# S. 50

To strengthen Federal consumer product safety programs and activities with respect to commercially marketed seafood by directing the Secretary of Commerce to coordinate with the Federal Trade Commission and other appropriate Federal agencies to strengthen and coordinate those programs and activities.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 25 (legislative day, January 5), 2011

Mr. INOUYE (for himself, Ms. SNOWE, and Mr. VITTER) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

# A BILL

To strengthen Federal consumer product safety programs and activities with respect to commercially marketed seafood by directing the Secretary of Commerce to coordinate with the Federal Trade Commission and other appropriate Federal agencies to strengthen and coordinate those programs and activities.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Commercial Seafood
- 5 Consumer Protection Act".

# SEC. 2. COMMERCIALLY MARKETED SEAFOOD CONSUMER 2 PROTECTION SAFETY NET. 3 (a) In General.—The Secretary of Commerce shall, in coordination with the Federal Trade Commission and 5 other appropriate Federal agencies, and consistent with the international obligations of the United States, 6 7 strengthen Federal consumer protection activities for en-8 suring that commercially distributed seafood in the United 9 States meets the food quality and safety requirements of applicable Federal laws. 10 11 (b) Interagency Agreements.— 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Within 180 days after the 13 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary and 14 other appropriate Federal agencies shall execute 15 memoranda of understanding or other agreements to 16 strengthen interagency cooperation on seafood safe-17 ty, seafood labeling, and seafood fraud. 18 (2) Scope of agreements.—The agreements 19 shall include provisions, as appropriate for each such 20 agreement, for-21 (A) cooperative arrangements for exam-22 ining and testing seafood imports that leverage 23 the resources, capabilities, and authorities of 24 each party to the agreement;

1	(B) coordination of inspections of foreign
2	facilities to increase the percentage of imported
3	seafood and seafood facilities inspected;
4	(C) standardizing data on seafood names,
5	inspection records, and laboratory testing to im-
6	prove interagency coordination;
7	(D) coordination of the collection, storage,
8	analysis, and dissemination of all applicable in-
9	formation, intelligence, and data related to the
10	importation, exportation, transportation, sale,
11	harvest, processing, or trade of seafood in order
12	to detect and investigate violations under appli-
13	cable Federal laws, and to carry out the provi-
14	sions of this Act;
15	(E) developing a process for expediting im-
16	ports of seafood into the United States from
17	foreign countries and exporters that consist-
18	ently adhere to the highest standards for ensur-
19	ing seafood safety;
20	(F) coordination to track shipments of sea-
21	food in the distribution chain within the United
22	States;
23	(G) enhancing labeling requirements and
24	methods of assuring compliance with such re-

- quirements to clearly identity species and prevent fraudulent practices;
  - (H) a process by which officers and employees of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may be commissioned by the head of any other appropriate Federal agency to conduct or participate in seafood examinations and investigations under applicable Federal laws administered by such other agency;
  - (I) the sharing of information concerning observed non-compliance with United States seafood requirements domestically and in foreign countries and new regulatory decisions and policies that may affect regulatory outcomes;
  - (J) conducting joint training on subjects that affect and strengthen seafood inspection effectiveness by Federal authorities;
  - (K) sharing, to the maximum extent allowable by law, all applicable information, intelligence, and data related to the importation, exportation, transportation, sale, harvest, processing, or trade of seafood in order to detect and investigate violations under applicable Federal laws, or otherwise to carry out the provisions of this Act; and

1	(L) outreach to private testing labora-
2	tories, seafood industries, and the public on
3	Federal efforts to enhance seafood safety and
4	compliance with labeling requirements, includ-
5	ing education on Federal requirements for sea-
6	food safety and labeling and information on
7	how these entities can work with appropriate
8	Federal agencies to enhance and improve sea-
9	food inspection and assist in detecting and pre-
10	venting seafood fraud and mislabeling.
11	(3) Annual reports on implementation of
12	AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary, the Chairman of the
13	Federal Trade Commission, and the heads of other
14	appropriate Federal agencies that are parties to
15	agreements executed under paragraph (1) shall sub-
16	mit, jointly or severally, an annual report to the
17	Congress concerning—
18	(A) specific efforts taken pursuant to the
19	agreements;
20	(B) the budget and personnel necessary to
21	strengthen seafood safety and labeling and pre-
22	vent seafood fraud; and
23	(C) any additional authorities necessary to

improve seafood safety and labeling and prevent

seafood fraud.

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1	(c) Marketing, Labeling, and Fraud Report.—
2	Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Secretary and the Chairman of the Federal Trade Com-
4	mission shall submit a joint report to the Congress on con-
5	sumer protection and enforcement efforts with respect to
6	seafood marketing and labeling in the United States. The
7	report shall include—
8	(1) findings with respect to the scope of seafood
9	fraud and deception in the United States market
10	and its impact on consumers;
11	(2) information on how the National Oceanic
12	and Atmospheric Administration and the Federal
13	Trade Commission can work together more effec-
14	tively to address fraud and unfair or deceptive acts
15	or practices with respect to seafood;
16	(3) detailed information on the enforcement and
17	consumer outreach activities undertaken by the Na-
18	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and
19	the Federal Trade Commission during the preceding
20	year pursuant to this Act; and
21	(4) an examination of the scope of unfair or de-
22	ceptive acts or practices in the United States market
23	with respect to foods other than seafood and wheth-
24	er additional enforcement authority or activity is

warranted.

- 1 (d) NOAA SEAFOOD INSPECTION AND MARKING CO-2 ORDINATION.—
- 1) DECEPTIVE MARKETING AND FRAUD.—The
  National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
  shall report deceptive seafood marketing and fraud
  to the Federal Trade Commission pursuant to an
  agreement under subsection (b).
  - (2)APPLICATION WITH **EXISTING** AGREE-MENTS.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to impede, minimize, or otherwise affect any agreement or agreements regarding cooperation and information sharing in the inspection of fish and fishery products and establishments between the Department of Commerce and the Department of Health and Human Services in effect on the date of enactment of this Act. Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall submit a joint report to the Congress on implementation of any such agreement or agreements, including the extent to which the Food and Drug Administration has taken into consideration information resulting from inspections conducted by the Department of Commerce in making risk-based determinations such as the establishment of inspection

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- priorities for domestic and foreign facilities and the examination and testing of imported seafood.
- 3 (3) Coordination with sea grant pro-GRAM.—The Administrator of the National Oceanic 5 and Atmospheric Administration shall ensure that 6 the NOAA Seafood Inspection Program is coordi-7 nated with the Sea Grant Program to provide out-8 reach to States, consumers, and the seafood industry 9 on seafood testing, seafood labeling, and seafood 10 substitution, and strategies to combat mislabeling 11 and fraud.

#### 12 SEC. 3. CERTIFIED LABORATORIES.

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14 Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of 15 Health and Human Services, shall increase the number of laboratories certified to the standards of the Food and 16 Drug Administration in the United States and in countries that export seafood to the United States for the purpose 18 19 of analyzing seafood and ensuring that the laboratories, 20 including Federal, State, and private facilities, comply 21 with applicable Federal laws. Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall

publish in the Federal Register a list of certified labora-

tories. The Secretary shall update and publish the list no

Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this

less frequently than annually.

### 1 SEC. 4. NOAA LABORATORIES.

- 2 In any fiscal year beginning after the date of enact-
- 3 ment of this Act, the Secretary may increase the number
- 4 and capacity of laboratories operated by the National Oce-
- 5 anic and Atmospheric Administration involved in carrying
- 6 out testing and other activities under this Act to the extent
- 7 that the Secretary determines that increased laboratory
- 8 capacity is necessary to carry out the provisions of this
- 9 Act and as provided for in appropriations Acts.

#### 10 SEC. 5. CONTAMINATED SEAFOOD.

- 11 (a) Refusal of Entry.—The Secretary of Health
- 12 and Human Services may issue an order refusing admis-
- 13 sion into the United States of all imports of seafood or
- 14 seafood products originating from a country or exporter
- 15 if the Secretary determines that shipments of such seafood
- 16 or seafood products do not meet the requirements estab-
- 17 lished under applicable Federal law.
- 18 (b) Increased Testing.—If the Secretary of
- 19 Health and Human Services determines that seafood im-
- 20 ports originating from a country may not meet the re-
- 21 quirements of Federal law, and determines that there is
- 22 a lack of adequate certified laboratories to provide for the
- 23 entry of shipments pursuant to section 3, then the Sec-
- 24 retary may order an increase in the percentage of ship-
- 25 ments tested of seafood originating from such country to

- 1 improve detection of potential violations of such require-
- 2 ments.
- 3 (c) Allowance of Individual Shipments from
- 4 Exporting Country or Exporter.—Notwithstanding
- 5 an order under subsection (a) with respect to seafood orig-
- 6 inating from a country or exporter, the Secretary may per-
- 7 mit individual shipments of seafood originating in that
- 8 country or from that exporter to be admitted into the
- 9 United States if—
- 10 (1) the exporter presents evidence from a lab-
- oratory certified by the Secretary that a shipment of
- seafood meets the requirements of applicable Federal
- laws; and
- 14 (2) the Secretary, or other agent of a Federal
- agency authorized to conduct inspections of seafood,
- has inspected the shipment and has found that the
- shipment and the conditions of manufacturing meet
- the requirements of applicable Federal laws.
- 19 (d) CANCELLATION OF ORDER.—The Secretary may
- 20 cancel an order under subsection (a) with respect to sea-
- 21 food exported from a country or exporter if all shipments
- 22 into the United States under subsection (c) of seafood
- 23 originating in that country or from that exporter more
- 24 than 1 year after the date on which the Secretary issued
- 25 the order have been found, under the procedures described

- 1 in subsection (c), to meet the requirements of Federal law.
- 2 If the Secretary determines that an exporter has failed
- 3 to comply with the requirements of an order under sub-
- 4 section (a), the 1-year period in the preceding sentence
- 5 shall run from the date of that determination rather than
- 6 the date on which the order was issued.
- 7 (e) Effect.—This section shall be in addition to,
- 8 and shall have no effect on, the authority of the Secretary
- 9 of Health and Human Services under the Federal Food,
- 10 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) with re-
- 11 spect to seafood, seafood products, or any other product.
- 12 SEC. 6. INSPECTION TEAMS.
- 13 (a) Inspection of Foreign Sites.—The Secretary,
- 14 in cooperation with the Secretary of Health and Human
- 15 Services, may send 1 or more inspectors to a country or
- 16 exporter from which seafood exported to the United States
- 17 originates. The inspection team shall assess practices and
- 18 processes being used in connection with the farming, cul-
- 19 tivation, harvesting, preparation for market, or transpor-
- 20 tation of such seafood and may provide technical assist-
- 21 ance related to the requirements established under appli-
- 22 cable Federal laws to address seafood fraud and safety.
- 23 The inspection team shall prepare a report for the Sec-
- 24 retary of Commerce with its findings. The Secretary of
- 25 Commerce shall make a copy of the report available to

- 1 the country or exporter that is the subject of the report
- 2 and provide a 30-day period during which the country or
- 3 exporter may provide a rebuttal or other comments on the
- 4 findings to the Secretary.
- 5 (b) Distribution and Use of Report.—The Sec-
- 6 retary shall provide the report to the Secretary of Health
- 7 and Human Services as information for consideration in
- 8 making risk-based determinations such as the establish-
- 9 ment of inspection priorities of domestic and foreign facili-
- 10 ties and the examination and testing of imported seafood.
- 11 The Secretary shall provide the report to the Executive
- 12 Director of the Federal Trade Commission for consider-
- 13 ation in making recommendations to the Chairman of the
- 14 Federal Trade Commission regarding consumer protection
- 15 to prevent fraud, deception, and unfair business practices
- 16 in the marketplace.

#### 17 SEC. 7. SEAFOOD IDENTIFICATION.

- 18 (a) Standarized List of Names for Seafood.—
- 19 The Secretary and the Secretary of Health and Human
- 20 Services shall initial a joint rulemaking proceeding to de-
- 21 velop and make public a list of standardized names for
- 22 seafood identification purposes at distribution, marketing,
- 23 and consumer retail stages. The list of standardized names
- 24 shall take into account taxonomy, current labeling regula-
- 25 tions, international law and custom, market value, and

- 1 naming precedence for all commercially distributed sea-
- 2 food distributed in interstate commerce in the United
- 3 States and may not include names, whether similar to ex-
- 4 isting or commonly used names for species, that are likely
- 5 to confuse or mislead consumers.
- 6 (b) Publication of List.—The list of standardized
- 7 names shall be made available to the public on Depart-
- 8 ment of Health and Human Services and the Department
- 9 of Commerce Web sites, shall be open to public review and
- 10 comment, and shall be updated annually.

#### 11 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.

- 12 In this Act:
- 13 (1) APPLICABLE FEDERAL LAWS.—The term
- 14 "applicable laws and regulations" means Federal
- statutes, regulations, and international agreements
- pertaining to the importation, exportation, transpor-
- tation, sale, harvest, processing, or trade of seafood,
- including the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conserva-
- tion and Management Act, section 801 of the Fed-
- eral Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 381),
- section 203 of the Food Allergen Labeling and Con-
- sumer Protection Act of 2004 (21 U.S.C. 374a), and
- the Seafood Hazard Analysis and Critical Control
- Point regulations in part 123 of title 21, Code of
- 25 Federal Regulations.

1	(2) Appropriate federal agencies.—The
2	term "appropriate Federal agencies" includes the
3	Department of Health and Human Services, the
4	Federal Food and Drug Administration, the Depart-
5	ment of Homeland Security, and the Department of
6	Agriculture.
7	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
8	the Secretary of Commerce.

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