" and inserting
15	"evidence (including any matter) in the
16	rulemaking record, taken as a whole; and";
17	and
18	(B) by striking clauses (ii) and (iii) and
19	the matter following clause (iii) and inserting
20	the following:
21	"(ii) the court may not review the
22	contents and adequacy of any statement of
23	basis and purpose required by section
24	553(c) of title 5, United States Code, to be

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1	incorporated in the rule, except as part of
2	the rulemaking record, taken as a whole.".
3	SEC. 20. CITIZENS' PETITIONS.
4	Section 21 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
5	U.S.C. 2620) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "an order
7	under section $5(e)$ or $6(b)(2)$ " and inserting "an
8	order under section 4 or $5(d)$; and
9	(2) in subsection (b) —
10	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "an
11	order under section $5(e)$, $6(b)(1)(A)$, or
12	6(b)(1)(B) ["] and inserting "an order under sec-
13	tion 4 or $5(d)$; and
14	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking subpara-
15	graph (B) and inserting the following:
16	"(B) DE NOVO PROCEEDING.—
17	"(i) IN GENERAL.—In an action
18	under subparagraph (A) to initiate a pro-
19	ceeding to promulgate a rule pursuant to
20	section 4, 5, 6, or 8 or an order issued
21	under section 4 or 5, the petitioner shall be
22	provided an opportunity to have the peti-
23	tion considered by the court in a de novo
24	proceeding.
25	"(ii) Demonstration.—

1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The court in
2	a de novo proceeding under this sub-
3	paragraph shall order the Adminis-
4	trator to initiate the action requested
5	by the petitioner if the petitioner dem-
6	onstrates to the satisfaction of the
7	court by a preponderance of the evi-
8	dence that—
9	"(aa) in the case of a peti-
10	tion to initiate a proceeding for
11	the issuance of a rule or order
12	under section 4, the information
13	available to the Administrator is
14	insufficient for the Administrator
15	to perform an action described in
16	section 4, 4A, 5, or $6(d)$;
17	"(bb) in the case of a peti-
18	tion to issue an order under see-
19	tion $5(d)$, there is a reasonable
20	basis to conclude that the chem-
21	ical substance is not likely to
22	meet the safety standard;
23	"(ce) in the case of a peti-
24	tion to initiate a proceeding for
25	the issuance of a rule under sec-

1	tion $6(d)$, there is a reasonable
2	basis to conclude that the chem-
3	ical substance will not meet the
4	safety standard; or

5 $\frac{(dd)}{dt}$ in the case of a petition to initiate a proceeding for 6 7 the issuance of a rule under section 8, there is a reasonable basis 8 9 to conclude that the rule is nee-10 essary to protect health or the 11 environment or ensure that the 12 ehemical substance meets the 13 safety standard.

14"(II) DEFERMENT.—The court15in a de novo proceeding under this16subparagraph may permit the Admin-17istrator to defer initiating the action18requested by the petitioner until such19time as the court prescribes, if the20court finds that—

21 "(aa) the extent of the risk
22 to health or the environment al23 leged by the petitioner is less
24 than the extent of risks to health
25 or the environment with respect

1to which the Administrator is2taking action under this Act; and3"(bb) there are insufficient4resources available to the Admin-5istrator to take the action re-6quested by the petitioner.".

7 SEC. 21. EMPLOYMENT EFFECTS.

8 Section 24(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Toxic Substances Con-9 trol Act (15 U.S.C. 2623(b)(2)(B)(ii)) is amended by 10 striking "section 6(c)(3)," and inserting "the applicable 11 requirements of this Act;".

12 SEC. 22. STUDIES.

13 Section 25 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15)
14 U.S.C. 2624) is repealed.

15 SEC. 23. ADMINISTRATION.

16 Section 26 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15)
17 U.S.C. 2625) is amended—

18 (1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
19 following:

20 <u>"(b) FEES.</u>

21 <u>"(1) IN GENERAL.</u>—The Administrator shall es22 tablish, not later than 1 year after the date of enact23 ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
24 for the 21st Century Act, by rule—

1	"(A) the payment of 1 or more reasonable
2	fees as a condition of submitting a notice or re-
3	questing an exemption under section 5; and
4	"(B) the payment of 1 or more reasonable
5	fees by a manufacturer or processor that—
6	"(i) is required to submit a notice
7	pursuant to the rule promulgated under
8	section $8(b)(4)(A)(i)$ identifying a chemical
9	substance as active;
10	"(ii) is required to submit a notice
11	pursuant to section 8(b)(5)(B)(i) changing
12	the status of a chemical substance from in-
13	active to active;
14	"(iii) is required to report information
15	pursuant to the rules promulgated under
16	section $8(a)(4)$; and
17	"(iv) manufactures or processes a
18	chemical substance subject to a safety as-
19	sessment and safety determination pursu-
20	ant to section 6.
21	$\frac{2}{(2)}$ Utilization and collection of
22	FEES.—The Administrator shall—
23	"(A) utilize the fees collected under para-
24	graph (1) only to defray costs associated with
25	the actions of the Administrator—

1	"(i) to collect, process, review, provide
2	access to, and protect from disclosure
3	(where appropriate) information on chem-
4	ical substances under this Act;
5	"(ii) to review notices and make de-
6	terminations for chemical substances under
7	paragraphs (1) and (3) of section $5(d)$ and
8	impose any necessary restrictions under
9	section $5(d)(4)$;
10	"(iii) to make prioritization decisions
11	under section 4A;
12	"(iv) to conduct and complete safety
13	assessments and determinations under see-
14	tion 6; and
15	"(v) to conduct any necessary rule -
16	making pursuant to section $6(d)$;
17	"(B) insofar as possible, collect the fees
18	described in paragraph (1) in advance of con-
19	ducting any fee-supported activity;
20	${(C)}$ deposit the fees in the Fund estab-
21	lished by paragraph (4)(A); and
22	"(D) not collect excess fees or retain a sig-
23	nificant amount of unused fees.

1	${}$ (3) Amount and adjustment of fees; re-
2	FUNDS.—In setting fees under this section, the Ad-
3	ministrator shall—
4	"(A) take into account the cost to the Ad-
5	ministrator of conducting the activities de-
6	scribed in paragraph (2);
7	"(B) prescribe lower fees for small busi-
8	ness concerns, after consultation with the Ad-
9	ministrator of the Small Business Administra-
10	tion;
11	"(C) set the fees established under para-
12	graph (1) at levels such that the fees will, in
13	aggregate, provide a sustainable source of funds
14	to defray approximately 25 percent of the costs
15	of conducting the activities identified in para-
16	graph $(2)(A)$, not to exceed \$18,000,000, not
17	including fees under subparagraph (E) of this
18	paragraph;
19	${(D)}$ reflect an appropriate balance in the
20	assessment of fees between manufacturers and
21	processors, and allow the payment of fees by
22	consortia of manufacturers or processors;
23	"(E) for substances designated as addi-
24	tional priorities pursuant to section $4A(c)$, es-
25	tablish the fee at a level sufficient to defray the

full costs to the Administrator of conducting the safety assessment and safety determination under section 6;

4 "(F) prior to the establishment or amend-5 ment of any fees under paragraph (1), consult 6 and meet with parties potentially subject to the 7 fees or their representatives, subject to the con-8 dition that no obligation under the Federal Ad-9 visory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) or sub-10 chapter III of chapter 5 of title 5, United 11 States Code, is applicable with respect to such 12 meetings;

13 "(G) beginning with the fiscal year that is 14 3 vears after the date of enactment of the 15 Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 16 21st Century Act, and every 3 years thereafter, 17 after consultation with parties potentially sub-18 jeet to the fees and their representatives, in-19 crease or decrease the fees established under 20 paragraph (1) as necessary—

21 "(i) to ensure that funds deposited in
22 the Fund are sufficient to conduct the ac23 tivities identified in paragraph (2)(A) and
24 the full costs of safety assessments and

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1	safety determinations pursuant to subpara-
2	$\frac{\text{graph}}{(\mathbf{E})}$; and
3	"(ii) to account for inflation;
4	"(H) adjust fees established under para-
5	graph (1) as necessary to vary on account of
6	differing circumstances, including reduced fees
7	or waivers in appropriate circumstances, to re-
8	duce the burden on manufacturing or proc-
9	essing, remove barriers to innovation, or where
10	the costs to the Administrator of collecting the
11	fees exceed the fee revenue anticipated to be
12	collected; and
13	${}$ (I) if a notice submitted under section 5
14	is refused or subsequently withdrawn, refund
15	the fee or a portion of the fee if no substantial
16	work was performed on the notice.
17	"(4) TSCA IMPLEMENTATION FUND.
18	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-
19	lished in the Treasury of the United States a
20	fund, to be known as the 'TSCA Implementa-
21	tion Fund' (referred to in this subsection as the
22	'Fund'), consisting of—
23	"(i) such amounts as are deposited in
24	the Fund under paragraph (2)(C); and

1	"(ii) any interest earned on the in-
2	vestment of amounts in the Fund; and
3	"(iii) any proceeds from the sale or
4	redemption of investments held in the
5	Fund.
6	"(B) CREDITING AND AVAILABILITY OF
7	FEES.
8	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Fees authorized
9	under this section shall be collected and
10	available for obligation only to the extent
11	and in the amount provided in advance in
12	appropriations Acts, and shall be available
13	without fiscal year limitation.
14	"(ii) Requirements.—Fees collected
15	under this section shall not—
16	"(I) be made available or obli-
17	gated for any purpose other than to
18	defray the costs of conducting the ac-
19	tivities identified in paragraph $(2)(A)$;
20	"(II) otherwise be available for
21	any purpose other than implementa-
22	tion of this Act; and
23	${}$ (III) so long as amounts in the
24	Fund remain available, be subject to

- restrictions on expenditures applicable to the Federal government as a whole. "(C) UNUSED FUNDS.—Amounts in the Fund not currently needed to carry out this subsection shall be-"(i) maintained readily available or on deposit;
- 8 "(ii) invested in obligations of the 9 United States or guaranteed by the United 10 States; or

11 "(iii) invested in obligations, partici-12 pations, or other instruments that are law-13 ful investments for fiduciary, trust, or pub-14 lie funds.

15 "(D) MINIMUM AMOUNT OF APPROPRIA-16 TIONS.—Fees may not be assessed for a fiscal 17 year under this section unless the amount of 18 appropriations for salaries, contracts, and ex-19 penses for the functions (as in existence in fis-20 eal year 2015) of the Office of Pollution Pre-21 vention and Toxics of the Environmental Pro-22 tection Agency for the fiscal year (excluding the 23 amount of any fees appropriated for the fiscal 24 year) are equal to or greater than the amount 25 of appropriations for covered functions for fiscal

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1	year 2015 (excluding the amount of any fees
2	appropriated for the fiscal year).
3	$\frac{(5)}{\text{AUDITING.}}$
4	"(A) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AGEN-
5	CIES.—For the purpose of section 3515(c) of
6	title 31, United States Code, the Fund shall be
7	considered a component of an executive agency.
8	"(B) Components.—The annual audit re-
9	quired under sections 3515(b) and 3521 of that
10	title of the financial statements of activities
11	under this subsection shall include an analysis
12	of —
13	"(i) the fees collected under para-
14	graph (1) and disbursed;
15	${}$ (ii) compliance with the deadlines es-
16	tablished in section 6 of this Act;
17	"(iii) the amounts budgeted, appro-
18	priated, collected from fees, and disbursed
19	to meet the requirements of sections 4, 4A,
20	5, 6, 8, and 14, including the allocation of
21	full time equivalent employees to each such
22	section or activity; and
23	${}$ (iv) the reasonableness of the alloca-
24	tion of the overhead associated with the

1	conduct of the activities described in para-
2	$\frac{\text{graph }(2)(A)}{(A)}$.
3	"(C) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—The Inspec-
4	tor General of the Environmental Protection
5	Agency shall—
6	"(i) conduct the annual audit required
7	under this subsection; and
8	"(ii) report the findings and ree-
9	ommendations of the audit to the Adminis-
10	trator and to the appropriate committees
11	of Congress.
12	"(6) TERMINATION.—The authority provided by
13	this section shall terminate at the conclusion of the
14	fiscal year that is 10 years after the date of enact-
15	ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
16	for the 21st Century Act, unless otherwise reauthor-
17	ized or modified by Congress.";
18	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "Health, Edu-
19	cation, and Welfare" each place it appears and in-
20	serting "Health and Human Services"; and
21	(3) adding at the end the following:
22	"(h) PRIOR ACTIONS Nothing in this Act elimi-
23	nates, modifies, or withdraws any rule promulgated, order
24	issued, or exemption established pursuant to this Act be-

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1	fore the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg
2	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act.".
3	SEC. 24. DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION OF TEST METH-
4	ODS AND SUSTAINABLE CHEMISTRY.
5	Section 27 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
6	U.S.C. 2626) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a) , in the first sentence by
8	striking "Health, Education, and Welfare" and in-
9	serting "Health and Human Services"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(c) Sustainable Chemistry Program.—The
12	President shall establish an interagency Sustainable
13	Chemistry Program to promote and coordinate Federal
14	sustainable chemistry research, development, demonstra-
15	tion, technology transfer, commercialization, education,
16	and training activities.
17	"(d) Program Activities.—The activities of the
18	Program shall be designed to—
19	"(1) provide sustained support for sustainable
20	chemistry research, development, demonstration,
21	technology transfer, commercialization, education,
22	and training through—
23	${(A)}$ coordination of sustainable chemistry
24	research, development, demonstration, and tech-

1	nology transfer conducted at Federal labora-
2	tories and agencies; and
3	"(B) to the extent practicable, encourage-
4	ment of consideration of sustainable chemistry
5	in, as appropriate—
6	"(i) the conduct of Federal and State
7	science and engineering research and de-
8	velopment; and
9	"(ii) the solicitation and evaluation of
10	applicable proposals for science and engi-
11	neering research and development;
12	${}(2)$ examine methods by which the Federal
13	Government can create incentives for consideration
14	and use of sustainable chemistry processes and prod-
15	ucts, including innovative financing mechanisms;
16	${}$ (3) expand the education and training of un-
17	dergraduate and graduate students and professional
18	scientists and engineers, including through partner-
19	ships with industry, in sustainable chemistry science
20	and engineering;
21	"(4) collect and disseminate information on sus-
22	tainable chemistry research, development, and tech-
23	nology transfer including information on—
24	$((\Lambda))$ incentives and impediments to devel-
25	opment, manufacturing, and commercialization;

1	(B) accomplishments;
2	"(C) best practices; and
3	"(D) costs and benefits; and
4	${}(5)$ support (including through technical as-
5	sistance, participation, financial support, or other
6	forms of support) economic, legal, and other appro-
7	priate social science research to identify barriers to
8	commercialization and methods to advance commer-
9	cialization of sustainable chemistry.
10	"(e) Interagency Working Group.—
11	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180
12	days after the date of enactment of the Frank R.
13	Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century
14	Act, the President, in consultation with the Office of
15	Science and Technology Policy, shall establish an
16	Interagency Working Group that shall include rep-
17	resentatives from the National Science Foundation,
18	the National Institute of Standards and Technology,
19	the Department of Energy, the Environmental Pro-
20	tection Agency, the Department of Agriculture, the
21	Department of Defense, the National Institutes of
22	Health, and any other agency that the President
23	may designate to oversee the planning, management,
24	and coordination of the Program.

1	"(2) GOVERNANCE.—The Director of the Na-
2	tional Science Foundation and the Assistant Admin-
3	istrator for Research and Development of the Envi-
4	ronmental Protection Agency, or their designees,
5	shall serve as co-chairs of the Interagency Working
6	Group.
7	"(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In overseeing the
8	planning, management, and coordination of the Pro-
9	gram, the Interagency Working Group shall—
10	"(A) establish goals and priorities for the
11	Program, in consultation with the Advisory
12	Council;
13	"(B) provide for interagency coordination,
14	including budget coordination, of activities
15	under the Program;
16	"(C) meet not later than 90 days from its
17	establishment and periodically thereafter; and
18	"(D) establish and consult with an Advi-
19	sory Council on a regular basis.
20	"(4) MEMBERSHIP.—The Advisory Council
21	members shall not be employees of the Federal Gov-
22	ernment and shall include a diverse representation of
23	knowledgeable individuals from the private sector
24	(including small- and medium-sized enterprises from
25	across the value chain), academia, State and tribal

1	governments, and nongovernmental organizations
2	and others who are in a position to provide exper-
3	tise.
4	"(f) Agency Budget Requests.—
5	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal agency and
6	department participating in the Program shall, as
7	part of its annual request for appropriations to the
8	Office of Management and Budget, submit a report
9	to the Office of Management and Budget that—
10	${(A)}$ identifies the activities of the agency
11	or department that contribute directly to the
12	Program; and
13	${(B)}$ states the portion of the agency or
14	department's request for appropriations that is
15	allocated to those activities.
16	${}(2)$ Annual budget request to con-
17	GRESS.—The President shall include in the annual
18	budget request to Congress a statement of the por-
19	tion of the annual budget request for each agency or
20	department that will be allocated to activities under-
21	taken pursuant to the Program.
22	"(g) Report to Congress.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
24	after the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lauten-
25	berg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, the

1	Interagency Working Group shall submit a report to
2	the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology
3	and Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
4	House of Representatives and the Committee on En-
5	vironment and Public Works and the Committee on
6	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-
7	ate that shall include—
8	"(A) a summary of federally funded sus-
9	tainable chemistry research, development, dem-
10	onstration, technology transfer, commercializa-
11	tion, education, and training activities;
12	${(B)}$ a summary of the financial resources
13	allocated to sustainable chemistry initiatives;
14	"(C) an analysis of the progress made to-
15	ward achieving the goals and priorities of this
16	Act, and recommendations for future program
17	activities;
18	${}$ (D) an assessment of the benefits of ex-
19	panding existing, federally supported regional
20	innovation and manufacturing hubs to include
21	sustainable chemistry and the value of directing
22	the creation of 1 or more dedicated sustainable
23	chemistry centers of excellence or hubs; and
24	${(E)}$ an evaluation of steps taken and fu-
25	ture strategies to avoid duplication of efforts,

1	streamline interagency coordination, facilitate
2	information sharing, and spread best practices
3	between participating agencies in the Program.
4	"(2) SUBMISSION TO GAO.—The Interagency
5	Working Group shall also submit the report de-
6	scribed in paragraph (1) to the Government Ac-
7	countability Office for consideration in future Con-
8	gressional inquiries.".
9	SEC. 25. STATE PROGRAMS.
10	Section 28 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
11	U.S.C. 2627) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection $(b)(1)$ —
13	(A) in subparagraphs (A) through (D) , by
14	striking the comma at the end of each subpara-
15	graph and inserting a semicolon; and
16	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking ";
17	and" and inserting "; and"; and
18	(2) by striking subsections (c) and (d).
19	SEC. 26. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
20	Section 29 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
21	U.S.C. 2628) is repealed.
22	SEC. 27. ANNUAL REPORT.
23	Section 30 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
24	U.S.C. 2629) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and
25	inserting the following:

1	$\frac{((2)(A)}{(A)}$ the number of notices received during
2	each year under section 5; and
3	"(B) the number of the notices described in
4	subparagraph (A) for chemical substances subject to
5	a rule, testing consent agreement, or order under
6	section $4;$
7	SEC. 28. EFFECTIVE DATE.
8	Section 31 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
9	U.S.C. 2601 note; Public Law 94–469) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "Except as provided in section
11	4(f), this" and inserting the following:
12	"(a) IN GENERAL.—This"; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(b) RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY.—Nothing in this
15	Act shall be interpreted to apply retroactively to any State,
16	Federal, or maritime legal action commenced prior to the
17	effective date of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
18	for the 21st Century Act.".
19	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
20	This Act may be cited as the "Frank R. Lautenberg
21	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act".
22	SEC. 2. FINDINGS, POLICY, AND INTENT.
23	Section 2(c) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
24	U.S.C. 2601(c)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "It is the intent" and inserting
2	the following:
3	"(1) Administration.—It is the intent";
4	(2) in paragraph (1) (as so redesignated), by in-
5	serting ", as provided under this Act" before the pe-
6	riod at the end; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) Reform.—This Act, including reforms in
9	accordance with the amendments made by the Frank
10	R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century
11	Act—
12	"(A) shall be administered in a manner
13	that—
14	"(i) protects the health of children,
15	pregnant women, the elderly, workers, con-
16	sumers, the general public, and the environ-
17	ment from the risks of harmful exposures to
18	chemical substances and mixtures; and
19	"(ii) ensures that appropriate informa-
20	tion on chemical substances and mixtures is
21	available to public health officials and first
22	responders in the event of an emergency;
23	and
24	"(B) shall not displace or supplant common
25	law rights of action or remedies for civil relief.".

1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

2 Section 3 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 3 U.S.C. 2602) is amended— 4 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (6), 5 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), and (14) as paragraphs (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (12), (13), (17), 6 7 (18), and (19), respectively; 8 (2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-9 lowing: 10 "(4) CONDITIONS OF USE.—The term 'conditions 11 of use' means the intended, known, or reasonably fore-12 seeable circumstances the Administrator determines a 13 chemical substance is manufactured, processed, dis-14 tributed in commerce, used, or disposed of."; 15 (3) by inserting after paragraph (10) (as so re-16 designated) the following: 17 "(11) POTENTIALLY EXPOSED OR SUSCEPTIBLE 18 POPULATION.—The term 'potentially exposed or sus-19 ceptible population' means 1 or more groups— 20 "(A) of individuals within the general pop-21 ulation who may be— 22 "(i) differentially exposed to chemical 23 substances under the conditions of use; or 24 susceptible to greater adverse "(*ii*) 25 health consequences from chemical exposures 26 than the general population; and

1	"(B) that when identified by the Adminis-
2	trator may include such groups as infants, chil-
3	dren, pregnant women, workers, and the elder-
4	ly."; and
5	(4) by inserting after paragraph (13) (as so re-
6	designated) the following:
7	"(14) SAFETY ASSESSMENT.—The term 'safety
8	assessment' means an assessment of the risk posed by
9	a chemical substance under the conditions of use, in-
10	tegrating hazard, use, and exposure information re-
11	garding the chemical substance.
12	"(15) SAFETY DETERMINATION.—The term 'safe-
13	ty determination' means a determination by the Ad-
14	ministrator as to whether a chemical substance meets
15	the safety standard under the conditions of use.
16	"(16) SAFETY STANDARD.—The term 'safety
17	standard' means a standard that ensures, without
18	taking into consideration cost or other nonrisk fac-
19	tors, that no unreasonable risk of injury to health or
20	the environment will result from exposure to a chem-
21	ical substance under the conditions of use, including
22	no unreasonable risk of injury to—
23	"(A) the general population; or
24	``(B) any potentially exposed or susceptible
25	population that the Administrator has identified

1	as relevant to the safety assessment and safety
2	determination for a chemical substance.".
3	SEC. 4. POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GUIDANCE.
4	The Toxic Substances Control Act is amended by in-
5	serting after section 3 (15 U.S.C. 2602) the following:
6	"SEC. 3A. POLICIES, PROCEDURES, AND GUIDANCE.
7	"(a) DEFINITION OF GUIDANCE.—In this section, the
8	term 'guidance' includes any significant written guidance
9	of general applicability prepared by the Administrator.
10	"(b) DEADLINE.—Not later than 2 years after the date
11	of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
12	for the 21st Century Act, the Administrator shall develop,
13	after providing public notice and an opportunity for com-
14	ment, any policies, procedures, and guidance the Adminis-
15	trator determines to be necessary to carry out sections 4,
16	4A, 5, and 6, including the policies, procedures, and guid-
17	ance required by this section.

- 18 "(c) Use of Science.—
- 19 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es20 tablish policies, procedures, and guidance on the use
 21 of science in making decisions under sections 4, 4A,
 22 5, and 6.

23 "(2) GOAL.—A goal of the policies, procedures,
24 and guidance described in paragraph (1) shall be to
25 make the basis of decisions clear to the public.

1	"(3) Requirements.—The policies, procedures,
2	and guidance issued under this section shall describe
3	the manner in which the Administrator shall ensure
4	that —
5	"(A) decisions made by the Adminis-
6	trator—
7	"(i) are based on information, proce-
8	dures, measures, methods, and models em-
9	ployed in a manner consistent with the best
10	available science;
11	"(ii) take into account the extent to
12	which—
13	((I) assumptions and methods are
14	clearly and completely described and
15	documented;
16	"(II) variability and uncertainty
17	are evaluated and characterized; and
18	"(III) the information has been
19	subject to independent verification and
20	peer review; and
21	"(iii) are based on the weight of the
22	scientific evidence, by which the Adminis-
23	trator considers all information in a sys-
24	tematic and integrative framework to con-
25	sider the relevance of different information;

1	(B) to the extent practicable and if appro-
2	priate, the use of peer review, standardized test
3	design and methods, consistent data evaluation
4	procedures, and good laboratory practices will be
5	encouraged;
6	``(C) a clear description of each individual
7	and entity that funded the generation or assess-
8	ment of information, and the degree of control
9	those individuals and entities had over the gen-
10	eration, assessment, and dissemination of infor-
11	mation (including control over the design of the
12	work and the publication of information) is
13	made available; and
14	``(D) if appropriate, the recommendations
15	in reports of the National Academy of Sciences
16	that provide advice regarding assessing the haz-
17	ards, exposures, and risks of chemical substances
18	are considered.
19	"(d) Existing EPA Policies, Procedures, And
20	GUIDANCE.—The policies, procedures, and guidance de-
21	scribed in subsection (b) shall incorporate, as appropriate,
22	existing relevant hazard, exposure, and risk assessment
23	guidelines and methodologies, data evaluation and quality
24	criteria, testing methodologies, and other relevant guidelines
25	and policies of the Environmental Protection Agency.

1	"(e) REVIEW.—Not later than 5 years after the date
2	of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
3	for the 21st Century Act, and not less frequently than once
4	every 5 years thereafter, the Administrator shall—
5	"(1) review the adequacy of any policies, proce-

dures, and guidance developed under this section, including animal, nonanimal, and epidemiological test
methods and procedures for assessing and determining risk under this Act; and

"(2) after providing public notice and an opportunity for comment, revise the policies, procedures,
and guidance if necessary to reflect new scientific developments or understandings.

14 "(f) SOURCES OF INFORMATION.—In carrying out sec-15 tions 4, 4A, 5, and 6, the Administrator shall take into con-16 sideration information relating to a chemical substance, in-17 cluding hazard and exposure information, under the condi-18 tions of use that is reasonably available to the Adminis-19 trator, including information that is—

20 "(1) submitted to the Administrator pursuant to
21 any rule, consent agreement, order, or other require22 ment of this Act, or on a voluntary basis, including
23 pursuant to any request made under this Act, by—
24 "(A) manufacturers or processors of a sub25 stance;

1	"(B) the public;
2	"(C) other Federal departments or agencies;
3	OT
4	"(D) the Governor of a State or a State
5	agency with responsibility for protecting health
6	or the environment;
7	"(2) submitted to a governmental entity in any
8	jurisdiction pursuant to a governmental requirement
9	relating to the protection of health or the environ-
10	ment; or
11	"(3) identified through an active search by the
12	Administrator of information sources that are pub-
13	licly available or otherwise accessible by the Adminis-
14	trator.
15	"(g) Testing of Chemical Substances and Mix-
16	TURE8.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es-
18	tablish policies and procedures for the testing of chem-
19	ical substances or mixtures under section 4.
20	"(2) GOAL.—A goal of the policies and proce-
21	dures established under paragraph (1) shall be to
22	make the basis of decisions clear to the public.
23	"(3) CONTENTS.—The policies and procedures es-
24	tablished under paragraph (1) shall—

1	"(A) address how and when the exposure
2	level or exposure potential of a chemical sub-
3	stance would factor into decisions to require new
4	testing, subject to the condition that the Admin-
5	istrator shall not interpret the lack of exposure
6	information as a lack of exposure or exposure po-
7	tential;
8	"(B) describe the manner in which the Ad-
9	ministrator will determine that additional infor-
10	mation is necessary to carry out this Act, includ-
11	ing information relating to potentially exposed
12	or susceptible populations;
13	"(C) require the Administrator to consult
14	with the Director of the National Institute for
15	Occupational Safety and Health prior to pre-
16	scribing epidemiologic studies of employees; and
17	"(D) require that prior to making a request
18	or adopting a requirement for testing using
19	vertebrate animals, the Administrator shall take
20	into consideration, as appropriate and to the ex-
21	tent practicable, reasonably available—
22	"(i) toxicity information;
23	"(ii) computational toxicology and
24	bioinformatics;

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1	"(iii) high-throughput screening meth-
2	ods and the prediction models of those meth-
3	ods; and
4	"(iv) scientifically reliable and rel-
5	evant alternatives to tests on animals that
6	would provide equivalent information.
7	"(h) SAFETY ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINA-
8	TIONS.—
9	"(1) Schedule.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
11	shall inform the public regarding the schedule for
12	the completion of each safety assessment and
13	safety determination as soon as practicable after
14	designation as a high-priority substance pursu-
15	ant to section 4A.
16	"(B) DIFFERING TIMES.—The Adminis-
17	trator may allot different times for different
18	chemical substances in the schedules under this
19	paragraph, subject to the condition that all
20	schedules shall comply with the deadlines estab-
21	lished under section 6.
22	"(C) ANNUAL PLAN.—At the beginning of
23	each calendar year, the Administrator shall iden-
24	tify the substances subject to safety assessments

1	and safety determinations to be completed that
2	year.
3	"(2) Policies and procedures for safety
4	ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINATIONS.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
6	shall establish, by rule, policies and procedures
7	regarding the manner in which the Adminis-
8	trator shall carry out section 6.
9	"(B) GOAL.—A goal of the policies and pro-
10	cedures under this paragraph shall be to make
11	the basis of decisions of the Administrator clear
12	to the public.
13	"(C) Minimum requirements.—At a min-
14	imum, the policies and procedures under this
15	paragraph shall—
16	"(i) describe—
17	"(I) the manner in which the Ad-
18	ministrator will identify informational
19	needs and seek that information from
20	the public;
21	``(II) the information (including
22	draft safety assessments) that may be
23	submitted by interested individuals or
24	entities, including States; and

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"(III) the criteria by which that
information will be evaluated;
"(ii) require the Administrator—
((I)(aa) to define the scope of the
safety assessment and safety deter-
mination to be conducted under section
6, including the hazards, exposures,
conditions of use, and potentially ex-
posed and susceptible populations that
the Administrator expects to consider
in a safety assessment;
"(bb) to explain the basis for the
scope of the safety assessment and safe-
ty determination; and
"(cc) to accept comments regard-
ing the scope of the safety assessment
and safety determination; and
"(II)(aa) to identify the items de-
scribed in subclause (I) that the Ad-
ministrator has considered in the final
safety assessment; and
"(bb) to explain the basis for the
consideration of those items;
"(iii) describe the manner in which ag-
gregate exposures, or significant subsets of

1	exposures, to a chemical substance under the
2	conditions of use will be considered, and ex-
3	plain the basis for that consideration in the
4	final safety assessment;
5	"(iv) require that each safety assess-
6	ment and safety determination shall in-
7	clude—
8	"(I) a description of the weight of
9	the scientific evidence of risk; and
10	"(II) a summary of the informa-
11	tion regarding the impact on health
12	and the environment of the chemical
13	substance that was used to make the
14	assessment or determination, includ-
15	ing, as available, mechanistic, animal
16	toxicity, and epidemiology studies;
17	"(v) establish a timely and transparent
18	process for evaluating whether new informa-
19	tion submitted or obtained after the date of
20	a final safety assessment or safety deter-
21	mination warrants reconsideration of the
22	safety assessment or safety determination;
23	and
24	"(vi) when relevant information is pro-
25	vided or otherwise made available to the

1	Administrator, shall consider the extent of
2	Federal regulation under other Federal
3	laws.
4	"(D) GUIDANCE.—
5	"(i) In general.—Not later than 1
6	year after the date of enactment of the
7	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
8	the 21st Century Act, the Administrator
9	shall develop guidance to assist interested
10	persons in developing their own draft safety
11	assessments and other information for sub-
12	mission to the Administrator, which may be
13	considered at the discretion of the Adminis-
14	trator.
15	"(ii) REQUIREMENT — The auidance

REQUIREMENT.—The guidance 15 shall, at a minimum, address the quality of 16 17 the information submitted and the process 18 to be followed in developing a draft safety 19 assessment for consideration by the Admin-20 istrator.

"(i) PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION.—Subject to 21 22 section 14, the Administrator shall—

23 "(1) make publicly available a nontechnical 24 summary, and the final version, of each safety assess-25 ment and safety determination;

1	"(2) provide public notice and an opportunity
2	for comment on each proposed safety assessment and
3	safety determination; and
4	"(3) make public in a final safety assessment
5	and safety determination—
6	"(A) the list of studies considered by the Ad-
7	ministrator in carrying out the safety assessment
8	or safety determination; and
9	((B) the list of policies, procedures, and
10	guidance that were followed in carrying out the
11	safety assessment or safety determination.
12	"(j) Consultation With Science Advisory Com-
13	mittee on Chemicals.—
14	"(1) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year
15	after the date of enactment of this section, the Admin-
16	istrator shall establish an advisory committee, to be
17	known as the 'Science Advisory Committee on Chemi-
18	cals' (referred to in this subsection as the 'Com-
19	mittee').
20	"(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Committee
21	shall be to provide independent advice and expert
22	consultation, on the request of the Administrator,
23	with respect to the scientific and technical aspects of
24	issues relating to the implementation of this title.

1	"(3) Composition.—The Committee shall be
2	composed of representatives of such science, govern-
3	ment, labor, public health, public interest, animal
4	protection, industry, and other groups as the Admin-
5	istrator determines to be advisable, including, at a
6	minimum, representatives that have specific scientific
7	expertise in the relationship of chemical exposures to
8	women, children, and other potentially exposed or
9	susceptible populations.
10	"(4) Schedule.—The Administrator shall con-
11	vene the Committee in accordance with such schedule
12	as the Administrator determines to be appropriate,
13	but not less frequently than once every 2 years.
14	"(5) Relationship to other law.—All pro-
15	ceedings and meetings of the Committee shall be sub-
16	ject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
17	<i>App.)."</i> .
18	SEC. 5. TESTING OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OR MIXTURES.
19	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4 of the Toxic Substances
20	Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603) is amended—
21	(1) by striking subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), and
22	(g);
23	(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
24	subsections (f) and (g), respectively;
25	(3) in subsection (f) (as so redesignated)—

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(A) by striking "rule" each place it appears
and inserting "rule, testing consent agreement,
or order";
(B) by striking "under subsection (a)" each
place it appears and inserting "under this sub-
section"; and
(C) in paragraph (1)—
(i) in subparagraph (A)(v), by insert-
ing ", without taking into account cost or
other nonrisk factors" after "the environ-
ment"; and
(ii) in subparagraph (B), in the last

12	(ii) in subparagraph (B), in the last
13	sentence, by striking "rulemaking";
14	(4) in subsection (g) (as so redesignated)—

15 (A) in the first sentence—

(i) by striking "from cancer, gene 16 17 mutations, or birth defects"; and

(ii) by inserting ", without taking into 18 19 account cost or other nonrisk factors" before

the period at the end; and 20

21 (B) by striking the last sentence; and (5) by inserting before subsection (f) (as so redes-22

23 *ignated) the following:*

"(a) Development of New Information on Chem-24 25 ICAL SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES.—

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1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may re-
2	quire the development of new information relating to
3	a chemical substance or mixture in accordance with
4	this section if the Administrator determines that the
5	information is necessary—
6	"(A) to review a notice under section $5(d)$
7	or to perform a safety assessment or safety deter-
8	mination under section 6;
9	(B) to implement a requirement imposed
10	in a consent agreement or order issued under
11	section $5(d)(4)$ or under a rule promulgated
12	under section $6(d)(3)$;
13	"(C) pursuant to section $12(a)(4)$; or
14	"(D) at the request of the implementing au-
15	thority under another Federal law, to meet the
16	regulatory testing needs of that authority.
17	"(2) Limited testing for prioritization
18	PURPOSES.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
20	subparagraph (B), the Administrator may re-
21	quire the development of new information for the
22	purposes of section 4A.
23	"(B) PROHIBITION.—Testing required
24	under subparagraph (A) shall not be required for

1	the purpose of establishing or implementing a
2	minimum information requirement.
3	"(C) LIMITATION.—The Administrator may
4	require the development of new information pur-
5	suant to subparagraph (A) only if the Adminis-
6	trator determines that additional information is
7	necessary to establish the priority of a chemical
8	substance.
9	"(3) FORM.—The Administrator may require the
10	development of information described in paragraph
11	(1) or (2) by—
12	"(A) promulgating a rule;
13	``(B) entering into a testing consent agree-
14	ment; or
15	"(C) issuing an order.
16	"(4) Contents.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A rule, testing consent
18	agreement, or order issued under this subsection
19	shall include—
20	"(i) identification of the chemical sub-
21	stance or mixture for which testing is re-
22	quired;
23	"(ii) identification of the persons re-
24	quired to conduct the testing;

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1	"(iii) test protocols and methodologies
2	for the development of information for the
3	chemical substance or mixture, including
4	specific reference to any reliable nonanimal
5	test procedures; and
6	"(iv) specification of the period within
7	which individuals and entities required to
8	conduct the testing shall submit to the Ad-
9	ministrator the information developed in
10	accordance with the procedures described in
11	clause (iii).
12	"(B) Considerations.—In determining
13	the procedures and period to be required under
14	subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall take
15	into consideration—
16	"(i) the relative costs of the various test
17	protocols and methodologies that may be re-
18	quired; and
19	"(ii) the reasonably foreseeable avail-
20	ability of facilities and personnel required
21	to perform the testing.
22	"(b) Statement of Need.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In promulgating a rule, en-
24	tering into a testing consent agreement, or issuing an
25	order for the development of additional information

1	(including information on exposure or exposure po-
2	tential) pursuant to this section, the Administrator
3	shall—
4	"(A) identify the need intended to be met by
5	the rule, agreement, or order;
6	"(B) explain why information reasonably
7	available to the Administrator at that time is in-
8	adequate to meet that need, including a ref-
9	erence, as appropriate, to the information identi-
10	fied in paragraph $(2)(B)$; and
11	"(C) explain the basis for any decision that
12	requires the use of vertebrate animals.
13	"(2) Explanation in case of order.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator
15	issues an order under this section, the Adminis-
16	trator shall issue a statement providing a jus-
17	tification for why issuance of an order is war-
18	ranted instead of promulgating a rule or enter-
19	ing into a testing consent agreement.
20	"(B) CONTENTS.—A statement described in
21	subparagraph (A) $shall$ contain a description
22	of—
23	"(i) information that is readily acces-
24	sible to the Administrator, including infor-

1	mation submitted under any other provi-
2	sion of law;
3	"(ii) the extent to which the Adminis-
4	trator has obtained or attempted to obtain
5	the information through voluntary submis-
6	sions; and
7	"(iii) any information relied on in
8	safety assessments for other chemical sub-
9	stances relevant to the chemical substances
10	that would be the subject of the order.
11	"(c) Reduction of Testing on Vertebrates.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
13	minimize, to the extent practicable, the use of
14	vertebrate animals in testing of chemical substances
15	or mixtures, by—
16	"(A) encouraging and facilitating—
17	"(i) the use of integrated and tiered
18	testing and assessment strategies;
19	"(ii) the use of best available science in
20	existence on the date on which the test is
21	conducted;
22	"(iii) the use of test methods that
23	eliminate or reduce the use of animals while
24	providing information of high scientific
25	quality;

1	"(iv) the grouping of 2 or more chem-
2	ical substances into scientifically appro-
3	priate categories in cases in which testing of
4	a chemical substance would provide reliable
5	and useful information on other chemical
6	substances in the category;
7	((v) the formation of industry con-
8	sortia to jointly conduct testing to avoid
9	unnecessary duplication of tests; and
10	"(vi) the submission of information
11	from—
12	"(I) animal-based studies; and
13	"(II) emerging methods and mod-
14	els; and
15	``(B) funding research and validation stud-
16	ies to reduce, refine, and replace the use of ani-
17	mal tests in accordance with this subsection.
18	"(2) Implementation of alternative testing
19	METHODS.—To promote the development and timely
20	incorporation of new testing methods that are not
21	based on vertebrate animals, the Administrator
22	shall—
23	"(A) not later than 2 years after the date
24	of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chem-
25	ical Safety for the 21st Century Act, develop a

1	strategic plan to promote the development and
2	implementation of alternative test methods and
3	testing strategies to generate information under
4	this title that can reduce, refine, or replace the
5	use of vertebrate animals, including toxicity
6	pathway-based risk assessment, in vitro studies,
7	systems biology, computational toxicology,
8	bioinformatics, and high-throughput screening;
9	``(B) as practicable, ensure that the stra-
10	tegic plan developed under subparagraph (A) is
11	reflected in the development of requirements for
12	testing under this section;
13	``(C) identify in the strategic plan developed
14	under subparagraph (A) particular alternative
15	test methods or testing strategies that do not re-
16	quire new vertebrate animal testing and are sci-
17	entifically reliable, relevant, and capable of pro-
18	viding information of equivalent scientific reli-
19	ability and quality to that which would be ob-
20	tained from vertebrate animal testing;
21	"(D) provide an opportunity for public no-
22	tice and comment on the contents of the plan de-
23	veloped under subparagraph (A), including the
24	criteria for considering scientific reliability, rel-
25	evance, and equivalent information and the test

methods and strategies identified in subpara-

2	graph (C);
3	"(E) beginning on the date that is 5 years
4	after the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lau-
5	tenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act
6	and every 5 years thereafter, submit to Congress
7	a report that describes the progress made in im-
8	plementing this subsection and goals for future
9	alternative test methods implementation;
10	``(F) fund and carry out research, develop-
11	ment, performance assessment, and translational
12	studies to accelerate the development of test meth-
13	ods and testing strategies that reduce, refine, or
14	replace the use of vertebrate animals in any test-
15	ing under this title; and
16	``(G) identify synergies with the related in-
17	formation requirements of other jurisdictions to
18	minimize the potential for additional or duplica-
19	tive testing.
20	"(3) Criteria for adapting or waiving ani-
21	mal testing requirements.—On request from a
22	manufacturer or processor that is required to conduct
23	testing of a chemical substance or mixture on
24	vertebrate animals under this section, the Adminis-

1	trator may adapt or waive the requirement, if the Ad-
2	ministrator determines that—
3	"(A) there is sufficient evidence from several
4	independent sources of information to support a
5	conclusion that a chemical substance or mixture
6	has, or does not have, a particular property if
7	the information from each individual source
8	alone is insufficient to support the conclusion;
9	"(B) as a result of 1 or more physical or
10	chemical properties of the chemical substance or
11	mixture or other toxicokinetic considerations—
12	"(i) the substance cannot be absorbed;
13	or
14	"(ii) testing for a specific endpoint is
15	technically not practicable to conduct; or
16	``(C) a chemical substance or mixture can-
17	not be tested in vertebrate animals at concentra-
18	tions that do not result in significant pain or
19	distress, because of physical or chemical prop-
20	erties of the chemical substance or mixture, such
21	as a potential to cause severe corrosion or severe
22	irritation to the tissues of the animal.
23	"(4) Voluntary testing.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person developing
25	information for submission under this title on a

1	voluntary basis and not pursuant to any request
2	or requirement by the Administrator shall first
3	attempt to develop the information by means of
4	an alternative or nonanimal test method or test-
5	ing strategy that the Administrator has deter-
6	mined under paragraph $(2)(C)$ to be scientif-
7	ically reliable, relevant, and capable of providing
8	equivalent information, before conducting new
9	animal testing.
10	"(B) EFFECT OF PARAGRAPH.—Nothing in
11	this paragraph—
12	"(i) requires the Administrator to re-
13	view the basis on which the person is con-
14	ducting testing described in subparagraph
15	(A);
16	"(ii) prohibits the use of other test
17	methods or testing strategies by any person
18	for purposes other than developing informa-
19	tion for submission under this title on a
20	voluntary basis; or
21	"(iii) prohibits the use of other test
22	methods or testing strategies by any person,
23	subsequent to the attempt to develop infor-
24	mation using the test methods and testing

1	strategies identified by the Administrator
2	under paragraph (2)(C).
3	"(d) Testing Requirements.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may re-
5	quire the development of information by—
6	"(A) manufacturers and processors of the
7	chemical substance or mixture; and
8	"(B) subject to paragraph (3), persons that
9	begin to manufacture or process the chemical
10	substance or mixture—
11	"(i) after the effective date of the rule,
12	testing consent agreement, or order; but
13	"(ii) before the period ending on the
14	later of—
15	((I) 5 years after the date referred
16	to in clause (i); or
17	"(II) the last day of the period
18	that begins on the date referred to in
19	clause (i) and that is equal to the pe-
20	riod that the Administrator determines
21	was necessary to develop the informa-
22	tion.
23	"(2) DESIGNATION.—The Administrator may
24	permit 2 or more persons identified in subparagraph

1	(A) or (B) of paragraph (1) to designate 1 of the per-
2	sons or a qualified third party—
3	"(A) to develop the information; and
4	``(B) to submit the information on behalf of
5	the persons making the designation.
6	"(3) EXEMPTIONS.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A person otherwise sub-
8	ject to a rule, testing consent agreement, or order
9	under this section may submit to the Adminis-
10	trator an application for an exemption on the
11	basis that the information is being developed by
12	a person designated under paragraph (2).
13	"(B) FAIR AND EQUITABLE REIMBURSE-
14	MENT TO DESIGNEE.—
15	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Adminis-
16	trator $accepts$ an $application$ $submitted$
17	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator
18	shall direct the applicant to provide to the
19	person designated under paragraph (2) fair
20	and equitable reimbursement, as agreed to
21	between the applicant and the designee.
22	"(ii) ARBITRATION.—If the applicant
23	and a person designated under paragraph
24	(2) cannot reach agreement on the amount

1	of fair and equitable reimbursement, the
2	amount shall be determined by arbitration.
3	"(C) TERMINATION.—If, after granting an
4	exemption under this paragraph, the Adminis-
5	trator determines that no person designated
6	under paragraph (2) has complied with the rule,
7	testing consent agreement, or order, the Adminis-
8	trator shall—
9	"(i) by order, terminate the exemption;
10	and
11	"(ii) notify in writing each person that
12	received an exemption of the requirements
13	with respect to which the exemption was
14	granted.
15	"(4) Tiered testing.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
17	subparagraph (D), the Administrator shall em-
18	ploy a tiered screening and testing process,
19	under which the results of screening-level tests or
20	assessments of available information inform the
21	decision as to whether 1 or more additional tests
22	are necessary.
23	"(B) Screening-level tests.—
24	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The screening-level
25	tests required for a chemical substance or

1	mixture may include tests for hazard
2	(which may include in silico, in vitro, and
3	in vivo tests), environmental and biological
4	fate and transport, and measurements or
5	modeling of exposure or exposure potential,
6	as appropriate.
7	"(ii) USE.—Screening-level tests shall
8	be used—
9	``(I) to screen chemical substances
10	or mixtures for potential adverse ef-
11	fects; and
12	"(II) to inform a decision of the
13	Administrator regarding whether more
14	complex or targeted additional testing
15	is necessary.
16	"(C) ADDITIONAL TESTING.—If the Admin-
17	istrator determines under subparagraph (B) that
18	additional testing is necessary to provide more
19	definitive information for safety assessments or
20	safety determinations, the Administrator may
21	require more advanced tests for potential health
22	or environmental effects or exposure potential.
23	"(D) Advanced testing without
24	SCREENING.—The Administrator may require
25	more advanced testing without conducting

1	screening-level testing when other information
2	available to the Administrator justifies the ad-
3	vanced testing, pursuant to guidance developed
4	by the Administrator under this section.
5	"(e) TRANSPARENCY.—Subject to section 14, the Ad-
6	ministrator shall make available to the public all testing
7	consent agreements and orders and all information sub-
8	mitted under this section.".
9	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 104(i)(5)(A)
10	of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-
11	tion, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9604(i)(5)(A))
12	is amended in the third sentence by striking "section $4(e)$ "
13	and inserting "section $4(f)$ ".
14	SEC. 6. PRIORITIZATION SCREENING.
15	The Toxic Substances Control Act is amended by in-
16	serting after section 4 (15 U.S.C. 2603) the following:
17	"SEC. 4A. PRIORITIZATION SCREENING.
18	"(a) Prioritization Screening Process and List
19	of Substances.—

20 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
21 the date of enactment of this section, the Adminis22 trator shall establish, by rule, a risk-based screening
23 process and explicit criteria for identifying existing
24 chemical substances that are—

1	"(A) a high priority for a safety assessment
2	and safety determination under section 6 (re-
3	ferred to in this Act as high-priority sub-
4	stances'); and
5	``(B) a low priority for a safety assessment
6	and safety determination (referred to in this Act
7	as low-priority substances').
8	"(2) Initial list of high- and low-priority
9	SUBSTANCES.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Before the date of pro-
11	mulgation of the rule under paragraph (1) and
12	not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
13	ment of this section, the Administrator—
14	((i) shall take into consideration and
15	publish an initial list of high-priority sub-
16	stances and low-priority substances; and
17	"(ii) pursuant to section 6(b), may
18	initiate or continue safety assessments and
19	safety determinations for those high-priority
20	substances.
21	"(B) Requirements.—
22	"(i) In general.—The initial list of
23	chemical substances shall contain at least
24	10 high-priority substances, at least 5 of
25	which are drawn from the list of chemical

1	substances identified by the Administrator
2	in the October 2014 TSCA Work Plan and
3	subsequent updates, and at least 10 low-pri-
4	ority substances.
5	"(ii) Subsequently identified sub-
6	STANCES.—Insofar as possible, at least 50
7	percent of all substances subsequently iden-
8	tified by the Administrator as high-priority
9	substances shall be drawn from the list of
10	chemical substances identified by the Ad-
11	ministrator in the October 2014 TSCA
12	Work Plan and subsequent updates, until
13	all Work Plan chemicals have been des-
14	ignated under this subsection.
15	"(iii) PERSISTENCE AND BIOACCUMU-
16	LATION.—In developing the initial list and
17	in identifying additional high-priority sub-
18	stances, the Administrator shall give pref-
19	erence to chemical substances scored as high
20	for persistence and bioaccumulation in the
21	October 2014 TSCA Work Plan and subse-
22	quent updates.
23	"(C) Additional chemical reviews.—
24	The Administrator shall, as soon as practicable
25	and not later than—

1	((i) 3 years after the date of enactment
2	of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safe-
3	ty for the 21st Century Act, add additional
4	high-priority substances sufficient to ensure
5	that at least a total of 20 high-priority sub-
6	stances have undergone or are undergoing
7	the process established in section 6(a), and
8	additional low-priority substances sufficient
9	to ensure that at least a total of 20 low-pri-
10	ority substances have been designated; and
11	"(ii) 5 years after the date of enact-
12	ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
13	Safety for the 21st Century Act, add addi-
14	tional high-priority substances sufficient to
15	ensure that at least a total of 25 high-pri-
16	ority substances have undergone or are un-
17	dergoing the process established in section
18	6(a), and additional low-priority substances
19	sufficient to ensure that at least a total of
20	25 low-priority substances have been des-
21	ignated.
22	"(3) Implementation.—
23	"(A) Consideration of active and inac-
24	TIVE SUBSTANCES.—

1	"(i) Active substances.—In car-
2	rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator
3	shall take into consideration active sub-
4	stances, as determined under section 8,
5	which may include chemical substances on
6	the interim list of active substances estab-
7	lished under that section.
8	"(ii) Inactive substances.—In car-
9	rying out paragraph (1), the Administrator
10	may take into consideration inactive sub-
11	stances, as determined under section 8, that
12	the Administrator determines—
13	"(I)(aa) have not been subject to a
14	regulatory or other enforceable action
15	by the Administrator to ban or phase
16	out the substances; and
17	"(bb) have the potential for high
18	hazard and widespread exposure; or
19	((II)(aa) have been subject to a
20	regulatory or other enforceable action
21	by the Administrator to ban or phase
22	out the substances; and
23	"(bb) with respect to which there
24	exists the potential for residual high
25	hazards or widespread exposures not

1	otherwise addressed by the regulatory
2	or other action.
3	"(iii) Repopulation.—
4	"(I) In general.—On the com-
5	pletion of a safety determination under
6	section 6 for a chemical substance, the
7	Administrator shall remove the chem-
8	ical substance from the list of high-pri-
9	ority substances established under this
10	subsection.
11	"(II) Additions.—The Adminis-
12	trator shall add at least 1 chemical
13	substance to the list of high-priority
14	substances for each chemical substance
15	removed from the list of high-priority
16	substances established under this sub-
17	section, until a safety assessment and
18	safety determination is completed for
19	all high-priority substances.
20	"(III) Low-priority sub-
21	STANCES.—If a low-priority substance
22	is subsequently designated as a high-
23	priority substance, the Administrator
24	shall remove that substance from the
25	list of low-priority substances.

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1	"(B) TIMELY COMPLETION OF
2	PRIORITIZATION SCREENING PROCESS.—
3	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
4	shall—
5	``(I) except as provided under
6	paragraph (2), not later than 180 days
7	after the effective date of the final rule
8	under paragraph (1), begin the
9	prioritization screening process; and
10	"(II) make every effort to complete
11	the designation of all active substances
12	as high-priority substances or low-pri-
13	ority substances in a timely manner.
14	"(ii) Decisions on substances sub-
15	JECT TO TESTING FOR PRIORITIZATION
16	PURPOSES.—Not later than 90 days after
17	the date of receipt of information regarding
18	a chemical substance complying with a rule,
19	testing consent agreement, or order issued
20	under section $4(a)(2)$, the Administrator
21	shall designate the chemical substance as a
22	high-priority substance or low-priority sub-
23	stance.
24	"(iii) Consideration.—

1	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Adminis-
2	trator shall screen substances and des-
3	ignate high-priority substances taking
4	into consideration the ability of the
5	Administrator to schedule and com-
6	plete safety assessments and safety de-
7	terminations under section 6 in a
8	timely manner.
9	"(II) ANNUAL GOAL.—The Ad-
10	ministrator shall publish an annual
11	goal for the number of chemical sub-
12	stances to be subject to the
13	prioritization screening process.
14	"(C) Screening of categories of sub-
15	STANCES.—The Administrator may screen cat-
16	egories of chemical substances to ensure an effi-
17	cient prioritization screening process to allow for
18	timely and adequate designations of high-pri-
19	ority substances and low-priority substances and
20	safety assessments and safety determinations for
21	high-priority substances.
22	"(D) PUBLICATION OF LIST OF CHEMICAL
23	substances.—The Administrator shall keep
24	current and publish a list of chemical substances
25	that—

1	"(i) are being considered in the
2	prioritization screening process and the sta-
3	tus of the chemical substances in the
4	prioritization process, including those chem-
5	ical substances for which prioritization de-
6	cisions have been deferred; and
7	"(ii) are designated as high-priority
8	substances or low-priority substances, in-
9	cluding the bases for such designations.
10	"(4) CRITERIA.—The criteria described in para-
11	graph (1) shall account for—
12	"(A) the recommendation of the Governor of
13	a State or a State agency with responsibility for
14	protecting health or the environment from chem-
15	ical substances appropriate for prioritization
16	screening;
17	``(B) the hazard and exposure potential of
18	the chemical substance (or category of sub-
19	stances), including persistence, bioaccumulation,
20	and specific scientific classifications and des-
21	ignations by authoritative governmental entities;
22	``(C) the conditions of use or significant
23	changes in the conditions of use of the chemical
24	substance;

1	"(D) evidence and indicators of exposure
2	potential to humans or the environment from the
3	chemical substance, including potentially exposed
4	or susceptible populations;
5	(E) the volume of a chemical substance
6	manufactured or processed;
7	(F) whether the volume of a chemical sub-
8	stance as reported under a rule promulgated
9	pursuant to section 8(a) has significantly in-
10	creased or decreased during the period beginning
11	on the date of a previous report or the date on
12	which a notice has been submitted under section
13	5(b) for that chemical substance;
14	``(G) the availability of information regard-
15	ing potential hazards and exposures required for
16	conducting a safety assessment or safety deter-
17	mination, with limited availability of relevant
18	information to be a sufficient basis for desig-
19	nating a chemical substance as a high-priority
20	substance, subject to the condition that limited
21	availability shall not require designation as a
22	high-priority substance; and
23	"(H) the extent of Federal or State regula-
24	tion of the chemical substance or the extent of the

impact of State regulation of the chemical sub-

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1	stance on the United States, with existing Fed-
2	eral or State regulation of any uses evaluated in
3	the prioritization screening process as a factor in
4	designating a chemical substance to be a high-
5	priority or a low-priority substance.
6	"(b) Prioritization Screening Process and Deci-
7	SIONS.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The prioritization screening
9	process developed under subsection (a) shall include a
10	requirement that the Administrator shall—
11	``(A) identify the chemical substances being
12	considered for prioritization;
13	"(B) request interested persons to supply
14	information regarding the chemical substances
15	being considered;
16	"(C) apply the criteria identified in sub-
17	section $(a)(4)$; and
18	``(D) subject to paragraph (5) and using the
19	information available to the Administrator at
20	the time of the decision, identify a chemical sub-
21	stance as a high-priority substance or a low-pri-
22	ority substance.
23	"(2) INTEGRATION OF INFORMATION.—The
24	prioritization screening decision regarding a chemical
25	substance shall integrate any hazard and exposure in-

1	formation relating to the chemical substance that is
2	available to the Administrator.
3	"(3) Identification of high-priority sub-
4	STANCES.—The Administrator—
5	"(A) shall identify as a high-priority sub-
6	stance a chemical substance that, relative to
7	other active chemical substances, the Adminis-
8	trator determines has the potential for signifi-
9	cant hazard and significant exposure;
10	"(B) may identify as a high-priority sub-
11	stance a chemical substance that, relative to
12	other active chemical substances, the Adminis-
13	trator determines has the potential for signifi-
14	cant hazard or significant exposure; and
15	"(C) may identify as a high-priority sub-
16	stance an inactive substance, as determined
17	under subsection $(a)(3)(A)(ii)$ and section $8(b)$,
18	that the Administrator determines warrants a
19	safety assessment and safety determination
20	under section 6.
21	"(4) Identification of low-priority sub-
22	STANCES.—The Administrator shall identify as a low-
23	priority substance a chemical substance that the Ad-
24	ministrator concludes has information sufficient to es-

tablish that the chemical substance is likely to meet

2	the safety standard.
3	"(5) DEFERRING A DECISION.—If the Adminis-
4	trator determines that additional information is re-
5	quired to establish the priority of a chemical sub-
6	stance under this section, the Administrator may
7	defer the prioritization screening decision for a rea-
8	sonable period—
9	"(A) to allow for the submission of addi-
10	tional information by an interested person and
11	for the Administrator to evaluate the additional
12	information; or
13	"(B) to require the development of informa-
14	tion pursuant to a rule, testing consent agree-
15	ment, or order issued under section $4(a)(2)$.
16	"(6) Deadlines for submission of informa-
17	TION.—If the Administrator requests the development
18	or submission of information under this section, the
19	Administrator shall establish a deadline for submis-
20	sion of the information.
21	"(7) Notice and comment.—The Administrator
22	shall—
23	"(A) publish, including in the Federal Reg-
24	ister, the proposed decisions made under para-

1	graphs (3), (4), and (5) and the basis for the de-
2	cisions; and
3	"(B) provide 90 days for public comment.
4	"(8) Revisions of prior designations.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—At any time, and at the
6	discretion of the Administrator, the Adminis-
7	trator may revise the designation of a chemical
8	substance as a high-priority substance or a low-
9	priority substance based on information avail-
10	able to the Administrator after the date of the de-
11	termination under paragraph (3) or (4).
12	"(B) LIMITED AVAILABILITY.—If limited
13	availability of relevant information was a basis
14	in the designation of a chemical substance as a
15	high-priority substance, the Administrator shall
16	reevaluate the prioritization screening of the
17	chemical substance on receiving the relevant in-
18	formation.
19	"(9) Other information relevant to
20	PRIORITIZATION.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, after the date of en-
22	actment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
23	Safety for the 21st Century Act, a State proposes
24	an administrative action or enacts a statute or
25	takes an administrative action to prohibit or

1	otherwise restrict the manufacturing, processing,
2	distribution in commerce, or use of a chemical
3	substance that the Administrator has not des-
4	ignated as a high-priority substance, the Gov-
5	ernor or State agency with responsibility for im-
6	plementing the statute or administrative action
7	shall notify the Administrator.
8	"(B) REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION.—Fol-
9	lowing receipt of a notification provided under
10	subparagraph (A), the Administrator may re-
11	quest any available information from the Gov-
12	ernor or the State agency with respect to—
13	"(i) scientific evidence related to the
14	hazards, exposures and risks of the chemical
15	substance under the conditions of use which
16	the statute or administrative action is in-
17	tended to address;
18	"(ii) any State or local conditions
19	which warranted the statute or administra-
20	tive action;
21	"(iii) the statutory or administrative
22	authority on which the action is based; and
23	"(iv) any other available information
24	relevant to the prohibition or other restric-
25	tion, including information on any alter-

1	natives considered and their hazards, expo-
2	sures, and risks.
3	"(C) PRIORITIZATION SCREENING.—The
4	Administrator shall conduct a prioritization
5	screening under this subsection for all substances
6	that—
7	"(i) are the subject of notifications re-
8	ceived under subparagraph (A); and
9	"(ii) the Administrator determines—
10	``(I) are likely to have significant
11	health or environmental impacts;
12	"(II) are likely to have significant
13	impact on interstate commerce; or
14	"(III) have been subject to a pro-
15	hibition or other restriction under a
16	statute or administrative action in 2
17	or more States.
18	"(D) AVAILABILITY TO PUBLIC.—Subject to
19	section 14 and any applicable State law regard-
20	ing the protection of confidential information
21	provided to the State or to the Administrator,
22	the Administrator shall make information re-
23	ceived from a Governor or State agency under
24	subparagraph (A) publicly available.

1	"(E) EFFECT OF PARAGRAPH.—Nothing in
2	this paragraph shall preempt a State statute or
3	administrative action, require approval of a
4	State statute or administrative action, or apply
5	section 15 to a State.
6	"(10) REVIEW.—Not less frequently than once
7	every 5 years after the date on which the process
8	under this subsection is established, the Administrator
9	shall—
10	"(A) review the process on the basis of expe-
11	rience and taking into consideration resources
12	available to efficiently and effectively screen and
13	prioritize chemical substances; and
14	``(B) if necessary, modify the prioritization
15	screening process.
16	"(11) EFFECT.—Subject to section 18, a designa-
17	tion by the Administrator under this section with re-
18	spect to a chemical substance shall not affect—
19	"(A) the manufacture, processing, distribu-
20	tion in commerce, use, or disposal of the chem-
21	ical substance; or
22	``(B) the regulation of those activities.
23	"(c) Additional Priorities for Safety Assess-
24	MENTS AND DETERMINATIONS.—
25	"(1) Requirements.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The prioritization
2	screening process developed under subsection (a)
3	shall—
4	"(i) include a process by which a man-
5	ufacturer or processor of an active chemical
6	substance that has not been designated a
7	high-priority substance or is not in the
8	process of a prioritization screening by the
9	Administrator, may request that the Ad-
10	ministrator designate the substance as an
11	additional priority for a safety assessment
12	and safety determination, subject to the
13	payment of fees pursuant to section
14	26(b)(3)(E);
15	"(ii) specify the information to be pro-
16	vided in such requests; and
17	"(iii) specify the criteria the Adminis-
18	trator shall use to determine whether or not
19	to grant such a request, which shall include
20	whether the substance is subject to restric-
21	tions imposed by statutes enacted or admin-
22	istrative actions taken by 1 or more States
23	on the manufacture, processing, distribution
24	in commerce, or use of the substance.

1	"(B) Preference.—Subject to paragraph
2	(2), in deciding whether to grant requests under
3	this subsection the Administrator shall give a
4	preference to requests concerning substances for
5	which the Administrator determines that restric-
6	tions imposed by 1 or more States have the po-
7	tential to have a significant impact on interstate
8	commerce or health or the environment.
9	"(C) EXCEPTIONS.—Chemical substances
10	for which requests have been granted under this
11	subsection shall not be subject to subsection
12	(a)(3)(A)(iii) or section 18(b).
13	"(2) LIMITATIONS.—In considering whether to
14	grant a request submitted under paragraph (1), the
15	Administrator shall ensure that—
16	((A) if a sufficient number of additional
17	priority requests meet the requirements of para-
18	graph (1), not less than 25 percent, or more than
19	30 percent, of the cumulative number of sub-
20	stances designated to undergo safety assessments
21	and safety determinations under subsections
22	(a)(2) and $(b)(3)$ are substances designated
23	under the process and criteria pursuant to para-
24	graph (1);

1	``(B) the resources allocated to conducting
2	safety assessments and safety determinations for
3	additional priorities designated under this sub-
4	section are proportionate to the number of such
5	substances relative to the total number of sub-
6	stances designated to undergo safety assessments
7	and safety determinations under this section;
8	and
9	``(C) the number of additional priority re-
10	quests stipulated under subparagraph (A) is in
11	addition to the total number of high-priority
12	substances identified under subsections $(a)(2)$
13	and $(b)(3)$.
14	"(3) Additional review of work plan chemi-
15	CALS FOR SAFETY ASSESSMENT AND SAFETY DETER-
16	MINATION.—In the case of a request under paragraph
17	(1) with respect to a chemical substance identified by
18	the Administrator in the October 2014 Work Plan-
19	"(A) the 30-percent cap specified in para-
20	graph $(2)(A)$ shall not apply and the addition of
21	Work Plan chemicals shall be at the discretion of
22	the Administrator; and
23	((B) notwithstanding paragraph $(1)(C)$, re-
24	quests for additional Work Plan chemicals under
25	this subsection shall be considered high-priority

1	chemicals subject to section 18(b) but not sub-
2	section $(a)(3)(A)(iii)$.
3	"(4) Requirements.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The public shall be pro-
5	vided notice and an opportunity to comment on
6	requests submitted under this subsection.
7	"(B) Decision by administrator.—Not
8	later than 180 days after the date on which the
9	Administrator receives a request under this sub-
10	section, the Administrator shall decide whether
11	or not to grant the request.
12	"(C) Assessment and determination.—
13	If the Administrator grants a request under this
14	subsection, the safety assessment and safety de-
15	termination—
16	"(i) shall be conducted in accordance
17	with the deadlines and other requirements
18	of sections 3A(i) and 6; and
19	"(ii) shall not be expedited or otherwise
20	subject to special treatment relative to high-
21	priority substances designated pursuant to
22	subsection (b)(3) that are undergoing safety
23	assessments and safety determinations.".

•S 697 RS

1	SEC. 7. NEW CHEMICALS AND SIGNIFICANT NEW USES.
2	Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
3	U.S.C. 2604) is amended—
4	(1) by striking the section designation and head-
5	ing and inserting the following:
6	"SEC. 5. NEW CHEMICALS AND SIGNIFICANT NEW USES.";
7	(2) by striking subsection (b);
8	(3) by redesignating subsection (a) as subsection
9	(b);
10	(4) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection
11	(a) and moving the subsection so as to appear at the
12	beginning of the section;
13	(5) in subsection (b) (as so redesignated)—
14	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
15	"IN GENERAL" and inserting "NOTICES";
16	(B) in paragraph (1)—
17	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
18	graph (A), by striking "subsection (h)" and
19	inserting "paragraph (3) and subsection
20	(h)"; and
21	(ii) in the matter following subpara-
22	graph (B)—
23	(I) by striking "subsection (d) "
24	and inserting "subsection (c)"; and

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1	(II) by striking "and such person
2	complies with any applicable require-
3	ment of subsection (b)"; and
4	(C) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(3) ARTICLE CONSIDERATION.—The Adminis-
6	trator may require the notification for the import or
7	processing of a chemical substance as part of an arti-
8	cle or category of articles under paragraph $(1)(B)$ if
9	the Administrator makes an affirmative finding in a
10	rule under paragraph (2) that the reasonable poten-
11	tial for exposure to the chemical substance through the
12	article or category of articles subject to the rule war-
13	rants notification.";
14	(6) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
15	subsections (d) and (c), respectively, and moving sub-
16	section (c) (as so redesigned) so as appear after sub-
17	section (b) (as redesignated by paragraph (3));
18	(7) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)—
19	(A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting
20	the following:
21	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The notice required by sub-
22	section (b) shall include, with respect to a chemical
23	substance—

1	"(A) the information required by sections
2	720.45 and 720.50 of title 40, Code of Federal
3	Regulations (or successor regulations); and
4	``(B) information regarding conditions of
5	use and reasonably anticipated exposures.";
6	(B) in paragraph (2)—
7	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
8	graph (A)—
9	(I) by striking "subsection (a) "
10	and inserting "subsection (b)"; and
11	(II) by striking "or of data under
12	subsection (b)";
13	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by adding
14	"and" after the semicolon at the end;
15	(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
16	"; and" and inserting a period; and
17	(iv) by striking subparagraph (C); and
18	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "sub-
19	section (a) and for which the notification period
20	prescribed by subsection (a), (b), or (c)" and in-
21	serting "subsection (b) and for which the notifi-
22	cation period prescribed by subsection (b) or
23	(d)";
24	(8) by striking subsection (d) (as redesignated by
25	paragraph (6)) and inserting the following:

1	"(d) Review of Notice.—
2	"(1) INITIAL REVIEW.—
3	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
4	graph (B) , not later than 90 days after the date
5	of receipt of a notice submitted under subsection
6	(b), the Administrator shall—
7	"(i) conduct an initial review of the
8	notice;
9	"(ii) as needed, develop a profile of the
10	relevant chemical substance and the poten-
11	tial for exposure to humans and the envi-
12	ronment; and
13	"(iii) make any necessary determina-
14	tion under paragraph (3).
15	"(B) EXTENSION.—Except as provided in
16	paragraph (5), the Administrator may extend
17	the period described in subparagraph (A) for
18	good cause for 1 or more periods, the total of
19	which shall be not more than 90 days.
20	"(2) INFORMATION SOURCES.—In evaluating a
21	notice under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall
22	take into consideration—
23	"(A) any relevant information identified in
24	subsection $(c)(1)$; and

1	"(B) any other relevant additional informa-
2	tion available to the Administrator.
3	"(3) Determinations.—Before the end of the
4	applicable period for review under paragraph (1),
5	based on the information described in paragraph (2),
6	and subject to section $18(g)$, the Administrator shall
7	determine that—
8	"(A) the relevant chemical substance or sig-
9	nificant new use is not likely to meet the safety
10	standard, in which case the Administrator shall
11	take appropriate action under paragraph (4);
12	``(B) the relevant chemical substance or sig-
13	nificant new use is likely to meet the safety
14	standard, in which case the Administrator shall
15	allow the review period to expire without addi-
16	tional restrictions; or
17	``(C) additional information is necessary in
18	order to make a determination under subpara-
19	graph (A) or (B), in which case the Adminis-
20	trator shall take appropriate action under para-
21	graphs (4) and (5).
22	"(4) Restrictions.—
23	"(A) DETERMINATION BY ADMINIS-
24	TRATOR.—

1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If the Adminis-
2	trator makes a determination under sub-
3	paragraph (A) or (C) of paragraph (3) with
4	respect to a notice submitted under sub-
5	section (b)—
6	"(I) the Administrator, before the
7	end of the applicable period for review
8	under paragraph (1) and by consent
9	agreement or order, as appropriate,
10	shall prohibit or otherwise restrict the
11	manufacture, processing, use, distribu-
12	tion in commerce, or disposal (as ap-
13	plicable) of the chemical substance, or
14	of the chemical substance for a signifi-
15	cant new use, without compliance with
16	the restrictions specified in the consent
17	agreement or order that the Adminis-
18	trator determines are sufficient to en-
19	sure that the chemical substance or sig-
20	nificant new use is likely to meet the
21	safety standard; and
22	"(II) no person may commence
23	manufacture of the chemical substance,
24	or manufacture or processing of the
25	chemical substance for a significant

1	new use, except in compliance with the
2	restrictions specified in the consent
3	agreement or order.
4	"(ii) Likely to meet standard.—If
5	the Administrator makes a determination
6	under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3)
7	with respect to a chemical substance or sig-
8	nificant new use for which a notice was
9	submitted under subsection (b), at the end
10	of the applicable period for review under
11	paragraph (1), the submitter of the notice
12	may commence manufacture for commercial
13	purposes of the chemical substance or man-
14	ufacture or processing of the chemical sub-
15	stance for a significant new use.
16	"(B) Requirements.—Not later than 90
17	days after issuing a consent agreement or order
18	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator
19	shall—
20	"(i) take into consideration whether to
21	promulgate a rule pursuant to subsection
22	(b)(2) that identifies as a significant new
23	use any manufacturing, processing, use, dis-
24	tribution in commerce, or disposal of the
25	chemical substance, or of the chemical sub-

1	stance for a new use, that is not in compli-
2	ance with the restrictions imposed by the
3	consent agreement or order; and
4	"(ii)(I) initiate a rulemaking described
5	in clause (i); or
6	``(II) publish a statement describing
7	the reasons of the Administrator for not ini-
8	tiating a rulemaking.
9	"(C) Inclusions.—A prohibition or other
10	restriction under subparagraph (A) may include,
11	as appropriate—
12	"(i) subject to section 18(g), a require-
13	ment that a chemical substance shall be
14	marked with, or accompanied by, clear and
15	adequate minimum warnings and instruc-
16	tions with respect to use, distribution in
17	commerce, or disposal, or any combination
18	of those activities, with the form and con-
19	tent of the minimum warnings and instruc-
20	tions to be prescribed by the Administrator
21	"(ii) a requirement that manufacturers
22	or processors of the chemical substance
23	shall—
24	((I) make and retain records of
25	the processes used to manufacture or

11the chemical substance that may be manu- factured, processed, or distributed in com- 1212factured, processed, or distributed in com- merce—13merce—14"(I) in general; or "(II) for a particular use;16"(iv) a prohibition or other restriction of—17of—18"(I) the manufacture, processing, or distribution in commerce of the chemical substance for a significant new use;20"(II) any method of commercial use of the chemical substance; or	1	process, as applicable, the chemical
4ditional tests as are reasonably nec-5essary to address potential risks from6the manufacture, processing, distribu-7tion in commerce, use, or disposal, as8applicable, of the chemical substance,9subject to section 4;10"(iii) a restriction on the quantity of11the chemical substance that may be manu-12factured, processed, or distributed in com-13merce—14"(I) in general; or15"(II) for a particular use;16"(iv) a prohibition or other restriction17of—18"(I) the manufacture, processing,19or distribution in commerce of the20chemical substance for a significant21new use;22"(II) any method of commercial23use of the chemical substance; or24"(III) any method of disposal of	2	substance; or
5essary to address potential risks from6the manufacture, processing, distribu-7tion in commerce, use, or disposal, as8applicable, of the chemical substance,9subject to section 4;10"(iii) a restriction on the quantity of11the chemical substance that may be manu-12factured, processed, or distributed in com-13merce—14"(I) in general; or15"(II) for a particular use;16"(iv) a prohibition or other restriction17of—18"(I) the manufacture, processing,19or distribution in commerce of the20chemical substance for a significant21new use;22"(II) any method of commercial23use of the chemical substance; or24"(III) any method of disposal of	3	"(II) monitor or conduct such ad-
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 use of the chemical substance; or "(III) any method of disposal of 	21	new use;
24 "(III) any method of disposal of	22	"(II) any method of commercial
	23	use of the chemical substance; or
25 the chemical substance; or	24	"(III) any method of disposal of
	25	the chemical substance; or

1	"(v) a prohibition or other restriction
2	on the manufacture, processing, or distribu-
3	tion in commerce of the chemical sub-
4	stance—
5	"(I) in general; or
6	"(II) for a particular use.
7	"(D) PERSISTENT AND BIOACCUMULATIVE
8	SUBSTANCES.—For a chemical substance the Ad-
9	ministrator determines ranks high for persistence
10	and bioaccumulation, the Administrator shall, in
11	selecting among prohibitions and other restric-
12	tions that the Administrator determines are suf-
13	ficient to ensure that the chemical substance is
14	likely to meet the safety standard, reduce poten-
15	tial exposure to the substance to the maximum
16	extent practicable.
17	"(E) Workplace exposures.—The Ad-
18	ministrator shall consult with the Assistant Sec-
19	retary of Labor for Occupational Safety and
20	Health prior to adopting any prohibition or
21	other restriction under this subsection to address
22	workplace exposures.
23	"(F) DEFINITION OF REQUIREMENT.—For
24	purposes of this Act, the term 'requirement' as

1	used in this section does not displace common
2	law.
3	"(5) Additional information.—If the Admin-
4	istrator determines under paragraph $(3)(C)$ that ad-
5	ditional information is necessary to conduct a review
6	under this subsection, the Administrator—
7	"(A) shall provide an opportunity for the
8	submitter of the notice to submit the additional
9	information;
10	((B) may, by agreement with the submitter,
11	extend the review period for a reasonable time to
12	allow the development and submission of the ad-
13	ditional information;
14	"(C) may promulgate a rule, enter into a
15	testing consent agreement, or issue an order
16	under section 4 to require the development of the
17	information; and
18	"(D) on receipt of information the Adminis-
19	trator finds supports the determination under
20	paragraph (3), shall promptly make the deter-
21	mination.";
22	(9) by striking subsections (e) through (g) and
23	inserting the following:
24	"(e) Notice of Commencement.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
2	the date on which a manufacturer that has submitted
3	a notice under subsection (b) commences nonexempt
4	commercial manufacture of a chemical substance, the
5	manufacturer shall submit to the Administrator a no-
6	tice of commencement that identifies—
7	"(A) the name of the manufacturer; and
8	"(B) the initial date of nonexempt commer-
9	cial manufacture.
10	"(2) WITHDRAWAL.—A manufacturer or proc-
11	essor that has submitted a notice under subsection (b),
12	but that has not commenced nonexempt commercial
13	manufacture or processing of the chemical substance,
14	may withdraw the notice.
15	"(f) FURTHER EVALUATION.—The Administrator may
16	review a chemical substance under section 4A at any time
17	after the Administrator receives—
18	"(1) a notice of commencement for a chemical
19	substance under subsection (e); or
20	"(2) new information regarding the chemical
21	substance.
22	"(g) TRANSPARENCY.—Subject to section 14, the Ad-
23	ministrator shall make available to the public—
24	"(1) all notices, determinations, consent agree-
25	ments, rules, and orders of the Administrator; and

1	"(2) all information submitted or issued under
2	this section."; and
3	(10) in subsection (h)—
4	(A) in paragraph (1)—
5	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
6	graph (A), by striking "(a) or"; and
7	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by inserting
8	", without taking into account cost or other
9	nonrisk factors" after "the environment";
10	(B) by striking paragraph (2);
11	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3)
12	through (6) as paragraphs (2) through (5) , re-
13	spectively;
14	(D) in paragraph (2) (as so redesignated),
15	in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by
16	striking "subsections (a) and (b)" and inserting
17	"subsection (b)";
18	(E) in paragraph (3) (as so redesignated)—
19	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
20	"will not present an unreasonable risk of
21	injury to health or the environment" and
22	inserting "will meet the safety standard";
23	and
24	(ii) by striking the second sentence;

1	(F) in paragraph (4) (as so redesignated),
2	by striking "subsections (a) and (b)" and insert-
3	ing "subsection (b)"; and
4	(G) in paragraph (5) (as so redesignated),
5	in the first sentence, by striking "paragraph (1)
6	or (5) " and inserting "paragraph (1) or (4) ".
7	SEC. 8. SAFETY ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINA-
8	TIONS.
9	Section 6 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
10	U.S.C. 2605) is amended—
11	(1) by striking the section designation and head-
12	ing and inserting the following:
13	"SEC. 6. SAFETY ASSESSMENTS AND SAFETY DETERMINA-
14	TIONS.";
15	(2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
16	subsections (g) and (h), respectively;
17	(3) by striking subsections (a) through (d) and
18	inserting the following:
19	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator—
20	"(1) shall conduct a safety assessment and make
21	a safety determination of each high-priority substance
22	in accordance with subsections (b) and (c);
23	"(2) shall, as soon as practicable and not later
24	than 6 months after the date on which a chemical
25	substance is designated as a high-priority substance,

1	define and publish the scope of the safety assessment
2	and safety determination to be conducted pursuant to
3	this section, including the hazards, exposures, condi-
4	tions of use, and potentially exposed or susceptible
5	populations that the Administrator expects to con-
6	sider;
7	"(3) as appropriate based on the results of a
8	safety determination, shall establish restrictions pur-
9	suant to subsection (d);
10	"(4) shall complete a safety assessment and safe-
11	ty determination not later than 3 years after the date
12	on which a chemical substance is designated as a
13	high-priority substance;
14	"(5) shall promulgate a final rule pursuant to
15	subsection (d) by not later than 2 years after the date
16	on which the safety determination is completed; and
17	"(6) may extend any deadline under paragraph
18	(4) or (5) for a reasonable period of time after an
19	adequate public justification, subject to the condition
20	that the aggregate length of all extensions of deadlines
21	under this subsection, plus any deferral under sub-
22	section (c)(2), does not exceed 2 years.
23	"(b) Prior Actions and Notice of Existing Infor-
24	MATION.—
25	"(1) Prior-initiated assessments.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act
2	prevents the Administrator from initiating a
3	safety assessment or safety determination regard-
4	ing a chemical substance, or from continuing or
5	completing such a safety assessment or safety de-
6	termination that was initiated before the date of
7	enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
8	Safety for the 21st Century Act, prior to the ef-
9	fective date of the policies and procedures re-
10	quired to be established by the Administrator
11	under section 3A or 4A.
12	"(B) INTEGRATION OF PRIOR POLICIES AND
13	PROCEDURES.—As policies and procedures under
14	section 3A and 4A are established, to the max-
15	imum extent practicable, the Administrator shall
16	integrate the policies and procedures into ongo-
17	ing safety assessments and safety determinations.
18	"(2) Actions completed prior to comple-
19	tion of policies and procedures.—Nothing in
20	this Act requires the Administrator to revise or with-
21	draw a completed safety assessment, safety determina-
22	tion, or rule solely because the action was completed
23	prior to the completion of a policy or procedure estab-
24	lished under section 3A or 4A, and the validity of a
25	completed assessment, determination, or rule shall not

be determined based on the content of such a policy
or procedure.
"(3) Notice of existing information.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
shall, where such information is available, take
notice of existing information regarding hazard
and exposure published by other Federal agencies
and the National Academies and incorporate the
information in safety assessments and safety de-
terminations with the objective of increasing the
efficiency of the safety assessments and safety de-
terminations.
"(B) Inclusion of information.—Exist-
ing information described in subparagraph (A)
should be included to the extent practicable and
where the Administrator determines the informa-
tion is relevant and scientifically reliable.
"(c) SAFETY DETERMINATIONS.—
"(1) In GENERAL.—Based on a review of the in-
formation available to the Administrator, including
draft safety assessments submitted by interested per-
sons, and subject to section 18, the Administrator
shall determine that—
(A) the relevant chemical substance meets

the safety standard;

1	``(B) the relevant chemical substance does
2	not meet the safety standard, in which case the
3	Administrator shall, by rule under subsection
4	(d)—
5	"(i) impose restrictions necessary to
6	ensure that the chemical substance meets the
7	safety standard under the conditions of use;
8	or
9	"(ii) if the safety standard cannot be
10	met with the application of restrictions, ban
11	or phase out the chemical substance, as ap-
12	propriate; or
13	``(C) additional information is necessary in
14	order to make a determination under subpara-
15	graph (A) or (B), in which case the Adminis-
16	trator shall take appropriate action under para-
17	graph (2).
18	"(2) Additional information.—If the Admin-
19	istrator determines that additional information is
20	necessary to make a safety assessment or safety deter-
21	mination for a high-priority substance, the Adminis-
22	trator—
23	"(A) shall provide an opportunity for inter-
24	ested persons to submit the additional informa-
25	tion;

1	``(B) may promulgate a rule, enter into a
2	testing consent agreement, or issue an order
3	under section 4 to require the development of the
4	information;
5	"(C) may defer, for a reasonable period con-
6	sistent with the deadlines described in subsection
7	(a), a safety assessment and safety determination
8	until after receipt of the information; and
9	``(D) consistent with the deadlines described
10	in subsection (a), on receipt of information the
11	Administrator finds supports the safety assess-
12	ment and safety determination, shall make a de-
13	termination under paragraph (1).
14	"(3) Establishment of deadline.—In re-
15	questing the development or submission of informa-
16	tion under this section, the Administrator shall estab-
17	lish a deadline for the submission of the information.
18	"(d) RULE.—
19	"(1) Implementation.—If the Administrator
20	makes a determination under subsection $(c)(1)(B)$
21	with respect to a chemical substance, the Adminis-
22	trator shall promulgate a rule establishing restrictions
23	necessary to ensure that the chemical substance meets
24	the safety standard.
25	"(2) Scope.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The rule promulgated
2	pursuant to this subsection—
3	"(i) may apply to mixtures containing
4	the chemical substance, as appropriate;
5	"(ii) shall include dates by which com-
6	pliance is mandatory, which—
7	"(I) shall be as soon as prac-
8	ticable;
9	"(II) in the case of a ban or
10	phase-out of the chemical substance,
11	shall implement the ban or phase-out
12	in as short a period as practicable;
13	and
14	"(III) as determined by the Ad-
15	ministrator, may vary for different af-
16	fected persons; and
17	"(iii) shall exempt replacement parts
18	that are manufactured prior to the effective
19	date of the rule for articles that are first
20	manufactured prior to the effective date of
21	the rule unless the Administrator finds the
22	replacement parts contribute significantly
23	to the identified risk; and
24	"(iv) shall, in selecting among prohibi-
25	tions and other restrictions, apply such pro-

1	hibitions or other restrictions to articles
2	containing the chemical substance only to
3	the extent necessary to address the identified
4	risks in order to determine that the chem-
5	ical substance meets the safety standard.
6	"(B) PERSISTENT AND BIOACCUMULATIVE
7	SUBSTANCES.—For a chemical substance the Ad-
8	ministrator determines ranks high for persistence
9	and bioaccumulation, the Administrator shall, in
10	selecting among prohibitions and other restric-
11	tions that the Administrator determines are suf-
12	ficient to ensure that the chemical substance
13	meets the safety standard, reduce exposure to the
14	substance to the maximum extent practicable.
15	"(C) Workplace exposures.—The Ad-
16	ministrator shall consult with the Assistant Sec-
17	retary of Labor for Occupational Safety and
18	Health before adopting any prohibition or other
19	restriction under this subsection to address work-
20	place exposures.
21	"(D) DEFINITION OF REQUIREMENT.—For
22	the purposes of this Act, the term 'requirement'
23	as used in this section does not displace common
24	law.

1 "(3) RESTRICTIONS.—A restriction under para-2 graph (1) may include, as appropriate— 3 "(A) subject to section 18, a requirement that a chemical substance shall be marked with, 4 5 or accompanied by, clear and adequate min-6 imum warnings and instructions with respect to 7 use, distribution in commerce, or disposal, or 8 any combination of those activities, with the 9 form and content of the minimum warnings and 10 instructions to be prescribed by the Adminis-11 trator; 12 (B) a requirement that manufacturers or 13 processors of the chemical substance shall— 14 "(i) make and retain records of the 15 processes used to manufacture or process the chemical substance; 16 17 "(*ii*) describe and apply the relevant 18 quality control procedures followed in the 19 manufacturing or processing of the sub-20 stance; or 21 "(iii) monitor or conduct tests that are 22 reasonably necessary to ensure compliance 23 with the requirements of any rule under this subsection: 24

1	"(C) a restriction on the quantity of the
2	chemical substance that may be manufactured,
3	processed, or distributed in commerce;
4	"(D) a requirement to ban or phase out, or
5	any other rule regarding, the manufacture, proc-
6	essing, or distribution in commerce of the chem-
7	ical substance for—
8	"(i) a particular use;
9	"(ii) a particular use at a concentra-
10	tion in excess of a level specified by the Ad-
11	ministrator; or
12	"(iii) all uses;
13	``(E) a restriction on the quantity of the
14	chemical substance that may be manufactured,
15	processed, or distributed in commerce for—
16	"(i) a particular use; or
17	"(ii) a particular use at a concentra-
18	tion in excess of a level specified by the Ad-
19	ministrator;
20	``(F) a requirement to ban, phase out, or
21	otherwise restrict any method of commercial use
22	of the chemical substance;
23	``(G) a requirement to ban, phase out, or
24	otherwise restrict any method of disposal of the

1	chemical substance or any article containing the
2	chemical substance; and
3	``(H) a requirement directing manufactur-
4	ers or processors of the chemical substance to give
5	notice of the Administrator's determination
6	under subsection $(c)(1)(B)$ to distributors in
7	commerce of the chemical substance and, to the
8	extent reasonably ascertainable, to other persons
9	in the chain of commerce in possession of the
10	chemical substance.
11	"(4) Analysis for rulemaking.—
12	"(A) CONSIDERATIONS.—In deciding which
13	restrictions to impose under paragraph (3) as
14	part of developing a rule under paragraph (1),
15	the Administrator shall take into consideration,
16	to the extent practicable based on reasonably
17	available information, the quantifiable and non-
18	quantifiable costs and benefits of the proposed
19	regulatory action and of the 1 or more primary
20	alternative regulatory actions considered by the
21	Administrator.
22	"(B) ALTERNATIVES.—As part of the anal-
23	ysis, the Administrator shall review any 1 or
24	more technically and economically feasible alter-
25	natives to the chemical substance that the Ad-

1	ministrator determines are relevant to the rule-
2	making.
3	"(C) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—In proposing
4	a rule under paragraph (1), the Administrator
5	shall make publicly available any analysis con-
6	ducted under this paragraph.
7	"(D) Statement required.—In making
8	final a rule under paragraph (1), the Adminis-
9	trator shall include a statement describing how
10	the analysis considered under subparagraph (A)
11	was taken into account.
12	"(5) Exemptions.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
14	may exempt 1 or more uses of a chemical sub-
15	stance from any restriction in a rule promul-
16	gated under paragraph (1) if the Administrator
17	determines that—
18	"(i) the rule cannot be complied with,
19	without—
20	"(I) harming national security;
21	"(II) causing significant disrup-
22	tion in the national economy due to
23	the lack of availability of a chemical
24	substance; or

"(III) interfering with a critical
or essential use for which no tech-
nically and economically feasible safer
alternative is available, taking into
consideration hazard and exposure; or
"(ii) the use of the chemical substance,
as compared to reasonably available alter-
natives, provides a substantial benefit to
health, the environment, or public safety.
"(B) EXEMPTION ANALYSIS.—In proposing
a rule under paragraph (1) that includes an ex-
emption under this paragraph, the Adminis-
trator shall make publicly available any analysis
conducted under this paragraph to assess the
need for the exemption.
"(C) Statement required.—In making
final a rule under paragraph (1) that includes
an exemption under this paragraph, the Admin-
istrator shall include a statement describing how
the analysis considered under subparagraph (B)
was taken into account.
"(D) Analysis in case of ban or phase-
OUT.—In determining whether an exemption
should be granted under this paragraph for a
chemical substance for which a ban or phase-out

1	is proposed, the Administrator shall take into
2	consideration, to the extent practicable based on
3	reasonably available information, the quantifi-
4	able and nonquantifiable costs and benefits of the
5	1 or more technically and economically feasible
6	alternatives to the chemical substance most likely
7	to be used in place of the chemical substance
8	under the conditions of use if the rule is promul-
9	gated.
10	"(E) CONDITIONS.—As part of a rule pro-
11	mulgated under paragraph (1), the Adminis-
12	trator shall include conditions in any exemption
13	established under this paragraph, including rea-
14	sonable recordkeeping, monitoring, and reporting
15	requirements, to the extent that the Adminis-
16	trator determines the conditions are necessary to
17	protect health and the environment while achiev-
18	ing the purposes of the exemption.
19	"(F) DURATION.—
20	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
21	shall establish, as part of a rule under
22	paragraph (1) that contains an exemption
23	under this paragraph, a time limit on any
24	exemption for a time to be determined by

1 the Administrator as reasonable on a case-2 by-case basis. 3 "(*ii*) **AUTHORITY** OFADMINIS-4 TRATOR.—The Administrator, by rule, may 5 extend, modify, or eliminate the exemption if the Administrator determines, on the 6 7 basis of reasonably available information 8 and after adequate public justification, the 9 exemption warrants extension or is no 10 longer necessary. 11 "(iii) Considerations.— 12 (I)IN GENERAL.—Subject to 13 subclause (II), the Administrator shall 14 issue exemptions and establish time pe-15 riods by considering factors determined 16 by the Administrator to be relevant to 17 the goals of fostering innovation and 18 the development of alternatives that 19 meet the safety standard. 20 "(II) LIMITATION.—Any renewal 21 of an exemption in the case of a rule 22 requiring the ban or phase-out of a 23 chemical substance shall not exceed 5 24 years.

1	"(e) IMMEDIATE EFFECT.—The Administrator may
2	declare a proposed rule under subsection $(d)(1)$ to be effec-
3	tive on publication of the rule in the Federal Register and
4	until the effective date of final action taken respecting the
5	rule, if—
6	"(1) the Administrator determines that—
7	"(A) the manufacture, processing, distribu-

8 tion in commerce, use, or disposal of the chem-9 ical substance or mixture subject to the proposed 10 rule or any combination of those activities is 11 likely to result in a risk of serious or widespread 12 injury to health or the environment before the ef-13 fective date; and

14 "(B) making the proposed rule so effective is
15 necessary to protect the public interest; and

16 "(2) in the case of a proposed rule to prohibit the 17 manufacture, processing, or distribution in commerce 18 of a chemical substance or mixture because of the risk 19 determined under paragraph (1)(A), a court has 20 granted relief in an action under section 7 with re-21 spect to that risk associated with the chemical sub-22 stance or mixture.

23 "(f) FINAL AGENCY ACTION.—Under this section and
24 subject to section 18—

1	"(1) a safety determination, and the associated
2	safety assessment, for a chemical substance that the
3	Administrator determines under subsection (c) meets
4	the safety standard, shall be considered to be a final
5	agency action, effective beginning on the date of
6	issuance of the final safety determination; and
7	"(2) a final rule promulgated under subsection
8	(d)(1), and the associated safety assessment and safe-
9	ty determination that a chemical substance does not
10	meet the safety standard, shall be considered to be a
11	final agency action, effective beginning on the date of
12	promulgation of the final rule."; and
13	(4) in subsection (g) (as redesignated by para-
14	graph (2))—
15	(A) by striking paragraph (4); and
16	(B) by redesignating paragraph (5) as
17	paragraph (4).
18	SEC. 9. IMMINENT HAZARDS.
19	Section 7 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
20	U.S.C. 2606) is amended—
21	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
22	following:
23	"(a) Civil Actions.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may
2	commence a civil action in an appropriate United
3	States district court for—
4	"(A) seizure of an imminently hazardous
5	chemical substance or mixture or any article
6	containing the chemical substance or mixture;
7	$((B) \ relief \ (as \ authorized \ by \ subsection \ (b))$
8	against any person that manufactures, processes,
9	distributes in commerce, uses, or disposes of, an
10	imminently hazardous chemical substance or
11	mixture or any article containing the chemical
12	substance or mixture; or
13	``(C) both seizure described in subparagraph
14	(A) and relief described in subparagraph (B) .
15	"(2) Rule, order, or other proceeding.—A
16	civil action may be commenced under this paragraph,
17	notwith standing—
18	"(A) the existence of a decision, rule, con-
19	sent agreement, or order by the Administrator
20	under section 4, 4A, 5, or 6 or title IV or VI; or
21	``(B) the pendency of any administrative or
22	judicial proceeding under any provision of this
23	Act.";
24	(2) in subsection $(b)(1)$, by striking "unreason-
25	able";

(3) in subsection (d), by striking "section $6(a)$ "
and inserting "section 6(d)"; and
(4) in subsection (f), in the first sentence, by
striking "and unreasonable".
SEC. 10. INFORMATION COLLECTION AND REPORTING.
Section 8 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
U.S.C. 2607) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a)—
(A) in paragraph (3)(A)(ii)(I)—
(i) by striking " $5(b)(4)$ " and inserting
<i>"5";</i>
(ii) by inserting "section 4 or" after
"in effect under"; and
(iii) by striking "5(e)," and inserting
"5(d)(4);"; and
(B) by adding at the end the following:
"(4) RULES.—
"(A) Deadline.—
"(i) In general.—Not later than 2
years after the date of enactment of the
Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
the 21st Century Act, the Administrator
shall promulgate rules requiring the main-
tenance of records and the reporting of in-
formation known or reasonably ascertain-

1	able by the person making the report, in-
2	cluding rules requiring processors to report
3	information, so that the Administrator has
4	the information necessary to carry out sec-
5	tions 4 and 6.
6	"(ii) Modification of prior
7	RULES.—In carrying out this subpara-
8	graph, the Administrator may modify, as
9	appropriate, rules promulgated before the
10	date of enactment of the Frank R. Lauten-
11	berg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century
12	Act.
13	"(B) CONTENTS.—The rules promulgated
14	pursuant to subparagraph (A)—
15	"(i) may impose different reporting
16	and recordkeeping requirements on manu-
17	facturers and processors; and
18	"(ii) shall include the level of detail
19	necessary to be reported, including the man-
20	ner by which use and exposure information
21	may be reported.
22	"(C) Administration.—In implementing
23	the reporting and recordkeeping requirements
24	under this paragraph, the Administrator shall
25	take measures—

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1	"(i) to limit the potential for duplica-
2	tion in reporting requirements;
3	"(ii) to minimize the impact of the
4	rules on small manufacturers and proc-
5	essors; and
6	"(iii) to apply any reporting obliga-
7	tions to those persons likely to have infor-
8	mation relevant to the effective implementa-
9	tion of this title.
10	"(5) GUIDANCE.—The Administrator shall de-
11	velop guidance relating to the information required to
12	be reported under the rules promulgated under this
13	subsection.";
14	(2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the
15	following:
16	"(3) Nomenclature.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out para-
18	graph (1), the Administrator shall—
19	"(i) maintain the use of Class 2 no-
20	menclature in use on the date of enactment
21	of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safe-
22	ty for the 21st Century Act;
23	"(ii) maintain the use of the Soap and
24	Detergent Association Nomenclature Sys-
25	tem, published in March 1978 by the Ad-

1	ministrator in section 1 of addendum III of
2	the document entitled 'Candidate List of
3	Chemical Substances', and further described
4	in the appendix A of volume I of the 1985
5	edition of the Toxic Substances Control Act
6	Substances Inventory (EPA Document No.
7	EPA-560/7-85-002a); and
8	"(iii) treat all components of categories
9	that are considered to be statutory mixtures
10	under this Act as being included on the list
11	published under paragraph (1) under the
12	Chemical Abstracts Service numbers for the
13	respective categories, including, without
14	limitation—
15	"(I) cement, Portland, chemicals,
16	CAS No. 65997–15–1;
17	"(II) cement, alumina, chemicals,
18	CAS No. 65997–16–2;
19	"(III) glass, oxide, chemicals,
20	CAS No. 65997–17–3;
21	"(IV) frits, chemicals, CAS No.
22	65997-18-4;
23	"(V) steel manufacture, chemicals,
24	CAS No. 65997–19–5; and

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1	"(VI) ceramic materials and
2	wares, chemicals, CAS No. 66402–68–
3	4.
4	"(B) Multiple nomenclature conven-
5	TIONS.—
6	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If an existing guid-
7	ance allows for multiple nomenclature con-
8	ventions, the Administrator shall—
9	((I) maintain the nomenclature
10	conventions for substances; and
11	"(II) develop new guidance that—
12	"(aa) establishes equivalency
13	between the nomenclature conven-
14	tions for chemical substances on
15	the list published under para-
16	graph (1); and
17	"(bb) permits persons to rely
18	on the new guidance for purposes
19	of determining whether a chemical
20	substance is on the list published
21	under paragraph (1).
22	"(ii) Multiple cas numbers.—For
23	any chemical substance appearing multiple
24	times on the list under different Chemical
25	Abstracts Service numbers, the Adminis-

1	trator shall develop guidance recognizing
2	the multiple listings as a single chemical
3	substance.
4	"(4) Chemical substances in commerce.—
5	"(A) RULES.—
6	"(i) In general.—Not later than 1
7	year after the date of enactment of the
8	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
9	the 21st Century Act, the Administrator, by
10	rule, shall require manufacturers and proc-
11	essors to notify the Administrator, by not
12	later than 180 days after the date of pro-
13	mulgation of the rule, of each chemical sub-
14	stance on the list published under para-
15	graph (1) that the manufacturer or proc-
16	essor, as applicable, has manufactured or
17	processed for a nonexempt commercial pur-
18	pose during the 10-year period ending on
19	the day before the date of enactment of the
20	Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
21	the 21st Century Act.
22	"(ii) Active substances.—The Ad-
23	ministrator shall, pursuant to paragraph
24	(5)(A), designate chemical substances for
25	which notices are received under clause (i)

1	to be active substances on the list published
2	under paragraph (1).
3	"(B) Confidential chemical sub-
4	STANCES.—The rule promulgated by the Admin-
5	istrator pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall re-
6	quire—
7	"(i) the Administrator to maintain the
8	list under paragraph (1), which shall in-
9	clude a confidential portion and a noncon-
10	fidential portion consistent with this section
11	and section 14;
12	"(ii) a manufacturer or processor that
13	is submitting a notice pursuant to subpara-
14	graph (A) for a chemical substance on the
15	confidential portion of the list published
16	under paragraph (1) to indicate in the no-
17	tice whether the manufacturer or processor
18	seeks to maintain any existing claim for
19	protection against disclosure of the specific
20	identity of the substance as confidential
21	pursuant to section 14; and
22	"(iii) the substantiation of those claims
23	pursuant to section 14 and in accordance
24	with the review plan described in subpara-
25	graph (C).

"(C) REVIEW PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Administrator compiles the initial list of active substances pursuant to subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall

promulgate a rule that establishes a plan to re-
view all claims to protect the specific identities
of chemical substances on the confidential por-
tion of the list published under paragraph (1)
that are notified pursuant to subparagraph (A)
or identified as active substances under sub-
section $(f)(1)$.

12 "(D) REQUIREMENTS OF REVIEW PLAN.— 13 The review plan under subparagraph (C) shall— "(i) require, at the time requested by 14 15 the Administrator, all manufacturers or processors asserting claims under subpara-16 17 graph (B) to substantiate the claim unless 18 the manufacturer or processor has substan-19 tiated the claim in a submission made to 20 the Administrator during the 5-year period 21 ending on the date of the request by the Ad-22 *ministrator;*

23 "(ii) require the Administrator, in ac24 cordance with section 14—

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1	"(I) to review each substan-
2	tiation—
3	"(aa) submitted pursuant to
4	clause (i) to determine if the
5	claim warrants protection from
6	disclosure; and
7	"(bb) submitted previously
8	by a manufacturer or processor
9	and relied on in lieu of the sub-
10	stantiation required pursuant to
11	clause (i), if the substantiation
12	has not been previously reviewed
13	by the Administrator, to deter-
14	mine if the claim warrants pro-
15	tection from disclosure;
16	"(II) approve, modify, or deny
17	each claim; and
18	"(III) except as provided in this
19	section and section 14, protect from
20	disclosure information for which the
21	Administrator approves such a claim
22	for a period of 10 years, unless, prior
23	to the expiration of the period—
24	"(aa) the person notifies the
25	Administrator that the person is

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1	withdrawing the confidentiality
2	claim, in which case the Adminis-
3	trator shall promptly make the
4	information available to the pub-
5	lic; or
6	"(bb) the Administrator oth-
7	erwise becomes aware that the
8	need for protection from disclosure
9	can no longer be substantiated, in
10	which case the Administrator
11	shall take the actions described in
12	section $14(g)(2)$; and
13	"(iii) encourage manufacturers or
14	processors that have previously made claims
15	to protect the specific identities of chemical
16	substances identified as inactive pursuant
17	to subsection $(f)(2)$ to review and either
18	withdraw or substantiate the claims.
19	"(E) TIMELINE FOR COMPLETION OF RE-
20	VIEWS.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
22	shall implement the review plan so as to
23	complete reviews of all claims specified in
24	subparagraph (C) not later than 5 years
25	after the date on which the Administrator

compiles the initial list of active substances
pursuant to subparagraph (A) .
"(ii) Considerations.—
"(I) IN GENERAL.—The Adminis-
trator may extend the deadline for
completion of the reviews for not more
than 2 additional years, after an ade-
quate public justification, if the Ad-
ministrator determines that the exten-
sion is necessary based on the number
of applicable claims needing review
and the available resources.
"(II) ANNUAL GOAL.—The Ad-
ministrator shall publish an annual
goal for the number of reviews to be
completed over the course of implemen-
tation of the plan.
"(5) ACTIVE AND INACTIVE SUBSTANCES.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
shall maintain and keep current designations of
active substances and inactive substances on the
list published under paragraph (1).
"(B) UPDATE.—The Administrator shall
update the list of chemical substances designated
as active substances as soon as practicable after

1	the date of publication of the most recent data
2	reported under—
3	"(i) part 711 of title 40, Code of Fed-
4	eral Regulations (or successor regulations);
5	and
6	"(ii) the rules promulgated pursuant to
7	subsection $(a)(4)$.
8	"(C) Change to active status.—
9	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Any person that
10	intends to manufacture or process for a
11	nonexempt commercial purpose a chemical
12	substance that is designated as an inactive
13	substance shall notify the Administrator be-
14	fore the date on which the inactive sub-
15	stance is manufactured or processed.
16	"(ii) Confidential chemical iden-
17	TITY CLAIMS.—If a person submitting a no-
18	tice under clause (i) for an inactive sub-
19	stance on the confidential portion of the list
20	published under paragraph (1) seeks to
21	maintain an existing claim for protection
22	against disclosure of the specific identity of
23	the inactive substance as confidential, the
24	person shall—

1	((I) in the notice submitted under
2	clause (i), assert the claim; and
3	"(II) by not later than 30 days
4	after providing the notice under clause
5	(i), substantiate the claim.
6	"(iii) ACTIVE STATUS.—On receiving a
7	notification under clause (i), the Adminis-
8	trator shall—
9	((I) designate the applicable
10	chemical substance as an active sub-
11	stance;
12	"(II) pursuant to section 14,
13	promptly review any claim and associ-
14	ated substantiation submitted pursu-
15	ant to clause (ii) for protection against
16	disclosure of the specific identity of the
17	chemical substance and approve, mod-
18	ify, or deny the claim;
19	"(III) except as provided in this
20	section and section 14, protect from
21	disclosure the specific identity of the
22	chemical substance for which the Ad-
23	ministrator approves a claim under
24	subclause (II) for a period of not less

1	than 10 years, unless, prior to the ex-
2	piration of the period—
3	"(aa) the person notifies the
4	Administrator that the person is
5	with drawing the $confidentiality$
6	claim, in which case the Adminis-
7	trator shall promptly make the
8	information available to the pub-
9	lic; or
10	"(bb) the Administrator oth-
11	erwise becomes aware that the
12	need for protection from disclosure
13	can no longer be substantiated, in
14	which case the Administrator
15	shall take the actions described in
16	section $14(g)(2)$; and
17	"(IV) pursuant to section 4A, re-
18	view the priority of the chemical sub-
19	stance as the Administrator determines
20	to be necessary.
21	"(D) CATEGORY STATUS.—The list of inac-
22	tive substances shall not be considered to be a
23	category for purposes of section $26(c)$.
24	"(6) Interim list of active substances.—
25	Prior to the promulgation of the rule required under

1	paragraph (4)(A), the Administrator shall designate
2	the chemical substances reported under part 711 of
3	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor reg-
4	ulations), during the reporting period that most close-
5	ly preceded the date of enactment of the Frank R .
6	Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act,
7	as the interim list of active substances for the pur-
8	poses of section 4A.
9	"(7) Public participation.—Subject to this
10	subsection, the Administrator shall make available to
11	the public—
12	((A) the specific identity of each chemical
13	substance on the nonconfidential portion of the
14	list published under paragraph (1) that the Ad-
15	ministrator has designated as—
16	"(i) an active substance; or
17	"(ii) an inactive substance;
18	``(B) the accession number, generic name,
19	and, if applicable, premanufacture notice case
20	number for each chemical substance on the con-
21	fidential portion of the list published under
22	paragraph (1) for which a claim of confiden-
23	tiality was received and approved by the Admin-
24	istrator pursuant to section 14; and

1	"(C) subject to section $14(g)$, the specific
2	identity of any active substance for which—
3	"(i) no claim of protection against dis-
4	closure of the specific identity of the active
5	substance pursuant to this subsection was
6	received;
7	"(ii) a claim for protection against
8	disclosure of the specific identity of the ac-
9	tive substance has been denied by the Ad-
10	ministrator; or
11	"(iii) the time period for protection
12	against disclosure of the specific identity of
13	the active substance has expired.
14	"(8) LIMITATION.—No person may assert a new
15	claim under this subsection for protection from disclo-
16	sure of a specific identity of any active or inactive
17	chemical substance for which a notice is received
18	under paragraph $(4)(A)(i)$ or $(5)(C)(i)$ that is not on
19	the confidential portion of the list published under
20	paragraph (1).
21	"(9) Certification.—Under the rules promul-
22	gated under this subsection, manufacturers and proc-
23	essors shall be required—
$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{A}$	
24	(A) to certify that each report the manu-

1	requirements of the rule, and that any confiden-
2	tiality claims are true and correct; and
3	" (B) to retain a record supporting the cer-
4	tification for a period of 5 years beginning on
5	the last day of the submission period.";
6	(3) in subsection (e)—
7	(A) by striking "Any person" and inserting
8	the following:
9	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person"; and
10	(B) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(2) APPLICABILITY.—Any person may submit
12	to the Administrator information reasonably sup-
13	porting the conclusion that a chemical substance or
14	mixture presents, will present, or does not present a
15	substantial risk of injury to health and the environ-
16	ment."; and
17	(4) in subsection (f), by striking "For purposes
18	of this section, the" and inserting the following: "In
19	this section:
20	"(1) ACTIVE SUBSTANCE.—The term 'active sub-
21	stance' means a chemical substance—
22	"(A) that has been manufactured or proc-
23	essed for a nonexempt commercial purpose at
24	any point during the 10-year period ending on

1	the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lauten-
2	berg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act;
3	((B) that is added to the list published
4	under subsection $(b)(1)$ after that date of enact-
5	ment; or
6	"(C) for which a notice is received under
7	subsection $(b)(5)(C)$.
8	"(2) INACTIVE SUBSTANCE.—The term 'inactive
9	substance' means a chemical substance on the list
10	published under subsection $(b)(1)$ that does not meet
11	any of the criteria described in paragraph (1).
12	"(3) MANUFACTURE; PROCESS.—The".
13	SEC. 11. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.
14	Section 9 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
15	U.S.C. 2608) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (a)—
17	(A) in paragraph (1), in the first sen-
18	tence—
19	(i) by striking "presents or will present
20	an unreasonable risk to health or the envi-
21	ronment" and inserting "does not meet the
22	safety standard"; and
23	(ii) by striking "such risk" the first
24	place it appears and inserting "the risk
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1	(B) in paragraph (2), in the matter fol-
2	lowing subparagraph (B), by striking "section 6
3	or 7" and inserting "section 6(d) or section 7";
4	and
5	(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "section
6	6 or 7" and inserting "section 6(d) or 7";
7	(2) in subsection (d), in the first sentence, by
8	striking "Health, Education, and Welfare" and in-
9	serting "Health and Human Services"; and
10	(3) by adding at the end the following:
11	"(e) Exposure Information.—If the Administrator
12	obtains information related to exposures or releases of a
13	chemical substance that may be prevented or reduced under
14	another Federal law, including laws not administered by
15	the Administrator, the Administrator shall make such in-
16	formation available to the relevant Federal agency or office
17	of the Environmental Protection Agency.".
18	SEC. 12. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, COLLECTION, DISSEMI-
19	NATION, AND UTILIZATION OF DATA.
20	Section 10 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
21	U.S.C. 2609) is amended by striking "Health, Education,
22	and Welfare" each place it appears and inserting "Health
23	and Human Services".

1 SEC. 13. EXPORTS.

2	Section 12 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
3	U.S.C. 2611) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (2)
5	and inserting the following:
6	"(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not
7	apply to any chemical substance that the Adminis-
8	trator determines—
9	"(A) under section 5 is not likely to meet
10	the safety standard; or
11	``(B) under section 6 does not meet the safe-
12	ty standard.
13	"(3) WAIVERS.—For a mixture or article con-
14	taining a chemical substance described in paragraph
15	(2), the Administrator may—
16	(A) determine that paragraph (1) shall not
17	apply to the mixture or article; or
18	``(B) establish a threshold concentration in
19	a mixture or article at which paragraph (1)
20	shall not apply.
21	"(4) TESTING.—The Administrator may require
22	testing under section 4 of any chemical substance or
23	mixture exempted from this Act under paragraph (1)
24	for the purpose of determining whether the chemical
25	substance or mixture meets the safety standard within
26	the United States.";

1	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(b) Notice.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A person shall notify the Ad-
5	ministrator that the person is exporting or intends to
6	export to a foreign country—
7	"(A) a chemical substance or a mixture con-
8	taining a chemical substance that the Adminis-
9	trator has determined under section 5 is not like-
10	ly to meet the safety standard and for which a
11	prohibition or other restriction has been proposed
12	or established under that section;
13	``(B) a chemical substance or a mixture
14	containing a chemical substance that the Admin-
15	istrator has determined under section 6 does not
16	meet the safety standard and for which a prohi-
17	bition or other restriction has been proposed or
18	established under that section;
19	``(C) a chemical substance for which the
20	United States is obligated by treaty to provide
21	export notification;
22	(D) a chemical substance or mixture sub-
23	ject to a significant new use rule, or a prohibi-
24	tion or other restriction pursuant to a rule,

1	order, or consent agreement in effect under this
2	Act; or
3	(E) a chemical substance or mixture for
4	which the submission of information is required
5	under section 4.
6	"(2) RULES.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
8	shall promulgate rules to carry out paragraph
9	(1).
10	"(B) CONTENTS.—The rules promulgated
11	pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall—
12	"(i) include such exemptions as the
13	Administrator determines to be appropriate,
14	which may include exemptions identified
15	under section $5(h)$; and
16	"(ii) indicate whether, or to what ex-
17	tent, the rules apply to articles containing
18	a chemical substance or mixture described
19	in paragraph (1).
20	"(3) NOTIFICATION.—The Administrator shall
21	submit to the government of each country to which a
22	chemical substance or mixture is exported—
23	"(A) for a chemical substance or mixture
24	described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (D) of
25	paragraph (1), a notice of the determination,

1	rule, order, consent agreement, requirement, or
2	designation;
3	``(B) for a chemical substance described in
4	paragraph $(1)(C)$, a notice that satisfies the obli-
5	gation of the United States under the applicable
6	treaty; and
7	"(C) for a chemical substance or mixture
8	described in paragraph $(1)(E)$, a notice of avail-
9	ability of the information on the chemical sub-
10	stance or mixture submitted to the Adminis-
11	trator."; and
12	(3) in subsection (c)—
13	(A) by striking paragraph (3); and
14	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (4)
15	through (6) as paragraphs (3) through (5) , re-
16	spectively.
17	SEC. 14. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.
18	Section 14 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
19	U.S.C. 2613) is amended to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 14. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION.
21	"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in
22	this section, the Administrator shall not disclose informa-
23	tion that is exempt from disclosure pursuant to subsection
24	(a) of section 552 of title 5, United States Code, under sub-
25	section (b)(4) of that section—

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1	"(1) that is reported to, or otherwise obtained by,
2	the Administrator under this Act; and
3	(2) for which the requirements of subsection (d)
4	are met.
5	"(b) INFORMATION GENERALLY PROTECTED FROM
6	DISCLOSURE.—The following information specific to, and
7	submitted by, a manufacturer, processor, or distributor that
8	meets the requirements of subsections (a) and (d) shall be
9	presumed to be protected from disclosure, subject to the con-
10	dition that nothing in this Act prohibits the disclosure of
11	any such information, or information that is the subject
12	of subsection $(g)(3)$, through discovery, subpoena, other
13	court order, or any other judicial process otherwise allowed
14	under applicable Federal or State law:
15	"(1) Specific information describing the proc-
16	esses used in manufacture or processing of a chemical

17 *substance, mixture, or article.*

18 *"(2) Marketing and sales information.*

19 "(3) Information identifying a supplier or cus-20 tomer.

21 "(4) Details of the full composition of a mixture
22 and the respective percentages of constituents.

23 "(5) Specific information regarding the use,
24 function, or application of a chemical substance or
25 mixture in a process, mixture, or product.

1	"(6) Specific production or import volumes of
2	the manufacturer and specific aggregated volumes
3	across manufacturers, if the Administrator determines
4	that disclosure of the specific aggregated volumes
5	would reveal confidential information.
6	"(7) Except as otherwise provided in this section,
7	the specific identity of a chemical substance prior to
8	the date on which the chemical substance is first of-
9	fered for commercial distribution, including the chem-
10	ical name, molecular formula, Chemical Abstracts
11	Service number, and other information that would
12	identify a specific chemical substance, if—
13	(A) the specific identity was claimed as
14	confidential information at the time it was sub-
15	mitted in a notice under section 5; and
16	"(B) the claim—
17	"(i) is not subject to an exception
18	under subsection (e); or
19	"(ii) has not subsequently been with-
20	drawn or found by the Administrator not to
21	warrant protection as confidential informa-
22	tion under subsection $(f)(2)$ or (g) .
23	"(c) INFORMATION NOT PROTECTED FROM DISCLO-
24	SURE.—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the fol-
25	lowing information shall not be protected from disclosure:

1	"(1) INFORMATION FROM HEALTH AND SAFETY
2	STUDIES.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subpara-
4	graph (B), subsection (a) does not prohibit the
5	disclosure of—
6	((i) any health and safety study that
7	is submitted under this Act with respect
8	to—
9	``(I) any chemical substance or
10	mixture that, on the date on which the
11	study is to be disclosed, has been of-
12	fered for commercial distribution; or
13	"(II) any chemical substance or
14	mixture for which—
15	"(aa) testing is required
16	under section 4; or
17	"(bb) a notification is re-
18	quired under section 5; or
19	"(ii) any information reported to, or
20	otherwise obtained by, the Administrator
21	from a health and safety study relating to
22	a chemical substance or mixture described
23	in subclause (I) or (II) of clause (i).

1	"(B) EFFECT OF PARAGRAPH.—Nothing in
2	this paragraph authorizes the release of any in-
3	formation that discloses—
4	"(i) a process used in the manufac-
5	turing or processing of a chemical substance
6	or mixture; or
7	"(ii) in the case of a mixture, the por-
8	tion of the mixture comprised by any chem-
9	ical substance in the mixture.
10	"(2) CERTAIN REQUESTS.—If a request is made
11	to the Administrator under section 552(a) of title 5,
12	United States Code, for information that is described
13	in paragraph (1) that is not described in paragraph
14	(1)(B), the Administrator may not deny the request
15	on the basis of section 552(b)(4) of title 5, United
16	States Code.
17	"(3) Other information not protected
18	FROM DISCLOSURE.—The following information is not
19	protected from disclosure under this section:
20	"(A) For information submitted after the
21	date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg
22	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, the
23	specific identity of a chemical substance as of the
24	date on which the chemical substance is first of-
25	fered for commercial distribution, if the person

1	submitting the information does not meet the re-
2	quirements of subsection (d).
3	``(B) A safety assessment developed, or a
4	safety determination made, under section 6.
5	``(C) Any general information describing
6	the manufacturing volumes, expressed as specific
7	aggregated volumes or, if the Administrator de-
8	termines that disclosure of specific aggregated
9	volumes would reveal confidential information,
10	expressed in ranges.
11	``(D) A general description of a process used
12	in the manufacture or processing and industrial,
13	commercial, or consumer functions and uses of a
14	chemical substance, mixture, or article con-
15	taining a chemical substance or mixture, includ-
16	ing information specific to an industry or indus-
17	try sector that customarily would be shared with
18	the general public or within an industry or in-
19	dustry sector.
20	"(4) Mixed confidential and nonconfiden-
21	TIAL INFORMATION .—Any information that is other-
22	wise eligible for protection under this section and con-
23	tained in a submission of information described in
24	this subsection shall be protected from disclosure, if
25	the submitter complies with subsection (d), subject to

1 the condition that information in the submission that 2 is not eligible for protection against disclosure shall be disclosed. 3

4 "(5) BAN OR PHASE-OUT.—If the Administrator 5 promulgates a rule pursuant to section 6(d) that es-6 tablishes a ban or phase-out of the manufacture, proc-7 essing, or distribution in commerce of a chemical sub-8 stance, subject to paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of sub-9 section (q), any protection from disclosure provided 10 under this section with respect to the specific identity 11 of the chemical substance and other information relat-12 ing to the chemical substance shall no longer apply. 13 (d)Requirements FOR**CONFIDENTIALITY** 14 CLAIMS.—

- 15 "(1) Assertion of claims.—
- 16

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A person seeking to 17 protect any information submitted under this 18 Act from disclosure (including information de-19 scribed in subsection (b)) shall assert to the Ad-20 ministrator a claim for protection concurrent 21 with submission of the information, in accord-22 ance with such rules regarding a claim for pro-23 tection from disclosure as the Administrator has 24 promulgated or may promulgate pursuant to 25 this title.

1	"(B) Inclusion.—An assertion of a claim
2	under subparagraph (A) shall include a state-
3	ment that the person has—
4	"(i) taken reasonable measures to pro-
5	tect the confidentiality of the information;
6	"(ii) determined that the information
7	is not required to be disclosed or otherwise
8	made available to the public under any
9	other Federal law;
10	"(iii) a reasonable basis to conclude
11	that disclosure of the information is likely
12	to cause substantial harm to the competitive
13	position of the person; and
14	"(iv) a reasonable basis to believe that
15	the information is not readily discoverable
16	through reverse engineering.
17	"(C) Specific chemical identity.—In
18	the case of a claim under subparagraph (A) for
19	protection against disclosure of a specific chem-
20	ical identity, the claim shall include a struc-
21	turally descriptive generic name for the chemical
22	substance that the Administrator may disclose to
23	the public, subject to the condition that the ge-
24	neric name shall—

1	"(i) conform with guidance prescribed
2	by the Administrator under paragraph
3	(3)(A); and
4	"(ii) describe the chemical structure of
5	the substance as specifically as practicable
6	while protecting those features of the chem-
7	ical structure—
8	((I) that are considered to be con-
9	fidential; and
10	"(II) the disclosure of which
11	would be likely to harm the competitive
12	position of the person.
13	"(D) PUBLIC INFORMATION.—No person
14	may assert a claim under this section for protec-
15	tion from disclosure of information that is al-
16	ready publicly available.
17	"(2) Additional requirements for con-
18	FIDENTIALITY CLAIMS.—Except for information de-
19	scribed in paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection
20	(b), a person asserting a claim to protect information
21	from disclosure under this Act shall substantiate the
22	claim, in accordance with the rules promulgated and
23	guidance issued by the Administrator.
24	"(3) GUIDANCE.—The Administrator shall de-
25	velop guidance regarding—

1	"(A) the determination of structurally de-
2	scriptive generic names, in the case of claims for
3	the protection against disclosure of specific chem-
4	ical identity; and
5	``(B) the content and form of the statements
6	of need and agreements required under para-
7	graphs (4), (5), and (6) of subsection (e).
8	"(4) CERTIFICATION.—An authorized official of
9	a person described in paragraph (1)(A) shall certify
10	that the information that has been submitted is true
11	and correct.
12	"(e) Exceptions to Protection From Disclo-
13	SURE.—Information described in subsection (a)—
14	"(1) shall be disclosed if the information is to be
15	disclosed to an officer or employee of the United
16	States in connection with the official duties of the of-
17	ficer or employee—
18	"(A) under any law for the protection of
19	health or the environment; or
20	"(B) for a specific law enforcement purpose;
21	"(2) shall be disclosed if the information is to be
22	disclosed to a contractor of the United States and em-
23	ployees of that contractor—
24	"(A) if, in the opinion of the Administrator,
25	the disclosure is necessary for the satisfactory

1	performance by the contractor of a contract with
2	the United States for the performance of work in
3	connection with this Act; and
4	((B) subject to such conditions as the Ad-
5	ministrator may specify;
6	"(3) shall be disclosed if the Administrator deter-
7	mines that disclosure is necessary to protect health or
8	the environment;
9	"(4) shall be disclosed if the information is to be
10	disclosed to a State or political subdivision of a State,
11	on written request, for the purpose of development,
12	administration, or enforcement of a law, if—
13	``(A) 1 or more applicable agreements with
14	the Administrator that conform with the guid-
15	ance issued under subsection $(d)(3)(B)$ ensure
16	that the recipient will take appropriate meas-
17	ures, and has adequate authority, to maintain
18	the confidentiality of the information in accord-
19	ance with procedures comparable to the proce-
20	dures used by the Administrator to safeguard the
21	information; and
22	"(B) the Administrator notifies the person
23	that submitted the information that the informa-
24	tion has been disclosed to the State or political
25	subdivision of a State;

1	"(5) shall be disclosed if a health or environ-
2	mental professional employed by a Federal or State
3	agency or a treating physician or nurse in a non-
4	emergency situation provides a written statement of
5	need and agrees to sign a written confidentiality
6	agreement with the Administrator, subject to the con-
7	ditions that—
8	``(A) the statement of need and confiden-
9	tiality agreement shall conform with the guid-
10	ance issued under subsection $(d)(3)(B)$;
11	((B) the written statement of need shall be
12	a statement that the person has a reasonable
13	basis to suspect that—
14	"(i) the information is necessary for,
15	or will assist in—
16	((I) the diagnosis or treatment of
17	1 or more individuals; or
18	"(II) responding to an environ-
19	mental release or exposure; and
20	"(ii) 1 or more individuals being diag-
21	nosed or treated have been exposed to the
22	chemical substance concerned, or an envi-
23	ronmental release or exposure has occurred;
24	and

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1	``(C) the confidentiality agreement shall
2	provide that the person will not use the informa-
3	tion for any purpose other than the health or en-
4	vironmental needs asserted in the statement of
5	need, except as otherwise may be authorized by
6	the terms of the agreement or by the person sub-
7	mitting the information to the Administrator,
8	except that nothing in this Act prohibits the dis-
9	closure of any such information through dis-
10	covery, subpoena, other court order, or any other
11	judicial process otherwise allowed under applica-
12	ble Federal or State law;
13	"(6) shall be disclosed if in the event of an emer-
14	gency, a treating physician, nurse, agent of a poison
15	control center, public health or environmental official
16	of a State or political subdivision of a State, or first
17	responder (including any individual duly authorized
18	by a Federal agency, State, or political subdivision of
19	a State who is trained in urgent medical care or
20	other emergency procedures, including a police officer,
21	firefighter, or emergency medical technician) requests
22	the information, subject to the conditions that—
23	"(A) the treating physician, nurse, agent,
24	public health or environmental official of a State

or a political subdivision of a State, or first re-

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1	sponder shall have a reasonable basis to suspect
2	that—
3	"(i) a medical or public health or envi-
4	ronmental emergency exists;
5	"(ii) the information is necessary for,
6	or will assist in, emergency or first-aid di-
7	agnosis or treatment; or
8	"(iii) 1 or more individuals being di-
9	agnosed or treated have likely been exposed
10	to the chemical substance concerned, or a se-
11	rious environmental release of or exposure
12	to the chemical substance concerned has oc-
13	curred;
14	"(B) if requested by the person submitting
15	the information to the Administrator, the treat-
16	ing physician, nurse, agent, public health or en-
17	vironmental official of a State or a political sub-
18	division of a State, or first responder shall, as
19	described in paragraph (5)—
20	"(i) provide a written statement of
21	need; and
22	"(ii) agree to sign a confidentiality
23	agreement; and
24	``(C) the written confidentiality agreement
25	or statement of need shall be submitted as soon

1	as practicable, but not necessarily before the in-
2	formation is disclosed;
3	"(7) may be disclosed if the Administrator deter-
4	mines that disclosure is relevant in a proceeding
5	under this Act, subject to the condition that the disclo-
6	sure shall be made in such a manner as to preserve
7	confidentiality to the maximum extent practicable
8	without impairing the proceeding;
9	"(8) shall be disclosed if the information is to be
10	disclosed, on written request of any duly authorized
11	congressional committee, to that committee; or
12	"(9) shall be disclosed if the information is re-
13	quired to be disclosed or otherwise made public under
14	any other provision of Federal law.
15	"(f) DURATION OF PROTECTION FROM DISCLOSURE.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—
17	"(A) INFORMATION PROTECTED FROM DIS-
18	CLOSURE.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Ad-
19	ministrator shall protect from disclosure infor-
20	mation that meets the requirements of subsection
21	(d) for a period of 10 years, unless, prior to the
22	expiration of the period—
23	"(i) an affected person notifies the Ad-
24	ministrator that the person is withdrawing
25	the confidentiality claim, in which case the

1	Administrator shall promptly make the in-
2	formation available to the public; or
3	"(ii) the Administrator otherwise be-
4	comes aware that the need for protection
5	from disclosure can no longer be substan-
6	tiated, in which case the Administrator
7	shall take the actions described in subsection
8	(g)(2).
9	"(B) EXTENSIONS.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the
11	date that is 60 days before the expiration of
12	the period described in subparagraph (A),
13	the Administrator shall provide to the per-
14	son that asserted the claim a notice of the
15	impending expiration of the period.
16	"(ii) Statement.—
17	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Not later than
18	the date that is 30 days before the expi-
19	ration of the period described in sub-
20	paragraph (A), a person reasserting
21	the relevant claim shall submit to the
22	Administrator a statement substan-
23	tiating, in accordance with subsection
24	(d)(2), the need to extend the period.

1	"(II) ACTION BY ADMINIS-
2	TRATOR.—Not later than the date that
3	is 30 days after the date of receipt of
4	a statement under subclause (I), the
5	Administrator shall—
6	"(aa) review the request;
7	"(bb) make a determination
8	regarding whether the information
9	for which the request is made con-
10	tinues to meet the relevant cri-
11	teria established under this sec-
12	tion; and
13	"(cc)(AA) grant an extension
14	of not more than 10 years; or
15	"(BB) deny the claim.
16	"(C) NO LIMIT ON NUMBER OF EXTEN-
17	sions.—There shall be no limit on the number
18	of extensions granted under subparagraph (B) , if
19	the Administrator determines that the relevant
20	statement under subparagraph (B)(ii)(I)—
21	"(i) establishes the need to extend the
22	period; and
23	"(ii) meets the requirements established
24	by the Administrator.
25	"(2) Review and resubstantiation.—

1 "(A) Discretion of Administrator.—The 2 Administrator may review, at any time, a claim for protection against disclosure under subsection 3 4 (a) for information submitted to the Adminis-5 trator regarding a chemical substance and re-6 quire any person that has claimed protection for 7 that information, whether before, on, or after the 8 date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg 9 Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, to 10 withdraw or reassert and substantiate or re-11 substantiate the claim in accordance with this 12 section— 13 "(i) after the chemical substance is 14 identified as a high-priority substance 15 under section 4A; "(ii) for any chemical substance for 16 17 which the Administrator has made a deter-18 mination under section 6(c)(1)(C); 19 "(iii) for any inactive chemical sub-20 stance identified under section 8(b)(5); or 21 "(iv) in limited circumstances, if the 22 Administrator determines that disclosure of 23 certain information currently protected 24 from disclosure would assist the Adminis-25 trator in conducting safety assessments and

1	safety determinations under subsections (b)
2	and (c) of section 6 or promulgating rules
3	pursuant to section $6(d)$, subject to the con-
4	dition that the information shall not be dis-
5	closed unless the claimant withdraws the
6	claim or the Administrator determines that
7	the information does not meet the require-
8	ments of subsection (d).
9	"(B) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Adminis-
10	trator shall review a claim for protection from
11	disclosure under subsection (a) for information
12	submitted to the Administrator regarding a
13	chemical substance and require any person that
14	has claimed protection for that information,
15	whether before, on, or after the date of enactment
16	of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for

15 whether before, on, or after the date of enactment
16 of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
17 the 21st Century Act, to withdraw or reassert
18 and substantiate or resubstantiate the claim in
19 accordance with this section—

20 "(i) as necessary to comply with a re21 quest for information received by the Ad22 ministrator under section 552 of title 5,
23 United States Code;

24 "(ii) if information available to the
25 Administrator provides a basis that the re-

1	quirements of section 552(b)(4) of title 5,
2	United States Code, are no longer met; or
3	"(iii) for any substance for which the
4	Administrator has made a determination
5	under section $6(c)(1)(B)$.
6	"(C) ACTION BY RECIPIENT.—If the Admin-
7	istrator makes a request under subparagraph (A)
8	or (B), the recipient of the request shall—
9	"(i) reassert and substantiate or re-
10	substantiate the claim; or
11	"(ii) withdraw the claim.
12	"(D) PERIOD OF PROTECTION.—Protection
13	from disclosure of information subject to a claim
14	that is reviewed and approved by the Adminis-
15	trator under this paragraph shall be extended for
16	a period of 10 years from the date of approval,
17	subject to any subsequent request by the Admin-
18	istrator under this paragraph.
19	"(3) UNIQUE IDENTIFIER.—The Administrator
20	shall—
21	"(A)(i) develop a system to assign a unique
22	identifier to each specific chemical identity for
23	which the Administrator approves a request for
24	protection from disclosure, other than a specific

1	chemical identity or structurally descriptive ge-
2	neric term; and
3	"(ii) apply that identifier consistently to all
4	information relevant to the applicable chemical
5	substance;
6	"(B) annually publish and update a list of
7	chemical substances, referred to by unique identi-
8	fier, for which claims to protect the specific
9	chemical identity from disclosure have been ap-
10	proved, including the expiration date for each
11	such claim;
12	"(C) ensure that any nonconfidential infor-
13	mation received by the Administrator with re-
14	spect to such a chemical substance during the pe-
15	riod of protection from disclosure—
16	"(i) is made public; and
17	"(ii) identifies the chemical substance
18	using the unique identifier; and
19	``(D) for each claim for protection of specific
20	chemical identity that has been denied by the
21	Administrator on expiration of the period for
22	appeal under subsection $(g)(4)$, that has expired,
23	or that has been withdrawn by the submitter,
24	provide public access to the specific chemical
25	identity clearly linked to all nonconfidential in-

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formation received by the Administrator with re-
spect to the chemical substance.
"(g) DUTIES OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
"(1) Determination.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
subsection (b), the Administrator shall, subject to
subparagraph (C), not later than 90 days after
the receipt of a claim under subsection (d), and
not later than 30 days after the receipt of a re-
quest for extension of a claim under subsection
(f), review and approve, modify, or deny the
claim or request.
"(B) DENIAL OR MODIFICATION.—
"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided
in subsections (c) and (f), the Administrator
shall deny a claim to protect a chemical
identity from disclosure only if the person
that has submitted the claim fails to meet
the requirements of subsections (a) and (d).
"(ii) Reasons for denial or modi-
FICATION.—The Administrator shall pro-
vide to a person that has submitted a claim
described in clause (i) a written statement
of the reasons for the denial or modification
of the claim.

1	"(C) SUBSETS.—The Administrator shall—
2	"(i) except for claims described in sub-
3	section (b)(7), review all claims under this
4	section for the protection against disclosure
5	of the specific identity of a chemical sub-
6	stance; and
7	"(ii) review a representative subset,
8	comprising at least 25 percent, of all other
9	claims for protection against disclosure.
10	"(D) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO ACT.—The
11	failure of the Administrator to make a decision
12	regarding a claim for protection against disclo-
13	sure or extension under this section shall not be
14	the basis for denial or elimination of a claim for
15	protection against disclosure.
16	"(2) Notification.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
18	subparagraph (B) and subsections (c) , (e) , and
19	(f), if the Administrator denies or modifies a
20	claim under paragraph (1), or promulgates a
21	rule under section $6(d)$ establishing a ban or
22	phase-out of a chemical substance, the Adminis-
23	trator shall notify, in writing and by certified
24	mail, the person that submitted the claim of the

1	intent of the Administrator to release the infor-
2	mation.
3	"(B) Release of information.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided
5	in clause (ii), the Administrator shall not
6	release information under this subsection
7	until the date that is 30 days after the date
8	on which the person that submitted the re-
9	quest receives notification under subpara-
10	graph (A).
11	"(ii) Exceptions.—
12	"(I) IN GENERAL.—For informa-
13	tion under paragraph (3) or (8) of sub-
14	section (e), the Administrator shall not
15	release that information until the date
16	that is 15 days after the date on which
17	the person that submitted the claim re-
18	ceives a notification, unless the Admin-
19	istrator determines that release of the
20	information is necessary to protect
21	against an imminent and substantial
22	harm to health or the environment, in
23	which case no prior notification shall
24	be necessary.

1	"(II) NO NOTIFICATION.—For in-
2	formation under paragraph (1), (2),
3	(6), (7), or (9) of subsection (e), no
4	prior notification shall be necessary.
5	"(3) Rebuttable presumption.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to notifi-
7	cations provided by the Administrator pursuant
8	to subsection $(c)(5)$, there shall be a rebuttable
9	presumption that the public interest in dis-
10	closing confidential information related to a
11	chemical substance subject to a rule promulgated
12	under section $6(d)$ that establishes a ban or
13	phase-out of the manufacture, processing, or dis-
14	tribution in commerce of the substance outweighs
15	the proprietary interest in maintaining the pro-
16	tection from disclosure of that information.
17	"(B) Request for nondisclosure.—A
18	person that receives a notification under para-
19	graph (2) with respect to the information de-
20	scribed in subparagraph (A) may submit to the
21	Administrator, before the date on which the in-
22	formation is to be released, a request with sup-
23	porting documentation describing why the per-
24	son believes some or all of that information
25	should not be disclosed.

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1	"(C) Determination by Adminis-
2	TRATOR.—
3	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30
4	days after the Administrator receives a re-
5	quest under subparagraph (B), the Admin-
6	istrator shall determine, at the discretion of
7	the Administrator, whether the documenta-
8	tion provided by the person making the re-
9	quest rebuts or does not rebut the presump-
10	tion described in subparagraph (A), for all
11	or a portion of the information that the per-
12	son has requested not be disclosed.
13	"(ii) Objective.—The Administrator
14	shall make the determination with the objec-
15	tive of ensuring that information relevant to
16	protection of health and the environment is
17	disclosed to the maximum extent prac-
18	ticable.
19	"(D) TIMING.—Not later than 30 days after
20	making the determination described in subpara-
21	graph (C), the Administrator shall make public
22	the information the Administrator has deter-
23	mined is not to be protected from disclosure.
24	"(E) No timely request received.—If
25	the Administrator does not receive, before the

1	date on which the information described in sub-
2	paragraph (A) is to be released, a request pursu-
3	ant to subparagraph (B), the Administrator
4	shall promptly make public all of the informa-
5	tion.
6	"(4) APPEALS.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a person receives a
8	notification under paragraph (2) and believes
9	disclosure of the information is prohibited under
10	subsection (a), before the date on which the infor-
11	mation is to be released, the person may bring
12	an action to restrain disclosure of the informa-
13	tion in—
14	"(i) the United States district court of
15	the district in which the complainant re-
16	sides or has the principal place of business;
17	OT
18	"(ii) the United States District Court
19	for the District of Columbia.
20	"(B) NO DISCLOSURE.—The Administrator
21	shall not disclose any information that is the
22	subject of an appeal under this section before the
23	date on which the applicable court rules on an
24	action under subparagraph (A).

3 described in part 2 of title 40, Code of Federal Regu- 4 lations (or successor regulations). 5 "(h) CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR WRONGFUL DISCLO- 6 SURE.— 7 "(1) OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF UNITED 8 STATES.— 9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph 10 (2), a current or former officer or employee of the 11 United States described in subparagraph (B) 12 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined 13 under title 18, United States Code, or impris- 14 oned for not more than 1 year, or both. 15 "(B) DESCRIPTION.—A current or former 16 officer or employee of the United States referred 17 to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former 18 officer or employee of the United States who— 19 "(i) by virtue of that employment or 20 official position has obtained possession of, 21 or has access to, material the disclosure of	1	"(5) Administration.—In carrying out this
4 lations (or successor regulations). 5 "(h) CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR WRONGFUL DISCLO- 6 SURE.— 7 "(1) OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF UNITED 8 STATES.— 9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph 10 (2), a current or former officer or employee of the 11 United States described in subparagraph (B) 12 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined 13 under title 18, United States Code, or impris- 14 oned for not more than 1 year, or both. 15 "(B) DESCRIPTION.—A current or former 16 officer or employee of the United States referred 17 to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former 18 officer or employee of the United States who— 19 "(i) by virtue of that employment or 20 official position has obtained possession of, 21 or has access to, material the disclosure of	2	subsection, the Administrator shall use the procedures
5 "(h) CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR WRONGFUL DISCLO- 6 SURE.— 7 "(1) OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF UNITED 8 STATES.— 9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph 10 (2), a current or former officer or employee of the 11 United States described in subparagraph (B) 12 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined 13 under title 18, United States Code, or impris- 14 oned for not more than 1 year, or both. 15 "(B) DESCRIPTION.—A current or former 16 officer or employee of the United States referred 17 to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former 18 officer or employee of the United States who— 19 "(i) by virtue of that employment or 20 official position has obtained possession of, 21 or has access to, material the disclosure of	3	described in part 2 of title 40, Code of Federal Regu-
6 SURE.— 7 "(1) OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF UNITED 8 STATES.— 9 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph 10 (2), a current or former officer or employee of the 11 United States described in subparagraph (B) 12 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined 13 under title 18, United States Code, or impris- 14 oned for not more than 1 year, or both. 15 "(B) DESCRIPTION.—A current or former 16 officer or employee of the United States referred 17 to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former 18 officer or employee of the United States who— 19 "(i) by virtue of that employment or 20 official position has obtained possession of, 21 or has access to, material the disclosure of	4	lations (or successor regulations).
 <i>"(1) OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF UNITED</i> <i>STATES.</i>— <i>"(A) IN GENERAL.</i>—Subject to paragraph (2), a current or former officer or employee of the United States described in subparagraph (B) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined under title 18, United States Code, or impris- oned for not more than 1 year, or both. <i>"(B) DESCRIPTION.</i>—A current or former officer or employee of the United States referred to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former officer or employee of the United States who— <i>"(i) by virtue of that employment or</i> official position has obtained possession of, or has access to, material the disclosure of 	5	"(h) CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR WRONGFUL DISCLO-
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17to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former18officer or employee of the United States who—19"(i) by virtue of that employment or20official position has obtained possession of,21or has access to, material the disclosure of	15	"(B) Description.—A current or former
18officer or employee of the United States who—19"(i) by virtue of that employment or20official position has obtained possession of,21or has access to, material the disclosure of	16	officer or employee of the United States referred
19"(i) by virtue of that employment or20official position has obtained possession of,21or has access to, material the disclosure of	17	to in subparagraph (A) is a current or former
20official position has obtained possession of,21or has access to, material the disclosure of	18	officer or employee of the United States who—
21 or has access to, material the disclosure of	19	"(i) by virtue of that employment or
	20	official position has obtained possession of,
22 which is prohibited by subsection (a): and	21	or has access to, material the disclosure of
	22	which is prohibited by subsection (a); and
23 "(ii) knowing that disclosure of that	23	"(ii) knowing that disclosure of that
24 material is prohibited by subsection (a),	24	material is prohibited by subsection (a),
25 willfully discloses the material in any man-	25	willfully discloses the material in any man-

1	ner to any person not entitled to receive
2	that material.
3	"(2) Other laws.—Section 1905 of title 18,
4	United States Code, shall not apply with respect to
5	the publishing, divulging, disclosure, making known
6	of, or making available, information reported or oth-
7	erwise obtained under this Act.
8	"(3) Contractors.—For purposes of this sub-
9	section, any contractor of the United States that is
10	provided information in accordance with subsection
11	(e)(2), including any employee of that contractor,
12	shall be considered to be an employee of the United
13	States.
14	"(i) Applicability.—
15	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided
16	in this section, section 8, or any other applicable Fed-
17	eral law, the Administrator shall have no authority—
18	``(A) to require the substantiation or re-
19	substantiation of a claim for the protection from
20	disclosure of information submitted to the Ad-
21	ministrator under this Act before the date of en-
22	actment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
23	Safety for the 21st Century Act; or
24	``(B) to impose substantiation or resubstan-
25	tiation requirements under this Act that are

more extensive than those required under this
 section.

3 "(2) PRIOR ACTIONS.—Nothing in this Act pre-4 vents the Administrator from reviewing, requiring 5 substantiation or resubstantiation for, or approving, 6 modifying or denying any claim for the protection 7 from disclosure of information before the effective date 8 of such rules applicable to those claims as the Admin-9 istrator may promulgate after the date of enactment 10 of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 11 21st Century Act.".

12 SEC. 15. PROHIBITED ACTS.

4;

13 Section 15 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
14 U.S.C. 2614) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and
15 inserting the following:

16 "(1) fail or refuse to comply with—
17 "(A) any rule promulgated, consent agree18 ment entered into, or order issued under section

19

20 "(B) any requirement under section 5 or 6;
21 "(C) any rule promulgated, consent agree22 ment entered into, or order issued under section
23 5 or 6; or

24 "(D) any requirement of, or any rule pro25 mulgated or order issued pursuant to title II;".

1 SEC. 16. PENALTIES.

2	Section 16 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
3	U.S.C. 2615) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)$ —
5	(A) in the first sentence—
6	(i) by inserting "this Act or a rule or
7	order promulgated or issued pursuant to
8	this Act, including" after "a provision of";
9	and
10	(ii) by striking "\$25,000" and insert-
11	ing "\$37,500"; and
12	(B) in the second sentence, by striking" vio-
13	lation of section 15 or 409" and inserting "viola-
14	tion of this Act"; and
15	(2) in subsection (b)—
16	(A) by striking "Any person who" and in-
17	serting the following:
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person that";
19	(B) by striking "section 15 or 409" and in-
20	serting "this Act";
21	(C) by striking "\$25,000" and inserting
22	"\$50,000"; and
23	(D) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(2) Imminent danger of death or serious
25	BODILY INJURY.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person that know-1 2 ingly or willfully violates any provision of this 3 Act, and that knows at the time of the violation that the violation places an individual in immi-4 5 nent danger of death or serious bodily injury, 6 shall be subject on conviction to a fine of not 7 more than \$250,000, or imprisonment for not 8 more than 15 years, or both. 9 ORGANIZATIONS.—An organization (B)10 that commits a violation described in subpara-11 graph (A) shall be subject on conviction to a fine of not more than \$1,000,000 for each violation. 12 "(3) KNOWLEDGE OF IMMINENT DANGER OR IN-13 14 JURY.—For purposes of determining whether a de-15 fendant knew that the violation placed another individual in imminent danger of death or serious bodily 16 17 injury-18 "(A) the defendant shall be responsible only 19 for actual awareness or actual belief possessed;

20

and

21	``(B) knowledge possessed by an individual
22	may not be attributed to the defendant.".

2	Section 18 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
3	U.S.C. 2617) is amended by striking subsections (a) and
4	(b) and inserting the following:
5	"(a) IN GENERAL.—
6	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT OR ENFORCEMENT.—Ex-
7	cept as provided in subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), and
8	(g), and subject to paragraph (2), no State or polit-
9	ical subdivision of a State may establish or continue
10	to enforce any of the following:
11	"(A) TESTING AND INFORMATION COLLEC-
12	TION.—A statute or administrative action to re-
13	quire the development of information on a chem-
14	ical substance or category of substances that is
15	reasonably likely to produce the same informa-
16	tion required under section 4, 5, or 6 in—
17	"(i) a rule promulgated by the Admin-
18	istrator;
19	"(ii) a testing consent agreement en-
20	tered into by the Administrator; or
21	"(iii) an order issued by the Adminis-
22	trator.
23	"(B) CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES FOUND TO
24	MEET THE SAFETY STANDARD OR RE-
25	STRICTED.—A statute or administrative action
26	to prohibit or otherwise restrict the manufacture,
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1 SEC. 17. STATE-FEDERAL RELATIONSHIP.

1	processing, or distribution in commerce or use of
2	a chemical substance—
3	``(i) found to meet the safety standard
4	and consistent with the scope of the deter-
5	mination made under section 6; or
6	"(ii) found not to meet the safety
7	standard, after the effective date of the rule
8	issued under section $6(d)$ for the substance,
9	consistent with the scope of the determina-
10	tion made by the Administrator.
11	"(C) Significant new use.—A statute or
12	administrative action requiring the notification
13	of a use of a chemical substance that the Admin-
14	istrator has specified as a significant new use
15	and for which the Administrator has required
16	notification pursuant to a rule promulgated
17	under section 5.
18	"(2) Effective date of preemption.—Under
19	this subsection, Federal preemption of State statutes
20	and administrative actions applicable to specific sub-
21	stances shall not occur until the effective date of the
22	applicable action described in paragraph (1) taken by
23	the Administrator.
24	"(b) New Statutes or Administrative Actions
25	CREATING PROHIBITIONS OR OTHER RESTRICTIONS.—

1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in sub-
2	sections (c), (d), and (e), beginning on the date on
3	which the Administrator defines the scope of a safety
4	assessment and safety determination under section
5	6(a)(2) and ending on the date on which the Admin-
6	istrator publishes the safety determination, no State
7	or political subdivision of a State may establish a
8	statute or administrative action prohibiting or re-
9	stricting the manufacture, processing, distribution in
10	commerce or use of a chemical substance that is a
11	high-priority substance designated under section 4A.
12	"(2) Effect of subsection.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—This subsection does
14	not restrict the authority of a State or political
15	subdivision of a State to continue to enforce any
16	State statute enacted, or administrative action
17	taken, prior to the date on which the Adminis-
18	trator defines the scope of a safety assessment
19	and safety determination under section $6(a)(2)$.
20	"(B) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (A) does
21	not allow a State or political subdivision of a
22	State to enforce any new prohibition or restric-
23	tion under a State statute or administrative ac-
24	tion described in that subparagraph, if the pro-

date described in that subparagraph.

1

2

3 "(c) SCOPE OF PREEMPTION.—Federal preemption
4 under subsections (a) and (b) of State statutes and adminis5 trative actions applicable to specific substances shall apply
6 only to—

7 "(1) the chemical substances or category of sub8 stances subject to a rule, order, or consent agreement
9 under section 4;

10 "(2) the uses or conditions of use of such sub-11 stances that are identified by the Administrator as 12 subject to review in a safety assessment and included 13 in the scope of the safety determination made by the 14 Administrator for the substance, or of any rule the 15 Administrator promulgates pursuant to section 6(d); 16 or

"(3) the uses of such substances that the Administrator has specified as significant new uses and for
which the Administrator has required notification
pursuant to a rule promulgated under section 5.

21 "(d) EXCEPTIONS.—

22 "(1) NO PREEMPTION OF STATE STATUTES AND
23 ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS.—

24 "(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act,
25 nor any amendment made by this Act, nor any

2tion, or scientific assessment implemented pur3ant to this Act, shall affect the right of a St4or a political subdivision of a State to adopt5enforce any rule, standard of performance, saf6determination, scientific assessment, or any p7tection for public health or the environm8that—9"(i) is adopted or authorized under10authority of any other Federal law11adopted to satisfy or obtain authorization12or approval under any other Federal law;13"(ii) implements a reporting, mo14toring, disclosure, or other information of15gation for the chemical substance not other	ate or èty ro- ent the
4or a political subdivision of a State to adopt5enforce any rule, standard of performance, saf6determination, scientific assessment, or any p7tection for public health or the environm8that—9"(i) is adopted or authorized under10authority of any other Federal law11adopted to satisfy or obtain authorizat12or approval under any other Federal law;13"(ii) implements a reporting, mo14toring, disclosure, or other information of	or ety ro- ent the
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 7 tection for public health or the environm 8 that— 9 "(i) is adopted or authorized under 10 authority of any other Federal law 11 adopted to satisfy or obtain authorizat 12 or approval under any other Federal law; 13 "(ii) implements a reporting, mo 14 toring, disclosure, or other information of 	ent the
8 that— 9 "(i) is adopted or authorized under 10 authority of any other Federal law 11 adopted to satisfy or obtain authorizat 12 or approval under any other Federal law; 13 "(ii) implements a reporting, mo 14 toring, disclosure, or other information of	the
9 "(i) is adopted or authorized under 10 authority of any other Federal law 11 adopted to satisfy or obtain authorizat 12 or approval under any other Federal law; 13 "(ii) implements a reporting, mo 14 toring, disclosure, or other information of	
10authority of any other Federal law11adopted to satisfy or obtain authorizat12or approval under any other Federal law;13"(ii) implements a reporting, mo14toring, disclosure, or other information of	
11adopted to satisfy or obtain authorizate12or approval under any other Federal law;13"(ii) implements a reporting, mo14toring, disclosure, or other information of	
12or approval under any other Federal law;13"(ii) implements a reporting, mo14toring, disclosure, or other information of	or
13"(ii) implements a reporting, mo14toring, disclosure, or other information of	ion
14 toring, disclosure, or other information of	
	ni-
15 gation for the chemical substance not oth	oli-
σ	er-
16 wise required by the Administrator un	ler
17 this Act or required under any other F	ed-
18 eral law;	
19 "(iii) is adopted pursuant to author	ity
20 under a law of the State or political s	ıb-
21 division of the State related to water qu	al-
22 <i>ity, air quality, or waste treatment or a</i>	lis-
23 posal, except to the extent that the action	
24 "(I) imposes a restriction on	,
25 manufacture, processing, distribut	

1	in commerce, or use of a chemical sub-
2	stance; and
3	"(II)(aa) addresses the same haz-
4	ards and exposures, with respect to the
5	same conditions of use as are included
6	in the scope of the safety determination
7	pursuant to section 6, but is incon-
8	sistent with the action of the Adminis-
9	trator; or
10	"(bb) would cause a violation of
11	the applicable action by the Adminis-
12	trator under section 5 or 6; or
13	"(iv) subject to subparagraph (B), is
14	identical to a requirement prescribed by the
15	Administrator.
16	"(B) Identical requirements.—
17	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The penalties and
18	other sanctions applicable under State law
19	in the event of noncompliance with the
20	identical requirement shall be no more
21	stringent than the penalties and other sanc-
22	tions available to the Administrator under
23	section 16 of this Act.
24	"(ii) Penalties.—In the case of an
25	identical requirement, no State may assess

1	a penalty for a specific violation for which
2	the Administrator has already assessed a
3	penalty under section 16, and the Adminis-
4	trator may not assess a penalty under sec-
5	tion 16 for a specific violation for which a
6	State has already assessed a penalty.
7	"(2) Applicability to certain rules or or-
8	DERS.—Notwithstanding subsection (e)—
9	((A) nothing in this section shall be con-
10	strued as modifying the effect under this section,
11	as in effect on the day before the effective date of
12	the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the
13	21st Century Act, of any rule or order promul-
14	gated or issued under this Act prior to that effec-
15	tive date; and
16	``(B) with respect to a chemical substance or
17	mixture for which any rule or order was promul-
18	gated or issued under section 6 prior to the effec-
19	tive date of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
20	Safety for the 21st Century Act with regards to
21	manufacturing, processing, distribution in com-
22	merce, use, or disposal of a chemical substance,
23	this section (as in effect on the day before the ef-
24	fective date of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical
25	Safety for the 21st Century Act) shall govern the

1	preemptive effect of any rule or order that is pro-
2	mulgated or issued respecting such chemical sub-
3	stance or mixture under section 6 of this Act
4	after that effective date, unless the latter rule or
5	order is with respect to a chemical substance or
6	mixture containing a chemical substance and fol-
7	lows a designation of that chemical substance as
8	a high-priority substance under section $4A(b)$ or
9	as an additional priority for safety assessment
10	and safety determination under section $4A(c)$.
11	"(e) Preservation of Certain State Law.—
12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act, subject
10	
13	to subsection (g) of this section, shall—
13 14	to subsection (g) of this section, shall— "(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise
14	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise
14 15	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub-
14 15 16	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub- division of a State to continue to enforce any ac-
14 15 16 17	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub- division of a State to continue to enforce any ac- tion taken before August 1, 2015, under the au-
14 15 16 17 18	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub- division of a State to continue to enforce any ac- tion taken before August 1, 2015, under the au- thority of a State law that prohibits or otherwise
14 15 16 17 18 19	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub- division of a State to continue to enforce any ac- tion taken before August 1, 2015, under the au- thority of a State law that prohibits or otherwise restricts manufacturing, processing, distribution
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub- division of a State to continue to enforce any ac- tion taken before August 1, 2015, under the au- thority of a State law that prohibits or otherwise restricts manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of a chemical sub-
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	"(A) be construed to preempt or otherwise affect the authority of a State or political sub- division of a State to continue to enforce any ac- tion taken before August 1, 2015, under the au- thority of a State law that prohibits or otherwise restricts manufacturing, processing, distribution in commerce, use, or disposal of a chemical sub- stance; or

1	"(2) EFFECT OF SUBSECTION.—This subsection
2	does not affect, modify, or alter the relationship be-
3	tween State and Federal law pursuant to any other
4	Federal law.
5	"(f) State Waivers.—
6	"(1) Discretionary exemptions.—Upon ap-
7	plication of a State or political subdivision of a
8	State, the Administrator may by rule, exempt from
9	subsection (a), under such conditions as may be pre-
10	scribed in the rule, a statute or administrative action
11	of that State or political subdivision of the State that
12	relates to the effects of, or exposure to, a chemical sub-
13	stance under the conditions of use if the Adminis-
14	trator determines that—
15	"(A) compelling State or local conditions
16	warrant granting the waiver to protect health or
17	the environment;
18	(B) compliance with the proposed require-
19	ment of the State or political subdivision of the
20	State would not unduly burden interstate com-
21	merce in the manufacture, processing, distribu-
22	tion in commerce, or use of a chemical substance;
23	(C) compliance with the proposed require-
24	ment of the State or political subdivision of the

1	State would not cause a violation of any appli-
2	cable Federal law, rule, or order; and
3	"(D) based on the judgment of the Adminis-
4	trator, the proposed requirement of the State or
5	political subdivision of the State is consistent
6	with sound objective scientific practices, the
7	weight of the evidence, and the best available
8	science.
9	"(2) Required exemptions.—Upon applica-
10	tion of a State or political subdivision of a State, the
11	Administrator shall exempt from subsection (b) a
12	statute or administrative action of a State or polit-
13	ical subdivision of a State that relates to the effects
14	of exposure to a chemical substance under the condi-
15	tions of use if the Administrator determines that—
16	"(A) compliance with the proposed require-
17	ment of the State will not unduly burden inter-
18	state commerce in the manufacture, processing,
19	distribution in commerce, or use of a chemical
20	substance;
21	"(B) compliance with the proposed require-
22	ment would not cause a violation of any appli-
23	cable Federal law, rule, or order; and
24	(C) the State or political subdivision of a
25	State has a concern about the chemical substance

1	or use of the chemical substance based in peer-
2	reviewed science.
3	"(3) Determination of a state waiver re-
4	QUEST.—The duty of the Administrator to grant or
5	deny a waiver application shall be nondelegable and
6	shall be exercised—
7	"(A) not later than 180 days after the date
8	on which an application under paragraph (1) is
9	submitted; and
10	(B) not later than 90 days after the date
11	on which an application under paragraph (2) is
12	submitted.
13	"(4) Failure to make determination.—If the
14	Administrator fails to make a determination under
15	paragraph $(3)(B)$ during the 90-day period beginning
16	on the date on which an application under paragraph
17	(2) is submitted, the State statute or administrative
18	action that was the subject of the application shall
19	not be considered to be an existing statute or admin-
20	istrative action for purposes of subsection (b) by rea-
21	son of the failure of the Administrator to make a de-
22	termination.
23	"(5) Notice and comment.—Except in the case
24	of an application approved under paragraph (9), the

1	application of a State or political subdivision of the
2	State shall be subject to public notice and comment.
3	"(6) FINAL AGENCY ACTION.—The decision of the
4	Administrator on the application of a State or polit-
5	ical subdivision of the State shall be—
6	"(A) considered to be a final agency action;
7	and
8	"(B) subject to judicial review.
9	"(7) DURATION OF WAIVERS.—
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (B), a waiver granted under para-
12	graph (2) or approved under paragraph (9) shall
13	remain in effect—
14	"(i) until such time as the safety as-
15	sessment and safety determination is com-
16	pleted; or
17	``(ii) subject to subparagraph (B),
18	until judicial review of the failure of the
19	Administrator to make a determination
20	under paragraph (3) is sought under para-
21	graph (8).
22	"(B) REINSTATEMENT OF WAIVER.—A
23	waiver described in subparagraph $(A)(ii)$ shall
24	again take effect upon the earlier of—

	525
1	"(i) the date of approval by the Ad-
2	ministrator of the waiver application;
3	"(ii) the effective date of a court order
4	directing the Administrator to approve the
5	waiver application; or
6	"(iii) 90 days after the date on which
7	judicial review under paragraph (8) is
8	sought.
9	"(8) Judicial review of waivers.—Not later
10	than 60 days after the date on which the Adminis-
11	trator makes a determination on an application of a
12	State or political subdivision of the State under para-
13	graph (1) or (2), or not later than 60 days after the
14	date on which the Administrator fails to make a de-
15	termination under paragraph (3), any person may
16	file a petition for judicial review in the United States
17	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit,
18	which shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the deter-
19	mination.
20	"(9) Approval.—
21	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator
22	fails to meet the deadline under section $6(a)(4)$
23	(including an extension granted under section
24	6(a)(6)), or the deadline established under para-
25	graph $(3)(B)$, the application of a State or polit-

1	ical subdivision of a State under paragraph (2)
2	shall be automatically approved.
3	"(B) Requirements.—Notwithstanding
4	paragraph (6), approval of a waiver application
5	under subparagraph (A) for failure to meet the
6	deadlines under section $6(a)(4)$ (including an ex-
7	tension granted under section $6(a)(6)$) shall not
8	be considered final agency action or be subject to
9	judicial review or public notice and comment.
10	"(10) Judicial review of low-priority deci-
11	SIONS.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days
13	after the publication of a designation under sec-
14	tion 4A(b)(4), any person may commence a civil
15	action to challenge the designation.
16	"(B) JURISDICTION.—The United States
17	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
18	Circuit shall have exclusive jurisdiction over a
19	civil action filed under this paragraph.
20	"(g) Savings.—
21	"(1) No preemption of common law or stat-
22	UTORY CAUSES OF ACTION FOR CIVIL RELIEF OR
23	CRIMINAL CONDUCT.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act,
25	nor any amendment made by this Act, nor any

1	safety standard, rule, requirement, standard of
2	performance, safety determination, or scientific
3	assessment implemented pursuant to this Act,
4	shall be construed to preempt, displace, or sup-
5	plant any state or Federal common law rights or
6	any state or Federal statute creating a remedy
7	for civil relief, including those for civil damage,
8	or a penalty for a criminal conduct.
9	"(B) CLARIFICATION OF NO PREEMPTION.—
10	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act,
11	nothing in this Act, nor any amendments made
12	by this Act, shall preempt or preclude any cause
13	of action for personal injury, wrongful death,
14	property damage, or other injury based on neg-
15	ligence, strict liability, products liability, failure
16	to warn, or any other legal theory of liability
17	under any State law, maritime law, or Federal
18	common law or statutory theory.
19	"(2) No effect on private remedies.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act,
21	nor any amendments made by this Act, nor any
22	rules, regulations, requirements, safety assess-
23	ments, safety determinations, scientific assess-
24	ments, or orders issued pursuant to this Act shall

1	be interpreted as, in either the plaintiff's or de-
2	fendant's favor, dispositive in any civil action.
3	"(B) AUTHORITY OF COURTS.—This Act
4	does not affect the authority of any court to
5	make a determination in an adjudicatory pro-
6	ceeding under applicable State or Federal law
7	with respect to the admission into evidence or
8	any other use of this Act or rules, regulations, re-
9	quirements, standards of performance, safety as-
10	sessments, scientific assessments, or orders issued
11	pursuant to this Act.".
12	SEC. 18. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
13	Section 19 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
14	U.S.C. 2618) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) in paragraph (1)—
17	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
18	"section $4(a)$, $5(a)(2)$, $5(b)(4)$, $6(a)$, $6(e)$, or
19	8, or under title II or IV" and inserting
20	"section $4(a)$, $5(d)$, $6(c)$, $6(d)$, $6(g)$, or 8, or
21	title II or IV"; and
22	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
23	"an order issued under subparagraph (A)
24	or (B) of section $6(b)(1)$ " and inserting "an
25	order issued under this title"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (2), in the first sentence,
2	by striking "paragraph (1)(A)" and inserting
3	"paragraph (1)"; and
4	(C) by striking paragraph (3); and
5	(2) in subsection $(c)(1)(B)$ —
6	(A) in clause (i)—
7	(i) by striking "section $4(a)$, $5(b)(4)$,
8	6(a), or $6(e)$ " and inserting "section $4(a)$,
9	5(d), 6(d), or 6(g)"; and
10	(ii) by striking "evidence in the rule-
11	making record (as defined in subsection
12	(a)(3)) taken as a whole;" and inserting
13	"evidence (including any matter) in the
14	rulemaking record, taken as a whole; and";
15	and
16	(B) by striking clauses (ii) and (iii) and
17	the matter following clause (iii) and inserting
18	the following:
19	"(ii) the court may not review the con-
20	tents and adequacy of any statement of
21	basis and purpose required by section
22	553(c) of title 5, United States Code, to be
23	incorporated in the rule, except as part of
24	the rulemaking record, taken as a whole.".

1 SEC. 19. CITIZENS' PETITIONS.

Section 21 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
U.S.C. 2620) is amended—
(1) in subsection (a), by striking "an order
under section 5(e) or $6(b)(2)$ " and inserting "an
order under section 4 or $5(d)$ "; and
(2) in subsection (b)—
(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "an order
under section 5(e), $6(b)(1)(A)$, or $6(b)(1)(B)$ "
and inserting "an order under section 4 or
5(d)"; and
(B) in paragraph (4), by striking subpara-
graph (B) and inserting the following:
"(B) DE NOVO PROCEEDING.—
"(i) IN GENERAL.—In an action under
subparagraph (A) to initiate a proceeding
to promulgate a rule pursuant to section 4,
5, 6, or 8 or issue an order under section
4 or $5(d)$, the petitioner shall be provided
an opportunity to have the petition consid-
ered by the court in a de novo proceeding.
"(ii) Demonstration.—
"(I) IN GENERAL.—The court in a
de novo proceeding under this subpara-
graph shall order the Administrator to
initiate the action requested by the pe-

1	titioner if the petitioner demonstrates
2	to the satisfaction of the court by a
3	preponderance of the evidence that—
4	"(aa) in the case of a peti-
5	tion to initiate a proceeding for
6	the issuance of a rule or order
7	under section 4, the information
8	available to the Administrator is
9	insufficient for the Administrator
10	to perform an action described in
11	section 4, 4A, 5, or $6(d)$;
12	"(bb) in the case of a petition
13	to issue an order under section
14	5(d), there is a reasonable basis to
15	conclude that the chemical sub-
16	stance is not likely to meet the
17	safety standard;
18	"(cc) in the case of a petition
19	to initiate a proceeding for the
20	issuance of a rule under section
21	6(d), there is a reasonable basis to
22	conclude that the chemical sub-
23	stance will not meet the safety
24	standard; or

1	"(dd) in the case of a peti-
2	tion to initiate a proceeding for
3	the issuance of a rule under sec-
4	tion 8, there is a reasonable basis
5	to conclude that the rule is nec-
6	essary to protect health or the en-
7	vironment or ensure that the
8	chemical substance meets the safe-
9	ty standard.
10	"(II) Deferment.—The court in
11	a de novo proceeding under this sub-
12	paragraph may permit the Adminis-
13	trator to defer initiating the action re-
14	quested by the petitioner until such
15	time as the court prescribes, if the
16	court finds that—
17	"(aa) the extent of the risk to
18	health or the environment alleged
19	by the petitioner is less than the
20	extent of risks to health or the en-
21	vironment with respect to which
22	the Administrator is taking action
23	under this Act; and
24	"(bb) there are insufficient
25	resources available to the Admin-

1	istrator	to	take	the	action	re-
2	quested l	by th	he pet	itione	er.".	

3 SEC. 20. EMPLOYMENT EFFECTS.

4 Section 24(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Toxic Substances Control
5 Act (15 U.S.C. 2623(b)(2)(B)(ii)) is amended by striking
6 "section 6(c)(3)," and inserting "the applicable require7 ments of this Act;".

8 SEC. 21. STUDIES.

9 Section 25 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
10 U.S.C. 2624) is repealed.

11 SEC. 22. ADMINISTRATION.

12 Section 26 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
13 U.S.C. 2625) is amended—

14 (1) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the15 following:

16 "(b) FEES.—

17 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall es18 tablish, not later than 1 year after the date of enact19 ment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for
20 the 21st Century Act, by rule—

21 "(A) the payment of 1 or more reasonable
22 fees as a condition of submitting a notice or re23 questing an exemption under section 5;

24 "(B) the payment of 1 or more reasonable
25 fees by a manufacturer or processor that—

1	"(i) is required to submit a notice pur-
2	suant to the rule promulgated under section
3	8(b)(4)(A)(i) identifying a chemical sub-
4	stance as active;
5	"(ii) is required to submit a notice
6	pursuant to section $8(b)(5)(B)(i)$ changing
7	the status of a chemical substance from in-
8	active to active;
9	"(iii) is required to report information
10	pursuant to the rules promulgated under
11	section $8(a)(4)$; and
12	"(iv) manufactures or processes a
13	chemical substance subject to a safety assess-
14	ment and safety determination pursuant to
15	section 6.
16	"(2) Utilization and collection of fees.—
17	The Administrator shall—
18	"(A) utilize the fees collected under para-
19	graph (1) only to defray costs associated with the
20	actions of the Administrator—
21	"(i) to collect, process, review, provide
22	access to, and protect from disclosure (where
23	appropriate) information on chemical sub-
24	stances under this Act;

1	"(ii) to review notices and make deter-
2	minations for chemical substances under
3	paragraphs (1) and (3) of section $5(d)$ and
4	impose any necessary restrictions under sec-
5	$tion \ 5(d)(4);$
6	"(iii) to make prioritization decisions
7	under section 4A;
8	"(iv) to conduct and complete safety
9	assessments and determinations under sec-
10	tion 6; and
11	"(v) to conduct any necessary rule-
12	making pursuant to section $6(d)$;
13	``(B) insofar as possible, collect the fees de-
14	scribed in paragraph (1) in advance of con-
15	ducting any fee-supported activity;
16	"(C) deposit the fees in the Fund established
17	by paragraph $(4)(A)$; and
18	(D) not collect excess fees or retain a sig-
19	nificant amount of unused fees.
20	"(3) Amount and adjustment of fees; re-
21	FUNDS.—In setting fees under this section, the Ad-
22	ministrator shall—
23	"(A) take into account the cost to the Ad-
24	ministrator of conducting the activities described
25	in paragraph (2);

1	"(B) prescribe lower fees for small business
2	concerns, after consultation with the Adminis-
3	trator of the Small Business Administration;
4	``(C) set the fees established under para-
5	graph (1) at levels such that the fees will, in ag-
6	gregate, provide a sustainable source of funds to
7	defray approximately 25 percent of the costs of
8	conducting the activities identified in paragraph
9	(2)(A), not to exceed \$18,000,000, not including
10	fees under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph;
11	(D) reflect an appropriate balance in the
12	assessment of fees between manufacturers and
13	processors, and allow the payment of fees by con-
14	sortia of manufacturers or processors;
15	``(E) for substances designated as additional
16	priorities pursuant to section $4A(c)$, establish the
17	fee at a level sufficient to defray the full costs to
18	the Administrator of conducting the safety as-
19	sessment and safety determination under section
20	6, except that for substances subject to section
21	4A(c)(3), the Administrator shall establish the fee
22	at a level sufficient to defray 50 percent of those
23	costs;
24	``(F) prior to the establishment or amend-
25	ment of any fees under paragraph (1), consult

1	and meet with parties potentially subject to the
2	fees or their representatives, subject to the condi-
3	tion that no obligation under the Federal Advi-
4	sory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) or sub-
5	chapter III of chapter 5 of title 5, United States
6	Code, is applicable with respect to such meetings;
7	"(G) beginning with the fiscal year that is
8	3 years after the date of enactment of the Frank
9	R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Cen-
10	tury Act, and every 3 years thereafter, after con-
11	sultation with parties potentially subject to the
12	fees and their representatives, increase or de-
13	crease the fees established under paragraph (1)
14	as necessary—
15	"(i) to ensure that funds deposited in
16	the Fund are sufficient to conduct the ac-
17	tivities identified in paragraph $(2)(A)$ and
18	the full cost or 50-percent portion of the
19	costs of safety assessments and safety deter-
20	minations pursuant to subparagraph (E) ;
21	and
22	"(ii) to account for inflation;
23	"(H) adjust fees established under para-
24	graph (1) as necessary to vary on account of dif-
25	fering circumstances, including reduced fees or

1	waivers in appropriate circumstances, to reduce
2	the burden on manufacturing or processing, re-
3	move barriers to innovation, or where the costs
4	to the Administrator of collecting the fees exceed
5	the fee revenue anticipated to be collected; and
6	"(I) if a notice submitted under section 5 is
7	refused or subsequently withdrawn, refund the fee
8	or a portion of the fee if no substantial work was
9	performed on the notice.
10	"(4) TSCA IMPLEMENTATION FUND.—
11	"(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is estab-
12	lished in the Treasury of the United States a
13	fund, to be known as the 'TSCA Implementation
14	Fund' (referred to in this subsection as the
15	'Fund'), consisting of—
16	"(i) such amounts as are deposited in
17	the Fund under paragraph $(2)(C)$; and
18	"(ii) any interest earned on the invest-
19	ment of amounts in the Fund; and
20	"(iii) any proceeds from the sale or re-
21	demption of investments held in the Fund.
22	"(B) CREDITING AND AVAILABILITY OF
23	FEES.—
24	"(i) In general.—Fees authorized
25	under this section shall be collected and

1	available for obligation only to the extent
2	and in the amount provided in advance in
3	appropriations Acts, and shall be available
4	without fiscal year limitation.
5	"(ii) Requirements.—Fees collected
6	under this section shall not—
7	``(I) be made available or obli-
8	gated for any purpose other than to de-
9	fray the costs of conducting the activi-
10	ties identified in paragraph (2)(A);
11	"(II) otherwise be available for
12	any purpose other than implementa-
13	tion of this Act; and
14	"(III) so long as amounts in the
15	Fund remain available, be subject to
16	restrictions on expenditures applicable
17	to the Federal government as a whole.
18	"(C) UNUSED FUNDS.—Amounts in the
19	Fund not currently needed to carry out this sub-
20	section shall be—
21	"(i) maintained readily available or
22	on deposit;
23	"(ii) invested in obligations of the
24	United States or guaranteed by the United
25	States; or

1	"(iii) invested in obligations, partici-
2	pations, or other instruments that are law-
3	ful investments for fiduciary, trust, or pub-
4	lic funds.
5	"(D) MINIMUM AMOUNT OF APPROPRIA-
6	TIONS.—Fees may not be assessed for a fiscal
7	year under this section unless the amount of ap-
8	propriations for salaries, contracts, and expenses
9	for the functions (as in existence in fiscal year
10	2015) of the Office of Pollution Prevention and
11	Toxics of the Environmental Protection Agency
12	for the fiscal year (excluding the amount of any
13	fees appropriated for the fiscal year) are equal to
14	or greater than the amount of appropriations for
15	covered functions for fiscal year 2015 (excluding
16	the amount of any fees appropriated for the fis-
17	cal year).
18	"(5) AUDITING.—
19	"(A) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AGEN-
20	CIES.—For the purpose of section 3515(c) of title
21	31, United States Code, the Fund shall be con-
22	sidered a component of an executive agency.
23	"(B) Components.—The annual audit re-
24	quired under sections 3515(b) and 3521 of that
25	title of the financial statements of activities

1	under this subsection shall include an analysis
2	of—
3	((i) the fees collected under paragraph
4	(1) and disbursed;
5	"(ii) compliance with the deadlines es-
6	tablished in section 6 of this Act;
7	"(iii) the amounts budgeted, appro-
8	priated, collected from fees, and disbursed to
9	meet the requirements of sections 4, 4A, 5,
10	6, 8, and 14, including the allocation of full
11	time equivalent employees to each such sec-
12	tion or activity; and
13	"(iv) the reasonableness of the alloca-
14	tion of the overhead associated with the con-
15	duct of the activities described in paragraph
16	(2)(A).
17	"(C) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—The Inspector
18	General of the Environmental Protection Agency
19	shall—
20	"(i) conduct the annual audit required
21	under this subsection; and
22	"(ii) report the findings and rec-
23	ommendations of the audit to the Adminis-
24	trator and to the appropriate committees of
25	Congress.

1	"(6) TERMINATION.—The authority provided by
2	this section shall terminate at the conclusion of the
3	fiscal year that is 10 years after the date of enactment
4	of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the
5	21st Century Act, unless otherwise reauthorized or
6	modified by Congress.";
7	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "Health, Edu-
8	cation, and Welfare" each place it appears and in-
9	serting "Health and Human Services"; and
10	(3) adding at the end the following:
11	"(h) PRIOR ACTIONS.—Nothing in this Act eliminates,
12	modifies, or withdraws any rule promulgated, order issued,
13	or exemption established pursuant to this Act before the date
14	of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
15	for the 21st Century Act.".
16	SEC. 23. DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION OF TEST METH-
17	ODS AND SUSTAINABLE CHEMISTRY.
18	Section 27 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
19	U.S.C. 2626) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a), in the first sentence by
21	striking "Health, Education, and Welfare" and in-
22	serting "Health and Human Services"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(c) Sustainable Chemistry Program.—The Presi-
25	dent shall establish an interagency Sustainable Chemistry

1	Program to promote and coordinate Federal sustainable
2	$chemistry\ research,\ development,\ demonstration,\ technology$
3	$transfer,\ commercialization,\ education,\ and\ training\ activi-$
4	ties.
5	"(d) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—The activities of the Pro-
6	gram shall be designed to—
7	"(1) provide sustained support for sustainable
8	chemistry research, development, demonstration, tech-
9	nology transfer, commercialization, education, and
10	training through—
11	``(A) coordination of sustainable chemistry
12	research, development, demonstration, and tech-
13	nology transfer conducted at Federal laboratories
14	and agencies; and
15	``(B) to the extent practicable, encourage-
16	ment of consideration of sustainable chemistry
17	in, as appropriate—
18	"(i) the conduct of Federal and State
19	science and engineering research and devel-
20	opment; and
21	"(ii) the solicitation and evaluation of
22	applicable proposals for science and engi-
23	neering research and development;
24	"(2) examine methods by which the Federal Gov-
25	ernment can create incentives for consideration and

1	use of sustainable chemistry processes and products,
2	including innovative financing mechanisms;
3	"(3) expand the education and training of un-
4	dergraduate and graduate students and professional
5	scientists and engineers, including through partner-
6	ships with industry, in sustainable chemistry science
7	and engineering;
8	"(4) collect and disseminate information on sus-
9	tainable chemistry research, development, and tech-
10	nology transfer including information on—
11	"(A) incentives and impediments to devel-
12	opment, manufacturing, and commercialization;
13	"(B) accomplishments;
14	"(C) best practices; and
15	"(D) costs and benefits;
16	"(5) support (including through technical assist-
17	ance, participation, financial support, or other forms
18	of support) economic, legal, and other appropriate so-
19	cial science research to identify barriers to commer-
20	cialization and methods to advance commercialization
21	of sustainable chemistry.
22	"(e) Interagency Working Group.—
23	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days
24	after the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lauten-
25	berg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, the

1	President, in consultation with the Office of Science
2	and Technology Policy, shall establish an Interagency
3	Working Group that shall include representatives
4	from the National Science Foundation, the National
5	Institute of Standards and Technology, the Depart-
6	ment of Energy, the Environmental Protection Agen-
7	cy, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of
8	Defense, the National Institutes of Health, and any
9	other agency that the President may designate to
10	oversee the planning, management, and coordination
11	of the Program.
12	"(2) Governance.—The Director of the Na-
13	tional Science Foundation and the Assistant Admin-
14	istrator for Research and Development of the Envi-
15	ronmental Protection Agency, or their designees, shall
16	serve as co-chairs of the Interagency Working Group.
17	"(3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—In overseeing the
18	planning, management, and coordination of the Pro-
19	gram, the Interagency Working Group shall—
20	"(A) establish goals and priorities for the
21	Program, in consultation with the Advisory
22	Council;
23	(B) provide for interagency coordination,
24	including budget coordination, of activities
25	under the Program;

"(C) meet not later than 90 days from its
establishment and periodically thereafter; and
"(D) establish and consult with an Advisory
Council on a regular basis.
"(4) Membership.—The Advisory Council
members shall not be employees of the Federal Gov-
ernment and shall include a diverse representation of
knowledgeable individuals from the private sector (in-
cluding small- and medium-sized enterprises from
across the value chain), academia, State and tribal
governments, and nongovernmental organizations and
others who are in a position to provide expertise.
"(f) Agency Budget Requests.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Federal agency and de-
partment participating in the Program shall, as part
of its annual request for appropriations to the Office
of Management and Budget, submit a report to the
Office of Management and Budget that—
``(A) identifies the activities of the agency
or department that contribute directly to the
Program; and
((B) states the portion of the agency or de-
partment's request for appropriations that is al-
located to those activities.

1	"(2) Annual budget request to congress.—
2	The President shall include in the annual budget re-
3	quest to Congress a statement of the portion of the an-
4	nual budget request for each agency or department
5	that will be allocated to activities undertaken pursu-
6	ant to the Program.
7	"(g) Report to Congress.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
9	the date of enactment of the Frank R. Lautenberg
10	Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act, the Inter-
11	agency Working Group shall submit a report to the
12	Committee on Science, Space, and Technology and
13	Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of
14	Representatives and the Committee on Environment
15	and Public Works and the Committee on Commerce,
16	Science, and Transportation of the Senate that shall
17	include—
18	"(A) a summary of federally funded sus-
19	tainable chemistry research, development, dem-
20	onstration, technology transfer, commercializa-
21	tion, education, and training activities;
22	``(B) a summary of the financial resources
23	allocated to sustainable chemistry initiatives;
24	"(C) an analysis of the progress made to-
25	ward achieving the goals and priorities of the

program established pursuant to subsection (c), and recommendations for future program activities;

4 "(D) an assessment of the benefits of expanding existing, federally-supported regional
6 innovation and manufacturing hubs to include
7 sustainable chemistry and the value of directing
8 the creation of 1 or more dedicated sustainable
9 chemistry centers of excellence or hubs; and

10 "(E) an evaluation of steps taken and future strategies to avoid duplication of efforts, 11 streamline interagency coordination, facilitate 12 13 information sharing, and spread best practices 14 between participating agencies in the Program. 15 "(2) SUBMISSION TO GAO.—The Interagency Working Group shall also submit the report described 16 17 in paragraph (1) to the Government Accountability 18 Office for consideration in future Congressional in-19 quiries.".

20 SEC. 24. STATE PROGRAMS.

21 Section 28 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
22 U.S.C. 2627) is amended—

23 (1) in subsection (b)(1)—

1

2

1	(A) in subparagraphs (A) through (D) , by
2	striking the comma at the end of each subpara-
3	graph and inserting a semicolon; and
4	(B) in subparagraph (E), by striking ",
5	and" and inserting "; and"; and
6	(2) by striking subsections (c) and (d).
7	SEC. 25. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	Section 29 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
9	U.S.C. 2628) is repealed.
10	SEC. 26. ANNUAL REPORT.
11	Section 30 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
12	U.S.C. 2629) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and
13	inserting the following:
14	((2)(A) the number of notices received during
15	each year under section 5; and
16	(B) the number of the notices described in sub-
17	paragraph (A) for chemical substances subject to a
18	rule, testing consent agreement, or order under section
19	<i>4;"</i> .
20	SEC. 27. EFFECTIVE DATE.
21	Section 31 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
22	U.S.C. 2601 note; Public Law 94–469) is amended—
23	(1) by striking "Except as provided in section
24	4(f), this" and inserting the following:
25	"(a) IN GENERAL.—This"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:
 "(b) RETROACTIVE APPLICABILITY.—Nothing in this
 Act shall be interpreted to apply retroactively to any State,
 Federal, or maritime legal action commenced prior to the
 effective date of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety
 for the 21st Century Act.".

Calendar No. 121

114TH CONGRESS S. 697

A BILL

To amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reauthorize and modernize that Act, and for other purposes.

JUNE 17, 2015

Reported with an amendment