#### 117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 4083

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain land, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 26, 2022

Mr. Heinrich (for himself, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Luján, Mr. Booker, Mr. Wyden, and Mr. Markey) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

### A BILL

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain land, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Clean Energy Minerals Reform Act of 2022".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Definitions.

2 Sec. 101. Limitation on patents. Sec. 102. Fees. Sec. 103. Limitations. TITLE II—ROYALTIES Sec. 201. Royalty. Sec. 202. Royalty relief. Sec. 203. Enforcement. Sec. 204. Review. TITLE III—MINERAL ACTIVITIES Sec. 301. Permits. Sec. 302. Exploration permits. Sec. 303. Mining permits. Sec. 304. Financial assurances. Sec. 305. Transfer, assignment, or sale of right. Sec. 306. Operation and reclamation. Sec. 307. Land open to location. Sec. 308. State law. Sec. 309. Inspection and monitoring. Sec. 310. Tribal consultation. TITLE IV—HARDROCK MINERALS RECLAMATION FUND Sec. 401. Establishment of Fund. Sec. 402. Abandoned mine land reclamation fee. TITLE V—TRANSITION RULES, ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS Sec. 501. Transition rules. Sec. 502. Enforcement. Sec. 503. Judicial review. Sec. 504. Uncommon varieties. Sec. 505. Review of uranium development on Federal land. Sec. 506. Effect. SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS. In this Act:

- 2
- (1) APPLICANT.—The term "applicant" means 3
- any person that applies for—
- 5 (A) a permit under this Act; or
- 6 (B) a modification to, or a renewal of, a
- 7 permit issued under this Act.

1	(2) Beneficiation.—The term "beneficiation"
2	means—
3	(A) the crushing and grinding of locatable
4	mineral ore; and
5	(B) any processes that are employed to
6	free the mineral from other constituents, includ-
7	ing physical and chemical separation tech-
8	niques.
9	(3) Casual Use.—
10	(A) In general.—The term "casual use"
11	means mineral activities that ordinarily result
12	in no or negligible disturbance of Federal land
13	or resources.
14	(B) Inclusions.—The term "casual use"
15	includes the collection of geochemical, rock, soil,
16	or mineral specimens using hand tools, hand
17	panning, or nonmotorized sluicing.
18	(C) Exclusions.—The term "casual use"
19	does not include—
20	(i) the use of mechanized earth-mov-
21	ing equipment, suction dredging, or explo-
22	sives;
23	(ii) the use of motor vehicles in areas
24	closed to off-road vehicles;

1	(iii) the construction of roads or drill
2	pads; or
3	(iv) the use of toxic or hazardous ma-
4	terials or explosives.
5	(4) CLAIM HOLDER.—The term "claim holder"
6	means a person holding a mining claim, millsite, or
7	tunnel site that is—
8	(A) located under the general mining laws;
9	and
10	(B) maintained in compliance with the
11	general mining laws and this Act.
12	(5) Control.—The term "control" means hav-
13	ing the ability to determine the manner in which an
14	entity conducts mineral activities.
15	(6) Exploration.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "exploration"
17	means creating a surface disturbance (other
18	than casual use) to evaluate the type, extent,
19	quantity, or quality of minerals present.
20	(B) Inclusions.—The term "exploration"
21	includes mineral activities associated with sam-
22	pling, drilling, or developing surface or under-
23	ground workings to evaluate locatable mineral
24	values.

1	(C) Exclusions.—The term "explo-
2	ration" does not include the extraction of min-
3	eral material for commercial use or sale.
4	(7) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land"
5	means any land and any interest in land that is—
6	(A) owned by the United States; and
7	(B) open to location of mining claims
8	under the general mining laws and this Act.
9	(8) Fund.—The term "Fund" means the
10	Hardrock Minerals Reclamation Fund established by
11	section 401(a).
12	(9) HARDROCK MINERAL.—The term "hardrock
13	mineral" has the meaning given the term "locatable
14	mineral" except that—
15	(A) legal and beneficial title to the mineral
16	need not be held by the United States; and
17	(B) paragraph (13)(B) does not apply to
18	this paragraph.
19	(10) Indian Land.—The term "Indian land"
20	means land that is—
21	(A) held in trust for the benefit of an In-
22	dian Tribe or member of an Indian Tribe; or
23	(B) held by an Indian Tribe or member of
24	an Indian Tribe, subject to a restriction by the
25	United States against alienation.

1	(11) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
2	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
3	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
4	Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
5	(12) Locatable Mineral.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "locatable
7	mineral" means any mineral—
8	(i) the legal and beneficial title to
9	which remains in the United States; and
10	(ii) that is not subject to disposition
11	under—
12	(I) the Mineral Leasing Act (30
13	U.S.C. 181 et seq.);
14	(II) the Geothermal Steam Act of
15	1970 (30 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.);
16	(III) the Act of July 31, 1947
17	(commonly known as the "Materials
18	Act of 1947") (30 U.S.C. 601 et
19	seq.); or
20	(IV) the Act of August 7, 1947
21	(commonly known as the "Mineral
22	Leasing Act for Acquired Lands") (30
23	U.S.C. 351 et seq.).
24	(B) Exclusions.—The term "locatable
25	mineral" does not include any mineral that is

1	(i) subject to a restriction against
2	alienation imposed by the United States;
3	and
4	(ii) held in trust by the United States
5	for, or owned by, any Indian Tribe or
6	member of an Indian Tribe, as defined in
7	section 2 of the Indian Mineral Develop-
8	ment Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101).
9	(13) MINERAL ACTIVITY.—The term "mineral
10	activity" means any activity on a mining claim, mill-
11	site, or tunnel site, or Federal land used in conjunc-
12	tion with the activity, for, relating to, or incidental
13	to, mineral exploration, mining, beneficiation, proc-
14	essing, or reclamation activities for any locatable
15	mineral.
16	(14) OPERATOR.—The term "operator"
17	means—
18	(A) any person proposing, or authorized by
19	a permit, to conduct mineral activities under
20	this Act; and
21	(B) any agent of a person described in
22	subparagraph (A).
23	(15) Person.—The term "person" means—
24	(A) an individual, Indian Tribe, partner-
25	ship, association, society, joint venture, joint

1	stock company, firm, company, corporation, co-
2	operative, trust, consortium, or other organiza-
3	tion; and
4	(B) any instrumentality of a State or local
5	government, including any publicly owned util-
6	ity or publicly owned corporation of a State or
7	local government.
8	(16) Processing.—
9	(A) In general.—The term "processing"
10	means processes downstream of beneficiation
11	used to prepare locatable mineral ore into the
12	final marketable product.
13	(B) Inclusions.—The term "processing"
14	includes smelting and electrolytic refining.
15	(17) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
16	means the Secretary of the Interior.
17	(18) Secretary concerned.—The term
18	"Secretary concerned" means—
19	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture (acting
20	through the Chief of the Forest Service), with
21	respect to National Forest System land; and
22	(B) the Secretary of the Interior (acting
23	through the Director of the Bureau of Land
24	Management), with respect to land managed by

1	the Bureau of Land Management or other Fed-
2	eral land.
3	(19) Temporary cessation.—The term "tem-
4	porary cessation" means a halt in mine related pro-
5	duction activities for a continuous period of not
6	longer than 5 years.
7	(20) Undue degradation.—The term "undue
8	degradation" means substantial irreparable harm to
9	significant scientific, cultural, or environmental re-
10	sources on public land.
11	TITLE I—LOCATABLE MINERAL
12	DEPOSITS
13	SEC. 101. LIMITATION ON PATENTS.
14	(a) Determinations Required.—No patent shall
15	be issued by the United States for any mining claim, mill-
16	site, or tunnel site located under the general mining laws
	site, or turnier site rocated under the general mining laws
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17 18	
	unless the Secretary determines that—
18	unless the Secretary determines that—  (1) a patent application was filed with the Sec-
18 19	unless the Secretary determines that—  (1) a patent application was filed with the Secretary with respect to the claim not later than Sep-
18 19 20	unless the Secretary determines that—  (1) a patent application was filed with the Secretary with respect to the claim not later than September 30, 1994; and
18 19 20 21	unless the Secretary determines that—  (1) a patent application was filed with the Secretary with respect to the claim not later than September 30, 1994; and  (2) all requirements applicable to the patent applicable to the patent applicable.

- (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2) 1 2 and notwithstanding subsection (c), if the Secretary 3 makes the determinations under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) with respect to a mining claim, 5 millsite, or tunnel site, the claim holder shall be enti-6 tled to the issuance of a patent in the same manner 7 and degree to which the claim holder would have 8 been entitled to a patent before the date of enact-9 ment of this Act.
- 10 (2) WITHDRAWAL.—The claim holder shall not
  11 be entitled to the issuance of a patent if the deter12 minations under paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub13 section (a) are withdrawn or invalidated by the Sec14 retary or, on review, by a court of the United States.
- 15 (c) Repeal.—Section 2325 of the Revised Statutes 16 (30 U.S.C. 29) is repealed.

#### 17 SEC. 102, FEES.

- 18 (a) CLAIM MAINTENANCE FEES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 31, 20 2023, and each August 31 thereafter, the holder of each unpatented mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site shall pay to the Secretary a maintenance fee of \$200 for each claim, millsite, or tunnel site.
- 24 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The maintenance fees required under paragraph (1) shall be in lieu of—

1	(A) the assessment work requirements
2	under the general mining laws; and
3	(B) the related filing requirements under
4	subsections (a) and (c) of section 314 of the
5	Federal Land Policy and Management Act of
6	1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744).
7	(3) Timing of initial payment.—Notwith-
8	standing paragraph (1), the maintenance fee payable
9	for the initial assessment year in which the location
10	is made shall be paid at the time the location notice
11	is recorded with the Bureau of Land Management.
12	(4) CLAIM RELOCATION.—
13	(A) Definition of Related Party.—In
14	this paragraph and paragraph (5), the term
15	"related party" means—
16	(i) the spouse and qualifying child (as
17	defined in section 152 of the Internal Rev-
18	enue Code of 1986) of the claim holder;
19	and
20	(ii) a person affiliated with the claim
21	holder, including—
22	(I) a person controlled by, con-
23	trolling, or under common control
24	with, the claim holder; or

1	(II) a subsidiary, parent com-
2	pany, partner, director, or officer of
3	the claim holder.
4	(B) Limits on relocation.—
5	(i) In general.—No claim, millsite,
6	or tunnel site, or portion of a claim or site,
7	may be relocated by a person or related
8	party if the person or related party held
9	the claim or site and subsequently relin-
10	quished the claim or site or allowed the
11	claim or site to become null and void.
12	(ii) Duration.—The prohibition on
13	relocation shall extend for a period of 10
14	years beginning on the date the claim or
15	site was relinquished or became null and
16	void.
17	(5) Waiver.—The maintenance fee required
18	under paragraph (1) shall be waived for a claim
19	holder who certifies in writing to the Secretary that
20	on the date the maintenance fee was due, the claim
21	holder and all related parties—
22	(A) held not more than 10 mining claims,
23	millsites, tunnel sites, or any combination of
24	claims and sites on Federal land; and

(B) can demonstrate that the claim holder and all related parties have performed assessment work required under section 2324 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C. 28) to maintain the mining claims and sites held by the claim holder and all related parties for the assessment year ending on noon of September 1 of the calendar year in which payment of the maintenance fee was due.

#### (6) Adjustment.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), beginning on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary shall adjust the amount of maintenance fees required under paragraph (1) to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor.
- (B) More frequent adjustments.—
  The Secretary may adjust the amount of the maintenance fees more frequently than specified in subparagraph (A) to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor if the

1	Secretary determines an adjustment to be rea-
2	sonable.
3	(C) Notice.—Not later than July 1 of any
4	year in which an adjustment is made under this
5	paragraph, the Secretary shall provide claim
6	holders notice of the adjustment.
7	(D) APPLICATION.—An adjustment under
8	this paragraph shall apply beginning in the first
9	calendar year after the calendar year in which
10	the adjustment is made.
11	(7) Applicable law.—The co-ownership pro-
12	visions of section 2324 of the Revised Statutes (30
13	U.S.C. 28) shall remain in effect, except that the an-
14	nual maintenance fee, as applicable, shall replace ap-
15	plicable assessment requirements and expenditures.
16	(8) USE AND OCCUPANCY OF CLAIMS.—Timely
17	performance of required assessment work or pay-
18	ment of the maintenance fee under this subsection
19	satisfies any obligation the claim holder has under
20	the pedis possessio doctrine for any claim properly
21	located in accordance with the general mining laws
22	and applicable State law.
23	(b) Location Fees.—
24	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2)
25	and notwithstanding any other provision of law, for

each unpatented mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site located after the date of enactment of this Act, the locator shall, at the time the location notice is recorded with the Bureau of Land Management, pay to the Secretary a location fee of \$50 for each claim for each location notice recorded with the Bureau of Land Management.

#### (2) Adjustment.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), beginning on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary shall adjust the amount of location fees required under paragraph (1) to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor.
- (B) More frequent adjustments.—
  The Secretary may adjust the amount of the location fees more frequently than specified in subparagraph (A) to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor if the Secretary determines an adjustment to be reasonable.

1	(C) Notice.—Not later than July 1 of any
2	year in which an adjustment is made under this
3	paragraph, the Secretary shall provide claim
4	holders notice of the adjustment.
5	(D) APPLICATION.—An adjustment under
6	this paragraph shall apply beginning in the first
7	calendar year after the calendar year in which
8	the adjustment is made.
9	(3) Effect on maintenance fee.—The loca-
10	tion fee required under paragraph (1) shall be in ad-
11	dition to the maintenance fee required under sub-
12	section (a).
13	(c) Disposition of Funds.—
14	(1) In general.—Any amounts received under
15	this section shall be used to pay the costs of admin-
16	istering program operations under sections 2318
17	through 2352 of the Revised Statutes (commonly
18	known as the "Mining Law of 1872") (30 U.S.C. 21
19	et seq.) and this Act, without further appropriation.
20	(2) Excess amounts.—Any amounts in excess
21	of the costs described in paragraph (1) for any fiscal
22	year shall be deposited in the Fund.
23	(d) Effect of Section.—Nothing in this section

24 changes or modifies—

1	(1) section 314(b) of the Federal Land Policy
2	and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744(b));
3	or
4	(2) the provisions of subsection (c) of section
5	314 of the Federal Land Policy and Management
6	Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1744) relating to filings re-
7	quired by subsection (b) of that section.
8	(e) Amendment to Revised Statutes.—Section
9	2324 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C. 28) is amended
10	by inserting "or section 102(a)(5) of the Clean Energy
11	Minerals Reform Act of 2022" after "Omnibus Budget
12	Reconciliation Act of 1993".
13	SEC. 103. LIMITATIONS.
14	(a) Failure To Comply.—
15	(1) IN GENERAL.—The failure of the claim
16	holder to perform assessment work or to pay a
17	maintenance fee if required under section 102(a), to
18	pay a location fee under section 102(b), or to file a
19	timely notice of location shall—
20	(A) conclusively constitute a forfeiture of
21	the mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site; and
22	(B) make the claim or site null and void by
23	operation of law.
24	(2) Effect.—Forfeiture under paragraph (1)
25	shall not relieve any person of any obligation under

this Act and applicable regulations, including reclamation, and other applicable law.

### (b) Relinquishment.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A claim holder deciding not to pursue mineral activities on a mining claim, mill-site, or tunnel site, may relinquish the claim or site by notifying the Secretary of the intent to relinquish the claim or site.
- (2) Effect.—A claim holder relinquishing a claim, millsite, or tunnel site under paragraph (1) shall be responsible for any obligation under this Act and applicable regulations, including reclamation, and other applicable law.

#### (c) Use of Mining Claim.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The continued use, occupancy, and retention of any mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site subject to this Act shall be exclusively for mineral activities as authorized under this Act.
- (2) Failure to use for mineral activities.—If the claim holder cannot demonstrate to the Secretary that the mining claim, millsite, or tunnel site has been used exclusively for mineral activities, the Secretary shall declare the claim, millsite, or tunnel site null and void.

## 1 TITLE II—ROYALTIES

2	SEC. 201. ROYALTY.
3	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (c) and sec-
4	tion 202, production of all locatable minerals from any
5	mining claim located under the general mining laws and
6	maintained in compliance with this Act shall be subject
7	to a royalty established by the Secretary by regulation of
8	not less than 5 percent, and not more than 8 percent, of
9	the gross income from mining for production of all
10	locatable minerals.
11	(b) ROYALTY RATE.—The regulation shall establish
12	a reasonable royalty rate for each locatable mineral sub-
13	ject to a royalty under this section that may vary based
14	on the locatable mineral concerned.
15	(e) No Royalty for Federal Land Subject to
16	Existing Permit.—No royalty under subsection (a) shall
17	be required for production on Federal land that—
18	(1) is subject to an approved plan of operations
19	or an operations permit on the date of the enact-
20	ment of this Act; and
21	(2) produces valuable locatable minerals in com-
22	mercial quantities on the date of enactment of this
23	Act.
24	(d) Federal Land Not Subject to Existing Op-
25	ERATIONS PERMIT.—Production from any Federal land

- 1 not specifically approved for mineral extraction under a
- 2 plan of operations or an operations permit in existence on
- 3 the date of enactment of this Act shall be subject to the
- 4 royalty described in subsection (a).
- 5 (e) Deposit.—Amounts received by the United
- 6 States as royalties under this section shall be deposited
- 7 in the Fund.

#### 8 SEC. 202. ROYALTY RELIEF.

- 9 (a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), in order
- 10 to promote the greatest ultimate recovery pursuant to a
- 11 mining permit or a plan of operations under which produc-
- 12 tion in commercial quantities has occurred and in the in-
- 13 terest of conservation of natural resources, the Secretary
- 14 may reduce any royalty otherwise required for all or part
- 15 of a mining operation, on a showing by clear and con-
- 16 vincing evidence by the person conducting mineral activi-
- 17 ties under the operations or mining permit or plan of oper-
- 18 ations that, without the reduction in royalty, production
- 19 would not occur.
- 20 (b) Effective Date.—Any reduction in a royalty
- 21 provided for by this section shall not be effective until 60
- 22 days after the date on which the Secretary—
- 23 (1) publishes public notice of the royalty reduc-
- 24 tion; and

1	(2) submits to the Committee on Energy and
2	Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee
3	on Natural Resources of the House of Representa-
4	tives notice and a statement of the reasons for
5	granting the royalty reduction.
6	SEC. 203. ENFORCEMENT.
7	(a) Duties of the Secretary.—
8	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish
9	a comprehensive inspection, collection, fiscal, and
10	production accounting and auditing system—
11	(A) to accurately determine royalties, in-
12	terest, fines, penalties, fees, deposits, and other
13	payments owed under this title and section 402;
14	and
15	(B) to collect and account for such pay-
16	ments in a timely manner.
17	(2) Inspections.—The Secretary shall estab-
18	lish procedures to ensure that authorized and prop-
19	erly identified representatives of the Secretary will
20	inspect at least once annually each mining claim
21	that—
22	(A) is producing or expected to produce a
23	significant quantity of locatable minerals in any
24	vear; or

1	(B) has a history of noncompliance with
2	this Act.
3	(b) Duties of Claim Holders, Operators, and
4	Transporters.—
5	(1) Payment of royalties.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—A person who is re-
7	quired to make any royalty or other payment
8	under this title or section 402 shall make pay-
9	ment to the United States at such times and in
10	such manner as the Secretary may by rule pre-
11	scribe.
12	(B) Liability for payments.—
13	(i) Designees.—Any person who
14	pays, offsets, or credits funds, makes ad-
15	justments, requests and receives refunds,
16	or submits reports with respect to pay-
17	ments another person is required to make
18	shall be considered the designee of the
19	other person under this title or section
20	402.
21	(ii) Liability.—A designee shall be
22	liable for any payment obligation under
23	this title or section 402 of any person on
24	whose behalf the designee undertakes the
25	activities described in clause (i).

1 (iii) Pro rata share.—The person 2 owning an interest in a claim, millsite, or 3 tunnel site, or production from the claim 4 or site, shall be liable for the pro rata share of the person of payment obligations 6 under this title or section 402. 7

#### (2) Site Security.—

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- (A) IN GENERAL.—A person conducting mineral activities shall develop and comply with the site security provisions in the mining permit designed to protect from theft the locatable minerals that are produced or stored on a mining claim.
- (B) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—The provisions shall conform with such minimum standards as the Secretary may prescribe by rule, taking into account the variety of circumstances on mining claims.
- (C) Notification of commencement or RESUMPTION OF PRODUCTION.—Not later than the fifth business day after production begins in any place on a mining claim or production resumes after more than 90 days after production ceased or was suspended, the person conducting mineral activities shall notify the Secretary, in

the manner prescribed by the Secretary, of the date on which the production has begun or resumed.

- 4 (c) Recordkeeping and Reporting Require-5 ments.—
- 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—A claim holder, operator, or 7 other person directly or indirectly involved in devel-8 oping, producing, processing, transporting, pur-9 chasing, or selling locatable or hardrock minerals, 10 subject to this Act, through the point of first sale, 11 the point of royalty or fee computation, or the point 12 of smelting or other processing, whichever is later, 13 shall establish and maintain any records, make any 14 reports, and provide any information that the Sec-15 retary may reasonably require for the purposes of 16 implementing this title or section 402 or determining 17 compliance with rules or orders under this title or 18 section 402.
  - (2) Access.—On the request of any officer or employee duly designated by the Secretary conducting an audit or investigation pursuant to this section, the appropriate records, reports, or information that may be required by this section shall be made available for inspection and duplication by the officer or employee.

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1	(3)	DURATION	OF	RECORDKEEPING	REQUIRE-
2	MENT.—	-			

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Records required by the Secretary under this section shall be maintained for 7 years after the records are generated or amended unless the Secretary notifies the claim holder, operator, other person referred to in paragraph (1), or record holder that the Secretary has initiated an audit or investigation involving the records and that the records must be maintained for a longer period.
- (B) Ongoing audit or investigation.—
  In any case in which an audit or investigation is underway, records shall be maintained until the Secretary releases the claim holder, operator, other person referred to in paragraph (1), or record holder subject to the recordkeeping and requirements of this Act of the obligation to maintain the records.
- 20 (d) Audits.—The Secretary may conduct such au-21 dits of all claim holders, operators, producers, trans-22 porters, purchasers, processors, or other persons directly 23 or indirectly involved in the production or sales of 24 locatable or hardrock minerals covered by this Act, as the 25 Secretary considers necessary for the purposes of ensuring

1	compliance with the requirements of this title or section
2	402.
3	(e) Cooperative Agreements.—
4	(1) In General.—The Secretary may enter
5	into cooperative agreements with the Secretary of
6	Agriculture—
7	(A) to share information concerning the
8	royalty management of locatable minerals;
9	(B) to carry out inspection, auditing, in-
10	vestigation, or enforcement (not including the
11	collection of royalties, civil or criminal penalties,
12	or other payments) activities under this section
13	in cooperation with the Secretary; and
14	(C) to carry out any other activity de-
15	scribed in this section.
16	(2) Access.—Subject to paragraph (3) and
17	pursuant to a cooperative agreement, the Secretary
18	of Agriculture shall, on request, have access to all
19	royalty or fee accounting information in the posses-
20	sion of the Secretary relating to the production, re-
21	moval, or sale of locatable minerals from claims on
22	Federal land.
23	(3) Confidential information.—
24	(A) In general.—Trade secrets, propri-
25	etary information, and other confidential infor-

mation protected from disclosure under section 552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the "Freedom of Information Act"), shall be made available by the Secretary to other Federal agencies as necessary to ensure compliance with this Act and other Federal laws.

(B) PROTECTION BY OTHER FEDERAL OF-FICIALS.—The Secretary, the Secretary of Agriculture, and other Federal officials shall ensure that information described in subparagraph (A) is provided protection in accordance with section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

#### (f) Interest.—

(1) Definition of underpayment.—In this subsection, the term "underpayment" means the difference between the royalty on the value of the production or the fee under section 402 that should have been received by the Secretary and the royalty on the value of the production or the fee under section 402 that was received by the Secretary, if the royalty or fee that should have been received is greater than the royalty or fee that was received.

#### (2) Nonpayment and underpayment.—

- (A) Nonpayment.—In the case of mining claims or operations with respect to which royalty payments or the fee under section 402 are not received by the Secretary by the date that the payments are due, the Secretary shall charge interest on the nonpayment at the rate specified under subparagraph (C).
  - (B) UNDERPAYMENT.—In the case of an underpayment, interest shall be computed and charged only on the amount of the deficiency and not on the total amount, at the rate specified under subparagraph (C).
  - (C) Interest rate.—In the case of non-payment or underpayment, interest shall be charged at the rate applicable under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- 18 (g) EXPANDED ROYALTY OBLIGATIONS.—Each per19 son liable for royalty payments under this section shall
  20 be jointly and severally liable for royalty on all locatable
  21 minerals lost or wasted from a mining claim located under
  22 the general mining laws and maintained in compliance
  23 with this Act if the loss or waste is due to negligence on
  24 the part of any such person or due to the failure to comply

1	with any rule, regulation, or order issued under this sec-
2	tion.
3	(h) Hearings and Investigations.—In carrying
4	out this title and section 402, the Secretary may—
5	(1) conduct any investigation or other inquiry
6	necessary and appropriate;
7	(2) conduct, after notice, any necessary and ap-
8	propriate hearing or audit under rules prescribed by
9	the Secretary; and
10	(3) administer oaths and issue subpoenas in
11	conducting such proceedings.
12	(i) Civil Penalties.—
13	(1) Failure to comply with applicable
14	LAW, RULES OR REGULATIONS, OR TO PERMIT IN-
15	SPECTION.—
16	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
17	subparagraph (B), a person shall be liable for
18	a penalty of up to \$500 per violation for each
19	day the violation continues, dating from the
20	date of the notice or report, if the person—
21	(i) after due notice of violation or
22	after the violation has been reported under
23	subparagraph (B)(i), fails or refuses to
24	comply with any requirement of this title

1	or section 402 or any rule or regulation
2	under this title or section 402; or
3	(ii) fails or refuses to permit inspec-
4	tion authorized under this title.
5	(B) Exceptions.—A penalty under this
6	paragraph may not be applied to any person
7	who is otherwise liable for a violation of sub-
8	paragraph (A) if—
9	(i) the violation was discovered and
10	reported to the Secretary or the authorized
11	representative of the Secretary by the lia-
12	ble person and corrected within 20 days
13	after the report (or such longer period to
14	which the Secretary may agree); or
15	(ii) after the due notice of violation
16	required under subparagraph (A)(i) has
17	been given to the person by the Secretary
18	or the authorized representative of the Sec-
19	retary, the person has corrected the viola-
20	tion within 20 days of the notification (or
21	such longer period to which the Secretary
22	may agree).
23	(2) Failure to take corrective action.—
24	If corrective action is not taken within 40 days (or
25	a longer period to which the Secretary may agree).

- after due notice or submission of a report referred to in paragraph (1)(A)(i), the person shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 per violation for each day the violation continues, dating from the date of the notice or report.
  - (3) Failure to make payment or to permit Lawful entry, inspection, or audit.—A person shall be liable for a penalty of up to \$10,000 per violation for each day the violation continues if the person—
    - (A) knowingly or willfully fails to make any payment of any royalty under this title or fee under section 402 by the date as specified by law (including regulation or order);
    - (B) fails or refuses to permit lawful entry, inspection, or audit; or
    - (C) knowingly or willfully fails to comply with subsection (b)(2)(C).
  - (4) False information; unauthorized removal of locatable mineral.—A person shall be liable for a penalty of up to \$25,000 per violation for each day the violation continues in any case in which the person, in violation of this title or section 402—

- 1 (A) knowingly or willfully prepares, main2 tains, or submits false, inaccurate, or mis3 leading reports, notices, affidavits, records,
  4 data, or other written information;
  5 (B) knowingly or willfully takes or re6 moves, transports, uses or diverts any locatable
  - moves, transports, uses or diverts any locatable mineral from any land covered by a mining claim without having valid legal authority to do so; or
  - (C) purchases, accepts, sells, transports, or conveys to another, any locatable mineral knowing or having reason to know that the locatable mineral was stolen or unlawfully removed or diverted.
  - (5) Hearing.—No penalty under this subsection shall be assessed until the person charged with a violation has been given the opportunity for a hearing on the record.
  - (6) DEDUCTION OF PENALTY FROM SUMS OWED BY UNITED STATES.—The amount of any penalty under this subsection, as finally determined, may be deducted from any sums owed by the United States to the person charged.
- 24 (7) COMPROMISE OR REDUCTION OF PEN-25 ALTIES.—On a case-by-case basis, the Secretary

1 may compromise or reduce civil penalties under this2 subsection.

#### (8) Notice.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Notice under this subsection shall be by personal service by an authorized representative of the Secretary or by registered mail.
- (B) Designee for receipt of notice.—Any person may, in the manner prescribed by the Secretary, designate a representative to receive any notice under this subsection.
- (9) REASONS ON RECORD FOR AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—In determining the amount of the penalty under this subsection, whether the penalty should be remitted or reduced, and by what amount, the Secretary shall state on the record the reasons for the determinations of the Secretary.

#### (10) Review.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person who has requested a hearing in accordance with paragraph (5) within the time the Secretary has prescribed for such a hearing and who is aggrieved by a final order of the Secretary under this subsection may seek review of the order in the

1	United States district court for the judicial dis-
2	trict in which the violation allegedly took place.
3	(B) Basis for review.—Review by the
4	district court shall be only on the administrative
5	record and not de novo.
6	(C) Deadline.—An action under this
7	paragraph shall be barred unless the action is
8	filed not later than the date that is 90 days
9	after the date of issuance of the final order of
10	the Secretary.
11	(11) Failure to pay penalty.—
12	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
13	graphs (B) and (C), if any person fails to pay
14	an assessment of a civil penalty under this Act,
15	the court shall have jurisdiction to award the
16	amount assessed plus interest from the date of
17	the expiration of the 90-day period referred to
18	in paragraph (10)(C).
19	(B) APPLICATION.—Subparagraph (A) ap-
20	plies—
21	(i) after the order making the assess-
22	ment has become a final order and if the
23	person does not file a petition for judicial
24	review of the order in accordance with
25	paragraph (10); or

	0
1	(ii) after a court in an action brought
2	under paragraph (10) has entered a final
3	judgment in favor of the Secretary.
4	(C) Order to pay.—Judgment by the
5	court shall include an order to pay.
6	(j) Criminal Penalties.—Any person who commits
7	an act for which a civil penalty is provided under sub-
8	section (i)(4) shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine
9	of not more than \$50,000 or by imprisonment for not
10	more than 2 years, or both.
11	(k) Effective Date.—
12	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sec-
13	tion 201(b) with respect to the payment of royalties,
14	the royalty required under section 201 or fee re-
15	quired under section 402 shall take effect with re-
16	spect to the production of minerals on or after the
17	date of enactment of this Act.
18	(2) Initial production.—Any royalty pay-
19	ments or fee payments under section 402 attrib-
20	utable to production during the 1-year period begin-
21	ning on the date of enactment of this Act shall be
22	payable at the expiration of the 1-year period, to-

gether with interest at the rate required under sub-

section (f)(2)(C).

23

1	(l) Injunction and Specific Enforcement Au-
2	THORITY.—
3	(1) CIVIL ACTION BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—In
4	addition to any other remedy under law, the Attor-
5	ney General or the designee of the Attorney General
6	may bring a civil action in a district court of the
7	United States, which shall have jurisdiction over
8	such actions—
9	(A) to restrain any violation of this title or
10	section 402; or
11	(B) to compel the taking of any action re-
12	quired by or under this title or section 402.
13	(2) Venue.—A civil action described in para-
14	graph (1) may be brought only in the United States
15	district court for the judicial district in which the
16	act, omission, or transaction constituting a violation
17	under this title or section 402 occurred, or in which
18	the defendant is found or transacts business.
19	SEC. 204. REVIEW.
20	(a) In General.—Not later than 5 years after the
21	date of enactment of this Act and every 5 years thereafter,
22	the Secretary shall complete a review and submit to the
23	Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Sen-
24	ate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House

1	of Representatives a report addressing collections and im-
2	pacts of the royalty and fees provided for by this Act.
3	(b) Topics.—The report shall address—
4	(1) the total revenues received (by category) or
5	an annual basis as—
6	(A) claim maintenance fees;
7	(B) location fees;
8	(C) land use fees;
9	(D) royalties and related payments; and
10	(E) abandoned mine land fees;
11	(2) the disposition of the fees and royalties, in-
12	cluding—
13	(A) the amount used for mining law pro-
14	gram administration; and
15	(B) the amount used for abandoned mine
16	land reclamation, including allocation by State
17	and Indian Tribe;
18	(3) the effectiveness of the program under this
19	Act in addressing abandoned mine land problems or
20	Federal and non-Federal land;
21	(4) any impact on domestic locatable mineral
22	exploration and production as a result of the fees
23	and royalties; and
24	(5) any recommendations with respect to
25	changes in Federal law (including regulations) relat-

- 1 ing to the amount or method of collection (including
- 2 auditing, compliance, and enforcement) of the fees
- and royalties.

# 4 TITLE III—MINERAL ACTIVITIES

- 5 SEC. 301. PERMITS.
- 6 (a) In General.—Except as provided in section
- 7 501(a)(2), no person may engage in mineral activities on
- 8 Federal land that may cause a disturbance of surface re-
- 9 sources, including land, air, water, and fish and wildlife,
- 10 unless a permit authorizing the activities was issued to
- 11 the person under this title.
- 12 (b) Exceptions.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a
- 13 permit under this title shall not be required for mineral
- 14 activities that are a casual use of the Federal land.
- 15 (c) No Modification.—Nothing in this section en-
- 16 larges, diminishes, establishes, repeals, or otherwise modi-
- 17 fies any requirement of law that a mining claim, millsite,
- 18 or tunnel site be valid in order for mineral activities to
- 19 be undertaken.
- 20 (d) Coordination With NEPA Process.—To the
- 21 maximum extent practicable, the Secretary concerned
- 22 shall conduct the permit processes under this Act in co-
- 23 ordination with the timing and other requirements of sec-
- 24 tion 102 of the National Environmental Policy Act of
- 25 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332).

### 1 SEC. 302. EXPLORATION PERMITS.

2	(a) In General.—Except as provided in section
3	501(a)(2), an exploration permit shall be required prior
4	to conducting any exploration activities on Federal land
5	that involve more than the casual use of the Federal land.
6	(b) Limitations.—An exploration permit under sub-
7	section (a) shall not authorize the person to—
8	(1) remove any mineral for sale; or
9	(2) conduct any activity other than an activity
10	required for—
11	(A) exploration for locatable minerals; or
12	(B) reclamation.
13	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible for an explo-
14	ration permit, a person shall submit to the Secretary con-
15	cerned, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary con-
16	cerned, an application for an exploration permit that con-
17	tains—
18	(1) an exploration plan demonstrating that—
19	(A) the applicant will operate in accord-
20	ance with this Act and applicable regulations;
21	(B) the formation of acid mine drainage
22	will be avoided to the maximum extent prac-
23	ticable; and
24	(C) mineral activities will be conducted in
25	a manner that uses best management practices;

1	(2) a description of potential impacts to
2	groundwater and surface water, including appro-
3	priate hydrological assessments and analyses, as rea-
4	sonably required by the Secretary;
5	(3) a reclamation plan for the proposed explo-
6	ration activity demonstrating that the applicant will
7	conduct reclamation activities in accordance with
8	section 306;
9	(4) evidence of adequate financial assurance in
10	accordance with section 304;
11	(5) the necessary documentation to demonstrate
12	that the proposed exploration activity will comply
13	with applicable Federal and State environmental
14	laws (including regulations);
15	(6) a monitoring and evaluation plan to ensure
16	compliance with reclamation and other requirements
17	of this Act; and
18	(7) any other relevant information determined
19	by the Secretary to be necessary to satisfy the re-
20	quirements of this Act and other applicable law.
21	(d) Permit Issuance.—
22	(1) Approval.—
23	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
24	graph (B), the Secretary concerned shall ap-
25	prove an application and issue an exploration

1	permit if the Secretary concerned determines
2	that the application is in compliance with—
3	(i) this Act;
4	(ii) any regulations promulgated
5	under this Act; and
6	(iii) any other applicable laws.
7	(B) Conditions.—The Secretary con-
8	cerned may reasonably condition the approval
9	of such a permit to satisfy the requirements of
10	this Act and applicable regulations.
11	(2) Denial.—The Secretary concerned shall
12	deny the issuance of an exploration permit if the
13	Secretary concerned determines that the permit does
14	not meet the requirements of—
15	(A) this Act;
16	(B) any regulations promulgated under
17	this Act; or
18	(C) other applicable laws.
19	(3) Notice.—Before approving or denying an
20	exploration permit under this subsection, the Sec-
21	retary concerned—
22	(A) shall provide public notice and an op-
23	portunity for written comment; and
24	(B) may hold a public hearing.
25	(e) Modifications to Permit.—

1	(1) In general.—The permit holder may sub-
2	mit to the Secretary concerned an application to
3	modify an exploration permit.
4	(2) Approval.—
5	(A) In general.—In determining whether
6	to approve or disapprove a proposed modifica-
7	tion to an exploration permit, the Secretary
8	concerned shall make the same determinations
9	as are required in the case of the original per-
10	mit.
11	(B) Exceptions.—Subparagraph (A)
12	shall not apply to minor modifications to an ex-
13	ploration permit or instances in which the na-
14	ture of the modifications make compliance with
15	the requirements unnecessary, as determined by
16	the Secretary concerned.
17	(3) Modifications from secretary con-
18	CERNED.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary con-
20	cerned may require reasonable modification to
21	any permit on a determination that the require-
22	ments of this Act or other applicable law cannot

be met if the permit is followed as approved.

1	(B) REQUIREMENTS FOR DETERMINA-
2	TION.—A determination under subparagraph
3	(A) shall be—
4	(i) based on a written finding; and
5	(ii) subject to notice and hearing re-
6	quirements established by the Secretary
7	concerned.
8	SEC. 303. MINING PERMITS.
9	(a) In General.—Except as provided in section
10	501(a)(2), a mining permit shall be required prior to con-
11	ducting mineral activities on Federal land, other than cas-
12	ual use or exploration on the Federal land.
13	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible for a mining per-
14	mit, a person shall submit to the Secretary concerned, in
15	a manner prescribed by the Secretary concerned, an appli-
16	cation for a mining permit that contains—
17	(1) a description of the condition of the land
18	and water resources of the area before mining activi-
19	ties are initiated;
20	(2) an operations plan demonstrating that—
21	(A) the applicant will operate in accord-
22	ance with this Act and applicable regulations;
23	(B) the formation of acid mine drainage
24	will be avoided to the maximum extent prac-
25	ticable; and

1	(C) mineral activities will be conducted in
2	a manner that uses best management practices;
3	(3) a description of potential impacts to
4	groundwater and surface water, including appro-
5	priate hydrological assessments and analyses, as rea-
6	sonably required by the Secretary;
7	(4) a reclamation plan for the proposed mineral
8	activities demonstrating that the applicant will con-
9	duct reclamation activities in accordance with sec-
10	tion 306;
11	(5) evidence of adequate financial assurance
12	under section 304, including, if required, a trust
13	fund as required under section 304(i);
14	(6) the necessary documentation to demonstrate
15	that the proposed mineral activities will comply with
16	applicable Federal and State environmental laws (in-
17	cluding regulations);
18	(7) a monitoring and evaluation plan to ensure
19	compliance with reclamation and other requirements
20	of this Act; and
21	(8) any other relevant information determined
22	by the Secretary concerned to be necessary to satisfy
23	the requirements of this Act and other applicable
24	law.
25	(c) Permit Issuance.—

1	(1) Approval.—
2	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
3	graph (B), the Secretary concerned shall ap-
4	prove a permit application and issue a mining
5	permit if the Secretary concerned determines
6	that the application is in compliance with—
7	(i) this Act;
8	(ii) any regulations promulgated
9	under this Act; and
10	(iii) other applicable laws.
11	(B) Conditions.—The Secretary con-
12	cerned may reasonably condition the approval
13	of such a permit to satisfy the requirements of
14	this Act and applicable regulations.
15	(2) Denial.—The Secretary concerned shall
16	deny the issuance of a mining permit if the Sec-
17	retary concerned determines that the permit does
18	not meet the requirements of—
19	(A) this Act;
20	(B) any regulations promulgated under
21	this Act; or
22	(C) other applicable laws.
23	(3) Notice.—Before approving or denying a
24	mining permit under this subsection, the Secretary
25	concerned—

1	(A) shall provide public notice and an op-
2	portunity for written comment; and
3	(B) may hold a public hearing.
4	(d) Term of Permit; Continuation.—
5	(1) In general.—An operations permit
6	shall—
7	(A) be for a term of 30 years; and
8	(B) continue for so long thereafter as
9	locatable minerals are produced in commercial
10	quantities from the permit area in compliance
11	with the requirements of this Act and other ap-
12	plicable law.
13	(2) Continuation.—No permit shall expire be-
14	cause operations or production have ceased pursuant
15	to an approved temporary cessation or been sus-
16	pended pursuant to any order of, or with the consent
17	of, the Secretary concerned.
18	(e) Modifications to Permit.—
19	(1) Request from Permit Holder.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—A mining permit holder
21	may submit to the Secretary concerned an ap-
22	plication to modify the mining permit.
23	(B) Approval.—
24	(i) In General.—In determining
25	whether to approve or disapprove a pro-

1	posed modification to a mining permit, the
2	Secretary concerned shall make the same
3	determinations as are required in the case
4	of an original mining permit.
5	(ii) Exceptions.—Clause (i) shall
6	not apply to minor modifications to a min-
7	ing permit or instances in which the nature
8	of the modifications make compliance with
9	the requirements unnecessary, as deter-
10	mined by the Secretary concerned.
11	(2) Modifications from secretary con-
12	CERNED.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary con-
14	cerned may require reasonable modification to
15	any permit on a determination that the require-
16	ments of this Act or other applicable law cannot
17	be met if the permit is followed as approved.
18	(B) REQUIREMENTS FOR DETERMINA-
19	TION.—A determination under subparagraph
20	(A) shall be—
21	(i) based on a written finding; and
22	(ii) subject to notice and hearing re-
23	quirements established by the Secretary
24	concerned.
25	(f) LAND USE FEES.—

- (1) In General.—In the case of Federal land included in a mining permit approved under this sec-tion after the date of enactment of this Act, or Federal land added pursuant to a modification to a per-mit or plan of operations if the modification is ap-proved after the date of enactment of this Act, not later than August 31 of each year, the operator shall pay a land use fee in an amount established by the Secretary by regulation that is equal to 4 times the claim maintenance fee imposed section 102(a)(1) for each 20 acres of Federal land that is included within the mine permit area.
  - (2) ADDITIONAL FEE.—The land use fee imposed under this subsection shall be in addition to the claim maintenance fees imposed under section 102(a).
  - (3) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—Upon approval by the Secretary concerned of a mining permit and upon payment of the land use fee as required by this subsection, the operator may use and occupy all Federal land within the mine permit area for such uses as are approved in the mining permit if the uses are undertaken in accordance with all applicable law.

1	(4) Adjustment.—Land use fees imposed
2	under this subsection shall be adjusted as necessary
3	to correspond to any adjustment in the claim main-
4	tenance fees imposed under section 102(a).
5	(5) DISPOSITION OF FUNDS.—Any amounts re-
6	ceived under this subsection shall be deposited in the
7	Fund.
8	(g) Temporary Cessation of Operations.—
9	(1) In general.—An operator conducting min-
10	eral activities under this title may not temporarily
11	cease mineral activities for a period of greater than
12	180 days unless—
13	(A) the Secretary concerned has approved
14	the temporary cessation; or
15	(B) the temporary cessation is permitted
16	under the exploration or mining permit.
17	(2) Multiple temporary cessations.—The
18	Secretary concerned may approve more than 1 tem-
19	porary cessation for mineral activities under a per-
20	mit.
21	(3) Interim management plan.—Any oper-
22	ator temporarily ceasing mineral activities shall fol-
23	low an interim management plan approved by the

Secretary concerned.

## 1 SEC. 304. FINANCIAL ASSURANCES.

2	(a) In General.—Before beginning any mineral ac-
3	tivities requiring an exploration or mining permit under
4	this Act, an operator shall provide to the Secretary con-
5	cerned evidence of a bond, surety, or other financial assur-
6	ance approved by the Secretary concerned in an amount
7	determined, after public notice and comment, by the Sec-
8	retary concerned to be sufficient to ensure the completion
9	of reclamation under section 306 and the restoration of
10	any land or water adversely affected by the mineral activi-
11	ties if the work (including any interim stabilization and
12	infrastructure maintenance activities) would be performed
13	by the Secretary concerned (or a third party retained by
14	the Secretary concerned) in the event of forfeiture.
15	(b) Land and Water Covered.—The financial as-
16	surance shall cover—
17	(1) all land within the initial permit area;
18	(2) all affected water that may require restora-
19	tion, treatment, or other management as a result of
20	mineral activities; and
21	(3) all land added and water affected pursuant
22	to any permit modification.
23	(c) Review.—Not later than 3 years after the date
24	on which an operator provides financial assurance in an
25	amount determined under subsection (a) and not later

1	than every 3 years thereafter, the Secretary concerned
2	shall—
3	(1) review the financial assurance to determine
4	if the amount of the financial assurance is adequate
5	for purposes of this section; and
6	(2) if the Secretary concerned determines that
7	the amount of the financial assurance is not ade-
8	quate, adjust the amount of the financial assurance
9	in accordance with this section.
10	(d) REDUCTION.—
11	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
12	may reduce the amount of the financial assurance
13	required if the Secretary concerned determines that
14	a portion of the reclamation is completed in accord-
15	ance with section 306.
16	(2) Notice.—Before reducing or releasing the
17	amount of financial assurance pursuant to this sub-
18	section, the Secretary concerned shall provide public
19	notice and a reasonable opportunity for public notice
20	and comment in accordance with subsection (g).
21	(e) Incremental Financial Assurance.—
22	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
23	may authorize amounts of financial assurance for in-

cremental mineral activities if—

1	(A) no mineral activities are allowed be-
2	yond the activities for which financial assurance
3	is provided;
4	(B) the financial assurance for an incre-
5	ment covers all reclamation costs within the
6	permit area for the increment; and
7	(C) the amount and terms of the financial
8	assurance for each increment are reviewed an-
9	nually.
10	(2) Review.—Notwithstanding subsection (c),
11	the Secretary concerned shall—
12	(A) review at least on an annual basis the
13	amount and terms of the financial assurance
14	for any increment; and
15	(B) adjust the financial assurance as ap-
16	propriate.
17	(f) Duration.—The financial assurance required
18	under this section shall be held for the duration of the
19	mineral activities and for an additional period to cover the
20	responsibility of the operator for reclamation, long-term
21	maintenance, and effluent treatment as specified in sub-
22	section (h).
23	(g) Release.—Subject to subsections (h) and (i),
24	the Secretary concerned may, after public notice and a
25	reasonable opportunity for public comment and after in-

- spection, release in whole or in part the financial assur-2 ance required under this section if the Secretary concerned determines that— 3 4 (1) reclamation covered by the financial assur-5 ance has been accomplished as required by this Act 6 and other applicable law; and 7 (2) the terms and conditions of any other appli-8 cable Federal and State requirements have been fulfilled. 9 10 RELEASE (h)  $\mathbf{OF}$ Financial Assurance Water.—If the Secretary concerned does not require the 12 establishment of a trust fund or other long-term funding mechanism under subsection (i), the portion of the financial assurance attributable to the estimated cost of treat-14 15 ment of any discharge or other water-related condition resulting from mineral activities shall not be released until 16 17 the public has been provided notice and an opportunity 18 to comment in accordance with subsection (g) and— 19 (1) the discharge has ceased for a period of at 20 least 5 years, as determined through ongoing moni-21 toring and testing; or 22 (2) if the discharge continues, the operator has
- 22 (2) if the discharge continues, the operator has 23 met all applicable effluent limitations and water 24 quality standards for a period of at least 5 years.
- 25 (i) Long-Term Financial Assurances.—

(1) In General.—Notwithstanding subsections
(d) and (g), if any discharge or other water-related condition resulting from mineral activities requires treatment in order to meet the applicable effluent limitations and water quality standards, the financial assurance shall cover the estimated cost of maintaining the treatment for the period that will be needed after the cessation of mineral activities.

#### (2) Long-term funding mechanisms.—

- (A) In General.—The Secretary concerned shall, if determined necessary by the Secretary concerned, require the operator to establish a trust fund or other funding mechanism to provide financial assurances to ensure the continuation of long-term treatment or other management to achieve water quality standards and for other long-term, post-mining maintenance or monitoring requirements.
- (B) AMOUNT.—The amount of funding shall be adequate to provide for construction, long-term operation, maintenance, or replacement of any treatment facilities and infrastructure, for as long as the treatment and facilities are needed after mine closure.

1	(C) Liability.—Nothing in this para-
2	graph allows any person to transfer any liability
3	arising from mineral activities to any other per-
4	son.
5	(j) Report.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in
8	consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and
9	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
10	Agency, shall conduct a review and submit to the
11	Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the
12	Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of
13	the House of Representatives a report regarding the
14	sufficiency of financial assurances for locatable min-
15	erals activities (including exploration and mining) on
16	Federal land.
17	(2) Topics.—The report shall address—
18	(A) methods for establishing financial as-
19	surances levels;
20	(B) the type, level, and adequacy of finan-
21	cial assurances required for exploration activi-
22	ties;
23	(C) for each mine on Federal land—
24	(i) the dates of approval of any plan
25	of operation or mining permit;

1	(ii) the acreage involved;
2	(iii) the expected life of the mine;
3	(iv) the type, level, and adequacy of fi-
4	nancial assurance; and
5	(v) whether the mine is expected to
6	require long-term water treatment or
7	maintenance after mine closure;
8	(D) the effectiveness of various types of fi-
9	nancial assurances; and
10	(E) the availability of and costs associated
11	with various types of financial assurances.
12	(3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The report shall in-
13	clude any recommendations for modifications to
14	Federal law or applicable regulations to improve the
15	effectiveness of financial assurances for locatable
16	mineral activities described in paragraph (1).
17	SEC. 305. TRANSFER, ASSIGNMENT, OR SALE OF RIGHT.
18	The Secretary concerned shall approve the transfer,
19	assignment, or sale of rights of an exploration or mining
20	permit only if the successor in interest agrees in writing
21	to assume the liability and reclamation responsibilities (in-
22	cluding the financial assurance requirements under section
23	304 (including applicable regulations)) established by the
24	permit under this Act, without affecting the liability of the

- transferor under any other law or exploration or mining 2 permit. SEC. 306. OPERATION AND RECLAMATION. 4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The operator shall restore land 5 and water subject to mineral activities carried out under 6 a permit issued under this title to a condition capable of 7 supporting— 8 (1) the uses that the land and water was capa-9 ble of supporting before surface disturbance by the 10 operator; or 11 (2) other beneficial uses that conform to appli-12 cable land use plans (including, if appropriate, the 13 generation of renewable energy), as determined by 14 the Secretary concerned. 15 (b) Timing.— 16 (1) In General.—Reclamation activities shall 17 be carried out as contemporaneously as practicable 18 with the conduct of mineral activities. 19 (2) Temporary Cessation.—If mineral activi-20 ties are ceased for a period other than a temporary 21 cessation as approved by the Secretary concerned, 22 reclamation activities shall begin immediately.
- 23 (c) ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.—Notwithstanding 24 section 302(b) of the Federal Land Policy and Manage-25 ment Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1732(b)), the first section

- 1 of the Act of June 4, 1897 (commonly known as the "Or-
- 2 ganic Act of 1897") (16 U.S.C. 478), or the Forest and
- 3 Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974
- 4 (16 U.S.C. 1600 et seq.), and in accordance with this title
- 5 and applicable law, unless expressly stated otherwise in
- 6 this Act, the Secretary concerned—
- 7 (1) shall ensure that mineral activities on any
- 8 Federal land that is subject to a mining claim, mill-
- 9 site claim, or tunnel site claim are carefully con-
- trolled to prevent undue degradation of public land
- and resources; and
- 12 (2) shall not grant permission to engage in min-
- eral activities if the Secretary concerned, after con-
- sidering the evidence, makes a determination that
- undue degradation would result from those activi-
- ties.
- 17 (d) Operation and Reclamation Standards.—
- 18 The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall joint-
- 19 ly promulgate regulations that carry out this Act.
- 20 (e) Relationship to Other Laws.—The require-
- 21 ments of this Act shall be in addition to any requirements
- 22 applicable to mineral activities under—
- 23 (1) the Federal Land Policy and Management
- 24 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);

1	(2) the National Forest Management Act of
2	1976 (16 U.S.C. 472a et seq.); and
3	(3) the Act of June 4, 1897 (commonly known
4	as the "Organic Act of 1897") (16 U.S.C. 473–482,
5	551).
6	SEC. 307. LAND OPEN TO LOCATION.
7	Section 202(e) of the Federal Land Policy and Man-
8	agement Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712(e)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "removed
10	from or restored to the operation of the Mining Law
11	of 1872, as amended (R.S. 2318–2352; 30 U.S.C.
12	21 et seq.) or'; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(4) Review of Land.—
15	"(A) DEFINITION OF NATIONAL CON-
16	SERVATION SYSTEM UNIT.—In this paragraph,
17	the term 'National Conservation System unit'
18	means—
19	"(i) any unit of—
20	"(I) the National Park System;
21	"(II) the National Wildlife Ref-
22	uge System; or
23	"(III) the National Wild and
24	Scenic Rivers System;
25	"(ii) a National Monument; or

1	"(iii) a National Conservation Area.
2	"(B) REVIEW.—Not later than 3 years
3	after the date of enactment of this paragraph,
4	each Secretary concerned, acting through the
5	local Federal land manager, shall, consistent
6	with the respective jurisdiction of each Sec-
7	retary concerned, undertake and complete a re-
8	view of—
9	"(i) public land designated as a wil-
10	derness study area or National Forest Sys-
11	tem land identified as suitable for wilder-
12	ness designation;
13	"(ii) areas of critical environmental
14	concern;
15	"(iii) Federal land in which mineral
16	activities pose a reasonable likelihood of
17	substantial adverse impacts on National
18	Conservation system units;
19	"(iv)(I) areas designated for inclusion
20	in the National Wild and Scenic Rivers
21	System pursuant to the Wild and Scenic
22	Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.);
23	"(II) areas designated for potential
24	addition to the System pursuant to section
25	5(a) of that Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(a)); and

1	"(III) areas determined to be eligible
2	for inclusion in the System pursuant to
3	section 5(d) of that Act (16 U.S.C.
4	1276(d)); and
5	"(v)(I) inventoried roadless areas (as
6	defined in section 294.11 of title 36, Code
7	of Federal Regulations (or successor regu-
8	lations));
9	"(II) Idaho Roadless Areas (as de-
10	fined in section 294.21 of title 36, Code of
11	Federal Regulations (or successor regula-
12	tions)); and
13	"(III) Colorado Roadless Areas (as
14	defined in section 294.41 of title 36, Code
15	of Federal Regulations (or successor regu-
16	lations)).
17	"(5) WITHDRAWALS OF LAND.—
18	"(A) In general.—Subsequent to review
19	in accordance with paragraph (4)(B), in addi-
20	tion to withdrawals made pursuant to section
21	204 and subject to valid existing rights, tracts
22	of Federal land may, pursuant to this para-
23	graph, be removed from operation of sections
24	2318 through 2352 of the Revised Statutes
25	(commonly known and referred to in this sub-

u.S.C. 21 et seq.) if the Secretary, based on the analysis of the local Federal land manager, and in the case of National Forest System land, on the recommendation of the Secretary of Agriculture based on the analysis of the local Federal land manager, determines that the action is appropriate after application of the criteria established under subsection (c).

"(B) REVISION OF LAND USE PLANS.—
The Secretary concerned, acting through the local Federal land manager, shall revise or amend the applicable land use plan, as appropriate, to provide for removal of land, subject to valid existing rights, from operation of the Mining Law of 1872 on a determination by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) that the land should be removed from operation of that Act.

"(C) SEGREGATION FROM GENERAL MIN-ING LAWS PENDING COMPLETION.—On a determination by the Secretary that the land should be removed from operation of the Mining Law of 1872, the land shall be immediately segregated from operation of the Mining Law of

1	1872 until the plan amendment or revision is
2	completed.
3	"(D) COMPLETION DEADLINE.—Any
4	amendment or revision of a land use plan shall
5	be completed not later than 1 year after the
6	date of the determination of the Secretary
7	under subparagraph (A).
8	"(6) Petition for Review.—The Governor of
9	a State, the head of an Indian tribe, or an appro-
10	priate local government official may petition—
11	"(A) the Secretary concerned to direct the
12	local Federal land manager to undertake a re-
13	view under paragraph (4); and
14	"(B) the Secretary to determine whether
15	land within the State should be removed from
16	operation of the Mining Law of 1872, subject
17	to valid existing rights, pursuant to paragraph
18	(5).".
19	SEC. 308. STATE LAW.
20	Any reclamation, environmental, public health protec-
21	tion, bonding, or inspection standard or requirement in
22	State law (including regulations) that meets or exceeds the
23	requirements of this Act shall not be considered to be in-
24	consistent with this Act

#### SEC. 309. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.

1	SEC. 309. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.
2	(a) Inspections.—
3	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
4	shall make inspections of mineral activities to ensure
5	compliance with this Act.
6	(2) Timing.—The Secretary concerned shall es-
7	tablish the frequency of inspections for mineral ac-
8	tivities conducted under a permit issued under this
9	Act, with the Secretary concerned requiring not less
10	than 1 complete inspection per calendar quarter.
11	(3) Annual inspections.—After revegetation
12	has been established in accordance with a reclama-
13	tion plan, the Secretary concerned shall conduct not
14	less than 2 complete inspections per year.
15	(4) Seasonal activities.—The Secretary con-
16	cerned shall have the discretion to modify the in-
17	spection frequency for mineral activities that are
18	conducted on a seasonal basis, except that the Sec-
19	retary concerned shall require not less than 2 com-
20	plete inspections per calendar year.
21	(5) FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.—Inspections shall
22	continue under this subsection until the final release
23	of financial assurance.

(b) MONITORING.—The Secretary concerned shall re-

25 quire all operators—

1	(1) to develop and maintain a monitoring and
2	evaluation system to identify compliance with all re-
3	quirements of a permit approved under this Act; and
4	(2) to submit such reports as may be required
5	by the Secretary concerned.
6	SEC. 310. TRIBAL CONSULTATION.
7	(a) In General.—Consistent with Executive Order
8	13175 (25 U.S.C. 5301 note; relating to consultation and
9	coordination with Indian Tribal governments) and all
10	other applicable Federal law, the Secretary concerned
11	shall conduct active, meaningful, and timely consultation
12	with all applicable Indian Tribes prior to undertaking or
13	issuing a permit for any mineral activity that may affect—
14	(1) Indian land; or
15	(2) land that is not Indian land but is—
16	(A) within the exterior boundaries of In-
17	dian country (as defined in section 1151 of title
18	18, United States Code); or
19	(B) land to which an Indian Tribe attaches
20	religious or cultural significance.
21	(b) Timing.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (2), each consultation required for a mineral
24	activity under subsection (a) shall be completed be-
25	fore—

1	(A) any Federal funds are expended for
2	the mineral activity; and
3	(B) the issuance of any permit for the
4	mineral activity.
5	(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not
6	apply to nondestructive project planning for a min-
7	eral activity.
8	(c) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary concerned shall
9	ensure that consultation with an Indian Tribe under this
10	section—
11	(1) provides the Indian Tribe a reasonable op-
12	portunity—
13	(A) to identify any concerns of the Indian
14	Tribe;
15	(B) to advise on the identification and
16	evaluation of other areas that potentially would
17	be impacted by the mineral activities, including
18	areas of traditional religious or cultural impor-
19	tance;
20	(C) to articulate the views of the Indian
21	Tribe regarding the direct and indirect effects
22	of the mineral activities on the areas identified
23	and avaluated under subparagraph (R), and

1	(D) to participate in the resolution of any
2	potential adverse effects of the mineral activi-
3	ties;
4	(2) includes consultation with the representa-
5	tives designated or identified by the Indian Tribe;
6	(3) recognizes that the relationship between the
7	Federal Government and Indian Tribes—
8	(A) is a government-to-government rela-
9	tionship; and
10	(B) is a unique legal relationship, as pro-
11	vided under the Constitution of the United
12	States, treaties, laws, and court decisions; and
13	(4) is conducted in a manner—
14	(A) sensitive to the concerns and needs of
15	the Indian Tribe; and
16	(B) respectful of Tribal sovereignty.
17	(d) Effect.—Nothing in this section—
18	(1) alters, amends, repeals, interprets, or modi-
19	fies Tribal sovereignty or the treaty or other rights
20	of any Indian Tribe; or
21	(2) preempts, modifies, or limits the exercise of
22	Tribal sovereignty or the treaty or other rights of
23	any Indian Tribe.

# TITLE IV—HARDROCK MINERALS RECLAMATION FUND

3	SEC. 401. ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.
4	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
5	Treasury of the United States a separate account, to be
6	known as the "Hardrock Minerals Reclamation Fund",
7	consisting of—
8	(1) any amounts authorized to be appropriated
9	to the Fund under subsection (e);
10	(2) any amounts received by the United States
11	under section 101;
12	(3) any amounts collected under section 102
13	(subject to the requirements of section $102(c)(1)$ );
14	(4) any amounts donated to the Fund by per-
15	sons, corporations, associations, and foundations;
16	(5) any amounts collected under section 201;
17	(6) any amounts collected under section 303(e);
18	(7) any amounts collected under section 402;
19	(8) any amounts collected under sections 203
20	and 502; and
21	(9) any income on investments under subsection
22	(b).
23	(b) Investment.—
24	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall notify
25	the Secretary of the Treasury of any portion of the

- Fund that the Secretary determines is not required to meet current withdrawals.
- 3 (2) ELIGIBLE INVESTMENTS.—The Secretary of 4 the Treasury shall invest portions of the Fund iden-5 tified under paragraph (1) in public debt securities 6 with maturities suitable for the needs of the Fund.
- 7 (3) INTEREST.—Investments in public debt se8 curities shall bear interest at rates determined by
  9 the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consider10 ation current market yields on outstanding market11 place obligations of the United States of comparable
  12 maturity.
- 13 (c) ADMINISTRATION.—The Fund shall be adminis-14 tered by the Secretary, acting through the Director of the 15 Bureau of Land Management.
- (d) USE OF THE FUND.—Without fiscal year limita-17 tion and without further appropriation, the Secretary shall 18 use amounts in the Fund to carry out section 40704 of 19 the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (30 U.S.C. 20 1245).
- 21 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There 22 are authorized to be appropriated to the Fund such sums 23 as are necessary for fiscal year 2023 and each fiscal year 24 thereafter.

#### 1 SEC. 402. ABANDONED MINE LAND RECLAMATION FEE.

- 2 (a) Imposition of Fee.—Each operator of a
- 3 hardrock minerals mining operation shall pay to the Sec-
- 4 retary, for deposit in the Fund, a reclamation fee in an
- 5 amount established by the Secretary by regulation of not
- 6 less than 1 percent, and not more than 3 percent, of the
- 7 value of the production from the hardrock minerals mining
- 8 operation for each calendar year.
- 9 (b) VALUE OF PRODUCTION.—For purposes of this
- 10 section, the Secretary shall determine the value of produc-
- 11 tion in the same manner as provided under section 201(a).
- 12 (c) PAYMENT DEADLINE.—The reclamation fee shall
- 13 be paid not later than 60 days after the end of each cal-
- 14 endar year beginning with the first calendar year occur-
- 15 ring after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 16 (d) Deposit of Revenues.—Amounts received by
- 17 the Secretary under subsection (a) shall be deposited into
- 18 the Fund.
- 19 (e) Effect.—Nothing in this section requires a re-
- 20 duction in, or otherwise affects, any similar fee required
- 21 under any law (including regulations) of any State.

1	TITLE V—TRANSITION RULES,
2	ADMINISTRATIVE PROVI-
3	SIONS, AND MISCELLANEOUS
4	PROVISIONS
5	SEC. 501. TRANSITION RULES.
6	(a) Applicability.—
7	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
8	graph (2), section 201(b), and section 303(f), the re-
9	quirements of this Act apply to any mining claim,
10	millsite, or tunnel site located under the general
11	mining laws, before, on, or after the date of enact-
12	ment of this Act.
13	(2) Preexisting claim.—If a plan of oper-
14	ations is approved or a notice of operations is filed
15	for mineral activities on any claim or site referred to
16	in paragraph (1) before the date of enactment of
17	this Act—
18	(A) during the 10-year period beginning on
19	the date of enactment of this Act—
20	(i) mineral activities at the claim or
21	site shall be subject to the plan of oper-
22	ations or notice of operations; and
23	(ii) if the Secretary concerned deter-
24	mines that any modifications to the plan of
25	operations are minor, modification may be

1	made in accordance with the laws applica-
2	ble before the date of enactment of this
3	Act; and
4	(B) the operator shall bring the mineral
5	activities into compliance with this Act (includ-
6	ing implementing regulations) by the end of the
7	10-year period beginning on the date of enact-
8	ment of this Act.
9	(3) Fees.—Except as provided in sections
10	201(b) and 303(f), all fees required to be paid under
11	this Act shall apply beginning on the date of enact-
12	ment of this Act to—
13	(A) any mining claim, millsite, or tunnel
14	site located under the general mining laws (in-
15	cluding production from the claim or site) be-
16	fore, on, or after the date of enactment of this
17	Act;
18	(B) all land covered by a plan of oper-
19	ations or a notice of operations, exploration per-
20	mit, or mining permit; and
21	(C) with respect to the fee established by
22	section 402, any production on or after the date
23	of enactment of this Act from any hardrock
24	minerals mining operation.

1	(b) Application of Act to Beneficiation and
2	PROCESSING OF NON-FEDERAL MINERALS ON FEDERAL
3	Land.—
4	(1) In general.—This Act (including the sur-
5	face management and operation requirements of title
6	III) shall apply in the same manner and to the same
7	extent to mining claims, millsites, and tunnel sites
8	used for beneficiation or processing activities for any
9	mineral without regard to whether the legal and ben-
10	eficial title to the mineral is held by the United
11	States.
12	(2) Applicability.—This subsection applies
13	only to minerals that—
14	(A) are locatable minerals; or
15	(B) would be locatable minerals if the legal
16	and beneficial title to the minerals were held by
17	the United States.
18	SEC. 502. ENFORCEMENT.
19	(a) Orders.—
20	(1) NOTICE OF VIOLATION.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary con-
22	cerned determines that any person is in viola-
23	tion of any surface management or operation
24	requirement under title III or any regulation
25	promulgated to carry out such a requirement or

any permit condition required pursuant to title
III, the Secretary concerned shall provide to the
person a notice that describes the violation and
any necessary corrective actions.

## (B) ABATEMENT PERIOD.—

- (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), a person that receives notice under subparagraph (A) shall have not more than 90 days after the date of receipt of the notice to abate the violation.
- (ii) Extension.—The Secretary concerned may extend the period described in clause (i) if the person shows good cause for the extension, as determined by the Secretary concerned.

#### (2) Cessation order.—

(A) In General.—The Secretary concerned shall immediately order a cessation of mineral activities if the Secretary concerned determines that any condition or practice exists, or any person is in violation of any requirement of a permit approved, or notice of operations submitted, under this Act, that is causing, or can reasonably be expected to cause—

1	(i) an imminent danger to the health
2	or safety of the public; or
3	(ii) significant, imminent harm to
4	land, air, water, or fish or wildlife re-
5	sources.
6	(B) Requirements.—
7	(i) In general.—A cessation order
8	issued under subparagraph (A) shall re-
9	main in effect until the Secretary con-
10	cerned—
11	(I) determines that the condition,
12	practice, or violation has been abated;
13	or
14	(II) modifies, vacates, or termi-
15	nates the cessation order.
16	(ii) Abatement.—In any cessation
17	order issued under subparagraph (A), the
18	Secretary concerned shall—
19	(I) identify the steps necessary to
20	abate the violation in the most expedi-
21	tious manner practicable; and
22	(II) require appropriate financial
23	assurances to ensure that the abate-
24	ment obligations are met.
25	(C) Enforcement.—

1	(i) In General.—If the required
2	abatement has not been completed by the
3	date that is 30 days after the date on
4	which an order is issued under subpara-
5	graph (A), the Secretary concerned shall
6	bring against the person failing to com-
7	plete the abatement an enforcement action
8	that is most likely to bring about abate-
9	ment in the most expeditious manner prac-
10	ticable, including seeking appropriate in-
11	junctive relief to bring about abatement.
12	(ii) Effect.—Nothing in this sub-
13	paragraph precludes the Secretary con-
14	cerned from taking alternative enforcement
15	action before the date described in clause
16	(i).
17	(3) Modifications.—The Secretary concerned
18	may modify, vacate, or terminate any notice or order
19	issued under paragraph (1) or (2).
20	(4) Forfeiture.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a person fails to
22	abate a violation or defaults on the terms of the
23	permit, the Secretary concerned shall forfeit the
24	financial assurance for the permit as necessary

to ensure abatement and reclamation under this
Act.

- (B) ALTERNATIVES.—The Secretary concerned may prescribe conditions under which a surety may perform reclamation in accordance with the approved permit and applicable law instead of forfeiture.
- (C) LIABILITY.—In the event of forfeiture, the claim holder or operator, or a subsidiary, parent company, corporation, or partner of the claim holder, or operator shall be jointly and severally liable for any remaining reclamation obligations under this Act.

### (b) Civil Penalties.—

- (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), any person that violates any surface management or operation requirement under title III, any regulation promulgated to carry out such a requirement, or any permit condition required pursuant to title III may be assessed a civil penalty by the Secretary concerned.
- (2) CESSATION ORDER.—If the violation leads to the issuance of a cessation order under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary concerned shall assess the civil penalty.

1	(3) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The penalty shall not
2	exceed \$5,000 for each violation.
3	(4) Continuing violations.—Each day of
4	continuing violation may be considered a separate
5	violation for purposes of penalty assessments.
6	(5) Factors affecting amount.—In deter-
7	mining the amount of the penalty for a violation by
8	a person, the Secretary concerned shall consider—
9	(A) the history of the person of previous
10	violations;
11	(B) the seriousness of the violation, includ-
12	ing any irreparable harm to the environment
13	and any hazard to the health or safety of the
14	publie;
15	(C) whether the person was negligent; and
16	(D) the demonstrated good faith of the
17	person charged in attempting to achieve rapid
18	compliance after notification of the violation.
19	(6) Corporate liability.—If a corporate per-
20	mittee is in violation of a requirement of any surface
21	management or operations requirement under title
22	III of this Act, any regulation promulgated to carry
23	out such a requirement, or any permit condition re-
24	quired pursuant to title III, or fails or refuses to

comply with a notice or an order issued under sub-

section (a), any director, officer, or agent of the corporation who willfully and knowingly authorized, ordered, or carried out the violation, failure, or refusal shall be subject to civil penalties, fines, and imprisonment that may be imposed under a person under this subsection, subsection (d) or (e).

# (c) Administrative Review.—

- (1) COMPLIANCE ORDER.—Any person issued a notice of violation or a cessation order under subsection (a) may apply to the Secretary concerned for review of the notice or order by the date that is not later than 30 days after receipt of the notice or order.
- (2) CIVIL PENALTY.—Any person who is subject to a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary concerned under this section may apply to the Secretary concerned for review of the penalty by the date that is not later than 30 days after the date on which the person receives notice of the penalty.
- (3) Hearing.—The Secretary concerned shall provide an opportunity for a hearing on the record subject to section 554 of title 5, United States Code, at the request of any person that is—
- 24 (A) issued a notice of violation under sub-25 section (a)(1);

1	(B) issued a cessation order under sub-
2	section $(a)(2)$ ; or
3	(C) subject to civil penalties under sub-
4	section (b).
5	(d) CIVIL ACTION.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary concerned
7	may submit to the Attorney General a request to
8	bring a civil action for relief, including a permanent
9	or temporary injunction or restraining order and the
10	imposition of civil penalties, in any appropriate dis-
11	trict court of the United States, if a person—
12	(A) violates, fails, or refuses to comply
13	with any notice or order issued by the Secretary
14	concerned under subsection (a); or
15	(B) interferes with, hinders, or delays the
16	Secretary concerned in carrying out an inspec-
17	tion under section 309.
18	(2) Relief.—
19	(A) In general.—The court hearing a
20	civil action brought under paragraph (1) shall
21	have the jurisdiction to provide any relief that
22	the court determines to be appropriate.
23	(B) REVIEW.—Any relief granted by the
24	court to enforce an order under paragraph (1)
25	shall continue in effect until the date on which

1	all proceedings for review of the order are com-
2	pleted or terminated unless the court granting
3	the relief sets the relief aside.
4	(e) Criminal Penalties.—
5	(1) False statements; tampering.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—A person shall, on con-
7	viction, be punished by a fine of not more than
8	\$25,000, imprisonment for not more than 1
9	year, or fine and imprisonment if the person
10	willfully and knowingly—
11	(i) makes any false material state-
12	ment, representation, or certification in,
13	omits or conceals material information
14	from, or unlawfully alters, any mining
15	claim, notice of location, application,
16	record, report, plan, or other document
17	filed or required to be maintained under
18	this Act; or
19	(ii) falsifies, tampers with, renders in-
20	accurate, or fails to install any monitoring
21	device or method required to be maintained
22	under this Act.
23	(B) SECOND VIOLATION.—If a conviction
24	of a person under subparagraph (A) is for a
25	violation committed after a first conviction of

1 the person under that subparagraph, punish-2 ment shall be by a fine of not more than \$50,000, imprisonment of not more than 2 3 4 years, or fine and imprisonment. 5 (2) Knowing violations.— 6 (A) IN GENERAL.—A person shall, on con-7 viction, be punished by a fine of not more than 8 \$25,000, imprisonment for not more than 1 9 year, or both if the person willfully and know-10 ingly— 11 (i) engages in mineral activities with-12 out a permit if required under section 302 13 or 303; or 14 (ii) violates any surface management 15 or operation requirement under title III (including any regulation promulgated to 16 17 carry out the requirement) or any require-18 ment, condition, or limitation of a permit 19 issued under this Act. (B) SECOND VIOLATION.—If a conviction 20 21 of a person under subparagraph (A) is for a 22 violation committed after the first conviction of 23 the person under that subparagraph, punish-

ment shall be a fine of not more than \$50,000,

1	imprisonment of not more than 2 years, or
2	both.
3	(f) Delegation.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
4	sion of law, the Secretary may use personnel of the Office
5	of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement or the
6	Bureau of Land Management to ensure compliance with
7	this Act.
8	SEC. 503. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
9	(a) Rulemaking.—
10	(1) In general.—The following shall be sub-
11	ject to judicial review only in the United States
12	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia:
13	(A) Any final action by the Secretary con-
14	cerned in promulgating regulations to carry out
15	this Act.
16	(B) Any other final actions considered to
17	be a rulemaking to carry out this Act.
18	(2) Deadline.—A petition for review of any
19	action subject to judicial review under paragraph (1)
20	shall be filed not later than 60 days after the date
21	of the action unless the petition is based solely on
22	grounds arising after the 60-day period.
23	(b) Final Agency Action.—Except as provided in
24	subsection (a), final agency action under this Act shall be
25	subject to judicial review in the district courts of the

1	United States in accordance with section 1391 of title 28,
2	United States Code.
3	SEC. 504. UNCOMMON VARIETIES.
4	(a) Determinations.—Section 3 of the Act of July
5	23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611), is amended—
6	(1) by striking "Sec. 3. No deposit" and insert-
7	ing the following:
8	"SEC. 3. COMMON VARIETIES OF MINERAL MATERIALS.
9	"(a) In General.—No deposit";
10	(2) in the first sentence—
11	(A) by inserting "mineral materials, in-
12	cluding" after "varieties of"; and
13	(B) by striking "or cinders" and inserting
14	"cinders, and clay";
15	(3) by striking "'Common varieties' as used in
16	this Act does not" and inserting the following:
17	"(c) Definitions.—In this Act:
18	"(1) COMMON VARIETIES.—The term 'common
19	varieties' does not'';
20	(4) by striking "'Petrified wood' as used in this
21	Act means" and inserting the following:
22	"(2) Petrified wood.—The term 'petrified
23	wood' means''; and
24	(5) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
25	lowing

1	"(b) Disposal of Mineral Materials.—
2	"(1) Definition of Valid Existing
3	RIGHTS.—In this subsection, the term 'valid existing
4	rights' means rights to a mining claim located for
5	any mineral material that—
6	"(A) had and still has some property giv-
7	ing mineral material the distinct and special
8	value referred to in this section or, as the case
9	may be, met the definition of block pumice re-
10	ferred to in subsection (c)(1);
11	"(B) was properly located and maintained
12	under the general mining laws prior to the date
13	of enactment of this subsection;
14	"(C) was supported by a discovery of a val-
15	uable mineral deposit within the meaning of the
16	general mining laws as in effect immediately
17	prior to the date of enactment of this sub-
18	section; and
19	"(D) continues to be valid under this Act.
20	"(2) DISPOSAL.—Subject to valid existing
21	rights, effective beginning on the date of enactment
22	of this subsection, notwithstanding the references to
23	the term common varieties in this section and to the
24	exception to the term relating to a deposit of mate-
25	rials with some property giving it distinct and spe-

- 1 cial value, all deposits of mineral materials referred
- 2 to in this section (including the block pumice re-
- ferred to in subsection (c)(1) shall be subject to dis-
- 4 posal only under the terms and conditions of the Act
- of July 31, 1947 (commonly known as the 'Materials
- 6 Act of 1947') (30 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).".
- 7 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The first section of
- 8 the Act of July 31, 1947 (commonly known as the "Mate-
- 9 rials Act of 1947") (30 U.S.C. 601), is amended in the
- 10 first sentence by striking "common varieties of".
- 11 SEC. 505. REVIEW OF URANIUM DEVELOPMENT ON FED-
- 12 ERAL LAND.
- 13 (a) Definition of Federal Land.—In this sec-
- 14 tion, the term "Federal land" means land administered
- 15 by the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture.
- 16 (b) Review.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after
- 18 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in
- 19 consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
- 20 enter into an arrangement under which the National
- Academy of Sciences shall conduct a study of ura-
- 22 nium development on Federal land.
- 23 (2) Matters to be addressed.—The study
- shall describe and analyze—

1	(A) the laws applicable to the development
2	of uranium on Federal land and the agencies
3	responsible for administering and enforcing
4	those laws;
5	(B) the requirements relating to the devel-
6	opment of uranium under sections 2318
7	through 2352 of the Revised Statutes (com-
8	monly known and referred to in this section as
9	the "Mining Law of 1872") (30 U.S.C. 21 et
10	seq.);
11	(C) the requirements relating to the devel-
12	opment of uranium under the Atomic Energy
13	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.);
14	(D) the uranium leasing program adminis-
15	tered by the Department of Energy under that
16	Act;
17	(E) the requirements relating to the ap-
18	proval of uranium in-situ leasing recovery and
19	the licensing process required by the Nuclean
20	Regulatory Commission;
21	(F) the efficacy of bonds or other forms of
22	financial surety in ensuring the reclamation of
23	Federal land and associated waters impacted by
24	the development of uranium, and

1	(G) the efficacy of Federal law in pro-
2	tecting public health and safety and the envi-
3	ronment from impacts due to the development
4	of uranium on Federal land.
5	(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—The study shall—
6	(1) analyze the effectiveness of current Federal
7	requirements applicable to the exploration, develop-
8	ment, and production of uranium on Federal land in
9	allowing for the production of uranium while ensur-
10	ing protection of public health and safety and the
11	environment; and
12	(2) make recommendations as to changes, if
13	any, to Federal law (including regulations) and
14	agency procedures relating to the development of
15	uranium resources on Federal land to allow for the
16	production of uranium while ensuring protection of
17	public health and safety and the environment, in-
18	cluding specific recommendations on whether—
19	(A) future development of uranium on
20	Federal land should be—
21	(i) removed from operation of the
22	Mining Law of 1872; and
23	(ii) subject to leasing;
24	(B) additional requirements (including ad-
25	ditional financial assurances or fees) should be

1	applicable to ensure reclamation of uranium
2	mine sites, including abandoned uranium mine
3	sites; and
4	(C) whether additional land should be
5	withdrawn from location and entry of uranium
6	mining claims by the Secretary.
7	(d) Completion of Study.—The National Acad-
8	emy of Sciences shall—
9	(1) not later than 18 months after the date of
10	enactment of this Act, submit the findings and rec-
11	ommendations of the study to the Secretary and the
12	Secretary of Agriculture; and
13	(2) on completion of the study, make the results
14	of the study available to the public.
15	(e) Report.—Not later than 180 days after receiving
16	the results of the study, the Secretary, in consultation with
17	the Secretary of Agriculture, shall submit to the Com-
18	mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate
19	and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House
20	of Representatives a report on—
21	(1) the findings and recommendations of the
22	study;
23	(2) the agreement or disagreement of the Secre-
24	taries with each of the findings and recommenda-
25	tions of the study; and

- 1 (3)(A) a plan and timeframe for implementing 2 those recommendations of the study that do not re-3 quire legislation; or
- 4 (B) if the Secretary declines to implement a 5 recommendation, the justification for declining to 6 implement the recommendation.

### **SEC. 506. EFFECT.**

- 8 (a) Special Application of General Mining 9 Laws.
  - or modifies any Federal law (including regulations), order, or land use plan in effect before the date of enactment of this Act that prohibits or restricts the application of the general mining laws, including laws that provide for special management criteria for operations under the general mining laws as in effect before the date of enactment of this Act, and laws that provide protections of natural and cultural resources and the environment that are equal to or greater than the protections required under this Act.
    - (2) Existing laws.—Any law described in paragraph (1) shall remain in force and effect with respect to claims and sites located or proposed to be located under this Act.

1	(3) Mineral investigations.—Nothing in
2	this Act applies to or limits mineral investigations,
3	studies, or other mineral activities conducted by any
4	Federal or State agency acting in a governmental
5	capacity under other authorities.
6	(b) Environmental Laws.—Nothing in this Act af-
7	fects or limits any assessment, investigation, evaluation,
8	or listing under—
9	(1) the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
10	sponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42
11	U.S.C. 9601 et seq.); or
12	(2) the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C.
13	3251 et seq.).
14	(c) Effect on General Mining Laws.—
15	(1) In general.—This Act supersedes the gen-
16	eral mining laws, except for the provisions of the
17	general mining laws relating to the location of min-
18	ing claims that are not expressly modified by this
19	Act.
20	(2) Limitation.—Nothing in this Act super-
21	sedes, modifies, amends, or repeals any provision of
22	Federal law not expressly superseded, modified,
23	amended, or repealed by this Act, other than the
24	general mining laws.