

111TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. 3899

To provide enhanced Federal enforcement and assistance in preventing and prosecuting crimes of violence against children.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 29, 2010

Mrs. BOXER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

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## A BILL

To provide enhanced Federal enforcement and assistance in preventing and prosecuting crimes of violence against children.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Violence Against Chil-  
5       dren Act of 2010”.

6       **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7       Congress makes the following findings:

8               (1) According to a report by the Federal Inter-  
9       agency Forum on Child and Family Statistics, in

1 2007, more than 248,000 violent crimes were com-  
2 mitted against children between ages 12 and 17.

3 (2) According to data from the National Inci-  
4 dent-Based Reporting System, people under the age  
5 of 18 make up approximately 26 percent of violent  
6 crime victims reported to police, including 70 per-  
7 cent of all reported sexual assaults. Of the victims  
8 under the age of 18, approximately 37 percent were  
9 under the age of 12.

10 (3) According to data from the Bureau of Jus-  
11 tice Statistics, people between the ages of 12 and 19  
12 are victims of violent crime twice as often as people  
13 over the age of 20.

14 (4) According to data from the Bureau of Jus-  
15 tice Statistics, only 35 percent of violent crimes  
16 against people between ages 12 and 19 are actually  
17 reported to police.

18 (5) According to data from the Department of  
19 Health and Human Services, it is estimated that  
20 more than 85,000 children were victims of physical  
21 abuse in 2006, of which approximately 465 were fa-  
22 talities.

23 (6) Child abuse has long-lasting negative effects  
24 upon children and families, including delayed devel-  
25 opment, depression, substance abuse, and increased

1 likelihood of experiencing or perpetrating domestic  
2 violence as an adult.

3 (7) Local law enforcement agencies are in need  
4 of additional resources to protect and serve the  
5 needs of children and families.

6 (8) Legal representation, including training re-  
7 quirements for attorneys, guardians ad litem (GAL),  
8 and court appointed special advocates (CASA), and  
9 caseload restrictions, for children in dependency  
10 court varies substantially by State and jurisdiction.

11 (9) With an estimated 30,000 gangs operating  
12 within the United States, gang violence and drug  
13 trafficking remain serious problems throughout the  
14 country, causing injury and death to innocent vic-  
15 tims, often children.

16 (10)(A) For example, on November 13, 2005, a  
17 gang-related dispute broke out in San Bernardino,  
18 California, and gunfire sprayed an apartment build-  
19 ing, killing 11-year-old Mynisha Crenshaw and seri-  
20 ously wounding her 14-year-old sister as they ate  
21 Sunday dinner with their family.

22 (B) This tragic shooting symbolizes the struggle  
23 that so many communities across the United States,  
24 like San Bernardino, face in combating gang vio-  
25 lence, and serves as a reminder of the nationwide

1 problem of protecting children from senseless vio-  
2 lence.

3 (11) Coordination of Federal resources is need-  
4 ed to reduce gang violence through proven and  
5 proactive prevention and intervention programs, in-  
6 cluding programs that focus on keeping at-risk  
7 youth in school and out of the criminal justice sys-  
8 tem.

9 (12) According to a 2006 report by the Wash-  
10 ington State Attorney General and the Department  
11 of Justice (Office of Juvenile Justice and Delin-  
12 quency Prevention), in 76 percent of murders of an  
13 abducted child, the murder is committed within 3  
14 hours of the abduction.

15 (13) The same report found that in 89 percent  
16 of missing child murders, the child died within 24  
17 hours of disappearing.

18 (14) For example, on March 27, 2009, 8-year-  
19 old Sandra Cantu of Tracy, California, was reported  
20 missing by her mother. Following more than a week  
21 of search and investigation, she was found dead, the  
22 victim of kidnapping and murder.

23 (15) Federal, State, and local law enforcement  
24 must have more tools to act quickly in investigating

1 reports of crimes against children, particularly child  
2 abductions.

3 **TITLE I—ENHANCED ASSIST-**  
4 **ANCE FOR CRIMINAL INVES-**  
5 **TIGATIONS AND PROSECU-**  
6 **TIONS BY STATE AND LOCAL**  
7 **ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS**

8 **SEC. 101. ENHANCED ASSISTANCE FOR CRIMINAL INVES-**  
9 **TIGATIONS AND PROSECUTIONS BY STATE**  
10 **AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—At the request of a State, Indian  
12 tribal government, or unit of local government, the Attor-  
13 ney General shall provide technical, forensic, prosecutorial,  
14 or any other form of assistance in the criminal investiga-  
15 tion or prosecution of any crime that—

16 (1) constitutes a felony under the laws of the  
17 State or Indian tribe; and

18 (2) is committed against an individual under 18  
19 years of age.

20 (b) PRIORITY.—If the Attorney General determines  
21 that there are insufficient resources to fulfill requests  
22 made pursuant to subsection (a), the Attorney General  
23 shall give priority to requests for assistance to—

1 (1) crimes committed by, or believed to be com-  
2 mitted by, offenders who have committed crimes in  
3 more than 1 State; and

4 (2) jurisdictions that have limited resources and  
5 difficulty covering the extraordinary expenses relat-  
6 ing to the investigation or prosecution of the crime.

7 (c) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—Every 180 days following  
9 the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney Gen-  
10 eral shall submit to Congress a report on applica-  
11 tions for Federal assistance under this Act, and  
12 Federal assistance provided under this Act.

13 (2) CONTENTS.—Each report under paragraph  
14 (1) shall include—

15 (A) a listing of all applications for Federal  
16 assistance under this title during the previous  
17 180 days;

18 (B) a description of each application sub-  
19 mitted during the previous 180 days, whether  
20 approved, denied, or pending, including the  
21 name of the requesting party and the nature of  
22 the request for assistance;

23 (C) reasons for approval or denial of each  
24 application, and the persons involved in the re-

1 view and decision-making process for each ap-  
2 plication; and

3 (D) if Federal assistance was provided, a  
4 description of the assistance provided, including  
5 the date on which the assistance was provided.

6 (d) ENHANCED TRACKING AND COORDINATION OF  
7 FBI EFFORTS IN ADDRESSING CRIMES AGAINST CHIL-  
8 DREN.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after  
10 the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney Gen-  
11 eral shall submit a report to the appropriate com-  
12 mittees of Congress, the Director of the Office of  
13 Management and Budget and the Domestic Policy  
14 Council that sets forth the proposed systems, proce-  
15 dures and protocols developed and implemented in  
16 response to chapter 3 of the Office of Inspector Gen-  
17 eral’s Audit Report 09–08 (January 2009) entitled  
18 “The Federal Bureau of Investigation’s Efforts to  
19 Combat Crimes Against Children,” including any ad-  
20 ditional funding needs for development and imple-  
21 mentation of the recommendations.

22 (2) CONTENT.—If any recommendation pro-  
23 posed in the Office of Inspector General’s Audit Re-  
24 port 09–08 (January 2009) remains incomplete or  
25 has not been implemented at the time the report re-

1       quired under paragraph (1) is prepared, the report  
2       shall describe—

3               (A) the reasons that the remaining rec-  
4               ommendation has not been implemented; or

5               (B) a specific action plan for implementing  
6               or completing implementation of the remaining  
7               recommendation.

8               (3) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES.—In this sub-  
9       section, the term “appropriate committees of Con-  
10      gress” means—

11              (A) the Committee on the Judiciary, the  
12              Committee on Appropriations, and the Com-  
13              mittee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-  
14              sions of the Senate; and

15              (B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the  
16              Committee on Appropriations, the Committee  
17              on Education and Labor, and the Committee on  
18              Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-  
19              resentatives.

20              (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There  
21      are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney Gen-  
22      eral—

23              (1) \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011  
24              through 2015 for the Crimes Against Children Unit  
25              of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with



1       \$2,500,000 of such funds for the Child Abduction  
2       Rapid Deployment (CARD) program; and

3           (2) \$2,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2011  
4       through 2015 for the Child Abduction Response  
5       Teams (CART) program of the Office of Juvenile  
6       Justice and Delinquency Prevention for the purpose  
7       of providing training and technical assistance on  
8       child abductions to local law enforcement.

9       **SEC. 102. ENHANCED MONITORING FOR PAROLEES.**

10       (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 505 of title I of the Omni-  
11       bus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42  
12       U.S.C. 3755) is amended by adding at the end the fol-  
13       lowing:

14           “(i) ENHANCED MONITORING FOR PAROLEES.—

15               “(1) IN GENERAL.—A State receiving funds  
16       under this subpart shall—

17                   “(A) use not less than 7.5 percent of the  
18       total funds received under this subpart each fis-  
19       cal year for the purpose of improving the parole  
20       system of the State by allocating—

21                       “(i) not less than 3.75 percent of the  
22       total funds received under this subpart to  
23       the State department of corrections or  
24       highest agency responsible for the parole  
25       system of the State; and

1           “(ii) not less than 3.75 percent of the  
2           total funds received under this subpart to  
3           law enforcement or other agencies of a unit  
4           of local government or other unit of local  
5           government officials that are responsible  
6           for maintaining local corrections facilities  
7           and assisting with parole enforcement in  
8           the State;

9           “(B) not later than 1 year after the date  
10          of enactment of the Violence Against Children  
11          Act of 2010, submit to the Attorney General a  
12          report in accordance with regulations which  
13          shall be promulgated by the Attorney General,  
14          that includes—

15               “(i) statistics regarding the number of  
16               violations of parole and re-incarcerations in  
17               the State, including specific statistics for  
18               those convicted of a crime of violence  
19               against a child;

20               “(ii) a description of any weaknesses  
21               of the parole system of the State;

22               “(iii) the number of parolees who have  
23               committed a crime of violence against a  
24               child;

1           “(iv) the number of crimes of violence  
2           against children that have been committed  
3           by parolees during the last 5 full fiscal  
4           years before the date of the submission of  
5           the report;

6           “(v) an action plan for improving the  
7           parole system of the State for individuals  
8           who have been convicted of a crime of vio-  
9           lence against a child, including measurable  
10          criteria for improvement; and

11          “(vi) any other information the Attor-  
12          ney General determines necessary;

13          “(C) not later than 1 year after the sub-  
14          mission of the report under subparagraph (B),  
15          and annually thereafter, submit to the Attorney  
16          General an updated version of the report de-  
17          scribed in subparagraph (B);

18          “(D) take steps to ensure that the State is  
19          using the most up-to-date and effective tech-  
20          nology in monitoring parolees who have been  
21          convicted of a crime of violence against a child;  
22          and

23          “(E) establish a program that places addi-  
24          tional restrictions and penalties, including in-

1           creased monitoring or longer periods of incar-  
2           ceration, on a parolee who—

3                   “(i) has been convicted of a crime of  
4                   violence against a child; and

5                   “(ii) violates the terms or conditions  
6                   of the supervision of the parolee.

7           “(2) FAILURE OF STATE TO COMPLY.—For any  
8           fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of  
9           the Violence Against Children Act of 2010, a State  
10          that fails to comply with the requirements under  
11          paragraph (1), as determined by the Attorney Gen-  
12          eral, shall not receive 7.5 percent of the total funds  
13          that would otherwise be allocated to the State for  
14          the subsequent fiscal year under this subpart.

15          “(3) CRIME OF VIOLENCE AGAINST A CHILD.—  
16          For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘crime of  
17          violence against a child’ means a crime of violence,  
18          as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18,  
19          United States Code, committed against an individual  
20          under 18 years of age.

21          “(4) SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.—A State  
22          receiving funds under this subsection shall use the  
23          funds to supplement and not supplant any additional  
24          funds received by the State to be used for parole  
25          corrections or law enforcement officials.”.

1 (b) SUNSET.—Effective 5 years after the date of en-  
2 actment of this Act, section 505 of title I of the Omnibus  
3 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.  
4 3755) is amended by striking subsection (i).

## 5 **TITLE II—GRANT PROGRAMS**

### 6 **SEC. 201. FEDERAL ASSISTANCE TO STATE AND LOCAL LAW** 7 **ENFORCEMENT.**

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall award  
9 grants to assist States, Indian tribal governments, and  
10 units of local government to develop and strengthen effec-  
11 tive law enforcement and prosecution of crimes against  
12 children.

13 (b) PURPOSES.—Grants provided under this section  
14 shall provide personnel, training, technical assistance,  
15 data collection, and other equipment for the more wide-  
16 spread apprehension, prosecution, and adjudication of per-  
17 sons committing crimes against children, and specifically,  
18 for the purposes of—

19 (1) training law enforcement officers, prosecu-  
20 tors, judges, and other court personnel to more ef-  
21 fectively identify and respond to crimes against chil-  
22 dren;

23 (2) developing, training, or expanding units of  
24 law enforcement officers, prosecutors, or courts spe-  
25 cifically targeting crimes against children;

1           (3) developing and implementing more effective  
2 police and prosecution policies, protocols, orders, and  
3 services specifically devoted to preventing, identi-  
4 fying, and responding to crimes against children;

5           (4) developing, installing, or expanding data  
6 collection and communication systems, including  
7 computerized systems, linking police, prosecutors,  
8 and courts for the purpose of identifying and track-  
9 ing arrests, prosecutions, and convictions for crimes  
10 against children;

11          (5) encouraging, developing, and strengthening  
12 programs, procedures, and policies that enhance  
13 cross-collaboration and cross-communication between  
14 law enforcement and child services agencies regard-  
15 ing the care, treatment, and services for child vic-  
16 tims;

17          (6) developing, enlarging, or strengthening pro-  
18 grams addressing the needs and circumstances of  
19 Indian tribes in dealing with crimes against children;  
20 and

21          (7) developing, training, or expanding units of  
22 law enforcement officers, prosecutors, or courts to  
23 investigate and prosecute Internet crimes against  
24 children, including increased development and train-  
25 ing in the use of forensic methods.

1 (c) APPLICATION.—

2 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State, Indian tribal  
3 government, or unit of local government that desires  
4 a grant under this section shall submit an applica-  
5 tion to the Attorney General at such time, in such  
6 manner, and accompanied by or containing such in-  
7 formation as the Attorney General shall reasonably  
8 require.

9 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—A State, Indian tribal  
10 government, or unit of local government applying for  
11 a grant under this section shall—

12 (A) describe—

13 (i) the purposes for which the grant is  
14 needed;

15 (ii) the intended use of the grant  
16 funds; and

17 (iii) the expected results from the use  
18 of grant funds;

19 (B) demonstrate that, in developing a plan  
20 to implement the grant, the State, Indian tribal  
21 government, or unit of local government has  
22 consulted and coordinated with nonprofit, non-  
23 governmental victim services programs that  
24 have experience in providing services to victims  
25 of crimes against children; and

1 (C) certify that—

2 (i) any Federal funds received under  
3 this section will be used to supplement, not  
4 supplant, non-Federal funds that would  
5 otherwise be available for activities funded  
6 under this section; and

7 (ii) the State, the Indian tribal gov-  
8 ernment, or the State in which the unit of  
9 local government is located is in compli-  
10 ance with sections 301 and 302.

11 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is  
12 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
13 \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2011 through  
14 2013.

15 **SEC. 202. EDUCATION, PREVENTION, AND VICTIMS' ASSIST-**  
16 **ANCE GRANTS.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall award  
18 grants to assist States, Indian tribal governments, units  
19 of local government, universities, and nongovernmental or-  
20 ganizations to provide education, prevention, intervention,  
21 and victims' assistance services regarding crimes against  
22 children.

23 (b) PURPOSES.—Grants provided under this section  
24 shall be used to provide education, prevention, and inter-  
25 vention services to prevent crimes against children and to



1 provide assistance to children, and the families of children,  
2 who are victims of crime, including—

3 (1) educational seminars;

4 (2) the operation of hotlines;

5 (3) training programs for professionals;

6 (4) the preparation of informational material  
7 for education and public awareness;

8 (5) multidisciplinary training curricula at ac-  
9 credited schools of law and undergraduate institu-  
10 tions in order to provide a broad and comprehensive  
11 foundation for improved intervention and representa-  
12 tion of abused and neglected children;

13 (6) intervention services to prevent crimes  
14 against children;

15 (7) other efforts to increase awareness of the  
16 facts about, or to help prevent, crimes against chil-  
17 dren, including efforts to increase awareness in un-  
18 derserved racial, ethnic, and language minority com-  
19 munities;

20 (8) emergency medical treatment for victims;

21 (9) counseling to victims of crimes against chil-  
22 dren and their families; and

23 (10) increasing the supply of mental health pro-  
24 fessionals specializing in the mental health of victims  
25 of crimes against children.

1 (c) APPLICATION.—

2 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each State, Indian tribal  
3 government, unit of local government, or nongovern-  
4 mental organization that desires a grant under this  
5 section shall submit an application to the Attorney  
6 General at such time, in such manner, and accom-  
7 panied by or containing such information as the At-  
8 torney General shall reasonably require.

9 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—A State, Indian tribal  
10 government, unit of local government, or nongovern-  
11 mental organization applying for a grant under this  
12 section shall—

13 (A) describe—

14 (i) the purposes for which the grant is  
15 needed;

16 (ii) the intended use of the grant  
17 funds; and

18 (iii) the expected results from the use  
19 of grant funds;

20 (B) demonstrate that, in developing a plan  
21 to implement the grant—

22 (i) in the case of a State, Indian tribal  
23 government, or unit of local government,  
24 that the State, Indian tribal government,  
25 or unit of local government has consulted

1 and coordinated with nonprofit, nongovern-  
2 mental victim services programs that have  
3 experience in providing services to victims  
4 of crimes against children; and

5 (ii) in the case of a nongovernmental  
6 organization, that the nongovernmental or-  
7 ganization has experience in providing edu-  
8 cation, prevention, or intervention services  
9 regarding crimes against children or has  
10 experience in providing services to victims  
11 of crimes against children; and

12 (C) certify that—

13 (i) any Federal funds received under  
14 this section will be used to supplement, not  
15 supplant, non-Federal funds that would  
16 otherwise be available for activities funded  
17 under this section, provided that the Attor-  
18 ney General may waive such requirement  
19 for nongovernmental organizations in ex-  
20 traordinary circumstances; and

21 (ii) the State, the Indian tribal gov-  
22 ernment, the State in which the unit of  
23 local government is located, or the State in  
24 which the nongovernmental organization  
25 will operate the activities funded under this

1 section is located, is in compliance with  
2 section 303.

3 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is  
4 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
5 \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2010 through  
6 2013.

## 7 **TITLE III—NATIONWIDE** 8 **PROGRAMS**

### 9 **SEC. 301. IMPROVED STATISTICAL GATHERING.**

10 Each State receiving grants pursuant to title II shall  
11 use, or shall be in the process of testing or developing pro-  
12 tocols to use, the National Incident-Based Reporting Sys-  
13 tem.

### 14 **SEC. 302. IMPROVED CHILD PROTECTION SERVICES PRO-** 15 **GRAMS.**

16 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment  
17 of this Act, each State receiving an allotment for child wel-  
18 fare services under subpart 1 of part B of title IV of the  
19 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 620 et seq.) shall submit  
20 to the Secretary of Health and Human Services a report  
21 detailing the State's program funded under that subpart,  
22 including the process for maintaining records and  
23 verifying the well-being of the children under the State's  
24 care.

1 **SEC. 303. MODEL TRAINING AND CASELOAD STANDARDS.**

2 (a) DEVELOPMENT.—

3 (1) MODEL CURRICULUM AND TRAINING  
4 STANDARDS.—The Secretary of Health and Human  
5 Services, in conjunction with the Attorney General,  
6 shall develop model standards for curriculum and  
7 training for individuals who are guardians ad litem,  
8 court appointed special advocates, or attorneys ad  
9 litem, in child abuse and neglect cases (as defined in  
10 section 111 of the Child Abuse Prevention and  
11 Treatment Act (42 U.S.C. 5106g)). The Secretary  
12 of Health and Human Services shall design the  
13 standards to improve the quality of representation  
14 by, and uniformity of practices of, such individuals,  
15 throughout the United States.

16 (2) CASELOAD STANDARDS.—The Secretary of  
17 Health and Human Services, after consulting with  
18 the Attorney General, shall develop caseload stand-  
19 ards for the individuals described in paragraph (1).

20 (b) DISSEMINATION.—Not later than 18 months  
21 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of  
22 Health and Human Services shall disseminate the stand-  
23 ards developed under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection  
24 (a) to State child welfare agencies receiving assistance  
25 under subpart 1 of part B of title IV of the Social Security  
26 Act (42 U.S.C. 620 et seq.).

1           **TITLE IV—MYNISHA’S LAW**

2   **SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.**

3           This title may be cited as “Mynisha’s Law”.

4   **SEC. 402. DESIGNATION AS A HIGH INTENSITY GANG ACTIV-**  
5                           **ITY AREA.**

6           (a) IN GENERAL.—A unit of local government, city,  
7 county, tribal government, or a group of counties (whether  
8 located in 1 or more States) may submit an application  
9 to the Attorney General for designation as a High Inten-  
10 sity Gang Activity Area.

11          (b) CRITERIA.—

12               (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall  
13 establish criteria for reviewing applications sub-  
14 mitted under subsection (a).

15               (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In establishing criteria  
16 under subsection (a) and evaluating an application  
17 for designation as a High Intensity Gang Activity  
18 Area, the Attorney General shall consider—

19                   (A) the current and predicted levels of  
20 gang crime activity in the area;

21                   (B) the extent to which violent crime in  
22 the area appears to be related to criminal gang  
23 activity;

24                   (C) the extent to which the area is already  
25 engaged in local or regional collaboration re-

1           garding, and coordination of, gang prevention  
2           activities; and

3                   (D) such other criteria as the Attorney  
4           General determines to be appropriate.

5 **SEC. 403. PURPOSE OF THE TASK FORCE.**

6           (a) IN GENERAL.—In order to coordinate Federal as-  
7           sistance to High Intensity Gang Activity Areas, the Attor-  
8           ney General shall establish an Interagency Gang Preven-  
9           tion Task Force (in this title referred to as the “Task  
10          Force”) in each such area, consisting of a representative  
11          from—

12                   (1) the Department of Justice;

13                   (2) the Department of Education;

14                   (3) the Department of Labor;

15                   (4) the Department of Health and Human  
16          Services; and

17                   (5) the Department of Housing and Urban De-  
18          velopment.

19          (b) COORDINATION.—For each High Intensity Gang  
20          Activity Area designated by the Attorney General under  
21          section 403, the Task Force shall—

22                   (1) coordinate the activities of the Federal Gov-  
23          ernment to create a comprehensive gang prevention  
24          response, focusing on early childhood intervention,  
25          at-risk youth intervention, literacy, employment,

1 community policing, and comprehensive community-  
2 based programs such as Operation Cease Fire; and

3 (2) coordinate its efforts with local and regional  
4 gang prevention efforts.

5 (c) PROGRAMS.—Each Task Force shall prioritize the  
6 needs of a High Intensity Gang Activity Area for funding  
7 under—

8 (1) the Child Care and Development Block  
9 Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858 et seq.);

10 (2) the Even Start programs under subpart 3  
11 of part B of title I of the Elementary and Secondary  
12 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6381 et seq.);

13 (3) the Healthy Start Initiative under section  
14 330H of the Public Health Services Act (42 U.S.C.  
15 254c–8);

16 (4) the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9831 et  
17 seq.);

18 (5) the 21st Century Community Learning Cen-  
19 ters program under part B of title IV of the Ele-  
20 mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20  
21 U.S.C. 7171 et seq.);

22 (6) the Job Corps program under subtitle C of  
23 title I of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29  
24 U.S.C. 2881 et seq.);



1           (7) the community development block grant  
2 program under title I of the Housing and Commu-  
3 nity Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5301 et  
4 seq.);

5           (8) the Gang Resistance Education and Train-  
6 ing projects under subtitle X of title III of the Vio-  
7 lent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of  
8 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13921);

9           (9) any program administered by the Office of  
10 Community Oriented Policing Services;

11           (10) the Juvenile Accountability Block Grant  
12 program under part R of title I of the Omnibus  
13 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42  
14 U.S.C. 3796ee et seq.);

15           (11) the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice As-  
16 sistance Grant Program under subpart 1 of part E  
17 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe  
18 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.); and

19           (12) any other program that the Task Force  
20 determines to be appropriate.

21 (d) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—

22           (1) ANNUAL TASK FORCE REPORTS TO AG.—  
23 Not later than September 1 of each year, each Task  
24 Force shall submit to the Attorney General a report  
25 on the funding needs and programmatic outcomes

1 for each area designated as a High Intensity Gang  
2 Activity Area.

3 (2) ANNUAL AG REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not  
4 later than December 1 of each year, the Attorney  
5 General shall submit a report to the appropriate  
6 committees of Congress and the Director of the Of-  
7 fice of Management and Budget and the Domestic  
8 Policy Council that describes, for each designated  
9 High Intensity Gang Activity Area—

10 (A) the specific long-term and short-term  
11 goals and objectives of each such area;

12 (B) the measurements used to evaluate the  
13 performance of the High Intensity Gang Activ-  
14 ity Area in achieving the long-term and short-  
15 term goals described under subparagraph (A);

16 (C) the age, composition, and membership  
17 of gangs in each such area;

18 (D) the number and nature of crimes com-  
19 mitted by gangs and gang members in each  
20 such area;

21 (E) the definition of the term “gang” used  
22 to compile the information required under this  
23 subsection for each such area; and

1 (F) the programmatic outcomes and fund-  
 2 ing need of each High Intensity Gang Activity  
 3 Area, including—

4 (i) an evidence-based analysis of the  
 5 best practices and outcomes from the work  
 6 of the relevant local collaborative working  
 7 group; and

8 (ii) an analysis of whether Federal re-  
 9 sources distributed meet the needs of the  
 10 High Intensity Gang Activity Area and, if  
 11 any programmatic funding shortfalls exist,  
 12 recommendations for programs or funding  
 13 to meet such shortfalls.

14 **SEC. 404. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

15 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums  
 16 as are necessary to meet any needs identified by the Attor-  
 17 ney General or in any report submitted under section  
 18 403(d)(2).

19 **TITLE V—SCHOOL SAFETY**  
 20 **ENHANCEMENTS**

21 **SEC. 501. GRANT PROGRAM FOR SCHOOL SECURITY.**

22 Section 2701 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe  
 23 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797a) is amended—

24 (1) in subsection (b)—

25 (A) in paragraph (1)—

1 (i) by striking “Placement” and in-  
2 serting “Installation”; and

3 (ii) by inserting “surveillance equip-  
4 ment,” after “detectors,”;

5 (B) by redesignating paragraph (5) as  
6 paragraph (6); and

7 (C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the  
8 following:

9 “(5) Establishment of hotlines or tiplines for  
10 the reporting of potentially dangerous students and  
11 situations.”;

12 (2) by striking subsection (d)(1) and inserting  
13 the following:

14 “(1) The Federal share of the costs of a pro-  
15 gram provided by a grant under subsection (a) shall  
16 be not more than 80 percent of the total of such  
17 costs.”; and

18 (3) by adding at the end the following:

19 “(g) INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.—Not later than 60  
20 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the  
21 Director and the Secretary of Education, or the designee  
22 of the Secretary, shall establish an interagency task force  
23 to develop and promulgate a set of advisory school safety  
24 guidelines. The advisory school safety guidelines shall be  
25 published in the Federal Register by not later than 1 year

1 after such date of enactment. In developing the final advi-  
 2 sory school safety guidelines, the interagency task force  
 3 shall consult with stakeholders and interested parties, in-  
 4 cluding parents, teachers, and agencies.”.

5 **SEC. 502. APPLICATIONS.**

6 Section 2702(a)(2) of the Omnibus Crime Control  
 7 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797b(a)(2)) is  
 8 amended to read as follows:

9 “(2) be accompanied by a report, signed by the  
 10 chief education officer and the attorney general or  
 11 other chief legal officer of the State, unit of local  
 12 government, or Indian tribe, demonstrating that  
 13 each proposed use of the grant funds will be—

14 “(A) an effective means for improving the  
 15 safety of 1 or more schools;

16 “(B) consistent with a comprehensive ap-  
 17 proach to preventing school violence; and

18 “(C) individualized to the needs of each  
 19 school at which those improvements are to be  
 20 made.”.

21 **SEC. 503. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

22 Section 2705 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe  
 23 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3797e) is amended by  
 24 striking “\$30,000,000” and inserting “\$50,000,000”.

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