

118TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 3897

To require the Election Assistance Commission to develop voluntary guidelines for the administration of elections that address the use and risks of artificial intelligence technologies, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MARCH 11, 2024

Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself and Ms. COLLINS) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration

A BILL

To require the Election Assistance Commission to develop voluntary guidelines for the administration of elections that address the use and risks of artificial intelligence technologies, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Preparing Election Ad-
5 ministrators for AI Act”.

1 **SEC. 2. VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES FOR ADMINISTRATION OF**
2 **ELECTIONS THAT ADDRESS THE USE AND**
3 **RISKS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TECH-**
4 **NOLOGIES.**

5 (a) **REPORT AND VOLUNTARY GUIDELINES.**—Not
6 later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this
7 Act, the Election Assistance Commission shall, in con-
8 sultation with the National Institute of Standards and
9 Technology, submit to Congress, issue to State and local
10 election offices, and make available to the public a report
11 with voluntary guidelines for election offices that address
12 the use and risks of artificial intelligence technologies in
13 the administration of elections.

14 (b) **CONTENTS.**—The report submitted and made
15 available pursuant to subsection (a) shall include vol-
16 untary guidelines that address—

17 (1) the risks and benefits associated with using
18 artificial intelligence technologies to conduct election
19 administration activities;

20 (2) the cybersecurity risks of artificial intel-
21 ligence technologies to election administration;

22 (3) how information generated and distributed
23 by artificial intelligence technologies can affect the
24 sharing of accurate election information and how
25 election offices should respond; and

1 (4) how information generated and distributed
2 by artificial intelligence technologies can affect the
3 spreading of election disinformation that undermines
4 public trust and confidence in elections.

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