

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 4178

To establish artificial intelligence standards, metrics, and evaluation tools, to support artificial intelligence research, development, and capacity building activities, to promote innovation in the artificial intelligence industry by ensuring companies of all sizes can succeed and thrive, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 18, 2024

Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. HICKENLOOPER, and Mrs. BLACKBURN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To establish artificial intelligence standards, metrics, and evaluation tools, to support artificial intelligence research, development, and capacity building activities, to promote innovation in the artificial intelligence industry by ensuring companies of all sizes can succeed and thrive, and for other purposes.

- 1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
- 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 “Future of Artificial Intelligence Innovation Act of 2024”.

- 1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
 2 this Act is as follows:

See. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Sense of Congress.

Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—VOLUNTARY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE STANDARDS, METRICS, EVALUATION TOOLS, TESTBEDS, AND INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Subtitle A—Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute and Testbeds

Sec. 101. Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute.

Sec. 102. Program on artificial intelligence testbeds.

Sec. 103. National Institute of Standards and Technology and Department of Energy testbed to identify, test, and synthesize new materials.

Sec. 104. National Science Foundation and Department of Energy collaboration to make scientific discoveries through the use of artificial intelligence.

Sec. 105. Progress report.

Subtitle B—International Cooperation

Sec. 111. International coalition on innovation, development, and harmonization of standards with respect to artificial intelligence.

Sec. 112. Requirement to support bilateral and multilateral artificial intelligence research collaborations.

Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory Barriers to Innovation

Sec. 121. Comptroller General of the United States identification of risks and obstacles relating to artificial intelligence and Federal agencies.

TITLE II—ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, CAPACITY BUILDING ACTIVITIES

Sec. 201. Public data for artificial intelligence systems.

Sec. 202. Federal grand challenges in artificial intelligence.

3 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 4 It is the sense of Congress that policies governing artificial intelligence should maximize the potential and development of artificial intelligence to benefit all private and public stakeholders.

8 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 9 In this Act:

1 (1) AGENCY.—The term “agency” has the
2 meaning given such term in section 3502 of title 44,
3 United States Code, except such term shall include
4 an independent regulatory agency, as defined in such
5 section.

6 (2) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term “ar-
7 tificial intelligence” has the meaning given such
8 term in section 5002 of the National Artificial Intel-
9 lligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401).

10 (3) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BLUE-
11 TEAMING.—The term “artificial intelligence blue-
12 teaming” means an effort to conduct operational
13 network vulnerability evaluations and provide miti-
14 gation techniques to entities who have a need for an
15 independent technical review of the network security
16 posture of an artificial intelligence system.

17 (4) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL.—The
18 term “artificial intelligence model” means a compo-
19 nent of an artificial intelligence system that is a
20 model—

21 (A) derived using mathematical, computa-
22 tional, statistical, or machine-learning tech-
23 niques; and

(B) used as part of an artificial intelligence system to produce outputs from a given set of inputs.

4 (5) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RED-
5 TEAMING.—The term “artificial intelligence red-
6 teaming” means structured adversarial testing ef-
7 forts of an artificial intelligence system to identify
8 risks, flaws, and vulnerabilities of the artificial intel-
9 ligence system, such as harmful outputs from the
10 system, unforeseen or undesirable system behaviors,
11 limitations, or potential risks associated with the
12 misuse of the system.

(7) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM.—The term “artificial intelligence system” has the meaning given such term in section 7223 of the Advancing American AI Act (40 U.S.C. 11301 note).

1 term in section 1016(e) of the Uniting and
2 Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate
3 Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism
4 (USA PATRIOT ACT) Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C.
5 5195c(e)).

6 (9) FEDERAL LABORATORY.—The term “Federal
7 laboratory” has the meaning given such term in
8 section 4 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation
9 Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3703).

10 (10) FOUNDATION MODEL.—The term “foundation model” means an artificial intelligence model trained on broad data at scale and is adaptable to a wide range of downstream tasks.

11 (11) GENERATIVE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The term “generative artificial intelligence” means the class of artificial intelligence models that utilize the structure and characteristics of input data in order to generate outputs in the form of derived synthetic content. Such derived synthetic content can include images, videos, audio, text, software, code, and other digital content.

12 (12) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term “National Laboratory” has the meaning given such term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).

(14) TESTBED.—The term “testbed” means a facility or mechanism equipped for conducting rigorous, transparent, and replicable testing of tools and technologies, including artificial intelligence systems, to help evaluate the functionality, trustworthiness, usability, and performance of those tools or technologies.

(15) TEVV.—The term “TEVV” means methodologies, metrics, techniques, and tasks for testing, evaluating, verifying, and validating artificial intelligence systems or components.

1 **TITLE I—VOLUNTARY ARTIFI-**
2 **CIAL INTELLIGENCE STAND-**
3 **ARDS, METRICS, EVALUATION**
4 **TOOLS, TESTBEDS, AND**
5 **INTERNATIONAL COOPERA-**
6 **TION**

7 **Subtitle A—Artificial Intelligence**
8 **Safety Institute and Testbeds**

9 **SEC. 101. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SAFETY INSTITUTE.**

10 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF INSTITUTE.—

11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
12 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under
13 Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Tech-
14 nology (in this section referred to as the “Under
15 Secretary”) shall establish an institute on artificial
16 intelligence.

17 (2) DESIGNATION.—The institute established
18 pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the
19 “Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute” (in this sec-
20 tion referred to as the “Institute”).

21 (3) MISSION.—The mission of the Institute is
22 as follows:

23 (A) To assist the private sector and agen-
24 cies in developing voluntary best practices for

1 the robust assessment of artificial intelligence
2 systems.

3 (B) To provide technical assistance for the
4 adoption and use of artificial intelligence across
5 the Federal Government to improve the quality
6 of government services.

7 (C) To develop guidelines, methodologies,
8 and best practices to promote—

9 (i) development and adoption of vol-
10 untary, consensus-based technical stand-
11 ards or industry standards;

12 (ii) long-term advancements in artifi-
13 cial intelligence technologies; and

14 (iii) innovation in the artificial intel-
15 ligence industry by ensuring that compa-
16 nies of all sizes can succeed and thrive.

17 (b) DIRECTOR.—The Under Secretary shall appoint
18 a director of the Institute, who shall be known as the “Di-
19 rector of the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute” (in
20 this section referred to as the “Director”) and report di-
21 rectly to the Under Secretary.

22 (c) STAFF AND AUTHORITIES.—

23 (1) STAFF.—The Director may hire such full-
24 time employees as the Director considers appropriate

1 to assist the Director in carrying out the functions
2 of the Institute.

3 (2) USE OF AUTHORITY TO HIRE CRITICAL
4 TECHNICAL EXPERTS.—In addition to making ap-
5 pointments under paragraph (1) of this subsection,
6 the Director, in coordination with the Secretary of
7 Commerce, may make appointments of scientific, en-
8 gineering, and professional personnel, and fix their
9 basic pay, under subsection (b) of section 6 of the
10 National Institute of Standards and Technology Act
11 (15 U.S.C. 275) to hire critical technical experts.

12 (3) EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY TO HIRE CRIT-
13 IAL TECHNICAL EXPERTS.—Such subsection is
14 amended, in the second sentence, by striking “15”
15 and inserting “30”.

16 (4) MODIFICATION OF SUNSET.—Subsection (c)
17 of such section is amended by striking “the date
18 that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of
19 this section” and inserting “December 30, 2035”.

20 (5) AGREEMENTS.—The Director may enter
21 into such agreements, including contracts, grants,
22 cooperative agreements, and other transactions, as
23 the Director considers necessary to carry out the
24 functions of the Institute and on such terms as the
25 Under Secretary considers appropriate.

1 (d) CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION.—In estab-
2 lishing the Institute, the Under Secretary shall—

3 (1) coordinate with—
4 (A) the Secretary of Energy;
5 (B) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
6 (C) the Secretary of Defense;
7 (D) the Director of the National Science
8 Foundation; and

9 (E) the Director of the Office of Science
10 and Technology Policy; and

11 (2) consult with the heads of such other Fed-
12 eral agencies as the Under Secretary considers ap-
13 propriate.

14 (e) FUNCTIONS.—The functions of the Institute,
15 which the Institute shall carry out in coordination with
16 the laboratories of the National Institute of Standards and
17 Technology, are as follows:

18 (1) RESEARCH, EVALUATION, TESTING, AND
19 STANDARDS.—The following functions relating to re-
20 search, evaluation, testing, and standards:

21 (A) Conducting measurement research into
22 system and model safety, validity and reli-
23 ability, security, capabilities and limitations,
24 explainability, interpretability, and privacy.

1 (B) Working with the Department of Energy,
2 private partnerships, including the Artificial Intelligence
3 Safety Institute Consortium established under subsection (f), and other private
4 sector organizations to develop testing environments and perform regular benchmarking and
5 capability evaluations, including artificial intelligence red-teaming as the Director considers
6 appropriate.

(C) Working with consensus-based, open, and transparent standards development organizations (SDOs) and relevant industry, Federal laboratories, civil society, and academic institutions to advance development and adoption of clear, implementable, technically sound, and technology-neutral voluntary standards and guidelines that incorporate appropriate variations in approach depending on the size of the entity, the potential risks and potential benefits of the artificial intelligence system, and the role of the entity (such as developer, deployer, or user) relating to artificial intelligence systems.

(D) Building upon the Artificial Intelligence Risk Management Framework to incor-

1 porate guidelines on generative artificial intel-
2 ligence systems.

3 (E) Developing a companion resource to
4 the Secure Software Development Framework
5 to incorporate secure development practices for
6 generative artificial intelligence and for founda-
7 tion models.

8 (F) Developing and publishing cybersecurity
9 tools, methodologies, best practices, voluntary
10 guidelines, and other supporting information
11 to assist persons who maintain systems
12 used to create or train artificial intelligence
13 models to discover and mitigate vulnerabilities
14 and attacks.

15 (G) Coordinating or developing guidelines,
16 metrics, benchmarks, and methodologies for
17 evaluating artificial intelligence systems, includ-
18 ing the following:

19 (i) Cataloging existing artificial intel-
20 ligence metrics, benchmarks, and evalua-
21 tion methodologies used in industry and
22 academia.

23 (ii) Testing and validating the efficacy
24 of existing metrics, benchmarks, and eval-

1 uations, as well as TEVV tools and prod-
2 ucts.

3 (iii) Funding and facilitating research
4 and other activities in a transparent man-
5 ner, including at institutions of higher edu-
6 cation and other nonprofit and private sec-
7 tor partners, to evaluate, develop, or im-
8 prove TEVV capabilities, with rigorous sci-
9 entific merit, for artificial intelligence sys-
10 tems.

11 (iv) Evaluating foundation models for
12 their potential effect in downstream sys-
13 tems, such as when retrained or fine-
14 tuned.

15 (H) Coordinating with counterpart institu-
16 tions of international partners and allies to pro-
17 mote global interoperability in the development
18 of research, evaluation, testing, and standards
19 relating to artificial intelligence.

20 (I) Developing tools, methodologies, best
21 practices, and voluntary guidelines for identi-
22 fying vulnerabilities in foundation models.

23 (J) Developing tools, methodologies, best
24 practices, and voluntary guidelines for relevant

1 agencies to track incidents resulting in harm
2 caused by artificial intelligence systems.

3 (2) IMPLEMENTATION.—The following functions relating to implementation:

5 (A) Using publicly available and voluntarily provided information, conducting evaluations to assess the impacts of artificial intelligence systems, and developing guidelines and practices for safe development, deployment, and use of artificial intelligence technology.

11 (B) Aligning capability evaluation and red-teaming guidelines and benchmarks, sharing best practices, and coordinating on building testbeds and test environments with allies of the United States and international partners and allies.

17 (C) Coordinating vulnerability and incident data sharing with international partners and allies.

20 (D) Integrating appropriate testing capabilities and infrastructure for testing of models and systems.

23 (E) Establishing blue-teaming capabilities to develop mitigation approaches and partner

1 with industry to address risks and negative im-
2 pacts.

3 (F) Developing voluntary guidelines on—

4 (i) detecting synthetic content, au-
5 thenticating content and tracking of the
6 provenance of content, labeling original
7 and synthetic content, such as by
8 watermarking, and evaluating software and
9 systems relating to detection and labeling
10 of synthetic content;

14 (iii) transparency documentation of
15 artificial intelligence datasets and artificial
16 intelligence models.

17 (G) Coordinating with relevant agencies to
18 develop or support, as the heads of the agencies
19 determine appropriate, sector- and application-
20 specific profiles of the Artificial Intelligence
21 Risk Management Framework for different use
22 cases, integrating end-user experience and on-
23 going development work into a continuously
24 evolving toolkit.

1 (3) OPERATIONS AND ENGAGEMENT.—The fol-
2 lowing functions relating to operations and engage-
3 ment:

4 (A) Managing the work of the Institute,
5 developing internal processes, and ensuring that
6 the Institute meets applicable goals and targets.

7 (B) Engaging with the private sector to
8 promote innovation and competitiveness.

9 (C) Engaging with international standards
10 organizations, multilateral organizations, and
11 similar institutes among allies and partners.

12 (f) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SAFETY INSTITUTE
13 CONSORTIUM.—

14 (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—

15 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
16 days after the date of the enactment of this
17 Act, the Under Secretary shall establish a con-
18 sortium of stakeholders from academic or re-
19 search communities, Federal laboratories, pri-
20 vate industry, including companies of all sizes
21 with different roles in the use of artificial intel-
22 ligence systems, including developers, deployers,
23 and users, and civil society with expertise in
24 matters relating to artificial intelligence to sup-

1 port the Institute in carrying out the functions
2 set forth under subsection (e).

3 (B) DESIGNATION.—The consortium es-
4 tablished pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be
5 known as the “Artificial Intelligence Safety In-
6 stitute Consortium”.

7 (2) CONSULTATION.—The Under Secretary,
8 acting through the Director, shall consult with the
9 consortium established under this subsection not less
10 frequently than quarterly.

11 (3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2
12 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
13 Director of the National Institute of Standards and
14 Technology shall submit to the Committee on Com-
15 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate
16 and the Committee on Science, Space, and Tech-
17 nology of the House of Representatives a report
18 summarizing the contributions of the members of
19 the consortium established under this subsection in
20 support the efforts of the Institute.

21 (g) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM TESTING.—
22 In carrying out the Institute functions required by sub-
23 section (a), the Under Secretary shall support and con-
24 tribute to the development of voluntary, consensus-based
25 technical standards for testing artificial intelligence sys-

1 tem components, including, as the Under Secretary con-
2 siders appropriate, the following:

3 (1) Physical infrastructure for training or de-
4 veloping artificial intelligence models and systems,
5 including cloud infrastructure.

6 (2) Physical infrastructure for operating artifi-
7 cial intelligence systems, including cloud infrastruc-
8 ture.

9 (3) Data for training artificial intelligence mod-
10 els.

11 (4) Data for evaluating the functionality and
12 trustworthiness of trained artificial intelligence mod-
13 els and systems.

14 (5) Trained or partially trained artificial intel-
15 ligence models and any resulting software systems or
16 products.

17 (h) GIFTS.—

18 (1) AUTHORITY.—The Director may seek, ac-
19 cept, hold, administer, and use gifts from public and
20 private sources whenever the Director determines it
21 would be in the interest of the United States to do
22 so.

23 (2) REGULATIONS.—The Director, in consulta-
24 tion with the Director of the Office of Government
25 Ethics, shall ensure that authority under this sub-

1 section is exercised consistent with all relevant eth-
2 ical constraints and principles, including—

- 3 (A) the avoidance of any prohibited conflict
4 of interest or appearance of impropriety; and
5 (B) a prohibition against the acceptance of
6 a gift from a foreign government or an agent
7 of a foreign government.

8 (i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
9 tion shall be construed to provide the Director of the Na-
10 tional Institute of Standards and Technology any enforce-
11 ment authority that was not in effect on the day before
12 the date of the enactment of this Act.

13 **SEC. 102. PROGRAM ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**
14 **TESTBEDS.**

15 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

16 (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
17 GRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Con-
18 gress” means—

19 (A) the Committee on Commerce, Science,
20 and Transportation and the Committee on En-
21 ergy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
22 (B) the Committee on Science, Space, and
23 Technology of the House of Representatives.

24 (2) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means
25 the Director of the National Science Foundation.

1 (3) INSTITUTE.—The term “Institute” means
2 the Artificial Intelligence Safety Institute established
3 by section 101.

4 (4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
5 the Secretary of Energy.

6 (5) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term “Under
7 Secretary” means the Under Secretary of Commerce
8 for Standards and Technology.

9 (b) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
10 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under
11 Secretary shall, in coordination with the Secretary and the
12 Director, establish and commence carrying out a testbed
13 program to encourage collaboration and support partner-
14 ships between the National Laboratories, the National In-
15 stitute of Standards and Technology, the National Artifi-
16 cial Intelligence Research Resource pilot program estab-
17 lished by the Director of the National Science Foundation,
18 or any successor program, and public and private sector
19 entities, including companies of all sizes, to conduct re-
20 search and development, tests, evaluations, and risk as-
21 sessments of artificial intelligence systems, including
22 measurement methodologies developed by the Institute.

23 (c) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out this program, the
24 Under Secretary shall, in coordination with the Sec-
25 retary—

- 1 (1) use the advanced computing resources,
2 testbeds, and expertise of the National Laboratories,
3 the Institute, the National Science Foundation, and
4 private sector entities to run tests and evaluations
5 on the capabilities and limitations of artificial intel-
6 ligence systems;
- 7 (2) use existing solutions to the maximum ex-
8 tent practicable;
- 9 (3) develop automated and reproducible tests,
10 evaluations, and risk assessments for artificial intel-
11 ligence systems to the extent that is practicable;
- 12 (4) assess the computational resources nec-
13 essary to run tests, evaluations, and risk assess-
14 ments of artificial intelligence systems;
- 15 (5) research methods to effectively minimize the
16 computational resources needed to run tests, evalua-
17 tions, and risk assessments of artificial intelligence
18 systems;
- 19 (6) consider developing tests, evaluations, and
20 risk assessments for artificial intelligence systems
21 that are designed for high-, medium-, and low-com-
22 putational intensity; and
- 23 (7) prioritize identifying and evaluating sce-
24 narios in which the artificial intelligence systems
25 tested or evaluated by a testbed could be deployed

1 in a way that poses security risks, and either estab-
2 lishing classified testbeds, or utilizing existing classi-
3 fied testbeds, at the National Laboratories if nec-
4 essary, including with respect to—

5 (A) autonomous offensive cyber capabili-
6 ties;

7 (B) cybersecurity vulnerabilities in the ar-
8 tificial intelligence software ecosystem and be-
9 yond;

10 (C) chemical, biological, radiological, nu-
11 clear, critical infrastructure, and energy-secu-
12 rity threats or hazards; and

13 (D) such other capabilities as the Under
14 Secretary determines necessary.

15 (d) CONSIDERATION GIVEN.—In carrying out the ac-
16 tivities required by subsection (c), the Under Secretary
17 shall, in coordination with the Secretary, take under con-
18 sideration the applicability of any tests, evaluations, and
19 risk assessments to artificial intelligence systems trained
20 using primarily biological sequence data, including those
21 systems used for gene synthesis.

22 (e) METRICS.—The Under Secretary, in collaboration
23 with the Secretary, shall develop metrics—

(1) to assess the effectiveness of the program in encouraging collaboration and supporting partnerships as described in subsection (b); and

(2) to assess the impact of the program on public and private sector integration and use of artificial intelligence systems.

7 (f) USE OF EXISTING PROGRAM.—In carrying out
8 the program required by subsection (a), the Under Sec-
9 retary may, in collaboration with the Secretary and the
10 Director, use a program that was in effect on the day be-
11 fore the date of the enactment of this Act.

12 (g) EVALUATION AND FINDINGS.—Not later than 3
13 years after the start of this program, the Under Secretary
14 shall, in collaboration with the Secretary—

15 (1) evaluate the success of the program in en-
16 couraging collaboration and supporting partnerships
17 as described in subsection (b), using the metrics de-
18 veloped pursuant to subsection (e);

1 the Secretary, and the Director with respect to the
2 testbed program.

3 (h) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out subsection (b),
4 the Under Secretary shall consult, as the Under Secretary
5 considers appropriate, with the following:

6 (1) Industry, including private artificial intel-
7 ligence laboratories, companies of all sizes, and rep-
8 resentatives from the United States financial sector.

9 (2) Academia and institutions of higher edu-
10 cation.

11 (3) Civil society.

12 (4) Third-party evaluators.

13 (i) ESTABLISHMENT OF FOUNDATION MODELS TEST
14 PROGRAM.—In carrying out the program under subsection
15 (b), the Under Secretary shall, acting through the Direc-
16 tor of the Institute and in coordination with the Secretary
17 of Energy, carry out a test program to provide vendors
18 of foundation models the opportunity to voluntarily test
19 foundation models across a range of modalities, such as
20 models that ingest and output text, images, audio, video,
21 software code, and mixed modalities, relative to the Artifi-
22 cial Intelligence Risk Management Framework, by—

23 (1) conducting research and regular testing to
24 improve and benchmark the accuracy, efficacy, and
25 bias of foundation models;

1 (2) conducting research to identify key capabilities,
2 limitations, and unexpected behaviors of foundation models;

4 (3) identifying and evaluating scenarios in
5 which these models could pose risks;

6 (4) establishing reference use cases for foundation
7 models and performance criteria for assessing
8 each use case, including accuracy, efficacy, and bias
9 metrics;

10 (5) enabling developers and deployers of foundation
11 models to evaluate such systems for risks, incidents,
12 and vulnerabilities if deployed in such use
13 cases;

14 (6) coordinating public evaluations, which may
15 include prizes and challenges, to evaluate foundation
16 models; and

17 (7) as the Under Secretary and the Secretary
18 consider appropriate, producing public-facing reports
19 of the findings from such testing for a general audience.

21 (j) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section
22 shall be construed to require a person to disclose any
23 information, including information—

24 (1) relating to a trade secret or other protected
25 intellectual property right;

- 1 (2) that is confidential business information; or
- 2 (3) that is privileged.

3 **SEC. 103. NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECH-**
4 **NOLOGY AND DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**
5 **TESTBED TO IDENTIFY, TEST, AND SYN-**
6 **THESIZE NEW MATERIALS.**

7 (a) TESTBED AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of Com-
8 merce, acting through the Director of the National Insti-
9 tute of Standards and Technology, and the Secretary of
10 Energy shall jointly establish a testbed to identify, test,
11 and synthesize new materials to advance materials science
12 and to support advanced manufacturing for the benefit of
13 the United States economy through the use of artificial
14 intelligence, autonomous laboratories, and artificial intel-
15 ligence integrated with emerging technologies, such as
16 quantum hybrid computing and robotics.

17 (b) SUPPORT FOR ACCELERATED TECHNOLOGIES.—
18 The Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Energy
19 shall ensure that technologies accelerated using the
20 testbed established pursuant to subsection (a) are sup-
21 ported by advanced algorithms and models, uncertainty
22 quantification, and software and workforce development
23 tools to produce benchmark data, model comparison tools,
24 and best practices guides.

7 (d) RESOURCES.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
8 Secretaries may use resources from National Laboratories
9 and the private sector.

10 SEC. 104. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION AND DEPART-
11 MENT OF ENERGY COLLABORATION TO MAKE
12 SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERIES THROUGH THE
13 USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
15 Science Foundation (referred to in this section as the “Di-
16 rector”) and the Secretary of Energy (referred to in this
17 section as the “Secretary”) shall collaborate to support
18 new translational scientific discoveries and advancements
19 for the benefit of the economy of the United States
20 through the use of artificial intelligence, including artifi-
21 cial intelligence integrated with emerging technologies,
22 such as quantum hybrid computing and robotics.

(b) PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Director and the Secretary shall

1 enter into such public-private partnerships as the Director
2 and the Secretary jointly determine appropriate.

3 (c) RESOURCES.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
4 Director and the Secretary may accept and use resources
5 from the National Laboratories, resources from the pri-
6 vate sector, and academic resources.

7 **SEC. 105. PROGRESS REPORT.**

8 Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
9 of this Act, the Director of the Artificial Intelligence Safe-
10 ty Institute shall, in coordination with the Secretary of
11 Commerce and the Secretary of Energy, submit to Con-
12 gress a report on the implementation of this subtitle.

13 **Subtitle B—International
14 Cooperation**

15 **SEC. 111. INTERNATIONAL COALITION ON INNOVATION, DE-**
16 **VELOPMENT, AND HARMONIZATION OF**
17 **STANDARDS WITH RESPECT TO ARTIFICIAL**
18 **INTELLIGENCE.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce, the
20 Secretary of State, and the Director of the Office of
21 Science and Technology Policy (in this section referred to
22 as the “Director”), in consultation with the heads of rel-
23 evant agencies, shall jointly seek to form an alliance or
24 coalition with like-minded governments of foreign coun-
25 tries—

1 (1) to cooperate on approaches to innovation
2 and advancements in artificial intelligence and eco-
3 systems for artificial intelligence;

4 (2) to coordinate on development and use of
5 interoperable international standards or harmoni-
6 zation of standards with respect to artificial intel-
7 ligence;

8 (3) to promote adoption of common artificial in-
9 telligence standards;

10 (4) to develop the government-to-government
11 infrastructure needed to facilitate coordination of co-
12 herent global application of artificial intelligence
13 safety standards, including, where appropriate, put-
14 ting in place agreements for information sharing be-
15 tween governments; and

16 (5) to involve private-sector stakeholders from
17 partner countries to help inform coalition partners
18 on recent developments in artificial intelligence and
19 associated standards development.

20 (b) CRITERIA FOR PARTICIPATION.—In forming an
21 alliance or coalition of like-minded governments of foreign
22 countries under subsection (a), the Secretary of Com-
23 merce, the Secretary of State, and the Director, in con-
24 sultation with the heads of relevant agencies, shall jointly
25 establish technology trust criteria—

1 (1) to ensure all participating countries that
2 have a high level of scientific and technological ad-
3 vancement;

4 (2) to ensure all participating countries commit
5 to using open international standards; and

6 (3) to support the governance principles for
7 international standards as detailed in the World
8 Trade Organization Agreement on Technical Bar-
9 riers to Trade, done at Geneva April 12, 1979, on
10 international standards, such as transparency, open-
11 ness, and consensus-based decision-making.

12 (c) CONSULTATION ON INNOVATION AND ADVANCE-
13 MENTS IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—In forming an al-
14 liance or coalition under subsection (a), the Director, the
15 Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of State shall
16 consult with the Secretary of Energy and the Director of
17 the National Science Foundation on approaches to innova-
18 tion and advancements in artificial intelligence.

19 (d) SECURITY AND PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL
20 PROPERTY.—The Director, the Secretary of Commerce,
21 and the Secretary of State shall jointly ensure that an alli-
22 ance or coalition formed under subsection (a) is only
23 formed with countries that—

24 (1) have in place sufficient intellectual property
25 protections, safety standards, and risk management

1 approaches relevant to innovation and artificial intel-
2 ligence; and

7 (e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
8 tion shall be construed to prohibit anyone from partici-
9 pating in other international standards bodies.

10 SEC. 112. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT BILATERAL AND
11 MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
12 RESEARCH COLLABORATIONS.

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the National
14 Science Foundation shall support bilateral and multilat-
15 eral collaborations to facilitate innovation in research and
16 development of artificial intelligence.

17 (b) ALIGNMENT WITH PRIORITIES.—The Director
18 shall ensure that collaborations supported under sub-
19 section (a) align with the priorities of the Foundation and
20 United States research community and have the potential
21 to benefit United States prosperity, security, health, and
22 well-being.

(c) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director shall ensure that
collaborations supported under subsection (a)—

1 (1) support innovation and advancement in re-
2 search on the development and use of artificial intel-
3 ligence;

4 (2) facilitate international collaboration on in-
5 novation and advancement in artificial intelligence
6 research and development, including data sharing,
7 expertise, and resources; and

8 (3) leverage existing National Science Founda-
9 tion programs, such as the National Science Foun-
10 dation-supported National Artificial Intelligence Re-
11 search Institutes and Global Centers programs.

12 (d) COORDINATION OF SECURITY MEASURES AND
13 EXPORT CONTROLS.—When entering into agreements in
14 order to support collaborations pursuant to subsection (a),
15 the Director shall ensure that participating countries have
16 developed and coordinated security measures and export
17 controls to protect intellectual property and research and
18 development.

1 **Subtitle C—Identifying Regulatory**
2 **Barriers to Innovation**

3 **SEC. 121. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED**
4 **STATES IDENTIFICATION OF RISKS AND OB-**
5 **STACLES RELATING TO ARTIFICIAL INTEL-**
6 **LIGENCE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES.**

7 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after
8 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
9 General of the United States shall submit to Congress a
10 report on regulatory impediments to innovation in artifi-
11 cial intelligence systems.

12 (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to
13 subsection (a) shall include the following:

14 (1) Significant examples of Federal statutes
15 and regulations that directly affect the innovation of
16 artificial intelligence systems, including the ability of
17 companies of all sizes to compete in artificial intel-
18 ligence, which should also account for the effect of
19 voluntary standards and best practices developed by
20 the Federal Government.

21 (2) An assessment of challenges that Federal
22 agencies face in the enforcement of provisions of law
23 identified pursuant to paragraph (1).

24 (3) An evaluation of the progress in government
25 adoption of artificial intelligence and use of artificial

1 intelligence to improve the quality of government
2 services.

3 (4) Based on the findings of the Comptroller
4 General with respect to paragraphs (1) through (4),
5 such recommendations as the Comptroller General
6 may have for legislative or administrative action to
7 increase the rate of innovation in artificial intel-
8 ligence systems.

9 **TITLE II—ARTIFICIAL INTEL-**
10 **LIGENCE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, CAPACITY BUILD-**
11 **ING ACTIVITIES**

13 **SEC. 201. PUBLIC DATA FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**
14 **SYSTEMS.**

15 (a) LIST OF PRIORITIES.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—To expedite the development
17 of artificial intelligence systems in the United
18 States, the Director of the Office of Science and
19 Technology Policy shall, acting through the National
20 Science and Technology Council and the Interagency
21 Committee established or designated pursuant to
22 section 5103 of the National Artificial Intelligence
23 Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9413), develop a
24 list of priorities for Federal investment in creating
25 or improving curated, publicly available Federal Gov-

1 ernment data for training and evaluating artificial
2 intelligence systems.

3 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—

4 (A) IN GENERAL.—The list developed pur-
5 suant to paragraph (1) shall—

6 (i) prioritize data that will advance
7 novel artificial intelligence systems in the
8 public interest; and

9 (ii) prioritize datasets unlikely to inde-
10 pendently receive sufficient private sector
11 support to enable their creation, absent
12 Federal funding.

13 (B) DATASETS IDENTIFIED.—In carrying
14 out subparagraph (A)(ii), the Director shall
15 identify 20 datasets to be prioritized.

16 (3) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing the list
17 under paragraph (1), the Director shall consider the
18 following:

19 (A) Applicability to the initial list of soci-
20 etal, national, and geostrategic challenges set
21 forth by subsection (b) of section 10387 of the
22 Research and Development, Competition, and
23 Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19107), or any suc-
24 cessor list.

(B) Applicability to the initial list of key technology focus areas set forth by subsection (c) of such section, or any successor list.

4 (C) Applicability to other major United
5 States economic sectors, such as agriculture,
6 health care, transportation, manufacturing,
7 communications, weather services, and positive
8 utility to small and medium United States busi-
9 nesses.

10 (D) Opportunities to improve datasets in
11 effect before the date of the enactment of this
12 Act.

15 (F) Potential national security threats to
16 releasing datasets, consistent with the United
17 States Government approach to data flows.

18 (G) Requirements of laws in effect.

19 (H) Applicability to the priorities listed in
20 the National Artificial Intelligence Research
21 and Development Strategic Plan of the Na-
22 tional Science and Technology Council, dated
23 October 2016.

(I) Ability to use data already made available to the National Artificial Intelligence Research

1 search Resource Pilot program or any successor
2 program.

3 (4) PUBLIC INPUT.—Before finalizing the list
4 required by paragraph (1), the Director shall imple-
5 ment public comment procedures for receiving input
6 and comment from private industry, academia, civil
7 society, and other relevant stakeholders.

8 (b) NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY COUNCIL
9 AGENCIES.—The head of each agency with a representa-
10 tive included in the Interagency Committee pursuant to
11 section 5103(c) of the National Artificial Intelligence Ini-
12 tiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9413(c)) or the heads of
13 multiple agencies with a representative included in the
14 Interagency Committee working cooperatively, consistent
15 with the missions or responsibilities of each Executive
16 agency—

17 (1) subject to the availability of appropriations,
18 shall award grants or otherwise establish incentives,
19 through new or existing programs, for the creation
20 or improvement of curated datasets identified in the
21 list developed pursuant to subsection (a)(1), includ-
22 ing methods for addressing data scarcity;

23 (2) may establish or leverage existing initia-
24 tives, including public-private partnerships, to en-

1 courage private sector cost-sharing in the creation or
2 improvement of such datasets;

3 (3) may apply the priorities set forth in the list
4 developed pursuant to subsection (a)(1) to the enact-
5 ment of Federal public access and open government
6 data policies;

7 (4) in carrying out this subsection, shall ensure
8 consistency with Federal provisions of law relating
9 to privacy, including the technology and privacy
10 standards applied to the National Secure Data Serv-
11 ice under section 10375(f) of the Research and De-
12 velopment, Competition, and Innovation Act (42
13 U.S.C. 19085(f)); and

14 (5) in carrying out this subsection, shall ensure
15 data sharing is limited with any country that the
16 Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the
17 Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, and
18 the Director of National Intelligence, determines to
19 be engaged in conduct that is detrimental to the na-
20 tional security or foreign policy of the United States.

21 (c) AVAILABILITY OF DATASETS.—Datasets that are
22 created or improved by Federal agencies may be made
23 available to the National Artificial Intelligence Research
24 Resource pilot program established by the Director of the
25 National Science Foundation in accordance with Executive

1 Order 14110 (88 Fed. Reg. 75191; relating to safe, se-
2 cure, and trustworthy development and use of artificial in-
3 telligence), or any successor program.

4 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sub-
5 section shall be construed to require the Federal Govern-
6 ment or other contributors to disclose any information—

7 (1) relating to a trade secret or other protected
8 intellectual property right;

9 (2) that is confidential business information; or

10 (3) that is privileged.

11 **SEC. 202. FEDERAL GRAND CHALLENGES IN ARTIFICIAL IN-**
12 **TELLIGENCE.**

13 (a) LIST OF PRIORITIES FOR FEDERAL GRAND
14 CHALLENGES IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—

15 (1) LIST REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year
16 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Di-
17 rector of the Office of Science and Technology Policy
18 shall, acting through the National Science and Tech-
19 nology Council and the Interagency Committee es-
20 tablished or designated pursuant to section 5103 of
21 the National Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of
22 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9413), in consultation with indus-
23 try, civil society, and academia, establish a list of
24 priorities for Federal grand challenges in artificial
25 intelligence that seek—

1 (A) to expedite the development of artifi-
2 cial intelligence systems in the United States;
3 and

4 (B) to stimulate artificial intelligence re-
5 search, development, and commercialization
6 that solves or advances specific, well-defined,
7 and measurable challenges.

8 (2) CONTENTS.—The list established pursuant
9 to paragraph (1) may include the following prior-
10 ties:

11 (A) To overcome challenges with engineer-
12 ing of and applied research on microelectronics,
13 including through integration of artificial intel-
14 ligence with emerging technologies, such as ma-
15 chine learning and quantum computing, or with
16 respect to the physical limits on transistors,
17 electrical interconnects, and memory elements.

18 (B) To promote transformational or long-
19 term advancements in computing and artificial
20 intelligence technologies through—

21 (i) next-generation algorithm design;
22 (ii) next-generation compute capa-
23 bility;
24 (iii) generative and adaptive artificial
25 intelligence for design applications;

(iv) photonics-based microprocessors

and optical communication networks, in-

cluding electrophotonics;

(v) the chemistry and physics of new

Materials;

(vi) energy use or energy efficiency;

(vii) techniques to establish cryp-

tographically secure content provenance in-

formation; or

(viii) safety and controls for artificial

intelligence applications.

To develop artificial intelligence solu-

tions, including through integration among

emerging technologies such as quantum com-

puting and machine learning, to overcome bar-

riers relating to innovations in advanced manu-

facturing in the United States, including areas

such as—

(j) materials, nanomaterials, and com-

posites:

(ii) rapid, complex design:

(iii) sustainability and environmental

Impact of manufacturing operations:

(iv) predictive maintenance of machine

erv:

- 1 (v) improved part quality;
- 2 (vi) process inspections;
- 3 (vii) worker safety; and
- 4 (viii) robotics.

10 (E) To develop artificial intelligence solu-
11 tions to improve border security, including solu-
12 tions relevant to the detection of fentanyl, illicit
13 contraband, and other illegal activities.

18 (b) FEDERAL INVESTMENT INITIATIVES RE-
19 QUIRED.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the
20 head of each agency with a representative on the Inter-
21 agency Committee pursuant to section 5103(c) of the Na-
22 tional Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15
23 U.S.C. 9413(c)) or the heads of multiple agencies with a
24 representative on the Interagency Committee working co-
25 operatively, shall, consistent with the missions or respon-

1 sibilities of each agency, establish 1 or more prize competi-
2 tions under section 24 of the Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
3 nology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719), chal-
4 lenge-based acquisitions, or other research and develop-
5 ment investments that each agency head deems appro-
6 priate consistent with the list of priorities established pur-
7 suant to subsection (a)(1).

8 (c) TIMING AND ANNOUNCEMENTS OF FEDERAL IN-
9 VESTMENT INITIATIVES.—The President, acting through
10 the Director, shall ensure that, not later than 1 year after
11 the date on which the Director establishes the list required
12 by subsection (a)(1), at least 3 prize competitions, chal-
13 lenge-based acquisitions, or other research and develop-
14 ment investments are announced by heads of Federal
15 agencies under subsection (b).

16 (d) REQUIREMENTS.—Each head of an agency car-
17 rying out an investment initiative under subsection (b)
18 shall ensure that—

19 (1) for each prize competition or investment ini-
20 tiative carried out by the agency under such sub-
21 section, there is—

22 (A) a positive impact on the economic com-
23 petitiveness of the United States;
24 (B) a benefit to United States industry;

○