In the House of Representatives, U. S.,

July 17, 2018.

Resolved, That the bill from the Senate (S. 488) entitled "An Act to increase the threshold for disclosures required by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to compensatory benefit plans, and for other purposes.", do pass with the following

AMENDMENTS:

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

- 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "JOBS and Investor Confidence Act of 2018".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—HELPING ANGELS LEAD OUR STARTUPS

Sec. 101. Definition of angel investor group.

Sec. 102. Clarification of general solicitation.

TITLE II—CREDIT ACCESS AND INCLUSION

Sec. 201. Positive credit reporting permitted.

Sec. 301. Registration exemption for merger and acquisition brokers.

Sec. 302. Effective date.

TITLE IV—FAIR INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR PROFESSIONAL EXPERTS

Sec. 401. Definition of accredited investor.

TITLE V—FOSTERING INNOVATION

Sec. 501. Temporary exemption for low-revenue issuers.

TITLE VI—END BANKING FOR HUMAN TRAFFICKERS

- Sec. 601. Increasing the role of the financial industry in combating human trafficking.
- Sec. 602. Coordination of human trafficking issues by the Office of Terrorism and Financial Intelligence.
- Sec. 603. Additional reporting requirement under the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000.
- Sec. 604. Minimum standards for the elimination of trafficking.

TITLE VII—INVESTING IN MAIN STREET

Sec. 701. Investment in small business investment companies.

TITLE VIII—EXCHANGE REGULATORY IMPROVEMENT

- Sec. 801. Findings.
- Sec. 802. Facility defined.

TITLE IX—ENCOURAGING PUBLIC OFFERINGS

Sec. 901. Expanding testing the waters and confidential submissions.

TITLE X—FAMILY OFFICE TECHNICAL CORRECTION

Sec. 1001. Accredited investor clarification.

TITLE XI—EXPANDING ACCESS TO CAPITAL FOR RURAL JOB CREATORS

Sec. 1101. Access to capital for rural-area small businesses.

TITLE XII—FINANCIAL INSTITUTION LIVING WILL IMPROVEMENT

Sec. 1201. Living will reforms.

TITLE XIII—PREVENTION OF PRIVATE INFORMATION DISSEMINATION

Sec. 1301. Criminal penalty for unauthorized disclosures.

TITLE XIV—INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE STANDARDS

- Sec. 1401. Short title.
- Sec. 1402. Congressional findings.
- Sec. 1403. Requirement that insurance standards reflect United States policy.
- Sec. 1404. State insurance regulator involvement in international standard setting.
- Sec. 1405. Consultation with Congress.
- Sec. 1406. Report to Congress on international insurance agreements.
- Sec. 1407. Covered agreements.
- Sec. 1408. Inapplicability to trade agreements.

TITLE XV—ALLEVIATING STRESS TEST BURDENS TO HELP INVESTORS

Sec. 1501. Stress test relief for nonbanks.

TITLE XVI—NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR COMBATING THE FINANCING OF TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANIZATIONS

Sec. 1601. National strategy.

Sec. 1602. Contents of national strategy.

Sec. 1603. Definitions.

TITLE XVII—COMMON SENSE CREDIT UNION CAPITAL RELIEF

Sec. 1701. Delay in effective date.

TITLE XVIII—OPTIONS MARKETS STABILITY

Sec. 1801. Rulemaking.

Sec. 1802. Report to Congress.

TITLE XIX—COOPERATE WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND WATCH

Sec. 1901. Safe harbor with respect to keep open letters.

TITLE XX—MAIN STREET GROWTH

Sec. 2001. Venture exchanges.

TITLE XXI—BUILDING UP INDEPENDENT LIVES AND DREAMS

Sec. 2101. Mortgage loan transaction disclosure requirements.

TITLE XXII—MODERNIZING DISCLOSURES FOR INVESTORS

Sec. 2201. Form 10-Q analysis.

TITLE XXIII—FIGHT ILLICIT NETWORKS AND DETECT TRAFFICKING

Sec. 2301. Findings.

Sec. 2302. GAO Study.

TITLE XXIV—IMPROVING INVESTMENT RESEARCH FOR SMALL AND EMERGING ISSUERS

Sec. 2401. Research study.

TITLE XXV—DEVELOPING AND EMPOWERING OUR ASPIRING LEADERS

Sec. 2501. Definitions.

TITLE XXVI—EXPANDING INVESTMENT IN SMALL BUSINESSES

Sec. 2601. SEC study.

TITLE XXVII—PROMOTING TRANSPARENT STANDARDS FOR CORPORATE INSIDERS

Sec. 2701. SEC study.

TITLE XXVIII—INVESTMENT ADVISER REGULATORY FLEXIBILITY IMPROVEMENT

Sec. 2801. Definition of small business of small organization.

TITLE XXIX—ENHANCING MULTI-CLASS SHARE DISCLOSURES

Sec. 2901. Disclosure Relating to Multi-Class Share Structures.

TITLE XXX—NATIONAL SENIOR INVESTOR INITIATIVE

Sec. 3001. Senior Investor Taskforce.

Sec. 3002. GAO study.

TITLE XXXI—MIDDLE MARKET IPO UNDERWRITING COST

Sec. 3101. Study on IPO fees.

TITLE XXXII—CROWDFUNDING AMENDMENTS

Sec. 3201. Crowdfunding vehicles.

Sec. 3202. Crowdfunding exemption from registration.

1 TITLE I—HELPING ANGELS LEAD 2 OUR STARTUPS

3 SEC. 101. DEFINITION OF ANGEL INVESTOR GROUP.

- 4 As used in this title, the term "angel investor group"
- 5 means any group that—
- 6 (1) is composed of accredited investors interested
- 7 in investing personal capital in early-stage compa-
- 8 nies:
- 9 (2) holds regular meetings and has defined proc-
- 10 esses and procedures for making investment decisions,
- 11 either individually or among the membership of the
- 12 group as a whole; and
- 13 (3) is neither associated nor affiliated with bro-
- 14 kers, dealers, or investment advisers.

1 SEC. 102. CLARIFICATION OF GENERAL SOLICITATION.

2	(a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the
3	date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange
4	Commission shall revise Regulation D of its rules (17 CFR
5	230.500 et seq.) to require that in carrying out the prohibi-
6	tion against general solicitation or general advertising con-
7	tained in section 230.502(c) of title 17, Code of Federal Reg-
8	ulations, the prohibition shall not apply to a presentation
9	or other communication made by or on behalf of an issuer
10	which is made at an event—
11	(1) sponsored by—
12	(A) the United States or any territory
13	thereof, by the District of Columbia, by any
14	State, by a political subdivision of any State or
15	territory, or by any agency or public instrumen-
16	tality of any of the foregoing;
17	(B) a college, university, or other institu-
18	tion of higher education;
19	(C) a nonprofit organization;
20	(D) an angel investor group;
21	(E) a venture forum, venture capital asso-
22	ciation, or trade association; or
23	(F) any other group, person or entity as the
24	Securities and Exchange Commission may deter-
25	mine by rule;

1	(2) where any advertising for the event does not
2	reference any specific offering of securities by the
3	issuer;
4	(3) the sponsor of which—
5	(A) does not make investment recommenda-
6	tions or provide investment advice to event
7	attendees;
8	(B) does not engage in an active role in any
9	investment negotiations between the issuer and
10	investors attending the event;
11	(C) does not charge event attendees any fees
12	other than administrative fees;
13	(D) does not receive any compensation for
14	making introductions between investors attend-
15	ing the event and issuers, or for investment nego-
16	tiations between such parties;
17	(E) makes readily available to attendees a
18	disclosure not longer than one page in length, as
19	prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Com-
20	mission, describing the nature of the event and
21	the risks of investing in the issuers presenting at
22	the event; and
23	(F) does not receive any compensation with
24	respect to such event that would require registra-
25	tion of the sponsor as a broker or a dealer under

1	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or as an in-
2	vestment advisor under the Investment Advisers
3	Act of 1940; and
4	(4) where no specific information regarding an
5	offering of securities by the issuer is communicated or
6	distributed by or on behalf of the issuer, other than—
7	(A) that the issuer is in the process of offer-
8	ing securities or planning to offer securities;
9	(B) the type and amount of securities being
10	offered;
11	(C) the amount of securities being offered
12	that have already been subscribed for; and
13	(D) the intended use of proceeds of the offer-
14	ing.
15	(b) Rule of Construction.—Subsection (a) may
16	only be construed as requiring the Securities and Exchange
17	Commission to amend the requirements of Regulation D
18	with respect to presentations and communications, and not
19	with respect to purchases or sales.
20	(c) No Pre-Existing Substantive Relationship
21	By Reason of Event.—Attendance at an event described
22	under subsection (a) shall not qualify, by itself, as estab-
23	lishing a pre-existing substantive relationship between an
24	issuer and a purchaser, for purposes of Rule 506(b).

1	(d) Definition of Issuer.—For purposes of this sec-
2	tion and the revision of rules required under this section,
3	the term "issuer" means an issuer that is a business, is
4	not in bankruptcy or receivership, is not an investment
5	company, and is not a blank check, blind pool, or shell com-
6	pany.
7	TITLE II—CREDIT ACCESS AND
8	INCLUSION
9	SEC. 201. POSITIVE CREDIT REPORTING PERMITTED.
10	(a) In General.—Section 623 of the Fair Credit Re-
11	porting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s-2) is amended by adding at
12	the end the following new subsection:
13	"(f) Full-File Credit Reporting.—
14	"(1) In general.—Subject to the limitations in
15	paragraphs (2) through (4) and notwithstanding any
16	other provision of law, a person or the Secretary of
17	Housing and Urban Development may furnish to a
18	consumer reporting agency information relating to
19	the performance of a consumer in making pay-
20	ments—
21	"(A) under a lease agreement with respect
22	to a dwelling, including such a lease in which
23	the Department of Housing and Urban Develop-
24	ment provides subsidized payments for occu-
25	nancu in a dwellina: or

1	"(B) pursuant to a contract for a utility or
2	telecommunications service.

- "(2) LIMITATION.—Information about a consumer's usage of any utility services provided by a utility or telecommunication firm may be furnished to a consumer reporting agency only to the extent that such information relates to payment by the consumer for the services of such utility or telecommunication service or other terms of the provision of the services to the consumer, including any deposit, discount, or conditions for interruption or termination of the services.
- "(3) Payment plan.—An energy utility firm, telephone company, or wireless provider may not report payment information to a consumer reporting agency with respect to an outstanding balance of a consumer as late if—
 - "(A) the energy utility firm, telephone company, or wireless provider and the consumer have entered into a payment plan (including a deferred payment agreement, an arrearage management program, or a debt forgiveness program) with respect to such outstanding balance; and
 - "(B) the consumer is meeting the obligations of the payment plan, as determined by the

1	energy utility firm, telephone company, or wire-
2	less provider.
3	"(4) Relation to state law.—Notwith-
4	standing section 625, this subsection shall not pre-
5	empt any law of a State with respect to furnishing
6	to a consumer reporting agency information relating
7	to the performance of a consumer in making pay-
8	ments pursuant to a contract for a utility or tele-
9	$communications\ service.$
10	"(5) Definitions.—In this subsection, the fol-
11	lowing definitions shall apply:
12	"(A) Energy utility firm.—The term 'en-
13	ergy utility firm' means an entity that provides
14	gas or electric utility services to the public.
15	"(B) Utility or telecommunication
16	FIRM.—The term 'utility or telecommunication
17	firm' means an entity that provides utility serv-
18	ices to the public through pipe, wire, landline,
19	wireless, cable, or other connected facilities, or
20	radio, electronic, or similar transmission (in-
21	cluding the extension of such facilities).".
22	(b) Limitation on Liability.—Section 623(c) of the
23	Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s-2(c)) is
24	amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the
2	end;
3	(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
4	graph (4); and
5	(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the fol-
6	lowing new paragraph:
7	"(3) subsection (f) of this section, including any
8	regulations issued thereunder; or".
9	(c) HUD RULEMAKING.—Not later than the end of the
10	8-month period following the date of the enactment of this
11	Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall
12	issue regulations directing public housing agencies to de-
13	velop procedures and capacity to—
14	(1) ensure the complete and accurate reporting of
15	data regarding tenants of public housing and families
16	assisted under section 8 of the United States Housing
17	Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f) when furnishing infor-
18	mation to a consumer reporting agency pursuant to
19	section 623(f) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act; and
20	(2) handle complaints with respect to such re-
21	porting.
22	(d) GAO Study and Report.—Not later than 2 years
23	after the date that final rules are issued pursuant to sub-
24	section (c), the Comptroller General of the United States
25	shall submit to Congress a report on the impact of fur-

1	nishing information pursuant to subsection (f) of section
2	623 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681s-
3	2) (as added by this section) on consumers.
4	(e) APPLICABILITY.—The amendment by subsection (a)
5	shall not apply to a consumer in connection with a lease
6	in which the Department of Housing and Urban Develop-
7	ment provides subsidized payments for occupancy in a
8	dwelling until the date on which final rules are issued pur-
9	suant to subsection (c).
10	TITLE III—SMALL BUSINESS
11	MERGERS, ACQUISITIONS,
12	SALES, AND BROKERAGE SIM-
13	PLIFICATION
14	SEC. 301. REGISTRATION EXEMPTION FOR MERGER AND AC-
15	QUISITION BROKERS.
16	Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
17	(15 U.S.C. 780(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
18	following:
19	"(13) Registration exemption for merger
20	AND ACQUISITION BROKERS.—
21	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
22	subparagraph (B), an M &A $broker$ $shall$ be $ex-$
23	empt from registration under this section.
24	"(B) Excluded activities.—An M&A
25	broker is not exempt from registration under this

1	paragraph if such broker does any of the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(i) Directly or indirectly, in connec-
4	tion with the transfer of ownership of an el-
5	igible privately held company, receives,
6	holds, transmits, or has custody of the funds
7	or securities to be exchanged by the parties
8	to the transaction.
9	"(ii) Engages on behalf of an issuer in
10	a public offering of any class of securities
11	that is registered, or is required to be reg-
12	istered, with the Commission under section
13	12 or with respect to which the issuer files,
14	or is required to file, periodic information,
15	documents, and reports under subsection
16	(d).
17	"(iii) Engages on behalf of any party
18	in a transaction involving a shell company,
19	other than a business combination related
20	$shell\ company.$
21	"(iv) Directly, or indirectly through
22	any of its affiliates, provides financing re-
23	lated to the transfer of ownership of an eli-
24	gible privately held company.

1	"(v) Assists any party to obtain fi-
2	nancing from an unaffiliated third party
3	without—
4	"(I) complying with all other ap-
5	plicable laws in connection with such
6	assistance, including, if applicable,
7	Regulation T (12 CFR 220 et seq.);
8	and
9	"(II) disclosing any compensation
10	in writing to the party.
11	"(vi) Represents both the buyer and the
12	seller in the same transaction without pro-
13	viding clear written disclosure as to the
14	parties the broker represents and obtaining
15	written consent from both parties to the
16	joint representation.
17	"(vii) Facilitates a transaction with a
18	group of buyers formed with the assistance
19	of the M&A broker to acquire the eligible
20	privately held company.
21	"(viii) Engages in a transaction in-
22	volving the transfer of ownership of an eli-
23	gible privately held company to a passive
24	buyer or group of passive buyers. For pur-
25	poses of the preceding sentence, a buyer that

1	is actively involved in managing the ac-
2	quired company is not a passive buyer, re-
3	gardless of whether such buyer is itself
4	owned by passive beneficial owners.
5	"(ix) Binds a party to a transfer of
6	ownership of an eligible privately held com-
7	pany.
8	"(C) Disqualifications.—An M&A broker
9	is not exempt from registration under this para-
10	graph if such broker is subject to—
11	"(i) suspension or revocation of reg-
12	istration under paragraph (4);
13	"(ii) a statutory disqualification de-
14	scribed in section $3(a)(39)$;
15	"(iii) a disqualification under the
16	rules adopted by the Commission under sec-
17	tion 926 of the Investor Protection and Se-
18	curities Reform Act of 2010 (15 U.S.C. 77d
19	$note);\ or$
20	"(iv) a final order described in para-
21	$graph\ (4)(H).$
22	"(D) Rule of construction.—Nothing in
23	this paragraph shall be construed to limit any
24	other authority of the Commission to exempt any
25	person, or any class of persons, from any provi-

1	sion of this title, or from any provision of any
2	rule or regulation thereunder.
3	"(E) Definitions.—In this paragraph:
4	"(i) Business combination related
5	SHELL COMPANY.—The term business com-
6	bination related shell company' means a
7	shell company that is formed by an entity
8	that is not a shell company—
9	"(I) solely for the purpose of
10	changing the corporate domicile of that
11	entity solely within the United States;
12	or
13	"(II) solely for the purpose of
14	completing a business combination
15	transaction (as defined under section
16	230.165(f) of title 17, Code of Federal
17	Regulations) among one or more enti-
18	ties other than the company itself, none
19	of which is a shell company.
20	"(ii) Control.—The term 'control'
21	means the power, directly or indirectly, to
22	direct the management or policies of a com-
23	pany, whether through ownership of securi-
24	ties, by contract, or otherwise. There is a

1	presumption of control for any person
2	who—
3	"(I) is a director, general partner,
4	member or manager of a limited liabil-
5	ity company, or corporate officer of a
6	corporation or limited liability com-
7	pany, and exercises executive responsi-
8	bility (or has similar status or func-
9	tions);
10	"(II) has the right to vote 25 per-
11	cent or more of a class of voting securi-
12	ties or the power to sell or direct the
13	sale of 25 percent or more of a class of
14	voting securities; or
15	"(III) in the case of a partnership
16	or limited liability company, has the
17	right to receive upon dissolution, or
18	has contributed, 25 percent or more of
19	$the\ capital.$
20	"(iii) Eligible privately held com-
21	PANY.—The term 'eligible privately held
22	company' means a privately held company
23	that meets both of the following conditions:
24	"(I) The company does not have
25	any class of securities registered, or re-

1	quired to be registered, with the Com-
2	mission under section 12 or with re-
3	spect to which the company files, or is
4	required to file, periodic information,
5	documents, and reports under sub-
6	section (d).
7	"(II) In the fiscal year ending im-
8	mediately before the fiscal year in
9	which the services of the M&A broker
10	are initially engaged with respect to
11	the securities transaction, the company
12	meets either or both of the following
13	conditions (determined in accordance
14	with the historical financial account-
15	ing records of the company):
16	"(aa) The earnings of the
17	company before interest, taxes, de-
18	preciation, and amortization are
19	less than \$25,000,000.
20	"(bb) The gross revenues of
21	the company are less than
22	\$250,000,000.
23	For purposes of this subclause, the
24	Commission may by rule modify the
25	dollar figures if the Commission deter-

1	mines that such a modification is nec-
2	essary or appropriate in the public in-
3	terest or for the protection of investors.
4	"(iv) M&A BROKER.—The term 'M&A
5	broker' means a broker, and any person as-
6	sociated with a broker, engaged in the busi-
7	ness of effecting securities transactions sole-
8	ly in connection with the transfer of owner-
9	ship of an eligible privately held company,
10	regardless of whether the broker acts on be-
11	half of a seller or buyer, through the pur-
12	chase, sale, exchange, issuance, repurchase,
13	or redemption of, or a business combination
14	involving, securities or assets of the eligible
15	privately held company, if the broker rea-
16	sonably believes that—
17	"(I) upon consummation of the
18	transaction, any person acquiring se-
19	curities or assets of the eligible pri-
20	vately held company, acting alone or
21	in concert, will control and, directly or
22	indirectly, will be active in the man-
23	agement of the eligible privately held
24	company or the business conducted

1	with the assets of the eligible privately
2	held company; and
3	"(II) if any person is offered secu-
4	rities in exchange for securities or as-
5	sets of the eligible privately held com-
6	pany, such person will, prior to becom-
7	ing legally bound to consummate the
8	transaction, receive or have reasonable
9	access to the most recent fiscal year-
10	end financial statements of the issuer
11	of the securities as customarily pre-
12	pared by the management of the issuer
13	in the normal course of operations and,
14	if the financial statements of the issuer
15	are audited, reviewed, or compiled, any
16	related statement by the independent
17	accountant, a balance sheet dated not
18	more than 120 days before the date of
19	the offer, and information pertaining
20	to the management, business, results of
21	operations for the period covered by the
22	foregoing financial statements, and
23	material loss contingencies of the
24	issuer.

1	"(v) Shell company.—The term 'shell
2	company' means a company that at the
3	time of a transaction with an eligible pri-
4	vately held company—
5	"(I) has no or nominal oper-
6	ations; and
7	"(II) has—
8	"(aa) no or nominal assets;
9	"(bb) assets consisting solely
10	of cash and cash equivalents; or
11	"(cc) assets consisting of any
12	amount of cash and cash equiva-
13	lents and nominal other assets.
14	"(F) Inflation adjustment.—
15	"(i) In general.—On the date that is
16	5 years after the date of the enactment of
17	this paragraph, and every 5 years there-
18	after, each dollar amount in subparagraph
19	(E)(ii)(II) shall be adjusted by—
20	"(I) dividing the annual value of
21	the Employment Cost Index For Wages
22	and Salaries, Private Industry Work-
23	ers (or any successor index), as pub-
24	lished by the Bureau of Labor Statis-
25	tics, for the calendar year preceding

1	the calendar year in which the adjust-
2	ment is being made by the annual
3	value of such index (or successor) for
4	the calendar year ending December 31,
5	2012; and
6	"(II) multiplying such dollar
7	amount by the quotient obtained under
8	subclause (I).
9	"(ii) Rounding.—Each dollar amount
10	determined under clause (i) shall be round-
11	ed to the nearest multiple of \$100,000.".
12	SEC. 302. EFFECTIVE DATE.
13	The amendment made by this title shall take effect on
14	the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment
15	of this Act.
16	TITLE IV—FAIR INVESTMENT OP-
17	PORTUNITIES FOR PROFES-
18	SIONAL EXPERTS
19	SEC. 401. DEFINITION OF ACCREDITED INVESTOR.
20	(a) In General.—Section 2(a)(15) of the Securities
21	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)(15)) is amended—
22	(1) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as sub-
23	paragraphs (A) and (F), respectively; and

1	(2) in subparagraph (A) (as so redesignated), by
2	striking "; or" and inserting a semicolon, and insert-
3	ing after such subparagraph the following:
4	"(B) any natural person whose individual
5	net worth, or joint net worth with that person's
6	spouse, exceeds \$1,000,000 (which amount, along
7	with the amounts set forth in subparagraph (C),
8	shall be adjusted for inflation by the Commission
9	every 5 years to the nearest \$10,000 to reflect the
10	change in the Consumer Price Index for All
11	Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of
12	Labor Statistics) where, for purposes of calcu-
13	lating net worth under this subparagraph—
14	"(i) the person's primary residence
15	shall not be included as an asset;
16	"(ii) indebtedness that is secured by
17	the person's primary residence, up to the es-
18	timated fair market value of the primary
19	residence at the time of the sale of securities,
20	shall not be included as a liability (except
21	that if the amount of such indebtedness out-
22	standing at the time of sale of securities ex-
23	ceeds the amount outstanding 60 days be-
24	fore such time, other than as a result of the
25	acquisition of the primary residence, the

1	amount of such excess shall be included as
2	$a\ liability);\ and$
3	"(iii) indebtedness that is secured by
4	the person's primary residence in excess of
5	the estimated fair market value of the pri-
6	mary residence at the time of the sale of se-
7	curities shall be included as a liability;
8	"(C) any natural person who had an indi-
9	vidual income in excess of \$200,000 in each of
10	the 2 most recent years or joint income with that
11	person's spouse in excess of \$300,000 in each of
12	those years and has a reasonable expectation of
13	reaching the same income level in the current
14	year;
15	"(D) any natural person who is currently
16	licensed or registered as a broker or investment
17	adviser by the Commission, the Financial Indus-
18	try Regulatory Authority, or an equivalent self-
19	regulatory organization (as defined in section
20	3(a)(26) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934),
21	or the securities division of a State or the equiv-
22	alent State division responsible for licensing or
23	registration of individuals in connection with se-
24	curities activities;

1	"(E) any natural person the Commission
2	determines, by regulation, to have demonstrable
3	education or job experience to qualify such per-
4	son as having professional knowledge of a subject
5	related to a particular investment, and whose
6	education or job experience is verified by the Fi-
7	nancial Industry Regulatory Authority or an
8	equivalent self-regulatory organization (as de-
9	fined in section $3(a)(26)$ of the Securities Ex-
10	change Act of 1934); or".
11	(b) Rulemaking.—The Commission shall revise the
12	definition of accredited investor under Regulation D (17
13	CFR 230.501 et seq.) to conform with the amendments made
14	by subsection (a).
15	TITLE V—FOSTERING
16	INNOVATION
17	SEC. 501. TEMPORARY EXEMPTION FOR LOW-REVENUE
18	ISSUERS.
19	Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
20	U.S.C. 7262) is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"(d) Temporary Exemption for Low-Revenue
22	Issuers.—
23	"(1) Low-revenue exemption.—Subsection (b)
24	shall not apply with respect to an audit report pre-
25	pared for an issuer that—

1	"(A) ceased to be an emerging growth com-
2	pany on the last day of the fiscal year of the
3	issuer following the fifth anniversary of the date
4	of the first sale of common equity securities of
5	the issuer pursuant to an effective registration
6	statement under the Securities Act of 1933;
7	"(B) had average annual gross revenues of
8	less than \$50,000,000 as of its most recently
9	completed fiscal year; and
10	"(C) is not a large accelerated filer.
11	"(2) Expiration of temporary exemption.—
12	An issuer ceases to be eligible for the exemption de-
13	scribed under paragraph (1) at the earliest of—
14	"(A) the last day of the fiscal year of the
15	issuer following the tenth anniversary of the date
16	of the first sale of common equity securities of
17	the issuer pursuant to an effective registration
18	statement under the Securities Act of 1933;
19	"(B) the last day of the fiscal year of the
20	issuer during which the average annual gross
21	revenues of the issuer exceed \$50,000,000; or
22	"(C) the date on which the issuer becomes a
23	large accelerated filer.
24	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
25	section:

1	"(A) Average annual gross reve-
2	NUES.—The term 'average annual gross revenues'
3	means the total gross revenues of an issuer over
4	its most recently completed 3 fiscal years divided
5	<i>by 3</i> .
6	"(B) Emerging growth company.—The
7	term 'emerging growth company' has the mean-
8	ing given such term under section 3 of the Secu-
9	rities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c).
10	"(C) Large accelerated filer.—The
11	term large accelerated filer' has the meaning
12	given that term under section 240.12b-2 of title
13	17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor
14	thereto.".
15	TITLE VI—END BANKING FOR
16	HUMAN TRAFFICKERS
17	SEC. 601. INCREASING THE ROLE OF THE FINANCIAL IN-
18	DUSTRY IN COMBATING HUMAN TRAF-
19	FICKING.
20	(a) Treasury as a Member of the President's
21	Interagency Task Force To Monitor and Combat
22	Trafficking.—Section 105(b) of the Victims of Trafficking
23	and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7103(b))
24	is amended by inserting "the Secretary of the Treasury,"
25	after "the Secretary of Education,".

1	(b) Required Review of Procedures.—Not later
2	than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
3	the Financial Institutions Examination Council, in con-
4	sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the private
5	sector, and appropriate law enforcement agencies, shall—
6	(1) review and enhance training and examina-
7	tions procedures to improve the capabilities of anti-
8	money laundering and countering the financing of
9	terrorism programs to detect financial transactions
10	relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons;
11	(2) review and enhance procedures for referring
12	potential cases relating to severe forms of trafficking
13	in persons to the appropriate law enforcement agency;
14	and
15	(3) determine, as appropriate, whether require-
16	ments for financial institutions are sufficient to detect
17	and deter money laundering relating to severe forms
18	of trafficking in persons.
19	(c) Interagency Task Force Recommendations
20	TARGETING MONEY LAUNDERING RELATED TO HUMAN
21	Trafficking.—
22	(1) In General.—Not later than 270 days after
23	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Interagency
24	Task Force to Monitor and Combat Trafficking shall
25	submit to the Committee on Financial Services and

1	the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
2	resentatives, the Committee on Banking, Housing,
3	and Urban Affairs and the Committee on the Judici-
4	ary of the Senate, and the head of each appropriate
5	Federal banking agency—
6	(A) an analysis of anti-money laundering
7	efforts of the United States Government and
8	United States financial institutions relating to
9	severe forms of trafficking in persons; and
10	(B) appropriate legislative, administrative,
11	and other recommendations to strengthen efforts
12	against money laundering relating to severe
13	forms of trafficking in persons.
14	(2) REQUIRED RECOMMENDATIONS.—The rec-
15	ommendations under paragraph (1) shall include—
16	(A) feedback from financial institutions on
17	best practices of successful programs to combat
18	severe forms of trafficking in persons currently
19	in place that may be suitable for broader adop-
20	tion by similarly situated financial institutions;
21	(B) feedback from stakeholders, including
22	victims of severe forms of trafficking in persons
23	and financial institutions, on policy proposals
24	derived from the analysis conducted by the task
25	force referred to in paragraph (1) that would en-

- hance the efforts and programs of financial institutions to detect and deter money laundering relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons, including any recommended changes to internal policies, procedures, and controls relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons;
 - (C) any recommended changes to training programs at financial institutions to better equip employees to deter and detect money laundering relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons;
 - (D) any recommended changes to expand information sharing relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons among financial institutions and between such financial institutions, appropriate law enforcement agencies, and appropriate Federal agencies; and
 - (E) recommended changes, if necessary, to existing statutory law to more effectively detect and deter money laundering relating to severe forms of trafficking in persons, where such money laundering involves the use of emerging technologies and virtual currencies.

1	(d) Limitation.—Nothing in this title shall be con-
2	strued to grant rulemaking authority to the Interagency
3	Task Force to Monitor and Combat Trafficking.
4	(e) Definitions.—As used in this section—
5	(1) the term "appropriate Federal banking agen-
6	cy" has the meaning given the term in section $3(q)$
7	of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C.
8	1813(q));
9	(2) the term "severe forms of trafficking in per-
10	sons" has the meaning given such term in section 103
11	of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22
12	U.S.C. 7102);
13	(3) the term "Interagency Task Force to Monitor
14	and Combat Trafficking" means the Interagency Task
15	Force to Monitor and Combat Trafficking established
16	by the President pursuant to section 105 of the Vic-
17	tims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of
18	2000 (22 U.S.C. 7103); and
19	(4) the term "law enforcement agency" means an
20	agency of the United States, a State, or a political
21	subdivision of a State, authorized by law or by a gov-
22	ernment agency to engage in or supervise the preven-
23	tion, detection, investigation, or prosecution of any
24	violation of criminal or civil law.

1	SEC. 602. COORDINATION OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING ISSUES
2	BY THE OFFICE OF TERRORISM AND FINAN-
3	CIAL INTELLIGENCE.
4	(a) Functions.—Section 312(a)(4) of title 31, United
5	States Code, is amended—
6	(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (E) , (F) ,
7	and (G) as subparagraphs (F), (G), and (H), respec-
8	tively; and
9	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(E) combating illicit financing relating to
12	severe forms of trafficking in persons;".
13	(b) Interagency Coordination.—Section 312(a) of
14	title 31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
15	end the following:
16	"(8) Interagency coordination.—The Sec-
17	retary of the Treasury, after consultation with the
18	Undersecretary for Terrorism and Financial Crimes,
19	shall designate an office within the OTFI that shall
20	coordinate efforts to combat the illicit financing of se-
21	vere forms of trafficking in persons with—
22	"(A) other offices of the Department of the
23	Treasury;
24	"(B) other Federal agencies, including—

1	"(i) the Office to Monitor and Combat
2	Trafficking in Persons of the Department of
3	State; and
4	"(ii) the Interagency Task Force to
5	Monitor and Combat Trafficking;
6	"(C) State and local law enforcement agen-
7	cies; and
8	"(D) foreign governments.".
9	(c) Definition.—Section 312(a) of title 31, United
10	States Code, as amended by this section, is further amended
11	by adding at the end the following:
12	"(9) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
13	'severe forms of trafficking in persons' has the mean-
14	ing given such term in section 103 of the Trafficking
15	Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102).".
16	SEC. 603. ADDITIONAL REPORTING REQUIREMENT UNDER
17	THE TRAFFICKING VICTIMS PROTECTION ACT
18	OF 2000.
19	Section $105(d)(7)$ of the Trafficking Victims Protection
20	Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7103(d)(7)) is amended—
21	(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
22	(A) by inserting "the Committee on Finan-
23	cial Services," after "the Committee on Foreign
24	Affairs,"; and

1	(B) by inserting "the Committee on Bank-
2	ing, Housing, and Urban Affairs," after "the
3	Committee on Foreign Relations,";
4	(2) in $subparagraph$ (Q)(vii), by $striking$ ";
5	and" and inserting a semicolon;
6	(3) in subparagraph (R), by striking the period
7	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
8	(4) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(S) the efforts of the United States to
10	eliminate money laundering relating to severe
11	forms of trafficking in persons and the number
12	of investigations, arrests, indictments, and con-
13	victions in money laundering cases with a nexus
14	to severe forms of trafficking in persons.".
15	SEC. 604. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR THE ELIMINATION OF
16	TRAFFICKING.
17	Section 108(b) of the Trafficking Victims Protection
18	Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7106(b)) is amended by adding at
19	the end the following new paragraph:
20	"(13) Whether the government of the country,
21	consistent with the capacity of the country, has in ef-
22	fect a framework to prevent financial transactions in-
23	volving the proceeds of severe forms of trafficking in
24	persons, and is taking steps to implement such a
25	framework, including by investigating, prosecuting,

1	convicting, and sentencing individuals who attempt
2	or conduct such transactions.".
3	TITLE VII—INVESTING IN MAIN
4	STREET
5	SEC. 701. INVESTMENT IN SMALL BUSINESS INVESTMENT
6	COMPANIES.
7	Section 302(b) of the Small Business Investment Act
8	of 1958 (15 U.S.C. 682(b)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1), by inserting before the pe-
10	riod the following: "or, subject to the approval of the
11	appropriate Federal banking agency, 15 percent of
12	such capital and surplus";
13	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting before the pe-
14	riod the following: "or, subject to the approval of the
15	appropriate Federal banking agency, 15 percent of
16	such capital and surplus"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(3) Appropriate federal banking agency
19	Defined.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
20	'appropriate Federal banking agency' has the mean-
21	ing given that term under section 3 of the Federal De-
22	posit Insurance Act.".

1 TITLE VIII—EXCHANGE 2 REGULATORY IMPROVEMENT

3	SEC. 801. FINDINGS.
4	The Congress finds the following:
5	(1) Over time, national securities exchanges have
6	expanded their businesses beyond listings and trading
7	to include the sale of additional products and services
8	to their members and listed companies.
9	(2) The Securities and Exchange Commission
10	should be transparent in its interpretation of the term
11	"facility" in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange
12	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)).
13	SEC. 802. FACILITY DEFINED.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than 360 days after the
15	date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange
16	Commission (the "Commission") shall adopt regulations to
17	further interpret the term "facility" under section 3(a) of
18	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such regulations shall
19	set forth the facts and circumstances the Commission con-
20	siders when determining whether any premises or property,
21	or the right to use any premises, property, or service is or
22	is not a facility of an exchange.
23	(b) Application to Proposed Rules.—The Com-
24	mission shall apply the facts and circumstances set forth
25	in the regulations issued pursuant to subsection (a) in de-

1	termining whether any proposed rule is or is not required
2	to be submitted as a proposed rule filing pursuant to section
3	19 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules
4	and regulations issued thereunder.
5	TITLE IX—ENCOURAGING
6	PUBLIC OFFERINGS
7	SEC. 901. EXPANDING TESTING THE WATERS AND CON-
8	FIDENTIAL SUBMISSIONS.
9	The Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.) is
10	amended—
11	(1) in section $5(d)$ —
12	(A) by striking "Notwithstanding" and in-
13	serting the following:
14	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding";
15	(B) by striking "an emerging growth com-
16	pany or any person authorized to act on behalf
17	of an emerging growth company" and inserting
18	"an issuer or any person authorized to act on be-
19	half of an issuer"; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) Additional requirements.—
22	"(A) In General.—The Commission may
23	issue regulations, subject to public notice and
24	comment, to impose such other terms, conditions,
25	or requirements on the engaging in oral or writ-

1	ten communications described under paragraph
2	(1) by an issuer other than an emerging growth
3	company as the Commission determines appro-
4	priate.
5	"(B) Report to congress.—Prior to any
6	rulemaking described under subparagraph (A),
7	the Commission shall issue a report to the Con-
8	gress containing a list of the findings supporting
9	the basis of such rulemaking."; and
10	(2) in section $6(e)$ —
11	(A) in the heading, by striking "Emerging
12	Growth Companies" and inserting "Draft
13	REGISTRATION STATEMENTS";
14	(B) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
15	paragraph (4); and
16	(C) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting
17	the following:
18	"(1) Prior to initial public offering.—Any
19	issuer, prior to its initial public offering date, may
20	confidentially submit to the Commission a draft reg-
21	istration statement, for confidential nonpublic review
22	by the staff of the Commission prior to public filing,
23	provided that the initial confidential submission and
24	all amendments thereto shall be publicly filed with the
25	Commission not later than 15 days before the date on

which the issuer conducts a road show (as defined under section 230.433(h)(4) of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations) or, in the absence of a road show, at least 15 days prior to the requested effective date of the registration statement.

"(2) WITHIN 1 YEAR AFTER INITIAL PUBLIC OF-FERING OR EXCHANGE REGISTRATION.—Any issuer, within the 1-year period following its initial public offering or its registration of a security under section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, may confidentially submit to the Commission a draft registration statement, for confidential nonpublic review by the staff of the Commission prior to public filing, provided that the initial confidential submission and all amendments thereto shall be publicly filed with the Commission by a date and time prior to any requested effective date and time that the Commission determines is appropriate to protect investors.

"(3) Additional requirements.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may issue regulations, subject to public notice and comment, to impose such other terms, conditions, or requirements on the submission of draft registration statements described under this subsection by an issuer other than an emerging

1	growth company as the Commission determines
2	appropriate.
3	"(B) Report to congress.—Prior to any
4	rulemaking described under subparagraph (A),
5	the Commission shall issue a report to the Con-
6	gress containing a list of the findings supporting
7	the basis of such rulemaking.".
8	TITLE X—FAMILY OFFICE
9	TECHNICAL CORRECTION
10	SEC. 1001. ACCREDITED INVESTOR CLARIFICATION.
11	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), any fam-
12	ily office or a family client of a family office, as defined
13	in section 275.202(a)(11)(G)-1 of title 17, Code of Federal
14	Regulations, shall be deemed to be an accredited investor,
15	as defined in Regulation D of the Securities and Exchange
16	Commission (or any successor thereto) under the Securities
17	Act of 1933.
18	(b) Limitation.—Subsection (a) only applies to a
19	family office with assets under management in excess of
20	\$5,000,000, and a family office or a family client not
21	formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities
22	offered, and whose purchase is directed by a person who
23	has such knowledge and experience in financial and busi-
24	ness matters that such person is capable of evaluating the
25	merits and risks of the prospective investment.

1	TITLE XI—EXPANDING ACCESS
2	TO CAPITAL FOR RURAL JOB
3	CREATORS
4	SEC. 1101. ACCESS TO CAPITAL FOR RURAL-AREA SMALL
5	BUSINESSES.
6	Section 4(j) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
7	U.S.C. 78d(j)) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph(4)(C), by inserting "rural-area
9	small businesses," after "women-owned small busi-
10	nesses,"; and
11	(2) in paragraph $(6)(B)(iii)$, by inserting
12	"rural-area small businesses," after "women-owned
13	small businesses,".
14	TITLE XII—FINANCIAL INSTITU-
15	TION LIVING WILL IMPROVE-
16	MENT
17	SEC. 1201. LIVING WILL REFORMS.
18	(a) In General.—Section 165(d) of the Dodd-Frank
19	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12
20	U.S.C. 5365(d)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "periodically"
22	and inserting "every 2 years"; and
23	(2) in paragraph (3)—
24	(A) by striking "The Board" and inserting
25	$the\ following:$

1	"(A) In general.—The Board";
2	(B) by striking "shall review" and inserting
3	the following: "shall—
4	"(i) review";
5	(C) by striking the period and inserting ";
6	and"; and
7	(D) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(ii) not later than the end of the 6-
9	month period beginning on the date the
10	company submits the resolution plan, pro-
11	vide feedback to the company on such plan.
12	"(B) Disclosure of assessment frame-
13	WORK.—The Board of Governors and the Cor-
14	poration shall publicly disclose the assessment
15	framework that is used to review information
16	under this paragraph.".
17	(b) Treatment of Other Resolution Plan Re-
18	QUIREMENTS.—
19	(1) In general.—With respect to an appro-
20	priate Federal banking agency that requires a bank-
21	ing organization to submit to the agency a resolution
22	plan not described under section 165(d) of the Dodd-
23	Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection
24	Act—

1	(A) the respective agency shall ensure that
2	the review of such resolution plan is consistent
3	with the requirements contained in the amend-
4	ments made by this section;
5	(B) the agency may not require the submis-
6	sion of such a resolution plan more often than
7	every 2 years; and
8	(C) paragraphs (6) and (7) of such section
9	165(d) shall apply to such a resolution plan.
10	(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
11	section:
12	(A) Appropriate federal banking agen-
13	CY.—The term "appropriate Federal banking
14	agency"—
15	(i) has the meaning given such term
16	under section 3 of the Federal Deposit In-
17	surance Act; and
18	(ii) means the National Credit Union
19	Administration, in the case of an insured
20	credit union.
21	(B) Banking organization.—The term
22	"banking organization" means—
23	(i) an insured depository institution;
24	(ii) an insured credit union;

1	(iii) a depository institution holding
2	company;
3	(iv) a company that is treated as a
4	bank holding company for purposes of sec-
5	tion 8 of the International Banking Act;
6	and
7	(v) a U.S. intermediate holding com-
8	pany established by a foreign banking orga-
9	nization pursuant to section 252.153 of title
10	12, Code of Federal Regulations.
11	(C) Insured credit union.—The term
12	"insured credit union" has the meaning given
13	that term under section 101 of the Federal Credit
14	$Union\ Act.$
15	(D) Other banking terms.—The terms
16	"depository institution holding company" and
17	"insured depository institution" have the mean-
18	ing given those terms, respectively, under section
19	3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
20	(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section,
21	or any amendment made by this section, shall be construed
22	as limiting the authority of an appropriate Federal bank-
23	ing agency (as defined under subsection (b)(2)) to obtain
24	information from an institution in connection with such

1	agency's authority to examine or require reports from the
2	institution.
3	TITLE XIII—PREVENTION OF
4	PRIVATE INFORMATION DIS-
5	SEMINATION
6	SEC. 1301. CRIMINAL PENALTY FOR UNAUTHORIZED DIS-
7	CLOSURES.
8	Section 165 of the Financial Stability Act of 2010 (12
9	U.S.C. 5365) is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(l) Criminal Penalty for Unauthorized Disclo-
11	SURES.—Section 552a(i)(1) of title 5, United States Code,
12	shall apply to a determination made under subsection (d)
13	or (i) based on individually identifiable information sub-
14	mitted pursuant to the requirements of this section to the
15	same extent as such section 552a(i)(1) applies to agency
16	records which contain individually identifiable information
17	the disclosure of which is prohibited by such section 552a
18	or by rules or regulations established thereunder.".
19	TITLE XIV—INTERNATIONAL
20	INSURANCE STANDARDS
21	SEC. 1401. SHORT TITLE.
22	This title may be cited as the "International Insurance

24 SEC. 1402. CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS.

Standards Act of 2018".

25 The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) The State-based system for insurance regula-2 tion in the United States has served American con-3 sumers well for more than 150 years and has fostered 4 an open and competitive marketplace with a diversity 5 of insurance products to the benefit of policyholders 6 and consumers.
 - (2) Protecting policyholders by regulating to ensure an insurer's ability to pay claims has been the hallmark of the successful United States system and should be the paramount objective of domestic prudential regulation and emerging international standards.
- 12 (3) The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and 13 Consumer Protection Act (Public Law 111–203) re-14 affirmed the State-based insurance regulatory system.
- 15 SEC. 1403. REQUIREMENT THAT INSURANCE STANDARDS
 16 REFLECT UNITED STATES POLICY.
- 17 (a) REQUIREMENT.—

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(1) In General.—Parties representing the Federal Government in any international regulatory, standard-setting, or supervisory forum or in any negotiations of any international agreements relating to the prudential aspects of insurance shall not agree to, accede to, accept, or establish any proposed agreement or standard if the proposed agreement or standard

- fails to recognize the United States system of insur ance regulation as satisfying such proposals.
- 3 (2) INAPPLICABILITY.—Paragraph (1) shall not 4 apply to any forum or negotiations relating to a cov-
- 5 ered agreement (as such term is defined in section
- 6 313(r) of title 31, United States Code).
- 7 (b) Federal Insurance Office Functions.—Sub-
- 8 paragraph (E) of section 313(c)(1) of title 31, United States
- 9 Code, is amended by inserting "Federal Government" after
- 10 "United States".
- 11 (c) Negotiations.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 12 construed to prevent participation in negotiations of any
- 13 proposed agreement or standard.
- 14 SEC. 1404. STATE INSURANCE REGULATOR INVOLVEMENT
- 15 IN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SETTING.
- 16 In developing international insurance standards pur-
- 17 suant to section 1403, and throughout the negotiations of
- 18 such standards, parties representing the Federal Govern-
- 19 ment shall, on matters related to insurance, closely consult,
- 20 coordinate with, and seek to include in such meetings State
- 21 insurance commissioners or, at the option of the State in-
- 22 surance commissioners, designees of the insurance commis-
- 23 sioners acting at their direction.

1 SEC. 1405. CONSULTATION WITH CONGRESS.

2	(a) Requirement.—Parties representing the Federal
3	Government with respect to any agreement under section
4	1403 shall provide written notice to and consult with the
5	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Represent-
6	atives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
7	Affairs of the Senate, and any other relevant committees
8	of jurisdiction—
9	(1) before initiating negotiations to enter into
10	the agreement, regarding—
11	(A) the intention of the United States to
12	participate in or enter into such negotiations;
13	and
14	(B) the nature and objectives of the negotia-
15	tions; and
16	(2) during negotiations to enter into the agree-
17	ment, regarding—
18	(A) the nature and objectives of the negotia-
19	tions;
20	(B) the implementation of the agreement,
21	including how it is consistent with and does not
22	materially differ from or otherwise affect Federal
23	or State laws or regulations;
24	(C) the impact on the competitiveness of
25	United States insurers; and
26	(D) the impact on United States consumers.

1	(b) Consultation With Federal Advisory Com-
2	MITTEE ON INSURANCE.—Before entering into an agree-
3	ment under section 1403, the Secretary of the Treasury
4	shall seek to consult with the Federal Advisory Committee
5	on Insurance formed pursuant to section 313(h) of title 31,
6	United States Code.
7	SEC. 1406. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON INTERNATIONAL IN-
8	SURANCE AGREEMENTS.
9	Before entering into an agreement under section 1403,
10	parties representing the Federal Government shall submit
11	to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership
12	a report that describes—
13	(1) the implementation of the agreement, includ-
14	ing how it is consistent with and does not materially
15	differ from or otherwise affect Federal or State laws
16	or regulations;
17	(2) the impact on the competitiveness of United
18	States insurers; and
19	(3) the impact on United States consumers.
20	SEC. 1407. COVERED AGREEMENTS.
21	(a) Preemption of State Insurance Measures.—
22	Subsection (f) of section 313 of title 31, United States Code,
23	is amended by striking "Director" each place such term ap-
24	pears and inserting "Secretary".

1	(b) Definition.—Paragraph (2) of section 313(r) of
2	title 31, United States Code, is amended—
3	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "and" at
4	$the\ end;$
5	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period
6	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
8	paragraph:
9	"(C) applies only on a prospective basis.".
10	(c) Consultation; Submission and Layover; Con-
11	GRESSIONAL REVIEW.—Section 314 of title 31, United
12	States Code is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (b)—
14	(A) in paragraph (2)(C), by striking "laws"
15	and inserting the following: "and Federal law,
16	and the nature of any changes in the laws of the
17	United States or the administration of such laws
18	that would be required to carry out a covered
19	agreement"; and
20	(B) by adding at the end the following new
21	paragraph:
22	"(3) Access to negotiating texts and other
23	documents.—Appropriate congressional committees
24	and staff with proper security clearances shall be
25	aiven timely access to United States negotiating pro-

1	posals, consolidated draft texts, and other pertinent
2	documents related to the negotiations, including clas-
3	sified materials.";
4	(2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection
5	(d);
6	(3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following
7	new subsection:
8	"(c) Requirements for Consultations With
9	State Insurance Commissioners.—Throughout the ne-
10	gotiations of a covered agreement, parties representing the
11	Federal Government shall closely consult and coordinate
12	with State insurance commissioners.";
13	(4) in subsection (d), as so redesignated by para-
14	graph (2)—
15	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
16	by striking "only if—" and inserting the fol-
17	lowing: "only if, before signing the final
18	legal text or otherwise entering into the agree-
19	ment—";
20	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "congres-
21	sional committees specified in subsection (b)(1)"
22	and inserting "appropriate congressional com-
23	mittees and leadership and to congressional com-
24	mittee staff with proper security clearances";
25	and

1	(C) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting
2	the following new paragraph:
3	"(2)(A) the 90-day period beginning on the date
4	on which the copy of the final legal text of the agree-
5	ment is submitted under paragraph (1) to the con-
6	gressional committees, leadership, and staff has ex-
7	pired; and
8	"(B) the covered agreement has not been pre-
9	vented from taking effect pursuant to subsection (e).";
10	and
11	(5) by adding at the end the following new sub-
12	sections:
13	"(e) Period for Review by Congress.—
14	"(1) In general.—During the layover period
15	referred to in subsection $(d)(2)(A)$, the Committees on
16	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and Finance of
17	the Senate and the Committees on Financial Services
18	and Ways of Means of the House of Representatives
19	should, as appropriate, exercise their full oversight re-
20	sponsibility.
21	"(2) Effect of enactment of a joint reso-
22	LUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—Notwithstanding any
23	other provision of law, if a joint resolution of dis-
24	approval relating to a covered agreement submitted
25	under subsection (d)(1) is enacted in accordance with

1	subsection (f), the covered agreement shall not enter
2	into force with respect to the United States.
3	"(f) Joint Resolutions of Disapproval.—
4	"(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
5	'joint resolution of disapproval' means, with respect
6	to proposed covered agreement, only a joint resolution
7	of either House of Congress—
8	"(A) that is introduced during the 90-day
9	period referred to in subsection $(d)(2)(A)$ relat-
10	ing to such proposed covered agreement;
11	"(B) which does not have a preamble;
12	"(C) the title of which is as follows: 'A joint
13	resolution disapproving a certain proposed cov-
14	ered agreement under section 314 of title 31,
15	United States Code.'; and
16	"(D) the sole matter after the resolving
17	clause of which is the following: 'Congress dis-
18	approves of the proposed covered agreement sub-
19	mitted to Congress under section $314(c)(1)$ of
20	title 31, United States Code, on
21	to
22	', with the first blank space
23	being filled with the appropriate date and the
24	second blank space being filled with a short de-
25	scription of the proposed covered agreement.

1	"(2) Introduction.—During the layover period
2	referred to in subsection $(d)(2)(A)$, a joint resolution
3	of disapproval may be introduced—
4	"(A) in the House of Representatives, by
5	any Member of the House; and
6	"(B) in the Senate, by any Senator,
7	and shall be referred to the appropriate committees.
8	"(3) Rules of house of representatives
9	AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by Con-
10	gress—
11	"(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power
12	of the Senate and the House of Representatives,
13	respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the
14	rules of each House, respectively, and supersedes
15	other rules only to the extent that it is incon-
16	sistent with such rules; and
17	"(B) with full recognition of the constitu-
18	tional right of either House to change the rules
19	(so far as relating to the procedure of that
20	House) at any time, in the same manner, and
21	to the same extent as in the case of any other
22	rule of that House.
23	"(g) Appropriate Congressional Committees and
24	Leadership Defined.—In this section, the term 'appro-
25	priate congressional committees and leadership' means—

1	"(1) the Committees on Banking, Housing, and
2	Urban Affairs and Finance, and the majority and
3	minority leaders, of the Senate; and
4	"(2) the Committees on Financial Services and
5	Ways and Means, and the Speaker, the majority lead-
6	er, and the minority leader, of the House of Rep-
7	resentatives.".
8	SEC. 1408. INAPPLICABILITY TO TRADE AGREEMENTS.
9	This title and the amendments made by this title shall
10	not apply to any forum or negotiations related to a trade
11	agreement.
11	
	TITLE XV—ALLEVIATING STRESS
	TITLE XV—ALLEVIATING STRESS TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN-
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12 13	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN-
12 13 14	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS
12 13 14 15 16	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS.
12 13 14 15 16	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re-
12 13 14 15 16	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re- form and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5365(i)(2))
12 13 14 15 16 17	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re- form and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5365(i)(2)) is amended—
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re- form and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5365(i)(2)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "are regu-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re- form and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5365(i)(2)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "are regu- lated by a primary Federal financial regulatory
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re- form and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5365(i)(2)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "are regu- lated by a primary Federal financial regulatory agency" and inserting: "whose primary financial reg-
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TEST BURDENS TO HELP IN- VESTORS SEC. 1501. STRESS TEST RELIEF FOR NONBANKS. Section 165(i)(2) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Re- form and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5365(i)(2)) is amended— (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "are regu- lated by a primary Federal financial regulatory agency" and inserting: "whose primary financial reg- ulatory agency is a Federal banking agency or the

1	serting "Each Federal banking agency and the Fed-
2	eral Housing Finance Agency"; and
3	(3) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(D) SEC AND CFTC.—The Securities and
5	Exchange Commission and the Commodity Fu-
6	tures Trading Commission may each issue regu-
7	lations requiring financial companies with re-
8	spect to which they are the primary financial
9	regulatory agency to conduct periodic analyses of
10	the financial condition, including available li-
11	quidity, of such companies under adverse eco-
12	nomic conditions.".
13	TITLE XVI—NATIONAL STRAT-
14	EGY FOR COMBATING THE FI-
15	NANCING OF
16	TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL
17	ORGANIZATIONS
18	SEC. 1601. NATIONAL STRATEGY.
19	(a) In General.—The President, acting through the
20	Secretary of the Treasury, shall, in consultation with the
21	Attorney General, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of
22	Homeland Security, the Director of National Intelligence,
23	
	the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the Financial
	the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, the Director of the United

- 1 of Investigation, the Administrator of the Drug Enforce-
- 2 ment Administration, the Commissioner of Customs and
- 3 Border Protection, the Director of the Office of National
- 4 Drug Control Policy, and the Federal functional regulators,
- 5 develop a national strategy to combat the financial net-
- 6 works of transnational organized criminals.

7 (b) Transmittal to Congress.—

- 8 (1) In General.—Not later than 1 year after 9 the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit 10 to the appropriate Congressional committees and 11 make available to the relevant government agencies as 12 defined in subsection (a), a comprehensive national 13 strategy in accordance with subsection (a).
- 14 (2) UPDATES.—After the initial submission of 15 the national strategy under paragraph (1), the Presi-16 dent shall, not less often than every 2 years, update 17 the national strategy and submit the updated strategy 18 to the appropriate Congressional committees.
- 19 (c) Separate Presentation of Classified Mate-
- 20 RIAL.—Any part of the national strategy that involves in-
- 21 formation that is properly classified under criteria estab-
- 22 lished by the President shall be submitted to Congress sepa-
- 23 rately in a classified annex and, if requested by the chair-
- 24 man or ranking member of one of the appropriate Congres-

1 sional committees, as a briefing at an appropriate level of2 security.

SEC. 1602. CONTENTS OF NATIONAL STRATEGY.

- 4 The national strategy described in section 1601 shall 5 contain the following:
- 6 (1) Threats.—An identification and assessment 7 of the most significant current transnational orga-8 nized crime threats posed to the national security of the United States or to the U.S. and international fi-9 10 nancial system, including drug and human traf-11 ficking organizations, cyber criminals, kleptocrats, and other relevant state and non-state entities, in-12 13 cluding those threats identified in the President's 14 "Strategy to Combat *Transnational* Organized 15 Crime" (published July 2011).
 - (2) Illicit finance.—(A) An identification of individuals, entities, and networks (including terrorist organizations, if any) that provide financial support or financial facilitation to transnational organized crime groups, and an assessment of the scope and role of those providing financial support to transnational organized crime groups.
 - (B) An assessment of methods by which transnational organized crime groups launder illicit proceeds, including money laundering using real es-

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- tate and other tangible goods such as art and antiquities, trade-based money laundering, bulk cash smuggling, exploitation of shell companies, and misuse of digital currencies and other cyber technologies, as well as an assessment of the risk to the financial system of the United States of such methods.
 - (3) GOALS, OBJECTIVES, PRIORITIES, AND ACTIONS.—(A) A comprehensive, research-based discussion of short-term and long-term goals, objectives, priorities, and actions, listed for each department and agency described under section 1601(a), for combating the financing of transnational organized crime groups and their facilitators.
 - (B) A description of how the strategy is integrated into, and supports, the national security strategy, drug control strategy, and counterterrorism strategy of the United States.
 - (4) Reviews and proposed changes.—A review of current efforts to combat the financing or financial facilitation of transnational organized crime, including efforts to detect, deter, disrupt, and prosecute transnational organized crime groups and their supporters, and, if appropriate, proposed changes to any law or regulation determined to be appropriate to ensure that the United States pursues coordinated

and effective efforts within the jurisdiction of the
United States, including efforts or actions that are
being taken or can be taken by financial institutions,
efforts in cooperation with international partners of
the United States, and efforts that build partnerships
and global capacity to combat transnational organized crime.

8 SEC. 1603. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

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- (1) Appropriate congressional committees" means—
 - (A) the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
 - (B) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.

1	(2) Federal functional regulator.—The
2	term "Federal functional regulator" has the meaning
3	given that term in section 509 of the Gramm-Leach-
4	Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6809).
5	(3) Transnational organized crime.—The
6	term "transnational organized crime" refers to those
7	self-perpetuating associations of individuals who op-
8	erate transnationally for the purpose of obtaining
9	power, influence, monetary or commercial gains,
10	wholly or in part by illegal means, while—
11	(A) protecting their activities through a
12	pattern of corruption or violence; or
13	(B) while protecting their illegal activities
14	through a transnational organizational structure
15	and the exploitation of transnational commerce
16	$or\ communication\ mechanisms.$
17	TITLE XVII—COMMON SENSE
18	CREDIT UNION CAPITAL RELIEF
19	SEC. 1701. DELAY IN EFFECTIVE DATE.
20	Notwithstanding any effective date set forth in the rule
21	issued by the National Credit Union Administration titled
22	"Risk-Based Capital" (published at 80 Fed. Reg. 66626
23	(October 29, 2015)), such final rule shall take effect on Jan-
24	uary 1, 2021.

1 TITLE XVIII—OPTIONS MARKETS 2 STABILITY

- 3 SEC. 1801. RULEMAKING.
- 4 Within 180 days of the date of enactment of this Act,
- 5 the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the
- 6 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the Comp-
- 7 troller of the Currency shall, jointly, issue a proposed rule,
- 8 and finalize such rule within 360 days of the date of enact-
- 9 ment of this Act, to adopt a methodology for calculating
- 10 the counterparty credit risk exposure, at default, of a depos-
- 11 itory institution, depository institution holding company,
- 12 or affiliate thereof to a client arising from a guarantee pro-
- 13 vided by the depository institution, depository institution
- 14 holding company, or affiliate thereof to a central
- 15 counterparty in respect of the client's performance under
- 16 an exchange-listed derivative contract cleared through that
- 17 central counterparty pursuant to the risk-based and lever-
- 18 age-based capital rules applicable to depository institutions
- 19 and depository institution holding companies under parts
- 20 3, 217, and 324 of title 12, Code of Federal Regulations.
- 21 In issuing such rule, the Board of Governors of the Federal
- 22 Reserve System, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corpora-
- 23 tion, and the Comptroller of the Currency shall consider—

1	(1) the availability of liquidity provided by mar-
2	ket makers during times of high volatility in the cap-
3	ital markets;
4	(2) the spread between the bid and the quote of-
5	fered by market makers;
6	(3) the preference for clearing through central
7	counterparties;
8	(4) the safety and soundness of the financial sys-
9	tem and financial stability, including the benefits of
10	central clearing;
11	(5) the safety and soundness of individual insti-
12	tutions that may centrally clear exchange-listed de-
13	rivatives or options on behalf of a client, including
14	concentration of market share;
15	(6) the economic value of delta weighting a
16	counterparty's position and netting of a counter-
17	party's position;
18	(7) the inherent risk of the positions;
19	(8) barriers to entry for depository institutions,
20	depository institution holding companies, affiliates
21	thereof, and entities not affiliated with a depository
22	institution or depository institution holding company
23	to centrally clear exchange-listed derivatives or on-

 $tions\ on\ behalf\ of\ market\ makers;$

1	(9) the impact any changes may have on the
2	broader capital regime and aggregate capital in the
3	system; and
4	(10) consideration of other potential factors that
5	impact market making in the exchange-listed options
6	market, including changes in market structure.
7	SEC. 1802. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
8	At the end of the 5-year period beginning on the date
9	the final rule is issued under section 1801, the Board of
10	Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall submit to
11	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
12	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
13	Urban Affairs of the Senate a report detailing the impact
14	of the final rule during such period on the factors described
15	under paragraphs (1) through (10) of section 1801.
16	TITLE XIX—COOPERATE WITH
17	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGEN-
18	CIES AND WATCH
19	SEC. 1901. SAFE HARBOR WITH RESPECT TO KEEP OPEN
20	LETTERS.
21	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 53 of title
22	31, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end
23	the following:

1	"§ 5333. Safe harbor with respect to keep open letters
2	"(a) In General.—With respect to a customer ac-
3	count or customer transaction of a financial institution, if
4	a Federal, State, Tribal, or local law enforcement agency
5	requests, in writing, the financial institution to keep such
6	account or transaction open—
7	"(1) the financial institution shall not be liable
8	under this subchapter for maintaining such account
9	or transaction consistent with the parameters of the
10	request; and
11	"(2) no Federal or State department or agency
12	may take any adverse supervisory action under this
13	subchapter with respect to the financial institution
14	for maintaining such account or transaction con-
15	sistent with the parameters of the request.
16	"(b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
17	tion may be construed—
18	"(1) from preventing a Federal or State depart-
19	ment or agency from verifying the validity of a writ-
20	ten request described under subsection (a) with the
21	Federal, State, Tribal, or local law enforcement agen-
22	cy making the written request; or
23	"(2) to relieve a financial institution from com-
24	plying with any reporting requirements, including
25	the reporting of suspicious transactions under section
26	5318(g).

1	"(c) Letter Termination Date.—For purposes of
2	this section, any written request described under subsection
3	(a) shall include a termination date after which such re-
4	quest shall no longer apply.".
5	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents for
6	chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by
7	inserting after the item relating to section 5332 the fol-
8	lowing:
	"5333. Safe harbor with respect to keep open letters.".
9	TITLE XX—MAIN STREET
10	GROWTH
11	SEC. 2001. VENTURE EXCHANGES.
12	(a) Securities Exchange Act of 1934.—Section 6
13	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f) is
14	amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"(m) Venture Exchange.—
16	"(1) Registration.—
17	"(A) In General.—A person may register
18	themself (and a national securities exchange may
19	register a listing tier of such exchange) as a na-
20	tional securities exchange solely for the purposes
21	of trading venture securities by filing an appli-
22	cation with the Commission pursuant to sub-
23	section (a) and the rules and regulations there-
24	under

1	"(B) Publication of Notice.—The Com-
2	mission shall, upon the filing of an application
3	under subparagraph (A), publish notice of such
4	filing and afford interested persons an oppor-
5	tunity to submit written data, views, and argu-
6	ments concerning such application.
7	"(C) Approval or denial.—
8	"(i) In general.—Within 90 days of
9	the date of publication of a notice under
10	subparagraph (B) (or within such longer
11	period as to which the applicant consents),
12	the Commission shall—
13	"(I) by order grant such registra-
14	$tion;\ or$
15	"(II) institute a denial proceeding
16	under clause (ii) to determine whether
17	registration should be denied.
18	"(ii) Denial proceeding.—A pro-
19	ceeding under clause (i)(II) shall include
20	notice of the grounds for denial under con-
21	sideration and opportunity for hearing and
22	shall be concluded within 180 days of the
23	date of the publication of a notice under
24	subparagraph (B). At the conclusion of such
25	proceeding the Commission, by order, shall

1	grant or deny such registration. The Com-
2	mission may extend the time for conclusion
3	of such proceeding for up to 90 days if the
4	Commission finds good cause for such exten-
5	sion and publishes the Commission's rea-
6	sons for so finding or for such longer period
7	as to which the applicant consents.
8	"(iii) Criteria for approval or de-
9	NIAL.—The Commission shall grant a reg-
10	istration under this paragraph if the Com-
11	mission finds that the requirements of this
12	title and the rules and regulations there-
13	under with respect to the applicant are sat-
14	isfied. The Commission shall deny such reg-
15	istration if it does not make such finding.
16	"(2) Powers and restrictions.—In addition
17	to the powers and restrictions otherwise applicable to
18	a national securities exchange, a venture exchange—
19	"(A) may only constitute, maintain, or pro-
20	vide a market place or facilities for bringing to-
21	gether purchasers and sellers of venture securi-
22	ties;
23	"(B) may not extend unlisted trading privi-
24	leges to any venture security;

1	"(C) may only, if the venture exchange is a
2	listing tier of another national securities ex-
3	change, allow trading in securities that are reg-
4	istered under section 12(b) on a national securi-
5	ties exchange other than a venture exchange; and
6	"(D) may, subject to the rule filing process
7	under section 19(b)—
8	"(i) determine the increment to be used
9	for quoting and trading venture securities
10	on the exchange; and
11	"(ii) choose to carry out periodic auc-
12	tions for the sale of a venture security in-
13	stead of providing continuous trading of the
14	venture security.
15	"(3) Treatment of certain exempted secu-
16	RITIES.—A security that is exempt from registration
17	pursuant to section 3(b) of the Securities Act of 1933
18	shall be exempt from section 12(a) of this title to the
19	extent such securities are traded on a venture ex-
20	change, if the issuer of such security is in compliance
21	with—
22	"(A) all disclosure obligations of such sec-
23	tion 3(b) and the regulations issued under such
24	$section;\ and$

- 1 "(B) ongoing disclosure obligations of the 2 applicable venture exchange that are similar to 3 those provided by an issuer under tier 2 of Regu-4 lation A (17 CFR 230.251 et seq.).
 - "(4) Venture securities traded on venture exchanges may not traded on non-venture exchange that is not a venture exchange during any period in which the venture security is being traded on a venture exchange.
 - "(5) Rule of construction.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed as requiring transactions in venture securities to be effected on a national securities exchange.
 - "(6) Commission Authority to Limit Certain Trading.—The Commission may limit transactions in venture securities that are not effected on a national securities exchange as appropriate to promote efficiency, competition, capital formation, and to protect investors.
 - "(7) DISCLOSURES TO INVESTORS.—The Commission shall issue regulations to ensure that persons selling or purchasing venture securities on a venture exchange are provided disclosures sufficient to understand—

stand—

1	"(A) the characteristics unique to venture
2	securities; and
3	"(B) in the case of a venture exchange that
4	is a listing tier of another national securities ex-
5	change, that the venture exchange is distinct
6	from the other national securities exchange.
7	"(8) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
8	section:
9	"(A) Early-stage, growth company.—
10	"(i) In general.—The term 'early-
11	stage, growth company' means an issuer—
12	"(I) that has not made any reg-
13	istered initial public offering of any se-
14	curities of the issuer; and
15	"(II) with a public float of less
16	than or equal to the value of public
17	float required to qualify as a large ac-
18	celerated filer under section 240.12b–2
19	of title 17, Code of Federal Regula-
20	tions.
21	"(ii) Treatment when public float
22	EXCEEDS THRESHOLD.—An issuer shall not
23	cease to be an early-stage, growth company
24	by reason of the public float of such issuer

1	exceeding the threshold specified in clause
2	(i)(II) until the later of the following:
3	"(I) The end of the period of 24
4	consecutive months during which the
5	public float of the issuer exceeds
6	\$2,000,000,000 (as such amount is in-
7	dexed for inflation every 5 years by the
8	Commission to reflect the change in the
9	Consumer Price Index for All Urban
10	Consumers published by the Bureau of
11	Labor Statistics, setting the threshold
12	to the nearest \$1,000,000).
13	"(II) The end of the 1-year period
14	following the end of the 24-month pe-
15	riod described under subclause (I), if
16	the issuer requests such 1-year exten-
17	sion from a venture exchange and the
18	venture exchange elects to provide such
19	extension.
20	"(B) Public float.—With respect to an
21	issuer, the term 'public float' means the aggre-
22	gate worldwide market value of the voting and
23	non-voting common equity of the issuer held by
24	non-affiliates.
25	"(C) Venture security.—

1	"(i) In general.—The term 'venture
2	security' means—
3	"(I) securities of an early-stage,
4	growth company that are exempt from
5	registration pursuant to section 3(b) of
6	the Securities Act of 1933;
7	"(II) securities of an emerging
8	growth company; or
9	"(III) securities registered under
10	section 12(b) and listed on a venture
11	exchange (or, prior to listing on a ven-
12	ture exchange, listed on a national se-
13	curities exchange) where—
14	"(aa) the issuer of such secu-
15	rities has a public float less than
16	or equal to the value of public
17	float required to qualify as a large
18	accelerated filer under section
19	240.12b-2 of title 17, Code of Fed-
20	eral Regulations; or
21	"(bb) the average daily trade
22	volume is 75,000 shares or less
23	during a continuous 60-day pe-
24	riod.

1	"(ii) Treatment when public float
2	EXCEEDS THRESHOLD.—Securities shall not
3	cease to be venture securities by reason of
4	the public float of the issuer of such securi-
5	ties exceeding the threshold specified in
6	clause (i)(III)(aa) until the later of the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"(I) The end of the period of 24
9	consecutive months beginning on the
10	date—
11	"(aa) the public float of such
12	issuer exceeds \$2,000,000,000; and
13	"(bb) the average daily trade
14	volume of such securities is
15	100,000 shares or more during a
16	continuous 60-day period.
17	"(II) The end of the 1-year period
18	following the end of the 24-month pe-
19	riod described under subclause (I), if
20	the issuer of such securities requests
21	such 1-year extension from a venture
22	exchange and the venture exchange
23	elects to provide such extension.".
24	(b) Securities Act of 1933.—Section 18 of the Secu-
25	rities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77r) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection
2	(e); and
3	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(d) Treatment of Securities Listed on a Ven-
6	Ture Exchange.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), a secu-
7	rity is not a covered security pursuant to subsection
8	(b)(1)(A) if the security is only listed, or authorized for list-
9	ing, on a venture exchange (as defined under section 6(m)
10	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).".
11	(c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the Con-
12	gress that the Securities and Exchange Commission
13	should—
14	(1) when necessary or appropriate in the public
15	interest and consistent with the protection of inves-
16	tors, make use of the Commission's general exemptive
17	authority under section 36 of the Securities Exchange
18	Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78mm) with respect to the
19	provisions added by this section; and
20	(2) if the Commission determines appropriate,
21	create an Office of Venture Exchanges within the
22	Commission's Division of Trading and Markets.
23	(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section
24	or the amendments made by this section shall be construed
25	to impair or limit the construction of the antifraud provi-

- 1 sions of the securities laws (as defined in section 3(a) of
- 2 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)))
- 3 or the authority of the Securities and Exchange Commis-
- 4 sion under those provisions.
- 5 (e) Effective Date for Tiers of Existing Na-
- 6 TIONAL SECURITIES EXCHANGES.—In the case of a securi-
- 7 ties exchange that is registered as a national securities ex-
- 8 change under section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act of
- 9 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f) on the date of the enactment of this
- 10 Act, any election for a listing tier of such exchange to be
- 11 treated as a venture exchange under subsection (m) of such
- 12 section shall not take effect before the date that is 180 days
- 13 after such date of enactment.

14 TITLE XXI—BUILDING UP INDE-

15 **PENDENT LIVES AND DREAMS**

- 16 SEC. 2101. MORTGAGE LOAN TRANSACTION DISCLOSURE
- 17 **REQUIREMENTS.**
- 18 (a) TILA AMENDMENT.—Section 105 of the Truth in
- 19 Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1604) is amended by inserting after
- 20 subsection (d) the following:
- 21 "(e) Disclosure for Charitable Mortgage Loan
- 22 Transactions.—With respect to a mortgage loan trans-
- 23 action involving a residential mortgage loan offered at zero
- 24 percent interest primarily for charitable purposes by an or-
- 25 ganization having tax-exempt status under section

- 1 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, forms
- 2 HUD-1 and GFE (as defined under section 1024.2(b) of
- 3 title 12, Code of Federal Regulations), together with a dis-
- 4 closure substantially in the form of the Loan Model Form
- 5 H-2 (as defined under Appendix H to section 1026 of title
- 6 12, Code of Federal Regulations) shall, collectively, be an
- 7 appropriate model form for purposes of subsection (b).".
- 8 (b) RESPA AMENDMENT.—Section 4 of the Real Es-
- 9 tate Settlement Procedures Act of 1974 (12 U.S.C. 2603)
- 10 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(d) With respect to a mortgage loan transaction in-
- 12 volving a residential mortgage loan offered at zero percent
- 13 interest primarily for charitable purposes, an organization
- 14 having tax-exempt status under section 501(c)(3) of the In-
- 15 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 may use forms HUD-1 and
- 16 GFE (as defined under section 1024.2(b) of title 12, Code
- 17 of Federal Regulations) together with a disclosure substan-
- 18 tially in the form of the Loan Model Form H-2 (as defined
- 19 under Appendix H to section 1026 of title 12, Code of Fed-
- 20 eral Regulations), collectively, in lieu of the disclosure pub-
- 21 lished under subsection (a).".
- 22 (c) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 23 date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Bureau
- 24 of Consumer Financial Protection shall issue such regula-

1	tions as may be necessary to implement the amendments
2	made by subsections (a) and (b).
3	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
4	subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect on the date of the
5	enactment of this Act.
6	TITLE XXII—MODERNIZING
7	DISCLOSURES FOR INVESTORS
8	SEC. 2201. FORM 10-Q ANALYSIS.
9	(a) In General.—The Securities and Exchange Com-
10	mission shall conduct an analysis of the costs and benefits
11	of requiring reporting companies to use Form 10-Q for sub-
12	mitting quarterly financial reports. Such analysis shall
13	consider—
14	(1) the costs and benefits of Form 10-Q to
15	emerging growth companies;
16	(2) the costs and benefits of Form 10–Q to the
17	Commission in terms of its ability to protect inves-
18	tors, maintain fair, orderly, and efficient markets,
19	and facilitate capital formation;
20	(3) the costs and benefits of Form 10–Q to other
21	reporting companies, investors, market researchers,
22	and other market participants, including the costs
23	and benefits associated with—
24	(A) the public availability of the informa-
25	tion required to be filed on Form 10-Q:

1	(B) the use of a standardized reporting for-
2	mat across all classes of reporting companies;
3	and
4	(C) the quarterly disclosure by some compa-
5	nies of financial information in formats other
6	than Form 10-Q, such as a quarterly earnings
7	press release;
8	(4) the costs and benefits of alternative formats
9	for quarterly reporting for emerging growth compa-
10	nies to emerging growth companies, the Commission,
11	other reporting companies, investors, market research-
12	ers, and other market participants; and
13	(5) the expected impact of the use of alternative
14	formats of quarterly reporting by emerging growth
15	companies on overall market transparency and effi-
16	ciency.
17	(b) Report Required.—Not later than 180 days
18	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall
19	issue a report to Congress that includes—
20	(1) the results of the analysis required by sub-
21	section (a); and
22	(2) recommendations for decreasing costs, in-
23	creasing transparency, and increasing efficiency of
24	quarterly financial reporting by emerging growth
25	companies.

TITLE XXIII—FIGHT ILLICIT NET-

2 **WORKS AND DETECT TRAF-**

3 **FICKING**

4 SEC. 2301. FINDINGS.

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- 5 The Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) According to the Drug Enforcement Adminis-7 tration (DEA) 2017 National Drug Threat Assess-8 ment, transnational criminal organizations are in-9 creasingly using virtual currencies.
 - (2) The Treasury Department has recognized that: "The development of virtual currencies is an attempt to meet a legitimate market demand. According to a Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago economist, United States consumers want payment options that are versatile and that provide immediate finality. No United States payment method meets that description, although cash may come closest. Virtual currencies can mimic cash's immediate finality and anonymity and are more versatile than cash for online and cross-border transactions, making virtual currencies vulnerable for illicit transactions."
 - (3) Virtual currencies have become a prominent method to pay for goods and services associated with illegal sex trafficking and drug trafficking, which are

- two of the most detrimental and troubling illegal ac tivities facilitated by online marketplaces.
 - (4) Online marketplaces, including the dark web, have become a prominent platform to buy, sell, and advertise for illicit goods and services associated with sex trafficking and drug trafficking.
 - (5) According to the International Labour Organization, in 2016, 4.8 million people in the world were victims of forced sexual exploitation, and in 2014, the global profit from commercial sexual exploitation was \$99 billion.
 - (6) In 2016, within the United States, the Center for Disease Control estimated that there were 64,000 deaths related to drug overdose, and the most severe increase in drug overdoses were those associated with fentanyl and fentanyl analogs (synthetic opioids), which amounted to over 20,000 overdose deaths.
 - (7) According to the United States Department of the Treasury 2015 National Money Laundering Risk Assessment, an estimated \$64 billion is generated annually from United States drug trafficking sales.
 - (8) Illegal fentanyl in the United States originates primarily from China, and it is readily available to purchase through online marketplaces.

1 SEC. 2302. GAO STUDY.

2	(a) Study Required.—The Comptroller General of
3	the United States shall conduct a study on how virtual cur-
4	rencies and online marketplaces are used to facilitate sex
5	and drug trafficking. The study shall consider—
6	(1) how online marketplaces, including the dark
7	web, are being used as platforms to buy, sell, or facili-
8	tate the financing of goods or services associated with
9	sex trafficking or drug trafficking (specifically,
10	opioids and synthetic opioids, including fentanyl,
11	fentanyl analogs, and any precursor chemicals associ-
12	ated with manufacturing fentanyl or fentanyl
13	analogs) destined for, originating from, or within the
14	United States;
15	(2) how financial payment methods, including
16	virtual currencies and peer-to-peer mobile payment
17	services, are being utilized by online marketplaces to
18	facilitate the buying, selling, or financing of goods
19	and services associated with sex or drug trafficking
20	destined for, originating from, or within the United
21	States;
22	(3) how virtual currencies are being used to fa-
23	cilitate the buying, selling, or financing of goods and
24	services associated with sex or drug trafficking, des-
25	tined for, originating from, or within the United

- 1 States, when an online platform is not otherwise in-2 volved;
 - (4) how illicit funds that have been transmitted online and through virtual currencies are repatriated into the formal banking system of the United States through money laundering or other means;
 - (5) the participants (state and non-state actors) throughout the entire supply chain that participate in or benefit from the buying, selling, or financing of goods and services associated with sex or drug trafficking (either through online marketplaces or virtual currencies) destined for, originating from, or within the United States;
 - (6) Federal and State agency efforts to impede the buying, selling, or financing of goods and services associated with sex or drug trafficking destined for, originating from, or within the United States, including efforts to prevent the proceeds from sex or drug trafficking from entering the United States banking system;
 - (7) how virtual currencies and their underlying technologies can be used to detect and deter these illicit activities; and

- 1 (8) to what extent can the immutable and trace-
- 2 able nature of virtual currencies contribute to the
- 3 tracking and prosecution of illicit funding.
- 4 (b) Scope.—For the purposes of the study required
- 5 under subsection (a), the term "sex trafficking" means the
- 6 recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, obtain-
- 7 ing, patronizing, or soliciting of a person for the purpose
- 8 of a commercial sex act that is induced by force, fraud, or
- 9 coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such
- 10 act has not attained 18 years of age.
- 11 (c) Report to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
- 12 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller Gen-
- 13 eral of the United States shall submit to the Committee on
- 14 Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and
- 15 the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
- 16 resentatives a report summarizing the results of the study
- 17 required under subsection (a), together with any rec-
- 18 ommendations for legislative or regulatory action that
- 19 would improve the efforts of Federal agencies to impede the
- 20 use of virtual currencies and online marketplaces in facili-
- 21 tating sex and drug trafficking.

1	TITLE XXIV—IMPROVING IN-
2	VESTMENT RESEARCH FOR
3	SMALL AND EMERGING
4	ISSUERS
5	SEC. 2401. RESEARCH STUDY.
6	(a) Study Required.—The Securities and Exchange
7	Commission shall conduct a study to evaluate the issues af-
8	fecting the provision of and reliance upon investment re-
9	search into small issuers, including emerging growth com-
10	panies and companies considering initial public offerings.
11	(b) Contents of Study.—The study required under
12	subsection (a) shall consider—
13	(1) factors related to the demand for such re-
14	search by institutional and retail investors;
15	(2) the availability of such research, including—
16	(A) the number and types of firms who pro-
17	vide such research;
18	(B) the volume of such research over time;
19	and
20	(C) competition in the research market;
21	(3) conflicts of interest relating to the production
22	and distribution of investment research;
23	(4) the costs of such research;

1	(5) the impacts of different payment mechanisms
2	for investment research into small issuers, including
3	whether such research is paid for by—
4	(A) hard-dollar payments from research cli-
5	ents;
6	(B) payments directed from the client's
7	commission income (i.e., "soft dollars"); or
8	(C) payments from the issuer that is the
9	subject of such research;
10	(6) any unique challenges faced by minority-
11	owned, women-owned, and veteran-owned small
12	issuers in obtaining research coverage; and
13	(7) the impact on the availability of research
14	coverage for small issuers due to—
15	(A) investment adviser concentration and
16	consolidation, including any potential impacts
17	of fund-size on demand for investment research
18	of small issuers;
19	(B) broker and dealer concentration and
20	consolidation, including any relationships be-
21	tween the size of the firm and allocation of re-
22	sources for investment research into small
23	issuers;
24	(C) Securities and Exchange Commission
25	rules;

1	(D) registered national securities associa-
2	tion rules;
3	(E) State and Federal liability concerns;
4	(F) the settlement agreements referenced in
5	Securities and Exchange Commission Litigation
6	Release No. 18438 (i.e., the "Global Research An-
7	alyst Settlement"); and
8	(G) Directive 2014/65/EU of the European
9	Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014
10	on markets in financial instruments and amend-
11	ing Directive 2002/92/EC and Directive 2011/61/
12	EU, as implemented by the European Union
13	("EU") member states ("MiFID II").
14	(c) Report Required.—Not later than 180 days
15	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities
16	and Exchange Commission shall submit to Congress a re-
17	port that includes—
18	(1) the results of the study required by subsection
19	(a); and
20	(2) recommendations to increase the demand for,
21	volume of, and quality of investment research into
22	small issuers, including emerging growth companies
23	and companies considering initial public offerings.

1	TITLE XXV—DEVELOPING AND
2	EMPOWERING OUR ASPIRING
3	<i>LEADERS</i>
4	SEC. 2501. DEFINITIONS.
5	Not later than the end of the 180-day period beginning
6	on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and
7	Exchange Commission shall—
8	(1) revise the definition of a qualifying invest-
9	ment under paragraph (c) of section 275.203(l)-1 of
10	title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, to include an
11	equity security issued by a qualifying portfolio com-
12	pany, whether acquired directly from the company or
13	in a secondary acquisition; and
14	(2) revise paragraph (a) of such section to re-
15	quire, as a condition of a private fund qualifying as
16	a venture capital fund under such paragraph, that
17	the qualifying investments of the private fund are
18	predominantly qualifying investments that were ac-
19	quired directly from a qualifying portfolio company.
20	TITLE XXVI—EXPANDING IN-
21	VESTMENT IN SMALL BUSI-
22	NESSES
23	SEC. 2601. SEC STUDY.
24	(a) In General.—The Securities and Exchange Com-
25	mission shall carry out a study of the 10 per centum thresh-

- 1 old limitation applicable to the definition of a diversified
- 2 company under section 5(b)(1) of the Investment Company
- 3 Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-5(b)(1)) and determine whether
- 4 such threshold limits capital formation.
- 5 (b) Considerations.—In carrying out the study re-
- 6 quired under subsection (a), the Commission shall consider
- 7 the following:
- 8 (1) The size and number of diversified companies
- 9 that are currently restricted in their ability to own
- 10 more than 10 percent of the voting shares in an indi-
- 11 vidual company.
- 12 (2) If investing preferences of diversified compa-
- nies have shifted away from companies with smaller
- 14 market capitalizations.
- 15 (3) The expected increase in the availability of
- capital to small and emerging growth companies if
- 17 the threshold is increased.
- 18 (4) The ability of registered funds to manage li-
- 19 quidity risk.
- 20 (5) Any other consideration that the Commission
- 21 considers necessary and appropriate for the protection
- 22 of investors.
- 23 (c) Solicitation of Public Comments.—In car-
- 24 rying out the study required under subsection (a), the Com-
- 25 mission may solicit public comments.

1	(d) REPORT.—Not later than the end of the 180-day
2	period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the
3	Commission shall issue a report to the Congress, and make
4	such report publicly available on the website of the Commis-
5	sion, containing—
6	(1) all findings and determinations made in car-
7	rying out the study required under subsection (a);
8	and
9	(2) any legislative recommendations of the Com-
10	mission, including any recommendation to update the
11	10 per centum threshold.
12	TITLE XXVII—PROMOTING
13	TRANSPARENT STANDARDS
14	FOR CORPORATE INSIDERS
15	SEC. 2701. SEC STUDY.
16	(a) Study.—
17	(1) In General.—The Securities and Exchange
18	Commission shall carry out a study of whether Rule
19	10b5-1 (17 CFR 240.10b5-1) should be amended to—
20	(A) limit the ability of issuers and issuer
21	insiders to adopt a plan described under para-
22	$graph\ (c)(1)(i)(A)(3)$ of Rule 10b5-1 ("trading
23	plan") when the issuer or issuer insider is per-
. .	
24	mitted to buy or sell securities during issuer-

1	(B) limit the ability of issuers and issuer
2	insiders to adopt multiple, overlapping trading
3	plans;
4	(C) establish a mandatory delay between the
5	adoption of a trading plan and the execution of
6	the first trade pursuant to such a plan and, if
7	so and depending on the Commission's findings
8	with respect to subparagraph (A)—
9	(i) whether any such delay should be
10	the same for trading plans adopted during
11	an issuer-adopted trading window as op-
12	posed to outside of such a window; and
13	(ii) whether any exceptions to such a
14	delay are appropriate;
15	(D) limit the frequency that issuers and
16	issuer insiders may modify or cancel trading
17	plans;
18	(E) require issuers and issuer insiders to
19	file with the Commission trading plan adop-
20	tions, amendments, terminations and trans-
21	actions; or
22	(F) require boards of issuers that have
23	adopted a trading plan to—
24	(i) adopt policies covering trading
25	plan practices;

1	(ii) periodically monitor trading plan
2	transactions; and
3	(iii) ensure that issuer policies discuss
4	trading plan use in the context of guidelines
5	or requirements on equity hedging, holding,
6	$and\ ownership.$
7	(2) Additional considerations.—In carrying
8	out the study required under paragraph (1), the Com-
9	mission shall consider—
10	(A) how any such amendments may clarify
11	and enhance existing prohibitions against in-
12	$sider\ trading;$
13	(B) the impact any such amendments may
14	have on the ability of issuers to attract persons
15	to become an issuer insider;
16	(C) the impact any such amendments may
17	have on capital formation;
18	(D) the impact any such amendments may
19	have on an issuer's willingness to operate as a
20	public company; and
21	(E) any other consideration that the Com-
22	mission considers necessary and appropriate for
23	the protection of investors.
24	(b) Report.—Not later than the end of the 1-year pe-
25	riod beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,

- 1 the Commission shall issue a report to the Committee on
- 2 Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the
- 3 Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the
- 4 Senate containing all findings and determinations made in
- 5 carrying out the study required under section (a).
- 6 (c) RULEMAKING.—After the completion of the study
- 7 required under subsection (a), the Commission shall, subject
- 8 to public notice and comment, revise Rule 10b5-1 consistent
- 9 with the results of such study.

10 TITLE XXVIII—INVESTMENT AD-

- 11 **VISER REGULATORY FLEXI-**
- 12 **BILITY IMPROVEMENT**
- 13 SEC. 2801, DEFINITION OF SMALL BUSINESS OF SMALL OR-
- 14 GANIZATION.
- Not later than end the of the 1-year period beginning
- 16 on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and
- 17 Exchange Commission shall revise the definitions of a
- 18 "small business" and "small organization" under section
- 19 275.0-7 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, to provide
- 20 alternative methods under which a business or organization
- 21 may qualify as a "small business" or "small organization"
- 22 under such section. In making such revision, the Commis-
- 23 sion shall consider whether such alternative methods should
- 24 include a threshold based on the number of non-clerical em-
- 25 ployees of the business or organization.

1	TITLE XXIX—ENHANCING MULTI-
2	CLASS SHARE DISCLOSURES
3	SEC. 2901. DISCLOSURE RELATING TO MULTI-CLASS SHARE
4	STRUCTURES.
5	Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
6	U.S.C. 78n) is amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"(k) Disclosure for Issuers With Multi-Class
8	Share Structures.—
9	"(1) Disclosure.—The Commission shall, by
10	rule, require each issuer with a multi-class share
11	structure to disclose the information described in
12	paragraph (2) in any proxy or consent solicitation
13	material for an annual meeting of the shareholders of
14	the issuer, or any other filing as the Commission de-
15	termines appropriate.
16	"(2) Content.—A disclosure made under para-
17	graph (1) shall include, with respect to each person
18	who is a director, director nominee, or named execu-
19	tive officer of the issuer, or who is the beneficial
20	owner of securities with 5 percent or more of the total
21	combined voting power of all classes of securities enti-
22	tled to vote in the election of directors—
23	"(A) the number of shares of all classes of
24	securities entitled to vote in the election of direc-

tors beneficially owned by such person, expressed

1	as a percentage of the total number of the out-
2	standing securities of the issuer entitled to vote
3	in the election of directors; and
4	"(B) the amount of voting power held by
5	such person, expressed as a percentage of the
6	total combined voting power of all classes of the
7	securities of the issuer entitled to vote in the elec-
8	tion of directors.
9	"(3) Multi-class share structure.—In this
10	subsection, the term 'multi-class share structure'
11	means a capitalization structure that contains two or
12	more classes of securities that have differing amounts
13	of voting rights in the election of directors.".
14	TITLE XXX—NATIONAL SENIOR
15	INVESTOR INITIATIVE
16	SEC. 3001. SENIOR INVESTOR TASKFORCE.
17	Section 4 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
18	U.S.C. 78d) is amended by adding at the end the following:
19	"(k) Senior Investor Taskforce.—
20	"(1) Establishment.—There is established
21	within the Commission the Senior Investor Taskforce
22	(in this subsection referred to as the 'Taskforce').
23	"(2) Director of the taskforce.—The head
24	of the Taskforce shall be the Director, who shall—
25	"(A) report directly to the Chairman; and

1	"(B) be appointed by the Chairman, in con-
2	sultation with the Commission, from among in-
3	dividuals—
4	"(i) currently employed by the Com-
5	mission or from outside of the Commission;
6	and
7	"(ii) having experience in advocating
8	for the interests of senior investors.
9	"(3) Staffing.—The Chairman shall ensure
10	that—
11	"(A) the Taskforce is staffed sufficiently to
12	carry out fully the requirements of this sub-
13	section; and
14	"(B) such staff shall include individuals
15	from the Division of Enforcement, Office of Com-
16	pliance Inspections and Examinations, and Of-
17	fice of Investor Education and Advocacy.
18	"(4) Minimizing duplication of efforts.—In
19	organizing and staffing the Taskforce, the Chairman
20	shall take such actions as may be necessary to mini-
21	mize the duplication of efforts within the divisions
22	and offices described under paragraph (3)(B) and
23	any other divisions, offices, or taskforces of the Com-
24	mission.

1	"(5) Functions of the taskforce.—The
2	Taskforce shall—
3	"(A) identify challenges that senior inves-
4	tors encounter, including problems associated
5	with financial exploitation and cognitive decline;
6	"(B) identify areas in which senior inves-
7	tors would benefit from changes in the regula-
8	tions of the Commission or the rules of self-regu-
9	latory organizations;
10	"(C) coordinate, as appropriate, with other
11	offices within the Commission, other taskforces
12	that may be established within the Commission,
13	self-regulatory organizations, and the Elder Jus-
14	tice Coordinating Council; and
15	"(D) consult, as appropriate, with State se-
16	curities and law enforcement authorities, State
17	insurance regulators, and other Federal agencies.
18	"(6) Report.—The Taskforce, in coordination,
19	as appropriate, with the Office of the Investor Advo-
20	cate and self-regulatory organizations, and in con-
21	sultation, as appropriate, with State securities and
22	law enforcement authorities, State insurance regu-
23	lators, and Federal agencies, shall issue a report every
24	2 years to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
25	Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on

1	Financial Services of the House of Representatives,
2	the first of which shall not be issued until after the
3	report described in section 3002 of the JOBS and In-
4	vestor Confidence Act of 2018 has been issued and
5	considered by the Taskforce, containing—
6	"(A) appropriate statistical information
7	and full and substantive analysis;
8	"(B) a summary of recent trends and inno-
9	vations that have impacted the investment land-
10	scape for senior investors;
11	"(C) a summary of regulatory initiatives
12	that have concentrated on senior investors and
13	industry practices related to senior investors;
14	"(D) key observations, best practices, and
15	areas needing improvement, involving senior in-
16	vestors identified during examinations, enforce-
17	ment actions, and investor education outreach;
18	"(E) a summary of the most serious issues
19	encountered by senior investors, including issues
20	involving financial products and services;
21	"(F) an analysis with regard to existing
22	policies and procedures of brokers, dealers, in-
23	vestment advisers, and other market participants
24	related to senior investors and senior investor-re-

1	lated topics and whether these policies and proce-
2	dures need to be further developed or refined;
3	"(G) recommendations for such changes to
4	the regulations, guidance, and orders of the Com-
5	mission and self-regulatory organizations and
6	such legislative actions as may be appropriate to
7	resolve problems encountered by senior investors;
8	and
9	"(H) any other information, as determined
10	appropriate by the Director of the Taskforce.
11	"(7) Sunset.—The Taskforce shall terminate
12	after the end of the 10-year period beginning on the
13	date of the enactment of this subsection, but may be
14	reestablished by the Chairman.
15	"(8) Senior investor defined.—For purposes
16	of this subsection, the term 'senior investor' means an
17	investor over the age of 65.".
18	SEC. 3002. GAO STUDY.
19	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the
21	United States shall submit to Congress and the Senior In-
22	vestor Taskforce the results of a study on the economic costs
23	of the financial exploitation of senior citizens.
24	(b) Contents.—The study required under subsection
25	(a) shall include information with respect to—

1	(1) costs—
2	(A) associated with losses by victims that
3	were incurred as a result of the financial exploi-
4	tation of senior citizens;
5	(B) incurred by State and Federal agencies,
6	law enforcement and investigatory agencies, pub-
7	lic benefit programs, public health programs,
8	and other public programs as a result of the fi-
9	nancial exploitation of senior citizens; and
10	(C) incurred by the private sector as a re-
11	sult of the financial exploitation of senior citi-
12	zens; and
13	(2) any other relevant costs that—
14	(A) result from the financial exploitation of
15	senior citizens; and
16	(B) the Comptroller General determines are
17	necessary and appropriate to include in order to
18	provide Congress and the public with a full and
19	accurate understanding of the economic costs re-
20	sulting from the financial exploitation of senior
21	citizens in the United States.
22	(c) Senior Citizen Defined.—For purposes of this
23	section, the term "senior citizen" means an individual over
24	the age of 65.

1 TITLE XXXI—MIDDLE MARKET 2 IPO UNDERWRITING COST

3	SEC. 3101. STUDY ON IPO FEES.
4	(a) Study.—The Securities and Exchange Commis-
5	sion, in consultation with the Financial Industry Regu-
6	latory Authority, shall carry out a study of the costs associ-
7	ated with small- and medium-sized companies to undertake
8	initial public offerings ("IPOs"). In carrying out such
9	study, the Commission shall—
10	(1) consider the direct and indirect costs of an
11	IPO, including—
12	(A) fees, such as gross spreads paid to un-
13	derwriters, IPO advisors, and other profes-
14	sionals;
15	(B) compliance with Federal and State se-
16	curities laws at the time of the IPO; and
17	(C) such other IPO-related costs as the
18	$Commission\ determines\ appropriate;$
19	(2) compare and analyze the costs of an IPO
20	with the costs of obtaining alternative sources of fi-
21	nancing and of liquidity;
22	(3) consider the impact of such costs on capital
23	formation;

1	(4) analyze the impact of these costs on the
2	availability of public securities of small- and me-
3	dium-sized companies to retail investors; and
4	(5) analyze trends in IPOs over a time period
5	the Commission determines is appropriate to analyze
6	IPO pricing practices, considering—
7	(A) the number of IPOs;
8	(B) how costs for IPOs have evolved over
9	time, including fees paid to underwriters, invest-
10	ment advisory firms, and other professions for
11	services in connection with an IPO;
12	(C) the number of brokers and dealers active
13	in underwriting IPOs;
14	(D) the different types of services that un-
15	derwriters and related persons provide before
16	and after a small- or medium-sized company
17	IPO and the factors impacting underwriting
18	costs;
19	(E) changes in the costs and availability of
20	investment research for small- and medium-sized
21	companies; and
22	(F) any other consideration the Commission
23	considers necessary and appropriate.
24	(b) Report.—Not later than the end of the 360-day
25	period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act,

1	the Commission shall issue a report to the Congress con-
2	taining all findings and determinations made in carrying
3	out the study required under subsection (a) and any admin-
4	istrative or legislative recommendations the Commission
5	may have.
6	TITLE XXXII—CROWDFUNDING
7	AMENDMENTS
8	SEC. 3201. CROWDFUNDING VEHICLES.
9	(a) Amendments to the Securities Act of
10	1933.—The Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.)
11	is amended—
12	(1) in section 2(a) (15 U.S.C. 77b(a)), by adding
13	at the end the following:
14	"(20) The term 'crowdfunding vehicle' has the
15	meaning given the term in section $3(c)(15)(B)$ of the
16	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-
17	3(c)(15)(B)).";
18	(2) in section 4(a)(6) (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6))—
19	(A) in subparagraph (A)—
20	(i) by inserting ", other than a
21	crowdfunding vehicle," after "sold to all in-
22	vestors"; and
23	(ii) by inserting "other than a
24	crowdfunding vehicle," after "the issuer,";
25	and

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), in the matter pre-
2	ceding clause (i), by inserting ", other than a
3	crowdfunding vehicle," after "any investor"; and
4	(3) in section 4A(f) (15 U.S.C. 77d-1(f))—
5	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
6	by striking "Section 4(6)" and inserting "Sec-
7	tion $4(a)(6)$ "; and
8	(B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "by any
9	of paragraphs (1) through (14) of' before "sec-
10	tion $3(c)$ ".
11	(b) Amendments to the Investment Company Act
12	OF 1940.—Section 3(c) of the Investment Company Act of
13	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3(c)) is amended by adding at the
14	end the following:
15	"(15)(A) Any crowdfunding vehicle.
16	"(B) For purposes of this paragraph, the term
17	'crowdfunding vehicle' means a company—
18	"(i) the purpose of which (as set forth in the
19	organizational documents of the company) is
20	limited to acquiring, holding, and disposing of
21	securities issued by a single company in 1 or
22	more transactions made under section $4(a)(6)$ of
23	the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6));
24	"(ii) that issues only one class of securities;

1	"(iii) that receives no compensation in con-					
2	nection with the acquisition, holding, or disposi-					
3	tion of securities described in clause (i);					
4	"(iv) no investment adviser or associated					
5	person of which receives any compensation on					
6	the basis of a share of capital gains upon, or					
7	capital appreciation of, any portion of the funds					
8	of an investor of the company;					
9	"(v) the securities of which have been issued					
10	in a transaction made under section 4(a)(6) of					
11	the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(6)),					
12	where both the crowdfunding vehicle and the					
13	company whose securities the crowdfunding vehi-					
14	cle holds are co-issuers;					
15	"(vi) that is current with respect to ongoing					
16	reporting requirements under section 227.202 of					
17	title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any suc-					
18	$cessor\ regulation;$					
19	"(vii) that holds securities of a company					
20	that is subject to ongoing reporting requirements					
21	under section 227.202 of title 17, Code of Federal					
22	Regulations, or any successor regulation; and					
23	"(viii) that is advised by an investment ad-					
24	viser that is—					

1	"(I) registered under the Investment					
2	Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b-1 et					
3	seq.); and					
4	"(II) required to—					
5	"(aa) disclose to the investors					
6	the company any fees charged by th					
7	investment adviser; and					
8	"(bb) obtain approval from a me					
9	jority of the investors of the compan					
10	with respect to any increase in the fe					
11	described in item (aa).".					
12	(c) Amendments to the Investment Advisers Act					
13	OF 1940.—The Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C					
14	80b–1 et seq.) is amended—					
15	(1) in section 202(a) (15 U.S.C. 80b-2(a))—					
16	(A) by redesignating the second paragraph					
17	(29) as paragraph (31); and					
18	(B) by adding at the end the following:					
19	"(32) The term 'crowdfunding vehicle' has the					
20	meaning given the term in section $3(c)(15)(B)$ of the					
21	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-					
22	3(c)(15)(B)).					
23	"(33)(A) The term 'crowdfunding vehicle adviser'					
24	means an investment adviser that acts as an invest-					

1	ment adviser solely with respect to crowdfunding ve-						
2	hicles.						
3	"(B) A determination, for the purposes of sub-						
4	paragraph (A), regarding whether an investment ad-						
5	viser acts as an investment adviser solely with respect						
6	to crowdfunding vehicles shall not include any consid-						
7	eration of the activity of any affiliate of the invest-						
8	ment adviser.";						
9	(2) in section 203 (15 U.S.C. 80b-3), by adding						
10	at the end the following:						
11	"(o) Crowdfunding Vehicle Advisers.—						
12	"(1) In general.—A crowdfunding vehicle ad-						
13	viser shall be required to register under this section.						
14	"(2) Tailored requirements.—As necessary						
15	or appropriate in the public interest and for the pro-						
16	tection of investors, and to promote efficiency, com-						
17	petition, and capital formation, the Commission may						
18	tailor the requirements under section 275.206(4)-2 of						
19	title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, with respect to						
20	the application of those requirements to a						
21	crowdfunding vehicle adviser."; and						
22	(3) in section 203A(a) (15 U.S.C. 80b-3a(a))—						
23	(A) in paragraph (1)—						
24	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking						
25	"or" at the end;						

1	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking					
2	the period at the end and inserting "; or",					
3	and					
4	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-					
5	lowing:					
6	"(C) is a crowdfunding vehicle adviser.";					
7	and					
8	(B) in paragraph (2)—					
9	(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting					
10	"a crowdfunding vehicle adviser," after					
11	"unless the investment adviser is"; and					
12	(ii) in $subparagraph$ $(B)(ii)$, in the					
13	matter preceding subclause (I), by inserting					
14	"except with respect to a crowdfunding ve-					
15	hicle adviser," before "has assets".					
16	SEC. 3202. CROWDFUNDING EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRA-					
17	TION.					
18	Section $12(g)(6)$ of the Securities Exchange Act of					
19	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78l(g)(6)) is amended—					
20	(1) by striking "The Commission" and inserting					
21	$the\ following:$					
22	"(A) In General.—The Commission";					
23	(2) in subparagraph (A), as so designated, by					
24	striking "section 4(6)" and inserting "section					
25	4(a)(6)"; and					

1	(3) by adding at the end the following:					
2	"(B) Treatment of securities issued					
3	BY CERTAIN ISSUERS.—					
4	"(i) In General.—An exemption					
5	under subparagraph (A) shall be uncondi-					
6	tional for securities offered by an issuer that					
7	had a public float of less than \$75,000,000,					
8	as of the last business day of the most re-					
9	cently completed semiannual period of the					
10	issuer, which shall be calculated in accord-					
11	ance with clause (ii).					
12	"(ii) Calculation.—					
13	"(I) In general.—A public float					
14	described in clause (i) shall be cal-					
15	culated by multiplying the aggregate					
16	worldwide number of shares of the					
17	common equity securities of an issuer					
18	that are held by non-affiliates by the					
19	price at which those securities were					
20	last sold (or the average bid and asked					
21	prices of those securities) in the prin-					
22	cipal market for those securities.					
23	"(II) CALCULATION OF ZERO.—If					
24	a public float calculation under sub-					
25	clause (I) with respect to an issuer is					

1	zero, an exemption under subpara-
2	graph (A) shall be unconditional for
3	securities offered by the issuer if the
4	issuer had annual revenues of less than
5	\$50,000,000, as of the most recently
6	completed fiscal year of the issuer.".

Amend the title so as to read: "An Act to modernize U.S. markets and to promote capital formation, investor confidence, and economic growth, and for other purposes.".

Attest:

Clerk.

115TH CONGRESS S. 488

AMENDMENTS