118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4187

To phase out production of nonessential uses of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, to prohibit releases of all perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 18, 2024

Mr. Durbin introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

- To phase out production of nonessential uses of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, to prohibit releases of all perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
 - 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "Forever Chemical Regulation and Accountability Act of
 - 6 2024".
 - 7 (b) Table of Contents for
 - 8 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—PHASEOUT OF NONESSENTIAL PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES AND ALL RELEASES

- Sec. 101. Agreement with the National Academies concerning the essential uses of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- Sec. 102. Manufacturing and use phaseout program.
- Sec. 103. United States perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance policy.
- Sec. 104. Perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance release phaseout.
- Sec. 105. Use for research.
- Sec. 106. Inspections, monitoring, and entry.
- Sec. 107. Enforcement.
- Sec. 108. Citizen suits.
- Sec. 109. Imminent hazard.
- Sec. 110. Application of Federal, State, and local law to Federal agencies.
- Sec. 111. Judicial review.
- Sec. 112. Regulatory authority.
- Sec. 113. Funding.
- Sec. 114. Severability.
- Sec. 115. Retention of State authority.

TITLE II—OTHER MATTERS WITH RESPECT TO PERFLUOROALKYL OR POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES

- Sec. 201. Centers of Excellence for Assessing Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water Sources and Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation Solutions.
- Sec. 202. Actions under State law for damages from exposure to hazardous substances.
- Sec. 203. Bankruptcy provision relating to persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic chemicals defendants and debtors.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act:
- 3 (1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
- 4 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
- 5 mental Protection Agency.
- 6 (2) Centers of excellence.—The term
- 7 "Centers of Excellence" means—
- 8 (A) the Center of Excellence for Assessing
- 9 Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances
- in Water Sources and Perfluoroalkyl and

1	Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation Solu-
2	tions established under section 201(c)(1)(A);
3	and
4	(B) the Rural Center of Excellence for As-
5	sessing Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Sub-
6	stances in Water Sources and Perfluoroalkyl
7	and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation So-
8	lutions established under section $201(c)(1)(B)$.
9	(3) Essential use.—The term "essential
10	use", with respect to a perfluoroalkyl or
11	polyfluoroalkyl substance, means a use of the
12	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that is
13	designated under section 102(c), as reflected under
14	a review or recommendation under any applicable re-
15	port under section 101(h) (including a subsequent
16	report), as being an essential use because the use of
17	the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance in an
18	item or process is—
19	(A) critical for the health, safety, or func-
20	tioning of society;
21	(B) necessary for the item or process to
22	function; and
23	(C) a use for which a safer alternative is
24	not available.
25	(4) Manufacturer.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "manufac-
2	turer" means any person who—
3	(i) imports into the United States, a
4	territory of the United States, or a Freely
5	Associated State a perfluoroalkyl or
6	polyfluoroalkyl substance;
7	(ii) exports from the United States, a
8	territory of the United States, or a Freely
9	Associated State a perfluoroalkyl or
10	polyfluoroalkyl substance;
11	(iii) produces a perfluoroalkyl or
12	polyfluoroalkyl substance;
13	(iv) manufactures a perfluoroalkyl or
14	polyfluoroalkyl substance; or
15	(v) processes a perfluoroalkyl or
16	polyfluoroalkyl substance.
17	(B) Inclusions.—The term "manufac-
18	turer" includes importers and exporters of
19	products that are known to contain
20	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
21	(C) Exclusion.—The term "manufac-
22	turer" does not include an entity that neither
23	manufactures nor uses perfluoroalkyl or
24	polyfluoroalkyl substances, but receives
25	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances in

- the normal course of operations of the entity, including a solid waste management facility, a composting facility, a public water system (as defined in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)), and a publicly or privately owned or operated treatment works (as defined in section 212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292)).
 - (5) NATIONAL ACADEMIES.—The term "National Academies" means the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.
 - (6) Nonessential use.—The term "non-essential use" means a use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that is not an essential use.
 - (7) PERFLUOROALKYL OR POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE.—The term "perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance" means a substance that is a perfluoroalkyl substance or a polyfluoroalkyl substance (as those terms are defined in section 7331(2)(B) of the PFAS Act of 2019 (15 U.S.C. 8931(2)(B))), including a mixture of those substances.
- 24 (8) Process.—The term "process", with re-25 spect to a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-

1	stance, means the preparation of the perfluoroalkyl
2	or polyfluoroalkyl substance, including preparation
3	that includes the mixture of multiple perfluoroalkyl
4	or polyfluoroalkyl substances, after the manufacture
5	of that perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
6	for distribution in commerce—
7	(A) in the same form or physical state as,
8	or in a different form or physical state from,
9	that in which the perfluoroalkyl or
10	polyfluoroalkyl substance was received by the
11	person so preparing the perfluoroalkyl or
12	polyfluoroalkyl substance; or
13	(B) as part of an article containing the
14	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance.
15	(9) SAFER ALTERNATIVE.—The term "safer al-
16	ternative", with respect to the use of a
17	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance, means a
18	use that—
19	(A) does not require the use of a
20	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance to
21	achieve the intended function;
22	(B) demonstrates adequate performance
23	for the intended use;
24	(C) does not pose an unreasonable chronic
25	or acute risk to the environment or public

1	health as compared to the substance being re-
2	placed, including any harm that may result
3	from persistence, bioaccumulation, and toxicity
4	in any environment or human system, either by
5	itself or cumulatively with other substances that
6	cause similar harms; and
7	(D) has other risk characteristics that the
8	Administrator determines appropriate, in con-
9	sultation with the heads of relevant Federal
10	agencies and stakeholders as the Administrator
11	determines to be appropriate.
12	(10) State.—The term "State" means—
13	(A) each State;
14	(B) a territory of the United States;
15	(C) a Freely Associated State;
16	(D) an Indian Tribe included on the list
17	most recently published by the Secretary of the
18	Interior under section 104 of the Federally Rec-
19	ognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25
20	U.S.C. 5131); and
21	(E) the District of Columbia.
22	(11) USER.—
23	(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
24	graphs (B) and (C), the term "user", with re-
25	spect to a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-

1	stance, has the meaning given the term by the
2	Administrator.
3	(B) Considerations.—In determining
4	the definition of the term "user" under sub-
5	paragraph (A), the Administrator shall con-
6	sider—
7	(i) the volume of a perfluoroalkyl or
8	polyfluoroalkyl substance used by an enti-
9	ty;
10	(ii) risks associated with releases of or
11	exposure to a perfluoroalkyl or
12	polyfluoroalkyl substance as a result of ac-
13	tions of an entity, including—
14	(I) toxicity;
15	(II) bioaccumulative properties;
16	(III) persistence in the environ-
17	ment;
18	(IV) interactions with other
19	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
20	stances and other toxic chemicals;
21	(V) contamination and pollution
22	burden of impacted communities; and
23	(VI) associated human health ef-
24	fects;

1	(iii) past or possible future releases of
2	a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
3	stance into the environment by an entity;
4	and
5	(iv) the use and fate of a
6	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
7	used by an entity.
8	(C) Exclusion.—The term "user" does
9	not include an entity that neither manufactures

(C) EXCLUSION.—The term "user" does not include an entity that neither manufactures nor uses perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, but receives perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances in the normal course of operations of the entity, including a solid waste management facility, a composting facility, a public water system (as defined in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)), and a publicly or privately owned or operated treatment works (as defined in section 212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292)).

1	TITLE I—PHASEOUT OF NON-
2	ESSENTIAL
3	PERFLUOROALKYL AND
4	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUB-
5	STANCES AND ALL RELEASES
6	SEC. 101. AGREEMENT WITH THE NATIONAL ACADEMIES
7	CONCERNING THE ESSENTIAL USES OF
8	PERFLUOROALKYL OR POLYFLUOROALKYL
9	SUBSTANCES.
10	(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are to
11	provide for the National Academies, an independent non-
12	profit scientific organization with appropriate expertise
13	that is not part of the Federal Government—
14	(1) to review and evaluate the available sci-
15	entific evidence regarding categories of essential uses
16	of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances; and
17	(2) to provide guidance on designating
18	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances as essen-
19	tial or nonessential.
20	(b) AGREEMENT.—
21	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
22	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
23	(in consultation, as the Administrator determines
24	appropriate, with the heads of other Federal depart-
25	ments and agencies with relevant expertise regarding

1	the essential uses of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
2	substances) shall seek to enter into a 10-year agree-
3	ment to carry out the duties described in this sec-
4	tion.
5	(2) Extension.—The Administrator and the
6	National Academies may extend the agreement de-
7	scribed in paragraph (1) in 5-year increments.
8	(c) REVIEW OF SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE.—
9	(1) In general.—Under an agreement under
10	subsection (b), the National Academies shall, in ac-
11	cordance with the policy described in section 103(a)
12	review and summarize the scientific evidence, and
13	assess the strength of that scientific evidence, with
14	respect to—
15	(A) uses of perfluoroalkyl or
16	polyfluoroalkyl substances that should be des-
17	ignated as essential uses; and
18	(B) the criteria for designating essential
19	uses.
20	(2) Inclusions.—In carrying out the review
21	described in paragraph (1), the National Academies
22	shall—
23	(A) analyze the definition of the term "es-
24	sential use" under section 2(3) as it relates to
25	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances:

1	(B) conduct an assessment of how
2	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances are
3	integrated into the society of the United States,
4	in which sectors of the economy of the United
5	States perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
6	stances are used, and in which sectors those
7	uses are essential uses;
8	(C) describe any research gaps with re-
9	spect to the uses of perfluoroalkyl or
10	polyfluoroalkyl substances, including consider-
11	ation of mitigation strategies and safer alter-
12	natives; and
13	(D) develop recommendations with respect
14	to—
15	(i) the research and development ac-
16	tivities necessary to transition the United
17	States from the use of perfluoroalkyl or
18	polyfluoroalkyl substances; and
19	(ii) how the Federal Government
20	may—
21	(I) best ensure the conduct of the
22	research and development activities
23	described in clause (i) to ensure that
24	safer alternatives minimize health,
25	safety, and environmental risks; and

1	(II) best address the research
2	gaps identified under subparagraph
3	(C) and the research and development
4	needs identified under clause (i)
5	through collaboration or coordination
6	of programs and other efforts with
7	State, local, and Tribal governments
8	and nongovernmental organizations
9	including private sector organizations
10	(3) Timing.—The initial review carried out
11	under paragraph (1) pursuant to an agreement
12	under subsection (b) shall conclude not later than 3
13	years after the date on which the review begins.
14	(d) Scientific Determinations of Essential
15	Uses.—For each essential use, the National Academies
16	shall, to the extent that available scientific data permit
17	meaningful determinations, determine—
18	(1) categories of uses of perfluoroalkyl or
19	polyfluoroalkyl substances that can inform regu-
20	latory requirements under this title and amendments
21	made by this title;
22	(2) a framework to guide decisionmakers in
23	making designations of essential uses under section
24	102(c), which shall include—

- (A) the integration of findings with respect 1 2 to perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, 3 including findings on human health effects that 4 have sufficient or limited evidence of an associa-5 tion, from authoritative reviews (such as re-6 views by national or international bodies) and 7 high-quality systematic reviews; and 8 (B) a review of emerging evidence with re-9 spect to perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-10 stances that is impactful in decisionmaking; and
 - (3)(A) whether certain perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances in certain consumer products pose an unreasonable risk to consumers, such as risks due to perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance toxicity, persistence, or bioaccumulation;
 - (B) the contribution of the uses identified under subparagraph (A) to the cumulative impact of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances on the environment and public health; and
 - (C) recommendations for possible methods to eliminate perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances from consumer products described in subparagraph (A).
- 24 (e) COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT.—In carrying out re-25 views and studies under this section, the National Acad-

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1	emies shall integrate robust, transparent, meaningful, and
2	public community outreach.
3	(f) Cooperation of Federal Agencies.—The
4	head of each relevant Federal agency, including the Ad-
5	ministrator, shall cooperate fully with the National Acad-
6	emies in carrying out the agreement under subsection (b).
7	(g) Recommendations for Additional Stud-
8	IES.—
9	(1) In General.—The National Academies
10	shall make any recommendations for additional sci-
11	entific studies determined appropriate by the Na-
12	tional Academies to resolve areas of continuing sci-
13	entific uncertainty relating to essential uses of
14	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
15	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In making recommenda-
16	tions under paragraph (1), the National Academies
17	shall consider—
18	(A) the scientific information that is avail-
19	able at the time of the recommendation;
20	(B) the value and relevance of the informa-
21	tion that could result from additional studies;
22	and
23	(C) the cost and feasibility of carrying out
24	those additional studies.
25	(h) Reports —

1	(1) Initial report.—
2	(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
3	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Na-
4	tional Academies shall submit to the Adminis-
5	trator, the Committee on Environment and
6	Public Works of the Senate, and the Committee
7	on Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-
8	resentatives an initial report on the activities of
9	the National Academies under the agreement
10	under subsection (b).
11	(B) Inclusions.—The report required
12	under subparagraph (A) shall include—
13	(i)(I) a description of the determina-
14	tions, if any, made under subsection (d);
15	and
16	(II) a full explanation of the scientific
17	evidence and reasoning that led to those
18	determinations; and
19	(ii) any recommendations made under
20	subsection (g).
21	(2) Subsequent reports.—Not less fre-
22	quently than once every 2 years after the date on
23	which the initial report under paragraph (1) is sub-
24	mitted, the National Academies shall submit to the
25	Administrator, the Committee on Environment and

1	Public Works of the Senate, and the Committee on
2	Energy and Commerce of the House of Representa-
3	tives an update of that report.
4	(i) Additional Studies.—
5	(1) In general.—Beginning on the date that
6	is 2 years after the date that the National Acad-
7	emies completes the review under subsection (c), the
8	Administrator may initiate not more than 5 addi-
9	tional studies with the National Academies—
10	(A) to update the review carried out under
11	subsection (c) based on new evidence; and
12	(B) to address the recommendations made
13	under subsection (g).
14	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
15	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-
16	ministrator such sums as are necessary to carry out
17	this subsection.
18	(j) Alternative Contracting Scientific Orga-
19	NIZATION.—
20	(1) In general.—If the Administrator is un-
21	able to enter into an agreement under subsection (b)
22	with the National Academies within the 60-day pe-
23	riod described in that subsection on terms acceptable
24	to the Administrator, the Administrator shall seek to
25	enter into an agreement for purposes of carrying out

1	this section with another appropriate scientific orga-
2	nization that—
3	(A) is not part of the Federal Government;
4	(B) operates as a not-for-profit entity; and
5	(C) has expertise and objectivity com-
6	parable to that of the National Academies.
7	(2) Effect of alternative organiza-
8	TION.—If the Administrator enters into an agree-
9	ment with an alternative scientific organization
10	under paragraph (1), any reference in this title to
11	"the National Academies" shall be deemed to be a
12	reference to that alternative scientific organization.
13	SEC. 102. MANUFACTURING AND USE PHASEOUT PROGRAM.
13 14	SEC. 102. MANUFACTURING AND USE PHASEOUT PROGRAM. (a) ANNUAL PERFLUOROALKYL OR
14	
14 15	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or
14 15 16	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and
14 15 16 17	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and User Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.—
14 15	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and User Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.— (1) Purpose.—The purposes of the amend-
14 15 16 17	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and User Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.— (1) Purpose.—The purposes of the amendments made by this subsection are—
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and User Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.— (1) Purpose.—The purposes of the amendments made by this subsection are— (A) to make available and accessible data
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and User Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.— (1) Purpose.—The purposes of the amendments made by this subsection are— (A) to make available and accessible data to inform a nationwide phaseout of the use and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Annual Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Manufacturer and User Monitoring and Reporting Requirements.— (1) Purpose.—The purposes of the amendments made by this subsection are— (A) to make available and accessible data to inform a nationwide phaseout of the use and environmental release of perfluoroalkyl or

1	(C) to increase transparency for the public
2	and interested stakeholders with respect to the
3	use, release, and prevalence of perfluoroalkyl or
4	polyfluoroalkyl substances.
5	(2) Amendments.—Section 8(a)(7) of the
6	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
7	2607(a)(7)) is amended—
8	(A) by striking "Not later" and inserting
9	the following:
10	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later"; and
11	(B) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(B) Annual supplements.—
13	"(i) Definitions of Essential USE;
14	MANUFACTURER; PERFLUOROALKYL OR
15	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE; SAFER
16	ALTERNATIVE; USER.—In this subpara-
17	graph, the terms 'essential use', 'manufac-
18	turer', 'perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
19	substance', 'safer alternative', and 'user'
20	have the meanings given those terms in
21	section 2 of the Forever Chemical Regula-
22	tion and Accountability Act of 2024.
23	"(ii) Manufacturer and user re-
24	PORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 3 years
25	after the date of enactment of this sub-

1	paragraph but in a manner that does not
2	otherwise delay the implementation of this
3	paragraph (as in effect on the day before
4	the date of enactment of this subpara-
5	graph), the Administrator shall require
6	each manufacturer and user of
7	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
8	to submit a report described in subpara-
9	graph (A) if that manufacturer or user
10	was not required to do so on the day be-
11	fore the date of enactment of this subpara-
12	graph.
13	"(iii) Supplemental reports re-
14	QUIRED.—Not later than 18 months after
15	the date on which the Administrator pub-
16	lishes the final rule carrying out this sub-
17	paragraph and not less frequently than an-
18	nually thereafter, subject to clause (v),
19	each manufacturer or user of a
20	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
21	shall—
22	"(I) supplement the report re-
23	quired described in subparagraph (A)
24	(including a report submitted pursu-
25	ant to clause (ii)) by—

1	"(aa) including, as applica-
2	ble, any updates to the informa-
3	tion included in the report under
4	that subparagraph; and
5	"(bb) including in the re-
6	port—
7	"(AA) a description of
8	any essential uses of
9	perfluoroalkyl or
10	polyfluoroalkyl substances
11	carried out by the manufac-
12	turer or user;
13	"(BB) any safer alter-
14	natives for uses of
15	perfluoroalkyl or
16	polyfluoroalkyl substances
17	used by the manufacturer or
18	user;
19	"(CC) any environ-
20	mental releases of a
21	perfluoroalkyl or
22	polyfluoroalkyl substance, at
23	any detectable level;
24	"(DD) any use of a
25	perfluoroalkyl or

1	polyfluoroalkyl substance
2	that is required pursuant to
3	Federal law (including regu-
4	lations), Federal standards,
5	or Federal Government
6	specifications; and
7	"(EE) any additional
8	information that the Admin-
9	istrator may require; and
10	"(II) submit the supplemental re-
11	port to the Administrator in such a
12	manner and at such time as the Ad-
13	ministrator requires.
14	"(iv) Use of reports.—
15	"(I) Publication.—Not later
16	than 180 days after the date on which
17	the Administrator receives a supple-
18	mental report from a manufacturer or
19	user under clause (iii), the Adminis-
20	trator shall publish the supplemental
21	report for a period of public comment
22	and review of not less than 90 days.
23	"(II) DATA QUALITY.—The Ad-
24	ministrator shall conduct data quality
25	assurance and scientific integrity re-

1	views of supplemental reports received
2	under clause (iii)—
3	"(aa) to ensure the quality
4	of reported data; and
5	"(bb) to provide comment on
6	the validity of the supplemental
7	reports of the manufacturer.
8	"(III) Confidential business
9	INFORMATION.—The Administrator
10	shall carry out this clause in accord-
11	ance with section 14.
12	"(v) No further reports re-
13	QUIRED.—
14	"(I) IN GENERAL.—No further
15	supplemental reports under clause (iii)
16	shall be required from a manufacturer
17	or user if the manufacturer or user—
18	"(aa) permanently ceases
19	use of all perfluoroalkyl or
20	polyfluoroalkyl substances; and
21	"(bb) notifies the Adminis-
22	trator in writing that the require-
23	ment under item (aa) has been

1	"(II) FINAL REPORT.—Notwith-
2	standing the submission of a notice
3	under subclause (I)(bb), a manufac-
4	turer or user shall submit to the Ad-
5	ministrator a final supplemental re-
6	port under clause (iii) if, at any time
7	during the 1-year period beginning on
8	the date on which the manufacturer
9	or user submitted the previous supple-
10	mental report under that clause, the
11	manufacturer or user used a
12	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
13	stance.
14	"(III) Public notice of ces-
15	SATION.—The Administrator shall
16	issue a public notice describing each
17	notification received under subclause
18	(I)(bb).".
19	(3) Savings Provision.—Nothing in para-
20	graph (2) or the amendments made by paragraph
21	(2) affects the requirements under subparagraph (A)
22	of section 8(a)(7) of the Toxic Substances Control
23	Act (15 U.S.C. 2607(a)(7)) or any timeline estab-
24	lished for the implementation of that section (as in

1	effect on the day before the date of enactment of
2	this Act).
3	(b) Production and Consumption Phaseouts
4	Required.—
5	(1) General Rule.—Not later than 10 years
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, manufactur-
7	ers and users shall complete the full phaseout of
8	nonessential uses of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
9	substances.
10	(2) Plans required.—
11	(A) In general.—Not later than 3 years
12	after the date of enactment of this Act, each
13	manufacturer and user shall submit to the Ad-
14	ministrator, in such a manner as the Adminis-
15	trator may require, a plan and schedule for the
16	full phaseout of nonessential uses of
17	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances
18	within the 10-year period described in para-
19	graph (1).
20	(B) Inclusion.—
21	(i) In general.—A plan submitted
22	by a manufacturer or user under subpara-
23	graph (A) may include verifiable transfer
24	of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-

stance stocks in the possession of the man-

1	ufacturer or user to an accredited research
2	consortium, including Centers of Excel-
3	lence, National Laboratories of the Depart-
4	ment of Energy, institutions of higher edu-
5	cation (as defined in section 101(a) of the
6	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
7	1001(a))), and other relevant entities, as
8	determined by the Administrator, for the
9	purposes of—
10	(I) research into the destruction,
11	detection, and remediation of
12	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
13	stances; and
14	(II) other related research.
15	(ii) Savings Provision.—Nothing in
16	this subparagraph—
17	(I) affects an obligation of a
18	manufacturer or user to comply with
19	a regulation or requirement associated
20	with the removal, disposal, or destruc-
21	tion of a perfluoroalkyl or
22	polyfluoroalkyl substance; or
23	(II) prohibits a manufacturer or
24	user from using a method of removal,
25	disposal, or destruction of a

1	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
2	stance in accordance with applicable
3	law.
4	(C) Public availability.—The Adminis-
5	trator shall make the plans submitted by manu-
6	facturers and users under subparagraph (A)
7	publicly available in accordance with section 14
8	of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
9	2614).
10	(3) Accelerated schedule.—
11	(A) In General.—The Administrator
12	may, after a period of notice and opportunity
13	for public comment of not less than 180 days,
14	require that the full phaseout of nonessential
15	uses of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
16	stances required under paragraph (1) occur on
17	a schedule that is more stringent than the
18	schedule required under that paragraph.
19	(B) Petition.—
20	(i) In general.—Any person may
21	petition the Administrator to establish a
22	more stringent schedule under subpara-
23	graph (A).
24	(ii) Requirements.—A petition sub-
25	mitted under clause (i) shall—

1	(I) be made at such time, in such
2	manner, and containing such informa-
3	tion as the Administrator shall re-
4	quire; and
5	(II) include a showing by the pe-
6	titioner that there are scientific data
7	with respect to nonessential uses of
8	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
9	stances to support the petition.
10	(iii) Response timeline.—
11	(I) IN GENERAL.—If the Admin-
12	istrator receives a petition under
13	clause (i), the Administrator shall—
14	(aa) not later than 180 days
15	after the date on which the Ad-
16	ministrator receives the peti-
17	tion—
18	(AA) make the com-
19	plete petition available to
20	the public; and
21	(BB) when making the
22	petition available pursuant
23	to subitem (AA), propose
24	and seek public comment,
25	for a period of not less than

1	90 days, on the proposal of
2	the Administrator to grant
3	or deny the petition; and
4	(bb) not later than 1 year
5	after the date on which the Ad-
6	ministrator receives the petition,
7	take final action on the petition.
8	(II) REVISED PLANS AND SCHED-
9	ULES.—
10	(aa) In general.—If, after
11	receiving public comment with re-
12	spect to a petition received under
13	clause (i), the Administrator
14	grants the petition, each manu-
15	facturer and user shall revise and
16	submit to the Administrator an
17	update to the plan and schedule
18	required under paragraph (2)(A)
19	to reflect the more stringent
20	schedule described in the peti-
21	tion.
22	(bb) Requirement.—A re-
23	vised plan and schedule under
24	item (aa) shall be submitted in
25	accordance with paragraph (2).

1	(4) Accelerated phase-out in certain
2	PRODUCTS.—
3	(A) Phase-out within 1 year.—
4	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
5	any other provision of this Act but subject
6	to clause (ii), beginning on the date that is
7	1 year after the date of enactment of this
8	Act, no person may sell, offer for sale, or
9	distribute for sale in interstate com-
10	merce—
11	(I) a carpet or rug that contains
12	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
13	stances;
14	(II) a fabric treatment that con-
15	tains perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
16	substances;
17	(III) food packaging and con-
18	tainers that contains perfluoroalkyl or
19	polyfluoroalkyl substances;
20	(IV) a juvenile product that con-
21	tains perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
22	substances; or
23	(V) an oil or gas product that
24	contains perfluoroalkyl or
25	polyfluoroalkyl substances.

1	(ii) Exception for resale.—The
2	prohibition under clause (i) does not apply
3	to the sale or resale of used products de-
4	scribed in subclauses (I), (II), and (IV) of
5	that clause.
6	(B) Phase-out within 2 years.—
7	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
8	any other provision of this Act but subject
9	to clause (ii), beginning on the date that is
10	2 years after the date of enactment of this
11	Act, no person may sell, offer for sale, or
12	distribute for sale in interstate com-
13	merce—
14	(I) a cosmetic that contains
15	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
16	stances;
17	(II) an indoor textile furnishing
18	that contains perfluoroalkyl or
19	polyfluoroalkyl substances;
20	(III) indoor upholstered furniture
21	that contains perfluoroalkyl or
22	polyfluoroalkyl substances;
23	(IV) an accessory or handbag
24	that contains perfluoroalkyl or
25	polyfluoroalkyl substances: or

1	(V) except for a product de-
2	scribed in subparagraph (D), indoor
3	and outdoor apparel that contains
4	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
5	stances.
6	(ii) Exception for resale.—The
7	prohibition under clause (i) does not apply
8	to the sale or resale of used products de-
9	scribed in each of subclauses (II) through
10	(V) of that clause.
11	(C) Phase-out within 4 years.—
12	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
13	any other provision of this Act but subject
14	to clause (ii), beginning on the date that is
15	4 years after the date of enactment of this
16	Act, no person may sell, offer for sale, or
17	distribute for sale in interstate com-
18	merce—
19	(I) an outdoor textile furnishing
20	that contains perfluoroalkyl or
21	polyfluoroalkyl substances; or
22	(II) outdoor upholstered fur-
23	niture that contains perfluoroalkyl or
24	polyfluoroalkyl substances.

1	(ii) Exception for resale.—The
2	prohibition under clause (i) does not apply
3	to the sale or resale of used products de-
4	scribed in that clause.
5	(D) Phaseout within 5 years.—
6	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
7	any other provision of this Act but subject
8	to clause (ii), beginning on the date that is
9	5 years after the date of enactment of this
10	Act, no person may sell, offer for sale, or
11	distribute for sale in interstate commerce
12	outdoor apparel for severe wet conditions
13	that contain intentionally used
14	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
15	stances.
16	(ii) Exception for resale.—The
17	prohibition under clause (i) does not apply
18	to the sale or resale of used products de-
19	scribed in that clause.
20	(c) Designations of Nonessential and Essen-
21	TIAL USES.—
22	(1) 10-YEAR REQUIREMENT.—Beginning on the
23	date that is 10 years after the date of enactment of
24	this Act

1	(A) all nonessential uses of a
2	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance shall
3	be prohibited; and
4	(B) any use of a perfluoroalkyl or
5	polyfluoroalkyl substance shall be considered a
6	nonessential use unless the Administrator, con-
7	sistent with applicable recommendations or
8	other analysis, if any, under a report under sec-
9	tion 101(h) (including a subsequent report),
10	has designated the use as an essential use
11	under paragraph (2) or (3).
12	(2) Petition.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—A person may submit
14	to the Administrator a petition to designate a
15	use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
16	stance as a nonessential use or an essential use
17	at such time (including on a 1-time, periodic, or
18	continuing basis within such timeframe as the
19	Administrator may require), in such manner,
20	and containing such information as the Admin-
21	istrator may require.
22	(B) Burden of Proof.—In submitting a
23	petition under subparagraph (A)—
24	(i) the burden of proof shall be on the
25	petitioner to demonstrate that a use of a

1	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
2	is a nonessential use or an essential use;
3	and
4	(ii) the petitioner shall provide any in-
5	formation requested by the Administrator,
6	on a 1-time, periodic, or continuous basis
7	within such timeframe as the Adminis-
8	trator may require, to inform a determina-
9	tion under subparagraph (C).
10	(C) Determination.—
11	(i) Best available science.—The
12	determination of the Administrator to
13	grant or deny a petition submitted under
14	subparagraph (A) shall be based on—
15	(I) the best available science; and
16	(II) the applicable recommenda-
17	tions or other analysis, if any, under
18	a report under section 101(h) (includ-
19	ing a subsequent report).
20	(ii) Timeline.—
21	(I) In general.—Subject to
22	subclause (II), the Administrator shall
23	finalize a determination to grant or
24	deny a petition submitted under sub-
25	paragraph (A) by not later than 270

1	days after the date of receipt of the
2	petition.
3	(II) REQUIREMENT.—The Ad-
4	ministrator may not finalize a deter-
5	mination to grant or deny a petition
6	submitted under subparagraph (A) be-
7	fore the date that is 1 year after the
8	date on which the first report under
9	subsection (h) of section 101 is sub-
10	mitted after the date on which the re-
11	view under subsection (c) of that sec-
12	tion is completed.
13	(iii) Public availability.—
14	(I) In General.—In making a
15	determination to grant or deny a peti-
16	tion submitted under subparagraph
17	(A), the Administrator shall—
18	(aa) make all materials sub-
19	mitted with the petition available
20	for public review and comment
21	for a period of not less than 180
22	days; and
23	(bb) consider all public com-
24	ments submitted with respect to

1	the materials made available
2	under item (aa).
3	(II) Confidential business
4	INFORMATION.—Subclause (I) shall be
5	carried out in accordance with section
6	14 of the Toxic Substances Control
7	Act (15 U.S.C. 2613).
8	(D) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION.—The
9	Administrator shall, to the maximum extent
10	practicable, expedite the consideration of peti-
11	tions submitted under subparagraph (A) from a
12	Federal agency.
13	(E) TERMINATION OF PETITION PROC-
14	ESS.—The Administrator shall continue to ac-
15	cept petitions under this paragraph until such
16	time as all perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
17	stances and uses of perfluoroalkyl or
18	polyfluoroalkyl substances are eliminated in ac-
19	cordance with the policy described in section
20	103(a).
21	(3) Alternative designation process.—
22	(A) In general.—On a continuing basis
23	and in consultation with relevant Federal agen-
24	cies as the Administrator determines necessary,
25	the Administrator may review and, through a

1	public rulemaking, designate as a nonessential
1	public fulcinaking, designate as a nonessential
2	use or an essential use a use of a perfluoroalkyl
3	or polyfluoroalkyl substance.
4	(B) REQUIREMENT.—The decision of the
5	Administrator to designate a use of a

- Administrator to designate a use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance as a nonessential use or an essential use under subparagraph (A) shall be consistent with—
 - (i) the best available science; and
 - (ii) the applicable recommendations or other analysis, if any, under a report under section 101(h) (including a subsequent report).

(C) Timeline.—

(i) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Administrator may not designate a use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance as a nonessential use or an essential use under subparagraph (A) before the date that is 1 year after the date on which the first report under subsection (h) of section 101 is submitted after the date on which the review under subsection (c) of that section is completed.

- 1 (ii) Public Review.—Before designating a use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance as a nonessential use or an essential use under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall publish the proposed designation for public review and comment for a period of not less than 180 days.
 - (iii) Final designation.—The Administrator shall publicly issue a final designation of a use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance as a nonessential use or an essential use under subparagraph (A) by not later than 270 days after the date on which the public review and comment period under clause (ii) ends.
 - (4) Data transparency.—The Administrator may, to inform a designation under paragraph (2) or (3), require a manufacturer, user, person who manufacturers equipment for a manufacturer or user, person who the Administrator believes may have necessary information to inform a designation under paragraph (2) or (3), or a person subject to the requirements of this title or an amendment made by this title to provide relevant information (on a 1-

time, periodic, or continuing basis for such timeframe as the Administrator determines appropriate).

(5) Required Petitions.—

- (A) In general.—Stakeholders shall use the petition process under paragraph (2) to identify and list products and processes that use a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that have a use in a product that is required to be used under Federal law (including regulations), Federal standards, or Federal Government specifications.
- (B) Submission to other agencies.—If the Administrator receives a petition under paragraph (2) or begins to carry out the alternative designation process under paragraph (3) with respect to a use described in subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall, on receipt of the petition, share the petition with the head of the Federal agency that required the use for a review and comment period of not less than 30 days.
- (6) REVIEW OF PREVIOUS DESIGNATIONS.—The Administrator may, pursuant to a petition from a petitioner or at the discretion of the Administrator, review the designation of a use of a perfluoroalkyl or

- 1 polyfluoroalkyl substance as a nonessential use or an
- 2 essential use and redesignate that use as a non-
- 3 essential use or an essential use in accordance with
- 4 the process under which the designation was origi-
- 5 nally made.
- 6 (d) Administrator Prioritization Discre-
- 7 TION.—The Administrator may prioritize the establish-
- 8 ment of a report under this section or a designation of
- 9 the use of a class or subclass perfluoroalkyl or
- 10 polyfluoroalkyl substances as a nonessential use or an es-
- 11 sential use under subsection (c) in accordance with—
- 12 (1) the National PFAS Testing Strategy of the
- 13 Environmental Protection Agency (or a successor
- strategy); or
- 15 (2) any other method that is based on the best
- 16 available science.
- 17 (e) Prohibition of Sales of Nonessential
- 18 Perfluoroalkyl or Polyfluoroalkyl Sub-
- 19 STANCES.—
- 20 (1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date that
- is 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act,
- a manufacturer or user shall not engage in the sale
- of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances that
- remain in the possession of the manufacturer or user
- on that date for nonessential uses.

- 1 (2) Perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl 2 SUBSTANCE STOCKS.—The Administrator may ap-3 verifiable transfers of perfluoroalkyl or prove 4 polyfluoroalkyl substance stocks in the possession of 5 a manufacturer or user to an accredited research 6 consortium, including Centers of Excellence, Na-7 tional Laboratories of the Department of Energy, in-8 stitutions of higher education (as defined in section 9 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20) 10 U.S.C. 1001(a)), and other relevant entities that 11 contribute to the achievement of the policy described 12 in section 103(a).
 - (3) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this subsection—
 - (A) affects an obligation of a manufacturer or user to comply with a regulation or requirement associated with the removal, disposal, or destruction of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance; or
 - (B) prohibits a manufacturer or user from using a method of removal, disposal, or destruction of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance in accordance with applicable law.

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1	SEC. 103. UNITED STATES PERFLUOROALKYL OR
2	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE POLICY.
3	(a) GENERAL POLICY.—It is the policy of the United
4	States that, to the maximum extent practicable and as
5	permitted under applicable law—
6	(1) contamination of any environmental media
7	by a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
8	should be remediated to levels that do not present
9	an unreasonable risk to public health and the envi-
10	ronment;
11	(2) the destruction and disposal of
12	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances—
13	(A) is considered most essential to the
14	elimination of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
15	substances, which are also known as "forever
16	chemicals"; and
17	(B) should be prioritized as part of any
18	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance re-
19	mediation strategy in a manner that presents
20	the lowest risk of environmental release and the
21	lowest risk to public health and the environ-
22	ment;
23	(3) the use of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
24	substances in consumer products should be elimi-
25	nated· and

(4) in cases in which the use of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances is essential, in accordance with any applicable report under section 101(h) (including a subsequent report), and no safer alternative for that use is available, those perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances should be removed or replaced by chemicals, product substitutes, or alternative manufacturing processes that reduce overall risk to human health and the environment, including risks due to chronic, acute, and cumulative impacts.

(b) Federal Procurement.—

- (1) In General.—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the heads of Federal agencies, in coordination with the Administrator and the Administrator of General Services, shall, to the maximum extent practicable, eliminate the procurement of products known to contain perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- (2) Survey.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the heads of Federal agencies may—
 - (A) carry out surveys of the products procured by the Federal agency to determine whether the products contain perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances; and

1	(B) pause or cease procurement of prod-
2	ucts that have not been identified as not con-
3	taining perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
4	stances within a reasonable timeline that ac-
5	counts for—
6	(i) survey completion and product re-
7	turn; and
8	(ii) identifying and securing safer al-
9	ternatives for the product.
10	(c) Best Available Science.—A determination
11	that an action complies with the policy described in sub-
12	section (a) or an action taken under subsection (b) shall
13	be based on the best available science.
14	(d) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section af-
15	fects any other duty or obligation under Federal law.
16	SEC. 104. PERFLUOROALKYL OR POLYFLUOROALKYL SUB-
17	STANCE RELEASE PHASEOUT.
18	(a) In General.—Beginning on the date that is 10
19	years after the date of enactment of this Act, it shall be
20	unlawful for any manufacturer or user to release any
21	quantity of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
22	above the threshold of detection of a detection method for
23	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances that is vali-
24	dated by the Administrator in a manner that permits that

1	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance to enter the en-
2	vironment.
3	(b) Rulemaking Required.—
4	(1) In general.—Not later than 7 years after
5	the date of enactment of this Act and after a period
6	of notice and opportunity for public comment, the
7	Administrator shall finalize a rule that—
8	(A) establishes a schedule for the phaseout
9	of the releases above the threshold of detection
10	described in subsection (a) by the date de-
11	scribed in that subsection; and
12	(B) establishes applicable detection meth-
13	ods and relevant thresholds.
14	(2) UPDATE.—The Administrator may update,
15	in whole or in part, the schedule required under sub-
16	paragraph (A) of paragraph (1) in accordance with
17	that paragraph.
18	(3) Early adoption.—The Administrator
19	may, in accordance with the policy described in sec-
20	tion 103(a) and after a period of notice and oppor-
21	tunity for public comment, finalize a rule before the
22	rule required under paragraph (1) that—
23	(A) establishes a schedule for the phaseout
24	or banning of releases of individual
25	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances,

1	mixtures of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
2	substances, or subclasses of perfluoroalkyl or
3	polyfluoroalkyl substances above the threshold
4	of detection described in subsection (a) by the
5	date described in that subsection; and
6	(B) establishes applicable detection meth-
7	ods and relevant thresholds.
8	(c) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section af-
9	fects any other duty or obligation under any other Federal
10	law.
11	SEC. 105. USE FOR RESEARCH.
12	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
13	sion of this title, the Administrator may allow the use and
14	detectable release of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
15	stances described in subsections (b) and (c) that do not
16	place unreasonable risk on human health or the environ-
17	ment for research, development, testing, and other similar
18	purposes to assist in the achievement of the policy de-
19	scribed in section 103(a).
20	(b) Remaining Stocks of Perfluoroalkyl or
21	Polyfluoroalkyl Substances.—
22	(1) In general.—A manufacturer or user with
23	remaining stocks of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
24	substances in the possession of the manufacturer or
25	user following cessation of the manufacture or use of

- 1 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances may 2 enter into an agreement with the Administrator, an accredited research consortium, including Centers of 3 Excellence, National Laboratories of the Department 5 of Energy, institutions of higher education (as de-6 fined in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act 7 of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))), and other relevant 8 entities, as determined by the Administrator, in 9 order for such stocks to be available for use in ac-10 cordance with subsection (a).
 - (2) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator may only enter into an agreement under paragraph (1) if the actions to be carried out under that agreement directly contribute to the achievement of the policy described in section 103(a), as determined by the Administrator.
 - (3) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this subsection—
 - (A) affects an obligation of a manufacturer or user to comply with a regulation or requirement associated with the removal, disposal, or destruction of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance; or
- 24 (B) prohibits a manufacturer or user from 25 using a method of removal, disposal, or destruc-

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1	tion of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
2	stance in accordance with applicable law.
3	(c) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful to develop or
4	produce a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance sole-
5	ly for the purposes of activities authorized under sub-
6	section (a) unless the Administrator determines it nec-
7	essary to comply with the policy described in section
8	103(a).
9	SEC. 106. INSPECTIONS, MONITORING, AND ENTRY.
10	(a) In General.—For the purpose of determining
11	whether a person is in violation of this title or an amend-
12	ment made by this title or for the purposes of carrying
13	out any provision of this title or an amendment made by
14	this title—
15	(1) the Administrator may require any manu-
16	facturer, user, person who manufactures equipment
17	for a manufacturer or user, person who the Adminis-
18	trator believes may have information necessary for
19	the purposes described in this paragraph, or person
20	who is subject to the requirements of this title or an
21	amendment made by this title, on a 1-time, periodic
22	or continuous basis—
23	(A) to install, use, and maintain such mon-
24	itoring equipment, and use such audit proce-

1	dures or methods, as the Administrator may re-
2	quire;
3	(B) to sample such releases (in accordance
4	with such procedures or methods, at such loca-
5	tions, at such intervals, during such periods,
6	and in such manner as determined by the Ad-
7	ministrator) as the Administrator may require
8	(C) to keep such records on control equip-
9	ment parameters, production variables, or other
10	equivalent indirect data as the Administrator
11	may require when direct monitoring of releases
12	is impractical;
13	(D) to provide such other information as
14	the Administrator may require; and
15	(E) to provide records and reports within
16	30 days of the date of a request by the Admin-
17	istrator for that record or report; and
18	(2) the Administrator (including an authorized
19	representative of the Administrator), on presentation
20	of the credentials of the Administrator (or author-
21	ized representative of the Administrator) shall—
22	(A) have a right of entry to, on, or through
23	any premises of the person or any premises in
24	which any records required to be maintained
25	under paragraph (1) are located; and

1	(B) at reasonable times, have a right to ac-
2	cess and copy any records, to inspect any moni-
3	toring equipment or method required under
4	paragraph (1), and to sample any releases that
5	the person is required to sample under that
6	paragraph.
7	(b) Public Availability.—Any record, report, or
8	information obtained by the Administrator under sub-
9	section (a) shall, subject to section 14 of the Toxic Sub-
10	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2613), be made available
11	to the public as soon as reasonably practicable.
12	SEC. 107. ENFORCEMENT.
13	(a) Compliance Orders.—
14	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
15	graph (2), whenever, on the basis of any informa-
16	tion, the Administrator determines that a person
17	may have violated, or may be in violation of, any re-
18	quirement of this title or an amendment made by
19	this title, the Administrator may—
20	(A) issue an order—
21	(i) assessing a civil penalty for any
22	past or current violation in an amount that
23	the Administrator determines would re-
24	move any economic benefit from the viola-
25	tion;

1	(ii) requiring compliance with that re-
2	quirement, either immediately or within a
3	specified period of time; or
4	(iii) that both assesses a civil penalty
5	in accordance with clause (i) and requires
6	compliance in accordance with clause (ii);
7	or
8	(B) commence a civil action for appro-
9	priate relief, including a temporary or perma-
10	nent injunction, in the United States district
11	court for—
12	(i) the district in which the violation
13	is alleged to have occurred, or is occurring;
14	or
15	(ii) the district in which the defendant
16	resides or in which the principal place of
17	business of the defendant is located.
18	(2) Notice to state.—Before issuing an
19	order or commencing an action under paragraph (1)
20	for a violation of a requirement of this title or an
21	amendment made by this title, the Administrator
22	shall give notice to the State in which the violation
23	is alleged to have occurred.
24	(3) Suspension and Revocation.—An order
25	issued pursuant to this subsection—

1	(A) may include a suspension or revocation
2	of any use of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
3	substance authorized under this title by the Ad-
4	ministrator or a State; and
5	(B) shall state with reasonable specificity
6	the nature of the violation for which the order
7	was issued.
8	(4) CIVIL PENALTY.—
9	(A) Factors.—In assessing a civil penalty
10	under paragraph (1)(A)(i), the Administrator
11	shall take into account, as applicable—
12	(i) the seriousness of the violation;
13	(ii) the full compliance history of the
14	defendant and any good faith efforts to
15	comply;
16	(iii) the size of the business of the de-
17	fendant;
18	(iv) the economic impact of the pen-
19	alty on the business of the defendant;
20	(v) the duration of the violation, as
21	established by credible evidence (including
22	evidence other than the applicable test
23	method);
24	(vi) the amount of penalties previously
25	assessed for the same violation;

1	(vii) the economic benefit of the viola-
2	tion;
3	(viii) the cumulative impacts of—
4	(I) the full compliance history of
5	the defendant and any good faith ef-
6	forts to comply; and
7	(II) other environmental contami-
8	nant exposures in impacted commu-
9	nities and ecosystems; and
10	(ix) any other factor that justice may
11	require.
12	(B) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this
13	paragraph affects the existing authority of the
14	Administrator to exercise enforcement discre-
15	tion, including consideration of supplemental
16	environmental projects.
17	(b) VIOLATION OF COMPLIANCE ORDERS.—If a per-
18	son subject to an order issued under subsection (a)(1) fails
19	to take corrective action within the period specified in that
20	order, the Administrator may assess a civil penalty in an
21	amount that the Administrator determines would remove
22	any economic benefit from the violation for each day of
23	continuing violation in accordance with subsection (a)(4).
24	(c) Criminal Penalties.—A person who recklessly
25	violates any material condition or requirement of any ap-

plicable standard under this title (including regulations) or an amendment made by this title shall, on conviction, 3 be subject to— 4 (1) a fine in an amount that the Administrator 5 determines removes any economic benefit of the vio-6 lation for each day of continuing violation; 7 (2) imprisonment for a period of not more than 8 5 years; or 9 (3) both a fine under paragraph (1) and impris-10 onment under paragraph (2). 11 (d) Relationship to Other Laws.—The Adminis-12 trator shall carry out this title and amendments made by this title in accordance with— 13 14 (1) the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.); 15 (2) the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 16 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.); 17 (3) the Federal Water Pollution Control Act 18 (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.); 19 (4) the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanc-20 tuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.); 21 (5) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 22 300f et seq.); and 23 (6) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 24 6901 et seq.) (commonly known as the "Resource 25 Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976").

SEC. 108. CITIZEN SUITS.

2 ((a)	CITIZEN	SUITS A	AUTHORIZED.	_

- (1) In General.—Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), any person may commence a civil action on their own behalf against—
 - (A) any manufacturer or user subject to the requirements of this title or an amendment made by this title (including a manufacturer, user, the United States, and, to the extent permitted by the 11th Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, any other governmental instrumentality or agency) that is alleged to be in violation of any standard, regulation, condition, requirement, prohibition, schedule, deadline, or order under this title;
 - (B) any manufacturer or user subject to the requirements of this title or an amendment made by this title (including the United States and, to the extent permitted by the 11th Amendment of the Constitution of the United States, any other governmental instrumentality or agency) that is using a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance that may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to human health or the environment; or

1	(C) the Administrator, if the Administrator
2	is alleged to have failed to perform any act or
3	duty under this title that is not discretionary.
4	(2) Jurisdiction.—
5	(A) APPROPRIATE COURTS.—
6	(i) Violations and endangerment
7	CLAIMS.—An action brought under sub-
8	paragraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1)
9	shall be brought in the district court for
10	the district in which the alleged violation
11	or endangerment occurred.
12	(ii) Claims against the adminis-
13	TRATOR.—An action brought under para-
14	graph (1)(C) may be brought in—
15	(I) the United States district
16	court for the district in which the al-
17	leged violation occurred; or
18	(II) the United States District
19	Court for the District of Columbia.
20	(B) Authority.—A district court de-
21	scribed in subparagraph (A) shall have jurisdic-
22	tion—
23	(i) with respect to an action described
24	in paragraph (1)(A), to enforce the stand-
25	ard, regulation, condition, requirement,

1	prohibition, schedule, deadline, or order de-
2	scribed in that paragraph;
3	(ii) with respect to an action described
4	in paragraph (1)(B), to order a person de-
5	scribed in that paragraph—
6	(I) to refrain from the use of the
7	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
8	stance that may be contributing to the
9	imminent and substantial
10	endangerment;
11	(II) to take any action as may be
12	necessary to prevent the imminent
13	and substantial endangerment de-
14	scribed in that paragraph; or
15	(III) to carry out any combina-
16	tion of actions described in subclauses
17	(I) and (II);
18	(iii) with respect to an action de-
19	scribed in paragraph (1)(C), to order the
20	Administrator to perform the act or duty
21	referred to in that paragraph; and
22	(iv) with respect to any action de-
23	scribed in paragraph (1), to apply any ap-
24	propriate civil remedy under this title.
25	(b) Additional Requirements.—

1	(1) Actions for enforcement of require-
2	MENTS.—
3	(A) NOTICE OF VIOLATION.—
4	(i) In general.—No action may be
5	brought under subsection (a)(1)(A) unless,
6	not less than 60 days before the date on
7	which the action is brought, notice of the
8	violation of the standard, regulation, condi-
9	tion, requirement, prohibition, schedule,
10	deadline, or order for which the action
11	would be brought is provided to—
12	(I) the Administrator;
13	(II) the State in which the al-
14	leged violation occurred; and
15	(III) except as provided in clause
16	(ii), the alleged violator of the applica-
17	ble standard, regulation, condition, re-
18	quirement, prohibition, schedule,
19	deadline, or order.
20	(ii) Exception.—Notwithstanding
21	clause (i)(III), an action may be brought
22	under subsection (a)(1)(A) immediately
23	after the notice described in that clause is
24	provided to the alleged violator if the ac-
25	tion is for a violation of this title.

1	(B) No action if suit ongoing.—No ac-
2	tion may be brought under subsection (a)(1)(A)
3	if the Administrator or a State has commenced
4	and is diligently prosecuting a civil or criminal
5	action in a court of the United States or a
6	State to require compliance with the standard
7	regulation, condition, requirement, prohibition,
8	schedule, deadline, or order for which the action
9	under subsection (a)(1)(A) would be brought.
10	(C) Intervention as matter of
11	RIGHT.—In an action under brought under sub-
12	section (a)(1)(A) in a court of the United
13	States, any person may intervene as a matter
14	of right.
15	(2) Actions for endangerment.—
16	(A) Notice of endangerment.—No ac-
17	tion may be brought under subsection (a)(1)(B)
18	unless, not less than 90 days before the date or
19	which the action is brought, notice of the immi-
20	nent and substantial endangerment to human
21	health or the environment is provided to—
22	(i) the Administrator;
23	(ii) the State in which the
24	endangerment may occur, and

1	(iii) the person that is alleged to be
2	contributing to the use of the
3	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance
4	causing the endangerment.
5	(B) No action if suit is ongoing.—No
6	action may be commenced under subsection
7	(a)(1)(B) if the Administrator, in order to re-
8	strain or abate acts or conditions that may have
9	contributed or are contributing to the activities
10	which may present the alleged endangerment,
11	has commenced and is diligently acting on an
12	authority provided under an applicable law.
13	(C) Intervention as matter of
14	RIGHT.—In an action under brought under sub-
15	section (a)(1)(B) in a court of the United
16	States, any person may intervene as a matter
17	of right.
18	(D) Notice of action.—A person bring-
19	ing an action under subsection (a)(1)(B) in a
20	court of the United States shall serve a copy of
21	the complaint on—
22	(i) the Attorney General; and
23	(ii) the Administrator.
24	(3) ACTIONS AGAINST THE ADMINISTRATOR.—

- 1 (A) NOTICE TO ADMINISTRATOR.—No ac2 tion may be brought under subsection (a)(1)(C)
 3 unless, not less than 60 days before the date on
 4 which the action is brought, the person bringing
 5 the action has given notice to the Administrator
 6 of the intent to bring the action.
 - (B) FORM.—The Administrator shall prescribe the form in which the notice under subparagraph (A) shall be provided.

(c) Costs.—

- (1) Attorney and expert witness fees.—
 A court, in issuing any final order in an action brought pursuant to this section, may award the costs of litigation (including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees) to the prevailing or substantially prevailing party, as the court determines to be appropriate.
- (2) Bond.—A court, in any action brought pursuant to this section in which a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction is sought, may require the filing of a bond or equivalent security in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

1 SEC. 109. IMMINENT HAZARD.

2	(a) AUTHORITY OF THE ADMINISTRATOR.—Notwith-
3	standing any other provision of this title or an amendment
4	made by this title, on receipt of evidence that the use of
5	any perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance presents
6	an imminent and unreasonable risk of serious or wide-
7	spread injury to public health or environment, without
8	consideration of costs or other nonrisk factors, the Admin-
9	istrator may issue an order to or bring suit against any
10	manufacturer or user subject to the requirements of this
11	title or an amendment made by this title that is deter-
12	mined by the Administrator to be causing the imminent
13	and unreasonable risk—
14	(1) to restrain that manufacturer or user from
15	that use;
16	(2) to order that manufacturer or user to take
17	such other action as may be necessary; or
18	(3) for the purposes described in paragraphs
19	(1) and (2).
20	(b) VIOLATIONS.—A manufacturer or user who will-
21	fully violates, or fails or refuses to comply with, any order
22	of the Administrator under subsection (a) may, in an ac-
23	tion brought in the appropriate United States district
24	court to enforce that order, be fined in an amount that
25	the Administrator determines removes any economic ben-

efit of noncompliance for each day in which the violation 2 occurs or the failure to comply continues. 3 (c) IMMEDIATE NOTICE.—On receipt of information that there is a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance 5 that presents an imminent and substantial endangerment 6 to human health or the environment, the Administrator 7 shall require the violating manufacturer or user, at cost 8 to the violating manufacturer or user— 9 (1) to provide immediate and public notice, 10 within an estimated radius of impact as determined 11 appropriate by the Administrator, to— 12 (A) the appropriate local government agen-13 cies and public services, including impacted util-14 ities, including drinking water treatment plants, 15 and public health, law enforcement, and envi-16 ronmental protection officials; and 17 (B) community the in which the 18 endangerment is occurring, including publicly 19 accessible areas of community congregation, in-20 cluding community recreation and health cen-21 ters, public libraries, public schools, government 22 offices, online message boards, listservs, and so-23 cial media used by members of that community, 24 and not-for-profit community services; 25 (2) to require—

1	(A) immediate and public notice to im-
2	pacted members of the community that is pro-
3	vided across communication media and is easily
4	accessible; and
5	(B) public meetings, in partnership with
6	the Administrator and local authorities and
7	leaders, for direct community engagement to
8	provide health, safety, and additional informa-
9	tion to the community and to field questions
10	and concerns; and
11	(3) to provide regular updates with respect to
12	the endangerment in accordance with the methods
13	described in paragraphs (1) and (2).
14	SEC. 110. APPLICATION OF FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL
	LAW TO FEDERAL AGENCIES.
15	min to industrial near terms.
15 16	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
16	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
16 17	(a) Definitions.—In this section:(1) Covered agency.—The term "covered
16 17 18	(a) Definitions.—In this section:(1) Covered agency. The term "covered agency" means a department, agency, or instrumen-
16 17 18 19	(a) Definitions.—In this section:(1) Covered agency. The term "covered agency" means a department, agency, or instrumentality of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch
16 17 18 19 20	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Covered agency.—The term "covered agency" means a department, agency, or instrumentality of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the Federal Government that—
116 117 118 119 220 221	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Covered agency.—The term "covered agency" means a department, agency, or instrumentality of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the Federal Government that— (A) has jurisdiction over a facility that
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 (a) Definitions.—In this section: (1) Covered agency.—The term "covered agency" means a department, agency, or instrumentality of the executive, legislative, or judicial branch of the Federal Government that— (A) has jurisdiction over a facility that manufactures a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl

- lease of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance into the environment.
 - (2) Reasonable service charge", with respect to a requirement under Federal, State, interstate, or local law, includes—
 - (A) fees or charges assessed in connection with enforcement, compliance, and investigation activities with respect to that requirement; and
 - (B) any other nondiscriminatory charge that is assessed in connection with a Federal, State, interstate, or local perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl regulatory program.

(b) APPLICABILITY OF LAWS.—

- (1) In General.—Each covered agency shall be subject to, and comply with, all Federal, State, interstate, and local laws regulating perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, including substantive and procedural requirements, in the same manner and to the same extent as any person that is subject to those requirements, including any requirements for the payment of reasonable service charges.
- (2) Inclusions.—The Federal, State, interstate, and local requirements, including substantive

1	and procedural requirements, described in paragraph
2	(1) include—
3	(A) an administrative order; and
4	(B) a civil or administrative penalty or
5	fine, regardless of whether that penalty or fine
6	is—
7	(i) punitive or coercive in nature; or
8	(ii) imposed for isolated, intermittent,
9	or continuing violations.
10	(c) Waiver of Immunity.—
11	(1) In General.—The United States expressly
12	waives any immunity otherwise applicable to the
13	United States with respect to a Federal, State,
14	interstate, or local requirement described in sub-
15	section (b)(1), including any immunity with respect
16	to injunctive relief, an administrative order, or a
17	civil or administrative penalty or fine described in
18	subsection $(b)(2)(B)$.
19	(2) No Exemption.—Neither the United
20	States nor an agent, employee, or officer of the
21	United States shall be immune or exempt from any
22	process or sanction of any Federal or State court
23	with respect to the enforcement of any injunctive re-
24	lief described in paragraph (1).

- (3) NO PERSONAL LIABILITY.—No agent, em-ployee, or officer of the United States shall be per-sonally liable for any civil penalty under any Fed-eral, State, interstate, or local law regulating perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances with re-spect to any act or omissions that is within the scope of the official duties of the agent, employee, or officer.
 - (4) Criminal Liability.—An agent, employee, or officer of the United States shall be subject to any criminal sanction (including fine or imprisonment) under any Federal or State law regulating perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, but no department, agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government shall be subject to such a criminal sanction.

(d) Exemption.—

(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (4), the President may exempt, in direct consultation with the Administrator, any department, agency, or instrumentality of the executive branch of the Federal Government from compliance with a requirement under a Federal, State, interstate, or local law regulating perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances if the President determines that the exemp-

1	tion is in the paramount interest of the United
2	States.
3	(2) Requirements.—
4	(A) Term.—An exemption under para-
5	graph (1) shall be for a period of not to exceed
6	1 year.
7	(B) Renewal.—The President may, in ac-
8	cordance with paragraph (1), renew an exemp-
9	tion under that paragraph for a period not to
10	exceed 1 year for each renewal.
11	(C) Report to congress.—Not later
12	than January 31 of each year, the President
13	shall submit to Congress a report that describes
14	all exemptions granted under paragraph (1)
15	during the previous calendar year, including a
16	description of the reason for each exemption.
17	(3) Public notice of exemption.—
18	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
19	graph (B), the President, the Administrator,
20	and the head of the department, agency, or in-
21	strumentality subject to an exemption under

paragraph (1) shall immediately make public

the exemption, including any renewal of an ex-

emption under paragraph (2)(B).

22

- 1 (B) WAIVER OF PUBLIC NOTICE REQUIRE2 MENT.—The President, in consultation with the
 3 Administrator, may waive the requirement
 4 under subparagraph (A) if the President, in
 5 consultation with the Administrator, determines
 6 that the waiver is in the paramount interest of
 7 national security.
- 8 (4) NO EXEMPTION FOR LACK OF APPROPRIA-9 TIONS.—The President may not grant an exemption 10 under paragraph (1) due to a lack of appropriation 11 of amounts to comply with a requirement described 12 in that paragraph.

13 SEC. 111. JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- (a) Review of Final Regulations and CertainPetitions.—
- 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2) 17 and (3), any judicial review of a final regulation pro-18 mulgated pursuant to this title or an amendment 19 made by this title or a denial by the Administrator 20 for a petition for the promulgation, amendment, or 21 repeal of a regulation under this title or an amend-22 ment made by this title shall be in accordance with 23 this title and any amendments made by this title.
- 24 (2) Limitations on Bringing Claims.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—A petition for the judi-
2	cial review of an action of the Administrator in
3	promulgating any regulation or requirement
4	under this title or an amendment made by this
5	title, or the denial of any petition for the pro-
6	mulgation, amendment, or repeal of a regula-
7	tion under this title or an amendment made by
8	this title, may only be brought—
9	(i) in the United States Court of Ap-
10	peals for the District of Columbia; and
11	(ii) subject to subparagraph (B), not
12	later than 90 days after the date on which
13	the promulgation or denial occurred.
14	(B) Exception.—A petition described in
15	subparagraph (A) may be brought after the 90-
16	day period described in clause (ii) of that sub-
17	paragraph if the petition is based solely on
18	grounds that arose after the end of that 90-day
19	period.
20	(C) No review.—An action of the Admin-
21	istrator with respect to which review could have
22	been obtained under this subsection within the
23	90-day period described in subparagraph

(A)(ii), but was not, shall not be subject to ju-

dicial review in any civil or criminal proceeding

24

1	for enforcement of this title or an amendment
2	made by this title.
3	(3) Proceedings for actions for which
4	NOTICE AND COMMENT IS REQUIRED.—
5	(A) In general.—With respect to a peti-
6	tion for the judicial review of a determination
7	for which this title or an amendment made by
8	this title requires notice and opportunity for
9	hearing, if the party seeking the judicial review
10	applies to the court for leave to adduce addi-
11	tional evidence, and demonstrates to the satis-
12	faction of the court that the evidence is mate-
13	rial and that there were reasonable grounds for
14	the failure to adduce that evidence in the pro-
15	ceeding before the Administrator, the court may
16	order that—
17	(i) additional evidence (and any rebut-
18	tal evidence) be taken before the Adminis-
19	trator; and
20	(ii) the Administrator adduce that evi-
21	dence in the hearing in such a manner and
22	on such terms and conditions as the court
23	determines to be appropriate.

1	(B) REVISION.—Based on any evidence ad-
2	duced pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii), the
3	Administrator—
4	(i) may—
5	(I) modify the findings of the Ad-
6	ministrator as to the facts; or
7	(II) make new findings; and
8	(ii) if applicable, shall file with the
9	court—
10	(I) any modified or new findings
11	made; and
12	(II) the recommendation of the
13	Administrator, if any, regarding
14	whether to modify or set aside the de-
15	termination of the Administrator
16	being reviewed.
17	(C) RETURN OF EVIDENCE.—On filing the
18	findings and recommendations required under
19	subparagraph (B)(ii), the Administrator shall
20	return any additional evidence that had been
21	adduced.
22	(b) REVIEW OF OTHER ACTIONS.—
23	(1) In general.—Any interested person may,
24	in the court of appeals of the United States for the
25	judicial circuit in which the person resides or trans-

acts business, apply for review of the actions of the Administrator in carrying out any mandatory duties required under this title or an amendment made by this title.

(2) Time limitations.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), an application for review under paragraph (1) shall be made not later than 90 days after the date of the applicable issuance, denial, modification, revocation, grant, or withdrawal.
- (B) EXCEPTION.—An application for review under paragraph (1) may be made after the date described in subparagraph (A) only if the application is based solely on grounds that arose after the end of the 90-day period described in that subparagraph.
- (3) No later review.—An action of the Administrator with respect to which review could have been obtained under paragraph (1) within the 90-day period described in paragraph (2)(B), but was not, shall not be subject to judicial review in any civil or criminal proceeding for enforcement of this title or an amendment made by this title.

- 1 (4) REQUIREMENT.—A review under paragraph
- 2 (1) shall be carried out in accordance with chapter
- 3 7 of title 5, United States Code.
- 4 (c) Statutory or Common Law Rights Not Re-
- 5 STRICTED.—Nothing in this title or an amendment made
- 6 by this title restricts any right that a person or class of
- 7 persons may have under statutory or common law to seek
- 8 enforcement of this title or an amendment made by this
- 9 title or to seek any other relief (including relief against
- 10 the Administrator or a State agency).
- 11 (d) Nonrestriction of Other Rights.—Nothing
- 12 in this title or an amendment made by this title or in any
- 13 other law of the United States prohibits, excludes, or re-
- 14 stricts any State, local, or interstate authority from bring-
- 15 ing any enforcement action or obtaining any judicial rem-
- 16 edy or sanction in any State or local court with respect
- 17 to the manufacture or release of perfluoroalkyl or
- 18 polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- 19 SEC. 112. REGULATORY AUTHORITY.
- 20 (a) General Authority.—The Administrator may
- 21 promulgate such regulations as are necessary to carry out
- 22 this title and the amendments made by this title consistent
- 23 with the policy described in section 103(a).
- 24 (b) REQUIREMENT.—In carrying out any rulemaking
- 25 under this title or an amendment made by this title that

1	requires a period of notice and opportunity for public com-
2	ment, that rulemaking shall be carried out in accordance
3	with section 553 of title 5, United States Code.
4	SEC. 113. FUNDING.
5	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
6	are authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator
7	such sums as may be necessary to carry out this title and
8	the amendments made by this title, except for section
9	101(i), for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2033.
10	(b) FEE COLLECTION.—
11	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
12	(A) Petition fee.—The term "petition
13	fee" means the fee established by the Adminis
14	trator under paragraph (2)(B)(i)(II) to submir
15	a petition to designate a use of a perfluoroalky
16	substance as a nonessential use or an essentia
17	use under section $102(c)$.
18	(B) SMALL MANUFACTURER.—The term
19	"small manufacturer" has the meaning given
20	the term in section 704.3 of title 40, Code or
21	Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)
22	(C) Supplemental report fee.—The
23	term "supplemental report fee" means the fee
24	established by the Administrator under para

graph (2)(B)(i)(I) to submit a supplemental re-

1	port under subparagraph (B) of section 8(a)(7)
2	of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
3	2607(a)(7)).
4	(2) Establishment of fees.—
5	(A) WORKLOAD ASSESSMENT ANALYSIS.—
6	Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
7	ment of this Act, the Administrator shall com-
8	plete a workload assessment analysis with re-
9	spect to the costs expected on the Adminis-
10	trator to carry out this title and the amend-
11	ments made by this title, which may include an
12	examination of the impacts of a reduced fee for
13	small manufacturers under subparagraph (C).
14	(B) Rulemaking.—
15	(i) In general.—Not later than 1
16	year after the date on which the Adminis-
17	trator completes the workload assessment
18	analysis under subparagraph (A), and
19	using that workload assessment analysis,
20	the Administrator shall complete a public
21	and transparent rulemaking to establish
22	the requirements and fees necessary to
23	submit—
24	(I) the supplemental reports
25	under subparacraph (B) of section

1	8(a)(7) of the Toxic Substances Con-
2	trol Act (15 U.S.C. 2607(a)(7)), in-
3	cluding any necessary requirements
4	for supplemental reports under that
5	subparagraph; and
6	(II) a petition to designate a use
7	of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
8	substance as a nonessential use or an
9	essential use under section 102(c),
10	which shall include—
11	(aa) a separate fee for each
12	use for which a designation is re-
13	quested in the petition; and
14	(bb) any necessary require-
15	ments for the petition process
16	under that section.
17	(ii) Public review and comment.—
18	The 1-year period described in clause (i)
19	shall include not less than 90 days for pub-
20	lic review and comment on the proposed
21	rulemaking under that clause.
22	(iii) Factors.—In determining the
23	amount of the supplemental report fee and
24	the petition fee in the rulemaking required
25	under clause (i), the Administrator—

1	(I) shall consider—
2	(aa) usage of perfluoroalkyl
3	or polyfluoroalkyl substances;
4	(bb) the volume of used
5	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
6	substances; and
7	(cc) the known toxicological
8	risks of individual perfluoroalkyl
9	or polyfluoroalkyl substances,
10	mixtures of perfluoroalkyl or
11	polyfluoroalkyl substances, and
12	subclasses of perfluoroalkyl or
13	polyfluoroalkyl substances, as de-
14	termined by sources of informa-
15	tion determined relevant by the
16	Administrator, including the Na-
17	tional PFAS Testing Strategy
18	and the Computational Toxi-
19	cology Chemicals Dashboard of
20	the Environmental Protection
21	Agency; and
22	(II) may consider the expected
23	total annual costs of administering
24	the non-discretionary provisions of
25	this title, including collecting, proc-

1	essing, reviewing, providing access to,
2	and protecting from disclosure con-
3	fidential business information that is
4	subject to section 14 of the Toxic
5	Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
6	2613).
7	(C) SMALL MANUFACTURERS.—The Ad-
8	ministrator may, in the rulemaking required
9	under subparagraph (B)(i), reduce the supple-
10	mental report fee and the petition fee for small
11	manufacturers.
12	(D) TIMELINE; REQUIRED MINIMUM
13	FEES.—
14	(i) In general.—The Administrator
15	shall finalize the amount of the supple-
16	mental report fee and the petition fee, in-
17	cluding any reduced fees for small manu-
18	facturers under subparagraph (C), by the
19	date that is not later than 2 years after
20	the date of enactment of this Act.
21	(ii) Required fee.—If the Adminis-
22	trator fails to finalize the amount of the
23	supplemental report fee and the petition
24	fee within the 2-year period described in
25	clause (i)—

1	(I) the amount of the supple-
2	mental report fee shall be \$100,000
3	for each supplemental report sub-
4	mitted under subparagraph (B) of
5	section 8(a)(7) of the Toxic Sub-
6	stances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
7	2607(a)(7)), which may be lower for
8	small manufacturers as determined by
9	the Administrator; and
10	(II) the amount of the petition
11	fee shall be \$100,000 for each petition
12	submitted under section 102(c), which
13	may be lower for small manufacturers
14	as determined by the Administrator.
15	(iii) Finalization of amounts.—
16	Nothing in this subparagraph requires the
17	Administrator to use the minimum fee
18	amounts imposed by clause (ii) after com-
19	pletion of the rulemaking process required
20	under subparagraph (B), even if that rule-
21	making process is not completed within the
22	2-year period described in clause (i).
23	(3) Adjustment of fee amounts.—
24	(A) Adjustment for inflation.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—On the date that is 3 years after the date on which the Administrator establishes the amount of the supplemental report fee and the petition fee, and every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator shall adjust the amount of the supplemental report fee and the petition fee to reflect changes for the 36-month period ending the preceding November 30 in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistic of the Department of Labor.

(ii) Adjustment of mandatory Minimums.—If the minimum fee amounts under paragraph (2)(D)(ii) are in effect, clause (i) shall be applied by substituting "the date on which the Administrator establishes the amount of the supplemental report fee and the petition fee" for "the date on which minimum fee amounts under paragraph (2)(D)(ii) come into effect" until such time as the Administrator completes the rulemaking process required under paragraph (2)(B).

1	(B) Additional adjustment.—In addi-
2	tion to the adjustment required under subpara-
3	graph (A), the Administrator may, after a pe-
4	riod of notice and opportunity for public com-
5	ment, further adjust the amount of the supple-
6	mental report fee and the petition fee.
7	(4) Waiver of fees.—The Administrator shall
8	waive the petition fee for any petition from a Fed-
9	eral agency or a State agency to designate a use of
10	a perfluoroalkyl substance as a nonessential use or
11	an essential use under section 102(c).
12	(5) Funds.—
13	(A) PFAS REPORT ASSESSMENT FUND.—
14	(i) Establishment.—There is estab-
15	lished in the Treasury a fund, to be known
16	as the "PFAS Report Assessment Fund",
17	to be administered by the Administrator.
18	(ii) Deposits.—Each fiscal year, the
19	Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit
20	into the PFAS Report Assessment Fund
21	an amount equal to all supplemental report
22	fees collected during the previous fiscal
23	year.
24	(iii) Contents.—The PFAS Report
25	Assessment Fund shall consist of—

1	(I) amounts deposited by the
2	Secretary of the Treasury under
3	clause (ii); and
4	(II) any appropriations made by
5	Congress.
6	(iv) Use of funds.—Amounts in the
7	PFAS Report Assessment Fund may be
8	used, without further appropriation, to
9	carry out subparagraph (B) of section
10	8(a)(7) of the Toxic Substances Control
11	Act (15 U.S.C. 2607(a)(7)).
12	(B) PFAS PETITION ASSESSMENT
13	FUND.—
14	(i) Establishment.—There is estab-
15	lished in the Treasury a fund, to be known
16	as the "PFAS Petition Assessment Fund",
17	to be administered by the Administrator.
18	(ii) Deposits.—Each fiscal year, the
19	Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit
20	into the PFAS Petition Assessment Fund
21	an amount equal to all petition fees col-
22	lected during the previous fiscal year.
23	(iii) Contents.—The PFAS Petition
24	Assessment Fund shall consist of—

1	(I) amounts deposited by the
2	Secretary of the Treasury under
3	clause (ii); and
4	(II) any appropriations made by
5	Congress.
6	(iv) Use of funds.—Amounts in the
7	PFAS Petition Assessment Fund may be
8	used, without further appropriation, to
9	carry out section 102(c).
10	(C) Interfund transfers.—The Admin-
11	istrator may, at the discretion of the Adminis-
12	trator and without further appropriation, trans-
13	fer amounts between the PFAS Report Assess-
14	ment Fund and the PFAS Petition Assessment
15	Fund.
16	(6) Termination of fees.—The Adminis-
17	trator may terminate collection of the supplementa
18	report fee and the petition fee only after the Admin-
19	istrator determines, using a rulemaking with a pub-
20	lic comment period of not less than 90 days, a
21	science-based reason that the fee program is no
22	longer necessary.
23	SEC. 114. SEVERABILITY.
24	If any provision of this title, an amendment made by
25	this title, or the application of that provision or amend-

- 1 ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
- 2 tutional, the remainder of this title and the amendments
- 3 made by this title, and the application of the provision or
- 4 amendment to any other person or circumstance, shall not
- 5 be affected.

6 SEC. 115. RETENTION OF STATE AUTHORITY.

(a) General Policy.—

- (1) In General.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), beginning on the effective date of the regulations to carry out this title or an amendment made by this title, no State or political subdivision of a State may impose any requirement that is less stringent than the requirements under this title (including regulations) or an amendment made by this title with respect to the same matters that are regulated under this title (including regulations) or amendment.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—If the application of any requirement under this title (including regulations) or an amendment made by this title is postponed or enjoined by action of a court, a State or political subdivision of a State may impose requirements described in paragraph (1) until such time as the requirements under this title (including amendments made by this title) take effect.

1	(b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this title or an
2	amendment made by this title prohibits a State or political
3	subdivision of a State from imposing requirements that
4	are more stringent than those imposed by this title (in-
5	cluding regulations) or an amendment made by this title
6	TITLE II—OTHER MATTERS
7	WITH RESPECT TO
8	PERFLUOROALKYL OR
9	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUB-
10	STANCES
11	SEC. 201. CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE FOR ASSESSING
12	PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL
13	SUBSTANCES IN WATER SOURCES AND
14	PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL
15	SUBSTANCE REMEDIATION SOLUTIONS.
16	(a) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to dedi-
17	cate resources to advancing, and expanding access to
18	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance detection and
19	remediation science, research, and technologies through
20	Centers of Excellence for Assessing Perfluoroalkyl and
21	Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water Sources and
22	Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation
23	Solutions.
24	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	(1) Appropriate committees of con-
2	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
3	gress" means—
4	(A) the congressional defense committees
5	(as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United
6	States Code);
7	(B) the Committee on Environment and
8	Public Works, the Committee on Energy and
9	Natural Resources, and the Committee on Vet-
10	erans' Affairs of the Senate; and
11	(C) the Committee on Energy and Com-
12	merce, the Committee on Natural Resources
13	the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
14	nology, and the Committee on Veterans' Affairs
15	of the House of Representatives.
16	(2) Center.—The term "Center" means the
17	Center of Excellence for Assessing Perfluoroalky
18	and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water Sources
19	and Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance
20	Remediation Solutions established under subsection
21	(e)(1)(A).
22	(3) Centers.—The term "Centers" means—
23	(A) the Center; and
24	(B) the Rural Center.

1	(4) ELIGIBLE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY.—The
2	term "eligible research university" means an institu-
3	tion of higher education (as defined in section
4	101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
5	U.S.C. 1001(a))) that—
6	(A) has annual research expenditures of
7	not less than \$750,000,000; and
8	(B) is located near a population center of
9	not fewer than 5,000,000 individuals.
10	(5) Eligible Rural University.—The term
11	"eligible rural university" means an institution of
12	higher education that—
13	(A) is located in a State described in sec-
14	tion $1703(d)(1)(C)(iii)(I)$ of title 38, United
15	States Code; and
16	(B) is a member of the National Security
17	Innovation Network in the Rocky Mountain Re-
18	gion.
19	(6) EPA METHOD 533.—The term "EPA Meth-
20	od 533" means the method described in the docu-
21	ment of the Environmental Protection Agency enti-
22	tled "Method 533: Determination of Per- and
23	Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Drinking Water by
24	Isotope Dilution Anion Exchange Solid Phase Ex-

1	traction and Liquid Chromatography/Tandem mass
2	Spectrometry" (or a successor document).
3	(7) EPA METHOD 537.1.—The term "EPA
4	Method 537.1" means the method described in the
5	document of the Environmental Protection Agency
6	entitled "Determination of Selected Per- and
7	Polyfluorinated Alkyl Substances in Drinking Water
8	by Solid Phase Extraction and Liquid Chroma-
9	tography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC/MS/MS)"
10	(or a successor document).
11	(8) National Laboratory.—The term "Na-
12	tional Laboratory" has the meaning given the term
13	in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
14	U.S.C. 15801).
15	(9) Rural Center.—The term "Rural Center"
16	means the Rural Center of Excellence for Assessing
17	Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in
18	Water Sources and Perfluoroalkyl and
19	Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation Solutions es-
20	tablished under subsection $(c)(1)(B)$.
21	(c) Establishment.—
22	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall—
23	(A)(i) select from among the applications
24	submitted under paragraph (2)(A) an eligible
25	research university and a National Laboratory

1	applying jointly for the establishment of a cen-
2	ter, to be known as the "Center of Excellence
3	for Assessing Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl
4	Substances in Water Sources and
5	Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance
6	Remediation Solutions", which shall be a bi-in-
7	stitutional collaboration between the eligible re-
8	search university and National Laboratory co-
9	applicants; and
10	(ii) guide and assist the eligible research
11	university and National Laboratory in the es-
12	tablishment of that center; and
13	(B)(i) select from among the applications
14	submitted under paragraph (2)(B) an eligible
15	rural university for the establishment of an ad-
16	ditional center, to be known as the "Rural Cen-
17	ter of Excellence for Assessing Perfluoroalky
18	and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water
19	Sources and Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl
20	Substance Remediation Solutions"; and
21	(ii) guide and assist the eligible rural uni-
22	versity in the establishment of that center.
23	(2) Applications.—
24	(A) Center.—

1	(i) In general.—An eligible research
2	university and National Laboratory desir-
3	ing to establish the Center shall jointly
4	submit to the Administrator an application
5	at such time, in such manner, and con-
6	taining such information as the Adminis-
7	trator may require.
8	(ii) Criteria.—In evaluating applica-
9	tions submitted under clause (i), the Ad-
10	ministrator shall only consider applications
11	that—
12	(I) include evidence of an existing
13	partnership between the co-applicants
14	that is dedicated to supporting and
15	expanding shared scientific goals with
16	a clear pathway to collaborating on
17	furthering science and research relat-
18	ing to perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
19	substances;
20	(II) demonstrate a history of col-
21	laboration between the co-applicants
22	on the advancement of shared re-
23	search capabilities, including instru-
24	mentation and research infrastructure

1	relating to perfluoroalkyl or
2	polyfluoroalkyl substances;
3	(III) indicate that the co-appli-
4	cants have the capacity to expand
5	education and research opportunities
6	for undergraduate and graduate stu-
7	dents to prepare a generation of ex-
8	perts in sciences relating to
9	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
10	stances;
11	(IV) demonstrate that the Na-
12	tional Laboratory co-applicant is
13	equipped to scale up newly discovered
14	materials and methods for
15	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
16	stance detection and perfluoroalkyl or
17	polyfluoroalkyl substance removal
18	processes for low-risk, cost-effective,
19	and validated commercialization; and
20	(V) identify 1 or more staff mem-
21	bers of the eligible research university
22	co-applicant and 1 or more staff mem-
23	bers of the National Laboratory co-
24	applicant who—

1	(aa) have expertise in
2	sciences relevant to perfluoroalkyl
3	or polyfluoroalkyl substance de-
4	tection and remediation; and
5	(bb) have been jointly se-
6	lected, and will be jointly ap-
7	pointed, by the co-applicants to
8	lead, and carry out the purposes
9	of, the Center.
10	(B) Rural center.—An eligible rural
11	university desiring to establish the Rural Center
12	shall submit to the Administrator an applica-
13	tion at such time, in such manner, and con-
14	taining such information as the Administrator
15	may require.
16	(3) Timing.—
17	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
18	graph (B), the Centers shall be established not
19	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of
20	this Act.
21	(B) Delay.—If the Administrator deter-
22	mines that a delay in the establishment of 1 or
23	both of the Centers is necessary, the Adminis-
24	trator—

1	(i) not later than the date described in
2	subparagraph (A), shall submit a notifica-
3	tion to the appropriate committees of Con-
4	gress explaining the necessity of the delay;
5	and
6	(ii) shall ensure that the 1 or more
7	Centers for which a delay is necessary are
8	established not later than 3 years after the
9	date of enactment of this Act.
10	(4) Requirement.—The Administrator shall
11	carry out subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph
12	(1)—
13	(A) in coordination with the Secretary of
14	Energy, as the Administrator determines to be
15	appropriate; and
16	(B) in consultation with the Strategic En-
17	vironmental Research and Development Pro-
18	gram and the Environmental Security Tech-
19	nology Certification Program of the Depart-
20	ment of Defense.
21	(d) Duties and Capabilities of the Centers.—
22	(1) In General.—The Centers shall develop
23	and maintain—
24	(A) capabilities for measuring, using meth-
25	ods certified by the Environmental Protection

1	Agency, perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
2	stance contamination in drinking water, ground
3	water, and any other relevant environmental,
4	municipal, industrial, or residential water sam-
5	ples; and
6	(B) capabilities for—
7	(i) evaluating emerging perfluoroalkyl
8	or polyfluoroalkyl substance removal and
9	destruction technologies and methods; and
10	(ii) benchmarking those technologies
11	and methods relative to existing tech-
12	nologies and methods.
13	(2) Requirements.—
14	(A) In general.—In carrying out para-
15	graph (1), the Centers shall, at a minimum—
16	(i) develop instruments and personnel
17	capable of analyzing perfluoroalkyl or
18	polyfluoroalkyl substance contamination in
19	water using EPA method 533, EPA meth-
20	od 537.1, any future method or updated
21	method, or any other relevant method for
22	detecting perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
23	substances in water;
24	(ii) develop and maintain capabilities
25	for evaluating the removal of perfluoroalkyl

1	or polyfluoroalkyl substances from water
2	using newly developed adsorbents or mem-
3	branes;
4	(iii) develop and maintain capabilities
5	to evaluate the degradation of
6	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances
7	in water or other media;
8	(iv) make the capabilities and instru-
9	ments developed under clauses (i) through
10	(iii) available to researchers throughout the
11	regions in which the Centers are located;
12	and
13	(v) make reliable perfluoroalkyl or
14	polyfluoroalkyl substance measurement ca-
15	pabilities and instruments available to mu-
16	nicipalities and individuals in the region in
17	which the Centers are located at reason-
18	able cost.
19	(B) OPEN-ACCESS RESEARCH.—The Cen-
20	ters shall provide open access to the research
21	findings of the Centers.
22	(e) Coordination With Other Federal Agen-
23	CIES.—The Administrator may, as the Administrator de-
24	termines to be necessary, use staff and other resources
25	from other Federal agencies in carrying out this section.

1	(f) Reports.—
2	(1) Report on establishment of cen-
3	TER.—With respect to each of the Center and the
4	Rural Center, not later than 1 year after the date
5	on which the center is established under subsection
6	(c), the Administrator, in coordination with that cen-
7	ter, shall submit to the appropriate committees of
8	Congress a report describing—
9	(A) the establishment of that center; and
10	(B) the activities of that center since the
11	date on which that center was established.
12	(2) Annual reports.—With respect to each
13	of the Center and the Rural Center, not later than
14	1 year after the date on which the report under
15	paragraph (1) for that center is submitted, and an-
16	nually thereafter until the date on which that center
17	is terminated under subsection (g), the Adminis-
18	trator, in coordination with that center, shall submit
19	to the appropriate committees of Congress a report
20	describing—
21	(A) the activities of that center during the
22	year covered by the report; and
23	(B) any policy, research, or funding rec-

ommendations relating to the purposes or ac-

tivities of that center.

24

1	(g) Termination.—
2	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
3	the Centers shall terminate on October 1, 2033.
4	(2) Extension.—If the Administrator, in con-
5	sultation with the Centers, determines that the con-
6	tinued operation of 1 or both of the Centers beyond
7	the date described in paragraph (1) is necessary to
8	advance science and technologies to address
9	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance contami-
10	nation—
11	(A) the Administrator shall submit to the
12	appropriate committees of Congress—
13	(i) a notification of that determina-
14	tion; and
15	(ii) a description of the funding nec-
16	essary for the applicable 1 or more Centers
17	to continue in operation and fulfill their
18	purpose; and
19	(B) subject to the availability of funds,
20	may extend the duration of the applicable 1 or
21	more Centers for such time as the Adminis-
22	trator determines to be appropriate.
23	(h) Funding.—
24	(1) In general.—Of the amounts authorized
25	to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for

1	fiscal year 2024 for the Strategic Environmental Re-
2	search and Development Program and the Environ-
3	mental Security Technology Certification Program of
4	the Department of Defense, \$25,000,000 shall be
5	made available to the Administrator to carry out
6	this section, to remain available until September 30
7	2033.
8	(2) Administrative costs.—Not more than 4
9	percent of the amounts made available to the Ad-
10	ministrator under paragraph (1) shall be used by the
11	Administrator for the administrative costs of car-
12	rying out this section.
13	SEC. 202. ACTIONS UNDER STATE LAW FOR DAMAGES
14	FROM EXPOSURE TO HAZARDOUS SUB
15	STANCES.
16	Section 309 of the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
17	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42
18	U.S.C. 9658) is amended—
19	(1) in subsection (a)—
20	(A) in the subsection heading, by inserting
21	"AND STATUTES OF REPOSE" after "LIMITA-
22	TIONS";
23	(B) in paragraph (1)—

1	(i) in the paragraph heading, by in-
2	serting "OF LIMITATIONS" after "STAT-
3	UTES"; and
4	(ii) by inserting "statute of" after
5	"applicable";
6	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and
7	(3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;
8	(D) by inserting after paragraph (1) the
9	following:
10	"(2) Exception to state statutes of
11	REPOSE.—In the case of any action brought under
12	State law for personal injury, or property damages,
13	which are caused or contributed to by exposure to
14	any hazardous substance, or pollutant or contami-
15	nant, released into the environment from a facility,
16	if the applicable statute of repose period for such ac-
17	tion (as specified in the State statute of repose or
18	under common law) provides a commencement date
19	which is earlier than the federally required com-
20	mencement date, such period shall commence at the
21	federally required commencement date in lieu of the
22	date specified in such State statute."; and
23	(E) in paragraph (3) (as so redesig-
24	nated)—

1	(i) by striking "paragraph (1)" and
2	inserting "paragraphs (1) and (2)"; and
3	(ii) by inserting "or statute of repose"
4	after "statute of limitations"; and
5	(2) in subsection (b)—
6	(A) in paragraph (2)—
7	(i) in the paragraph heading, by in-
8	serting "STATUTE OF" after "APPLICA-
9	BLE"; and
10	(ii) by inserting "statute of" after
11	"applicable";
12	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and
13	(4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively;
14	(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the
15	following:
16	"(3) Applicable statute of repose pe-
17	RIOD.—The term 'applicable statute of repose pe-
18	riod' means the period specified in a statute of
19	repose during which a civil action referred to in sub-
20	section (a)(2) may be brought.";
21	(D) in paragraph (4) (as so redesig-
22	nated)—
23	(i) by inserting "or statute of repose"
24	after "statute of limitations"; and

1	(ii) by striking "applicable limitations
2	period" and inserting "applicable statute
3	of limitations period or applicable statute
4	of repose period, respectively"; and
5	(E) in paragraph (5) (as so redesig-
6	nated)—
7	(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
8	"subsection (a)(1)" and inserting "para-
9	graph (1) or (2) of subsection (a)"; and
10	(ii) in subparagraph (B)—
11	(I) by redesignating clauses (i)
12	and (ii) as subclauses (I) and (II), re-
13	spectively, and indenting appro-
14	priately;
15	(II) in the matter preceding sub-
16	clause (I) (as so redesignated), by
17	striking "In the case" and inserting
18	the following:
19	"(i) Minors and incompetents.—
20	In the case"; and
21	(III) by adding at the end the
22	following:
23	"(ii) Newly designated haz-
24	ARDOUS SUBSTANCES.—In the case of a
25	contaminant of emerging concern, pollut-

1	ant, chemical, waste, or other substance
2	that is designated as a hazardous sub-
3	stance on or after August 1, 2022, the
4	term 'federally required commencement
5	date' means the latter of—
6	"(I) the date on which that con-
7	taminant of emerging concern, pollut-
8	ant, chemical, waste, or other sub-
9	stance is designated as a hazardous
10	substance; and
11	"(II) the date on which the plain-
12	tiff knew (or reasonably should have
13	known) that the personal injury or
14	property damages referred to in para-
15	graph (1) or (2) of subsection (a)
16	were caused or contributed to by that
17	contaminant of emerging concern, pol-
18	lutant, chemical, waste, or other sub-
19	stance.".
20	SEC. 203. BANKRUPTCY PROVISION RELATING TO PER-
21	SISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE, AND TOXIC
22	CHEMICALS DEFENDANTS AND DEBTORS.
23	(a) In General.—Title III of the Comprehensive
24	Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

1	of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9651 et seq.) is amended by adding
2	at the end the following:
3	"SEC. 313. SPECIAL PROVISION RELATING TO PERSISTENT,
4	BIOACCUMULATIVE, AND TOXIC CHEMICALS
5	DEFENDANTS AND DEBTORS.
6	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
7	"(1) CLAIM; DEBTOR; ENTITY; PETITION.—The
8	terms 'claim', 'debtor', 'entity', and 'petition' have
9	the meanings given those terms in section 101 of
10	title 11, United States Code.
11	"(2) ESTATE.—The term 'estate' means an es-
12	tate of a debtor described in section 541 of title 11,
13	United States Code.
14	"(3) Nondebtor entity.—The term 'non-
15	debtor entity' means an entity that is not a debtor
16	or an estate.
17	"(4) PBT CLAIM.—The term 'PBT claim'
18	means a claim based on, arising from, or attrib-
19	utable to the presence of, or exposure to—
20	"(A) a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
21	substance; or
22	"(B) any persistent, bioaccumulative, and
23	toxic chemical, as designated under section 6(h)
24	of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C.
25	2605(h)).

1	"(b) Automatic Stay.—The filing of a petition does
2	not operate as a stay under section 362(a) of title 11,
3	United States Code, of the commencement or continu-
4	ation, including the issuance or employment of process,
5	of a judicial, administrative, or other action or proceeding
6	against a nondebtor entity, or any act to obtain or recover
7	property of a nondebtor entity, on account of or with re-
8	spect to a PBT claim against the nondebtor entity, the
9	debtor, or the estate (including a claim or cause of action
10	against the nondebtor entity that is property of the debtor
11	or the estate).".
12	(b) Effective Date.—
13	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2), this section and the amendment made by
15	this section—
16	(A) shall take effect on the date of enact-
17	ment of this Act; and
18	(B) shall apply to any case under title 11,
19	United States Code, that is—
20	(i) pending as of the date of enact-
21	ment of this Act; or
22	(ii) commenced or reopened on or
23	after the date of enactment of this Act.
24	(2) Validity of final orders.—Nothing in
25	this section, or the amendment made by this section,

- 1 shall affect the validity of any final judgment, order,
- 2 or decree entered before the date of enactment of

3 this Act.

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