

117TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. 4993

To authorize the Secretary of Education to award grants for outdoor learning spaces and to develop living schoolyards.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 28, 2022

Mr. HEINRICH introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

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## A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of Education to award grants for outdoor learning spaces and to develop living schoolyards.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Living Schoolyards Act  
5       of 2022”.

**6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7       Congress finds the following:

8           (1) City planning and urban development often  
9       disconnect communities from natural systems, such  
10      as forests, waterways, and wildlife habitats. Existing

1 green spaces in our cities are not evenly distributed  
2 and the presence of neighborhood parks and nature-  
3 rich school grounds are strongly correlated with in-  
4 come in most cities across the United States. This  
5 means that communities with the fewest resources  
6 usually also have the least access to nature in their  
7 neighborhoods and on their school grounds.

8 (2) Environmental sustainability has become a  
9 high priority in planning and design and should be  
10 incorporated in construction and renovation of  
11 schools across urban, suburban, and rural districts.

12 (3) School districts are 1 of the largest land  
13 managers in almost every city and town in the  
14 United States. The choices schools and districts  
15 make about how they manage their land directly im-  
16 impacts students' daily experiences, mental and phys-  
17 ical health, and learning outcomes. Schools can ben-  
18 efit their students, educators, and surrounding com-  
19 munities through thoughtful design and use of their  
20 grounds, paying mind to local ecological, social, and  
21 cultural context.

22 (4) On-campus green space designs have envi-  
23 ronmental and ecological resilience benefits, such as  
24 stormwater management, rainwater collection, car-  
25 bon and runoff sequestration, air quality improve-

1       ment, wildlife habitat restoration, and ecological re-  
2       siliency.

3           (5) The amount of time the average American  
4       child spends outdoors and distance traveled from the  
5       home unsupervised are in constant decline.

6           (6) Adding green spaces to schoolyards has  
7       been linked to persistent changes in recess behavior,  
8       including increased physical activity and social col-  
9       laboration.

10          (7) Children spend a significant portion of their  
11       day on their school campuses, amounting to at least  
12       840 instructional hours per year from grades 1 to 3,  
13       inclusive, and up to 1,080 hours for grades 9 to 12,  
14       inclusive.

15          (8) Removing pavement and adding shade trees  
16       in places that are accessible to children and youth  
17       during the school day directly protects children from  
18       high temperatures and reduces urban heat islands in  
19       the surrounding community, while also making  
20       school grounds more comfortable for both children  
21       and adults.

22          (9) An ecological schoolyard with trees and  
23       other plantings provides a peaceful, comfortable, and  
24       aesthetically pleasant environment for students, par-  
25       ticularly for those students who lack the desire or

1       ability to engage in competitive, fast-paced, or more  
2       structured activities. This has been shown to im-  
3       prove mental health and the ability to pay attention  
4       for both children and adults. The presence of trees  
5       on school grounds is associated with higher academic  
6       achievement for students.

7                 (10) Ecological schoolyards provide a diverse,  
8       engaging, multi-faceted play and social environment  
9       that encourages collaborative and cooperative play  
10      and social interaction, reducing the aggression and  
11      bullying that occurs on traditional playgrounds.

12                (11) An on-campus green space, such as a  
13       school garden, is a fundamental component of a  
14       school environment intended to include and empower  
15       students, giving them a sense of place and commu-  
16       nity.

17                (12) Schools are devoted to nurturing each  
18       child's physical, cognitive, social, and emotional de-  
19       velopment and ability to assess challenging situa-  
20       tions and make intelligent choices.

21                (13) Children should be given the opportunity  
22       to reflect and embrace their local ecological, social,  
23       and cultural context in both recreational and in-  
24       structional settings.

(14) Outdoor learning spaces provide clearer context and hands-on teaching resources for standards-based instruction in life and physical sciences, health and nutrition, social science, mathematics, reading and creative writing, visual and performing art, and other subject areas.

(15) Outdoor activity is essential to learning, health, and the overall quality of student life.

## 9 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

## 10 In this Act:

11                             (1) ELEMENTARY SCHOOL.—The term “elemen-  
12                                 tary school” means a public institutional day or resi-  
13                                 dential school, including a public elementary charter  
14                                 school, that provides elementary education, as deter-  
15                                 mined under State law.

16                           (2) LIVING SCHOOLYARD.—The term “living  
17                           schoolyard”—

18 (A) means a park-like outdoor environment  
19 at an elementary school or secondary school  
20 that strengthens local ecological systems, pro-  
21 vides hands-on learning resources, and fosters a  
22 wide range of play and social opportunities  
23 while enhancing health and well-being of chil-  
24 dren and adults; and

(B) may include trees, gardens, outdoor meeting areas, and other elements designed by, and for, the students and the surrounding community.

(4) OUTDOOR LEARNING SPACE.—The term “outdoor learning space” means an outdoor physical space on school grounds that is—

(A) dedicated to meet or conduct curriculum-tied activities;

14 (B) a dedicated space for outdoor class-  
15 rooms that has seating and tables installed for  
16 students and teachers to meet regularly; or

17 (C) a place that is used when the need  
18 arises to take learning outdoors

23                   (6) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means  
24                   the Secretary of Education.

## 1 SEC. 4. GRANT PROGRAM FOR OUTDOOR LEARNING

## 2 SPACES.

## 3 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF PROGRAM.—

4 (1) RESERVATION FOR BIE.—From the amount  
5 appropriated under subsection (d) to carry out this  
6 section for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reserve  
7 5 percent for the Secretary of the Interior to carry  
8 out this section for schools operated by the Bureau  
9 of Indian Education or schools that are operated by  
10 an Indian tribe, or an organization controlled or  
11 sanctioned by an Indian tribal government, for the  
12 children of that tribe under a contract with, or grant  
13 from, the Department of the Interior under the In-  
14 dian Self-Determination Act (25 U.S.C. 5321 et  
15 seq.) or the Tribally Controlled Schools Act of 1988  
16 (25 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.).

17 (2) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary shall  
18 award grants to local educational agencies to enable  
19 the local educational agencies to develop outdoor  
20 learning spaces.

21 (3) GRANT AMOUNTS.—A grant awarded under  
22 this section shall be in an amount equal to not less  
23 than \$10,000 and not more than \$50,000 for each  
24 school to be served by the local educational agency  
25 with the grant.

26 (b) APPLICATIONS.—

1                             (1) IN GENERAL.—A local educational agency  
2                             that desires to receive a grant under this section  
3                             shall submit an application to the Secretary at such  
4                             time, in such manner, and accompanied by such in-  
5                             formation as the Secretary may require, including  
6                             the following:

7                                 (A) An identification of each elementary  
8                             school and secondary school served by the local  
9                             educational agency that will receive assistance  
10                            with grant funding provided under this section.

11                                 (B) The timeframe needed to prepare out-  
12                             door learning spaces and the timeframe to  
13                             begin using outdoor learning spaces.

14                                 (C) The percentage of students the local  
15                             educational agency serves who are eligible for a  
16                             free or reduced price lunch under the Richard  
17                             B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42  
18                             U.S.C. 1751 et seq.).

19                                 (D) The projected number of schools that  
20                             would participate in the outdoor learning  
21                             spaces.

22                                 (E) The projected number of students and  
23                             staff that would participate in the outdoor  
24                             learning spaces on a daily basis.

(F) A description of how the local educational agency will assist students and staff that may need inclement weather clothing to participate in the outdoor learning spaces.

10 (c) USE OF FUNDS.—A local educational agency that  
11 receives a grant under this section shall use the grant  
12 funds to develop outdoor learning spaces. Such outdoor  
13 learning spaces shall comply with at least 1 of the fol-  
14 lowing:

15                   (1) The installation of canopies, tents, or simi-  
16                   lar structures that maximize air flow while providing  
17                   shade and rain protection, including, if walls are in-  
18                   cluded, any accommodations for reducing COVID-  
19                   19 virus transmission recommended by the Centers  
20                   for Disease Control and Prevention or local public  
21                   health authorities.

22                   (2) The installation of open sided permanent  
23                   outdoor structures, with or without large retractable  
24                   doors.

1                     (3) The installation of electricity and outlets or  
2 portable generators that benefits student learning.

3                     (4) The installation of outdoor furniture, such  
4 as seating and tables or work surfaces, for staff and  
5 students.

6                     (5) The availability of storage for outdoor  
7 teaching materials or wagons or carts for each  
8 teacher to transport supplies to and from the out-  
9 door learning spaces.

10                  (6) The installation of outdoor wifi nodes, and  
11 potable charging stations.

12                  (7) The installation of outdoor food service fa-  
13 cilities for serving, eating, and waste management.

14                  (8) The installation of school garden infrastruc-  
15 ture and plantings, such as raised garden beds, pot-  
16 ting soil, hoses, and installation of native, low water,  
17 and food-producing plants that may help block the  
18 wind or provide shade.

19                  (9) The installation or planting of shade trees,  
20 positioned on school grounds where students can ac-  
21 cess them during the school day. Planting locations  
22 for shade trees shall be selected to improve the ther-  
23 mal comfort of outdoor learning spaces.

24                  (10) Removal of asphalt, concrete, or pavement,  
25 and soil conditioning.

1                         (11) The availability of weather related clothing  
2                         and footwear.

3                         (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There  
4                         are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
5                         \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2027.

6 **SEC. 5. LIVING SCHOOLYARD PROJECTS.**

7                         (a) PLANNING GRANTS.—

8                         (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall award  
9                         planning grants to local educational agencies to en-  
10                         able the agencies to develop master plans to turn  
11                         some or all of the outdoor spaces of the elementary  
12                         schools and secondary schools served by the agencies  
13                         into living schoolyards.

14                         (2) APPLICATIONS.—A local educational agency  
15                         that desires to receive a grant under this subsection  
16                         shall submit an application to the Secretary at such  
17                         time, in such manner, and accompanied by such in-  
18                         formation as the Secretary may require, including  
19                         the following:

20                         (A) An outline for, that includes the scope  
21                         of, the master plan described in paragraph (3).

22                         (B) A plan for educator training and pro-  
23                         fessional development in order to train teachers  
24                         in utilizing the living schoolyard.

(C) Identification of State learning standards that may be addressed through student involvement in the living schoolyard.

### 4 (3) MASTER PLAN.—

12 (i) be developed with community  
13 input:

18 (iii) include—

19 (I) ecological goals;

20 (II) education and health goals;

(III) the number of students to be served at each school served under the grant, the total size of each such school property in acres, and the size

1                   of the proposed living schoolyard at  
2                   each site in acres;

3                   (IV) a master plan drawing of  
4                   the living schoolyard design proposed  
5                   for each school served under the  
6                   grant;

7                   (V) an identification of commu-  
8                   nity partners, including nonprofit or-  
9                   ganizations that have expertise in out-  
10                  door learning spaces or outdoor edu-  
11                  cation, if applicable; and

12                  (VI) a longevity plan for how the  
13                  local educational agency proposes to  
14                  maintain the living schoolyards over  
15                  time.

16                  (B) COMPONENTS OF A LIVING SCHOOL-  
17                  YARD.—The master plan developed under sub-  
18                  paragraph (A) may include the following de-  
19                  signs for the living schoolyard:

20                  (i) Growing food, planting pollinator  
21                  plants, and creating habitat for wildlife.

22                  (ii) Conserving water and observing  
23                  things in nature.

(iii) Drawing objects found in nature, documenting season's change, and temperatures.

4 (iv) Conducting experiments regarding  
5 soil, wind, water, and other elements.

6 (v) Using the arts to prepare skits,  
7 plays, murals, drawings, and sculptures  
8 that celebrate nature, including its ani-  
9 mals, plants, patterns, and behaviors.

10 (vi) Displaying items found and cele-  
11 brated, including leaves, seeds, cones,  
12 fruits, bones, and other items.

(vii) Planting shade trees, which—

14 (I) directly protect students from  
15 the effects of extreme heat due to cli-  
16 mate change; and

**22 (b) IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.—**

1 and developed a master plan in accordance with sub-  
2 section (a).

3 (2) APPLICATIONS.—A local educational agency  
4 that desires to receive a grant under this subsection  
5 shall submit an application to the Secretary at such  
6 time, in such manner, and accompanied by such in-  
7 formation as the Secretary may require. A local edu-  
8 cational agency may apply for more than 1 grant in  
9 order to complete individual schools in separate  
10 phases.

11 (3) USE OF FUNDS.—

12 (A) IN GENERAL.—A local educational  
13 agency that receives a grant under this sub-  
14 section shall use the grant funds to carry out  
15 the master plan developed in accordance with  
16 subsection (a) by turning some or all of the out-  
17 door spaces of the elementary schools and sec-  
18 ondary schools served by the agency into living  
19 schoolyards.

20 (B) PERMISSIBLE USES.—A local edu-  
21 cational agency that receives a grant under this  
22 subsection may use the grant funds—

23 (i) for professional development for  
24 school leadership, educators, and para-  
25 professionals; and

7 (4) MATCH.—

(B) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the matching requirement under subparagraph (A) for local educational agency that receives a grant under this subsection and serves students not less than 40 percent of whom are eligible for a free or reduced price lunch under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.).

1   **SEC. 6. CLEARINGHOUSE.**

2       The Secretary shall maintain a clearinghouse of in-  
3 formation that—

4           (1) provides examples of outdoor learning  
5 spaces, including successful models being used;

6           (2) includes input from nonprofit organizations  
7 with expertise in outdoor learning spaces and envi-  
8 ronmental education; and

9           (3) provides links and information about State  
10 and local entities with expertise in outdoor learning  
11 spaces and environmental education.

